

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 2017



HIGHLIGHTS FROM 2017

During the year BluGlass has made strong commercial and technical progress as we make inroads towards delivering a commercial outcome for the RPCVD technology. Some of the key achievements include:

SEP 2017 - NEW BLG-300 MEETS UNIFORMITY TARGETS

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The upgraded BLG-300 demonstrates thickness uniformity over 2, 4 and 6-inch wafers.

LED efficiency already demonstrated on par with previous best RPCVD results and with significantly improved performance uniformity.

Scaling design from BLG-180 to the BLG-300 has worked successfully and is anticipated to be applicable to larger RPCVD platforms.

AUG 2017 - UPGRADED BLG-300 COMES ONLINE

The installation and commissioning of the upgraded BLG-300 has been successfully completed with initial results showing good progress towards uniformity targets.

JUN 2017 - DELIVERS PROCESS TRANSFER FOR SEREN PHOTONICS

BluGlass' epitaxy (foundry) customer, Seren Photonics (Seren), achieves successful transfer of semi-polar GaN template process. BluGlass technology team facilitate the successful transfer of Seren's GaN template process to the BluGlass MOCVD platform.

NOV 2016 - RECEIVES SIGNIFICANT FOUNDRY ORDER FROM CUSTOMER

BluGlass received a significant order commitment from a new customer for ~\$600,000 of specialist epitaxy (foundry) development scheduled to be delivered over 12 months.

OCT 2016 - BLUGLASS & LUMILEDS MOVE TO PHASE II OF THE EXCLUSIVE EVALUATION AFTER SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF PHASE I

BluGlass has successfully delivered the technical milestones of Phase I of the Lumileds Exclusive Evaluation.

Lumileds and BluGlass will now commence Phase II of the Evaluation, where Lumileds will further investigate the integration of BluGlass' RPCVD technology into certain LED applications.

SEP 2017 - UNIQUE PARTNERSHIP TO DELIVER POWER ELECTRONICS OF THE FUTURE

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Two-year, \$600,000 cash investment co-funded research project that will transform the capability of transistors BluGlass, Griffith University and the IMCRC are developing next-generation Gallium Nitride (GaN) transistors.

JUL 2017 - APPOINTS TECHNOLOGY COMMERCIALISATION EXPERT TO BOARD

James Walker joins the BluGlass Board as a Non-Executive Director. James is a seasoned executive, with a track record in successfully commercialising cutting-edge technology in emerging markets.

NOV 2016 - ENTERS INTO STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP WITH IQE TO DEVELOP A RANGE OF ELECTRONIC APPLICATIONS

BluGlass and IQE have entered into an Exclusive Collaboration Agreement to co-develop nitride films for a range of electronic devices on both silicon and IQE's cREO™ technology using BluGlass' unique low temperature RPCVD technology.

IQE is the leading foundry manufacturer of advanced semiconductor wafer products to the global semiconductor industry.

OCT 2016 - WILLIAM JOHNSON APPOINTED AS CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

George Venardos retires from Chairman of the Board of Directors Dr. William Johnson to replace George Venardos as Chairman.

SEP 2016 - UPGRADED BLG-180 COMES ONLINE

BluGlass has completed the installation of its upgraded RPCVD chamber to assist in demonstrating the scaling of the technology. This advanced design aims to build on current performance and improve the uniformity of the low temperature RPCVD process.

RAISES \$8.1M IN PLACEMENT & SPP TO DELIVER COMMERCIALISATION GOALS

• BluGlass raises \$5M in an Institutional Placement • BluGlass raises and additional \$3.1M in a Share Purchase Plan

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CHAIRMAN & MANAGING DIRECTOR'S LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS

The BluGlass Board and Management are pleased to present to you our 2017 Annual Report.

CHAIRMAN'S REPORT

Since being appointed Chairman in November 2016, I am continually encouraged by the progress being made toward commercialisation of the unique BluGlass RPCVD technology.

The transition of BluGlass from a research and development company to commercialisation is



well underway and is fortuitously occurring at a time when the performance demands of opto-electronics devices are increasing significantly.

The convergence of these two factors has lead to an increase in BluGlass opportunities to engage with leading industry players interested in evaluating the disruptive potential of RPCVD; however, even as we continue to field a growing number of new enquiries from industry about our capabilities and development plans, the company remains highly focused on working with our current partners to pursue our goal of industry acceptance and commercial usage of RPCVD.

I look forward to leading the BluGlass Board as we steer the company through this long-anticipated transition. I would also like to take the opportunity to thank George Venardos for his invaluable contribution as Chairman over the past eight years, during which a strong financial foundation was laid to help ensure a runway for future success.

As we head into the 2018 financial year, the BluGlass Board and Management team are focused on both delivering successful commercialisation of RPCVD technology and further developing our custom epitaxy (foundry) business.

Dr. William JohnsonNon-Executive Chairman

CHAIRMAN & MANAGING DIRECTOR LETTER

2017 has been a standout year for BluGlass as we pioneered new ground in the development of RPCVD technology and its low temperature capabilities, and prepare to enter commercialisation with some of the world's leading optoelectronics companies.



During the year BluGlass broke new ground in the development of our RPCVD technology by successfully delivering the technical milestones of Phase I of the exclusive evaluation with world leading LED company, Lumileds. Following this successful completion, Lumileds and BluGlass entered Phase II of the evaluation, where Lumileds is investigating the potential commercial integration of the RPCVD technology into specific Lumileds LED applications. We are very pleased with the progress of Phase II, as it continues to push the boundaries of the RPCVD development. BluGlass anticipates the successful delivery of the remaining milestones of Phase II soon, and we commit to keeping the market informed of our progress.

Our collaboration with global foundry IQE to co-develop nitride films for a range of electronic devices is also making good progress. The two companies are developing specific enabling technology for high quality nitride films deposited by Remote Plasma Chemical Vapour Deposition (RPCVD) on both silicon wafers and on specially engineered substrates; cREO™ on silicon. IQE is a world leading foundry manufacturer of advanced semiconductor wafer products, supplying major chip manufacturers in the global semiconductor industry. IQE products are featured in highperformance applications such as smartphone, wireless infrastructure, Wi-Fi, base stations, GPS, and satellite communications amongst others. Both IQE and BluGlass believe that this collaboration will be a key step in overcoming challenges inherent in future development of cutting edge materials for the semiconductor industry.

BluGlass anticipates the successful delivery of the remaining milestones of Phase II soon, and we commit to keeping the market informed of our progress.

BluGlass also partnered with Griffith University and the Innovative Manufacturing Cooperative Research Centre (IMCRC) to develop a step-change GaN on Silicon transistor for the power electronics industry. The project aims to combine two Australian enabling technologies - BluGlass' RPCVD deposition technology and Griffith University's Queensland Microtechnology Facility's (QMF) Atomically Smooth SiC on large Si (SiC on Si) wafers. This R&D project, if and when successful, will have significant commercial implications, not only for BluGlass and Griffith University, but also for an emerging Australian power electronics manufacturing industry.

During the year a considerable amount of effort was dedicated to demonstrating the scalability of RPCVD, as a critical enabler to the successful completion of our industry evaluations and for broader commercialisation in the opto-electronics industry. The technology team developed and delivered an innovative new modular RPCVD platform design that could be replicated and applied to larger deposition platforms. This new design was needed to build on and improve the current thickness and performance uniformity of RPCVD. We were very pleased to recently report that the upgraded BLG-300TM (the larger of the two RPCVD platforms) has demonstrated thickness uniformity over 2, 4 and 6-inch wafers. The upgraded chamber is already demonstrating LED efficiency on par with previous best RPCVD results and with significantly improved performance uniformity. The scaling design used on the BLG-180TM and the BLG-300TM is anticipated to be applicable to larger RPCVD platforms. The BLG-300TM has now been re-deployed on the Company's industry evaluations with Lumileds, IQE and others, all of which will benefit from the improved uniformity and larger wafer deposition capability.

The BluGlass custom epitaxy (foundry) business has once again demonstrated its strategic merit during the year, as one of our original customers, Translucent, licensed its cREO™ technology to IQE, who in turn have now entered into a strategic partnership with BluGlass as discussed above. For another customer, Seren Photonics, we achieved a successful technology process transfer for a novel application and will continue to work with them on technology development. In general, BluGlass is seeking to work with the next generation of nitrides innovators, who will be developing products for the future, especially those who could benefit from the advantages of our low temperature technology. All of our custom epitaxy

customers are now in trial or looking to trial RPCVD in their development work. We see this as confirmation of the competitive advantages of RPCVD and its ability to compliment the MOCVD technology. BluGlass has invested much effort over the past years to build a robust customer pipeline and we anticipate that 2018 will be a significant growth year for our custom epitaxy business.

BluGlass raised a total of \$8.1M during the year in an institutional placement and share purchase plan. This gives BluGlass sufficient development runway to continue executing our commercialisation programs, and to add as necessary to our technology team. This year BluGlass also welcomed a new member with technology commercialisation experience, James Walker, to the Board of Directors.

All of this builds on the momentum created of the over the past several years, which has seen BluGlass in 2017 continue to grow our Intellectual Property portfolio to a total of 47 international patents granted in key semiconductor jurisdictions with commercialisation potential.

All of our custom epitaxy customers are now in trial or looking to trial RPCVD in their development work. We see this as confirmation of the competitive advantages of RPCVD

Looking back, as we headed into the 2017 Financial Year, BluGlass sought to deliver significant progress in our current industry partnerships, engage additional collaborations, demonstrate the scalability of RPCVD and continue to grow our foundry business. We are pleased to report that we have delivered on all of these objectives and we expect to see additional significant progress in 2018.

Once again, we would like to acknowledge our staff, shareholders and partners for your continued support, contribution and belief in RPCVD and its future market impact. We look back on our accomplishments over the year with pride and look forward with excitement to the year ahead.

Dr. William JohnsonNon-Executive Chairman

Giles BourneManaging Director and
Chief Executive Officer

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your directors present their report on BluGlass Limited and its controlled entities ("the Group") for the financial year ended 30 June 2017.

DIRECTORS

The names of directors in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:

Mr George Venardos (retired 21 November 2016)

Mr Gregory Cornelsen

Mr Chandra Kantamneni

Dr William Johnson

Mr Vivek Rao

Mr Giles Bourne

Mr James Walker (appointed 25 July 2017)

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Group during the financial year was to further the research and development of Group III nitrides for the development of new processes and equipment to manufacture high efficiency devices such as LEDs and solar cells. The Group is working on achieving its technology milestones using its patented low temperature Remote Plasma Chemical Vapour Deposition (RPCVD) technology to manufacture semiconductor materials. RPCVD has many potential advantages over the current industry technologies. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the financial year.

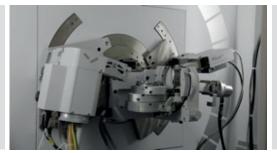
REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

The 2017 Financial Year has seen major advancements for BluGlass, both with the accelerated development of our disruptive Remote Plasma Chemical Vapour Deposition (RPCVD) platform technology; and in preparing the path for industry acceptance and commercialisation.

To deliver on our goals the Group has significantly matured and de-risked the RPCVD technology by entering into another major collaboration agreement with a market leader, growing its world class technology team and recruiting a technology commercialisation expert to the BluGlass Board. The company also raised \$8.1M operational capital to provide the company with sufficient financial runway to expedite BluGlass' delivery

capacity and capability which also enabled the successful upgrade of both RPCVD platforms, the BLG-180 and BLG-300.

BluGlass is continuing to make strong progress on its collaboration and evaluation agreements with several of the world's leading LED and power electronics companies. All of these achievements provide a robust foundation for the company as we work to deliver successful outcomes in our industry evaluations.



View of the X-Ray Diffraction characterisation system, which is part of the state-of-the-art characterisation and testing capabilities at BluGlass.

RPCVD TECHNOLOGY HIGHLIGHTS

- In September 2016, BluGlass announced that it had commissioned the upgraded BLG-180 (the smaller of BluGlass' two RPCVD systems). The upgrade was designed to help address the scalability and deposition uniformity of RPCVD required for commercial demonstrations. The upgraded chamber builds and improves on the existing RPCVD performance benchmarks; as well as creating a modular chamber design that can be easily scaled to larger deposition areas.
- During October 2016, BluGlass was pleased to announce that it has successfully completed the technology demonstration outlined in Phase I of its exclusive evaluation agreement with industry leading LED company, Lumileds. This required BluGlass to successfully deliver several technical milestones and significantly advance the RPCVD technology development. The two companies are now collaborating on Phase II of the evaluation, where Lumileds will further investigate the integration of BluGlass' RPCVD technology in their LED applications.
- November saw BluGlass demonstrating good improvement in thickness uniformity from the upgraded BLG-180 deposition chamber. These improvements in thickness uniformity are now of a suitable level to satisfy requirements for industry demonstrations on 2" wafers.

