

TERRAMIN AUSTRALIA LIMITED

2017 ANNUAL REPORT

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ABOUT TERRAMIN

Terramin Australia Limited engages in the exploration, evaluation and development of base and precious metal projects in Australia and overseas.

Terramin has a clear focus on growing a production pipeline of base and precious metal projects close to infrastructure and with low capital and operating costs. Consistent with this focus, the Group holds a number of highly prospective mineral deposits and exploration tenements across South Australian and Algerian locations.

Projects include the flagship Tala Hamza Zinc Project, which is located on the Mediterranean coast of Algeria and is a joint venture with an Algerian government-owned company, the Bird-in-Hand Gold Project, Angas Zinc Mine, the Kapunda joint venture, the Adelaide Hills and South Gawler exploration tenements in South Australia. In total, the Group has access to 3 billion pounds of zinc, 252,000 ounces of gold and 260 million pounds of copper in situ.

Terramin has a highly capable team to take projects from exploration through feasibility to production. This team is supported by a Board which has extensive business and project development experience.

The safety of everyone involved in operations is at the core of the Company. The primary objective is to operate in a manner that builds long term, sustainable value for shareholders.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

Feng Sheng

Executive Chairman

Michael Kennedy

Non-Executive Deputy-Chairman

Angelo Siciliano

Non-Executive Director

Kevin McGuinness

Non-Executive Director

Wang Xinyu

Executive Director

EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Martin Janes

COMPANY SECRETARY

Stephane Gauducheau

REGISTERED & BUSINESS OFFICE

Unit 7

202-208 Glen Osmond Road

Fullarton

South Australia, 5063

t: +61 8 8213 1415

e: info@terramin.com.au

w: www.terramin.com.au

AUDITORS

Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd Level 3

170 Frome Street

Adelaide

South Australia, 5000

SHARE REGISTRY

Computershare Investor

Services Pty Ltd

Level 5,115 Grenfell Street,

Adelaide

South Australia, 5000

t: 1300 556 161

t: +61 3 9415 406

MAJOR PROJECTS

TALA HAMZA ZINC PROJECT -ALGERIA (65%)

- Mineral Resource of 68.6 million tonnes @ 4.6% zinc and 1.1% lead.
- Definitive Feasibility Study, mining lease application and Environmental Impact Study substantially completed and ready for lodgement pending agreement by joint venture partners.
- Extensive infrastructure in place.
- · Low power and fuel costs.
- Attractive regional exploration.





BIRD-IN-HAND GOLD PROJECT -SOUTH AUSTRALIA (100%)

- 252,000 ounces at 13.3 g/t Resource.
- Ore body remains open at depth with further exploration upside nearby.
- Scoping Study for Bird-in-Hand indicates strong economics.
- Utilising existing Angas Zinc mine process plant and tailings dam.
- Draft Mining Lease application submitted with South Australia regulator.

MAJOR PROJECTS (continued)

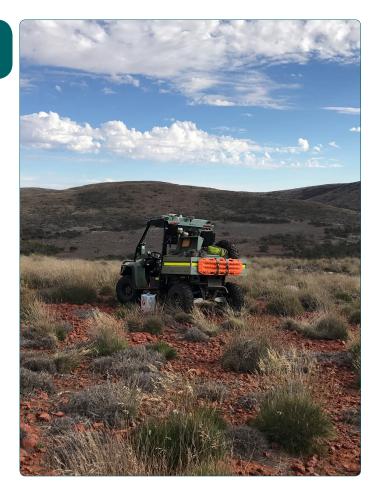


KAPUNDA JOINT VENTURE -SOUTH AUSTRALIA (100% subject to farm-out)

- \$6.0 million Joint venture established to focus on potential development of a low cost shallow insitu recovery (ISR) copper project.
- Mineral Resource of 47.4 million tonnes @ 0.25% for 119,000 tonnes of copper.

SOUTH GAWLER JOINT VENTURE SOUTH AUSTRALIA (100% subject to farm-out)

- \$6.0 million joint venture established with major Australian gold producer.
- Significant exploration footprint of nearly 9,000 square kilometres.
- Exploration to focus on discovering large scale Iron Oxide Copper Gold IOCG deposit.



CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

Dear Fellow Shareholders

In 2017, we observed a broad based recovery in commodity prices and increased investment flows into the commodity markets. There has been substantial increases in base metals prices which reflect sustained increased demand and limited supply. The increase in the price of zinc has been very significant with the price of zinc hitting 10 year highs in early 2018.

The increase in the zinc price is not entirely unexpected. Sustained low zinc prices over the last decade has resulted in a lack of investment in zinc exploration and mine development. This combined with the closure of some large zinc mines due to exhaustion of their orebodies. has resulted in a shortage of zinc metal. The recent increase in the zinc price has resulted in a supply response in zinc production, however this increase in production has largely come from the reopening of smaller marginal zinc mines with limited mine life. The development of new larger long life mining projects that is needed to satisfy demand in the future will take much longer and is by no means assured as the deposits are getting more challenging and the regulatory hurdles are increasing. The Tala Hamza Zinc Project remains well positioned to take advantage of the favourable zinc market.

As this annual report is going to print, the Australian dollar gold price is trading at approximately \$1,700 per ounce, which means that the development of Bird-in-Hand Gold Project remains a very attractive proposition for Terramin. The high grade Resource combined with the modest capital requirements made this project a highly attractive investment proposition.

During the year, your company entered into two new joint ventures which have the ability to add appreciable value to Terramin. A joint venture was established to investigate the feasibility of utilising insitu recovery to recover copper from the shallow 119,000 tonne copper Resource at Kapunda. In addition, a \$6 million exploration joint venture was established with Evolution Mining, one of Australia's largest gold miners, to explore for large copper/gold orebodies in

the 8,958 square kilometre Southern Gawler Ranges exploration properties. We see significant further potential to create additional value from our asset portfolio.

On behalf of my fellow Directors, I would like to acknowledge the ongoing support of our shareholders and in particular those who participated in our successful share placements during the year.

The development of the Tala Hamza Zinc and Bird-in-Hand Gold Projects remain a priority for the Directors of Terramin and we continue to make pleasing progress on these projects.

Tala Hamza Zinc Project

During the year, Terramin finalised the revised Definitive Feasibility Study (**DFS**), mining lease application and environmental impact assessment for the Tala Hamza Zinc Project.

The revised DFS incorporated a number of enhancements to the project which will not only improve economic outcomes but also improve the environmental and social outcomes of the project.

The outcomes of the DFS have been progressively reviewed by our Algerian partners as we have been finalising elements of the study and our partners are continuing their review. At the completion of this review, we are optimistic that we will be in a position to lodge the mining lease application, which will then be reviewed by the Algerian regulators.

Having recently visited Algeria, I am very pleased to see the strong level of support for our project in the various levels of the Algerian government.

Bird-in-Hand Gold Project

The completion of substantially all the technical and environmental studies in respect of the Bird-in-Hand Gold Project has led to the preparation of the mining lease application. The mining lease was submitted in draft form to the South Australian Regulator in December and the Company is now awaiting feedback on this application.

The development of the Bird-in-Hand Gold Mine where the ore from this mine is processed at our existing processing facility at Angas Zinc Mine site has enabled Terramin to propose a low capital, small footprint underground mine which has minimal impact on the environment. We are confident on a positive response from the regulators.

Concluding Remarks

Terramin is in a unique position to advance a world class zinc project and a high grade gold project through their respective final stages of approval. The approval of these projects has the potential to be value accretive to our shareholders which the Directors, management and staff at Terramin remain highly committed to achieving.

Feng Sheng
Chairman



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DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

Your Directors submit their report on the consolidated entity being Terramin Australia Limited (the Company or Terramin) and its controlled entities (the Group), for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 and auditor's report thereon.

DIRECTORS

The following persons were Directors of the Company during the whole of the year and up to the date of the report unless stated otherwise:

Mr Feng Sheng

Executive Chairman - Appointed Director 17 April 2013

- Appointed Executive Chairman 11 January 2018

Mr Sheng is Chairman of Melbourne based Asipac Group (including Asipac Capital Pty Ltd and Asipac Group Pty Ltd) (**Asipac**). He has owned and operated several businesses over the years predominantly focused in property investment and development. Asipac is an active investor in the resources sector and a significant shareholder in Terramin. Asipac is also an active member of the Australia China Business Council and sponsors the organisation at both a national and state level. He is also a Director of Western Mediterranean Zinc Spa (**WMZ**), the company which owns and operates the Tala Hamza Zinc Project in Algeria.

Mr Michael H Kennedy BComm (Economics) Non-Executive Deputy Chairman - Appointed 15 June 2005

Mr Kennedy has enjoyed a 40 year career in the nonferrous mining and smelting industry, and has held a number of senior marketing and logistics roles with the CRA/RTZ Group, managing raw material sales from the Bougainville, Broken Hill, Cobar and Woodlawn mines, managed raw material purchases and supply into the Port Pirie lead smelter, Budel zinc smelter (Netherlands), and the Avonmouth (UK) and Cockle Creek (Newcastle) zinc-lead smelters. He was the resident Director of the Korea Zinc group of companies in Australia from 1991 until 2005, which encompassed the construction and commissioning of the Sun Metals zinc refinery in Townsville. Mr Kennedy is Deputy-Chairman of the Board, and a member of the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee, the Nominations and Remuneration Committee. Mr Kennedy is also a Director of ASX listed, Resource Base Ltd.

Mr Kevin McGuinness

Non-Executive Director - Appointed 17 April 2013

Mr McGuinness is a finance executive with more than 20 years of experience as a Director and in executive management with ASX listed and private companies in the mining, medical equipment industries and not-for- profit organisations. Mr McGuinness was previously the Chief Financial Officer of Exact Mining Services. He is the current Chairman of Zero Waste SA, a Director and former Chairman of the Royal Zoological Society

of SA and a former Director of ASX listed, Ellex Medical Lasers Limited. Mr McGuinness is Chair of the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee, the Nominations and Remuneration Committee. Mr McGuinness is also a Director of WMZ.

Mr Angelo Siciliano FIPA, Registered Tax Agent, BBus Non-Executive Director - Appointed 2 January 2013

Mr Siciliano has more than 20 years of experience as an accountant in property development and financial services. Mr Siciliano is the Chief Financial Officer of Asipac and for the last 16 years has owned and managed an accounting practice predominantly focussing taxation advice and business consulting. Mr Siciliano is a fellow of the Institute of Public Accountants and is a Director of ASX listed Resource Base Limited. He is a member of the Company's Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee, and of the Nominations and Remuneration Committee,

Mr Wang Xinyu

Executive Director – Appointed Director 2 March 2017

 Appointed Executive Director 11 January 2018

Mr Wang is a vice president of China Non-Ferrous Metal Industry's Foreign Enginering and Construction Co Ltd (NFC) and is currently a Director of Industrial Construction Corporation LLC (Mongolia), China Nerin Engineering Co. Ltd and NFC India Pvt. Ltd. Mr Wang has project management experience in a number of smelting and mining operations in the Middle East and Central Asia, notably the Iran Yazd Zinc Mine and Smelter and the Arak Aluminium Smelter Project.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr Stéphane Gauducheau is the Group's Legal Counsel and Company Secretary. He is a lawyer with more than 15 years experience in commercial, corporate and financing transactions. Mr Gauducheau is admitted to legal practice in South Australia and in France.

MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

The number of meetings of the Company's Board of Directors and of each Board committee held during the year ended 31 December 2017, and the number of meetings attended by each Director were:

			Audit, Risk &		Nominations &	
	Directors' Meetings		Compliance Committee		Remuneration Committee	
	Е	Α	Е	Α	Е	Α
F Sheng	5	3	-	-	-	-
M Kennedy	5	5	5	5	1	1
K McGuinness	5	5	5	5	1	1
A Siciliano	5	5	5	5	1	1
X Wang	4	2	-	-	-	-
X Yaheng	-	-	-	-	-	-

E Number of meetings eligible to attend.

A Number of meetings attended.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

During the year, there were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities which continued to focus on the development of and exploration for base and precious metals (in particular zinc, lead and gold) and other economic mineral deposits.

OPERATING RESULTS

The consolidated loss of the Group after providing for income tax was \$3.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2017 (2016: \$3.7 million).

