



FINANCIAL YEAR END

30 June 2017

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of Global Masters Fund Limited:

WILL BE HELD AT:

The office of Rothsay Chartered Accountants Level 1 12 O'Connell Street Sydney NSW 2000

TIME:

2.00pm (NSW Time)

DATE:

Friday 27 October 2017

INVESTING IN GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED

Investors can purchase shares in Global Masters Fund Limited through the Australian Securities Exchange.

ASX code: GFL

Global Masters Fund Limited ABN 84 109 047 618 Registered in NSW 12 May 2004



GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED DIRECTORS (from left to right) Dr Manny Pohl, Murray d'Almeida, Jonathan Addison and Patrick Corrigan AM

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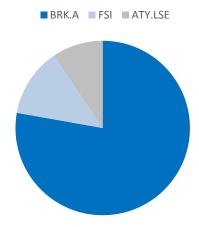
HIGHLIGHTS FOR 2017



Highlights for the year ending June 2017

- The Net Tangible Assets (NTA) Value of the Company increased by 10.5% after recognising the deferred tax liability on unrealised gains, whilst the All Ordinaries Index of ASX increased by 8.5% over the twelve months ended 30 June 2017.
- In June, the Company acquired a further 52,281 shares in Athelney Trust PLC (ATY) for AUD\$222,749.
- During the year, the Company sold 38.5% of its holding in Flagship Investments Limited (FSI) and made an overall gain of \$178,107. The proceeds on the sale of the FSI shares were used to acquire shares in ATY on LSE and in terms of the investment mandate to set aside approx. \$1 million for the Manager to invest in UK and Europe.





OVERVIEW

COMPANY PROFILE

Global Masters Fund Limited (the "Company") was listed on the ASX in 2006 with the strategy to provide a vehicle for Australian investors, seeking long-term capital growth through investing in Berkshire Hathaway Inc listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) and other global investments. The Company's policy is not to hedge the underlying currencies of its portfolio of global investments.

The portfolio is managed by EC Pohl & Co Pty Ltd which has a strong funds management investment team. The composition and performance of the investment portfolio is monitored by the Board of Directors, which comprises business people with many years of experience in the business, investment and funds management.

There is no fixed management fee and no performance fee payable to the Manager for the administration of the Company and the existing investments in Berkshire Hathaway and Athelney. However, for the new mandate given to the Manager (excluding the existing investments), there will be a fee payable for good performance and active management and in terms of a pre-determined formula.

OBJECTIVES

The investment objectives of Global Masters Fund Limited are:

- To achieve medium to long-term capital growth and income through investing in listed international companies, including Berkshire
 Hathaway Inc (NYSE), Athelney Unit Trust Plc (LSE) and Flagship Investments Limited (ASX); and
- To preserve and enhance the NTA backing per share after allowing for inflation.

INVESTOR BENEFITS

The benefits for investors in Global Masters Fund Limited are:

- Reduced share investment risk through a diversified investment portfolio;
- Professional and disciplined management of an investment portfolio;
- No fixed management fees or performance fee;
- No entry or exit charges made by the Company; and
- Easy access to information via the Company's website www.globalmastersfund.com.au.

INVESTMENT MANAGER

The management of the Company's investment portfolio is undertaken by EC Pohl & Co Pty Ltd, which also provides administration support. Dr Manny Pohl is the Managing Director and major shareholder of EC Pohl & Co Pty Limited Information on the Investment Manager is available from **www.ecpohl.com**.

CHAIRMAN'S REPORT

Dear Shareholder,

I am pleased to present the 12th Annual Chairman's Report of Global Masters Fund Limited for the 2016/17 financial year.

The Year in Review:

During the past twelve months, global markets have been subjected to heightened uncertainty and increasing volatility, due to a number of concerns:

- Continued uncertainty in Europe
- Patchy but sustained recovery in the United States
- China's increasing debt burden, and volatility in the economy
- Historically low interest rates and uncertainty about their future direction.

Immediately following the UK referendum to leave the European Union (EU), global markets initially reacted badly, but quickly recovered, have largely been resilient across most regions - "Brexit" did not cause a global financial crisis. However, the longer-term impact of Brexit may not be known for some time, possibly years, and the final result is no clearer than it was a year ago. Future trading relationships is still dependent on the final outcome of the EU negotiations.

To give some indication of the complex balancing act being pursued by policy makers and central bankers I quote from a recent Athelney directors report:

Setting interest rates in the UK is a delicate business these days. The hawks on the Monetary Policy Committee cite falling unemployment, surveys suggest that companies are keen to invest and export and that economic models from the past predict that joblessness this low will soon push inflation higher. To head off these inflationary pressures, hawks think that there is an urgent need to remove the quarter point cut of last August to slow spending, prevent unemployment falling

Following the Brexit vote Sterling did fall in value, which affects the value of your investment through Athelney. However, the companies that Athelney invest in have, in the past, proved to be reasonably recession proof, and the overall strategy is little changed.

The longer-term impact of the Trump Presidency is also uncertain particularly as it may affect international trading relationships, nevertheless the US economy remains stronger and the value of the \$US has improved but is affected by an unknown short term direction of interest rates. In some views the share market appears to be overvalued but this also depends on the view of interest rate movements and the impact of trading relationships.

As a matter of policy, the overseas assets have not been hedged on the basis that most investors seeking offshore assets seek both company and currency exposures. This policy is reviewed from time to time.

In spite of the political turmoil during the year, the Australian share market produced a reasonable return over the year with the All Ordinaries Index rising by 8.5%.

The Net Tangible Asset per share (NTA) of the Company increased by 10.5% in 2016/17 compared with an increase of 5% in the prior year. Net assets increased by \$1.4 million. The net profit for the year (after all expenses) was \$68,267 compared to \$1,044 in the previous year.

The Market Outlook

We remain cautiously optimistic about the outlook for markets generally, but it is not without risks. Last year the Australian economy was dealing with a depressed commodity market, to some extent this has changed and commodity prices remain volatile, in the recent past the \$A has strengthened to some degree but is still affected by low interest rates, and uncertainty regarding future direction. This strength has in part being due to weakness in the \$US as well as improved commodity prices.

In our view, companies with strong market positions, strong balance sheets and good management, will continue to perform well and reward patient investors, although we expect market returns to be modest again in the coming year.

With continuing very low and sometimes negative interest rates, there has been an on-going interest in income producing shares and investors generally are looking more carefully at companies with good balance sheets and a profitable business. At a corporate level companies are finding debt cheaper than new equity to meet their capital requirements.

Given the uncertainties in the Australian economy which still depends to a large extent on developments in China we believe that Australian Investors will continue to benefit from exposure to offshore assets provided that they are invested in good quality business.

The underlying Global Masters investments through Berkshire Hathaway and Athelney are well placed to continue to add value through their strategies and careful management. In addition to this, we have recently further reduced our position in Flagship's and authorised through a mandate with EC Pohl & Co Pty Ltd an investment of approx \$1 million in European and UK market.