BRIGHTER FUTURE

- Also in November, BluGlass announced that it has entered into a collaboration agreement with IQE (LON: IQE) to develop specific enabling technology for high quality nitride films deposited by Remote Plasma Chemical Vapour Deposition (RPCVD) on both silicon wafers and on specially engineered cREOTM silicon substrates.
- IQE is one of the world's leading semiconductor foundries and a global leader in the design and manufacture of advanced semiconductor wafer products. IQE products are deployed in high performance components by major global chip companies to produce a wide range of high-tech applications for the wireless industry, including in smartphone and wireless infrastructure, Wi-Fi, base stations, GPS, and satellite communications; optical communications and optical storage.
- IQE Group's Vice President, Dr. Rodney Pelzel said at the time of the announcement "We are extremely pleased to announce our collaboration with BluGlass. BluGlass' world leading RPCVD technology is highly complementary to IQE's existing technology portfolio, and the collaboration is a key step in overcoming challenges inherent to epigrowth of cutting edge materials".
- During May 2017, BluGlass expanded its technology team to better enable the company's growing commercialisation activity with the addition of two Process Engineers. Joining the engineering staff, the Process Engineers are responsible for assisting with the optimisation of RPCVD, device design and characterisation; and to deliver custom epitaxy services. BluGlass continues to attract exceptional talent to our specialist team, and the new staff bring a strong blend of skills and expertise to further enhance our world-class team.
- Most recently in August, BluGlass announced that the upgraded BLG-300, the larger RPCVD platform had been successfully installed and commissioned. The upgraded platform demonstrated good progress in initial runs towards the uniformity and electrical properties required for the BluGlass industry evaluations. The upgraded BLG-300 has demonstrated that the new modular chamber design can be successfully implemented. This should be replicable in the future to enable even larger deposition RPCVD platforms.
- While the performance optimisation of the hardware and process adjustments are ongoing, the BLG-300 is anticipated to return to the BluGlass industry evaluation work in early September. BluGlass and Lumileds agree that the Phase II Collaboration undertaken to date has made substantial progress. The application for RPCVD that BluGlass is exploring with Lumileds is very compelling, as demonstrated by the high level of commitment from Lumileds on the collaboration project. This along with the IQE collaboration will again be expedited with the upgraded BLG-300 recommencing industry work in the coming weeks.

FOUNDRY HIGHLIGHTS

In November, the company announced that it received a significant order commitment from a new customer, Seren Photonics for approximately \$600,000 of specialist epitaxy (foundry) development work to be delivered over a 12-month period. Seren Photonics is developing gallium nitride (GaN) technology targeting LED and other applications.

In June 2017, BluGlass announced that it had successfully facilitated the transfer of Seren Photonic's unique GaN template process to the BluGlass MOCVD platform, with the objective of transferring the process from laboratory scale equipment onto a production relevant MOCVD platform.

Seren's application, semi-polar gallium nitride (GaN), is an alternative GaN template for the manufacture of LEDs that overcomes many of the problems associated with the green gap (inability to make efficient green LEDs using MOCVD) and has the potential to also address LED efficiency droop, where the LEDs become gradually less efficient at high power. BluGlass and Seren are working together to demonstrate commercially viable semi-polar devices including reviewing the potential to use BluGlass' proprietary RPCVD technology to further improve the performance of green LEDs.

BluGlass continues to work with a number of customers assisting with their product development and providing a platform for future collaborations.

GOVERNANCE AND FINANCE NEWS

In October 2016, BluGlass raised \$5m via an institutional placement to support the company's three existing evaluation and collaboration agreements, and to enable BluGlass to explore additional strategic industry discussions and opportunities.

This was supported by a Share Purchase Plan (SPP) in December 2016 which raised \$3.1m, placing BluGlass in a strong financial position to execute its commercialisation plans, expedite hardware upgrades and grow the technology team.

Following the BluGlass 2016 AGM in November, BluGlass' Chairman, George Venardos retired from the company's Board after serving as Chairman for the previous six years and prior to this, as a Non-Executive Director since December 2008. The Board appointed Dr. William Johnson to replace Mr. Venardos as Chairman. Dr. Johnson was previously a Non Executive Director and was appointed to the Board in September 2010.

More recently in July 2017, the BluGlass Board was strengthened with the addition of James Walker joining as a non-executive director. James is a seasoned executive, with a track record in successfully commercialising cutting-edge technology in emerging markets. James brings a wealth of experience to the BluGlass Board with over twenty years' executive and board experience, where he has built and



scaled-up businesses across a wide range of global technology industries; from software, mining technology services, automotive, aviation, biotechnology, drone detection and security sectors. James has headed a number of Australian and international technology companies, including as Chief Executive Officer of DroneShield (ASX:DRO), Chief Financial Officer of Seeing Machines (AIM: SEE). He is presently the Chief Financial Officer of Fulcrum Pty Limited.

In conclusion, 2017 has been a successful year for the Company, laying the foundations for our industry acceptance milestones and preparing the company for commercialisation. Whilst this has taken some time, the BluGlass board and management look forward to delivering commercial outcomes for our shareholders and our breakthrough technology in the year ahead.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The consolidated loss for the period increased 6.8% to \$3,660,557 (2016: \$3,427,566).

The net assets of the consolidated entity increased by \$4,465,061 to \$18,701,811 (2016: \$14,236,750) due the capital raise completed during the period.

Revenue has decreased by \$108,066 down 3.7% to \$2,801,850. Material variations in revenue received are as follows:

- Revenue for the provision of foundry services to third parties of \$550,087 (up 72%) was received for the year compared to \$318,577 in the 2016 financial year.
- The major variance from last year was there was no payments remaining from the Clean Technology Innovation Grant. Grant receipts in 2016 from the Commonwealth Climate Ready Grant Programme were \$342,447.

Gross expenditure has increased by \$124,925, up 2.0% to \$6,462,407 due to the following factors:

- Salaries and wages increased by \$138,578 up 5.2% (2016: \$2,615,989) due to an increase in staff numbers during the financial year
- Patents and trademark costs increased by \$82,542 up 66% (2016:\$124,182) during the year due to the renewal of patents that were required during the financial year.
- Depreciation expense is reducing as our research equipment is progressively written off, \$474,747 (2016: \$603,252).

Net cash required for operational expenses, and capital expenditure averaged \$305,046 per month, (2016: \$293,964). The increase is mainly due to the decrease in grants received from AusIndustry and the increase in staff costs.

The Statement of Financial Position does not include a value for the increasing number of patent applications and patents granted during the period. Since listing on the ASX in 2006 all research and development costs are expensed as incurred, and not capitalised. Accounting standards require that the

originally acquired Intangible Assets, being the Intellectual Property associated with Patents 1 & 2 acquired from Macquarie University in 2006, be tested annually to ensure no impairment to the carrying value has occurred. The current value of \$8.695m has been reviewed by independent valuers and the directors have accepted their assessment that no impairment to the carrying value is warranted. This valuation is supported by the cornerstone nature of Patents 1 & 2 that were acquired from Macquarie University. Management's and the Board's view is that these patents are still fundamental enablers to the company's RPCVD technology.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS

Other than the developments reported elsewhere in this report, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs during the year.

DIVIDENDS PAID OR RECOMMENDED

No dividends were declared in 2017 or 2016.

MATTERS SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

There were no reportable financial matters subsequent to the end of the Financial Year.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS, PROSPECTS AND BUSINESS STRATEGIES

BluGlass will position itself to take advantage of the growing LED, power electronics and solar markets in order to maximise shareholder return.

BluGlass will continue to validate the RPCVD technology as the company works towards its industry acceptance goals in order to commercialise the technology.

These developments, together with the current strategy of continuous improvement and innovation are expected to assist in the achievement of the Group's long-term goals and development of its business opportunities.

ENVIRONMENTAL AND SAFETY ISSUES

The BluGlass RPCVD technology uses some materials classified under the Dangerous Goods Act. All materials and consumables are handled in compliance with relevant regulatory environmental, health and safety codes, as do all facility emissions.

The company has in place OHS&E procedures and a Safety Manager who reports weekly to the Managing Director on all safety and environmental related matters. BluGlass meets and exceeds all state and federal OHS&E statutory requirements.

There were no reportable incidents during the period. Reviews of site operations during the period has led to the implementation of new operational procedures. Bluglass has also recently adopted a cloud based WHS reporting and management system as part of its ongoing commitment to site safety.

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS



DR. WILLIAM JOHNSON Non-Executive Chairman BS-Phy, MS-EE, PhD

Former Directorships (in the last 3 years):

President and CEO SPTS Ptv Ltd

Special Responsibilities:

Remuneration and Nominations Committee member Audit and Risk Committee member

Experience and Expertise:

William Johnson ("Bill"), is a seasoned CEO with extensive business development/M&A, technological leadership, and successful hands-on leadership roles in operations ranging from high technology start-ups to Fortune 500 high technology companies. He is the former President and Chief Executive Officer of SPP Process Technology Systems (SPTS), a manufacturer of capital equipment for the semiconductor and related industries.

Bill was instrumental in leading the all equity based management buy-out of SPTS.

Bill has held technical, marketing, and executive management positions with Ford Motor Co. Scientific Research Laboratories (1973-1978), Perkin-Elmer Corp. (1978-1986), Ulvac Corp. (1987-1991), Varian Associates (1992-1994), Intevac Inc. (1994-1996), Oryx Instruments and Materials Corp. (1996-1999). From 2003-2006, he was founder and managing director of Crane Ridge Associates, a firm providing consulting and M&A guidance to select high tech clientele; his association with Sumitomo Precision Products began in 2007, and he was the architect for the formation of SPTS through the acquisition of assets of Aviza Technology. Since then Bill was instrumental in leading the all equity based management buy-out of SPTS in mid 2011 which saw Bridgepoint, a leading European Private Equity company become a major owner in the company, and again with the sale of SPTS to Orobtech Limited in 2014.

Time on Board: 7.5 Years



MR. GILES BOURNE
Managing Director and Chief Executive
Officer B.A. (Hons), MBA, FAICD

Special Responsibilities:

BluGlass Chief Executive Officer

Experience and Expertise:

Giles is a senior executive with over 20 years of international business development experience gained in the clean-tech, technology and manufacturing sectors. He is a specialist in developing offshore business opportunities, securing inward expansion investment, setting up domestic and international partnerships, JV's and licensing deals for Australian corporations.

Giles' focus at BluGlass is to provide leadership as well as developing sales and marketing structures to support the commercialisation of BluGlass' LED and solar technology.

Giles' focus at BluGlass is to provide leadership as well as developing sales and marketing structures to support the commercialisation of BluGlass' LED and solar technology. During his time at BluGlass, Giles has lead the team to secure a strategic partnership with global semiconductor equipment company SPTS Technologies, secured more than \$25M in Government and Private Investment and supported the technology team to its proof of concept milestone.

Time on Board: 3 Years



INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS



MR. CHANDRA KANTAMNENI Non-Executive Director MSc, MS, MBA

Former Directorships (in the last 3 years):

None

Special Responsibilities:

Audit and Risk Committee member

Experience and Expertise:

Chandra Kantamneni has more than 30 years experience in the global semiconductor industry and until recently the Technical Director for the University of California Los Angeles (UCLA)'s California Nano Systems Institutes where he managed a state of the art semiconductor and cleanroom fabrication facility. Formerly he was the Vice President of Worldwide Fab Operations of US-based Peregrine Semiconductor Corporation where he managed the world wide Foundry Operations for the Corporation. Prior to that he was the Vice-President and Managing Director of Peregrine Semiconductor, Australia.

Chandra has worked in senior management and engineering positions for some of the world's largest US-based semiconductor companies, including director of worldwide foundry operations and engineering manager for International Rectifier Corporation, director of engineering for GMT Microelectronics, and Manufacturing Manager of the Fairchild Research Centre of National Semiconductor Corporation.

Chandra has worked in senior management and engineering positions for some of the world's largest US-based semiconductor companies.

Time on Board: 11.5 Years



MR. GREG CORNELSEN Non-Executive Director

Former Directorships (in the last 3 years):

None

Special Responsibilities:

Remuneration and Nominations Committee Chairman, Audit and Risk Committee Chairman

Experience and Expertise:

Greg Cornelsen is an economics and business development specialist and a successful businessman having held leadership positions in both large Australian based multinationals and start-up operations. A former international rugby union player, with 25 caps for the Australian Wallabies, he is a committee member of the Australian Barbarian Rugby Club and the Chairman of the Australian Schools Rugby Foundation. His rugby and business backgrounds have allowed him to develop an extensive network within the Australian business community.

Greg is a long-time passionate supporter of sustainable practises and clean technologies.

Greg is a long-time passionate supporter of sustainable practises and clean technologies having grown up on a family station that employed revolutionary broad acre sustainable practises. Greg has always understood the importance of the BluGlass technology for both the LED and solar industries. He is instrumental in steering the Board's sub committees.

Time on Board: 11.5 Years

BRIGHTER FUTURE



MR. VIVEK RAO Non-Executive Director MS-EE, BSc-Elec

Special Responsibilities:

Audit and Risk Committee member

Experience and Expertise:

Vivek Rao is the Executive Vice President & Chief Operations Officer of SPT Microtechnologies (a Division of SPP Technologies). Vivek is a seasoned semiconductor professional with more than 20 years in the semiconductor capital equipment industry in various managerial and technical leadership roles and brings to the BluGlass board a strong understanding of BluGlass' target markets and customers, he joins the board as a Non-Executive Director.

