

Arc Exploration Limited

A.B.N. 48 002 678 640

ANNUAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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Annual Consolidated Financial Report For Year Ended 31 December 2017

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report together with the financial statements of the consolidated entity (the 'Group') consisting of Arc Exploration Limited (the 'Company') and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the year ended 31 December 2017.

DIRECTORS

The following persons were directors of Arc Exploration Limited during the year and until the date of this report. Directors were in office for this entire period unless otherwise stated.

Name Period of Directorship

Non-Executive

Mr Simon O'Loughlin (Chairman of the Board) Mr Andrew Cooke Mr Simon Taylor Mr Robert Willcocks Director since 11 October 2016
Director since 11 October 2016
Director since 11 October 2016
Director since July 2008 resigned 13 September 2017

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

During the year the principal activities of Arc Exploration Limited and its controlled entities were copper-gold exploration concentrating on high impact gold and porphyry copper-gold deposits with ongoing operations in Indonesia. The Group also investigated a number of new project acquisitions / joint ventures with a continuing focus on gold.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL RESULTS

INDONESIA

Trenggalek Project, East Java

The Trenggalek Exploration IUP tenement is held by ARX's Indonesian partner, P.T. Sumber Mineral Nusantara. The tenement, covering an area of 29,969 ha or about 300 km2, is valid until November 2018. PT Danusa Tambang Nusantara (Danusa), a subsidiary of one of the largest contract miners in Indonesia, is currently managing and funding exploration work at Trenggalek.

Limited exploration activity was undertaken at Trenggalek during the first half of the year while a number of local government and community issues were addressed in conjunction with Danusa throughout the tenement area. Further ground reconnaissance and mapping were undertaken at Singgahan to define drill targets for a future drilling program. Induced Polarisation and Ground Magnetic surveys were conducted at Jerambah in the second half of the year along with mapping and surface exploration. A three hole scout drilling program was undertaken at Jerambah in the fourth quarter of the year which hit porphyry style mineralisation with low levels of mineralisation.

AUSTRALIA

Mount Garnet

No significant field work was undertaken on the Mount Garnet Project in Northern Queensland where the Group held an option to farm-in to earn an 80% interest. The option over the Mount Garnet Project was relinquished in June 2017 in order to preserve cash.

PROJECT GENERATION

The Group maintained an ongoing focus on identifying and evaluating new opportunities in the resources sector which would have the potential to create shareholder value throughout the year.

Consolidated Results

The loss after tax for the year was \$894,116 (2016: loss of \$722,652)

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

In the opinion of the Directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group that occurred during the financial year not otherwise disclosed in this Review of Operations in this report or the consolidated financial statements. The Group identified a need to conserve its cash resources given the cash strained environment which prevails in the junior resource sector while focusing on identifying and evaluating new opportunities in the resources sector which would have the potential to create shareholder value.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

MATTERS SUBSEQUENT TO END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

On 27 February 2018 the Group advised that it had executed a Binding Term Sheet ("Agreement") to acquire 100% of the issued capital of GNR Minerals Pty Ltd ("GNR") ("the Transaction"). GNR is a privately owned Australian mineral exploration company which holds 112 claims totalling 245 km2 located in North-western Ontario, Canada together comprising the Manitou Gold Project ("the Project"). The acquisition is intended to position ARX strategically in the past producing Manitou Lake area in the Western Wabigoon geological sub-province of Ontario, Canada. The Project is a large contiguous land package along strike from the historic Gold Rock gold mining district and covers a portion of and is also adjacent to the major first order fault system that hosts most major gold deposits that are currently producing or under development in the Western Wabigoon. Completion of the Transaction is subject to ARX shareholder approval, and ARX and the vendors of GNR each undertaking due diligence, within the period of 70 days from the date of the Agreement.

On 2 March 2018 the Group allotted 908,154 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.51 being the shortfall arising from the Rights Issue undertaken by the Group in the latter part of 2017 that closed on 4 December 2017. The placement of these shares raised \$463,158 which is to be applied by the Group for the purpose of investigating and funding new project acquisitions or joint ventures and ongoing working capital.

No other transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which would be likely, in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group, in future financial years.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Likely developments in the operations of the Group include ongoing exploration by the Group's partner at Trenggalek in Indonesia. In addition the Group proposes to complete the acquisition of GNR Minerals Pty Ltd which holds the Manitou Gold Project located in North-western Ontario, Canada following which it is proposed that an exploration program would be undertaken including a comprehensive digital compilation, airborne geophysics followed by mapping, sampling and prospecting. In due course line cutting and ground geophysics would be undertaken to assist with drill target evaluation and selection.

DIVIDENDS

No dividend has been declared, or paid, by the Company since the end of the previous financial year.

STATEMENT OF INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

As at the date of this report, the interests of the Directors and their associates in the issued shares and options of the Company were:

Directors	Shares	Director & Employee Options
Simon O'Loughlin	250,000	-
Andrew Cooke	60,185	8,649
Simon Taylor	250,000	-
	560,185	8,649

INDEMNITIES AND INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND AUDITORS

In accordance with the Constitution of the Company, to the extent permitted by law, the Company indemnifies every director, officer and employee of the Company and each officer of a related body Corporate of the Company against any liability incurred by that person:

- (a) in his or her capacity as a director, officer or employee of the Company; and
- (b) to a person other than the Company or a related body corporate of the Company.

Arc Exploration Limited during the financial year, paid an insurance premium in respect of an insurance policy for the benefit the Directors of the Company, Company Secretaries, executive officers and employees of the Company and any subsidiary bodies corporate as defined in the insurance policy, against a liability incurred as such a director, company secretary, executive officer or employee to the extent permitted by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

In accordance with commercial practice, the insurance policy prohibits disclosure of the terms of the policy including the nature of the liability insured against and the amount of the premium.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

DETAILS OF DIRECTORS (as at the date of this report)

Mr Simon O'Loughlin

Mr. O'Loughlin is a Partner of O'Loughlins Lawyers Real Estate and Corporate & Commercial Groups. Simon holds a Law Society (SA) Certificate in Law as well as a Bachelor of Arts (Accounting) from the University of South Australia. He is admitted to the South Australian and New South Wales Supreme Courts and High Court of Australia. Simon was a Partner at O'Loughlin Robertson, and also Minter Ellison Baker O'Loughlin, where he was a member of the Executive Committee and the Finance Partner. He founded O'Loughlins Lawyers in 1993.

Mr. O'Loughlin was appointed to the Board as Non-Executive Chairman on 11 October 2016.

Mr. O'Loughlin is a member of the Audit Committee.

Mr Andrew Cooke

Mr. Cooke holds a law degree from the University of Sydney and has over 20 years' involvement in the corporate arena primarily engaged in the resource, biotech and property sectors. He has worked throughout the Australasian region and in North America and acquired extensive experience in capital raising, joint ventures, strategic alliances, project financing, corporate governance and listing requirements. He has been the Company Secretary of Arc Exploration Limited since 1992 and been extensively involved in its operations in both Australia and Indonesia.

Mr. Cooke was appointed to the Board on 11 October 2016 as Non-Executive Director.

Mr Simon Taylor

Mr. Taylor is a geologist with over 25 years' experience in exploration, project assessment and development in the resources sector. He has had a diversified international career as a resources professional at both a technical and corporate level. His experience spans a range of commodities including gold, fertilisers (phosphate and potash), base metals, nickel, uranium, coal and coal seam methane. He is currently Managing Director of Oklo Resources Limited and a non-executive director with Chesser Resources Limited. He is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists and a graduate of Sydney University.

Mr. Simon Taylor was appointed to the Board on 11 October 2016 as Non-Executive Director.

Mr. Taylor is a member of the Audit Committee.

DIRECTORSHIPS OF OTHER LISTED COMPANIES

Directorships of other listed companies held by current directors in the 3 years immediately before the end of the financial year are as follows:

Director	Company	Period of Directorship
Simon O'Loughlin	Bod Australia Ltd	Director since November 2016
	Chesser Resources Ltd	Director since March 2006
	Gooroo Ventures Ltd	Director from October 2016 to November 2017
	Odin Metals Ltd	Director from July 2013 to February 2018
	Petratherm Ltd	Director since October 2003
	Food Revolution Group Ltd	Director from October 2015 to July 2016
	Goldminex Ltd	Director from July 2012 to February 2015
	Oklo Resources Ltd	Director from October 2015 to July 2016
	WCP Resources Ltd	Director from March 2005 to February 2016
	Xref Ltd	Director from October 2014 to June 2016
Andrew Cooke	Nil	
Simon Taylor	Bod Australia Ltd	Director since November 2016
	Chesser Resources Ltd	Director since March 2006
	Oklo Resources Ltd	Director since April 2014
	Xref Ltd	Director from October 2014 to January 2016
	AUSCANN Group Holdings Ltd	Director from December 2014 to January 2017

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED

a. Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Key management personnel have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company and the Group. Key management personnel comprise the directors of the Company and executives for the Company and the Group.

The Company's policy in respect of senior executives is to remunerate them on the basis of their job function, taking into account their qualifications and experience. The level of remuneration is determined by the Executive Management in consultation with the Board taking into account the position and responsibilities for which each senior executive is charged.

The Group's remuneration policy is not based on the Group's earnings as the Group to date has no earnings from its exploration activities.

The objective of the Board has been to minimise the number of senior executives it employs to maintain the total remuneration of such executives at a level that is commensurate with the resources of the Group and the level of activity undertaken. To better conserve the cash resources of the Group, senior management agreed to a temporary arrangement whereby remuneration was reduced and paid in the form of shares allotted in the Group for the March Quarter 2016. See note b.

From time to time, the Board considers the issue of options to employees and contractors as an additional incentive for them to generate shareholder wealth and for them to participate in the success of the Company. In the past, options have been priced at a premium above market at the time of grant. No Directors have entered into hedging strategies with regard to the options.