The Board

I particularly want to thank my fellow Board members for their support and input in the past year. We had the privilege of welcoming Murray d'Almeida as a new Director to your Board; his corporate expertise adds considerable value to our deliberations. Special thanks must continue to go Dr Manny Pohl and his small but brilliant team of investment professionals at E C Pohl & Co. Our success would not be possible without the outstanding contribution of these very committed individuals.

I also take this opportunity to thank Mr Brian Jones as our Company Secretary for his continuing efforts to ensure that the Company is fully compliant with all our legal and ASX obligations.

I thank Shareholders for their on-going support and look forward to another good year ahead.

Yours sincerely

5L //

Jonathan Addison Chairman



DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your Directors present their report on Global Masters Fund Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2017.

1. DIRECTORS

The following persons were Directors of Global Masters Fund Limited from the beginning of the financial year until the date of this report, unless otherwise stated: J Addison, Dr E Pohl, P Corrigan AM, M d'Almeida appointed 10 October 2016 and Jason Pohl is an Alternate Director to Dr Manny Pohl.

2. INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS



Jonathan L Addison
B Ec, ASIS, CFTP (Snr), MAICD

Non-Executive Chairman Member of Audit and Risk Committee

Experience and expertise

Non-Executive Chairman since 19 April 2005 Over 32 years experience in the investment management industry. Investment consultant and former CEO of the Meat Industry Employees Superannuation Fund. Previous experience includes Director and Asset consultant with the Corporate Finance Section of Pricewaterhouse Coopers and Manager at Sedgwick Noble Lowndes.

Other Current directorships

Director of Gardior Ltd Athelney trust PLC (Alternate to Dr E C Pohl) Chairman of Investment Committee of Centaur Property Funds Management Ltd Member of Investment Committee for Diversa Trustees Ltd

Former Listed Company directorships in last 3 years

Retired International Chairman of African Enterprise International

Interest in Shares

Nil



Dr Emmanuel (Manny) C PohlB.Sc (Eng), MBA, DBA, FAICD, MSAFAA, F Fin

Managing Director Member of Audit and Risk Committee

Experience and expertise

Managing Director since the inception of the Company in April 2005.
Extensive experience in the funds management industry.

Other current directorships

Managing Director of Flagship Investments Limited Executive Director of Barrack St Investments Limited Chairman of Athelney Trust Plc Chairman of EC Pohl & Co Pty Ltd and its subsidiaries Chairman & President of Bond University Rugby Club Director of Bond University Limited Director of Huysamer International Holdings (Pty) Ltd Trustee of Currumbin Wildlife Hospital Foundation

Former Listed Company directorships in last 3 years

None.

Interest in Shares

Directly Held: 5,000 4,604,049 ordinary shares Has a relevant interest in shares in the Company over which he holds a Power of Attorney arrangement with a number of Shareholders.





Experience and expertiseAppointed a Non-Executive Director on

Appointed a Non-Executive Director on 29 November 2006.

Extensive experience in accounting, financial management and other commercial acumen, including investments. Chairman of an international freight forwarding company for numerous years.

Other current directorships

Emeritus Chairman of Gold Coast Regional Art Gallery

Chairman of Qantas Art Scholarship Committee

Director of Aboriginal Benefits Foundation Limited

Director of National Portrait Gallery in Canberra

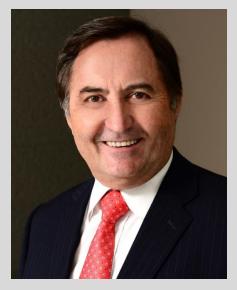
Former Listed Company directorships in last 3 years

Director Flagship Investments Limited (Retired 6/11/15)

Non-Executive Chairman of UBI Logistics (Australia) Pty Ltd (Retired 28/2/2016) Deputy Chair of Air Freight Export Council of NSW Inc

Interest in Shares

Nil



Murray H d'Almeida FAICD

Non-Executive Director Member of Audit and Risk Committee

Experience and expertise

Director since 3 November 2016.

Over 36 years of diverse national and international business experience. Founded the Retail Food Group and developed a presence in seven overseas countries. Subsequently has maintained operating and board positions within a range of financial services, mining, commercial, academic, government and sporting businesses and organisations.

Other Current directorships

Chairman of Barrack St Investments Limited Chairman of BPS Technology Limited Director Triple Energy Limited Deputy Chancellor Southern Cross University

Trustee of Currumbin Wildlife Foundation Member of Gold Coast Light Rail Business Advisory Board

Former Listed Company directorships in last 3 years

Chairman of Management Resource Solutions PLC

Interest in Shares

Nil



Jason C Pohl
B.Com, LLB
Alternate Director

Experience and expertise

Appointed an Alternate Director to Dr Manny Pohl on 20 June 2016.

Jason has six years of professional experience in fundamental bottom-up investment research at ECP Asset Management Pty Ltd.

Originally pursuing a legal career, Jason spent his initial stages of his professional career working for Ashurst (previously Blake Dawson) before being admitted as a Legal Practitioner in the NSW Supreme Court.

Other current directorships Director of The Tabu Vodka Co Pty Ltd

Former Listed Company directorships in last 3 years

Interest in Shares

Nil

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

3. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investing in Berkshire Hathaway Inc on NYSE, Athelney Unit Trust Plc on LSE and Flagship Investments Limited on the ASX. There have been no significant changes in the nature of this activity during the year.

4. REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Our portfolio outperformed the market with the NTA increasing by 10.5% over the past twelve months, as compared to the ASX All Ordinaries Index which increased by 8.5% in spite of the political turmoil that occurred during the year.

The past financial year was very much a year of two halves as growth stocks under-performed during the first half of the year when (political) uncertainty caused future growth to be heavily discounted. This was reversed over the course of the latter part of the financial year as discerning investors paid up for quality growth companies once again. It has been a welcomed contrast to the prior year where uncertainty ran high, whilst returns remained low.

Across the globe we have seen increasing business and consumer confidence aided by falling unemployment that has extended to strong corporate earnings across many regions. The continued market performance has been in spite of a highly divisive US President and rising anti-European union parties. One thing can be said for the financial year of 2017, political risks were a major theme driving international markets. The US saw the success of the antiestablishment candidate, Donald Trump become President. In Europe we have seen a defeated coup d'tat in Turkey; the French centralist, Emmanuel Macron, gained victory over the populist farright Le Pen; the Dutch rejected their populist candidate; a failed constitutional reform in Italy; and the surprise of Prime Minister Theresa May losing her parliamentary majority.

Turning to the key regions of our largest underlying investments, the US and UK, we saw US markets reach record highs as Wall Street was revitalised on the back of President Trump's Tax Reform agenda, higher infrastructure spending and less regulation. In addition, the US Fed has taken a more aggressive monetary policy stance raising interest rates three times over the period. The S&P500 Index gained 15.5% in local currency terms. During the year, the UK triggered the start of their Brexit negotiation process and we can be sure there will be further surprises as negotiations continue. Whilst British markets continued to feel the weight of Brexit and the ongoing uncertainty, the markets were largely supported by strong corporate earnings and some M&A activity. The FTSE100 increased by 12.4% in British pounds.