Vivek is a seasoned semiconductor professional with more than 20 years in the semiconductor capital equipment industry.

Time on Board: 1.5 Years



MR. JAMES WALKER Non-Executive Director B Comm, FCA, GAICD

Former Directorships (in the last 3 years):

- Managing Director, DroneShield Limited
- Finance Director, Seeing Machines Limited

Experience and Expertise:

James Walker is a seasoned executive, with a track record in successfully commercialising cutting-edge technology in emerging markets. He has headed a number of Australian and international technology companies, including as Chief Executive Officer of DroneShield (ASX:DRO), Chief Financial Officer of Seeing Machines (AIM: SEE) and held leadership positions in a number of growth companies including Hotel Dynamics, Fluorotechnics and Optalert.

James is currently the Chief Financial Officer of Fulcrum, an Australian technology company with proprietary software that enables large organisations to drive rapid commercial outcomes through an improved, data-driven customer experience. His strong finance, strategic management, M&A and IPO experience will add significant value to the BluGlass Board.

James is an entrepreneurial and passionate business executive who thrives on commercialising technology and building new global markets. He brings a wealth of experience to the BluGlass Board with over twenty years' executive and board experience, where he has built and scaled-up businesses across a wide range of global technology industries; from software, mining technology services, automotive, aviation, biotechnology, drone detection and security sectors.

James has a successful track record in commercialising cutting-edge technology in emerging markets.

Time on Board: 1 Month



INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS

COMPANY SECRETARY

The following person held the position of company secretary at the end of the financial year:

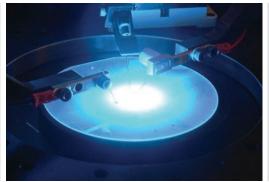
Mr. Emmanuel Correia

Mr. Emmanuel Correia is a Chartered Accountant and has extensive experience in the corporate finance and equity capital markets. Emmanuel has had over 20 years public accounting and corporate finance experience both in Australia, North America and the United Kingdom. He has held various senior positions with Big 4 accounting firms and boutique corporate finance houses.

Emmanuel provides corporate advice to a diverse client base both in Australia and in overseas markets. Emmanuel has previously held a number of public company directorships and his key areas of expertise include Initial Public Offerings and secondary capital raisings, corporate strategy and structuring merger and acquisitions. Emmanuel is currently a non executive director of Canyon Resources Limited.

Emmanuel has had over 20 years public accounting and corporate finance experience both in Australia, North America and the United Kingdom.









REMUNERATION REPORT 2016-2017 - AUDITED

INTRODUCTION

The Directors of BluGlass Limited present the Remuneration Report for the Company and its controlled entities for the year ended 30 June 2017. This Remuneration Report forms part of the Directors Report and is subject to audit by the external auditor in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001.

The Report details the nature and amount of remuneration for the company's non-executive directors and the executive team who by definition are the company's **Key Management Personnel**. The Key Management Personnel are the key people accountable for directing the affairs of the company and its controlled entities.

The people who currently hold these Key Management Personnel positions are listed in the table below:

| NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS | | EXECUTIVES | |
|--|----------|----------------|---------------------------|
| William Johnson | Chairman | Giles Bourne | Managing Director and CEO |
| George Venardos (retired 21 November 2016) | Director | lan Mann | Chief Technology Officer |
| Gregory Cornelsen | Director | Stuart Uhlhorn | Chief Financial Officer |
| Chandra Kantamneni | Director | | |
| Vivek Rao | Director | | |
| James Walker (appointed 25 July 2017) | Director | | |

During the period the Remuneration and Nominations Committee comprised 3 independent directors - Greg Cornelsen (Committee Chairman), William Johnson, George Venardos (until 21 November 2016) and Vivek Rao (from 22 November 2016). The Committee met once during the year.

REMUNERATION STRATEGY

The remuneration policy of BluGlass Limited has been designed to align shareholder objectives with the strategic business objectives of BluGlass. This is achieved by providing;

- A competitive market related fixed remuneration component,
- A small component of short term incentives, and
- Long-term incentives based on key performance areas affecting the consolidated entity's ability to commercialise it's technology milestones when achieved.

The remuneration policy, setting the terms and conditions for the directors and executives was developed by the remuneration committee and approved by the Board after seeking professional advice from independent external consultants.

The Board of BluGlass Limited aims for the remuneration strategy to attract and retain the appropriate executives and directors to run and manage the consolidated entity.

The ability to attract the best staff is achieved via ensuring all staff as well as executives and directors have access to a meaningful and rewarding long term incentive scheme currently in the form of an employee option scheme in association with an employee share trust that creates goal congruence between directors, executives and shareholders.



NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Board policy is to remunerate non-executive directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The remuneration and nominations committee determines payments to the non-executive directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required.

The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non-executive directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. Fees for non-executive directors are not linked to the performance of the consolidated entity. However, to align directors' interests with shareholder interests, the directors are encouraged to hold shares in the company and are able to participate in the company's employee option plan.

The current remuneration of non-executive directors is:

| Position | Remuneration \$ |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Chairman | 70,000 |
| Director | 40,000 |
| Committee Chairperson | 5,000 |
| Committee member | 2,500 |

A non-executive director's remuneration thus comprises the base board fee, any applicable committee chairman fee and the 9.5% superannuation levy contribution. Individual board fees have risen since 2010/2011.

| | | SHORT TERM | POST EMPLOYMENT | LONG TERM INCENTIVES | TOTAL | REMUNERATION |
|----------------------------|------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| | | Board and Committee fees \$ | Superannuation \$ | Share Based Payments \$ | Total \$ | % of remuneration that is non-cash |
| Non-Executive Directors | | | | | | |
| William Johnson | 2017 | 60,179 | - | 81,600 | 141,779 | 58 |
| William Johnson | 2016 | 42,500 | - | - | 42,500 | - |
| Gregory | 2017 | 50,000 | 4,750 | 40,800 | 95,550 | 43 |
| Cornelsen | 2016 | 50,000 | 4,750 | - | 54,750 | - |
| Chandra | 2017 | 42,500 | 4,038 | 40,800 | 87,338 | 47 |
| Kantamneni | 2016 | 42,500 | 4,038 | - | 46,538 | - |
| Vivek Rao | 2017 | - | - | 40,800 | 40,800 | 100 |
| VIVER RAU | 2016 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Coorgo Vanordos | 2017 | 28,408 | 2,699 | - | 31,107 | - |
| George Venardos | 2016 | 70,000 | 6,650 | - | 76,650 | - |
| Total | 2017 | 181,087 | 8,788 | 204,000 | 396,574 | - |
| Total | 2016 | 205,000 | 15,438 | - | 220,438 | - |

Mr Vivek Rao is the nominated director representing SPT Japan Co. Ltd, and is paid in his capacity as a director, directly by SPT Japan.

BRIGHTER FUTURE

EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION

The Board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for executives of the consolidated entity is as follows:

All key management personnel receive a base salary (which is based on factors such as length of service and experience), superannuation, access to a limited short term cash incentive scheme and to the longer term incentive scheme via options. Short term incentives are only paid once predetermined annual key performance indicators have been met and are capped at 20% of base salary. Longer term incentives may be paid in the form of options or rights and are intended to align the interests of the key management personnel and company with those of shareholders. No options or shares were issued to executives during the period in respect to the LTI's. In this regard, key management personnel are prohibited from limiting risk attached to those instruments by use of derivatives or other means.

The remuneration and nominations committee reviews executive packages annually by reference to the consolidated entity's performance, executive performance and comparable information from similar industry sectors.

The performance of executives is measured against criteria agreed annually with each executive and is based

predominantly on the achievement of specific BluGlass technology and commercial milestones being achieved and the efficient conduct of the Company's operations. All bonuses and incentives are linked to these predetermined performance criteria or milestones. The Board may, however, exercise its discretion in relation to approving incentives, bonuses and options, and can recommend changes to the committee's recommendations. Any changes must be justified by reference to measurable performance criteria. The policy is designed to reward executives for performance that will result in long-term growth in shareholder wealth.

Executives are also entitled to participate in the employee share and option arrangements under the employee incentive scheme.

Executives receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the government, which is currently 9.5%, and do not receive any other retirement benefits. Some individuals, however, have chosen to sacrifice part of their salary to increase payments towards superannuation.

All remuneration paid to executives is valued at the cost to the company and expensed. Shares given to executives are valued as the difference between the market price of those shares and the amount paid by the executive. Options issued during the year are valued at the closing share price at grant date less the exercise price where appropriate.

EXECUTIVES TOTAL REMUNERATION

| | | SHORT | -TERM | POST EMPLOY- MENT | LONG TERM INCENT- IVES | TOTAL REMUNE- RATION | % REMUNE | OF ERATION |
|--------------|------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|---------------|
| | | Cash Salary | KPI Related Incentive | Superann- uation | Share Based | Total \$ | Perfor- mance | Options based |
| | | φ | \$ | \$ | Payments \$ | Ψ | based | baseu |
| Executives | | | | | | | | |
| Giles | 2017 | 315,813 | 61,179 | 27,666 | - | 404,658 | 15.1 | - |
| Bourne | 2016 | 305,645 | - | 27,235 | 74,750 | 407,630 | - | 18.3 |
| lan Mann | 2017 | 232,906 | 22,247 | 29,714 | - | 284,867 | 7.8 | - |
| Idii Widiiii | 2016 | 221,834 | - | 21,074 | 143,250 | 386,158 | - | 37.1 |
| Stuart | 2017 | 167,534 | 35,861 | 33,373 | - | 236,768 | 15.1 | - |
| Uhlhorn | 2016 | 170,687 | - | 36,515 | 52,000 | 259,202 | - | 20.1 |
| Total | 2017 | 716,253 | 119,287 | 90,753 | - | 926,293 | - | - |
| Total | 2016 | 698,166 | - | 84,824 | 270,000 | 1,052,990 | - | - |

The value of share based payments in the above table reflects the full market price of the underlying BluGlass share price at the date of issue and may not reflect the current market value of the shares granted. Additionally no discount for uncertainty has been assigned to these valuations, which do carry the risk of not meeting vesting hurdles.



CONTRACTED EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION

The company secretary, Emanuel Correia is contracted to BluGlass from Cardrona Energy Pty Ltd. The contract includes provisions that the contract may be terminated by either party with one months' notice. Payments for services to Cardrona were \$79,200 in 2016 and 2017. As a contracted position the company secretary does not form part of the BluGlass' executive team.

EMPLOYMENT CONTRACTS OF EXECUTIVES

The employment terms and conditions of the CEO and other executives are formalised in contracts of employment. All executives are permanent employees of BluGlass Limited.

Terms of employment require that the relevant group entity provide an executive contracted person with a minimum of one months' notice prior to termination of contract. The CEO's contract is subject to 3 months' notice. Termination payments are determined by the remuneration and the nominations committee if a termination payment is deemed appropriate. A contracted person deemed employed on a permanent basis may terminate their employment by providing at least one months' notice. Termination payments are not payable on resignation or under the circumstances of unsatisfactory performance.

PERFORMANCE BASED REMUNERATION

As part of the executive remuneration package there is a performance-based component, consisting of key performance indicators (KPIs). The intention of this program is to facilitate goal congruence between directors/executives with that of the business and shareholders. The KPIs are set annually, with a certain level of consultation with executives to ensure buyin. The measures are specifically tailored to the areas each executive is involved in and has a level of control over. The KPIs target areas the Board believes hold greater potential for group expansion and profit, and cover financial and non-financial as well as short and long term goals. The level set for each KPI is based on budgeted figures for the group and respective industry standards.

Performance in relation to the KPIs is assessed annually, with bonuses being awarded depending on the number and deemed difficulty of the KPIs achieved and the period of employment for the period. Following the assessment, the KPIs are reviewed by the remuneration committee in light of the desired and actual outcomes, and their efficiency is assessed in relation to the group's goals and shareholder wealth, before the KPIs are set for the following year. The majority of executives KPIs for the year ending June 2016 were met, performance payment's were made during the year for the achievement and paid in late August 2016.

The IP portfolio at the end of 30 June 2017 now includes 47 granted patents in various countries, covering six separate patent families. In addition there are 9 patent applications in various stages filed in numerous countries.

| | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Revenue \$'000 | 2,427.8 | 4,725.9 | 4,112.7 | 3,532.9 | 2,809.9 | 2,801.9 |
| Net Loss \$'000 | 3,237.3 | 1,676.7 | 2,898.4 | 3,173.9 | 3,427.6 | 3,660.6 |
| Share Price at year-end cents | 8.6 | 15 | 12.5 | 5.8 | 21 | 0.26 |
| Patents Lodged | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | - | 9 |
| Patents Granted | 2 | 2 | 14 | 5 | 9 | 14 |

BluGlass' potential value exists in it being able to finalise its research and development programmes and to then commercialise its IP portfolio into the rapidly growing markets for LED, GaN on silicon and high efficiency solar cells manufacturing equipment.

