# Zoono Group Limited Financial Report For the Year Ended 31 March 2016

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## COMPANY DIRECTORY

Nature of Business

Development and wholesale distribution of antimicrobial products

Registered Office

9 Redmond Street

Ponsonby, Auckland

Director

Paul R Hyslop

Auditor

Hall Chadwick

Level 40, 2 Park Street Sydney NSW 2000

Australia

**Business Location** 

9 Redmond Street

Ponsonby, Auckland

Shareholder

NPT Zoono Trustee Limited (100%) 31,112 ordinary shares

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

Note	2016	2015		
	\$	\$		
2a	**	*		
2b	(14,204)	(13,939)		
	(14,204)	(13,939)		
3				
***************************************	(14,204)	(13,939)		
*	~			
year	(14,204)	(13,939)		
	Note  2a 2b 3	Note 2016		

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2015

	Note	2016	2015
		\$	\$
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Loan to subsidiary	4	1,013,545	1,015,448
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		1,013,545	1,015,448
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Intangible assets	5	71,543	83,844
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		71,543	83,844
TOTAL ASSETS	***************************************	1,085,088	1,099,292
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Loan from related party	6	*	500,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		*	500,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	200000	-	500,000
NET ASSETS	200000	1,085,089	599,252
EQUITY			
Issued capital	7	1,125,886	625,886
Accumulated losses		(40,798)	(26,594)
TOTAL EQUITY		1,085,088	599,292

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

		Issued Capital (Ordinary Shares)	Accumulated losses	Total
		\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 April 2014		625,886	(12,655)	613,231
	30000	-		
Comprehensive income				
Profit for the year		444	(13,939)	(13,939)
Other comprehensive income for the year		***	*	**
Total comprehensive income for the year		*	(13,939)	(13,939)
•				
Transactions with owners, in their capacity as owners		***		***
Balance at 31 March 2015	******	625,886	(26,594)	599,292
Comprehensive income				
Loss for the year		)	(14,204)	(14,204)
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	.004	*
Total comprehensive income for the year		*	(14,204)	(14,204)
Transactions with owners, in their capacity as owners		500,000	-	500,000
Balance at 31 March 2016	7	1,125,886	(40,798)	1,085,088

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

	Note	2016	2015
		\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers		*	*
Payments to suppliers and employees			-
Net cash provided by operating activities	8	*	•
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payment for intangible assets			. **
Loans to related parties			-
Net cash (used in) investing activities	***************************************	**	*
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds of loan from related parties		*	<b>*</b> ,
Net cash provided by financing activities	***************************************	*	
Net increase in cash held		**	**
Cash at beginning of financial year		***	
Cash at end of financial year		**	366
	*******	·····	***************************************

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016 NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Zoono Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in New Zealand.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 12 April 2017 by the directors of the Company.

#### **Basis of Preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand (NZ GAAP). For the purposes of complying with NZ GAAP the entity is a for-profit entity.

The Company is a Tier 2 for-profit entity and has elected to report in accordance with Tier 2 For-profit Accounting Standards. The Company is eligible to report in accordance with Tier 2 For-profit Accounting Standards on the basis that it does not have public accountability and is not a large for-profit public sector entity.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs unless otherwise stated in the notes. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

#### Going Concern

This report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which assumes the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Company incurred a net loss after tax for the year ended 31 March 2016 of \$14,204.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on the assumptions that:

- The loan receivables from Zoono Limited will be repaid through Zoono Limited's normal course of its operations.
- In the event that Zoono Limited fails to repay the loan, the Company's ability to continue
  as a going concern is dependent on continued reliance on the financial support from its
  current shareholder.

In the event the financial support did not eventuate, the Company may not realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets or liabilities that might be necessary should the Company not continue as a going concern.

#### **Accounting Policies**

## a. Income Tax

The income tax expense (income) for the year comprises current income tax expense (income) and deferred tax expense (income).

Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to a business combination or are recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income. Current tax liabilities (assets) are therefore measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred income tax expense reflects movements in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability balances during the year as well as unused tax losses.

Current and deferred income tax expense (income) is charged or credited directly to equity instead of profit or loss when the tax relates to items that are credited or charged directly to equity.

No deferred income tax is recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled and their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016 NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where: (a) a legally enforceable right of set-off exists; and (b) the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities, where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur in future periods in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

## b. Intangibles Other than Goodwill

#### Patents and trademarks

Patents and trademarks are recognised at cost of acquisition. They have a finite life and are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. Patents and trademarks are amortised over their useful lives of 10 years.

#### c. Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from customers for goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment.

## d. Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liabilities for goods and services received by the entity that remain unpaid at the end of the reporting period. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

#### e. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared so that all components are stated exclusive of GST. All items in the Statement of Financial Position are stated exclusive of GST, with the exception of receivables and payables, which include GST.