Domestically, the Australian Dollars resilience has been surprising, particularly given the lacklustre performance of the Australian economy and a rising US interest rate. As a result, the strengthening of the Australian dollar reduced the returns to Australian investors. In this regard, the Australian dollar increased by 3.2% over the year, closing at 76.9 US cents while the Australian dollar increased by 5.4% over the year against the British Pound, closing at 59.0 British pence.

5. SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

Significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company during the financial year were as follows:

- The value of the portfolio before fees and taxes increased by 13.6%.
- Murray d'Almeida was appointed a Director on 10 October 2016.
- Global Masters Fund owns 16.2% of Athelney Trust Plc.

6. MATTERS SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

No other matter or circumstance not otherwise dealt with in the Director's Report or Financial Report, which has arisen since the end of the year that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

7. LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

There are no planned changes to principal activities. Any general decline in equity markets may have an adverse effect on results in future years.

8. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

The Company's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory.

9. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Based on profit after income tax.

	2017 Cents	2016 Cents
Basic earnings per share	0.80	0.01
Diluted earnings per share	0.80	0.01

As a result of moving to AASB 9 Total Comprehensive Income is a more appropriate base for detailing earnings per share.

	2017 Cents	2016 Cents
Basic earnings per share	16.54	7.50
Diluted earnings per share	16.54	7.50
See Note 16 of the Financial Report.		

10. COMPANY SECRETARY

Brian Jones B.Com, FCA

Brian Jones is a Chartered Accountant and a partner of Rothsay Chartered Accountants in Sydney. He is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants and is a registered tax agent. He has been Company Secretary of Global Masters Fund Limited since 1 March 2007. He has over 36 years' experience in the accounting and finance industries and is currently Company Secretary of two other listed Companies.

11. MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

The number of Directors' meetings attended by each of the Directors of the Company during the financial year are:

	Во	pard		t and nmittee
Director	Eligible to attend	Attend	Eligible to attend	Attend
J L Addison	4	4	4	4
Dr E C Pohl	4	4	4	4
P Corrigan AM	4	4	4	4
M H d'Almeida	3	3	3	3

12. REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings:

- (A) Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- (B) Details of remuneration
- (C) Service agreements
- (D) Share-based compensation
- (E) Related Party Transactions
- (F) Equity Instrument Disclosure relating to Key Management Personnel

(A) Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Fees and payments to Directors reflect the demands which are made on, and the responsibilities of, the Directors.

No remuneration consultants were engaged during the year.

The per annum remuneration of the Directors increased from previous year:

Chairman \$45,000Other Directors \$40,000

There is no performance based remuneration for Directors.

(B) Details of remuneration

Details of the remuneration of each Director of Global Masters Fund Limited and the executives of the Company are set out in the following table.

DETAILS OF REMUNERATION								
		Short-term Benefits		Post- Employment	Equity			
Director	Year	Fees	Performance Fees	Non- monetary Benefits	Super	Shares	Options	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
J L Addison	2017	46,125*	-	-	-	-	-	46,125*
Non-executive Chairman	2016	46,125	-	-	-	-	-	46,125
Dr E C Pohl	2017	31,000*	-	-	-	-	-	31,000*
Managing Director	2016	41,000	-	-	-	-	-	41,000
P Corrigan AM	2017	41,000*	-	-	-	-	-	41,000*
Non-executive Director	2016	41,000	-	-	-	-	-	41,000
M d'Almeida	2017	30,750*	-	-	-	-	-	30,750*
Non-executive Director	2016	-	-	-		-	-	-
Total Directors Remuneration	2017	148,875						148,875
Total Directors Nemaneration	2016	128,125						128,125

^{*} Inclusive of GST

(C) Service agreements

As the Company does not employ any staff, there are no employment service agreements entered into by the Company. The Company Secretary is employed by Rothsay Chartered Accountants and the Managing Director is employed by the Investment Manager – EC Pohl & Co Pty Ltd.

(D) Share-based compensation

No share-based compensation exists.

(E) Related Party Transactions

The Investment Manager of Global Masters Fund Limited is EC Pohl & Co Pty Ltd, of which Dr Manny Pohl is a Director. Dr Pohl is also Managing Director of Global Masters Fund Limited. The remuneration he received from the Company (GFL) is in respect of his services as Managing Director. There have been no related party transactions during the year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

(F) Equity Instrument Disclosure relating to Key Management Personnel

The number of shares in the Company held during the financial year by each Director of Global Masters Fund Limited, including their related parties is set out below. There were no shares granted during the year as compensation.

2017	Balance At The Start Of The Year	Received During The Year By Exercise Of Rights	Other Changes During The Year	Balance At the End Of The Year
J L Addison	NIL	-	=	NIL
Dr E C Pohl *	5,000	-	-	5,000
P Corrigan AM	NIL	-	-	NIL
M H d'Almeida	NIL	-	-	NIL

In addition to the securities owned directly by Dr EC Pohl, there are 4,604,049 shares registered in entities associated with EC Pohl & Co Pty Ltd, of which he is a Director and Shareholder.

END OF REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

13. GENERAL TRANSACTIONS

Other than the Director's remuneration, the Company does not directly contract with any of the Directors.

14. LOANS

There are no loans issued to any of the Directors (30 June 2016 – Nil).

15. OPTIONS

No options have been issued during or since the financial year (30 June 2016 - Nil).

16. INSURANCE OF OFFICERS AND/OR AUDITORS

During the financial year the Company insured the Directors and Officers against certain liabilities as permitted by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The insurance policy prohibits disclosure of the nature of the cover, the amount of the premium, the limit of liability and other terms.

The Company has entered into an agreement for the purpose of indemnifying Directors and Officers, to the extent permitted by law, against any liability (including the costs and expenses of defending actions for an actual or alleged liability) incurred in their capacity as a Director and Officer of the Company.

The Company has not during or since the financial year indemnified or paid any insurance premiums to indemnify the auditors.

17. PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No person has applied to the Court under Section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceeding to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Company with leave of the Court under Section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

18. NON-AUDIT SERVICES

The Company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the Company are important.

There have been no amounts paid or payable to the auditors for non-audit services provided during the year.

The Directors have considered the position and are satisfied that the provision of any non-audit services (if necessary in future) is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Audit and Risk Committee is satisfied that the provision of any non-audit services by the auditor, would not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- All non-audit services would be reviewed by the Audit and Risk Committee to ensure they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor; and
- None of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the Company, acting as advocate for the Company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

A copy of the Auditors' Independence Declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporation Act 2001* is set out on page 11.

Dr Emmanuel (Manny) C Pohl Managing Director

22 August 2017

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

UNDER S 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001

TO THE DIRECTORS OF GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2017 there have been no contraventions of:

- i. the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii. any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Joe Pien Chartered Accountants

Joseph Pien

Date 22nd day of August 2017

Suite 503, Level 5 276 Pitt Street Sydney 2000

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT: FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

This statement outlines the main corporate governance practices that were in place for the year ended 30 June 2017. The statement explains the extent to which the Company complies with the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations, including explanations of why certain recommendations have not been followed. For ease of comparison with the Principles and Recommendations, this section summarises the Company's compliance with each of the specific recommendations as follows.