BRIGHTER FUTURE

OPTIONS ISSUED AS PART OF REMUNERATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Options, approved by the November 2016 AGM, were granted to non-executive directors as remuneration during the year. The conditions of the options were:

- The Company successfully completing the Lumileds phase 1 & 2 milestones, or
- $\bullet\,$ 2 years continuous services as a director or employee of the Company from the date of issue.

No options were granted to executives.

| | GRANT I | DETAILS | | | | | | OVERALL | |
|-----------------------|-----------|---------|----------|---------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|----------|
| Directors | Date | No. | Value \$ | Exercised no. | Lapsed no. | Vested no. | Vested % | Unvested % | Lapsed % |
| | | | | | | | | 30/06/2017 | |
| William Johnson | 2/12/2016 | 240,000 | 81,600 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Greg Cornelsen | 2/12/2016 | 120,000 | 40,800 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Chandra Kantamneni | 2/12/2016 | 120,000 | 40,800 | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Vivek Rao | 2/12/2016 | 120,000 | 40,800 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDINGS OF KMP AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

| | Total | Direct | * BLG ESS | Movement | Total | Direct | * BLG ESS |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
| Non-Executive Directors | (| Opening Balance | | On | Closing Balance | | |
| William Johnson | 670,000 | 390,000 | 280,000 | 46,875 | 716,875 | 436,875 | 280,000 |
| Greg Cornelsen | 1,814,941 | 1,267,941 | 547,000 | 15,625 | 1,830,566 | 1,283,566 | 547,000 |
| Chandra Kantamneni | 979,647 | 432,647 | 547,000 | - | 979,647 | 432,647 | 547,000 |
| Vivek Rao | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Executives | | | | | | | |
| Giles Bourne | 2,398,566 | 334,233 | 2,064,333 | 443,750 | 2,142,416 | 428,083 | 1,714,333 |
| lan Mann | 1,257,943 | 357,943 | 900,000 | 480,000 | 1,105,000 | 25,000 | 1,080,000 |
| Stuart Uhlhorn | 1,307,283 | 308,950 | 998,333 | 510,000 | 978,333 | 10,000 | 968,333 |

^{*}BLG ESS means vested options that have not yet been withdrawn from Employee Share Scheme Trust by the beneficiary.



OPTIONS HELD BY KMP AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

| | | | | Move | ment | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------|-----------|-------------------|--------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| Non-Executive Directors | Opening Balance | Vested in O/B | Vested in period | Total Vested | Exercised | Granted in period | Closing Balance | Unvested % | Exercisable at year end % |
| William Johnson | 280,000 | 280,000 | - | 280,000 | 280,000 | 240,000 | 240,000 | 100 | 0 |
| Greg Cornelsen | 547,000 | 280,000 | 267,000 | 547,000 | 547,000 | 120,000 | 120,000 | 100 | 0 |
| Chandra Kantamneni | 547,000 | 280,000 | 267,000 | 547,000 | 547,000 | 120,000 | 120,000 | 100 | 0 |
| Vivek Rao | - | - | - | - | - | 120,000 | 120,000 | 100 | 0 |
| Executives | | | | | | | | | |
| Giles Bourne | 3,214,333 | 2,064,333 | 660,000 | 2,724,333 | 2,064,333 | - | 1,150,000 | 100 | 0 |
| lan Mann | 2,630,000 | 900,000 | 480,000 | 1,380,000 | 1,380,000 | - | 1,250,000 | 100 | 0 |
| Stuart Uhlhorn | 2,278,333 | 998,333 | 480,000 | 1,478,333 | 1,478,333 | - | 800,000 | 100 | 0 |

Options are vested when vesting criteria have been met. Options are then converted into ordinary shares and held in the BluGlass Employee Share scheme Trust until they are elected to be withdrawn by the beneficiary.

For clarity the vested options held as shares in the Trust are also disclosed in the KMP's shareholding above as they can be exercised and withdrawn at any time once vested.

SHARES ISSUED ON EXERCISE OF COMPENSATION OPTIONS

Options totalling 2,842,000 were exercised during the year by the Company's employee share trust, BluGlass Employee Incentive Plan Pty Ltd. When options that have been granted as compensation in prior periods meet the requisite vesting conditions they are exercised by the trust into shares.

These shares are then held in the share trust for the eligible employees until employees exercise their right to withdraw the shares from the trust. During the year 3,161,777 shares were withdrawn from the trust.

APPROVAL OF 2016 REMUNERATION REPORT

A resolution seeking approval of the 2016 Remuneration Report was tabled at the November 2016 Annual General Meeting. The resolution was passed at that meeting with the vote in favour recorded of 99.5%.

REMUNERATION ADVISORS

No remuneration advisors were engaged during the year or any formal remuneration advice was received during the year.

END OF REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT CONTINUED

MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

During the financial year, 8 meetings of directors were held. Attendances by each director during the year were:

| | DIRE | CTORS' MEET | NGS | COMMITTEE MEETINGS | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|--|
| | | | Audit & Risk | Committee | Remuneration & Nominations Committee | | |
| | Number eligible to attend | Number Attended | Number eligible to attend | Number Attended | Number eligible to attend | Number Attended | |
| George Venardos | 5 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| Gregory Cornelsen | 8 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | |
| Chandra Kantamneni | 8 | 8 | 3 | 3 | - | - | |
| William Johnson | 8 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | |
| Giles Bourne | 8 | 8 | - | - | - | - | |
| Vivek Rao | 8 | 7 | - | - | - | - | |

INDEMNITIES GIVEN AND INSURANCE PREMIUMS PAID TO AUDITORS AND OFFICERS

The Group has entered into Deeds of Indemnity, Insurance and Access with each of the directors and the Company Secretary. Each deed provides officers with the following:

- A right to access certain Board papers of the Group during the period of their tenure and for a period of seven years after that tenure ends;
- Subject to the Corporations Act 2001, an indemnity in respect of liability to persons other than the Group and its related bodies corporate that they may incur while acting in their capacity as an officer of the Group or a related body corporate, except where that liability involves a lack of good faith, and for defending certain legal proceedings; and the requirement that the Group maintains appropriate directors' and officers' insurance for the officer.

- No liability has arisen under these indemnities as at the date of this report.
- The Company has paid premiums of \$29,350 (2016: \$28,350) to insure each of the directors, secretary and executives against liabilities for costs and expenses incurred by them in defending any legal proceedings arising out of their conduct while acting in the capacity of a director or officer of the company, other than conduct involved in a wilful breach of duty in relation to the company.
- The Group has not otherwise, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify any current or former officer or auditor of the Group against a liability incurred as such by an officer or auditor.



OPTIONS

At the date of this report, the unissued ordinary shares of BluGlass Limited under option are as follows:

| Grant Date | Date of Expiry | Exercise Price | Number Under Option |
|------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| 16/09/2015 | 1/12/2018 | 0.01 | 5,500,000 |
| 20/05/2016 | 1/06/2018 | 0.01 | 1,170,000 |
| 23/11/2016 | 1/12/2018 | 0.01 | 600,000 |
| 23/11/2016 | 1/12/2018 | 0.5 | 1,500,000 |
| | | | 8,770,000 |

During the year ended 30 June 2017, 2,842,000 ordinary shares of BluGlass Limited were issued on the exercise of options.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE POLICY AND STATEMENT

The Groups Corporate Governance statement can be viewed on the company's website at www.bluglass.com.au

DIVERSITY POLICY

BluGlass has established a Diversity Policy that outlines the Company's commitment to diversity and the active steps the Company will take in implementing the policy, commensurate with a company of its size and the industry with which it operates. A copy of the Diversity Policy is contained in Annexure 7 of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement, a copy of which is available on the Company's website.

Our policy is to recruit and manage on the basis of qualification for the position and performance, regardless of gender, age, nationality, race, religious beliefs, cultural background, sexuality or physical ability. Due to the Company's current size and level of activity there has been limited opportunity with which to measure the Company's commitment to its diversity policy during the 2017 financial year. During the year there was minimal staff movement and no change to the Company's executive team. The board discusses its diversity policy at board meeting's were potential changes to the work force is discussed.

It is essential that the Company employs the appropriate person for each job and that each person strives for a high level of performance.

| | | ETHNIC DIVERSITY | | |
|-------------|-------------------|------------------|----------|----------|
| Total Staff | Australian and NZ | Asian | Americas | European |
| 20 | 9 | 5 | 1 | 5 |

| GENDER DIVERSITY | MALE | FEMALE |
|-------------------------|------|--------|
| Total Staff | 12 | 8 |
| Senior Executives | 3 | - |
| Senior Research Staff | 2 | 2 |
| Non-Executive Directors | 4 | - |

| EDUCATIONAL DIVERSITY | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----|---------|----------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Total Staff | PhD | Masters | Bachelor | Other Qualifications | No Qualifications |
| 20 | 9 | 10 | 15 | 3 | 2 |

BRIGHTER FUTURE

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF COMPANY

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party of taking responsibility on behalf of that company for all or any part of those proceedings.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

The Board of directors, in accordance with advice from the Audit and Risk committee, is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The directors are satisfied that the services disclosed below did not compromise the external auditor's independence for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services are reviewed and approved by the Audit and Risk committee prior to commencement to ensure they do not adversely affect the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the nature of the services provided do not compromise the general principles relating to auditor independence in accordance with APES110: Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants set by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board.

There were no fees for non-audit services payable to the external auditors during the year ended 30 June 2017.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

The lead auditor's independence declaration as required by s307C of the *Corporation Act 2001* for the year ended 30 June 2017 has been received and can be found on page 20 and forms part of the Directors' Report.

This Directors' Report incorporating the Remuneration Report is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

William Johnson CHAIRMAN

Dated the 21st day of August 2017





Level 17, 383 Kent Street Sydney NSW 2000

Correspondence to: Locked Bag Q800 QVB Post Office Sydney NSW 1230

T +61 2 8297 2400 F +61 2 9299 4445 E info.nsw@au.gt.com W www.grantthornton.com.au

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE DIRECTORS OF BLUGLASS LIMITED

In accordance with the requirements of section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, as lead auditor for the audit of Bluglass Limited for the year ended 30 June 2017, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- b no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

GRANT THORNTON AUDIT PTY LTD Chartered Accountants

G S Layland

Director - Audit & Assurance

Sydney, 21 August 2017







PROFIT OR LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

| | Note | Consolid | ated Entity |
|---|------|-------------|-------------|
| | | 2017 | 2016 |
| Revenue | 2 | 684,855 | 368,144 |
| Other income | 2 | 2,116,995 | 2,541,772 |
| Employee benefits expense | 16 | (3,145,137) | (2,993,705) |
| Professional fees | | (136,403) | (122,416) |
| Board and secretarial fees | | (260,039) | (308,161) |
| Corporate compliance & legal expense | | (92,836) | (73,931) |
| Consultant fees | | (346,885) | (355,031) |
| Rent expense | | (271,084) | (262,298) |
| Travel and accommodation expense | | (132,073) | (104,715) |
| Consumables | | (896,515) | (1,000,321) |
| Depreciation and amortisation expense | | (474,747) | (603,252) |
| Other expenses | | (706,688) | (513,652) |
| Loss before income tax | 3 | (3,660,557) | (3,427,566) |
| Income tax expense | 4 | - | - |
| Loss for the period | | (3,660,557) | (3,427,566) |
| Other comprehensive income | | | - |
| Total comprehensive income | | (3,660,557) | (3,427,566) |
| Loss attributable to: | | | |
| - Members of the parent entity | | (3,660,557) | (3,427,566) |
| - Non-controlling interest | | - | - |
| | | (3,660,557) | (3,427,566) |
| Total Comprehensive Income attributable to: | | | |
| - Members of the parent entity | | (3,660,557) | (3,427,566) |
| - Non-controlling interest | | - | - |
| | | (3,660,557) | (3,427,566) |
| Earnings Per Share | | | |
| Basic loss per share (cents per share) | 6 | (0.98) | (1.03) |
| Diluted loss per share (cents per share) | 6 | (0.98) | (1.03) |

The financial statements should be read in conjunction with the following notes.