The major contributors to the result were interest costs and administration expenditure in relation to Australian and overseas operations.

The consolidated net asset position as at 31 December 2017 was \$51.9 million, increased from \$45.5 million as at 31 December 2016.

DIVIDENDS PAID OR RECOMMENDED

No dividends were paid or declared during the year and no recommendation was made to pay a dividend.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

During the year, the Company continued to focus on the exploration and evaluation of base and precious metal projects in Australia and Algeria.

Highlights for each of the Company's major projects are reported below.

Tala Hamza Zinc Project

(Terramin 65%)

The Tala Hamza Zinc Project is 100% owned by Western Mediterranean Zinc Spa (WMZ). Terramin has a 65% shareholding in WMZ. The remaining 35% is held by two Algerian Government owned companies: Enterprise National des Produits Miniers Non-Ferreux et des Substances Utiles Spa (ENOF) (32.5%) and Office National de Recherche Géologique et Minière (ORGM) (2.5%). WMZ was formed following a resolution of the State Participation Council (CPE) to create a joint venture between ENOF and Terramin for the development and mining of the Tala Hamza zinc-lead deposit.

During the reporting period, Terramin and WMZ completed the ground work necessary for the finalisation of the revised Definitive Feasibility Study (**DFS**). Terramin completed the hydrological drilling and water pump testing for the purpose of confirming the hydrogeological conditions in preparation for the final design of the mine and to further determine any environmental impact. Terramin and WMZ have also completed the studies on the suitability of the dry stacking of tailings. Thereafter, the Company compiled the final documentation for the mining lease application which incorporate recent project enhancements such as the dry stacking of tailings and the relocation of the processing plant. The documentation for the mining lease application also includes the delivery of an Environmental Impact Assessment. Following

finalisation of the technical aspects of the DFS, the Tala Hamza project team made a series of presentations and meetings with the Algerian partners regarding the technical chapters including mining and financial chapters of the DFS as well as the implementation of the development strategy. The coordinated efforts of the partners has allowed the parties to reach progressive agreement on all key chapters of the DFS. Terramin is now awaiting a formal approval from its partners for the lodgement of the mining lease.

The partners are now working together to provide all the required information to the Algerian regulator in the format that the regulator requires for the mining lease application. The Tala Hamza Exploration licence expired on 1 February 2018. Its renewal is not required as WMZ will lodge a mining lease application immediately after the project partners have resolved to take a decision to mine.

Bird-in-Hand Gold Project

(Terramin Exploration Pty Ltd 100%)

The Bird-in-Hand Gold Project is located approximately 30km north of Terramin's existing mining and processing facilities at the Angas Zinc Mine in Strathalbyn. The project has a high grade Resource of 252,000 ounces of gold which is amenable to underground mining. Subject to required regulatory approvals, the Bird-in-Hand material will be processed utilising the facilities at Angas which can be modified to process gold-bearing material. The existing tailings dam at Angas has the capacity to hold all the Bird-in-Hand tailings.

During the reporting period, the Company focused on completing the groundwater studies which are pivotal to the project. A peer review of these studies has been completed in line with the minimum requirement expected by the mining regulator under the Ministerial Determination issued by the South Australian Government regarding the project.

The Company has substantially completed the studies necessary for the preparation of the mining lease. These studies include ground water modelling, storm and surface water studies, earthworks modelling, geotechnical modelling, soil contamination, visual amenity studies, noise, dust and vibration studies. The surface layout design for the Bird-in-Hand Gold Project site in alignment with community feedback was also developed as well as the risk assessment for the project in relation to the environmental, community and economic impacts.

In addition the Company continued its ongoing community engagement programme which included the formation of a community consultative committee for the project (the Woodside Community Consultative Committee or WCCC) and holding a number of meetings and discussions regarding the project. Other community events were held during the year in order to receive community feedback including community drop-in and focus groups. The focus groups received community feedback regarding economic development, traffic, local

business, noise and vibration relating to proposed mining activity.

The mining lease was submitted in draft form to the Department of Premier and Cabinet (**DPC**) at the end of the reporting period. The Company is now awaiting feedback from the DPC.

Angas Zinc Mine

(Terramin 100%)

The Angas Zinc Mine is located 2 km outside the town of Strathalbyn, 60 km south east of Adelaide. The mine is currently in care and maintenance pending the resumption of exploration at depth and near mine, in addition to evaluation of the development of the Bird-in-Hand Gold Project. The site remains in compliance with the lease conditions on all levels.

As part of the Bird-in-Hand Gold Project it is intended to transport the gold ore to Angas for treatment. Terramin is currently preparing a Miscellaneous Purpose Licence application to be lodged with the South Australia Government mining regulator, DPC, which would permit the processing of gold ore at Angas. The Company continues to engage regularly with the Strathalbyn Community Consultation Committee and has discussed this proposal with the committee. The Company continues to update the committee as plan progress.

Kapunda Copper Joint Venture

(Terramin Exploration Pty Ltd 100%, subject to farm-out)

In August 2017, Terramin entered into an agreement with Environmental Copper Recovery Pty Ltd (ECR) in respect of the potential development of a low cost insitu recovery (ISR) copper project near Kapunda, South Australia, approximately 90 km north of Adelaide. The joint venture will be investigating the potential to extract through ISR the copper from shallow oxide ores in and around the historic Kapunda Mine workings. If field leaching tests are successful, then a feasibility study of the project to produce copper (and possibly gold) will be commissioned. Under the terms of the agreement, ECR can earn a 50% interest in the project after spending \$2.0 million and a further 25% after spending an additional \$4.0 million. Subject to the completion of this expenditure, Terramin will retain 25% and receive a 1.5% royalty in respect of all metals extracted by the joint venture.

Subsequent to the year end, following an extensive review of historical drill data, historical mining records along with additional test work, Terramin and ECR have estimated a combined Resource of 47.4 million tonnes at 0.25% copper containing 119,000 tonnes of copper using a 0.05% copper cut off. This Resource estimate is only in respect of that part of the Kapunda mineralisation that is considered amenable to ISR (copper oxides and secondary copper sulphides) and only reports mineralisation that is within 100 metres of the surface.

South Gawler Project Joint Venture (Menninnie Metals Pty Ltd (MMPL) 100%, subject to farm-out)

In June 2017, Terramin entered into an Earn-in and joint venture agreement with Evolution Mining Limited for the exploration of the South Gawler Project which consists of 11 tenements totalling 4,754km² held by MMPL in the northern Eyre Peninsula of South Australia, approximately 320km northwest of Adelaide. Exploration will primarily target Iron Oxide Copper Gold (IOCG) breccia deposits in areas that have seen limited exploration thus far. The joint venture has been formed to accelerate exploration of breccia style targets with similar characteristics to Olympic Dam, Carrapateena, Prominent Hill and IOCG deposits elsewhere. Under the terms of this agreement, Evolution can earn a 70% interest in the project after spending \$4 million on exploration over four years and at which point, at its election, MMPL may contribute pro-rata and retain 30% of the project, otherwise Evolution may elect to earn an additional 10% interest in the project (total 80%) by spending a further \$2 million over two years, after which a pro-rata period will operate.

Since the establishment of the joint venture, the exploration area has been increased to 8,321km² under exploration licence with a further 637km² subject to an exploration licence application. The interpretation of data from a recently completed gravity survey that focused on several iron-rich vein and breccia systems in the central part of the project indicates a low probability for a large subsurface ironstone occurrence in the survey area. Further analysis of the gravity data and an integrated magnetic/gravity inversion model is currently being completed. This will be combined with results from a 1200 sample regional geochemical program to improve understanding of the geological setting of the veins and breccias and plan the next phase of IOCG targeting.

Adelaide Hills Project

(Terramin / Terramin Exploration Pty Ltd 100%)

The Adelaide Hills Project consists of twelve contiguous exploration tenements that cover 3,702km² stretching 120km between Victor Harbor and Kapunda. This project area is considered prospective for gold, copper, lead, zinc and rare earth elements. In addition to Bird-in-Hand Gold Project and the Kapunda Copper Project current active project areas include: Wild Horse, Wheal Barton and Cambrai.

Corporate

During the year, the Company raised \$12 million in two separate share placements with new investors in February and October 2017. The funds raised by the placements have been used to complete the final steps towards a decision to mine by the Tala Hamza Zinc Project partners and the lodgement of the mining lease application, complete the work required for the lodgement of the mining lease application for the Bird-in-Hand Gold Project and for general working capital.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the Company and its major shareholder, the Asipac Group, have agreed to extend the \$5 million Corporate Facility, \$6 million Bird-in-Hand Facility and \$3.25 million Stand-by Facility by 12 months. These facilities will mature on 31 October 2018.

During the reporting period, no existing options have been exercised. A total 1,750,000 options did expire and no new options have been issued.

Following the feedback received from some shareholders at the Company's AGM in May 2017, the Board resolved to pay owing and all future directors' fees in cash. In addition, the Board and the CEO have agreed to vary the CEO's remuneration by paying his full salary in cash thereby removing the share rights component of his remuneration. All outstanding share rights will convert to shares in accordance with the terms of the Terramin Employee Share Right Plan. A total of 261,213 share rights have been issued to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) as part of his remuneration during the reporting period.

Business Development Activities

Throughout 2017, the Company continued to identify, assess and, where appropriate, pursue the acquisition of interests in advanced mining projects.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS

No significant change in the state of affairs of the Group occurred during the financial year, other than as already referred to in this report.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has restructured its Board and senior management roles to ensure appropriate focus on the critical government permitting phase of the Tala Hamza Project in Algeria. Mr Bruce Sheng has assumed the role of Executive Chairman taking a greater role in the permitting phase to develop the project. In addition, Mr Xinyu Wang, a Vice President of NFC (China Nonferrous Metal Industry's Foreign Engineering and Construction Co Ltd), has moved to an Executive Director role. Along with current Board member, Mr Kevin McGuinness, Mr Sheng and Mr Wang have formed a dedicated committee of the Board to work with senior management focused on finalising project approvals from the various Algerian regulatory, and the grant of the formal mining lease.

Mr Martin Janes has transitioned from the role of CEO to an executive corporate role. He has overall management responsibility for Terramin's corporate and finance functions as well as the Australian projects and exploration activities including the key Bird-in-Hand Gold Project.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Group will continue to work with its Algerian partners to reach a decision to mine, obtain the regulatory approvals and proceed with the development of the Tala Hamza Zinc Project. The Group also intends to continue to progress the Bird-in-Hand Gold Project through to the permitting of the project. The Group intends to continue to undertake appropriate exploration and evaluation expenditure, thereby enabling it to maintain good title to all its prospective mineral properties until decisions can be made to successfully develop and exploit, sell or abandon such properties. New projects will continue to be sought and evaluated.

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

The Group (in particular the Company's Angas Zinc Mine) is subject to significant environmental regulation under both Commonwealth and South Australian legislation in relation to its exploration, development and mining activities. Exploration licences and mining leases are issued subject to various obligations as to environmental monitoring and rehabilitation, and ongoing compliance with all relevant legislative obligations. The Group's Directors, employees and consultants are committed to achieving a high standard of environmental performance, which is monitored by the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee.

Environmental monitoring at Angas is continuing whilst in the care and maintenance phase. Terramin remains compliant with the terms of the Angas Mining Lease.

To the best of the Directors' knowledge there have been no material breaches or other material instances of non-compliance, nor any recorded known areas of outstanding non-compliance, with any applicable environmental legislation or other regulations.

COMPETENT PERSON STATEMENT

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results and Mineral Resources is based on information compiled and reviewed by Mr Eric Whittaker. The information that relates to Ore Reserves is based on information reviewed by Mr Joe Ranford. Mr Whittaker and Mr Ranford are Members of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (AusIMM). Mr Whittaker is the Principal Resource Geologist and Mr Ranford is Chief Technical Officer and Operations Manager and both are full time employees of Terramin Australia Limited. Both have sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined by the relevant 2004 or 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Whittaker and Mr Ranford consent to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on their information in the form and context in which it appears.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board has adopted the ASX Corporate Governance Council's "Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations – 3rd Edition" (ASX Recommendations). The Board regularly monitors and reviews its existing and required policies, charters and procedures with a view to ensuring its compliance with the ASX Recommendations to the extent deemed appropriate for the size of the Company and its development status.