Non-Executive Directors

The Chairman (non-executive) is entitled to receive directors fees of \$40,000 per annum. Other non-executive directors are entitled to receive directors fees of \$36,000 per annum. Total remuneration for all non-executive directors was last voted on by shareholders at the 2005 Annual General Meeting and is not to exceed \$250,000 per annum. No additional fees are paid for duties carried out in relation to the Audit Committee. Compulsory superannuation contributions of 9.5% are paid in relation to the directors fees where appropriate for the Australian based non-executive directors.

Under the Employees and Contractors Option Plan of the Group established in 2001, the Board, subject to the Rules of the Plan and shareholder approval, may grant options to non-executive directors.

Share Performance and Shareholder Wealth

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the company	(894,116)	(722,652)	(1,292,920)	(1,616,409)	(1,466,017)
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-
Change in share price	-	0.0050	(0.0030)	(0.0030)	0.0020
Return on capital employed	-	-	-	-	-

Share performance and shareholder wealth are not used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration as the Board does not consider that these indicators are particularly relevant in the junior resource sector which is generally speculative in nature and where exploration success cannot be assured.

While the Group's main activities relate to early stage exploration the nature and amount of remuneration cannot be related to traditional financial measures or to share price performance and shareholder value. If the Group does in due course have exploration success and prove up an economic resource and ultimately develop an economically viable mining project then it is likely that some component of the remuneration of key management personnel would relate to financial performance measures that would be expected to enhance share performance and shareholder wealth.

Directors' post employment benefits

The Company does not have a retirement benefit scheme for non-executive directors.

Executive directors and other key management personnel

Executive remuneration packages comprise a mix of the following components:

- Fixed remuneration;
- Long term incentives provided by the issuing of options; and
- Post employment benefits.

Post employment benefits are accrued for Indonesian executives in accordance with Indonesian Labour Law No. 13/2003 and are payable upon retirement or termination by the entity.

No short term performance bonuses are payable to executive directors or other key management personnel.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED (CONTINUED)

a. Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration (continued)

Fixed remuneration

The level of fixed remuneration is set so as to provide a base level of remuneration, which is both appropriate to the position and competitive in the market. Fixed remuneration for most executives is comprised of base salary, superannuation contributions, and in some cases with Indonesian-based executives includes other benefits such as housing, medical care and vehicles.

Long term incentives

The Company issues options either pursuant to shareholder approval or in accordance with Employees and Contractors Option Plan ("ECOP", "Plan"). The ECOP was established in 2001

i. Options issued under the Employees and Contractors Option Plan

The ECOP of the Group was established in 2001.

The objective of the Plan is to provide an opportunity for senior executives and contractors to participate as equity owners in the Company and to reward key executives and contractors in a manner which aligns this element of remuneration with the creation of shareholder wealth.

At the discretion of the Board and subject to the rules of the Plan, executives may be granted options under the Plan.

No consideration is payable by any person at the time of the granting of the options pursuant to the Plan. Option holders must pay the full exercise price to the Company at the time that they elect to exercise any options.

The Directors are permitted to specify the exercise price of options granted pursuant to the Plan. In so doing they may specify the exercise price as a fixed amount or as an amount determined by reference to the market price of the shares of the Company. In addition the Directors may specify the period within which options may be exercised, any performance hurdles that must be satisfied and any other requirements that must be satisfied in relation to the exercise of options.

There are no performance hurdles for any share options granted as at 31 December 2017 because the main activities of the Group relate to early stage exploration, the success of which cannot be judged in terms of traditional financial measures. If the Group does in due course have exploration success and prove up an economic resource and ultimately develop an economically viable mining project then it is likely that appropriate performance hurdles would be introduced to apply to any options that may be granted at that time to key management personnel.

Options granted pursuant to the Plan lapse at the end of any expiry date (if one is specified) or when the option holder ceases to be an "Eligible Person" as defined by the Plan.

ii. Options issued pursuant to shareholder approval

The objective of issuing such options is to provide an opportunity for directors and senior executives to participate as equity owners in the Company and to reward them in a manner which aligns this element of remuneration with the creation of shareholder wealth.

Shareholder approval is sought at either the Annual General Meeting or a General Meeting. Such options granted typically have an exercise price which is at a premium to a certain period's volume weighted average price established prior to the relevant meeting. The number of options to individual directors and senior executives, pricing and terms of options, is at the Board's discretion, with these option proposals being subject to shareholder approval.

No consideration is payable by any person at the time of the granting of these options approved by shareholders. Option holders must pay the full exercise price to the Company at the time that they elect to exercise any options.

Service/Employment agreements

Remuneration and other terms of employment for executive directors and senior executives are formalised in service/employment contracts. Each of these agreements provide for participation, when eligible, in the Arc Exploration Limited Employee & Contractors Option Plan ("ECOP"). There are currently no formalised service/employment contracts.

All contracts with executives may be terminated early by either party with three months notice, subject to termination payments. Upon termination executive directors and senior executives are entitled to payments of salary and statutory entitlements accrued up to and including date of terminations as well as reimbursement of any business related expenses incurred in the course of employment.

The Group has service/employment agreements with fixed remuneration rates based on both market rates and the Group's ongoing financial capacity.

Director	Remu	ıneration	
Simon O'Loughlin	\$	10,000	per quarter
Andrew Cooke #	\$	24,000	per quarter
Simon Taylor	\$	9,000	per quarter
Executives			
Cahyono Halim	\$	5,000	per month

Receives \$9,000 per quarter Directors fees and \$5,000 per month consulting fee as Company Secretary

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED (CONTINUED)

b. Details of remuneration

Details of the remuneration of each Director of Arc Exploration Limited and each of the other key management personnel (KMP) of the Group are disclosed in accordance with AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures and are set out in the following tables.

Name	Title	Period of Responsibility
Simon O'Loughlin	Non-Executive Chairman	Full year
Andrew Cooke	Director	Full year
	Company Secretary	Full year
Simon Taylor	Director	Full year
Robert Willcocks ^	Director	To 13/09/17

[^] Resigned 13/09/17

Remuneration details of Non-Executive Directors

		Directors Fees		Consul	tancy fees	Superannuation	Options	Total
2017	Cash	Shares in lieu of Salary *	Accrued shares in lieu of Salary	Cash	Shares in lieu of Salary *			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Name								
Simon O'Loughlin	40,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,000
Andrew Cooke	36,000	-	-	60,000	-	-	-	96,000
Simon Taylor	36,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,000
Robert Willcocks ^	45,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	45,000
Total	157,000	-	-	60,000	-	-	-	217,000
2016								
Name								
Simon O'Loughlin ^^	8,913	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,913
Andrew Cooke ^^	8,022	-	-	56,704	11,250	-	-	75,976
Simon Taylor ^^	8,022	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,022
Robert Willcocks	8,022	3,750	-	-	-	-	-	11,772
Bruce Watson ^^^	1,392	4,233	-	-	-	534	-	6,159
John Carlile M	-	3,750	-	-	-	-	-	3,750
Max Ramajaya ^^^ (a)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	34,371	11,733	-	56,704	11,250	534	-	114,592

[^] Resigned 13/09/17

* Shares in lieu of Salary and election to waive part of remuneration

Shares were issued to employees and officers in lieu of salary or fees owing to them as part of a cost reduction program designed to preserve the Group's cash resources.

Pursuant to this arrangement Directors and Employees elected to waive 50% of their remuneration and the remaining 50% by the issue of shares in the Group until the end of March Quarter 2016. Following shareholder approval at the Annual General Meeting held 31 May 2016 the Group issued ordinary shares in the capital of the Group to each of Bruce Watson, Robert Willcocks and John Carlile for the March Quarter 2016 under this arrangement.

Further steps to preserve cash starting the June Quarter 2016 to 11 October 2016 each of Bruce Watson, John Carlile and Robert Willcocks waived 100% of their remuneration.

[^] Appointed 11/10/16

^{^^} Resigned 11/10/16

⁽a) Mr Ramajaya has waived his entitlement to directors' fees, and no amounts were paid to Mr Ramajaya for the provision of his services during the current or the previous year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED (CONTINUED)

Other Key Management Personnel of the Group and Specified Remunerated Executives

		Short-term bend	efits		Post-employm	ent benefits	Share Based Payments	Total \$
Name	Cash Salary and Fees	Shares in lieu of Salary *	Accrued shares in lieu of Salary	Non-monetary Benefits	Superannuation	Termination Benefits	Options (a)	
2017	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	
Executives								
Cahyono Halim	60,000	-	-	2,872	-	-	-	62,872
Jeffrey Malaihollo	24,000	-	-	4,040	-	-	-	28,040
Total	84,000	-	-	6,912	-	-	-	62,872
2016								
Director								
Jeffrey Malaihollo ^^	-	34,500	-	12,804	-	-	-	47,304
Executives								-
Cahyono Halim	15,000	27,750	-	8,922	-	-	-	51,672
Total	15,000	62,250	-	21,726	-	-	-	98,976

M Resigned 11/10/16 as Director continued as consultant

(a) The fair value of options was calculated at grant date using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

* Shares in lieu of Salary and election to waive part of remuneration

Shares were issued to employees and officers in lieu of salary or fees owing to them as part of a cost reduction program designed to preserve the Group's cash resources.

Pursuant to this arrangement each of Jeffrey Malaihollo and Cahyono Halim elected to waive 50% of their remuneration and the remaining 50% by the issue of shares in the Group until the end of March Quarter 2016.

The Group issued ordinary shares in the capital of the Group to each of Cahyono Halim and Jeffrey Malaihollo for March Quarter 2016 under this arrangement. The issue of shares to Jeffrey Malaihollo were subject to shareholder approval at the Annual General Meeting of the Company. Any unissued shares are held as a current liability until issued.

Further steps to preserve cash starting the June Quarter 2016 to 11 October 2016 each of Jeffrey Malaihollo and Cahyono Halim waived 100% of their remuneration.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED (CONTINUED)

b. Details of remuneration (continued)

Options

No options were granted or vested during the year to Directors or key management personnel, held directly or beneficially.