FINANCIAL POSITION

| CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2017 | | | | | |
|---|------|-----------|---------------------|--|--|
| | Note | Cons | Consolidated Entity | | |
| | | 20 | 017 2016 \$ \$ | | |
| Current Assets | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 7 | 8,510,9 | 931 3,409,700 | | |
| Trade and other receivables | 8 | 2,163,7 | 719 2,110,000 | | |
| Consumables | 9 | 103, | 843 101,318 | | |
| Other current assets | 10 | 43, | 205 59,322 | | |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | | 10,821,6 | 5,680,340 | | |
| Non-Current Assets | | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 11 | 336,2 | 200 773,945 | | |
| Intangible assets | 12 | 8,695,0 | 8,695,000 | | |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | 9,031,2 | 9,468,945 | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 19,852,8 | 398 15,149,285 | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 14 | 398, | 632 245,146 | | |
| Short-term provisions | 15 | 400, | 865 214,078 | | |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 799,4 | 197 459,224 | | |
| Non Current Liabilities | | | | | |
| Long-term provisions | 15 | 351, | 590 453,311 | | |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 351,5 | 590 453,311 | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 1,151,0 | 912,535 | | |
| NET ASSETS | | 18,701,8 | 14,236,750 | | |
| | | | | | |
| Equity | | | | | |
| Issued capital | 17 | 56,630,4 | | | |
| Reserves | 18 | 175, | | | |
| Accumulated Losses | | (38,103,7 | | | |
| TOTAL EQUITY | | 18,701,8 | 311 14,236,750 | | |

The financial statements should be read in conjunction with the following notes.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



CHANGES IN EQUITY

| CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 | | | | | |
|---|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| | Issued Capital | Share-Based Payments | Other Reserves | Accumulated Losses | Total |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Consolidated Entity | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 July 2015 | 44,519,279 | 1,431,212 | (982,452) | (31,015,654) | 13,952,385 |
| Profit for the year | - | - | - | (3,427,566) | (3,427,566) |
| Other comprehensive income | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | - | - | (3,427,566) | (3,427,566) |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners | | | | | |
| Shares issued during the year | 3,515,058 | - | - | - | 3,515,058 |
| Share transaction costs during the year | (201,512) | - | - | - | (201,512) |
| Share options issued | - | 377,715 | - | - | 377,716 |
| Exercise of share option | 743,070 | (722,400) | - | - | 20,670 |
| Dividends paid or provided for | - | - | - | - | - |
| Balance at 30 June 2016 | 48,575,895 | 1,086,527 | (982,452) | (34,443,220) | 14,236,750 |
| | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 July 2016 | 48,575,895 | 1,086,527 | (982,452) | (34,443,220) | 14,236,750 |
| Profit for the year | - | - | - | (3,660,557) | (3,660,557) |
| Other comprehensive income | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | - | - | (3,660,557) | (3,660,557) |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners | | | | | |
| Shares issued during the year | 8,126,000 | - | - | - | 8,126,000 |
| Share transaction costs during the year | (612,904) | 193,532 | - | - | (419,372) |
| Share options issued | - | 390,570 | - | - | 390,570 |
| Exercise of share option | 541,416 | (512,996) | - | - | 28,420 |
| Dividends paid or provided for | - | - | - | - | - |
| Balance at 30 June 2017 | 56,630,407 | 1,157,633 | (982,452) | (38,103,777) | 18,701,811 |

The financial statements should be read in conjunction with the following notes.

CASH FLOWS

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 Consolidated Entity 2017 2016 \$ CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from grants 342,447 550,087 318,577 Receipts from customers 2,251,763 2,148,892 Interest and other income received Payments to suppliers and employees (5,398,634) (5,262,367) 21 (2,596,784)(2,452,451)Net cash used in operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (37,000)(914)Purchase of property, plant and equipment Net cash used in investing activities (37,000)(914)CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from issue of shares, net of transaction costs 7,706,595 3,313,546 Proceeds from options exercised 28,420 20,670 Net cash provided by financing activities 7,735,015 3,334,216 Net increase/(decrease) in cash held 5,101,231 880,851 2,528,849 Cash at beginning of financial year 3,409,700 Cash at end of financial year 8,510,931 3,409,700

The financial statements should be read in conjunction with the following notes.





NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial report covers BluGlass Limited as a consolidated entity ("Group"). BluGlass Limited is a listed public company, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The separate financial statements of the parent entity BluGlass Limited have not been presented within this financial report as permitted by the Corporations Act 2001.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 21st August 2017 by the directors of the company

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the consolidated entity in the preparation of the financial report.

Basis of Preparation

The consolidated general purpose financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards results in full compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). BluGlass Limited is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing financial statements.

The accounting policies set out below have been consistently applied to all years presented.

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs modified by the revaluation of selected non-current assets, and financial assets and financial liabilities for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied.

Accounting Policies

(a) Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of entities controlled by BluGlass Limited at the end of the reporting period. Bluglass controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

Where controlled entities have entered or left the Group during the year, the financial performance of those entities are included only for the period of the year they were controlled. A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 13 to the financial statements. All controlled entities have a June financial year-end.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements all inter-group balances and transactions between entities in the consolidated group have been eliminated on consolidation. Accounting policies of subsidiaries are consistent with those adopted by the parent entity.

Non-controlling interests, presented as part of equity, represents the portion of a subsidiary's profit or loss and net assets that is not held by the Group. The Group attributes total comprehensive income or loss of subsidiaries and the non-controlling interests bond on their respective ownership interests.

(b) Income Tax

The income tax expense (revenue) for the year comprises current income tax expense (revenue) and deferred tax expense (revenue).

Current income tax expense charged to the profit and loss is the tax payable on taxable income calculated using applicable tax rates enacted, or substantially enacted, as at reporting period. Current tax liabilities (assets) are therefore measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

(b) Income Tax (cont.)

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the income statement except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the consolidated entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

Tax consolidation

BluGlass Limited and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated group under tax consolidation legislation. BluGlass Limited is responsible for recognising the current and deferred tax assets and liabilities for the tax consolidated group. The group notified the Australian Taxation Office that it had formed an income tax consolidated group to apply from 21 September 2006. The tax consolidated group has entered a tax sharing agreement whereby each company in the group contributes to the income tax payable in proportion to their contribution to the net profit before tax of the tax consolidated group.

(c) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

(d) Plant and Equipment

Each class of plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the assets employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including building and capitalised lease assets is depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives to the consolidated group commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed Asset Depreciation Rate

Furniture and Fittings 10%
Plant and equipment 20-100%
Leasehold improvements 33.33%
Computer hardware and software 33.33%





NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

(d) Plant and Equipment (cont.)

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the income statement.

(e) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership that is transferred to entities in the consolidated entity are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

(f) Financial Instruments

Recognition and measurement

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs where the instrument is not classified as at fair value through profit and loss. Transaction costs related to instruments classified as at fair value through profit and loss are expensed to the profit and loss immediately. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.



NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

(f) Financial Instruments (cont.)

Impairment

At each reporting date, the group assess whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the profit or loss.

(g) Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. The assessment will include the consideration of external and internal sources of information including dividends received from subsidiaries, associates or jointly controlled entities deemed to be out of pre-acquisition profits. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of comprehensive income.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives.

(h) Intangibles

Patents and trademarks

Patents and trademarks are recognised at cost of acquisition. Patents and trademarks and intellectual property have a finite life and are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. Patents and trademarks are amortised over their useful life ranging from 5 to 10 years.

Research and development

Expenditure during the research phase of a project is recognised as an expense when incurred. Development costs are capitalised only when technically feasibility studies identify that the project will deliver future economic benefits and these benefits can be measured reliably.

Development costs have a finite life and are amortised on a systematic basis matched to the future economic benefits over the useful life of the project.

Intellectual property

Intellectual property (IP) which represents in process research is recognised at cost of acquisition. IP has a finite life once the asset is ready for use. Once the asset is ready for use the asset will be carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses.

(i) Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each of the Group's entities is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the parent and controlled entity's functional and presentation currency.

Transaction and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.



NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

(i) Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances (cont.)

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items are recognised in the income statement, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognised directly in equity to the extent that the gain or loss is directly recognised in equity, otherwise the exchange difference is recognised in the income statement.

(j) Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the Group's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may satisfy vesting requirements. Those cash flows are discounted using market yields on high quality corporate bonds with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cash flows.

Equity-settled compensation

The Group operates an equity-settled share-based payment employee share and option scheme. The fair value of the equity to which employees become entitled is measured at grant date and recognised as an expense over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase to an equity account. The fair value of shares is ascertained as the market bid price. The fair value of options is ascertained using the Cox-Ross-Rubenstein Binomial pricing model which incorporates all market vesting conditions. The number of shares and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at each reporting date such that the amount recognised for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted shall be based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

(k) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

(I) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

(m) Revenue and Other Income

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which, for floating rate financial assets, is the rate inherent in the instrument.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

(n) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the cash flow statement on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.



NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

(o) Government Grants

Government grants are recognised at fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all grant conditions will be met. Grants relating to expense items are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match the grant to the costs they are compensating. Grants relating to assets are credited to deferred income at fair value and are credited to income over the expected useful life of the asset on a straight-line basis.

(p) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred and reported in finance costs.

(q) Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

(r) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

Key estimates — Impairment

The Group assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluating conditions and events specific to the Group that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Value-in-use calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates. See Note 12: Intangible assets for further disclosure of impairment.

Key estimates — Share options

The company issued options under the BluGlass Limited prospectus and the employee incentive option scheme. The options granted in the year were valued using the BluGlass share price at the date of grant. The prior year options were valued the same as they are currently valued. The key inputs to the pricing model are disclosed on Note 22. In addition to the pricing, key judgements revolve around the likelihood of vesting and estimated vesting date where there are vesting conditions. These judgements impact the expense recorded for the period.

Key estimates — Deferred Taxes

Deferred taxes have not been recognised on the Company's tax losses due to the uncertainty in relation to the timing of the losses being utilised in the future.

(s) Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards

A number of new and revised standards became effective for the first time in annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2015. Information on the more significant standards(s) is presented below:

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which becomes mandatory for 30 June 2019 consolidated financial statements.

AASB 2015-4 amends AASB128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures to ensure that its reporting requirements on Australian groups with a foreign patent align with those currently available in AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements for such groups. AASB 128 will now only require the ultimate Australian entity to apply the equity method in accounting for interests in associates and joint ventures, if either the entity or the group is a reporting entity, or both the entity and group are reporting entities.

AASB 2015-4 is applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2015 the adoption of this amendment has not had a material impact on the group.



NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

(t) Accounting Standards issued but not yet effective and not adopted early by the Group

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 July 2017, and have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements. Of the new standards, only the below are expected to have as effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

- AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers that replaces AASB 118 Revenue, AASB 111 Construction contracts and some revenue related interpretations which becomes mandatory for 30 June 2019 consolidated financial statements.
 - Establishes a new revenue recognition model.
 - Changes the basis for deciding whether revenue is to be recognised over time or at a point in time.
 - Provides new and more detailed guidance on specific topics (e.g. multiple element arrangements, variable pricing, right of return, warranties and licensing)
 - Expands and improves disclosure about revenue.

When this standard is first adopted for the year ending 30 June 2019, there will be no material impact on the transactions and balances recognised in the financial statements.

- AASB 16 Leases replaces AASB 117 Leases and some lease related interpretations which becomes mandatory for the Groups 30 June 2020 consolidated financial statements.
 - Requires all leases to be accounted for 'on-balance sheet' by lessees, other than short-term and low value asset leases.
 - Provides new guidance on the application of the definition of lease and on sale and lease back accounting
 - Largely retains the existing lessor accounting requirements in AASB117
 - Requires new and different disclosures about leases.

Based on the entity's assessment, it is expected that the first-time adoption of AASB 16 for the year ending 30 June 2020 will have a material impact on the transactions and balances recognised in the financial statements, in particular:

- lease assets and financial liabilities on the balance sheet will increase by an estimated \$233,972 (based on the facts at the date of the assessment)
- there will be a reduction in the reported equity as the carrying amount of lease assets will reduce more quickly than the carrying amount of lease liabilities
- EBIT in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income will be higher as the implicit interest in lease
 payments for former off balance sheet leases will be presented as part of finance costs rather than being included in
 operating expenses
- operating cash outflows will be lower and financing cash flows will be higher in the statement of cash flows as principal repayments on all lease liabilities will now be included in financing activities rather than operating activities. Interest can also be included within financing activities

The Group does not plan to adopt these standards early.

(u) Going Concern

Notwithstanding the net loss for the year and the accumulated losses for the Consolidated Group, the directors have performed a review of the cash flow forecasts and consider the Company to be a going concern.

The directors have approved the company's forward business plans with an understanding that sufficient cash resources are available to meet the company's commitments over the next twelve months.

The directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis as the company also has a number of options for raising future capital requirements. Additionally as a fall back equity based funding options are available to the company to continue its research and development efforts.