A summary of the Company's ongoing corporate governance practices is set out annually in the Company's annual report.

Good corporate governance practices are also supported by the ongoing activities of the following Board committees:

- · Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee; and
- · Nominations and Remuneration Committee

SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Ordinary Shares

As at 31 December 2017, there were 1,869,177,543 fully paid ordinary shares in the capital of the Company on issue.

(b) Unlisted options outstanding at the date of this report

1,750,000 unlisted options over fully paid ordinary shares in the capital of the Company on issue.

TOTAL		1,750,000
19-Dec-18	0.135	1,750,000
Expiry Date	Exercise Price \$	Number of Options on Issue

No person entitled to exercise an option had or has any right by virtue of the option to participate in any share issue of the Company or any other body corporate.

(c) Unlisted options exercised/cancelled during the year

There were no unlisted options over fully paid ordinary shares in the capital of the Company exercised during the period. During the year 1,750,000 options lapsed and were cancelled.

(d) Unlisted options exercised/cancelled since 31 December 2017

No unlisted options over fully paid shares in the Company have been exercised or cancelled since 31 December 2017.

(e) Share rights issued/converted during the year

During the year, 654,773 share rights were issued, among these, 393,560 share rights related to 2016 and 261,213 related to 2017. A total of 561,508 share rights relating to 2016, converted into shares during the Reporting Period.

(f) Share rights issued/converted since 31 December 2017

Since 31 December 2017, a total of 162,215 share rights converted to ordinary shares.

REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED

This remuneration report for the year ended 31 December 2017 outlines the remuneration arrangements of the Company in accordance with requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 (Act) and its regulations. This information has been audited as required by section 308 of the Act.

The remuneration report details the remuneration arrangements for Key Management Personnel (**KMP**). Under the Accounting Standards, KMPs are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the Company including any Director (whether executive or otherwise). The information regarding remuneration and entitlements of the Company's Board and KMP required for the purposes of section 300A of the Act is provided below.

(a) Directors and Other Key Management Personnel Information

The following persons were Directors of the Company during the financial year and up until the date of this report unless stated otherwise:

Non-Executive Directors

- Mr F Sheng (Chairman Non-Independent)¹
- Mr MH Kennedy (Deputy Chairman Independent)
- Mr A Siciliano (Non-Independent)
- Mr K McGuinness (Independent)
- Mr Y Xie (Non-Independent) Retired 2 March 2017
- Mr X Wang (non-Independent) ¹
- 1. Mr Sheng and Mr Wang were appointed Executive Chairman and Executive Director respectively by the board on 11 January 2018.

The following persons are also KMP of the Group:

Other Key Management Personnel

- Mr MS Janes (Chief Executive Officer)²
- Mr JF Ranford (Chief Technical Officer and Operations Manager)
- Mr SD Gauducheau (Legal Counsel and Company Secretary)

There have been no changes to KMP since the reporting date and before the date the Financial Report was authorised for issue.

2. Mr Janes transitioned from CEO to an executive corporate role in charge of Australian operations on 11 January 2018.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

(b) Nominations and Remuneration Committee

The Nominations and Remuneration Committee is a committee of the Board. The current members of the committee are Mr K McGuinness (Chair), Mr MH Kennedy and Mr A Siciliano.

The Committee is responsible to assist the Board to:

- ensure it is of an effective composition, size and commitment to adequately discharge its responsibilities and duties; and
- independently ensure that the Company adopts and complies with remuneration policies that:
 - attract, retain and motivate high calibre Directors and Executives so as to enhance performance by the Company;
 - are consistent with the human resource needs of the Company; and
 - motivate Directors and management to pursue the long-term growth and success of the Company within an appropriate control framework and ensure that shareholder and employee interests are aligned.

(c) Remuneration Policy and Practices

This report outlines the remuneration arrangements for KMP of the Company. It is recognised that the performance of the Company depends on the quality and skills of its Directors and Executives. The Board is mindful of the need to attract, motivate and retain highly skilled Directors and Executives.

Compensation of KMPs of the Group is competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced Directors and Executives in accordance with the following principles:

- Provide competitive rewards in accordance with market standards to attract and retain high calibre Directors and other KMP; and
- Link rewards with the strategic goals and performance of the Group and the creation of shareholder value (by the granting of share options where appropriate).

The policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration of the KMP includes consideration of individual performance in addition to the overall performance of the Group. Historically, the Group's performance was measured by a range of financial and production indicators. Since the Angas Zinc Mine was placed in care and maintenance, the remuneration of KMPs is dependent upon achievement of progress towards a number of company objectives: (1) company funding; (2) progress towards the development of the Tala Hamza Zinc Project (including delivery of revised DFS, decision to mine by the partners, approvals, funding and transition towards development); (3) progress towards the development of the Bird-in-Hand Gold Project (including

approvals, financing, firming and expanding the existing resource); and (4) growing the Company's assets.

(d) Use of Remuneration Consultants

From time to time the Nominations and Remuneration Committee may seek external remuneration advice as required. No such advice was obtained during the reporting period.

(e) Remuneration Report Approval

At the last Annual General Meeting held on 17 May 2017, the Remuneration Report for the financial year ending 31 December 2016 was not approved by shareholders. The feedback received by directors related to the use of shares to compensate directors and management. Following that feedback the board resolved to no longer compensate its directors with shares in lieu of cash payment for directors' fees and provision of share rights as part of the CEO's base salary.

(f) Executive Remuneration and Incentives

I. Fixed Remuneration

The fixed portion of Executive remuneration packages comprise a base salary, statutory superannuation payment and FBT charges related to employee benefits, such as car parking.

Executive performance and remuneration packages are reviewed, where possible, annually by the Nominations and Remuneration Committee. The review process includes consideration of both individual performance and the overall performance of the Group.

II. Share Rights

In November 2015, the board approved the creation of an employee share right scheme. Share rights are issued under the Terramin employee share rights plan – Tax Deferred Scheme (disposal restrictions) (**Plan**) for nil consideration to eligible employees as part of their salary package.

Each share right issued under the Plan is an unlisted right to be allocated one ordinary share in the Company under the Plan upon the expiry of a restrictive period determined by the board from the date of entitlement of such share right. The share rights are subject to a restrictive period of one year from the date of entitlement (**Restrictive Period**).

The shares rights are not tradeable or transferrable during the Restrictive Period. After the end of the Restrictive Period, each share right entitles the holder to one fully paid ordinary share to be issued.

An issue of share rights under the Plan is calculated by dividing the eligible employee salary equivalent entitlement with the volume weighted average share price for the 5 days preceding the day of entitlement after a 5% discount is applied.

Following the feedback from shareholders at the 2017 AGM the board resolved to no longer issue share rights under the plan as part of the CEO's base salary.

III. Incentives

Performance based remuneration may include both short-term and long-term incentives, and is designed to reward KMP for meeting or exceeding key performance indicators (KPI's). KPI's may include financial metrics and completion of key group objectives. The Board may from time to time approve the award of such incentives subject to satisfaction of KPI's. The short-term incentive (STI) is an "at risk" bonus which may be provided in the form of cash and/or equity securities. There are no current fixed STI's in place with current KMP.

Long-term incentives may be provided under the Terramin Australia Employee Option Plan (EOP). The Directors may grant options to employees to acquire shares at an exercise price set by the Board. Each share option converts into one ordinary share of the Company when exercised.

The grant of options is linked to the achievement of the Company's objectives (refer item (c) of the remuneration report) and the creation of shareholder value.

There was no issue made under the EOP during the year.

Employment Contracts

Mr Janes, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, entered into an employment contract in June 2013 with no fixed term. Either party may terminate the employment contract without cause by providing 2 months written notice or (in the case of the Company) by making payment in lieu. During the reporting period Mr Janes received a salary of \$262,500, including 261,213 share rights (excluding superannuation). After the reporting period, Mr Janes transitioned from CEO to an executive corporate role in charge of Australian operations. There has been no change to the salary or entitlements of Mr Janes.

Mr Ranford, the Company's Chief Technical Officer and Operations Manager, entered into an employment contract with the Company in June 2012. Under this contract, Mr Ranford receives a salary of \$293,550 per annum (excluding superannuation). Mr Ranford resigned from his position and his employment with the Company terminates on 30 March 2018.

Mr Gauducheau, the Group's Legal Counsel and Company Secretary, signed an employment contract in November 2009 which was subsequently amended. Under this contact, Mr Gauducheau receives a salary of \$200,000 per annum (excluding superannuation). Either party may terminate the employment contract without cause by providing 2 months written notice or (in the case of the Company) by making a payment in lieu. In addition, Mr Gauducheau will be entitled to receive a termination payment equivalent to 6 months' salary upon termination.

Unless agreed otherwise by the board, termination payments of any Executives or employees are not payable in the instance of resignation or dismissal for serious misconduct.

(g) Directors Remuneration

I. Remuneration

The maximum aggregate fees payable to Non-Executive Directors is subject to approval by shareholders at a general meeting. All securities issued to Directors and related parties must be approved by shareholders at a general meeting.

Non-Executive Directors are either paid a base fee plus superannuation, or remunerated via contractual arrangements approved by the Board and negotiated in consultation with the Nominations and Remuneration Committee. The current Non-Executive base fees (other than fees for the Chairman and Deputy Chairman) are \$40,000 per annum. The Chairman and Deputy Chairman receive \$100,000 and \$60,000 per annum respectively. The non-directors fees paid are consistent with fees paid to non-executive directors of comparable companies. Company policy supports the issue, where appropriate, of equity securities to Directors (whether Executive or Non-Executive) to help ensure Directors' interests are aligned with those of shareholders. However taking into account the feedback from shareholders at the last AGM, the board has not paid director's fees in shares during the reporting period.

The aggregate fees paid to Non-Executive Directors during 2017 was \$521,319 (with a further \$41,250 remaining unpaid at reporting date) compared to the maximum limit approved by shareholders at the 2010 Annual General Meeting of \$700,000.

The Board recognises that from time to time, Non-Executive Directors are called upon to provide services in addition to their usual Director's duties. Accordingly, Directors may be compensated for additional duties undertaken at the request of the Board, for instance extensive travels to Algeria or meetings with overseas investors. In accordance with Company policy additional compensation of up to \$1,000 per day may be provided to Directors for work additional to standard Board duties. This form of Non-Executive compensation is only provided in circumstances where Directors are required to commit time beyond that expected of a Non-Executive Director role and requires a continuous commitment of 2 or more days. Additional remuneration may be paid in shares in lieu of cash subject to shareholder approval.

During 2017 no additional fees were paid to Non-Executive Directors in relation to work outside of standard Board duties.

II. Director Options

Other than noted above, there were no options or other equity securities issued to Directors during the year as remuneration.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

III. Retirement or other Post-Employment Benefits

The Company has no policy to provide benefits to its Directors or Executives upon their retirement or otherwise upon cessation of employment, other than by making the statutory superannuation guarantee contributions as required by law.

IV. Board and Committees – Membership and Remuneration

The following table sets out the Chair and members of each committee and the annual fees allocated for each position.

Committee	Chairman Fee \$	Vice Chairman Fee \$	Member Fee \$
Each Non-Executive Director	100,000	60,000	40,000
Additional work to standard Board duties ¹	1,000/day	1,000/day	1,000/day
Audit, Risk & Compliance			
K McGuinness (Chair), MH Kennedy, A Siciliano	7,500	-	5,000
Nominations & Remunerat	ion		
K McGuinness (Chair), MH Kennedy, A Siciliano	7,500	-	5,000
Due Diligence			
K McGuinness (Chair), MH Kennedy	-	-	-

Subject to Board approval to compensate for work undertaken in addition to standard Director's duties and requires a commitment of 2 or more days.