Details of the Directors and other key management personnel who have option based remuneration are set out below:

	Balance at 1 January	Granted during year	Lapsed during year	Exercised during the year	Other changes - ceased to be KMP	Balance at 31 December	Vested during the year	Vested and exercisable at 31 December
2017								
Directors								
Simon O'Loughlin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Andrew Cooke	8,649	-	-	-	-	8,649	-	8,649
Simon Taylor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Robert Willcocks^	7,207	-	-	-	(7,207)	-	-	-
Executives								
Cahyono Halim	21,620	-	-	-	-	21,620	-	21,620
Jeffrey Malaihollo	32,431	-	-	-	=	32,431	-	32,431
Total	69,907	-	-	-	(7,207)	62,700	-	62,700
2016								
Directors								
Simon O'Loughlin ^^	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Andrew Cooke ^^	16,869	_	(8,220)	-	-	8,649	-	8,649
Robert Willcocks	9,947	_	(2,740)	_	_	7,207	-	7,207
Simon Taylor ^^	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jeffrey Malaihollo ***#	32,431	-	-	-	(32,431)	-	-	-
Bruce Watson ^ ^	14,921	-	(4,110)	-	(10,811)	-	-	-
John Carlile ^^^	19,537	-	(12,330)	-	(7,207)	-	-	-
Max Ramajaya ^^^	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Executives						-		-
Cahyono Halim	29,840	_	(8,220)	_	_	21,620	_	21,620
Brad Wake ^	29,840	_	(8,220)	_	(21,620)		_	
Total	153,385	-	(43,840)	-	(72,069)	37,476	-	37,476

[^] Resigned 13/09/17

^{^^} Appointed 11/10/16

[#] continued as consultant

^{^^} Resigned 11/10/16

^{^^}Ceased to be employed 31/12/15

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED (CONTINUED)

b. Details of remuneration (continued)

Options (continued)	Α	В	С
	Remuneration consisting of options	Granted during year	Exercised during year
2017	%	\$	\$
Directors			
Simon O'Loughlin	0%	-	-
Andrew Cooke	0%	-	-
Simon Taylor	0%	-	-
Robert Willcocks^	0%	-	-
Executives			
Cahyono Halim	0%	-	-
Jeffrey Malaihollo	0%	-	-
2016			
Directors			
Simon O'Loughlin ^^	0%	-	-
Andrew Cooke ^^	0%	-	-
Robert Willcocks	0%	-	-
Simon Taylor ^^	0%	-	-
Jeffrey Malaihollo ***#	0%	-	-
Bruce Watson M	0%	-	-
John Carlile ^^	0%	-	-
Max Ramajaya M	0%	-	-
Executives			
Cahyono Halim	0%	-	-

- A = The percentage of the value of remuneration consisting of options, based on fair value at grant date, allocated to remuneration over the vesting period.
- B = The value of options granted in the year is the fair value of the options calculated at grant date using the Black Scholes option-pricing model. The total value of the options granted is included in the table above. This amount is allocated to remuneration over the vesting period.
- C = The value of options exercised during the year is calculated as the market price of shares of the Company as at close of trading on the date the options were exercised after deducting the price paid to exercise the option.

Unissued shares under option

At the date of this report unissued shares of the Group under option are:

Expiry date	Exercise price	Number of shares		
31 December 2018	0.9 cents	109,544		

All unissued shares are ordinary shares of the Company. Options granted to employees expire on the earlier of their expiry date or within three months of the employee ceasing to be an eligible participant in the Groups Employee and Contractor Option Plan. Once vested, the options granted to Directors and some officers of the Company do not expire by reason of the option holder ceasing to be a Director or an officer of the Company. None of the options on issue entitle the holder to participate in any share issue of the Company

[^] Resigned 13/09/17

[^] Appointed 11/10/16

[#] continued as consultant

^{^^} Resigned 11/10/16

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED (CONTINUED)

(c) Shares

The movement during the reporting period in the number of ordinary shares in the Company held, directly, or beneficially, by each by the Directors and other key management personnel, including their related parties, is as follows:

2017	Balance as at 1 January	Acquired		Subscription to capital raisings, rights issue or rights issue shortfall	Other changes - ceased to be KMP	Balance as at 31 December
Directors						
Simon O'Loughlin	50,000	100,000	-	-	-	150,000
Andrew Cooke	52,330	7,673	-	-	-	60,003
Robert Willcocks^	31,083	-	-	-	(31,083)	-
Simon Taylor	50,000	100,000	-	-	-	150,000
Other Key Management Personnel						
Cahyono Halim	193,034	-	-	-	-	193,034
Jeffrey Malaihollo	250,212	-	(30,000)	-	-	220,212

[^] Resigned 13/09/17

END OF REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED

ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE

The Group's maintains operations in both Indonesia and Australia and accordingly the Group is subject to environmental regulations in both jurisdictions.

In Australia, the Group's activities are carried out in accordance with Commonwealth and State laws and statutory regulations relating to exploration, mining, heritage and the environment.

In Indonesia, the Group's activities are carried out in accordance with environmental regulations as determined by the Ministry of Mines and Energy.

All field operations in both Indonesia and Australia are conducted on the premise of respect for the environment and a commitment to regeneration.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out immediately following this Directors' Report and forms part of this Directors' Report.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

During the year, Nexia Sydney Partnership, the Company's auditors, performed certain other services in addition to their statutory audit duties.

The Board has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor and, in accordance with written advice provided by resolution of the Audit Committee, is satisfied that the provision of those non-audit services during the year is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services were subject to the corporate governance procedures adopted by the Company and have been reviewed by the Audit Committee to ensure they do not impact upon the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor
- the non-audit services do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for the Company, acting as an advocate for the Company or jointly sharing risks and rewards. Details of the amounts paid to the auditors of the Company, Nexia Sydney Partnership, and its related practices for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in Note 30 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

The following table sets out the number of meetings of the Company's Directors (including meetings of Committees of Directors) held during the year ended 31 December 2017 and the number of meetings attended by each Director:

	Meetings of	Directors *	Audit Com	mittee *
	Eligible to Attend	Attended	Eligible to Attend	Attended
Simon O'Loughlin	8	7	6	6
Andrew Cooke	8	8	#	#
Simon Taylor	8	8	6	5
Robert Willcocks^	5	5	5	5

[^]Resigned 13/09/17

This report is made on behalf of the Board of Directors pursuant to a resolution of Directors.

Dated this 29th day of March 2018.

Simon O'Loughlin Non-Executive Chairman

Arge:

Andrew Cooke
Non-Executive Director

^{*}Including meetings by circular resolution #Not a member of the relevant committee



The Board of Directors Arc Exploration Limited Level 8, 65 York Street SYDNEY NSW 2000

29 March 2018

To the Board of Directors of Arc Exploration Limited

Auditor's Independence Declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*

As lead audit partner for the audit of the financial statements of Arc Exploration Limited for the financial year ended 31 December 2017, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (a) the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (b) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours sincerely

Nexia Sydney Partnership

Joseph Santangelo

Partner

Sydney

Sydney Office

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 $\label{limited} Liability \ limited \ by \ a scheme \ approved \ under \ Professional \ Standards \ Legislation.$

Nexia Sydney Partnership (ABN 71502 156733) is an independent firm of Chartered Accountants. It is affiliated with, but independent from Nexia Australia Pty Ltd, which is a member of Nexia International, a worldwide network of independent accounting and consulting firms. Neither Nexia International nor Nexia Australia Pty Ltd, deliver services in its own name or otherwise. Nexia International Limited and the member firms of the Nexia International network (including those members which trade under a name which includes NEXIA) are not part of a worldwide partnership.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

2016			
	2017		
\$	\$		
			Continuing operations
11,001	633	6a (i)	Other income
90,474	-	6a (i)	Gain on equity settlement of liabilities
(231,055)	(259,723)	6b	Employee expenses
(1,773)	(427)		Depreciation expenses
(555,673)	(343,563)		Management, administrative and occupancy expenses
(54,284)	(39,212)		Exploration expenses
-	(246,680)	14	Impairment of exploration asset
7,028	(15,888)		Foreign exchange gains/(losses)
(734,282)	(904,860)		Loss before financing costs
11,630	10,744	6a (ii)	Interest income
(722,652)	(894,116)		Loss before income tax
-	-		Income tax (expense)/benefit
(722,652)	(894,116)		Loss after tax
			Other comprehensive income
-	-		Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss
			Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss
12,720	(5,343)	19	Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations
-	-		Tax on items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss
12,720	(5,343)		Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period, net of tax
(709,932)	(899,459)		Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period
			Loss attributable to:
(722,652)	(894,116)		Equity holders of the Company
(722,652)	(894,116)		Loss for the period
			Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to:
(709,932)	(899,459)		Equity holders of the Company
(709,932)	(899,459)		Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period
			Earnings per share
(23.17)	(20.96)	7	Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share (cents per share)
(1,7 (555,6 (54,2 7,6 (734,2 11,6 (722,6 (722,6 (709,5 (709,5	(427) (343,563) (39,212) (246,680) (15,888) (904,860) 10,744 (894,116) - (894,116) (5,343) (899,459) (894,116) (894,116)	14 6a (ii)	Depreciation expenses Management, administrative and occupancy expenses Exploration expenses Impairment of exploration asset Foreign exchange gains/(losses) Loss before financing costs Interest income Loss before income tax Income tax (expense)/benefit Loss after tax Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations Tax on items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period, net of tax Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period Loss attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Loss for the period Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period Earnings per share

The consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

N	2400	

	Notes		
		2017	2016
		\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	739,618	800,131
Receivables	10	8,446	8,527
Other assets	12	102,900	113,424
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		850,964	922,082
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Receivables	11	172,816	187,866
Plant and equipment	13	· -	461
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	14	5,158,046	5,404,726
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		5,330,862	5,593,053
TOTAL ASSETS		6,181,826	6,515,135
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	15	168,208	138,005
Other	17	37,230	37,255
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		205,438	175,260
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Provisions	16	59,983	59,429
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		59,983	59,429
TOTAL LIABILITIES		265,421	234,689
NET ASSETS		5,916,405	6,280,446
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	18	150,979,294	150,443,876
Reserves	19	1,909,810	1,915,153
Accumulated losses	20	(146,972,699)	(146,078,583)
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company		5,916,405	6,280,446
TOTAL EQUITY		5,916,405	6,280,446

The consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Share Capital	Translation Reserve	Share-Based Payment Reserve	Accumulated Losses	Total Equity
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 January 2017	150,443,876	777,530	1,137,623	(146,078,583)	6,280,446
Total comprehensive income for year					
Profit/(loss) for the year Other comprehensive income Foreign currency translation	-	(5,343)	-	(894,116)	(894,116) (5,343)
differences		(0,040)			(0,040)
Total other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income for the	-	(5,343)	-	-	(5,343)
year Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders	-	(5,343)	-	(894,116)	(899,459)
Contribution of equity, net of transaction costs	535,418	-	-	-	535,418
Total transactions with equity holders	535,418	-	-	-	535,418
Total equity at the end of year	150,979,294	772,187	1,137,623	(146,972,699)	5,916,405
	Share Capital	Translation Reserve	Share-Based Payment Reserve	Accumulated Losses	Total Equity
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 January 2016	149,380,398	764,810	1,122,542	(145,355,931)	5,911,819
Total comprehensive income for year					
Profit/(loss) for the year Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(722,652)	(722,652)
Foreign currency translation differences	-	12,720	-	-	12,720
Total other comprehensive income	-	12,720	-	-	12,720
Total comprehensive income for the year Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders	-	12,720	-	(722,652)	(709,932)
Share options expense	-	-	15,081	-	15,081
Share issue in lieu of salary	219,633	-	-	-	219,633
Contribution of equity, net of transaction costs	843,845	-	-	-	843,845
Total transactions with equity holders	1,063,478	-	15,081	-	1,078,559
Total equity at the end of year	150,443,876	777,530	1,137,623	(146,078,583)	6,280,446

The consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Notes

	notes		
		2017	2016
		\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Other income		-	9,806
Payments to suppliers and employees		(605,266)	(705,166)
Exploration and evaluation expenditure		(40,865)	(53,332)
Interest received		10,744	11,630
Net cash used in operating activities	26b	(635,387)	(737,062)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of assets		-	339
Net cash used in investing activities		<u> </u>	339
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of shares (net)	18	579,979	858,926
Net cash (used in)/from financing activities		579,979	858,926
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(55,408)	122,203
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		800,131	679,773
Effects of exchange rate changes on balances of cash held in foreign	currencies	(5,105)	(1,845)
Only and and a minute state of the and of the and of			
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		739,618	800,131

The consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

1 REPORTING ENTITY

Arc Exploration Limited ("Arc" or the "Company") is a publicly listed company that is incorporated and domiciled in Australia and is a for-profit entity. The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 31 December 2017 comprise the Company and its controlled entities (together referred to as the "consolidated entity" or "Group") and the Group's interest in associates and jointly controlled entities.

The registered office and principal place of business of Arc Exploration Limited is located at:

Level 8 65 York Street Sydney NSW 2000

During the year the principal activities of Arc Exploration Limited and its controlled entities were copper-gold exploration concentrating on high impact gold and porphyry copper-gold deposits with ongoing operations in Indonesia. The Group also investigated a number of new project acquisitions / joint ventures with a continuing focus on gold.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) BASIS OF PREPARATION

Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) (including Australian Interpretations) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The consolidated financial report complies with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Except where noted, all amounts are presented in Australian dollars.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 29th day of March 2018.

Going Concern Basis

The accounts are prepared on a going concern basis. Risks and uncertainties associated with the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern are detailed in Note 4.

Basis of Measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

- Exploration and evaluation expenditure
- Recognition of tax losses

Refer to Note 5 for further details.

(b) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements, and have been applied consistently by Group entities.

Changes to accounting policies

The Group has consistently applied the accounting policies set out in Note 2 to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Consolidation

Controlled entities

A controlled entity is an entity controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of controlled entities are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date of which control ceases.

All inter-company balances and transactions between entities, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of controlled entities are shown separately in the consolidated financial report.

Foreign Currencies

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The functional currency of Arc Exploration Limited is Australian Dollars and the functional currency of the Group's main operating entities in Indonesia is United States dollars.

A reporting entity's presentation currency is the currency in which the entity chooses to present its financial reports. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is Arc Exploration Limited's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit or loss.

Group Entities

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are converted into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of the statement of financial position;
- income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rate for the period (unless this is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at rates at the dates of the transaction); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entity, including long term loans, are taken to shareholders' equity.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Group did not hold any derivative financial instruments during this or the previous year.

Fair value estimation

The Group has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. When measuring the fair value of an asset or liability, the Group uses market observable data as far as possible. Fair values are categories into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or liability might be categorised in different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the group for similar transactions.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Acquisition of Assets

All assets acquired, including property, plant, equipment and intangibles, other than goodwill, are initially recorded at cost, at the date of acquisition.

Plant and Equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost or deemed cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the costs of materials, direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use, and the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing items, restoring the site and an appropriate proportion of production overheads. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

For the Indonesian entities, when assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, their carrying values and the related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resultant gain or loss is credited or charged to capitalised exploration expenditures or development expenditures. For non-exploration or asset items, gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with asset carrying amounts. These are included in the statement of profit or loss and comprehensive income.

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying value exceeds its recoverable amount.

Depreciation

Plant and equipment, motor vehicles, office equipment, and furniture are recorded at cost and are depreciated over their estimated useful economic lives to their estimated residual values using either straight line or diminishing value methods.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

- Office equipment 4 to 10 years - Office furniture 5 to 10 years - Plant and equipment 4 to 7 years - Motor vehicles 4 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources is the search for mineral resources after the entity has obtained legal rights to explore in a specific area, as well as the determination of the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource. Accordingly, exploration and evaluation expenditures are those expenditures incurred by the Group in connection with the exploration for and evaluation of minerals resources before the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting mineral resources are demonstrable

Accounting for exploration and evaluation expenditures is assessed separately for each 'area of interest'. An 'area of interest' is an individual geological area which is considered to constitute a favourable environment for the presence of a mineral deposit or has been proved to contain such a deposit.

Expenditure incurred on activities that precede exploration and evaluation of mineral resources, including all expenditure incurred prior to securing legal rights to explore an area, is expensed as incurred. For each area of interest the expenditure is recognised as an exploration and evaluation asset where the following conditions are satisfied:

- a) The rights to tenure of the area of interest are current; and
- b) At least one of the following conditions is also met:
 - (i) The expenditure is expected to be recouped through successful development and commercial exploitation of an area of interest, or alternatively by its sale: or
 - (ii) Exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not, at reporting date, reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of 'economically recoverable reserves' and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing. Economically recoverable reserves are the estimated quantity of product in an area of interest that can be expected to be profitably extracted, processed and sold under current and foreseeable conditions.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure (continued)

Exploration and evaluation assets include:

- Acquisition of rights to explore;
- Topographical, geological, geochemical and geophysical studies;
- Exploratory drilling, trenching, and sampling; and
- Activities in relation to evaluating the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource.

General and administrative costs are allocated to, and included in, the cost of exploration and evaluation assets only to the extent that those costs can be related directly to the operational activities in the area of interest to which the exploration and evaluation assets relate. In all other instances, these costs are expensed as incurred.

When the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of a mineral resource has been demonstrated then any capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is reclassified as capitalised mining and project development expenditure. Prior to reclassification, capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is assessed for impairment.

In the event that an area of interest is abandoned or if the Directors consider the expenditure to be of no value, accumulated costs carried forward are written-off in the year in which that assessment is made. A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

Impairment testing of exploration and evaluation assets

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability or facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

Exploration and evaluation assets are tested for impairment when any of the following facts and circumstances exist:

- The term of the exploration license in the specific area of interest has expired during the reporting period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed;
- Substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area are not budgeted nor planned;
- Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral
 resources and the decision was made to discontinue such activities in the specified area; or
- Sufficient data exists to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration and
 evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

Where a potential impairment is indicated, an assessment is performed for each cash-generating-unit which is no larger than the area of interest.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets relate to the option right to farm-in on exploration projects measured at cost. As costs are being incurred with respect to the option commitment, it is capitalised and recognised in exploration and evaluation expenditure asset.

Cash

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks or financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts.

Trade Receivables

Trade receivables, which generally have 30-60 day terms, are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Individual debts that are known to be uncollectible are written off when identified. A provision for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and comprehensive income.

Trade and other Payables

Trade and other payable amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are non-interest bearing, unsecured and generally paid within 30 days of recognition. They are recognised initially at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of Assets

The carrying values of all plant and equipment are reviewed at the each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication of impairment. Where an indicator of impairment exists, a formal estimate of the recoverable amount is made. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are tested for possible reversal of the impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the impairment may have reversed.

Share-based payment transactions

Share-based compensation benefits are provided to Directors, employees and contractors. The Company issues options either pursuant to shareholder approval or in accordance with *Employees and Contractors Option Plan ("ECOP")*.

The fair value of equity options granted is recognised as an employee benefit or other expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value is measured at grant date and recognised over the period during which the holder became unconditionally entitled to the options.

The fair value at grant date was determined by using the Black Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the vesting and performance criteria, the non-tradable nature of the option, the share price at grant date and the expected price volatility of the underlying share, and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option.

Basic/Diluted Earnings/(loss) per Share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings/loss per share data for its ordinary shares. Basic earnings/loss per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year. Diluted earnings/loss per share is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise convertible notes, share options issued to shareholders, and share options granted to directors, employees and contractors.

Interest bearing liabilities

Interest bearing liabilities are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred.

Interest bearing liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit and loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Interest bearing liabilities are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance date.

Employee Benefits

Wages, salaries, and annual leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in provisions in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date. The amount is measured at the amount expected to be paid, including expected on-costs, when liabilities are settled. Expenses for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when the leave is taken and are measured at the rates paid or payable.

Long Service Leave

The liability for long service leave is recognised, and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date, plus expected on-costs. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using interest rates on national government guaranteed securities with terms to maturity that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Post employment benefits

The Group provides post-employment benefits for its employees in Indonesia in accordance with Indonesian Labor Law NO 13/2003. This benefit program is deemed a defined benefit plan and is unfunded by the Group. A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Any unrecognised past service costs and the fair value of any plan assets are recognised immediately in the profit or loss. The group recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

The discount rate is the yield at the reporting date on government bonds that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Group's obligations and that are denominated in the same currency in which the benefits are expected to be paid. The calculation is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method.