NOTE 2: REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

| | Consolidated Entity | |
|--|---------------------|------------|
| | 2017 \$ | 2016 \$ |
| Revenue | | |
| Interest received from other persons | 134,768 | 49,567 |
| Sundry income | 550,087 | 318,577 |
| Total Revenue | 684,855 | 368,144 |
| | | |
| Other Income | | |
| — Grant revenue | - | 342,447 |
| R&D tax rebate | 2,116,995 | 2,199,325 |
| Total other income | 2,116,995 | 2,541,772 |

NOTE 3: LOSS FOR THE YEAR

| | Consolidated Entity | |
|--|---------------------|------------|
| Expenses | 2017 \$ | 2016 \$ |
| Rental Expense on operating leases | | |
| Minimum lease payments | 271,084 | 262,298 |
| Share based payments | 390,570 | 377,716 |

NOTE 4: INCOME TAX EXPENSE

| | | Consolidated Entity | |
|-----|---|---------------------|------------|
| | | 2017 \$ | 2016 \$ |
| (a) | The components of tax expense comprise: | | |
| | Current tax | - | - |
| | Deferred tax | - | - |
| | | - | - |



NOTE 4: INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONT.)

| | | Consolida | ted Entity |
|-----|---|-------------|-------------|
| | | 2017 \$ | 2016 \$ |
| (b) | The prima facie tax on loss before income tax is reconciled to the income tax as follows: | | |
| | Prima facie tax payable on loss before income tax at 30% (2016: 30%) | | |
| | Consolidated entity | (1,098,167) | (1,028,270) |
| | | | |
| | Add: | | |
| | Tax effect of: | | |
| | — IPO related costs(deductible over 5 years) | 92,709 | 92,709 |
| | Share-based payments during year | 117,171 | 113,315 |
| | — Other non-allowable items | 66,163 | 40,743 |
| | | 273,043 | 246,767 |
| | Add: | | |
| | Income tax benefit not brought to account | (825,124) | (781,503) |
| | Income tax benefit attributable to the entity | | - |
| | Accumulated tax losses not brought to account | 7,302,872 | 6,477,748 |

NOTE 5: AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

| | | Consolidated Entity | |
|------|--|---------------------|--------|
| | | 2017 \$ | 2016 |
| Remu | neration of the auditor for: | | |
| _ | Auditing or reviewing the financial report | 62,650 | 60,000 |
| _ | Other audit services | - | 7,500 |
| | | 62,650 | 67,500 |

NOTE 6: LOSS PER SHARE

| | | Consolidated Entity | |
|-----|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | 2017 \$ | 2016 |
| (a) | Loss attributable to members of the parent entity | (3,660,557) | (3,427,566) |
| (b) | Basic and diluted loss per share (cents per share) | (0.98) No. | (1.03) No. |
| (c) | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculating basic EPS. | 372,397,916 | 331,753,020 |

NOTE 7: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

| | Consolidated Entity | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|------------|--|
| | 2017 \$ | 2016 \$ | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | 587,038 | 103,575 | |
| Short-term bank deposits | 7,923,485 | 3,305,620 | |
| Petty cash | 408 | 505 | |
| | 8,510,931 | 3,409,700 | |

The effective interest rate on short-term bank deposits was 2.23% (2016:2.78%), these deposits have an average maturity of less than 14 days.

NOTE 8: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

| | Consolidated Entity | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|--|
| | 2017 \$ | | |
| Research and Development Tax Rebate | 2,100,000 | 2,100,000 | |
| Other | 63,719 | 10,000 | |
| | 2,163,719 | 2,110,000 | |

All amounts are short-term. The net carrying value of other receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value. No impairment of receivables is deemed to exist. There were no bad debts during the year (2016: nil).

NOTE 9: CONSUMABLES

| | Consolidated Entity | | |
|-------------|---------------------|------------|--|
| | 2017 \$ | 2016 \$ | |
| CURRENT | | | |
| Consumables | 103,843 | 101,318 | |
| | 103,843 | 101,318 | |

NOTE 10: OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

| | Consolidated Entity | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|------------|--|
| | 2017 \$ | 2016 \$ | |
| CURRENT | | | |
| Prepayments | 24,861 | 23,280 | |
| Security deposit | 14,516 | 14,516 | |
| Other receivables | 3,828 | 21,526 | |
| | 43,205 | 59,322 | |

All amounts are short-term. The net carrying value of other receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value. No impairment of receivables is deemed to exist. There were no bad debts during the year (2016: nil).



| NOTE 11: PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| | Consolidated Entity | |
| | 2017 | 2016 |
| PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | | |
| Plant and equipment: | | |
| At cost | 6,226,689 | 6,226,689 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (5,948,817) | (5,752,469) |
| Total plant and equipment | 277,872 | 474,220 |
| Leased plant and equipment | | |
| At cost | 1,006,170 | 1,006,170 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (1,006,170) | (1,006,170) |
| Total leased plant and equipment | - | - |
| Leasehold improvements | | |
| At cost | 3,797,008 | 3,797,007 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (3,783,003) | (3,527,705) |
| Total leasehold improvements | 14,005 | 269,302 |
| Furniture and fittings | | |
| At cost | 146,094 | 145,340 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (138,287) | (127,446) |
| Total furniture and fittings | 7,807 | 17,894 |
| Computer equipment | | |
| At cost | 312,777 | 276,531 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (276,261) | (264,002) |
| Total computer equipment | 36,516 | 12,529 |
| Total property, plant and equipment | 336,200 | 773,945 |

(a) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

| | Leased Plant and Equipment | Plant and Equipment | Leasehold Improvements | Furniture and Fittings | Computer Equipment | Total |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Consolidated Entity: | | | | | | |
| Balance at 30 June 2016 | - | 474,220 | 269,302 | 17,894 | 12,529 | 773,945 |
| Additions | - | - | - | 754 | 36,246 | 37,000 |

NOTE 11: PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT.)

| | Leased Plant and Equipment | Plant and Equipment | Leasehold Improvements | Furniture and Fittings | Computer Equipment | Total |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Consolidated Entity: | | | | | | |
| Disposals | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Depreciation expense | - | (196,348) | (255,297) | (10,841) | (12,261) | (474,747) |
| Balance at 30 June 2017 | - | 277,872 | 14,005 | 7,807 | 36,516 | 336,200 |

NOTE 12: INTANGIBLE ASSETS

| | Parent Entity | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|--|--|
| | 2017 | 2016 | | |
| In process research and development: | | | | |
| Cost | 12,130,080 | 12,130,080 | | |
| Accumulated impaired losses | (3,435,080) | (3,435,080) | | |
| Net carrying value | 8,695,000 | 8,695,000 | | |

The Company obtained a valuation of the intellectual property from an independent valuer Acuity Technology Management Pty Ltd to assist the directors in assessing impairment. The methodology used by the independent valuer to determine the value of the intellectual property was based on a discounted cash flow (DCF) method adjusted for the probability of achieving certain milestones. The DCF was based on management cash flow projections for 10 years covering a variety of revenue scenarios that includes, manufacturing, royalties and retro-fitting existing machinery. The market information has been drawn from industry sources and the Company's current level of technology development. Greater than 5 years is appropriate based on the expected life cycle of the technology. The DCF has been discounted at between 15% and 17% (2016:15% to 17%). Other general market considerations have been considered including the market capitalisation of BluGlass. The IP was assessed to have a value between \$22.2 million to \$28.1 million.

NOTE 13: CONTROLLED ENTITIES

| (a) Controlled Entities Consolidated | | Percentage Owned (%)* | | |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------|--|
| | Country of Incorporation | 2017 | 2016 | |
| Parent Entity: | | | | |
| BluGlass Limited | Australia | - | - | |
| Subsidiaries of BluGlass Limited: | | | | |
| Gallium Enterprises Pty Ltd | Australia | 100 | 100 | |
| BluSolar Pty Ltd | Australia | 100 | 100 | |
| BluGlass Deposition Technologies Pty Ltd | Australia | 100 | 100 | |
| BluGlass Research Pty Ltd | Australia | 100 | 100 | |
| EpiBlu Technologies Pty Ltd | Australia | 100 | 100 | |
| *Percentage of voting power is in proportion to ownership | | | | |



NOTE 14: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

| | Consolidated Entity | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|------------|--|
| | 2017 \$ | 2016 \$ | |
| CURRENT | | | |
| Trade payables | 189,502 | 105,800 | |
| Sundry payables and accrued expenses | 209,130 | 139,346 | |
| | 398,632 | 245,146 | |

The carrying values of trade payables, sundry and accrued payables are considered to be reasonable approximation of fair value.

NOTE 15: PROVISIONS

| | Consolidated Entity | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|---------|--|
| | 2017 \$ | 2016 | |
| Current | 400,865 | 214,078 | |
| Non-Current Non-Current | 351,590 | 453,311 | |
| | 752,455 | 667,389 | |

| | Lease Make Good \$ | Employee Benefits \$ | Total \$ |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Consolidated Group | | | |
| Opening balance at 1 July 2016 | 200,000 | 467,389 | 667,389 |
| Additional provisions | - | 85,100 | 85,100 |
| Amounts used | - | - | - |
| Balance at 30 June 2017 | 200,000 | 552,489 | 752,489 |

NOTE 16: EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS EXPENSE

| | Consolidated Entity | |
|---------------------|---------------------|------------|
| | 2017 \$ | 2016 \$ |
| Wages, Salaries | 2,538,458 | 2,394,363 |
| Share-base payments | 584,102 | 377,716 |
| Superannuation | 216,109 | 221,626 |
| | 3,338,669 | 2,993,705 |

NOTE 17: ISSUED CAPITAL

| | Consolidated Entity | |
|--|---------------------|------------|
| | 2017 \$ | 2016 \$ |
| 382,461,266 (2016: 354,225,508) fully paid ordinary shares | 56,630,407 | 48,575,897 |
| | 56,630,407 | 48,575,897 |

The company has authorised share capital amounting to 382,461,266 ordinary shares.

| (a) | Ordin | ary Shares | No. | \$ |
|-----|--------|---------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| | At the | e beginning of reporting period | 354,225,508 | 48,575,897 |
| | Share | s issued during the year: | | |
| | _ | 28 July 2016 | 1,992,000 | 345,918 |
| | _ | 4 November 2016 | 15,625,000 | 5,000,000 |
| | _ | 2 December 2016 | 9,768,758 | 3,126,000 |
| | _ | 20 December 2016 | 850,000 | 195,500 |
| | Share | issue costs | - | (612,904) |
| | At rep | porting date | 382,461,266 | 56,630,407 |

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the parent entity in proportion to the number of shares held.

At the shareholders meetings each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of hands.

(b) Options

For information relating to the BluGlass Limited employee option plan, including details of options issued, exercised and lapsed during the financial year and options outstanding at the end of the financial year, refer to Note 22 Share-based Payments.

(c) Capital Management

Management controls the capital of the consolidated entity in order to maintain a good debt to equity ratio, provide the shareholders with adequate returns and ensure that the consolidated entity can fund its operations and continue as a going concern.

The consolidated entity's capital comprises ordinary share capital.

There are no externally imposed capital requirements.

There have been no changes in the strategy adopted by management to control the capital of the consolidated entity since the prior year.

NOTE 18: RESERVES

(a) Share based payments

The reserve records items recognised as expenses on valuation of employee share options and shares. The company has elected to reclassify amounts representing expired options to accumulated losses.

(b) Other Reserves

This reserve is used to recognise the difference between purchase consideration paid and the non-controlling interest carrying value.



NOTE 19: CAPITAL AND LEASING COMMITMENTS

| | | | Consolidated Entity | |
|--------|--|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------|
| | | | 2017 | 2016 |
| | | | \$ | \$ |
| (a) | Opera | ting Lease Commitments: | | |
| | Non-cancellable operating lease contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements | | | |
| Payabl | e-minii | mum lease payments | | |
| | _ | Not later than 12 months | 233,972 | 200,000 |
| | _ | Between 12 months and 5 years | 935,888 | 75,068 |
| | _ | Greater than 5 years | 136,484 | - |
| | | | 1,306,344 | 275,068 |

The lease was renewed for an additional term of five years from February 2018. The property lease is a non-cancellable lease with a five year term, with rent payable monthly in advance. Contingent rental provisions within the lease agreement require the minimum lease payments shall be increased by the greater of CPI or 4.0% per annum. The lease does not allow for subletting of any lease areas.

NOTE 20: OPERATING SEGMENTS

(a) Business and geographical segments

The Group identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Board of Directors (chief operating decision makers) in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources.

The Group is managed primarily on the basis of research and development activities. The Group's operation has one main risk profile and performance assessment criteria. Operating segments are therefore determined on the same basis.

Reportable segments disclosed are based on aggregating operating segments where the segments are considered to have similar economic characteristics and are also similar with respect to the following:

- the products sold and/or services provided by the segment;
- the manufacturing process;
- the type or class of customer for the product or service;
- the distribution method; and any external regulatory requirements

Applying the above criteria, the Group only has one operating division being the research and manufacture of Gallium Nitride (GaN).

The Group operates in one geographical area being in Australia. The Group did not undertake any new operations and it did not discontinue any of its existing operations during the year.

NOTE 21: CASH FLOW INFORMATION

| | Consolidated Entity | |
|--|---------------------|-------------|
| | 2017 \$ | 2016 \$ |
| (a) Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operations with Loss after Income Tax | | |
| | | |
| Loss after income tax | (3,660,557) | (3,427,566) |
| Non-cash flows in loss | | |
| Depreciation expense | 474,747 | 603,252 |
| Share based payment | 390,570 | 377,715 |
| Other Non-cash items | | - |
| Changes in assets and liabilities, net of the effects of purchase and disposal of subsidiaries | | |
| (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables | (53,719) | (59,188) |
| (Increase)/decrease in other assets | 16,117 | (1,949) |
| (Increase)/decrease in consumables | (2,525) | (24,399) |
| Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables and accruals | 153,486 | 2,592 |
| Increase in provisions | 85,097 | 77,092 |
| Cash flow from operations | (2,596,784) | (2,452,451) |

NOTE 22: SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The following share-based payments existed at 30 June 2017:

| | Consolidated Entity | | | |
|--|--|------|-------------------|--|
| | 20 | 17 | 2016 | |
| | Number of Options Weighted Average Exercise Price \$ | | Number of Options | Weighted Average Exercise Price \$ |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 9,512,000 | 0.01 | 5,891,666 | 0.01 |
| Granted | 2,100,000 | 0.36 | 7,520,000 | 0.01 |
| Forfeited | - | - | - | - |
| Exercised | (2,842,000) | 0.01 | (3,899,666) | 0.01 |
| Expired | - | · | - | - |
| Outstanding at year-end | 8,770,000 | 0.09 | 9,512,000 | 0.01 |
| Exercisable at year-end | - | - | - | - |

The options outstanding at 30 June 2017 had a weighted average exercise price of \$0.09 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.3 years. (Option prices were \$0.01 in respect of options outstanding at 30 June 2016).