PRINCIPLE 1:

Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

Recommendation 1.1: Respective roles and responsibilities of its Board and Management

Compliant

The Board is responsible for the overall corporate governance of the entity and its overriding objective is to protect and increase Shareholder value. The Board guides and monitors the business to ensure that the Company is properly managed in the best interest of Shareholders. The Board is accountable to its Shareholders.

It is responsible for a broad range of matters including:

- monitoring the Investment Manager and the composition and performance of the investment portfolio;
- monitoring and assessing the performance of the Managing Director;
- undertaking Director nomination matters including succession planning for the Board to ensure an appropriate mix of skills, experience, expertise and diversity is maintained;
- approving and maintaining appropriate risk management and internal control systems to identify, assess, monitor and manage the Company's business risks on an ongoing basis;
- overseeing the Company's process for disclosure and communications; and
- developing and approving appropriate Company policies, procedures and codes of behaviour as required to maintain a culture of integrity and a strong framework of corporate governance.

The Board has adopted a formal Board Charter that details the Board's role, authority, responsibilities, membership and operations, and is available on the Company's website

www.globalmastersfund.com.au

The Charter sets out the matters specifically reserved for the Board and the powers delegated to its Committees.

Recommendation 1.2: Information prior to Director election/re-election

Compliant

Before the Board appoints a new Director or puts forward a candidate for election, the Board will ensure that appropriate background checks are undertaken. Shareholders are provided with all material information in our possession that is relevant to their decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director through a number of channels, including via the Notice of Meeting, the Director Résumés and other information contained in the Annual Report.

Recommendation 1.3: Written agreement with each Director and Senior Executive setting out the terms of their appointment

Compliant

Upon appointment, each Director receives a letter of appointment which sets out the formal terms of their appointment, along with a deed of indemnity, insurance and access.

Recommendation 1.4: The Company Secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board

Compliant

The Company Secretary is employed by a third party as disclosed in the Directors' Report and is directly accountable to the Board on matters relating to the proper functioning of the Board.

Details regarding the Company Secretary, including experience and qualifications, are set out in the Directors' Report.

Recommendation 1.5: Gender Diversity

Not Compliant

In respect of diversity, the Board considers that diversity includes differences that relate to gender, age, ethnicity and cultural background. It also includes differences in background and life experience, communication styles, interpersonal skills, education and problem solving skills.

The Board seeks to develop a culture of diversity whereby a mix of skills and diverse backgrounds are employed by the Company at all levels, through structuring the recruitment processes at all levels, so that a diverse range of candidates are considered and there are no excuses or unconscious biases that might discriminate against certain candidates. However, as the Company is an externally managed entity, this recommendation is not applicable.

Recommendations 1.6 and 1.7: Board and Senior Executive Evaluation

Compliant

The Board is committed to formally evaluating its performance and the performance of the Audit and Risk Committee and individual Directors, as well as the governance processes supporting the Board. The Board does this through an annual assessment process. Any issues identified are addressed at subsequent Board meetings.

PRINCIPLE 2:

Structure the Board to add value

Recommendation 2.1: Establish a Nomination Committee

Non-Compliant

The Company has not established a formal Nomination Committee, as the Board considers that, due to the scope and nature of the Company's activities, the whole Board should undertake the responsibility.

Recommendation 2.2: Have and disclose a Board skills matrix

Compliant

The Company's objective is to have an appropriate mix of expertise and experience on our Board and its Committees so that the Board can effectively discharge its corporate governance and oversight responsibilities. This mix is described in the Board skills matrix below.

Expertise	Experience
experience Legal, governance and compliance Commercial acumen	Industry Finance Superannuation Market Australian Listed Securities Geographic Australia

Recommendation 2.3: Independent Directors

Compliant

The Board has accepted that an Independent Director is as defined in Box 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (3rd Edition).

Of the current Board members, Mr Jonathan Addison, Mr Patrick Corrigan AM and Mr Murray d'Almeida are considered to be independent Directors.

The length of service of each Director is set out in the Directors Report.

Recommendation 2.4: A majority of the Board of a listed entity should be independent Directors

Compliant

The structure of the Board does comply with this recommendation in that a majority of the Directors are independent (refer recommendation 2.3).

Recommendation 2.5: The Chair of the Board of a listed entity should be an independent Director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity

Complaint

The Company's Chairman is Mr Jonathan Addison an independent Director

Recommendation 2.6: Director induction and professional development

Compliant

New Directors are inducted into the Company's processes and policies in a suite of ways, including the provision of a 'Board manual', interviews with senior management of the Investment Manager and out of session meetings with other Directors. All Directors are encouraged to undertake ongoing professional development both in their area of technical expertise and in the skills required to effectively execute the role of Director.

PRINCIPLE 3:

Act ethically and responsibly

Recommendation 3.1: Code of Conduct

Compliant

The Company has developed a Code of Conduct (the Code) which has been fully endorsed by the Board and applies to all Directors and officers. The Code is reviewed annually and updated as necessary to ensure it reflects the highest standards of behaviour and professionalism and the practices necessary to maintain confidence in the Company's integrity. A summary of the Code is available on the Company's website:

www.globalmastersfund.com.au

The Code sets out the Company's commitment to conducting its business in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations while demonstrating and promoting the highest ethical standards.

PRINCIPLE 4:

Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

Recommendation 4.1: Audit Committee

Compliant

The Company has an Audit and Risk Committee which comprises three independent Directors.

The composition of the Committee, a record of its meetings, and the relevant experience of each member of the Committee is set out in the Directors Report.

The Audit and Risk Committee charter is available on the Company's website: www.globalmastersfund.com.au

Recommendation 4.2: CEO and CFO declaration on the financial records

Compliant

The Board has received a declaration from the CEO and CFO that the Company's financial records have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

A summary of the Code is available on the Company's website: www.globalmastersfund.com.au

Recommendation 4.3: The external auditor should attend the AGM and be available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit

Compliant

Joe Pien, Chartered Accountant, the Company's auditor, was available at the most recent AGM and will be available at the next AGM to answer questions from Shareholders. It is the policy of the Board to always request auditor presence at AGMs.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT: FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (Continued)

PRINCIPLE 5:

Make timely and balanced disclosure

Recommendation 5.1: Continuous Disclosure Policy

Compliant

The Company has a Continuous Disclosure Policy which sets out the obligations of the Company's Directors and officers in relation to continuous disclosure as well as the Company's obligations under the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules. The policy also contains procedures for internal notification and external disclosure, as well as procedures for promoting understanding of compliance with the disclosure requirements and for the monitoring of Company compliance.

The Disclosure Policy is available on the Company's website: www.globalmastersfund.com.au

PRINCIPLE 6:

Respect the rights of security holders

Recommendation 6.1: A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website

<u>Compliant</u>

Investors and other stakeholders can find information about the Company on its website: www.globalmastersfund.com.au

Information on the Company's corporate governance practices can also be found at www.globalmastersfund.com.au

Recommendation 6.2: A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors

Compliant

The Company's Communications Policy sets out how the Company will communicate with Shareholders.

Information is communicated to Shareholders through the distribution of a quarterly report, annual and half yearly financial reports, announcements through the ASX and the media, on the Company's website and through the Chairman's address at the Annual General Meeting.