When the benefits of a plan are improved, the portion of the increased benefit relating to past service by employees is recognised in profit or loss immediately. Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Provisions

Provisions for legal claims are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligation may be small

Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

Contributed Equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction from proceeds.

Restoration, Rehabilitation and Environmental Expenditure

Provisions are made for the estimated cost of rehabilitation, decommissioning and restoration relating to areas disturbed during a mine's development/operations up to reporting date but not yet rehabilitated. Restoration costs that are expected to be incurred are provided for as part of the cost of the exploration, evaluation, development, construction or production phases that give rise to the need for restoration. If this occurs prior to commencement of production, the costs are included in capitalised tenement and infrastructure acquisition expenditure.

The provision is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the restoration obligation at the reporting date, based on current legal requirements and technology. Future costs are reviewed annually and any changes are reflected in the restoration provision at the end of the reporting period.

Other income

Interest income

Other income earned by the Group is predominantly interest income. This income is recognised as the interest accrues (using the effective interest method where applicable) to the net carrying amount of the related financial asset.

Sundry income

Sundry income predominantly relates to consulting income earned by providing consulting services for other exploration entities in Indonesia.

Leases

Leases in which the Group assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The Group has not entered into any finance leases.

Other leases are operating leases and the leased assets are not recognised on the Group's statement of financial position. Rental payments are charged against profits in equal instalments over the term of the lease.

Finance Costs

Finance costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that, where necessary, take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Goods and Services Tax (GST) and Value Added Tax (VAT)

Goods and services taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable and recoverable. The net amount of GST receivable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

Value added taxes

VAT applies to goods and services in Indonesia. In 2004, upon request by the Group, the Directorate General of Taxation issued a confirmation letter stating that gold mining companies will not have their revenues subject to VAT.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Income Tax

Income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income or loss based on the national income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Current and deferred tax expense attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity is also recognised directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset when the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Segment Reporting

The Group determines and presents operating segments based on the information that is internally provided to the Managing Director (MD), who is the Group's chief operating decision maker.

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities whose operating results are reviewed regularly by the Group's MD and for which discrete financial information is available.

The Group is involved in exploration activities in Indonesia and Australia and has two geographical operating segments, that its MD reviews regularly to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets other than goodwill.

New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2017, and have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements. None of these is expected to have a significant effect on the consolidated financial Group.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Overview

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- credit risk
- liquidity risk
- market risk

The Group's principal financial instruments during the financial year comprised receivables, payables, unsecured loans, cash and short-term deposits.

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, their objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout this financial report.

The Board has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. Risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed periodically where there are changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the future cash flows for the Group.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer, borrower or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's investment of its cash balances.

Counterparty credit risk will be managed by dealing with an agreed range of suitable financial institutions based on their credit rating of A or better.

Other receivables

The credit risk exposures on Group receivables are not considered significant.

Guarantees

As at 31 December 2017 the Group has not provided financial guarantees to any third party.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The ability of the Group to continue to meet the financial obligations they are incurring will depend on the ability of the Company to successfully complete capital raisings as required. Given the Group's financial position during 2016 and 2017, the Group's approach to managing liquidity was to ensure that liabilities were only incurred where there were sufficient available funds to meet those liabilities within normal trading terms or alternatively where there were reasonable grounds to believe that additional funding would be raised within the required timeframe required to settle such liabilities when they fell due.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as commodity prices, foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk will be related to its equity raisings and Indonesian expenditures. The Company will raise funds through equity placements to fund predominantly Indonesian exploration expenditure as well as to fund its Australian corporate activities. The equity that is raised is denominated in Australian dollars. Indonesian exploration expenditure cash outflows are in United States Dollars ("USD"), Indonesian Rupiah ("IDR") and Australian dollars. As such the Group has a currency risk in relation to unfavourable movements in these IDR and USD exchange rates.

(ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. At 31 December 2017 there are no interest bearing loans.

The Group's policy on interest rate risk on borrowings is firstly to fund its exploration activities with equity funds wherever possible and to minimise borrowings as the Group does not generate revenue to service borrowings. Where the Group has existing borrowings or borrowings become necessary the Group will seek to minimise or fix interest rates wherever possible. The Group does not seek to hedge its interest rate risks due to the small scale of its operations and lack of treasury function within the Group.

(iii) Other market price risk

The Group did not hold any investments during the 2017 financial year.

Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern. The Group's capital consists of share capital, options reserve and retained losses.

As an exploration entity, the Group monitors capital and financing facilities on a liquidity basis. The Group's liquidity position is calculated as current assets less current liabilities being \$645,526 and also considers future exploration commitments.

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the company in proportion to the number of shares held. At the shareholder's meeting each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of hands.

Each ordinary share has no par value.

4 GOING CONCERN

The financial report is prepared on a going concern basis which reflects the Directors' expectation that the Group will be able to realise its assets and settle its obligations in the normal course of business. In making this assessment the Directors have prepared cash flows forecasts until 31 March 2019, taking the following into consideration:

- The Group entered into formal documentation with PT Danusa Tambang Nusantara (Danusa) in Indonesia in respect of the Trenggalek project and
 accordingly it is anticipated that Danusa will continue to fund all holding costs and any ongoing exploration during the course of 2018 and 2019 in
 order to earn an interest in the Trenggalek project;
- The Group, has withdrawn from the farm-in arrangements that it held over the Mount Garnet project in Queensland;
- The Group has restricted growth in corporate overhead costs;
- The Group undertook a Rights Issue which closed in December 2017 raising \$607,904. The Rights Issue shortfall of \$463,158 was placed in March 2018:
- The Group intends to undertake a placement of 3,750,000 shares at \$0.40 per share to raise the amount of \$1,500,000 in the year ended 31
 December 2018, subject to completion of the acquisition of GNR Minerals Pty Ltd which holds the Manitou Gold Project located in North-western
 Ontario, Canada;
- The Group will raise additional new capital to fund ongoing working capital if required during the course of the year ended 31 December 2018, subject to suitable market conditions.

5 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the actual related results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are as follows:

(i) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Determining the recoverability of exploration and evaluation expenditure capitalised in accordance with the group's accounting policy (refer Note 2), requires estimates and assumptions as to future events and circumstances, in particular, whether successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively sale, of the respective areas of interest will be achieved. Critical to this assessment is estimates and assumptions as to the existence of reserves, the timing of expected cash flows, exchange rates, commodity prices and future capital requirements. Changes in these estimates and assumptions as new information about the presence or recoverability of an ore reserve becomes available, may impact the assessment of the recoverable amount of exploration and evaluation assets. If, after having capitalised the expenditure under accounting policy described in Note 2(b), a judgment is made that recovery of the expenditure is unlikely, an impairment loss is recorded in the income statement. The carrying amounts of exploration and evaluation assets are set out in Note 14.

(ii) Deferred tax

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In accordance with the Group's accounting policies for deferred taxes, a deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable profits will be available to utilise those losses. Determination of future taxable profits requires estimates and assumptions as to future events and circumstances, in particular, whether successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively sale, of the respective areas of interest will be achieved. This includes estimates and judgements about commodity prices, ore reserves, exchange rates, future capital requirements, future operational performance and the timing of estimated cash flows. Changes in these estimates and assumptions could impact on the amount and probability of estimated taxable profits and accordingly the recoverability of deferred tax assets.

The Group has not recognised a net deferred tax asset for temporary differences and tax losses as at 31 December 2017 on the basis that the ability to utilise these temporary differences and tax losses can not yet be regarded as probable.

6	REVENUE AND EXPENSE	3	2017	2016
			\$	\$
	(a) (i) Revenue			
	Other income			
	Other income		633	11,001
	Gain on equity	settlement of liabilities - see note 18 (i)	-	90,474
			633	101,475
	(ii) Finance incor	ne		
	Interest income		10,744	11,630
	(b) Employee exp	enses		
	Wages and sa	laries	254,872	220,626
	Superannuatio	n & post employment benefits	4,851	10,429
	Share based p	ayments expense	-	-
			259,723	231,055

EARNINGS / (LOSS) PER SHARE	2017 \$	2016 \$
Profit/(loss) from continuing operations used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share	(894,116)	(722,652)
Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations	-	-
Net profit/(loss) used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share	(894,116)	(722,652)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year used in calculating basic earnings per share dilutive earnings/(loss) per share	4,265,557	3,119,303
Weighted average number of ordinary shares		
Issued ordinary shares at 1 January	4,200,244	2,385,889
Issue of Shares for Directors Fees / Salary to preserve existing cash resources	-	439,267
Security consolidation 1/500 rounding	-	1,315
Shares issued under share placement plan on 16 June 2016	-	423,773
Shares issued under share placement plan on 10 October 2016	-	950,000
Rights issue	1,191,968	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in the		
calculation of dilutive earnings/(loss) per share	4,265,557	3,119,303
Basic earnings/(loss) per share (cents per share)	(20.96)	(23.17)
Diluted earnings/(loss) per share (cents per share)	(20.96)	(23.17)

Information Concerning the Classification of Securities Employee and Director Options

The options granted to directors, employees and contractors are not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share because the exercise price exceeded the average market price and are therefore considered as antidilutive for the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016.

Listed and Unlisted Options

There are no listed options at 31 December 2017.

Unlisted options are not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share because the exercise price exceeded the average market price and are therefore considered as antidilutive for the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016. These options could potentially dilute earnings per share in the future.