The life of the options is based on the historical exercise patterns, which may not eventuate in the future.

Included under employee benefits and expense in the income statement relating to share-based payment is \$584,102 (2016: \$377,716) and relates, in full, to equity-settled share-based payment transactions.



NOTE 23: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

| | Consolida | ted Entity |
|--|------------|------------|
| | 2017 \$ | 2016 |
| The totals of remuneration paid to key management personnel of the group during the year are as follows: | | |
| | | |
| Short term employment benefits | 1,016,627 | 903,166 |
| Post-Employment benefits | 99,541 | 100,262 |
| Share-based payments | 204,000 | 270,000 |
| | 1,320,168 | 1,273,428 |

Key Management Personnel have had no other transactions with the group during the year, and the group has no other related parties.

NOTE 24: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, short-term investments, accounts receivable and payable, loans to a subsidiary and leases.

The totals for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 139 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

| | Note | Consolidated Entity | |
|-----------------------------|------|---------------------|------------|
| | | 2017 \$ | 2016 \$ |
| Financial Assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 7 | 8,510,931 | 3,409,700 |
| Trade and other receivables | 8 | 2,163,719 | 2,110,000 |
| | | 10,674,650 | 5,519,700 |
| | | | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 14 | 398,632 | 245,146 |
| | | 398,632 | 245,146 |

The Audit and Risk Committee (ARC) has been delegated responsibility by the Board of Directors for, amongst other issues, monitoring and managing financial risk exposures of the Group. The ARC monitors the Group's financial risk management policies and exposures and approves financial transactions within the scope of its authority. It also reviews the effectiveness of internal controls relating to commodity price risk, counter party credit risk, currency risk, financing risk and interest rate risk. The ARC meets regularly and minutes are reviewed by the Board.

The ARC's overall risk management strategy seeks to assist the consolidated group in meeting its financial targets, while minimising potential adverse effects on financial performance. Its functions include the review of the use of hedging derivative instruments, credit risk policies and future cash flow requirements.

NOTE 24: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT.)

Specific Financial Risk Exposures and Management

The main risk the Group is exposed to through its financial instruments is interest rate risk. Other risks include foreign currency risk, liquidity risk, credit risk, and commodity and equity price risk.

The maximum exposure to financial risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at balance date to recognised financial assets, is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements.

(a) Credit Risk

The group does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single receivable or group of receivables under financial instruments entered into by the consolidated entity.

(b) Price Risk

The group has no exposure to commodity price risk.

(c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is that the Group might be unable to meet its obligations. The Group manages its liquidity needs by monitoring scheduled debt servicing payments for long-term financial liabilities as well as forecast cash inflows and outflows due in day-to-day business. The data used for analysing these cash flows is consistent with that used in the contractual maturity analysis below. Liquidity needs are monitored in various time bands, on a day-to-day and week-to-week basis, as well as on the basis of a rolling 30-day projection. Long-term liquidity needs for a 180-day and a 360-day lookout period are identified monthly.

The Group's objective is to maintain cash and marketable securities to meet its liquidity requirements for 30-day periods at a minimum. This objective was met for the reporting periods. Funding for long-term liquidity needs is additionally secured by an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to sell long-term financial assets.

The Group considers expected cash flows from financial assets in assessing and managing liquidity risk, in particular its cash resources and trade receivables. The Group's existing cash resources and trade receivables significantly exceed the current cash outflow requirements.

As at 30 June 2017 the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities have contractual maturities (including interest payments where applicable) as summarised below:

| | Current | | Non-C | urrent |
|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 30 June 2017 | Within 6 months | 6 to 12 months | 1 to 5 years \$ | Later than 5 years |
| Trade and other payables | 398,632 | - | - | - |
| Total | 398,632 | - | - | - |

| | Current | | Non-C | urrent |
|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| 30 June 2016 | Within 6 months | 6 to 12 months | 1 to 5 years \$ | Later than 5 years \$ |
| Trade and other payables | 245,146 | - | - | - |
| Total | 245,146 | - | - | - |



NOTE 24: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT.)

(d) Market Risk

(i) Foreign Exchange Risk

The group does not have any material foreign exchange risk exposure to any single asset or liability or group of assets or liabilities under financial instruments entered into by the consolidated entity.

(ii) Interest Rate Risk

The consolidated entity's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rates on classes of financial assets is as follows:

| | Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate | | Floating Interest Rate | |
|---|--|-----------|------------------------|-----------|
| | 2017 \$ | 2017 % | 2016 \$ | 2016 % |
| Consolidated Entity Financial Assets: | | | | |
| Cash | 587,446 | 1.0 | 104,080 | 1.0 |
| Investments in term deposits and bank bills | 7,923,485 | 2.1 | 3,305,620 | 2.1 |
| Total Financial Assets | 8,510,931 | | 3,409,700 | |

All other financial assets and liabilities are non-interest bearing.

- (iii) Financial instrument composition and maturity analysisAll trade and sundry payables are expected to be paid within the next 45 days.
- (iv) Net Fair Values

All financial assets and liabilities at 30 June 2017 have maturities of less than 45 days and carrying value represents net fair value.

(v) Sensitivity analysis

The consolidated and parent entity do not have projected exposure to foreign currency risk or price risk and no material projected exposure to interest rate risk.

NOTE 25: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contingent liabilities includes, the lease for 74 Asquith Street is supported by a CBA bank guarantee for \$138,100. Collateral for the bank guarantee is a set-off against cash invested with the CBA for \$138,100. The CBA also holds a Guarantee against the company credit cards of \$50,000.

NOTE 26: EVENTS AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE

No significant events have occurred after balance sheet date.

| NOTE 27: BLUGLASS LTD PARENT COMPANY INFORMATION | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| | 2017 | 2016 | | |
| Parent entity | | | | |
| Assets | | | | |
| Current assets | 10,860,889 | 5,619,530 | | |
| Non-current assets | 13,548,836 | 15,046,100 | | |
| Total assets | 24,409,725 | 20,665,630 | | |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Current liabilities | 609,994 | 660,815 | | |
| Non-current liabilities | 2,191,456 | 2,344,767 | | |
| Total liabilities | 3,344,168 | 3,005,612 | | |
| Net Assets | 21,065,557 | 17,660,018 | | |
| Equity | | | | |
| Issued capital | 56,630,407 | 48,575,897 | | |
| Accumulated Losses | (35,740,031) | (31,019,957) | | |
| Share based payments reserve | 1,157,633 | 1,086,530 | | |
| Other reserve | (982,452) | (982,452) | | |
| Total Equity | 21,065,557 | 17,660,018 | | |
| Financial performance | | | | |
| Loss for the year | (4,720,074) | (3,427,566) | | |
| Other comprehensive income | - | - | | |
| Total comprehensive income | (4,720,074) | (3,427,566) | | |

NOTE 28: COMPANY DETAILS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

The registered office and principal place of business of the company is:

BLUGLASS LIMITED 74 ASQUITH STREET SILVERWATER NSW 2128 Ph: +61 2 9334 2300

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DIRECTOR'S DECLARATION

- 1. In the opinion of the directors of BluGlass Limited:
 - **a.** The consolidated financial statements and notes of BluGlass Limited are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including;
 - i giving a true and fair view of its financial position as at 30 June 2017 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - **ii** complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - **b.** There are reasonable grounds to believe that BluGlass Limited will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 2. The directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 from the chief executive officer and chief financial officer for the financial year ended 30 June 2017.
- 3. Note 1 confirms that the consolidated financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors:

William Johnson

Chairman

Dated this 21st Day of August 2017

Giles Bourne

Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer Dated this 21st Day of August 2017



Level 17, 383 Kent Street Sydney NSW 2000

Correspondence to: Locked Bag Q800 QVB Post Office Sydney NSW 1230

T +61 2 8297 2400 F +61 2 9299 4445 E info.nsw@au.gt.com W www.grantthornton.com.au

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BLUGLASS LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Bluglass Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a Giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2017 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

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Key audit matter

Intangible asset impairment (Note 12)

The Group has an intangible asset recorded on the Statement of Financial Position totalling \$8.6 million, relating to Intellectual Property (IP) associated with the acquisition of Gallium enterprise. The IP represents in process development relating to core technology which was recognised at cost of acquisition. The asset is not currently available for use.

AASB 138: Intangible Assets sets out the specific requirements to be met in order to capitalise development costs. AASB 136: Impairment of Assets requires an entity to test for impairment, at least annually, the carrying amount of an intangible asset that is not yet available for use.

This area is a key audit matter due to the subjectivity and management judgement applied in the assessment of whether costs meet the development phase criteria described in AASB 138 and in relation to the impairment testing required by AASB 136.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our procedures included; amongst others:

- evaluating managements processes to obtain and document an understanding of their process and controls to assess the risk of impairment;
- reviewed management's valuation of IP prepared by Management's external expert;
- assessed the competence and independence of Management's external expert;
- obtained from management available evidence to support the key assumptions within the model including performing sensitivity analysis on the key assumptions including discount rates and revenue model;
- tested the mathematical accuracy of the model:
- considered the reasonableness of the revenue and costs forecasts against current year actuals; and
- reviewing historical reliability of budgets and forecasts to support managements estimation process; and
- assessing the adequacy of the Group's disclosures.

Research and Development Rebate (Note 2)

The Group accounts for the Research & Development (R&D) tax incentive as a Government Grant in accordance with AASB 120 Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance.

An R&D plan is filed with AusIndustry in the following financial year and, based on this filing, the Group receives the incentive via a grant.

This area is a key audit matter due to the inherent subjectivity that is involved in the Company making judgements in relation to the calculation and recognition of the R&D tax incentive income and receivable.

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- making enquiries with management to obtain and document an understanding of their process to calculate the R&D tax incentive;
- comparing the methodology and nature of the expenditure included in the current year estimate to the prior period claim;
- comparing the eligible expenditure used in the receivable calculation to the expenditure recorded in the general ledger;
- inspecting copies of relevant correspondence with AusIndustry and the ATO related to the claims;
- reviewing historical reliability of estimates and budgets and changes in legislation to support the reliability of the estimate;
- determine the use and reliance of management's expert in preparation of the R&D Return evaluated of the qualifications and expertise of the external specialist in order to assess their professional competence and capabilities as they relate to the work undertaken; and
- reviewing relevant disclosures in the financial statements.

BRIGHTER FUTURE



Share Based Payments (Note 22)

During the year, the Group granted 2,100,000 share based payments to employees and a service provider as part compensation for capital raising services provided. The share based payments will vest when certain technology hurdles are met.

The Company engaged a valuation specialist during the current period to provide a valuation of these share-based payment using a Black-Scholes model.

This area is key audit matter due to the inherent subjectivity involved in the Company making judgements relating to the key inputs and assumptions used to value the options, including historical volatility and the risk free rate of return.