If requested, the Company will provide general information by email, facsimile or post.

Through the Company's information email address and phone number, and at AGMs, the Company encourages two-way communication with Shareholders.

The Communication Policy is available on the Company's website: www.globalmastersfund.com.au

Recommendation 6.3: Disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders

Compliant

The Company facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders by having sections of each meeting dedicated to questions from the floor. Shareholders are given at least 30 days' notice of security holder meetings and those that are unable to attend in person may email or fax questions they would like answered. The Company provides a direct voting facility to allow security holders to vote ahead of AGMs without having to attend or appoint a proxy.

Recommendation 6.4: Give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically

Compliant

Quarterly reports and other information required to be sent to Shareholders are sent by email to all persons who have requested their name to be added to the Company's email list. If requested, the Company will provide general information by email, facsimile or post.

PRINCIPLE 7:

Recognise and manage risk

Recommendation 7.1: Risk Committee

Compliant

The Audit and Risk Committee monitors the Company's business risks.

The composition of the Committee and a record of its meetings is set out in the Directors Report.

The Audit and Risk Committee charter is available on the Company's website: www.globalmastersfund.com.au

Recommendation 7.2: Annual risk management framework review

Compliant

Each year, the Audit and Risk Committee, reviews the Company's risk management framework. Ad hoc reviews may also be conducted when the Board perceives that the risk environment has shifted significantly. A review was conducted during the year.

Recommendation 7.3: Internal audit function

Non-Compliant

The Company does not have an internal audit function as the Board has deemed it is not necessary giving consideration to the size and nature of the Company. Instead, the full Board through the Audit and Risk Committee liaises closely with the Company's external auditor to identify potential improvements to the risk management and internal control processes.

Recommendation 7.4: Exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks

Compliant

The Board monitors the business risk and guides the affairs of the Company in the discharge of its stewardship responsibilities.

The Board meeting agendas and reports advise the Board of current and forthcoming issues relevant to the Company's operations and performance. The Board reviews the investment portfolio at their regular meetings.

Management has designed and implemented a risk management and internal control system through a Risk Management Framework. The Framework is monitored by the Audit and Risk Committee with regular reporting to Committee meetings. The Framework is reviewed yearly by the Committee.

The identified risks are grouped within the Framework under the following headings:

- Strategic
- Operational
- External Macro
- Environmental

PRINCIPLE 8:

Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Recommendation 8.1: Remuneration Committee

Non-Compliant

Given the size of the Company and the nature of its activities, these functions are undertaken by the Board.

Recommendation 8.2: Disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive Directors and the remuneration of executive Directors and other senior executives

Compliant

The maximum amount of Directors' fees is fixed by Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting and can only be varied by Shareholders in a similar manner. In determining the allocation of fees, the Board takes into account the time demands on each Director, together with the responsibilities undertaken by them and market practices of similar sized businesses in the Listed Investment Company sector.

It is the policy of the Board not to issue Directors incentive shares or options.

The details of the remuneration received by Directors in the 2016/2017 year are included in the Remuneration Report contained within the Directors' Report.

Recommendation 8.3: Equity-based remuneration

Non-Compliant

As the Company does not have an equity-based remuneration scheme, Recommendation 8.3 is not applicable.

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Financial Report	
 Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 	17
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This financial report covers Global Masters Fund Limited as an individual entity. There are no controlled entities.

Global Masters Fund Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Global Masters Fund Limited Level 1 12 O'Connell Street SYDNEY NSW 2000

The financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors on 22 August 2017.

A description of the nature of the entity's operations and its principal activities is included in the Operating and Financial Review.

Through the use of the internet, we have ensured that our corporate reporting is timely, complete and available globally at minimum cost to the Company. All media releases, financial reports and other information are available from the Company at the above address or from our website:

www.globalmastersfund.com.au

GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Notes	2017 \$	2016 \$
Revenue	5	369,162	250,384
Other expenses	6 _	(300,895)	(249,339)
Profit before income tax		68,267	1,045
Income tax credit	7	-	-
Profit for the year	_	68,267	1,045
Other Comprehensive Income, net of income tax			
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit & loss when specific conditions are met			
Changes in fair value of available-for-sale Financial Assets		1,350,649	642,079
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	_	1,418,916	643,124
Earnings per share:		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	16	0.80	0.01
Diluted earnings per share	16	0.80	0.01
Comprehensive Income:			
Earnings per share	16	16.54	7.50

The accompanying Notes form part of these Financial Statements.

GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

es \$	\$
1,012,558	56,30
2,364	1,78
26,846	6,57
1,041,768	64,66
15,824,624	15,078,71
15,824,624	15,078,71
16,866,392	15,143,38
28,513	13,40
28,513	13,40
1,912,801	1,623,81
1,912,801	1,623,81
1,941,314	1,637,21
14,925,078	13,506,16
8 600 082	8,609,08
	5,463,87
-,- ,	(566,799
	13,506,16
	8,609,085 6,814,525 (498,532) 14,925,078

The accompanying Notes form part of these Financial Statements.

GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

2016	Issued Securities	Accumulated Losses	Reserves	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2015	8,609,085	(567,844)	4,821,797	12,863,038
Profit for the Year	-	1,045	-	1,045
Other comprehensive income				
- Changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	642,079	642,079
Balance at 30 June 2016	8,609,085	(566,799)	5,463,876	13,506,162

2017	Issued Securities \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Reserves \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2016	8,609,085	(566,799)	5,463,876	13,506,162
Profit for the Year	-	68,267	-	68,267
Other comprehensive income				
- Changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	1,350,649	1,350,649
Balance at 30 June 2017	8,609,085	(498,532)	6,814,525	14,925,078

GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Notes	2017 \$	2016 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Interest, distributions and dividends received Payments to suppliers and employees		189,894 (308,941)	194,918) (247,622)
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	23	(119,047)	(52,704)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of Flagship Investments Limited		1,296,539	56,926
Proceeds from sale of Berkshire Hathaway		-	93,799
Proceeds from sale of Colonial First State Units		1,513	2,149
Purchase of shares in Athelney Trust Plc		(222,749)	(97,634)
		1,075,303	55,240
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents held		956,256	2,536
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		56,302	53,766
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	8	1,012,558	56,302

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ Notes\ form\ part\ of\ these\ Financial\ Statements}.$

GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

The functional and presentation currency of Global Masters Fund Limited is Australian dollars. Its shares are publicly traded on the Australian Stock Exchange ("ASX").

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

These financial statements and associated notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

Significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and are consistent with prior reporting periods unless otherwise stated.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Revenue and Other Income

Revenue is recognised when the amount of the revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company and specific criteria relating to the type of revenue as noted below, has been satisfied.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is presented net of returns, discounts and rebates.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

Interest Revenue

Interest is recognised using the effective interest method

Dividend Revenue

Dividends are recognised when the entity's right to receive payment is established.

(b) Income Tax

The income tax expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income comprises of current income tax expense plus deferred tax expense.

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable (recoverable) in respect of the taxable profit (loss) for the year and is measured at the amount expected to be paid to (recovered from) the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Current tax liabilities (assets) are measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and losses can be utilised.