8 INCOME TAX

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	2017	2016
(a) Income tax expense	\$	\$
Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable:		
Profit/(loss) before income tax benefit	(894,116)	(722,652)
Income tax expense/(benefit) at the statutory rate of 27.5% (2016:30%)	(245,882)	(216,796)
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
Non-deductible / assessable foreign translation (gain)/loss	-	-
Share issue costs	(12,490)	22,110
Non deductible impairment of exploration	67,837	-
Non deductable expenses	(4,599)	-
Non deductible share based payments expense		4,524
	(195,134)	(190,162)
Less tax losses not recognised and carried forward	195,134	190,162
Income tax expense/(benefit)	-	<u> </u>
(b) Recognised tax assets and liabilities		
Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:		
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	1,418,463	1,621,418
Tax losses recognised	(1,418,463)	(1,621,418)
Net deferred tax liability/(asset)	-	-

8 INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

(c) Unrecognised deferred tax assets		
Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:	2017 \$	2016 \$
Provisions	14,996	14,857
Tax losses PT Indonusa Mining Services (IMS)	328,779	784,256
Tax losses Arc Exploration Limited (Arc)	10,069,350	10,987,629
Capital tax losses Arc	13,792,873	15,046,770
Total	24 205 998	26 833 512

The deductible temporary differences and tax losses relating to Arc do not expire under current tax legislation. The tax losses relating to IMS can be carried forward for a maximum of 5 years. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilise the benefits there from.

Cash at bank and on hand Short term deposits 75,000 500,000 739,618 800,131 75,000 500,000 739,618 800,131 75,000 500,000 739,618 800,131 739,618 800,131 739,618 800,131 739,618 800,131 739,618 800,131 739,618 800,131 739,618 800,131 739,618	9	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2017 \$	2016 \$
Short term deposits 75,000 500,000 739,618 800,131 10 CURRENT RECEIVABLES Other debtors 568 1,446 Goods and services tax (GST) and other consumption taxes recoverable 7,873 7,081 8,446 8,527 11 NON-CURRENT RECEIVABLES 172,816 187,866 12 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS 172,816 187,866 12 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS 20,000 40,000 Monies held in trust - refer note 17 37,230 37,255 Security deposits 20,000 40,000 Monies held in trust - refer note 17 37,230 37,255 (a) Office furniture and equipment 474,990 113,424 13 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 474,998 470,447 Additions 474,998 470,447 Additions 9 474,998 470,447 Additions 440,651 474,998 Closing balance 440,651 474,998 Accumulated depreciation 474,998 474,998 Accumulated depreciation expense	3		Ψ	Ψ
		Cash at bank and on hand	664,618	300,131
Other debtors		Short term deposits	75,000	500,000
Other debtors 568 1,446 Goods and services tax (GST) and other consumption taxes recoverable 7,878 7,081 7,878 7,081 8,446 8,527 11 NON-CURRENT RECEIVABLES Other debtors 172,816 187,866 172,816 187,866 12 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS 172,816 187,866 1			739,618	800,131
Non-current receivables	10	CURRENT RECEIVABLES		
11 NON-CURRENT RECEIVABLES		Other debtors	568	1,446
8,446 8,527 11 NON-CURRENT RECEIVABLES		Goods and services tax (GST) and other consumption taxes recoverable	7,878	
Other debtors 172,816 187,866 12 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS Prepayments Security deposits 20,000 40,000 Monies held in trust - refer note 17 37,230 37,255 102,900 113,424 13 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Gross carrying amount Opening balance Additions 5 1 Space Sp		· ,	8,446	8,527
172,816 187,866 187,	11	NON-CURRENT RECEIVABLES		
172,816 187,866 187,		Other debters	172.016	107.066
12 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS Prepayments 45,670 36,169 Security deposits 20,000 40,000 Monies held in trust - refer note 17 37,230 37,255 102,900 113,424 13 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (a) Office furniture and equipment Gross carrying amount Opening balance 474,998 470,447 Additions 5 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		Other debtors		
Prepayments 45,670 36,169 Security deposits 20,000 40,000 Monies held in trust - refer note 17 37,230 37,255 102,900 113,424 13 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Gross carrying amount Opening balance 474,998 470,447 Additions - - Disposals and transfers - - - Net foreign exchange differences (34,347) 4,551 Closing balance 440,651 474,998 Accumulated depreciation (474,537) (468,964) Depreciation expense (427) (1,635) Net foreign exchange differences 34,313 (3,938) Closing balance (440,651) (474,537)			172,010	107,000
Security deposits 20,000 40,000 Monies held in trust - refer note 17 37,230 37,255 102,900 113,424 13 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Gross carrying amount Opening balance 474,998 470,447 Additions - - Disposals and transfers - - Net foreign exchange differences (34,347) 4,551 Closing balance 440,651 474,998 Accumulated depreciation Opening balance (474,537) (468,964) Depreciation expense (427) (1,635) Net foreign exchange differences 34,313 (3,938) Closing balance (440,651) (474,537)	12	OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
Monies held in trust - refer note 17 37,230 37,255 102,900 113,424 13 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Gross carrying amount Opening balance 474,998 470,447 Additions - - Disposals and transfers - - Net foreign exchange differences (34,347) 4,551 Closing balance 440,651 474,998 Accumulated depreciation Opening balance (474,537) (468,964) Depreciation expense (427) (1,635) Net foreign exchange differences 34,313 (3,938) Closing balance (440,651) (474,537)		Prepayments	45,670	36,169
102,900 113,424 13 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (a) Office furniture and equipment		Security deposits	20,000	40,000
PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (a) Office furniture and equipment Gross carrying amount Opening balance 474,998 470,447 Additions - - Disposals and transfers - - Net foreign exchange differences (34,347) 4,551 Closing balance 440,651 474,998 Accumulated depreciation Opening balance (474,537) (468,964) Depreciation expense (427) (1,635) Net foreign exchange differences 34,313 (3,938) Closing balance (440,651) (474,537)		Monies held in trust - refer note 17		37,255
(a) Office furniture and equipment Gross carrying amount Opening balance 474,998 470,447 Additions - - Disposals and transfers - - Net foreign exchange differences (34,347) 4,551 Closing balance 440,651 474,998 Accumulated depreciation Opening balance (474,537) (468,964) Depreciation expense (427) (1,635) Net foreign exchange differences 34,313 (3,938) Closing balance (440,651) (474,537)			102,900	113,424
Gross carrying amount Opening balance 474,998 470,447 Additions - - Disposals and transfers - - Net foreign exchange differences (34,347) 4,551 Closing balance 440,651 474,998 Accumulated depreciation (474,537) (468,964) Depreciation expense (427) (1,635) Net foreign exchange differences 34,313 (3,938) Closing balance (440,651) (474,537)	13	PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Opening balance 474,998 470,447 Additions - - Disposals and transfers - - Net foreign exchange differences (34,347) 4,551 Closing balance 440,651 474,998 Accumulated depreciation Opening balance (474,537) (468,964) Depreciation expense (427) (1,635) Net foreign exchange differences 34,313 (3,938) Closing balance (440,651) (474,537)		(a) Office furniture and equipment		
Additions -		Gross carrying amount		
Disposals and transfers -		Opening balance	474,998	470,447
Net foreign exchange differences (34,347) 4,551 Closing balance 440,651 474,998 Accumulated depreciation Opening balance (474,537) (468,964) Depreciation expense (427) (1,635) Net foreign exchange differences 34,313 (3,938) Closing balance (440,651) (474,537)		Additions	-	-
Closing balance 440,651 474,998 Accumulated depreciation (474,537) (468,964) Opening balance (427) (1,635) Net foreign exchange differences 34,313 (3,938) Closing balance (440,651) (474,537)		·	-	-
Accumulated depreciation (474,537) (468,964) Opening balance (427) (1,635) Depreciation expense (427) (1,635) Net foreign exchange differences 34,313 (3,938) Closing balance (440,651) (474,537)				
Opening balance (474,537) (468,964) Depreciation expense (427) (1,635) Net foreign exchange differences 34,313 (3,938) Closing balance (440,651) (474,537)		Closing balance	440,651	474,998
Depreciation expense (427) (1,635) Net foreign exchange differences 34,313 (3,938) Closing balance (440,651) (474,537)		Accumulated depreciation		
Net foreign exchange differences 34,313 (3,938) Closing balance (440,651) (474,537)		Opening balance	(474,537)	(468,964)
Closing balance (440,651) (474,537)		· · · · ·	(427)	(1,635)
<u></u>				
Net office furniture and equipment - 461		Closing balance	(440,651)	(474,537)
		Net office furniture and equipment	<u> </u>	461

13 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Motor vehicles	2017 \$	2016 \$
Gross carrying amount	·	·
Opening balance	116,044	116,523
Additions	-	-
Disposals and transfers	-	(1,607)
Net foreign exchange differences	(8,432)	1,128
Closing balance	107,612	116,044
Accumulated depreciation		
Opening balance	(116,044)	(115,453)
Depreciation expense	-	(138)
Disposals and transfers	-	1,273
Net foreign exchange differences	8,432	(1,726)
Closing balance	(107,612)	(116,044)
Net motor vehicles	-	
Carrying amounts		
Total plant and equipment – at 1 January	461	2,553
Total plant and equipment – at 31 December		461
EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE		
Opening balance	5,404,726	5,338,653
Additions	-	66,073
Impairment	(246,680)	-
	5,158,046	5,404,726

At 31 December 2017, there was \$5,158,046 capitalised exploration expenditure relating to the Trenggalek Project, included in "Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure" in the statement of financial position. During 2017 limited exploration at Trenggalek continued pursuant to an agreement entered into with PT Danusa Tambang Nusantara (Danusa), a subsidiary of one of the largest contract miners in Indonesia. Further ground reconnaissance and mapping were undertaken at Singgahan to define drill targets for a future drilling program. In addition Induced Polarisation and Ground Magnetic surveys were undertaken at Jerambah along with mapping and surface exploration. A three hole scout drilling program was undertaken at Jerambah in the fourth quarter of the year which hit porphyry style mineralisation with low levels of mineralisation. The Group retains a 95% interest in the Trenggalek project until such time as Danusa exercises its option to acquire equity in the project. Danusa has commenced steps to have the Trenggalek tenement converted into a production licence prior to expiry of the tenement in November 2018. Danusa has indicated that it intends to continue managing and funding exploration work at Trenggalek.

During the year the Group relinquished its option to earn up to 80% of the Mount Garnet gold project located in Northeast Queensland and agreed to assign its interest in associated tenements held by the Group to Snowmist Pty Ltd resulting in a full writedown of the value of capitalised exploration expenditure associated with this project in the amount of \$246,680.