(h) Parent Entity Directors' and Executives' Remuneration and Entitlements

During the year, the following cash and non-cash payments were made to the KMP:

		Short	Term	Post Emp	oloyment	Share-bas	sed paymer	nts	Total
		Salary & Fees	Contract Payments	Super- annuation Benefits	Termination Benefits	Share Rights	Shares	% of Total	
Non-Executive Directors ^{1/2}									
MH Kennedy	2017	63,927	-	6,073	-	-	-	0.0%	70,000
	2016	63,927	-	6,073	-	-	-	0.0%	70,000
A Siciliano	2017	-	50,000	-	-	-	-	0.0%	50,000
	2016	-	50,000	-	-	-	-	0.0%	50,000
F Sheng	2017	-	100,000	-	-	-	-	0.0%	100,000
	2016	-	100,000	-	-	-	-	0.0%	100,000
K McGuinness	2017	-	55,000	-	-	-	-	0.0%	55,000
	2016	-	55,000	-	-	-	-	0.0%	55,000
W Xinyu	2017	-	33,115	-	-	-	-	0.0%	33,115
	2016	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0%	-
Y Xie	2017	-	6,885	-	-	-	-	0.0%	6.885
	2016	-	40,000	-	-	-	-	0.0%	40,000
Key Management Personnel									
MS Janes	2017	218,750	-	24,938	-	43,750 ³	-	15.2%	287,438
	2016	175,000	-	24,938	-	87,5004	-	30.4%	287,438
JF Ranford	2017	293,550	-	27,887	-	-	-	0.0%	321,437
	2016	293,550	-	27,887	-	-	-	0.0%	321,437
SD Gauducheau	2017	200,000	-	19,000	-	-	-	0.0%	219,000
	2016	200,000	-	19,000	-	-	-	0.0%	219,000
TOTAL	2017	776,227	245,000	77,898	-	43,750	-	-	1,142,875
	2016	732,477	245,000	77,898	-	87,500	-	_	1,142,875

^{1.} Refer to page 16 of the Directors' Report for details of Non-Executive Directors' fees allocated by role.

^{2.} In 2016 director remuneration for all Non-executive Directors (other than Mr Xie) was split as 50% to be paid in cash and 50% to be issued in shares subject to shareholder approval at the Annual General Meeting. No shares were issued as remuneration of directors for 2017.

^{3.} Represents 100% of the Group's CEO share rights entitlement for 2017.

Represents 100% of the Group's CEO share rights entitlement for 2016. As at 31 December 2016, a total value of Share Rights (\$43,750) were
not yet issued. The outstanding rights were issued in early 2017.

(i) Key management personnel – shares and options over equity instruments

The movement during the reporting period in the number of ordinary shares or options over ordinary shares in Terramin Australia Limited by each KMP is as follows:

	Shares Balance 1 Jan 17	Shares Acquire	d during Year	Shares Gran Remune		Shares Disposed of during Year	Balance Shares 31 Dec 17
Parent Entity Directors							0.200
MH Kennedy	3,934,580		-		_	-	3,934,580
A Siciliano	9,923,168		-		_	-	9,923,168
K McGuinness	2,023,580		_		-	-	2,023,580
F Sheng	620,713,916		-		_	-	620,713,916
Y Xie	-		_		-	-	-
W Xinyu	-		-		-	-	-
Other Key Managemen	t Personnel						
MS Janes	760,000		-	56	31,508	-	1,321,508
JF Ranford	500,000		-		-	-	500,000
SD Gauducheau	683,771		-		-	-	683,771
Total	638,539,015		-	56	61,508	-	639,100,523
	Options Balance 1 Jan 17		Granted ncentive ¹	Options Exe	rcised	Options Lapsed	Balance Options 31 Dec 17
Parent Entity Directors							
MH Kennedy	-		-		-	-	-
A Siciliano	-		-		-	-	-
K McGuinness	-		-		-	-	-
F Sheng	-		-		-	-	-
Y Xie	-		-		-	-	-
W Xinyu	-		-		-	-	-
Other Key Management	t Personnel						
MS Janes	1,500,000		-		-	(750,000)	750,000
JF Ranford	1,000,000		-		-	(500,000)	500,000
SD Gauducheau	1,000,000		-		-	(500,000)	500,000
Total	3,500,000		-		-	(1,750,000)	1,750,000
	Share R	ights Balance 1 Jan 17		ights Issued in ash Payments¹	Share	Rights Converted into Shares	Balance Share Rights 31 Dec 2017
Parent Entity Directors							
MH Kennedy		-		-		-	-
A Siciliano		-		-		-	-
K McGuinness		-		-		-	-
F Sheng		-		-		-	-
Y Xie		-		-		-	-
W Xinyu		-		-		-	-
Other Key Management	t Personnel						
MS Janes		330,563		654,773		(561,508)	423,828
JF Ranford		-		-		-	-
SD Gauducheau		-		-		-	-
Total		330,563		654,773		(561,508)	423,828

^{1.} Relates to the conversion of share rights previously issued as remuneration. Further details of Shares, Share Rights and Options, including terms and exercise price are included at items ((f), (j) and (k) of the Remuneration Report.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

(j) Shares and Options Issued or Lapsed during the Year

No shares or options were granted to Non-executive Directors or other KMPs as remuneration during the year. In December 2017, 1,750,000 unlisted options lapsed and were accordingly cancelled.

(k) Share Rights Issued or Converted during the Year

During the year, 654,773 share rights were issued, 393,560 and 261,213 relating to the 2016 and 2017 calendar years respectively. A total of 561,508 share rights relating to 2016, converted into shares during the Reporting Period.

(I) Other Director and Key Management Personnel transactions

Some KMP, or their related parties, hold positions in other entities that result in them having control or significant influence over the financial or operating policies of those entities.

These entities transacted with the Group in the reporting period. The terms and conditions of the transactions were no more favourable than those available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available, on similar transactions to non-Director related entities on an arm's length basis.

At 31 December 2017, Asipac owned 33.18% of the ordinary shares in Terramin (2016: 34.54%) and is controlled by Mr Sheng who is the Executive Chairman of the Company. Mr Siciliano is the Chief Financial Officer of Asipac.

The value of transactions relating to KMP and entities over which they have control or significant influence were as follows:

Directors fees outstanding as at 31 December 2017:

	2017	2016
M Kennedy ¹	-	26,250
A Siciliano ¹	13,750	66,179
K McGuinness ¹	-	27,271
F Sheng	27,500	137,555
Y Xie ¹	76,875	70,000
X Wang	33,115	-
	151,240	327,255

^{1.} Mr Kennedy, Mr Siciliano and Mr McGuinness are Non-Executive Directors of the Company.

Other transactions with related parties are disclosed at note 19(b).

(m) Share Trading Policies

All Company employees and contractors, Directors and Executives are subject to the Company's Share Trading Policy (available on the Company's website) with respect to limiting their exposure to risk in relation to the Company's securities, including securities issued as an element of Executive remuneration. The Company's Share Trading Policy requires all officers, employees and consultants to the Company to notify the Chairman and Company Secretary of any intention to deal in the Company's securities, whether by sale or purchase of shares on market, or the exercise of options. The notified dealing is subject to the approval of the Chairman. In addition, and in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 12, the Company's trading policy provides that all Directors, officers and consultants are prohibited from trading in the Company's securities during specific periods. The Board considers that, in light of the size and structure of the Company and the absence of a secondary market for the Company's securities, this policy provides adequate protection against unauthorised dealings by Directors and specified Executives, in particular in relation to risk mitigation. The current Share trading policy has been approved by the board on 9 April 2015.

END OF REMUNERATION REPORT KMP EQUITY INTEREST

The KMP of the Company had the following direct or indirect interests in the equity of the Company as at the date of this report:

	Fully paid ordinary shares	Options	Share Rights
Parent Entity Dire	ectors		
MH Kennedy	3,934,580	-	-
A Siciliano	9,923,168	-	-
K McGuinness	2,023,580	-	-
F Sheng	620,713,916	-	-
W Xinyu	-	-	-
Other Key Manag	ement Personnel		
MS Janes	1,321,508	750,000	423,828
JF Ranford	500,000	500,000	-
SD Gauducheau	683,771	500,000	-
Total	639.100.523	1.750.000	423.828

INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance has been subscribed to. The officers of the Company and the Group covered by the insurance policy includes any person acting in the course of duties for the Company or the Group who is or was a Director, secretary or senior Executive. The contract of insurance prohibits the disclosure of the nature of the liability covered and the amount of the premium. The Group has not otherwise, during or since the end of the period, indemnified or agreed to indemnify an officer or auditor of the Group or any related body corporate against a liability incurred as such an officer or auditor.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

No non-audit services have been provided in the current year.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

The Auditor's Independence Declaration for the year ended 31 December 2017 can be found on page 21 and forms part of the Directors' Report.

LITIGATION

As at the date of this report, no person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Act for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company of all or any part of those proceedings. No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the Act.

ROUNDING

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 and in accordance with the instrument, amounts in the financial report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

Signed in Adelaide this 29th day of March 2018 in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Feng Sheng

Kevin McGuinness

Chairman

Director

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The Directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. the financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 26 to 50, and the remuneration disclosures contained in pages 13 to 18 of the Directors' Report, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, and:
 - a. comply with Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - b. give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 December 2017 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the consolidated entity;
- 2. the Chief Executive Officer and Commercial Manager have each declared that:
 - a. the financial records of the Company for the financial year have been properly maintained in accordance with section 286 of the Corporations Act 2001;
 - b. the financial statements and notes for the financial year comply with the Accounting Standards;
 - the declaration is provided in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 and is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks; and
 - d. the financial statements and notes for the financial year give a true and fair view;
- 3. in the Directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- 4. the consolidated financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 2(a). This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Feng Sheng

Chairman

29 March 2018

Kevin McGuinness

Director

29 March 2018

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION



Grant Thornton House Level 3 170 Frome Street Adelaide, SA 5000 Correspondence to: GPO Box 1270 Adelaide SA 5001

T 61 8 8372 6666 F 61 8 8372 6677 E info.sa@au.gt.com W www.grantthornton.com.au

Auditor's Independence Declaration To the Directors of Terramin Australia Limited

In accordance with the requirements of section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, as lead auditor for the audit of Terramin Australia Limited for the year ended 31 December 2017, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- b no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

GRANT THORNTON AUDIT PTY LTD

Chartered Accountants

Grant Thomson

J L Humphrey

Partner - Audit & Assurance

Adelaide, 29 March 2018

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T 61 8 8372 6666 F 61 8 8372 6677 E info.sa@au.gt.com W www.grantthornton.com.au

Independent Auditor's Report To the Members of Terramin Australia Limited

Report on the audit of the financial report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Terramin Australia Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a Giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2017 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

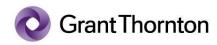
We draw attention to Note 2(c) in the financial statements, which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss of \$3.0 million during the year ended 31 December 2017 bringing accumulated losses to \$169.9 million. As stated in Note 2(c), these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 2(c), indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In addition to the matter described in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Exploration and Evaluation Assets – valuation Note 3(i) and 10	
At 31 December 2017 the carrying value of Exploration and Evaluation Assets was \$59.6 million, consisting of \$16.9 million on Australian and \$42.7 million on North African assets. In accordance with AASB 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources, the Group is required to assess at each reporting date if there are any triggers for impairment which may suggest the carrying value is in excess of the recoverable value. The process undertaken by management to assess whether there are any impairment triggers in each area of interest involves an element of management judgement. This area is a key audit matter due to the significant judgement involved in determining the existence of impairment triggers.	 Our procedures included, amongst others: obtaining management's reconciliation of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure and agreeing to the general ledger; reviewing management's area of interest considerations against AASB 6; conducting a detailed review of management's assessment of trigger events prepared in accordance with AASB 6 including; tracing projects to statutory registers, exploration licenses and third party confirmations to determine whether a right of tenure existed; enquiry of management regarding their intentions to carry out exploration and evaluation activity in the relevant exploration area, including review of management's budgeted expenditure; understanding whether any data exists to suggest that the carrying value of these exploration and evaluation assets are unlikely to be recovered through development or sale; assessing the accuracy of impairment recorded for the year as it pertained to exploration interests; evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of management's experts in the evaluation of potential impairment triggers; and assessing the appropriateness of the related financial statement disclosures.



Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Property, Plant and Equipment – valuation Note 3(e) and 9	
At 31 December 2017 the carrying value of Property, Plant and Equipment was \$8.5 million, with the majority of this value being attributed to freehold land associated with Bird-in-Hand and Angas Zinc Mine sites and plant and equipment held at scrap value at its Angas Zinc Mine site. The evaluation of the recoverable amount of the assets requires significant judgement in determining key assumptions supporting the expected future cash flows and the utilisation of the relevant assets. This area is a key audit matter due to the level of judgement and estimation used in determining the existence of impairment triggers.	 Our procedures included, amongst others: Obtaining management's reconciliation of capital assets and agreeing to the general ledger; Reviewing management's impairment consideration over the carrying value of freehold land and property at the Angas site and comparing this to other externally available data; Obtaining management's discounted cash flow model for the Bird in Hand mine and analysing for appropriateness against AASB 136 Impairment of Assets, including: Understanding management's assumptions; Performing sensitivity analysis on the assumptions; Comparing forecast production against available reserves; Evaluating management's experts in relation to compilation of reserves used in the model prepared by management; and Reviewing the appropriateness of the related disclosures within the financial statements.
Provision for Restoration – completeness Note 3(k) and 13	
As at 31 December 2017, the Group has a liability of \$4.4 million relating to the estimated cost of rehabilitation, decommissioning and restoration relating to areas disturbed during operation of the Angas Zinc Mine but not yet rehabilitated. The provision is based upon current cost estimates and has been determined on a discounted basis with reference to current legal requirements and technology. At each reporting date the rehabilitation liability is reviewed and re-measured in line with any changes in observable assumptions, timing and the latest estimates of the costs to be incurred based on area of disturbance at reporting date. The area is a key audit matter as the determination of the costs of restoration and rehabilitation involves complexity and significant management judgement.	 Our procedures included, amongst others: Obtaining the restoration provision calculation prepared by management and agreeing to the general ledger; Undertaking an evaluation of managements experts used in the assessment of the provision and its assumptions; Testing the revisions to the provision against our understanding of the business and approved external bond calculation for the Angas site; Recalculating the implied interest charges associated with the time value of money; Considering the inputs into the calculation including the discount and inflation rates for comparison to external sources as well as the expected timing of cash flows; and Reviewing the appropriateness of the related disclosures within the financial statements.

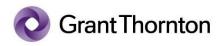
Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2017, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of the Directors' for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors responsibilities/ar1.pdf. This description forms part of our

<u>nttp://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar1.pdf</u>. This description forms part of ou auditor's report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2017.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Terramin Australia Limited, for the year ended 31 December 2017, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

GRANT THORNTON AUDIT PTY LTD

Chartered Accountants

J L Humphrey

Partner - Audit & Assurance

Adelaide, 29 March 2018

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Consumables and other direct costs		(702)	(801)
Employee expenses		(1,336)	(1,122)
Depreciation and amortisation	9	(44)	(43)
Exploration and evaluation expensed (Oued Amizour Project)		-	(238)
Exploration and evaluation write-down		-	(498)
Mine rehabilitation liability - reassessment	13	1,496	(77)
Other expenses		(983)	(684)
Loss before net financing costs and income tax		(1,569)	(3,463)
Finance income	5	4	6
Finance costs	5	(1,615)	(1,402)
Net finance costs		(1,611)	(1,396)
Loss before income tax		(3,180)	(4,859)
Income tax benefit	17	-	1,116
Loss for the year		(3,180)	(3,743)
Attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(2,996)	(3,587)
Non-controlling interest	16	(184)	(156)
Loss for the year		(3,180)	(3,743)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations		(1,717)	(462)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year, net of income tax (tax: nil)		(1,717)	(462)
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company		(4,897)	(4,205)
Attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(4,713)	(4,049)
Non-controlling interest		(184)	(156)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(4,897)	(4,205)
Earnings per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Compa	any:		
	Note	2017	2016
Basic earnings/(loss) per share - (cents per share)	26(a)	(0.16)	(0.20)

The Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Assets	71010	4 000	Ψ σσσ
Cash and cash equivalents	6	2,698	1,037
Trade and other receivables	8	68	106
Other assets		77	75
Total current assets		2,843	1,218
Non-current assets			
Inventories	7	632	661
Property, plant and equipment	9	8,497	8,531
Exploration and evaluation	10	59,627	56,278
Total non-current assets		68,756	65,470
TOTAL ASSETS		71,599	66,688
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	11	1,737	3,529
Short term borrowings	12	13,061	11,457
Provisions	13	323	314
Total current liabilities		15,121	15,300
Non-current liabilities			
Long term borrowings	12	11	9
Provisions	13	4,548	5,849
Total non-current liabilities		4,559	5,858
TOTAL LIABILITIES		19,680	21,158
NET ASSETS		51,919	45,530
Equity			
Share capital	14	215,318	204,054
Reserves	15	(7,442)	3,199
Accumulated losses		(169,909)	(175,859)
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company		37,967	31,394
Non-controlling interest	16	13,952	14,136
TOTAL EQUITY		51,919	45,530

The Consolidated Statement of Financial Position is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

2017	Share capital \$'000	Share based payments reserve \$'000	Translation reserve \$'000	Accumulated losses \$'000	Total \$'000	Non- controlling interest \$'000 (note 16)	Total equity \$'000
Balance at 1 January 2017	204,054	9,014	(5,815)	(175,859)	31,394	14,136	45,530
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(2,996)	(2,996)	(184)	(3,180)
Other comprehensive income							
Foreign currency translation differences	-	-	(1,717)	-	(1,717)	-	(1,717)
Total other comprehensive income	-	-	(1,717)	-	(1,717)	-	(1,717)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(1,717)	(2,996)	(4,713)	(184)	(4,897)
Transactions with owners, recorded dir	ectly in eq	uity					
Contributions by and distributions to o	wners						
Issue of ordinary shares (note 14)	12,000	-	-	-	12,000	-	12,000
Share issue costs	(802)	-	-	-	(802)	-	(802)
Share rights issued (note 24(f))	-	88	-	-	88	-	88
Share rights converted into ordinary shares	66	(66)	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer lapsed options to retained earnings	-	(8,946)	-	8,946	-	-	-
Total contributions by and distributions to owners	11,264	(8,924)	-	8,946	11,286	-	11,286
Balance at 31 December 2017	215,318	90	(7,532)	(169,909)	37,967	13,952	51,919
2016	Share capital \$'000	Share based payments reserve \$'000	Translation reserve \$'000	Accumulated losses \$'000	Total \$'000	Non- controlling interest \$'000 (note 16)	Total equity \$'000
Balance at 1 January 2016	203,913	8,970	(5,353)	(172,272)	35,258	14,292	49,550
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(3,587)	(3,587)	(156)	(3,743)
Other comprehensive income							
Foreign currency translation differences	-	-	(462)	-	(462)	-	(462)
Total other comprehensive income	-	-	(462)	-	(462)	-	(462)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(462)	(3,587)	(4,049)	(156)	(4,205)
Transactions with owners, recorded dir	ectly in eq	uity					
Contributions by and distributions to o	wners						
Issue of ordinary shares (note 24(e))	141	-	-	-	141	-	141
Share rights issued (note 24(f))	-	44	-	-	44	-	44
Total contributions by and distributions to owners	141	44	-	-	185	-	185
Balance at 31 December 2016	204,054	9,014	(5,815)	(175,859)	31,394	14,136	45,530

The Consolidated Statement of Change in Equity is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Cash from operating activities:			
Payments to suppliers and employees		(4,456)	(1,933)
Financing costs and interest paid		(1,445)	(369)
Interest received		4	6
Research and development tax concession received		-	1,116
Total cash (used in) operating activities	18	(5,897)	(1,180)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(14)	(22)
Exploration and evaluation expenditure		(4,886)	(3,712)
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(4,900)	(3,734)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from the issue of share capital		12,000	-
Payment of transaction costs on equity		(802)	-
Proceeds from borrowings		2,817	3,555
Repayment of borrowings		(1,585)	(205)
Net cash from financing activities		12,430	3,350
Other activities:			
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,633	(1,564)
Net foreign exchange differences		28	-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		1,037	2,601
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	6	2,698	1,037

The Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES

to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

1. REPORTING ENTITY

The consolidated financial statements cover the consolidated entity of Terramin Australia Limited and its controlled entities (the Group). Terramin Australia Limited is a listed public company, incorporated and domiciled in Adelaide, Australia. The Group is primarily involved in the development of, and exploration for, precious and base metals (in particular gold, zinc and lead) and other economic mineral deposits.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian interpretations) issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Corporations Act 2001. The consolidated financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). Terramin Australia Limited is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

Terramin Australia Limited is a public company incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The address of its registered office is Unit 7, 202-208 Glen Osmond Road, Fullarton, SA, 5063.

(b) Basis of Measurement

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars (AUD), have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, except for the provision for mine rehabilitation measured at the present value of future cash flows.

The Group is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 and in accordance with the Instrument, amounts in the financial report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

(c) Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

During 2017, the Group incurred a loss of \$3.0 million, and after transfering lapsed options from the share based payments reserve, this brought accumulated losses to \$169.9 million. As at 31 December 2017 the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$12.3 million. The Group had net assets of \$51.9 million.

The financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis on the expectation that the Group can raise additional debt or equity as required. The Directors are aware that additional debt or equity will be required within 12 months, in order to continue as a going concern. The Group's ability to raise equity will rely on

investor confidence in the development or sale of the Bird-in-Hand Gold Project or investment in the Tala Hamza Zinc Project or other assets.

The Directors note that the matters outlined above indicate material uncertainty, which may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern and therefore it may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. At the date of this report, the Directors believe that the Group as adequate resources to continue to explore, evaluate and develop the Group's areas of interest and will ensure the Company has sufficient funds to meet its obligations. Subject to market conditions the Directors believe there are reasonable grounds to conclude that the Company will be able to raise funds by way of debt and/or equity to fund anticipated activities and meet financial obligations. For the reasons outlined above the Board has prepared the Financial Report on a going concern basis.

(d) Use of Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with AASB requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are described in the following notes:

- Note 3(i) Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure: recoverable amount and ore reserve estimates.
- Note 3(k) Provisions: estimated cost of rehabilitation, decommissioning and restoration.
- Note 3(I) Share Based Entitlements and Payments: assumptions are required to be made in respect to measuring share price volatility, dividend yield, future option holding period and other inputs to the Black-Scholes option pricing model fair value calculations.
- Note 3(r) Recognition of tax losses: assessment of the point in time at which it is deemed probable that future taxable income will be derived.

(e) New and Amended Standards Adopted by the Group

I. Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of this Annual Report are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

II. Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet effective

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended that potentially impact the Group but are not yet effective and have not been adopted by the Group for the annual reporting period ended 31 December 2017 are outlined below:

AASB 9 Financial Instruments

AASB 9 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities and includes a forward-looking 'expected loss' impairment model and a substantially-changed approach to hedge accounting.

These requirements improve and simplify the approach for classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of AASB 139. The main changes are:

- a. Financial assets that are debt instruments will be classified based on: (i) the objective of the entity's business model for managing the financial assets; and (ii) the characteristics of the contractual cash flows.
- b. Allows an irrevocable election on initial recognition to present gains and losses on investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading in other comprehensive income (instead of in profit or loss). Dividends in respect of these investments that are a return on investment can be recognised in profit or loss and there is no impairment or recycling on disposal of the instrument.
- c. Introduces a 'fair value through other comprehensive income' measurement category for particular simple debt instruments.
- d. Financial assets can be designated and measured at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities, or recognising the gains and losses on them, on different bases.
- e. Where the fair value option is used for financial liabilities the change in fair value is to be accounted for as follows:
- the change attributable to changes in credit risk are presented in Other Comprehensive Income ('OCI')
- the remaining change is presented in profit or loss
 If this approach creates or enlarges an accounting
 mismatch in the profit or loss, the effect of the
 changes in credit risk are also presented in profit or
 loss.

Otherwise, the following requirements have generally been carried forward unchanged from AASB 139 into AASB 9:

 classification and measurement of financial liabilities; and derecognition requirements for financial assets and liabilities.

AASB 9 requirements regarding hedge accounting represent a substantial overhaul of hedge accounting that enable entities to better reflect their risk management activities in the financial statements.

Furthermore, AASB 9 introduces a new impairment model based on expected credit losses. This model makes use of more forward-looking information and applies to all financial instruments that are subject to impairment accounting.