## f. Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016 NOTE 2: PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

NC	TE 2: PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		
		2016	2015
		\$	\$
a.	Revenue		
	Revenue from sale of goods	*	*
b.	Amortisation expenses		
	Amortisation of Trademarks and Patents	(14,204)	(13,939)
NC	TE 3: INCOME TAX EXPENSE		
1 1 10	7 Lan O C 11 TO O 193 Jan 1 7 V C Lan V S Lan C T O Lan C La	2016	2015
		\$	S
a.	The components of tax (expense) income comprise:		
	Current tax	*	**
*	Deferred tax	*	*
			- *
b.	Reconciliation of prima facie income tax rate		
	Profit from operations	(14,204)	(13,939)
	Income tax expense calculated at 28% (2015: 28%):	(3,977)	(3,903)
	Tax effect of:		
	<ul> <li>other non-allowable items</li> </ul>	- 990	***
	<ul> <li>tax losses not brought to account</li> </ul>	3,977	3,903
	<ul> <li>recoupment of prior year tax losses not previously brought to account</li> </ul>		***
		*	*
NO.	TE 4: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
		2016	2015
		\$	\$
CUI	RRENT		
Loa	n to subsidiary	1,013,545	1,015,448
*		1,013,545	1,015,448
	3		

Trade and other receivables are stated at cost less any impairment losses. The carrying amounts of the Company's receivables are reviewed at each balance date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any indication exists, the receivables' recoverable amount is estimated.

At balance date, there were no past due but not impaired trade and other receivables (2015: \$nil)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016 NOTE 5: INTANGIBLE ASSETS

		2016	2015
		\$	\$
Trademarks and patents:			
Cost	*	142,406	140,502
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses		70,863	56,658
Net carrying amount		71,543	83,844
Total intangibles		71,543	83,844
NOTE 6: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
		2016	2015
OUDDENIE		\$	\$
CURRENT			E00 000
Loan from a related party	a	*	500,000
	*****	*	500,000
NOTE 7: ISSUED CAPITAL		2016	2015
04.440.70045.44.440) 5.16	*	<b>\$</b> 1,125,886	\$ 625,886
31,112 (2015: 11,112) fully paid ordinary shares	******	1,125,000	020,000
Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proportion to the number of shares held.  At the shareholders' meetings each ordinary share is otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of the shareholder.	entitled to		
NOTE 8: CASH FLOW INFORMATION		2016	2015
		2016 \$	2013
Reconciliation of Cash Flows from Operating Activities with Profit after Income Tax		•	4
Profit after income tax		(14,204)	(13,939)
Non-cash flows in profit:			
<ul> <li>Amortisation of intangibles</li> </ul>		(14,204)	13,939
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
- (Increase)/decrease in receivables		in the second se	
- Increase/(decrease) in payables	*	2	
			**

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

## NOTE 9: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

**Related Parties** 

The Company's main related parties are as follows:

## a. Entities exercising control over the Company

The wholly owned subsidiary is Zoono Limited.

## b. Key management personnel

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity, is considered key management personnel.

## c. Other related parties

Other related parties include close family members of key management personnel and entities that are controlled or jointly controlled by those key management personnel, individually or collectively with their close family members.

## d. Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated. The following transactions occurred with related parties:

			2016	2015
(i)	Trade and other receivables			
	Loan to Zoono Limited:			
	- beginning of the year		1,015,448	1,018,145
	<ul> <li>loans advanced to/ (from)</li> </ul>		(1,903)	(2,697)
*	<ul> <li>loans repayment (received)/ paid</li> </ul>		*	***
	- end of the year	4	1,013,545	1,015,448
	Loan to Zoono Limited is unsecured, beademand.	nrs no interest,	unsecured and	repayable on
(v)	Trade and other payables			
	Loan from a entity associated with a related party:			

end of the year
 fond the year
 fond Woodfield Investments Limited was transferred to issued capital on 9 April 2015.

## NOTE 15: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

beginning of the year

loans received

There are no contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2015.

## NOTE 16: EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

loans transferred to issued capital

The director is not aware of any significant events since the end of the reporting period.

500,000

500,000

500.000

(500.000)

#### DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In the opinion of the director of Zoono Limited, the financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 3 to 11:

- a. comply with New Zealand generally accepted accounting principles and NZ IFRS and give a true and fair view of the Company as at 31 March 2016 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year ended on that date; and
- b. have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies, which have been consistently applied and supported by reasonable judgements and estimates.

The director believe that proper accounting records have been kept which enable, with reasonable accuracy, the determination of the financial position of the Company and facilitate compliance of the financial statements with the Financial Reporting Act 2013.

The director considers that they have taken adequate steps to safeguard the assets of the Company, and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities. Internal control procedures are also considered to be sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the financial statements.

The director is pleased to present the financial statements of Zoono Limited for the year ended 31 March 2016.

For and on behalf of the Board

Director

Dated:

Paul R Hyslop



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ZOONO GROUP LIMITED

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of Zoono Limited on pages 3 to 11, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2016, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The directors are responsible on behalf of the company for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with New Zealand Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand). Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation and fair presentation of financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Other than in our capacity as auditor we have no relationship with, or interests in Zoono Limited.

SYDNEY

Level 40 2 Park Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

GPO Box 3555 Sydney NSW 2001

Ph: (612) 9263 2600 Fx: (612) 9263 2800

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## INDEPENENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ZOONO GROUP LIMITED

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

We were appointed as auditors of Zoono Group on 11 April 2017 and were unable to obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence in relation to opening balances as at 31 March 2014. Accordingly, we were unable to determine whether adjustments might have been necessary in respect to the comparative period. Our opinion on the financial report for the year ended 31 March 2015 was modified accordingly. Our opinion on the current period's financial report is also modified because of the possible effect of this matter on the comparability of the current period's figures and the corresponding figures.

## **Qualified Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements on pages 3 to 11 present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Zoono Group Limited as at 31 March 2016, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with New Zealand Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards.

HALL CHADWICK Level 40, 2 Park Street

Hall Chadwick

Sydney NSW 2000

**DREW TOWNSEND** 

Partner

Dated: 12 April 2017