15	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	2017	2016
		\$	\$
	Trade payables and accrued expenses	164,270	136,333
	Other consumption taxes payable	3,938	1,672
		168,208	138,005
16	PROVISIONS		
	Current liabilities		
	Employee leave entitlements	_	=
	Non-current liabilities		
	Post employment benefits	59,983	59,429
		59,983	59,429
	Current and non-current provisions	59,983	59,429

The above non-current post employment benefits relate to a defined benefit scheme operating for employees in the subsidiary of the Group, PT Indonusa Mining Services. Detailed disclosures have not been included on the basis of materiality.

			2017	2016	
17	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		\$	\$	
	Amounts payable to other persons		37,230	37,255	
		- -	37,230	37,255	
18	CONTRIBUTED EQUITY	31-12-17	31-12-16	31-12-17	31-12-16
		Number	Number	\$	\$
	At 31 December	5,392,212	4,200,244	150,979,294	150,443,876
	Fully paid ordinary shares				
	At the beginning of the year	4,200,244	1,192,944,578	150,443,876	149,380,398
	Issue of Shares for Directors Fees / Salary to preserve existing cash resources		219,633,332	-	219,633
	Issue of shares under share purchase plan	-	1,373,773	-	917,546
	Security consolidation 1/500	-	(1,409,751,439)		
	Rights issue	1,191,968		607,904	
	Transaction costs relating to share issues			(72,486)	(73,701)
		5,392,212	4,200,244	150,979,294	150,443,876

(a) Share-based payment options

The Company issues options either pursuant to shareholder approval or in accordance with the Employees and Contractors Option Plan ("ECOP").

Set out below are summaries of options granted under the plan:

2017	Grant Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Balance at the start of the year	No. of options Granted	Exercised	Expired/ forfeited/other	Balance at the end of the year
	22-05-1	4 31-12-18	\$0.0450	109,445	-	-	-	109,445
				109,445	-	-	-	109,445
Weighted a	verage exercise p	orice		\$0.0450	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0450
2016	27-05-1	1 27-05-16	\$0.0420	43,840	_	_	(43,840)	_
	22-05-1		•	109,445	-	-	(40,040)	109,445
				153,285	-	-	(43,840)	109,445
Weighted a	verage exercise p	orice		\$0.0441	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0420	\$0.0450

Each option entitles the option holder to one ordinary share in the Company at the stated exercise price per share, exercisable at any time from the date of vesting where applicable. None of the above mentioned options were exercised during the financial year.

Set out below are the options exercisable at the end of the financial year:

Grant Date	Expiry Date	2017	2016
22-05-14	31-12-18	109,445	109,445
The weighted average remaini	ng contractual life of options out	standing at the end of the y	ear was 1.00 years (2016: 2.00 years).

The value of the options was measured based on the Black-Scholes formula. Expected volatility is estimated by considering historic average share price volatility. The total cost of options issued to directors and key management personnel charged to profit and loss for 2017 was nil (2016:nil).

18 CONTRIBUTED EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Employees and Contractors Option Plan ("ECOP")

The eligible participants in the Company's Employee and Contractors Option Plan are:

- (i) A person who is a Director, alternate Director or Company Secretary of the Company or any entity in the Group;
- (ii) A permanent or part-time employee of the Company or Group;
- (iii) A person who is in an independent contractor relationship with the Company or Group and provides goods or services to the Company or Group;
- (iv) A full time or permanent part-time, employee of a person under (iii); and
- (v) A trust or entity either controlled by or associated with the persons referred to in (i) and (ii) above.

(b) Unlisted Options

The number of unlisted options over unissued ordinary shares as at 31 December 2017 is \$100,000 (2016:100,000)

100,000 unlisted options were issued as part consideration for corporate advisory services.

The inputs used in the measurement of the fair values at grant date of unlisted options can be summarised as follows:

Grant date	10-10-16
Fair value at grant date	\$0.15081
Share price at grant date	\$0.58
Exercise price	\$0.75
Expected volatility	70.60%
Expiry date	10-10-19
Expected dividends	Nil
Risk-free interest rate	1.91%

No unlisted options have been exercised during the year.

)	RESERVES	2017	2016
		\$	\$
	Foreign currency translation reserve		
	Balance at the beginning of financial year	777,530	764,810
	Translation of foreign operations during the year	(5,343)	12,720
	Balance at end of the financial year	772,187	777,530
	Share-based payments reserve		
	Balance at the beginning of financial year	1,137,623	1,122,542
	Options expense - transaction costs relating to share issues	-	15,081
	Balance at end of the financial year	1,137,623	1,137,623
	Total Reserves	1,909,810	1,915,153

Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations where their functional currency is different to the presentation currency of the reporting entity.

Share-based payments reserve

The share-based payments reserve relates to the cumulative expense for share options granted to directors, employees and contractors. Upon the exercise of the options, the balance of the options reserve relating to those options is transferred to contributed equity.

2017

2016

ACCUMULATED LOSSES	\$	\$
Balance at the beginning of the financial year	(146,078,583)	(145,355,931)
Transfer of options reserve amount for relinquished vested options	-	-
Net profit/(loss) attributable to Arc Exploration Limited	(894,116)	(722,652)
Balance at the end of the financial year	(146,972,699)	(146,078,583)

21 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES

Key Management Personnel of the entity are those persons with the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group during the financial year.

(a) Remuneration	2017	2016
	\$	\$
The aggregate of compensation of the key management personnel of the Group is set out below:		
Short term employee benefits	217,000	213,034
Post employment benefits	-	534
Share-based payments	-	-
	217,000	213,568

^{*}Simon Taylor received consultancy fees. O'Loughlins Lawyers (Simon O'Loughlin is a partner) received fees.

22 OPERATING SEGMENTS

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The results and financial position of the Group's two operating segments, being exploration activities in Indonesia and Australia, are prepared for the Managing Director on a basis consistent with Australian Accounting Standards. Entity-wide disclosures in relation to Group's services, geographical areas, and major customers are detailed below.

Geographical areas

The Company's revenue generating activities and assets are located two geographical areas, Indonesia and Australia.

Segment assets and liabilities

Information about reportable segments

The key segment assets as reported to the Managing Director are as follows:	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Assets		
Australia exploration	-	246,680
Indonesia exploration	5,158,046	5,158,046
Corporate	1,023,780	1,110,409
	6,181,826	6,515,135
Liabilities		
Australia exploration	-	<u> </u>
Indonesia exploration	-	-
Corporate	265,421	234,689
	265,421	234,689
Equity	5,916,405	6,280,446

22 OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

		Australia	Indonesia	Corporate	Total
Revenue from continuing operations	2017				
Other income		-	-	633	633
Employee expenses		-	-	(259,723)	(259,723)
Depreciation expenses		-	-	(427)	(427)
Other expenses		-	-	(343,563)	(343,563)
Impairment exploration assets		(246,680)	-	-	(246,680)
Exploration expenses		(7,060)	(32,152)	-	(39,212)
Foreign exchange losses		-	-	(15,888)	(15,888)
Loss before financing costs		(253,740)	(32,152)	(618,968)	(904,860)
Interest income		-	-	10,744	10,744
Loss before income tax		(253,740)	(32,152)	(608,224)	(894,116)
Income tax (expense)/benefit		-	-	-	-
Loss after tax		(253,740)	(32,152)	(608,224)	(894,116)
				_	
		Australia	Indonesia	Corporate	Total
Revenue from continuing operations	2016	Australia	Indonesia		
Other income	2016	Australia -	Indonesia -	11,001	11,001
- •	2016	Australia - -	Indonesia - -		
Other income	2016	Australia - - -	Indonesia - -	11,001	11,001
Other income Gain on equity settlement of liabilities	2016	Australia - - - -	Indonesia - - - -	11,001 90,474	11,001 90,474
Other income Gain on equity settlement of liabilities Employee expenses	2016	Australia - - - - -	Indonesia - - - - -	11,001 90,474 (231,055)	11,001 90,474 (231,055)
Other income Gain on equity settlement of liabilities Employee expenses Depreciation expenses	2016	Australia (16,578)	Indonesia (37,706)	11,001 90,474 (231,055) (1,773)	11,001 90,474 (231,055) (1,773)
Other income Gain on equity settlement of liabilities Employee expenses Depreciation expenses Other expenses	2016	:	- - - -	11,001 90,474 (231,055) (1,773)	11,001 90,474 (231,055) (1,773) (555,673)
Other income Gain on equity settlement of liabilities Employee expenses Depreciation expenses Other expenses Exploration expenses	2016	:	- - - -	11,001 90,474 (231,055) (1,773) (555,673)	11,001 90,474 (231,055) (1,773) (555,673) (54,284)
Other income Gain on equity settlement of liabilities Employee expenses Depreciation expenses Other expenses Exploration expenses Foreign exchange losses	2016	- - - - (16,578)	- - - - (37,706)	11,001 90,474 (231,055) (1,773) (555,673)	11,001 90,474 (231,055) (1,773) (555,673) (54,284) 7,028
Other income Gain on equity settlement of liabilities Employee expenses Depreciation expenses Other expenses Exploration expenses Foreign exchange losses Loss before financing costs	2016	- - - - (16,578)	- - - - (37,706)	11,001 90,474 (231,055) (1,773) (555,673) - 7,028 (679,998)	11,001 90,474 (231,055) (1,773) (555,673) (54,284) 7,028 (734,282)

23 INVESTMENTS IN CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Loss after tax

	Country of	Class of Shares	Equity I	Holdings
Name of controlled entity	Incorporation		2017	2016
			%	%
PT Indonusa Mining Services	Indonesia	Ord	100	100

(16,578)

(37,706)

(668,368)

(722,652)

24 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties, unless otherwise stated

(a) Directors during the year

The Directors of Arc Exploration Limited during part or the whole of the year were:

Simon O'Loughlin	Non-Executive Chairman	Full year
Andrew Cooke	Director	Full year
	Company Secretary	Full year
Simon Taylor	Director	Full year
Robert Willcocks	Director	To 13/09/17

	2017	2016
Directors related party transactions	\$	\$
Simon Taylor - geologist consultancy fee	2,000	5,000
O'Loughlins Lawyers - Simon O'Loughlin is a partner	10,043	-
(b) Subsidiaries	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Net loan to subsidiary	394,643	273,008
Provision for impairment	(394,643)	(273,008)
Carrying value at year end	-	-
Opening balance	273,008	400,343
Loans (repaid)/advanced	115,000	(125,000)
Amounts paid by parent entity on behalf of subsidiary	-	-
Amounts charged by subsidiary to parent and offset against loan	-	-
Loan converted to equity holding in subsidiary	-	-
Exchange rate variances	6,635	(2,335)
Closing balance	394,643	273,008
Provision for impairment	(394,643)	(273,008)
Carrying value at end of year	-	
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		
(a) Credit risk	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	739,618	800,131
Group credit risk is considered negligible on the cash and cash equivalent am as these are primarily deposited with the ANZ and Commonwealth Bank.	ounts	

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. Whilst there is concentration of credit risk the Group has assessed the creditworthiness of each customer and no impairment losses has been recognised against these customers.