Based on the entity's assessment, the Standard is not expected to have a material impact on the transactions and balances recognised in the financial statements when it is first adopted for the year ending 31 December 2018.

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Replaces AASB 118 Revenue, AASB 111 Construction Contracts and some revenue-related Interpretations:

- · establishes a new revenue recognition model
- changes the basis for deciding whether revenue is to be recognised over time or at a point in time
- provides new and more detailed guidance on specific topics (e.g. multiple element arrangements, variable pricing, rights of return, warranties and licensing)
- expands and improves disclosures about revenue

Based on the entity's assessment, the Standard is not expected to have a material impact on the transactions and balances recognised in the financial statements when it is first adopted for the year ending 31 December 2018.

AASB 16 - Leases

AASB 16 will replace IAS 17 Leases for financial reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. Early adoption is permitted for companies that also apply AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

The key features of the new standard are:

- elimination of classification of leases as either operating leases or finance leases for a lessee
- the recognition of lease assets and liabilities on the balance sheet, initially measured at present value of unavoidable future lease payments
- recognise depreciation of lease assets and interest on lease liabilities on the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income over the lease term
- separation of the total amount of cash paid into a principal portion and interest in the statement of cashflowsleases of low-value assets (such as personal computers) are exempt from the requirements

NOTES

to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

• 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

 short-term leases (less than twelve months) and leases of low-value assets (such as personal computers) are exempt from the requirements

The Group does not currently have significant operating leases, therefore no material impact on the financial statements is expected.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate those of the Parent Company and all of its subsidiaries as of 31 December 2017. The Parent controls a subsidiary if it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the subsidiary. All subsidiaries have a reporting date of 31 December.

All transactions and balances between Group companies are eliminated on consolidation, including unrealised gains and losses on transactions between Group companies. Where unrealised losses on intra-group asset sales are reversed on consolidation, the underlying asset is also tested for impairment from a Group perspective. Amounts reported in the financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

Profit or loss and other comprehensive income of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are recognised from the effective date of acquisition, or up to the effective date of disposal, as applicable.

Non-controlling interests, presented as part of equity, represent the portion of a subsidiary's profit or loss and net assets that is not held by the Group. The Group attributes total comprehensive income or loss of subsidiaries between the owners of the parent and the non-controlling interests based on their respective ownership interests.

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of four months or less.

(c) Inventories

Non-current inventories represent inventories of spare parts and consumables which are not expected to be used within 12 months.

(d) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised at cost and carried at original invoice amount less allowances for impairment losses.

Impairment of receivables is not recognised until objective evidence is available that a loss event has occurred. Significant receivables are individually assessed for impairment.

(e) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property

Freehold land is measured at cost and buildings are measured at amortised cost.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis less depreciation and any impairment losses recognised.

The depreciable amount of all property, plant and equipment, excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight line basis over their useful lives to the Group commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use down to the any residual value, as determined by the Group. The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset is the lesser of the rate determined by the life of the mining operation and the asset. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Class of Asset	Depreciation rates
Motor vehicles	22.5 - 25%
Computer and office equipment	15 - 40%
Plant and equipment	5 - 33%
Leasehold improvements	20%
Buildings and other infrastructure	5 - 33%

(f) Impairment of Assets

Non-financial Assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying values of its non-financial assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined and compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is recognised as an expense in the profit or loss.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. A CGU is the smallest identifiable asset group that generates cash flows that largely are independent from other assets and groups.

Impairment losses recognised in respect of CGU's are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (group of units) on a pro rata basis.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised, with the exception that any previously impaired goodwill should not be re-recognised.

Financial Assets

A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. An impairment loss in respect of an available-for-sale financial asset is calculated by reference to its current fair value.

Significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics.

All impairment losses are recognised in the profit or loss. Any cumulative loss in respect of an available-for-sale financial asset recognised previously in equity is transferred to the profit or loss.

An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised. For financial assets measured at amortised cost and available-for-sale financial assets that are debt securities, the reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Recoverable Amount

In assessing whether the carrying amount of an asset is impaired, the asset's carrying value is compared with its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of nonfinancial assets or cash-generating units (CGU) is the greater of their fair value or realisable value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing fair value, or value in use, estimates and assumptions including the appropriate rate at which to discount cash flows, the timing of the cash flows, expected life of the relevant area of interest, exchange rates, commodity prices, ore reserves, future capital requirements and future operating performance are used. The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU will be impacted by changes in these estimates and assumptions which could result in an adjustment to the carrying amount of that asset or CGU.

(g) Ore Reserves

Economically recoverable ore reserves represent the estimated quantity of product in an area of interest that can be expected to be profitably extracted, processed and sold under current and foreseeable economic conditions. The determination of ore reserves includes estimates and assumptions about a range of geological, technical and economic factors, including quantities, grades, production techniques, recovery rates, production costs, transport costs, commodity demand, commodity prices and exchange rates. Changes in a project's ore reserve impacts the assessment of recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets, property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, the carrying amounts of assets depreciated on a units of production basis, provisions for site restoration and the recognition of deferred tax assets, including tax losses.

(h) Investments in Associates and Joint Arrangements

Associates are those entities over which the Group is able to exert significant influence but which are not subsidiaries.

A joint venture is an arrangement that the Group controls jointly with one or more other investors, and over which the Group has rights to a share of the arrangement's net assets rather than direct rights to underlying assets and obligations for underlying liabilities. A joint arrangement in which the Group has direct rights to underlying assets and obligations for underlying liabilities is classified as a joint operation.

Investments in associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method. Interests in joint operations are accounted for by recognising the Group's assets (including its share of any assets held jointly), its liabilities (including its share of any liabilities incurred jointly), its revenue from the sale of its share of the output arising from the joint operation, its share of the revenue from the sale of the output by the joint operation and its expenses (including its share of any expenses incurred jointly).

Any goodwill or fair value adjustment attributable to the Group's share in the associate or joint venture is not recognised separately and is included in the amount recognised as investment.

The carrying amount of the investment in associates and joint ventures is increased or decreased to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate and joint venture, adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies of the Group.

Unrealised gains and losses on transactions between the Group and its associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in those entities. Where unrealised losses are eliminated, the underlying asset is also tested for impairment.

NOTES

to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

Exploration and evaluation costs, including the costs of acquiring licenses, are capitalised as exploration and evaluation assets (E&E assets) on an area of interest basis pending determination of the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the project. When a licence expires and is not expected to be renewed, is relinquished or a project is abandoned, the related costs are recognised in the profit or loss immediately. With respect to the Tala Hamza Zinc Project, all exploration and evaluation costs incurred up to February 2016 (at which time the exploration licence was renewed) were expensed. Following the exploration licence renewal, the Company resumed capitalising the value E&E costs.

Tangible and intangible E&E assets that are available for use are depreciated (amortised) over their estimated useful lives. Upon commencement of production, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest are amortised over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the reserves.

E&E assets are assessed for impairment if (1) sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability, and (2) facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount (see impairment note 3(f)). E&E assets are assessed for impairment when any of the following facts and circumstances exist:

- The term of the exploration license in the specific area of interest has expired during the reporting period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed;
- Substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area are not budgeted nor planned;
- Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the decision was made to discontinue such activities in the specified area; or
- Sufficient data exists to indicate that, although a
 development in the specific area is likely to proceed,
 the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation
 asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from
 successful development or by sale.

E&E assets are transferred to development assets once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of an area of interest can be demonstrated. E&E assets are assessed for impairment, and any impairment loss is recognised prior to being reclassified.

Pre-licence expenditure and expenditure deemed to be unsuccessful is recognised in the profit or loss immediately.

(i) Trade and Other Payables

Trade payables and other payables are stated at cost.

(k) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Site restoration liability

A provision is recognised for the estimated cost of rehabilitation, decommissioning and restoration relating to areas disturbed during operation of the Angas Zinc Mine up to reporting date but not yet rehabilitated. The provision is based upon current cost estimates and has been determined on a discounted basis with reference to current legal requirements and technology. As the provision represents the discounted value of the present obligation, using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments and the risks specific to the liability, the increase in value of the provision due to the passage of time will be recognised as a borrowing cost in the profit or loss in future periods. The provision is recognised as a non-current liability (in line with the expected timescales for the work to be performed), with a corresponding asset taken to account and amortised over the life of the mine. At each reporting date the rehabilitation liability is reviewed and re-measured in line with changes in discount rates and timing and the amounts of the costs to be incurred based on area of disturbance at reporting date. Changes in the liability relating to the re-assessment of rehabilitation estimates are recognised directly within the profit or loss.

(I) Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the Group's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to reporting date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs.

The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided up to the reporting date. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Share Based Payments

The Group uses share options to provide incentives to Directors, employees and consultants. During 2017, no options were issued to KMPs of the Group under the Terramin Australia Limited Employee Option Plan. The Board, upon the recommendation of the Nominations and

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Remuneration Committee, has discretion to determine the number of options to be offered to Eligible Employees (as that term is defined by the EOP) and the terms upon which they are offered, including exercise price and vesting conditions. The fair value of options at grant date is independently determined using an option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the vesting and performance criteria, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option. Historical volatility has been the basis for determining expected share price volatility as it is assumed that this is indicative of future trends, which may not eventuate. The life of the options is based on the historical exercise patterns, which may not eventuate in the future.

The fair value of options granted is recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value is measured at grant date and recognised as an expense over the period during which the Directors, employees or consultants become unconditionally entitled to the options (vesting period).

Upon the exercise of options, the balance of the share based payments reserve relating to those options is transferred to share capital.

The Group used share rights to partly remunerate its CEO for the first half of 2017. Share rights were valued at grant date and are expensed to reflect amounts owing. Upon issue of the share rights an increase in equity is recognised.

(m) Leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases (refer notes 12 and 27(d)). Finance leases are capitalised at lease inception at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included as loans and borrowings. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the lesser of the asset's useful life and the lease term.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all of the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

An onerous lease contract arises when the unavoidable costs exceed the benefits expected to be generated by the contract. Where onerous leases are identified a provision for the present value of future payments is recognised.

(n) Loans and Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and borrowings are stated at amortised cost, with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in the profit or loss over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis. Loans and borrowings with a determinable payment due less than twelve months from reporting date are classified as current liabilities.

The fair value of the liability portion of a convertible note is determined using a market interest rate for an equivalent non-convertible note. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortised cost basis until extinguished on conversion or maturity of the notes. The remainder of the proceeds is allocated to the conversion option. This is recognised and included in shareholders' equity when the conversion option meets the equity definition at inception.

(o) Financing Costs

Financing costs include interest payable on borrowings calculated using the effective interest method, amortisation of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings, finance lease charges, and the impact of the unwind of discount on long-term provisions for site restoration.

Financing costs incurred in relation to the construction of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other financing costs are expensed as incurred.

(p) Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. The consolidated financial statements are presented in AUD, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non- monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined. Foreign currency differences are recognised in the profit or loss.

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated to AUD at exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to AUD at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. These foreign currency differences at the reporting date are recognised directly in equity.

(q) Share Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Qualifying transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity, net of any related income tax benefit.

NOTES

to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(r) Income Tax

The charge for current income tax expenses is based on the profit for the year adjusted for any non-assessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or are substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or liability settled. Deferred tax is credited in the profit or loss except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Determination of future tax profits requires estimates and assumptions as to future events and circumstances, in particular, whether successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively sale, of the respective areas of interest will be achieved. This includes estimates and judgements about commodity prices, ore reserves (note 3(g)), exchange rates, future capital requirements, future operational performance and the timing of estimated cash flows.

Changes in these estimates and assumptions could impact on the amount and probability of estimated taxable profits and accordingly the recoverability of deferred tax assets.

The Company and its Australian subsidiaries are part of an income tax consolidated group under the Australian Tax Consolidation Regime.

(s) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

(t) Earnings Per Share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprises convertible notes and share options granted to employees, Directors, consultants and other third parties.

(u) Segments

The consolidated entity has identified its operating segments to be its Australian interests and its Northern African interests, based on the different geographical regions and the similarity of assets within those regions. This is the basis on which internal reports are provided to management for assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources within the consolidated entity.