Current and deferred tax is recognised as income or an expense and included in profit or loss for the period except where the tax arises from a transaction which is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity, in which case the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity respectively.

(c) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payable are stated inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows in the statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

(e) Financial Instruments

Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Profit Or Loss

Financial assets at fair value through Profit or Loss are Financial Instruments convertible in to Equity Instruments. A financial asset is classified in this category if it is so designated by management and within the requirement of AASB 9 Financial Instruments. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of these assets are included in the profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(e) Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

The Company is a long-term investor in equity instruments. Under AASB 9, these investments are classified as fair value through Other Comprehensive Income. After initial recognition at fair value (being cost), the Company has elected to present in Other Comprehensive Income changes in fair value of equity instruments investments.

Unrealised gains and losses on investments are recognised in the Asset Revaluation Reserve until the investment is sold or otherwise disposed of, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is transferred to the Profit and Loss Statement.

Available-For-Sale Financial Assets

These investments are measured at fair value.

Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of these assets are taken directly to Other Comprehensive Income and accumulated in Equity.

When these financial Assets are sold, the accumulated fair value adjustments are reclassified from Equity to the profit or loss as gains and losses on sale

Available-For-Sale Financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is an objective evidence that it is impaired. In the case of Available-For-Sale Financial Instruments, a significant or prolonged decline in the value of the instruments below cost is considered to be evidence of whether or not impairment has arisen.

Any cumulative impairment loss in respect of an Available-For-Sale Financial Asset previously recognised in equity is reclassified to profit or loss.

An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised. For Available-For-Sale Financial Assets that are debt securities, the reversal is recognised in profit or loss. For equity securities, the reversal is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less provision for doubtful debts. Trades receivables are due for settlement no more than 30 days from the date of recognition.

Collectability of loans and receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired.

The amount of the provision is the different between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Cash flows relating to short-term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial. The amount of the provision is recognised in the profit or loss in other expenses.

Fair Value Estimation

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and securities) is based on quoted market prices at the Statement of Financial Position date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price. The appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current bid price.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Company for similar financial instruments.

(f) Trade And Other Payables

Liabilities for trade payables and other amounts are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

(g) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions for Dividends

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

(h) Share Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options which vest immediately are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects

GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(i) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations

The AASB has issued new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods. The following table summarises those future requirements, and their impact on the Company where the standard is relevant:

AASB 9 Financial Instruments and amending standards AASB 2010-7 / AASB 2012-6 Changes to the classification and measurement requirements for financial assets and financial liabilities The Company complies with AASB 9

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

(a) Key Estimates

There are no key assumptions or sources of estimation uncertainty that have a risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period as investments are carried at their market value.

(b) Key Judgements

The preparation of financial reports in conformity with Australian Account Standards require the use of certain critical accounting estimates. This requires the Board to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

The carrying amount of certain assets and liabilities are often determined based on estimates and assumptions of future events. In accordance with AASB 112 Income Taxes, deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets have been recognised for Capital Gains Tax (CGT) on the unrealised gains/losses in the investment portfolio at current tax rates.

As the Directors do not intend to dispose of the portfolio, the tax liability/benefit may not be crystallised at the amount disclosed in Note: 13. In addition, the tax liability/benefit that arises on the disposal of these securities may be impacted by changes in tax legislation relating to treatment of capital gains and the rate of taxation applicable to such gains/losses at the time of disposal.

The Company has an investment process which is anticipated will deliver medium to long-term capital growth - minimum investment period is three to five years.

The deferred tax asset has been carried forward as it believed that this process will deliver growth over this period to utilise the deferred tax asset.

The Company does not hold any securities for short term trading purposes. Therefore the investment portfolio is classified as Financial Assets at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income.

4. OPERATING SEGMENTS

Segment Information

The Company operates in the investment industry. Its core business focuses on investing in International equities to achieve medium to long-term capital growth and income.

Operating segments have been determined on the basis of reports reviewed by the Managing Director. The Managing Director is considered to be the chief operating decision maker of the Company. The Managing Director considers the business from both a product and geographic perspective and assesses performance and allocates resources on this basis. The Managing Director considers the business to consist of just one reportable segment.

GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

		2017	2016
		\$	\$
5.	REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME		
	Dividends Received	188,063	194,749
	Distributions Received	1	74
	Interest Received	1,830	95
	Gain on sale of Flagship Investments	178,108	2,510
	Gain on Sale of Berkshire Hathaway	-	55,398
	Realised Foreign Exchange Loss	-	(3,178)
	Gain on Sale of Colonial Units	1,160	736
	_	369,162	250,384
	OTHER EXPENSES		
	Auditors Remuneration	10,250	10,250
	ASX and Share Registry costs	22,231	17,695
	Administration Costs	268,414	231,645
		300,895	249,340
•	INCOME TAX EXPENSE		
	(a) Reconciliation of income tax to accounting profit		
	Accounting profit before tax	68,267	1,045
	Prima facie tax payable on ordinary activities before income tax rate at 27.5% (2016 - 30%)	18,773	313
	Income tax expense	18,773	313
	Tax losses not recognised	(18,773)	(313)
	Tax expense shown in profit and loss statement	-	-
	(b) Amounts recognised directly in Other Comprehensive Income		
	Aggregate current and deferred tax arising in the reporting period and not recognised in Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, but directly debited or credited in Other Comprehensive Income.		
	Amount before Tax Tax Expense at 27.5% (2016: 30%)	1,862,964 (512,315)	917,255 (275,177)
	Amount Net of Tax	1,350,649	642,079
•	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Cash at bank and on hand	1,012,092	55,684
	Short-term deposits	466	618
	Balance as per Statement of Cash Flows	1,012,558	56,302
	Reconciliation of cash		
	Cash and Cash Equivalents reported in the Statement of Cash Flows are reconciled to the equivalent items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:		

GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	2017 \$	2016 \$
	Ş	Ş
TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
CURRENT GST receivable	2,364	1,787
Total current trade and other receivables	2,364	1,787
.0. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
(a) Available-for-sale Financial Assets comprise		
Listed investments, at fair value Shares in other Corporations	15,824,624	15,078,174
	15,824,624	15,078,174
Unlisted investments, at fair value	-	543
		543
Total Available-for-sale Financial Assets	15,824,624	15,078,717
1. OTHER ASSETS		
CURRENT Prepayments	26,846	6,575
	26,846	6,575
.2. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
CURRENT Trade payables	330	1,931
Accrued expenses	28,183	11,476
	28,513	13,407
3. NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Deferred tax liabilities	1,912,801	1,623,812
Comprises tax on unrealised gains on currency exchange and market fluctuations of listed investments.		
14. ISSUED CAPITAL		
8,578,596 (2016: 8,578,596) Ordinary Shares	8,609,085	8,609,085

15. RESERVES

Revaluation Reserve

The investment revaluation reserve is used to accumulate unrealised capital profits and losses. The reserve can only be used in limited circumstances for payment of dividends.

GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

2017	2016
\$	\$

16. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Net	gain (loss) used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share	68,267	1,045	
Tota	al comprehensive income used in calculating total comprehensive income per share	1,350,649	643,124	
Wei	ghted average number of ordinary shares on issue used in the calculation of basic earnings per share _	8,578,596	8,578,596	
Tota	al ordinary shares on issue	8,578,596	8,578,596	
				_
(a)	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculating basic EPS	8,578,596	8,578,596	
		Cents	Cents	
	Basis earnings per share (cents per share)	0.80	0.01	
	Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	0.80	0.01	
	Total Comprehensive Income per share (cents per share)	16.54	7.50	

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company is exposed to a variety of financial risks through its use of financial instruments.

The Company's overall risk management plan seeks to minimise potential adverse effects due to the unpredictability of financial markets.

The Company does not speculate in financial assets.

The most significant financial risks to which the Company is exposed to are described below:

Specific risks

- Liquidity risk
- Credit risk
- Market risk currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk

Financial instruments used

The principal categories of financial instrument used by the Company are:

- Trade receivables
- Cash at bank
- Investments in listed shares
- Trade and other payables

GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Interest Rate Risk

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instruments value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rates on classes of financial assets and financial liabilities, is as follows:

Effective Interest Rate	2017	2016
Effective interest Rate	%	%
Financial Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	0.35	0.17
caa u l	2017	2016
6 Months or less	\$	\$
Financial Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,012,558	56,302
Casii aliu casii equivalellis	7- 7	
Total Financial Assets	1,012,558	56,302

All other financial assets and liabilities are non-interest bearing - apart from investment in Colonial Wholesale Funds which on average earned 2.5%

(b) Currency Risk

The Company's investment portfolio includes investments in USA and UK, cash on deposit and interest receivable denominated in US dollars and Pounds Sterling. As such, the Company's balance sheet can be affected significantly by movements in exchange rates. The Company's current policy is not to hedge its investment portfolio. The carrying value of these foreign currency denominated assets at balance date was as follows:

Committee Assessment	2017	2016
Carrying Amount	rrying Amount AUD \$	
Cash and cash equivalents	316	563
Investments	13,799,326	11,943,844
Total	13,799,642	11,944,407

(c) Credit risk

The Company is not a trading entity. The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date in relation to each class of financial assets (excluding investments) is the carrying amount of those assets as indicated in the balance sheet. The Company has no commercial debtors and receivables are due from reputable companies listed on the world's stock exchange or major financial banking institutions.

With respect to credit risk on cash and investment, the Company's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counter party, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of those investments. The Company's business activities do not necessitate the requirement for collateral.

(d) Net Fair Value

The following methods and assumptions are used to determine the net fair values of financial assets and liabilities:

Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments:

The carrying amount approximates fair value because of their short term to maturity.

Trade receivables and payables:

The carrying amount approximates fair value as the time to receipt or payment is usually less than 30 days.

Listed shares:

The current quoted market bid price approximates fair value and the carrying amount.

The carrying value of all the financial assets and liabilities of the Company as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements is the same as the net fair value.

(e) Sensitivity Analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Company's exposures to changes in interest rates, exchange rates and commodity and equity process. The table indicates the impact on how profit and equity values reported at balance date would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible. These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

At 30 June 2017, the effect on profit and equity as a result of changes in the interest rate, with all other variables remaining constant would be as follows:

C Mantha and a a	2017	2016
6 Months or less	\$	\$
Change in profit +/- 2% in interest rates	+/- 1,165	+/- 1,000
Change in equity +/- 5% in \$A/US\$	+/- 736,833	+/- 675,308
+/- 10% in listed investments	+/- 1,582,463	+/- 1,507,871

18. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Company is domiciled and incorporated in Australia.

The Company's principal activity is investment in quoted equities, Berkshire Hathaway Inc listed on the New York Stock Exchange, Athelney Trust Plc listed on the London Stock Exchange and Flagship Investments Limited listed on the Australian Securities Exchange.

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GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

19. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES

(a) Details of Key Management Personnel (KMP) for all of the financial year unless otherwise shown were

Directors

JL Addison Chairman (Non-executive), appointed 19 April 2005

Dr EC Pohl Managing Director (Executive), appointed 19 April 2005

P Corrigan AM Director (Non-executive), appointed 29 November 2006

M H d'Almeida Director (Non-executive), appointed 10 October 2016

(b) Other Key Management Personnel Transactions

Compensation Policy

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for determining and reviewing compensation arrangements for the key management personnel. The Board assesses the appropriateness of the nature and amount of emoluments of such officers on a periodic basis by reference to relevant employment market conditions with the overall objective of ensuring maximum stakeholder benefit.

Executive Personnel

The Managing Director Dr Manny Pohl is an Executive Director, but only gets remunerated as a Director, as has been the case in prior years. The Company's Non-executive Directors are Jon Addison, Pat Corrigan and Murray d'Almeida.

Non-Executive Director Compensation

In accordance with the Company's Constitution and the ASX Listing Rules, the aggregate amount of remuneration payable to the Non-executive Directors (including the Managing Director) in any year is determined from time to time by Shareholders in a General Meeting. The last determination was at a General Meeting on 10 May 2006 when Shareholders fixed an aggregate amount not exceeding \$150,000.

During the year, Murray d'Almeida was appointed a Director of the Company. The Board will seek Shareholders' approval to increase the maximum amount of salaries for Directors to \$200,000.

Within the limit of aggregate amount determined by the Shareholders, the Board determines the remuneration for Non-executive Directors. The remuneration arrangements for the Non-executive Directors are reviewed annually by the Board.

The Board assess the appropriateness of the remuneration for Non-executive Directors, having regard to market practice, the duties and accountability of the Non-executive Directors and the objective of maintaining a balanced Board which has appropriate expertise and experience, at a reasonable cost to the Company.

The compensation of Non-executive Directors (including the Managing Director) for the year ending 30 June 2017 is shown in the table of detailed remuneration disclosures, provided in section 12 (A) to (F) of the Remuneration Report on pages 9 and 10.

	2017 \$	2016 \$
20. AUDITORS REMUNERATION		
Remuneration of the Auditor of the Company, Joseph Pien		
- Audit of the Half-Year and Annual Financial Report of the Company	10,250	10,250
Total	10,250	10,250

21. CONTINGENCIES

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company did not have any contingencies at 30 June 2017 (30 June 2016: None).

GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

		2017 \$	2016 \$
22.	RELATED PARTIES		
	There were no related party transactions during the year, other than shown below:		
	Brian Jones (Company Secretary) is a partner of Rothsay Chartered Accountants, which provides company secretarial, accounting and taxation services to the Company at normal commercial rates.		
	Fees Charged	65,190	64,332
	Total	65,190	64,332
23.	CASH FLOW INFORMATION (a) Reconciliation of result for the year to cash flows from operating activities Profit for the year	68,267	1,045
	Cash flows excluded from profit attributable to operating activities Non-cash flows in profit		
	- net (gain)/loss on disposal of investments	(179,268)	(58,644)
	- losses on foreign exchange	(2,305)	3,178
	Changes in assets and liabilities, net of the effects of purchase and disposal of subsidiaries:		
	- (increase)/decrease in prepayments	(20,270)	1,252
	- (increase)/decrease in other assets	(576)	(466)
	- increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	15,105	931
	Cash flow from operations	(119,047)	(52,704)

24. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The Directors of the Company declare that:

- (a) the Financial Statements and Notes set out on pages 16 to 29 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - complying with Accounting Standards, which, as stated in accounting policy Note 1 to the financial statements, constitutes compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); and
 - (ii) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2017 and of the performance for the year ended on that date; and

in the Directors' opinion,

- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (c) the remuneration disclosures set out on pages 9 and 10 of the Directors' Report (as part of the audited remuneration report) for the year ended 30 June 2017 comply with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The Directors have been given the declarations by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer required by section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors and is signed for and on behalf of the Directors by:

Dr Emmanuel (Manny) C Pohl

Managing Director

22 August 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED ABN 84 109 047 618

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

I have audited the financial report of Global Masters Fund Limited (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In my opinion,

- (a) the accompanying financial report of Global Masters Fund Limited, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2017 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of my report. I am independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. I have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

I confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Matter

Available for Sale Financial Assets. Refer note 1(e) and 10

This matter has been recognised due to its materiality, representing 94% of total assets. Equity instruments are classified at fair value through other Comprehensive income. Initial recognition is at cost with the Company electing to present in Other Comprehensive Income changes in the fair value of the investments.

Audit procedures adopted, included: Confirmation from third parties of securities held by the Company at balance date, Agreeing the valuation of investments and reported dividend income with relevant stock exchanges and Company announcements. Reconciling the movement in fair value for the year and reviewing the Company's disclosure in the financial report to ensure compliance with applicable Australian Accounting Standard AASB 9. Audit objectives surrounding this matter were achieved.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2017, but does not include the financial report and my auditor's report thereon.

My opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial report, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide the directors with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards

From the matters communicated with the directors, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

I have audited the Remuneration Report included in page 9 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2017. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. My responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on my audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's Opinion

In my opinion, the Remuneration Report of Global Masters Fund Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2017, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Joseph Pien

Joe Pien Chartered Accountants, Suite 503, Level 5, 276 Pitt Street Sydney NSW 2000

Dated this 22nd day of August, 2017

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

The Shareholder information set out below was applicable as at 25 July 2017.

1. DISTRIBUTION OF SECURITIES:

Distributio	ns		No. of Shareholders
1	to	1,000	103
1,001	to	5,000	169
5,001	to	10,000	80
10,001	to	100,000	69
100,001		and over	7
Total			428
Holdings of less	s thar	n a marketable parce	11

2. TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

Shareholders	Ordinary Shares	%
CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	4,604,049	53.7%
BOND STREET CUSTODIANS LIMITED <hef -="" a="" c="" q01843=""></hef>	353,227	4.1%
BOND STREET CUSTODIANS LIMITED <hef -="" a="" c="" q01842=""></hef>	180,000	2.1%
SECURITIES & ESTATES PTY LTD <r a="" c="" f="" j="" t="" wilson=""></r>	140,519	1.6%
ROSETTA PTY LTD	127,760	1.5%
MR PETER LEECE	120,737	1.4%
PETER I H WONG PTY LTD <peter a="" c="" h="" i="" l="" p="" sup="" wong=""></peter>	120,000	1.4%
EMSDALE HOLDINGS PTY LTD	87,470	1.0%
J BARLOW CONSULTANTS PTY LTD	85,854	1.0%
MRS SYLVIA MARIA VALMADRE	60,000	0.7%
RITCHIE FAMILY SUPER PTY LTD <ritchie a="" c="" f="" family="" s=""></ritchie>	50,000	0.6%
CPAC HOLDINGS PTY LIMITED <cpac a="" c="" investment=""></cpac>	50,000	0.6%
MR WILLIAM PAUL CHUN TIE & MS ORLEENA MOO	48,623	0.6%
RBC INVESTOR SERVICES AUSTRALIA NOMINEES PTY LTD <13314 MACINTOSH>	46,737	0.5%
MRS SALLY-ANNE ARCHARD <archard a="" c="" family=""></archard>	39,768	0.5%
MR MICHAEL MUCCI	36,500	0.4%
MR IAN LESLIE POLLARD	36,000	0.4%
MR PETER CLARENCE DAVIS & MRS BIRGIT CHRISTA DAVIS <davis a="" c="" fund="" super=""></davis>	30,000	0.4%
SUE COLLINS HOLDING PTY LTD <sue a="" c="" collins="" family=""></sue>	30,000	0.4%
Total	6,283,457	73.2%

3. SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDINGS

The names of the Shareholders who have notified the Company of a substantial holding in accordance with section 671B of the *Corporations Act 2001* are:

Substantial Shareholder	Number of Shares	% of Total
Dr E C Pohl *	4,604,049	54.1

* Has the power to control voting and/or the disposal of securities in accordance with a Power Of Attorney in relation to 4,604,049 shares.

4. VOTING RIGHTS

On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

INVESTMENTS

(1) HOLDINGS OF SECURITIES AT 30 JUNE 2017

Individual investments at 30 June 2017 are listed below. The list should not, however, be used to evaluate portfolio performance or to determine the net asset backing per share at other dates. Individual holdings in the portfolio may change during the course of the year.

ORDINARY SHARES	Shares	Market Value \$
Berkshire Hathaway Inc A Class Shares	27	8,940,328
Berkshire Hathaway Inc B Class Shares	15,300	3,368,904
Athelney Unit Trust plc	349,640	1,490,094
Flagship Investments Limited	1,310,872	2,025,297
TOTAL		15,824,623

(2) TRANSACTIONS AND BROKERAGE

There were 17 (2016: 5) transactions in securities during the year on which brokerage of \$13,887 (2016: \$750) was paid.

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

GLOBAL MASTERS FUND LIMITED ABN 84 109 047 618 REGISTERED IN NEW SOUTH WALES 12 MAY 2004.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Jonathan L Addison
Non-Executive Chairman

Dr Emmanuel (Manny) C Pohl *Managing Director*

Patrick Corrigan AM Non-Executive Director

Murray H d'Almeida Non-Executive Director

Jason Pohl Alternate Director

COMPANY SECRETARY

Brian E Jones Rothsay Chartered Accountants Level 1 12 O'Connell Street SYDNEY NSW 2000

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Level 1 12 O'Connell Street SYDNEY NSW 2000

MANAGER

EC Pohl & Co Pty Ltd ACN 154 399 916 Level 12 Corporate Centre One 2 Corporate Court BUNDALL QLD 4217

Tel: +61 (0) 7 5644 4400 Fax: +61 (0) 7 5574 1457

SOLICITORS

McCullough Robertson Lawyers Level 32 MLC Centre 19 Martin Place SYDNEY NSW 2000

AUDITORS

Joe Pien Chartered Accountants Suite 503 Level 5 276 Pitt Street SYDNEY NSW 2000

SHARE REGISTRY

Boardroom Pty Limited GPO Box 3993 SYDNEY NSW 2001

Toll Free: 1300 737 760 International: +61 (0) 2 9290 9600 Fax: +61 (0) 0 9279 0664

REGISTERED OFFICE

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