181,262

196,393

(b) Liquidity risk

Trade and other receivables

25

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities and interest payments.

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within 6 months	Within 6-12 months	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years
2017	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other payables	168,208	168,208	168,208	-	-	-
Other current liabilities	37,230	37,230	37,230	=	-	-
	205,438	205,438	205,438	=	-	<u> </u>
2016						
Trade and other payables	138,005	138,005	138,005	-	-	-
Other current liabilities	37,255	37,255	37,255	-	-	-
	175,260	175,260	175,260	-	-	-

25 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(c) Currency risk

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk relates to balances that are denominated in currencies other than an entity's functional currency. At balance date the notional amount (AUD equivalent) of the non-functional currency balances were as follows:

	AUD	IDR	USD	Total
2017	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	35,334	2,264	-	37,598
Receivables	-	172,816	-	172,816
Trade and other payables	-	(3,962)	-	(3,962)
	35,334	171,118	-	206,452
2016				
Cash and cash equivalents	54,361	519,220	-	573,581
Receivables	-	187,866	-	187,866
Trade and other payables	-	(8,516)	-	(8,516)
	54,361	698,570	-	752,931

The following significant exchange rates applied during the year:

	Average rate		Reporting date spot rate	
AUD	2017	2016	2017	2016
USD	0.7692	0.7434	0.7800	0.7236
IDR	10,305	9,906	10,572	9,725

Sensitivity analysis

From the Group perspective fluctuations in exchange rates for non-functional currency balances in AUD and IDR would have no material impact on earnings or equity as these balances relate to the Indonesian subsidiaries. For PT Indonusa Mining Services the impact of exchange rate fluctuations are not considered to be material.

(d) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average rates on classes of financial assets and financial liabilities, is as follows, by interest rate re-set period.

2017	Effective average interest rate	Fixed or Floating rate	Within 6 months \$	Within 6-12 months	1 to 2 years \$	2 to 5 years	Total \$
Financial Assets			Þ	\$	Þ	\$	ð
Cash at bank	0.5%	Floating	664,618	-	-	-	664,618
Term Deposit	1.5%	Fixed	75,000				75,000
Security deposits	2.1%	Fixed	20,000	-	-	-	20,000
Monies held in trust	0.1%	Floating	37,230	-	=	-	37,230
Net Position			796,848	-		-	796,848
2016							
Financial Assets							
Cash at bank	1.3%	Floating	300,131	-	-	-	300,131
Term Deposit	2.6%	Fixed	500,000	-	-	-	500,000
Security deposits	2.6%	Fixed	20,000	-	-	-	20,000
Monies held in trust	0.1%	Floating	37,255	-	-	-	37,255
Net Position			857,386	-	-	-	857,386

Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2017, if interest rates changed by +/- 100 base points from the year end rates with other variables held constant, post tax loss for the year end would have been \$6,615 lower/higher (2016:change of 100 base points \$773 lower/higher) as a result of lower/higher interest income from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks.

(e) Fair values

The carrying amounts of assets and liabilities shown in the statement of financial position at 31 December 2017 and 31 December 2016 approximates their fair values.

(f) Derivative financial instruments

No derivative financial instruments were held by the Group either at 31 December 2017 or 31 December 2016.

(g) Commodity price risk

The Group is not affected by commodity price fluctuations.

26 CASHFLOWS

(a) Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank, cash on hand, and term deposits. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year as shown in the cash flow statement is reconciled to the related items in the statement of financial position as follows:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Cash at bank and in hand	664,618	300,131
Term deposits	75,000	500,000
	739,618	800,131
(b) Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	(894,116)	(722,652)
Depreciation	427	1,773
Net effect of exchange rate changes on cash	5,105	1,845
Non cash expenses	9,741	6,048
Employee provisions	554	(9,460)
Capital raising costs	(44,561)	-
Share issue in lieu of salary	-	219,633
(Increase)/decrease in assets:		
Current receivables	81	(4,768)
Other current assets	10,524	36,011
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	246,680	(66,073)
Increase/(decrease) in liabilities:		
Current payables	30,178	(199,419)
Current provisions	-	-
Net cash flow from operating activities	(635,387)	(737,062)
COMMITMENTS FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURE		
Capital expenditure commitments:		
Payable		
Plant and equipment:		
- not longer than 1 year	 _	<u> </u>

28 ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

27

PT Indonusa Mining Services, a controlled entity of the Group is reliant upon the continued financial support of the parent entity.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Audit services		
Auditors of the Company		
Nexia - Australia		
Audit and review of financial reports	40,588	40,450
Persek. Kanaka Puradiredja, Suhartono - Indonesia		
Audit and review of financial reports	12,821	13,820
	53,409	54,270
Other services		
Nexia - Australia		
Tax compliance and consulting services	4,500	4,513
	4,500	4,513
	57,909	58,783

30 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

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The Group has no contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2017 (2016: nil).

31 EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

On 27 February 2018 the Group advised that it had executed a Binding Term Sheet ("Agreement") to acquire 100% of the issued capital of GNR Minerals Pty Ltd ("GNR") ("the Transaction"). GNR is a privately owned Australian mineral exploration company which holds 112 claims totalling 245 km2 located in North-western Ontario, Canada together comprising the Manitou Gold Project ("the Project"). The acquisition is intended to position ARX strategically in the past producing Manitou Lake area in the Western Wabigoon geological sub-province of Ontario, Canada. The Project is a large contiguous land package along strike from the historic Gold Rock gold mining district and covers a portion of and is also adjacent to the major first order fault system that hosts most major gold deposits that are currently producing or under development in the Western Wabigoon. Completion of the Transaction is subject to ARX shareholder approval, and ARX and the vendors of GNR each undertaking due diligence, within the period of 70 days from the date of the Agreement.

On 2 March 2018 the Group allotted 908,154 fully paid ordinary shares at \$0.51 being the shortfall arising from the Rights Issue undertaken by the Group in the latter part of 2017 that closed on 4 December 2017. The placement of these shares raised \$463,158 which is to be applied by the Group for the purpose of investigating and funding new project acquisitions or joint ventures and ongoing working capital.

No other transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which would be likely, in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group, in future financial years.

32 PARENT ENTITY DISCLOSURES

As at, and throughout, the financial year ended 31 December 2017 the parent entity of the Group was Arc Exploration Limited.

	2017	2016	
	\$	\$	
Result of parent entity			
Profit/(loss) for the period	(785,810)	(340,322)	
Other comprehensive income	-	100,280	
Total comprehensive income for the period	(785,810)	(240,042)	
Financial position of parent entity at year end			
Current assets	778,237	734,433	
Total assets	6,109,099	6,327,025	
Current liabilities	197,538	165,072	
Total liabilities	197,538	165,072	
Total equity of parent entity comprising of:			
Share capital	150,979,294	150,443,876	
Reserves	1,137,623	1,137,623	
Accumulated losses	(146,205,356)	(145,419,546)	
Total equity	5,911,561	6,161,953	

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

- 1 In the opinion of the Directors of Arc Exploration Limited ("the Company")
 - (a) the consolidated financial statements, notes and the Remuneration report in the Directors' report are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2017 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with the Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001;
 - (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 2(a)
 - (c) as disclosed in Note 4 there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- The Directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 from the Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer for the financial year ended 31 December 2017.

This declaration is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Dated 29th day of March 2018

Simon O'Loughlin

Argee:

Non-Executive Chairman

Andrew Cooke

Non-Executive Director



Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Arc Exploration Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Arc Exploration Limited (the Company and its subsidiaries (the Group)), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2017 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to Note 4 in the financial report, which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss of \$894,116 during the year ended 31 December 2017. As stated in Note 4, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 4, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

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Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Impairment of mining tenements

Refer to note 14 (Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure)

At 31 December 2017, the Consolidated Entity had capitalised exploration assets of \$5.16m. The Group's accounting policy in respect of exploration and evaluation assets is outlined in Note 2.

This is a key audit matter because the carrying value of the assets are material to the financial statements and the significant judgements applied in determining whether an indicator of impairment exists in relation to capitalised exploration and expenditure assets in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources.

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- We confirmed the existence and tenure of the exploration assets in Indonesia in which the Group has a contracted interest by obtaining confirmation of title from the relevant government agency.
- We confirmed the company relinquished its interest in its Australian tenements and the resulting write off of \$246,680 to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.
- We obtained executed agreements evidencing the Group's interest in those exploration assets and confirmed the currency and good standing of those agreements.
- In assessing whether an indicator of impairment exists in relation to the Group's exploration assets in accordance with AASB 6 – Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, we:
 - examined the minutes of the Group's board meetings and updates from the Group's exploration partners;
 - tested the significant inputs in the Group's cash flow forecasts for consistency with their future activity regarding the exploration assets.
 - discussed with management the Group's ability and intention to undertake further exploration activities.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in Arc Exploration Limited's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2017, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going

concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at The Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_files/ar1.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 5 to 11 of the directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2017.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Arc Exploration Limited for the year ended 31 December 2017, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Nexia Sydney Partnership

Joseph Santangelo

Partner

Dated: 29 March 2018

Sydney