A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment and is subject to risks and returns that are different from those segments operating in other economic environments.

Segment information is presented only in respect of the Group's geographical segments, being Australia and Northern Africa, which is the basis of the Group's internal reporting.

(v) Financial Risk Management

The Group's activities expose it to the following risks from the use of financial instruments:

Credit Risk

The risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. This arises principally from short term cash investments.

Liquidity Risk

The risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group manages this exposure by targeting to have sufficient cash financing facilities available on demand to meet planned expenditure for a minimum period of 45 days (refer note 12 for detail on available financing facilities).

Market Risk

The risk that changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the Group's income or value of its holdings of financial instruments. The Group may enter into commodity derivatives, foreign exchange derivatives and may also incur financial liabilities (debt), in order to manage market risks. All such transactions are carried out within Board approved limits.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The Group's financial risks are managed primarily by the Chief Executive Officer, including external consultation advice as required, as a part of the day-to-day management of the Group's affairs.

Finance and risk reporting is a standard item in the report presented at each Board meeting.

Capital Management

The Board seeks to maintain a strong capital base sufficient to maintain the future development of the Group's business. The Board closely monitors the Group's level of capital so as to ensure it is appropriate for the Group's planned level of activities. There were no changes to the Group's approach to capital management during the year.

(w) Research and Development Tax Incentive

To the extent that research and development costs are eligible activities, under the "Research and Development Tax Incentive" programme, a refundable tax offset is available for companies with annual turnover of less than \$20 million. The Group recognises, where it is possible to reliably estimate, refundable tax offsets in the financial year as an income tax benefit in profit or loss, resulting from the monetisation of available tax losses that otherwise would have been carried forward.

4. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd		
Audit and review of financial reports	73,118	68,000
Non-audit services ¹	-	1,500
Total auditor's remuneration	73,118	69,500

^{1.} In 2016 there were investigative works performed regarding the timing of Algerian VAT recoverability, provided by a related practice of the auditor.

5. FINANCE INCOME AND COSTS

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Finance income		
Interest income	4	6
Total finance income	4	6
Finance costs		
Interest on borrowings	901	660
Unwinding of discount on mine rehabilitation provision	162	149
Amortization of borrowing costs	238	225
Other borrowing costs	313	368
Foreign exchange losses	1	-
Total finance costs	1,615	1,402

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Cash on hand	3	2
Bank balances	2,672	1,012
Short-term deposits ¹	23	23
Total cash and cash equivalents	2,698	1,037

Represents restricted cash to support a bond and minor credit card facilities

7. INVENTORIES

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Non-current		
Mining spares and consumables	632	661
Total inventories at the lower of cost and net realisable value	632	661

8. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Other receivables	68	106
Total trade and other receivables	68	106

At 31 December 2017, there are no receivables which are past their trading terms.

9. PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Freehold land		
At cost	4,271	4,271
Total freehold land ¹	4,271	4,271
Buildings and other infrastructure		
At cost	126	126
Less accumulated depreciation	(120)	(117)
Total buildings and other infrastructure ¹	6	9
Plant and Equipment		
At cost	59,029	59,148
Less accumulated impairment	(14,219)	(14,219)
Less accumulated depreciation	(40,590)	(40,678)
Total plant and equipment ¹	4,220	4,251
Total property plant and equipment	8,497	8,531

^{1.} The Directors have considered the recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment based on available market information and have taken into account the expected future use of these assets as the Company moves towards approval of a mining licence for the Bird-in-Hand Gold Project.

to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

9. PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Movements in carrying amounts

	Freehold land \$'000	Buildings and other infrastructure \$'000	Plant and equipment \$'000	Construction in progress \$'000	Total \$'000
Opening carrying amount 1 Jan 2017	4,271	9	4,251	-	8,531
Additions	-	-	-	14	14
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	14	(14)	-
Depreciation and amortisation	-	(3)	(41)	-	(44)
Foreign currency movement	-	-	(4)	-	(4)
Carrying amount at 31 Dec 2017	4,271	6	4,220	-	8,497
	Freehold land \$'000	Buildings and other infrastructure \$'000	Plant and equipment \$'000	Construction in progress \$'000	Total \$'000
Opening carrying amount 1 Jan 2016	4,271	9	4,277	-	8,557
Additions	-	-	-	22	22
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	22	(22)	-
Depreciation and amortisation	-	-	(43)	-	(43)
Foreign currency movement	-	-	(5)	-	(5)

4,271

10. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

Carrying amount at 31 Dec 2016

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Exploration and evaluation		
Opening carrying amount	56,278	53,521
Additions	4,948	3,790
Exploration write-off ¹	-	(498)
Foreign currency movement	(1,599)	(535)
Total exploration and evaluation	59,627	56,278

^{1.} Exploration expenditure written off in 2016 related to the Currency Creek and Langhorne Creek tenements.

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Exploration and evaluation assets by location		
Tala Hamza Zinc Project (Terramin 65%)	42,734	41,764
Adelaide Hills Project (Terramin 100%) ¹	1,451	1,284
Bird in Hand Gold Project (Terramin Exploration Pty Ltd 100%)	9,964	7,904
South Gawler Project (Menninnie Metals Pty Ltd 100%, farm-out joint venture) ²	5,478	5,326
Total exploration and evaluation	59,627	56,278

1. The Company has entered into a JV agreement with respect to the Kapunda Project, over which the Company has a current Exploration Licence. Environment Copper Recovery Pty Ltd (ECR) can earn a 50% interest in the project after spending \$2m on field trials and associated studies. ECR can earn an additional 25% interest in the project by spending a further \$4m. Subject to the completion of the expenditure by ECR, the Company will retain a minimum 25% contributing interest as well as a 1.5% net smelter royalty in respect of all metals extracted from the joint venture area. ECR have agreed to spend a minimum of A\$300,000 within the first year and each subsequent year of the joint arrangement.

4,251

8,531

The expenditure by ECR on the project is not reflected in the accounts of the Company, however will contribute to the minimum expenditure obligations under the terms of the Exploration License.

2. The Company has entered into a JV agreement with respect to the South Gawler Project. Under that agreement Evolution can earn a 70% interest in the project after spending \$4m on exploration over a 4 year period. At that point, Terramin may contribute pro-rata and retain 30% of the project, or Evolution may elect to earn an additional 10% interest by spending a further \$2m over 2 years, after which a pro-rata period will apply.

The initial phase of the agreement, managed by the Company requires Evolution spend a minimum of \$500,000 within the first year and may withdraw from the project at that stage. Until the earn in obligation is met, any contributions by Evolution and expenditure incurred on thejoint arrangement will not be taken up in the accounts of the Company. As at reporting date, a contribution of \$500,000 has been received by the Company and is being spent in accordance with the JV agreement.

11. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Trade payables	205	1,404
Other payables and accrued expenses	1,532	2,125
Total trade and other payables	1,737	3,529

Trade and other payables are normally non-interest bearing and are settled on 30 days end of month terms.

12. BORROWINGS

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Current		
Lease liabilities (note 27(d)) ¹	10	6
Loans - secured ²	10,801	10,801
Loans - unsecured ³	2,250	650
Total current borrowings	13,061	11,457
Non-current		
Lease liabilities (note 27(d)) ¹	11	9
Total non-current borrowings	11	9
Financing facilities		
Loan facilities - available	14,250	11,650
Loan facilities - undrawn	(1,000)	-
Loan facilities - drawn	13,250	11,650
Less: unamortised transaction costs	(199)	(199)
Carrying amount at 31 December	13,051	11,451
Guarantee facility - available ⁴	5,315	5,315
Guarantee facility - undrawn	-	-
Guarantee facility - drawn	5,315	5,315

- 1. Lease liabilities are effectively secured as rights to the leased assets revert to the lessor in the event of default.
- At reporting date, the Group had fully drawn down \$11 million
 of two loan facilities provided by Asipac. Interest is payable half
 yearly on the facilities and is fixed at a base rate of 8%. Interest
 can be paid in cash or shares at the election of the Group. The
 facility has a term expiring 31 October 2018.
- As at reporting date, the Group had drawn down \$2.25 million
 of its unsecured short-term facility provided by Asipac to support
 working capital requirements. The facility has a term expiring
 31 October 2018. Interest is fixed at a base rate of 8%, payable
 upon termination date.
- A \$5.3 million guarantee facility has been provided by Investec PLC in relation to rehabilitation bonds required by DPC over Mining Lease 6229.

The carrying value of plant and equipment and mining property subject to finance loans and hire purchase contracts at 31 December 2017 was \$21,700 (2016: \$12,100). Assets under hire purchase contracts are pledged as security for the related finance loans and hire purchase liabilities.

The Guarantee Facility provided by Investec and the \$5.0 million loan facility provided by Asipac to the Company (**Corporate Facility**) are secured under the terms of a security trust deed for which Investec PLC acts as trustee (Security Trust Deed). The first ranking security interests created under the Security Trust Deed relates to all assets of the Company.

Under the terms of the \$6.0 million loan facility provided to Terramin Exploration Pty Ltd (**BIH Facility**), the following first ranking securities have been granted to Asipac: a real property mortgage over land acquired at Bird-in-Hand, a general security interest over all the assets of Terramin Exploration Pty Ltd and a specific security over the shares of Terramin Exploration Pty Ltd. All security interests will be discharged upon repayment of all amounts due under the BIH Facility.

13. PROVISIONS

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Current		
Employee benefits	323	314
Total current provisions	323	314
Non-current:		
Employee benefits	116	83
Mine rehabilitation	4,432	5,766
Total non-current provisions	4,548	5,849

	Employee benefits \$'000	Mine rehabili- tation \$'000	Total \$'000
At 1 January 2017	397	5,766	6,163
Increases in provisions	216	-	216
Revision of expected future costs	-	(1,691)	(1,691)
Change in assumptions	-	195	195
Unwind of discount	-	162	162
Paid during the period	(174)	-	(174)
At 31 December 2017	439	4,432	4,871

The mine rehabilitation provision is recognised for the estimated cost of rehabilitation, decommissioning, restoration and long term monitoring of areas disturbed during operation of the Angas Zinc Mine up to reporting date but not yet rehabilitated. The provision is based upon current cost estimates and has been determined on a discounted basis with reference to current legal requirements and technology. The provision has been calculated using a risk free discount rate of 2.57% (2016: 2.67%). The rehabilitation is expected to occur following the processing of ore from the Bird-in-Hand Gold Project (subject to regulatory approvals).

to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

14. ISSUED CAPITAL

(a) Ordinary shares

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
1,869,177,543 (2016: 1,795,996,987)		
Ordinary shares	220,969	208,903
Share issue costs	(5,651)	(4,849)
Total issued capital	215,318	204,054

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company and participation in dividends declared. All issued shares are fully paid.

(b) Detailed table of capital issued during the year

		Number of Ordinary Shares	Issue Price	Share Capital
Type of Share Issue	Date of Issue	on issue	\$	\$'000
Opening balance 1 January 2017		1,795,996,987		204,054
Share placement	02-Feb-17	25,000,000	0.16	4,000
Share rights converted	04-Apr-17	140,231	0.16	22
Share rights converted	03-Jul-17	190,332	0.12	22
Share Placement	27-Sep-17	37,500,001	0.17	6,300
Share rights converted	04-Oct-17	230,945	0.10	22
Share Placement	04-Oct-17	10,119,047	0.17	1,700
Closing balance 31 December 2017		1,869,177,543		216,120
Share issue costs				(802)
Issued Capital				215,318

		Number of Ordinary Shares	Issue Price	Share Capital
Type of Share Issue	Date of Issue	on issue	\$	\$'000
Opening balance 1 January 2016		1,795,043,184		203,913
Shares issued in lieu of directors fees	31-May-16	81,699	0.12	10
Shares issued in lieu of directors fees	31-May-16	231,054	0.13	29
Shares issued in lieu of directors fees	31-May-16	219,511	0.16	34
Shares issued in lieu of directors fees	31-May-16	212,190	0.16	34
Shares issued in lieu of directors fees	31-May-16	209,349	0.16	34
Closing balance 31 December 2016		1,795,996,987		204,054
Share issue costs				-
Issued Capital				204,054

15. RESERVES

(a) Foreign currency translation reserve

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	(5,815)	(5,353)
Adjustment arising on translation into presentation currency	(1,717)	(462)
Balance at the end of the year	(7,532)	(5,815)

The foreign currency translation reserve is used to record exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries.