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- tested the valuation of the share options by assessing the following input data:
 - share price
 - strike price
 - dividend yield
 - risk free ratevolatility
 - grant date
 - vesting period
 - expiry date;
- performed a shadow calculation of the risk free rate at grant date, dividend yield and volatility to assess if the input data used by the Company was within a reasonable range;
- verified the grant date to publicly available supporting data;
- assessed attributes in respect of the valuation of the share options including the vesting conditions;
- considered whether these attributes were appropriately included in the share option valuation model;
- evaluated of the qualifications and expertise of the external specialist in order to assess their professional competence and capabilities as they relate to the work undertaken; and
- assessing the adequacy of the Company's disclosures.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2017, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: www.auasb.gov.au/auditors files/ar1.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 11 to16 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2017.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Bluglass Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2017, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

GRANT THORNTON AUDIT PTY LTD Chartered Accountants

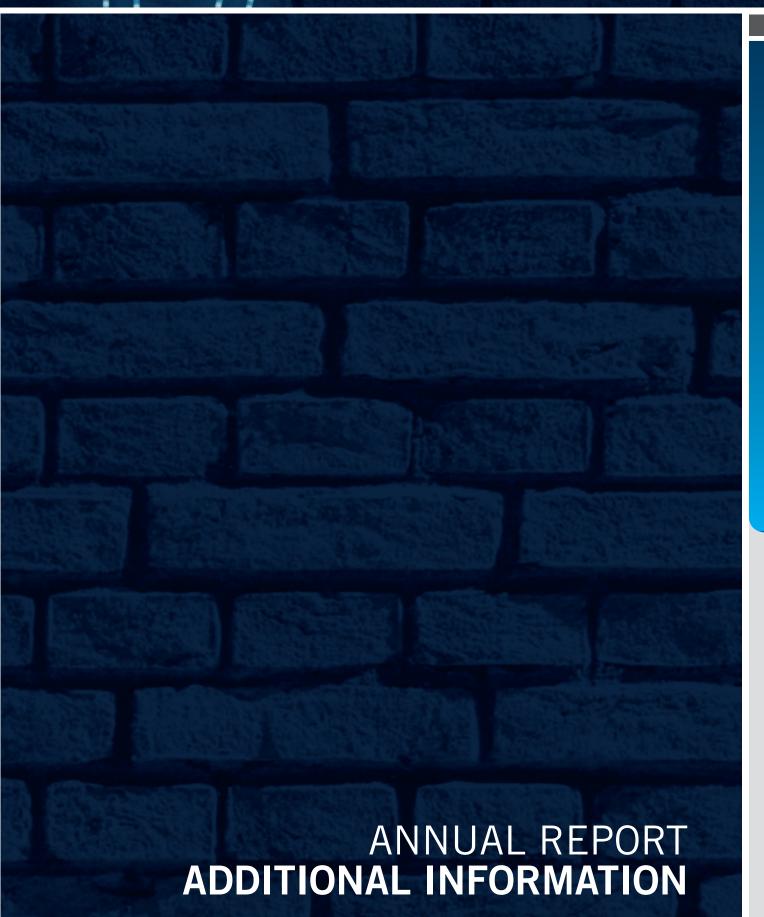
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G S Layland

Director - Audit & Assurance

Sydney, 21 August 2017







ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR LISTED PUBLIC COMPANIES

- 1. Shareholding
- a. Distribution of Shareholders as at 20 September 2017

| Spread of Holdings | Holders | Securities | % of Issued Capital |
|---|---------|-------------|---------------------|
| Nil Holdings | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 - 1,000 | 158 | 68,921 | 0.02% |
| 1,001 - 5,000 | 917 | 2,772,550 | 0.72% |
| 5,001 - 10,000 | 588 | 4,836,766 | 1.26% |
| 10,001 - 100,000 | 1,351 | 54,016,641 | 14.12% |
| Over 100,000 | 528 | 320,766,388 | 83.87% |
| | | | |
| TOTAL ON REGISTER | 3,542 | 382,461,266 | 100.00 |
| Total Unmarketable parcel \$500 Basis price \$.345000 | 229 | 157,486 | 0.04% |
| Total Uneconomical parcel \$2,000 Basis price \$.345000 | 1,128 | 3,129,306 | 0.82% |

b. The names of substantial shareholders in the company register as at 20 September 2017 are:

| Shareholder | Ordinary Shares | % of Issued Capital |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| SPP TECHNOLOGIES CO LTD | 57,261,995 | 14.97% |
| ACCESS MACQUARIE LTD | 20,204,966 | 5.28% |
| HSBC CUSTODY NOM AUST LTD | 18,084,873 | 4.73% |

c. Voting Rights

The voting rights attached to each class of equity security are as follows:

Ordinary Shares

Each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each member present at a meeting or by proxy has one vote on a show of hands.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR LISTED PUBLIC COMPANIES

d. Top 20 Shareholding as at 20 September 2017

| Rank | Name | Number of Fully Paid Shares Held | % Held of Issued Ordinary Capital |
|------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | SPP TECHNOLOGIES CO LTD | 57,261,995 | 14.97% |
| 2 | ACCESS MACQUARIE LTD | 20,204,966 | 5.28% |
| 3 | HSBC CUSTODY NOM AUST LTD | 18,084,873 | 4.73% |
| 4 | BLUGLASS EMPLOYEE INCENTI | 7,318,667 | 1.91% |
| 5 | SWANSEA INNOVATIONS LTD | 6,440,842 | 1.68% |
| 6 | HSBC CUSTODY NOM AUST LTD | 6,385,115 | 1.67% |
| 7 | LINK TRADERS AUST PL | 5,134,470 | 1.34% |
| 8 | STRATEGIC DVLMT PTNRS AUS | 4,119,559 | 1.08% |
| 9 | BOUNDARY NOM PL | 3,329,045 | 0.87% |
| 10 | UNIVERSITY MACQUARIE | 2,997,756 | 0.78% |
| 11 | TUBE-A-CANE N S W PL | 2,323,000 | 0.61% |
| 12 | GRIMA GARY WAYNE + G D | 2,007,209 | 0.52% |
| 13 | PINNACLE SUPER PL | 2,000,000 | 0.52% |
| 14 | NETWEALTH INV LTD | 1,928,929 | 0.50% |
| 15 | ARMELEK PL | 1,895,000 | 0.50% |
| 16 | LOVERY HAROLD F + J C | 1,871,875 | 0.49% |
| 17 | CANEMOON INV PL | 1,735,000 | 0.45% |
| 18 | SILVERTON JAMES ANTONY | 1,700,000 | 0.44% |
| 19 | BRIDGESUN PL | 1,674,433 | 0.44% |
| 20 | GUTBIER ROMY M + K M | 1,546,875 | 0.40% |
| | | 149,959,609 | 39.18% |

2. The company Secretary is:

Mr Emmanuel Correia

3. The address of the principal registered office in Australia is:

74 Asquith Street, Silverwater NSW 2128

4. Registers of securities are held at the following address:

770 Canning Highway, Applecross WA 6153

5. Stock Exchange Listing:

Quotation has been granted for all the ordinary shares of the company on all Member Exchanges of the Australian Securities Exchange.

6. Unquoted Securities:

5,500,000 - Incentive Plan Options expiring 1 December 2018, \$0.01 exercise price, subject to vesting criteria 1,170,000 - Incentive Plan Options expiring 1 June 2018, \$0.01 exercise price, subject to vesting criteria 600,000 Incentive Plan Options expiring 1 December 2019, \$0.01 exercise price, subject to vesting criteria 1,500,000 Options expiring 1 December 2018, exercise price \$0.50

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Board Composition

The skills, experience and expertise relevant to the position of each director, and board committee member, who is in office at the date of the annual report and their term of office are detailed in the Director's report.

The independent directors of the Company are William Johnson, Chandra Kantamneni, James Walker, Greg Cornelsen and Vivek Rao.

When determining the independent status of a Director the Board used the Guidelines detailed in the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Best Practice Recommendations.

STATEMENT 30 JUNE 2017

The Board sets out below its "if not why not" report in relation to those matters of corporate governance where the Company's practices depart from the recommendations contained in the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations—3rd edition.

| | Recommendation | BluGlass Limited Current Practice |
|-----|---|---|
| 1.1 | A listed entity should disclose: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management. | Complies. The Board Charter is available at www.Bluglass.com.au in the Corporate Governance Section. |
| 1.2 | A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director. | Complies. The Board Charter is available at www.Bluglass.com.au in the Corporate Governance Section. |
| 1.3 | A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment. | Complies. The Board Charter is available at www.Bluglass.com.au in the Corporate Governance Section. |
| 1.4 | The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board. | Complies. |
| 1.5 | A listed entity should: (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them; (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them, and either: (i) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (ii) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators," as defined in and published under that Act. | Complies. Refer to Annexure 7 of the Corporate Governance Statement which is available at www.Bluglass.com.au. Also refer the Annual report for the relative proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation. |

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT 30 JUNE 2017

| | Recommendation (cont.) | BluGlass Limited Current Practice (cont.) |
|-----|---|---|
| | | Complies. |
| 1.6 | A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether | Refer to Annexure 1 of the Corporate Governance Statement which is available at www.Bluglass.com.au |
| | a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process. | The Company conducted its performance evaluation in accordance with its established process during the period. |
| | | Complies. |
| 1.7 | A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was | Refer to Annexure 1 of the Corporate Governance Statement which is available at www.Bluglass.com.au |
| | undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process. | The Company conducted its performance evaluation in accordance with its established process during the period |
| | The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee | Complies. |
| 2.1 | which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively. | The Company has established a Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The composition of the Committee together with the Charter is set out in Annexure 6 of the Corporate Governance Section which is available at www.Bluglass.com.au Refer to the Directors' Report contained in the Annual Report for number of meetings attended during the financial year. |
| 2.2 | A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership. | The Company lists the experience and skills of its board on page 7-9 of the Annual Report. Due to its size and the nature of its operations a board skills matrix is not prepared, rather the board assesses its requirements and mix of skills on an on-going basis. |
| 2.3 | A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director. | Complies. Refer to the "Information on Directors" Section as per the Annual report, pages 7-9. |
| 2.4 | A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors. | Complies. The Board comprise 5 non-executive Directors and I executive Director. All non-executive directors are independent. |



| | Recommendation (cont.) | BluGlass Limited Current Practice (cont.) |
|-----|---|--|
| 2.5 | The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity. | Complies. |
| 2.6 | A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively. | Complies. Refer to Annexure 1 of the Corporate Governance Statement which is available at www.Bluglass.com.au |
| 3.1 | A listed entity should: (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) disclose that code or a summary of it. | Complies. Refer to Annexure 2 of the Corporate Governance Statement which is available at www.Bluglass.com.au |
| 4.1 | The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (i) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (v) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. | Refer to Annexure 5 of the Corporate Governance Statement which is available at www.Bluglass.com.au The Audit Committee has three members, all of whom are independent Directors. The experience of each of the directors is set out as per the "Information on Directors" section as per the Annual report, pages 7-9. Refer to the Directors' Report contained in the Annual Report for number of meetings attended during the financial year. |
| 4.2 | The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively | Complies. |
| 4.3 | A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit. | Complies. Refer to Annexure 1 of the Corporate Governance Statement which is available at www.Bluglass.com.au |
| 5.1 | A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it. | Complies. Refer to the Corporate Governance Statement which is available at www.Bluglass.com.au |
| 6.1 | A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website. | Complies. Refer to the Corporate Governance Statement which is available at www.Bluglass.com.au |

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT 30 JUNE 2017

| | Recommendation (cont.) | BluGlass Limited Current Practice (cont.) |
|-----|--|--|
| 6.2 | A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors. | Complies. Refer to the Corporate Governance Statement which is available at www.Bluglass.com.au |
| 6.3 | A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders | Complies. Refer to the Corporate Governance Statement which is available at www.Bluglass.com.au |
| 6.4 | A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically. | Complies. Refer to Companies website www.Bluglass.com.au |
| 7.1 | The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework. | Complies. Refer to Annexure 5 of the Corporate Governance Statement which is available at www.Bluglass.com.au The Audit and Risk Committee has three members, all of whom are independent Directors. Refer to the Directors' Report contained in the Annual Report for number of meetings attended during the financial year. |
| 7.2 | The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place. | Complies. Refer to Annexure 5 of the Corporate Governance Statement which is available at www.Bluglass.com.au |
| 7.3 | A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes. | Complies. No internal audit function in place. The CEO and CFO in conjunction with the Audit and Risk Committee and the external auditors (in conjunction with annual and half year audit) undertake an evaluation of the Company's internal controls processes and the effectiveness of its risk management processes. |
| 7.4 | A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks. | The board addresses the key risks affecting the Company via its audit and risk management function. The Company maintains a risk register that is the subject of annual review. |



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT 30 JUNE 2017

| | Recommendation (cont.) | BluGlass Limited Current Practice (cont.) |
|-----|---|--|
| | The board of a listed entity should: | |
| | (a) have a remuneration committee which: | |
| | (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and | Complies. |
| | (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: | Refer to Annexure 6 of the Corporate |
| | (iii) the charter of the committee; | Governance Statement which is available at www.Bluglass.com.au |
| 8.1 | (iv) the members of the committee; and | Refer to the Directors' Report contained in |
| | (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or | the Annual Report for number of meetings attended during the financial year. |
| | (b) if it does not have risk committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that remuneration is appropriate and not excessive | |
| | | Complies. |
| 8.2 | A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the | Refer to Annexure 6 of the Corporate Governance Statement which is available at www.Bluglass.com.au |
| | remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives. | Also the structure of Directors' remuneration is disclosed in the remuneration report contained in the Directors Report. |
| | A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: | Complies. |
| 8.3 | (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and | Refer to Annexure 3 of the Corporate Governance Statement which is available |
| | (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it. | at www.Bluglass.com.au |

Further information about the Company's corporate governance practices is set out on the Company's website at www.Bluglass.com.au

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BRIGHTER FUTURE

| NOTES | | |
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COMPANY DIRECTORY

The company Secretary is: Mr Emmanuel Correia.

The address of the principal registered office in Australia is: 74 Asquith Street, Silverwater NSW 2128

Registers of securities are held at the following address: 770 Canning Highway, Applecross WA 6153

Stock Exchange Listing:

Quotation has been granted for all the ordinary shares of the company on all Member Exchanges of the Australian Securities Exchange.



74 ASQUITH STREET, SILVERWATER NSW 2128
P + 61 (0)2 9334 2300 F + 61 (0)2 9748 2122
E ADMIN@BLUGLASS.COM.AU WWW.BLUGLASS.COM.AU