(b) Share based payments reserve

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	9,014	8,970
Transfer of lapsed options to retained earnings	(8,946)	-
Options issued during the year	-	-
Options exercised during the period	-	-
Share rights issued during the year	88	44
Share rights converted during the year	(66)	-
Balance at the end of the year	90	9,014
Total reserves	(7,442)	3,199

The share based payment reserve is used to recognise the value of equity-settled share-based payment transactions, including employees and KMP, as part of their remuneration. Under the terms of the remuneration package of the Group's Chief Executive Officer \$87,500 was paid in share rights (\$43,750 in relation to 2016 and \$43,750 in relation to 2017) under a Terramin Employee Share Rights Plan. The share rights were issued quarterly and were priced at a 5% discount to the volume weighted average price of the shares traded in the last 5 days of the relevant quarter. The share rights convert to ordinary shares 12 months after the date of issue. During the year, 654,773 share rights were issued, 393,560 of which relate to the 2016 remuneration year and 261,213 to 2017. 561,508 share rights converted to ordinary shares during the period (\$65,625).

16. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	14,136	14,292
Share of movement in net assets	(184)	(156)
Balance at the end of the year	13,952	14,136

Movement in non-controlling interest in 2017 relates to the 35% minority interest (ENOF 32.5% and ORGM 2.5%) in exploration and evaluation costs for the Tala Hamza Zinc Project funded directly by the Group through its 65% shareholding in WMZ. During 2017, the Group funded approximately \$3.1 million of exploration and evaluation costs in WMZ, of which ENOF and ORGM are entitled to \$1.1 million (35%). The remainder of the movement is in relation to foreign exchange changes.

35% of all assets contributed to WMZ by the Group effectively accrue to ENOF and ORGM for nil consideration (other than forming part of the Group's 65% earn-in) and has therefore been included in movement in net assets attributable to the non-controlling interest.

Refer to note 22 for further disclosures with respect to material non-controlling interests.

17. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Prima facie tax benefit on loss before income tax at 27.5% (2016: 30%)	(875)	(1,478)
Decrease in income tax benefit due to:		
(Deductible)/non-deductible items	11	10
Deferred tax asset not brought to account	(864)	(1,468)
Research and development tax concession received ¹	-	1,116
Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised	164,858	157,049
Potential tax benefit	49,262	47,115
The applicable weighted average effective tax rates are as follows:	29.9%	30%

1. As at the date of this report, the Research and Development claim for the 2016/17 financial year is still in progress and insufficient works have been completed in order to provide a reliable estimate of the claim.

The Company is part of an Australian Tax Consolidated Group. The Australian Tax Consolidated Group has potential deferred tax assets of \$41.6 million (2016: \$44.5 million). These have not been brought to account because the Directors do not consider the realisation of the deferred tax asset as probable. The benefit of these tax losses will be obtained if:

- a. the Australian Tax Consolidated Group derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefits to be realised:
- the Australian Tax Consolidated Group can comply with the conditions for deductibility imposed by tax legislation; and
- c. no changes in the income tax legislation adversely affect the Australian Tax Consolidated Group in realising the benefit from the deduction of the loss.

In order to utilise the benefit of the tax losses, an assessment will need to be undertaken with regards to the continuity of ownership or same business tests.

to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

18. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with loss from ordinary activities after income tax:

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Loss for the period	(3,180)	(3,743)
Adjustment for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	44	43
Non-cash inventory movements	38	3
Share-based payment transactions (other)	88	185
Realised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	1	-
Amortisation of borrowing costs	238	225
Mine rehabilitation provision - change in assumptions (including discount unwind)	357	226
Mine rehabilitation provision - revision of expected future costs	(1,691)	-
Expenditure capitalised to exploration	-	498
Other	9	-
Change in operating assets and liabilities:As		
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	30	(103)
Decrease/(increase) in inventory	28	-
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments	(4)	-
(Decrease)/increase in trade payables and accruals	(1,897)	1,417
(Decrease)/increase in provisions	42	69
Cashflow (used in) operating activities	(5,897)	(1,180)

19. RELATED PARTIES

(a) Key management personnel compensation

Summary of Key Management Personnel (KMP) compensation:

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Short-term employee benefits	712,300	668,550
Post-employment benefits	71,825	71,825
Termination benefits	-	-
Share-based payments	43,750	87,500
Total KMP compensation	827,875	827,875

The amounts disclosed in the table are the amounts recognised as an expense during the reporting year related to KMP. Amounts paid to KMP from prior years have been excluded from this table.

(b) Other transactions with related parties

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant financial year.

Entities with significant influence over the Group

At 31 December 2017, Asipac owned 34.54% of the ordinary shares in Terramin (2016: 34.55%) and is controlled by Mr Sheng who is the Executive Chairman of the Company. Mr Siciliano is the Chief Financial Officer of Asipac. Asipac has had the following transactions in the year:

	Asipac Group	
	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Borrowings as at 1 January	11,650	8,300
Loans advanced during the year	2,600	3,350
Loan repayments in the year	(1,000)	-
Borrowings as at 31 December	13,250	11,650
Fees in relation to equity raising	264	-
Loan facility fees paid	484	40
Interest paid/payable	903	1,105
Amounts owed at year end	774	2,051

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

On 6 November 2015, the Terramin Exploration Pty Ltd entered into a Marketing Agreement with Asipac Capital Pty Ltd, a related party of Asipac. The marketing Agreement appoints Asipac Capital as its marketing agent for the sale of gold products in Asian markets and China in particular.

Other related party of the Group

As at the date of this report, Asipac Group owns 50% of the shares in BMY Group Pty Ltd and Mr Bruce Sheng, the Executive Chairman of the Company is also is a director of BMY Group Pty Ltd. The Company entered into the following transactions with BMY Group Pty Ltd in 2017:

	BMY Group		
	2017	2016	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Fees in relation to equity raisings	528	-	

There are no other related party transactions.

20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group is exposed to market risk in the form of commodity price risk, foreign currency exchange risk and interest rate risk. The carrying value of the financial assets and liabilities of the Group, together with the equity and profit or loss impact during the period (if any), that are affected by market risk are categorised as follows:

20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

	Note	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Current			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	2,698	1,037
Trade and other receivables	8	68	106
Trade and other payables	11	(1,737)	(3,529)
Financial liabilities at amortised			
cost	12	(13,072)	(11,466)
Total current financial			
instruments		(12,043)	(13,852)

Fair value

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities of the Group are equal to the carrying amount in the accounts (as detailed previously). In the case of loans and borrowings it is considered that the variable rate debt and associated credit margin is in line with current market rates and therefore is carried in the accounts at fair value.

21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to finance the Group's operations. The Group has various financial assets such as accounts receivable and cash and short-term deposits, which arise directly from operations.

The Group manages its exposure to key financial risks in accordance with the Group's risk management policy. The objective of the policy is to support the delivery of the Group's financial targets while protecting future financial security. The main risks that could adversely affect the Group's financial assets, liabilities or future cash flows are market risks, comprising commodity price risk, currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's senior management oversees the management of financial risks. The Group's senior management is supported by the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee that advises on financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Group. The Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee provides assurance to the Group's senior management that the Group's financial risk-taking activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with Group policies and the Group's risk appetite.

All derivative activities for risk management purposes are carried out by management that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. It is the Group's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes shall be undertaken. At this stage, the Group does not currently apply any form of hedge accounting.

The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarised below.

1. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise three types of risk: commodity price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued liabilities and derivative financial instruments. The Company currently has no commodity price risk.

(a) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk on purchases and cash at bank which are denominated in a currency other than AUD. The currencies giving rise to this are primarily USD and Algerian Dinar (DZD). The Group does not enter into derivative financial instruments to hedge such transactions denominated in a foreign currency.

No amount was recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the current year (2016:\$nil).

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk at reporting date was as follows:

	31 Decemb	er 2017	31 Decemb	per 2016
In AUD thousand equivalent	USD	DZD	USD	DZD
Cash at bank	1	7	1	9
Trade receivables	-	12	-	12
Trade payables	-	(227)	-	(178)
Gross exposure	1	(208)	1	(157)

The following exchange rates applied for the Group Consolidated Statement of Financial Position:

	Currency	2017	2016
Year end rates used for the consolidated statement of financial position, to translate the following			
currencies into AUD, are:	USD	0.78	0.72
	DZD	89.35	78.36

Sensitivity Analysis

Sensitivity to fluctuations in foreign currency rates is based on outstanding monetary items at 31 December 2017 which are denominated in a foreign currency.

Holdings exposed to currency risk at the end of the period are minimal.

(b) Interest rate risk

The Group has an exposure to future interest rates on investments in variable-rate securities and variable-rate borrowings. The Group does not use derivatives to mitigate these exposures.

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk and effective weighted average interest rates are as follows:

to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(continued)*

	Effective interest	Total	Floating interest rate	Fixed interest rate
2017	rate	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash ¹	0.76%	2,675	2,675	-
Short-term deposits ¹	2.08%	23	23	-
Finance lease liabilities	4.20%	(21)	-	(21)
Loans	8.00%	(13,250)	-	(13,250)
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (LIABILITIES)	5/	(10,573)	2,698	(13,271)
			Floating	Fixed
2016	Effective interest rate	Total \$'000	interest rate \$'000	interest rate \$'000
2016 Cash ¹	interest		interest rate	interest rate
	interest rate	\$'000	interest rate \$'000	interest rate
Cash ¹	interest rate 1.98%	\$'000	interest rate \$'000	interest rate
Cash¹ Short-term deposits¹	interest rate 1.98% 2.24%	\$'000 1,014 23	interest rate \$'000	interest rate \$'000

^{1.} Includes AUD and USD denominated balances.

Sensitivity analysis

As the Group does not use interest rate derivatives, a change in interest rates at reporting date would have no effect on profit or loss or equity.

For the 2017 financial year, a 100 basis points increase in the effective interest rate would have resulted in an increase in losses of \$nil (2016: \$nil).

2. Credit risk

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	Note	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Trade and other receivables	8	68	106
Cash assets	6	2,698	1,037
Total financial assets		2,766	1,143

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk for loans and receivables at the reporting date by geographic region was:

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Australia	56	94
Other	12	12
Total trade and other receivables	68	106

3. Liquidity risk

The contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments:

2017	Note	Carrying amount \$'000	Contractual cash flows \$'000	6 mths or less \$'000	6-12 mths \$'000	1-2 years \$'000	2-5 years \$'000	More than 5 years \$'000
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Trade and other payables	11	1,737	(1,737)	(1,737)	-	-	-	-
Loans - secured	12	10,801	(11,532)	(434)	(11,098)	-	-	-
Loans - unsecured	12	2,250	(2,400)	(89)	(2,311)	-	-	-
Finance lease liabilities	27(d)	17	(17)	(4)	(4)	(8)	(1)	-
Total non-derivative financial liabilities		14,805	(15,686)	(2,264)	(13,413)	(8)	(1)	-
2016	Note	Carrying amount \$'000	Contractual cash flows \$'000	6 mths or less \$'000	6-12 mths \$'000	1-2 years \$'000	2-5 years \$'000	More than 5 years \$'000
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Trade and other payables	11	3,529	(3,529)	(3,529)	-	-	-	-
Loans - secured	12	10,801	(11,642)	(385)	(11,257)	-	-	-
Loans - unsecured	12	650	(688)	(23)	(665)	-	-	-
Finance lease liabilities	27(d)	13	(15)	(3)	(3)	(9)	-	-

22. CONTROLLED ENTITIES

			ntage
Name	Country of incorporation	2017	2016
Parent Entity			
Terramin Australia Limited	Australia		
Subsidiaries of parent entity			
Menninnie Metals Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Western Mediterranean Zinc Spa	Algeria	65%	65%
Terramin Spain S.L.	Spain	100%	100%
Terramin Exploration Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%

Subsidiary with material non-controlling interests

Total assets

Current liabilities

Non-current liabilities Total liabilities

The Group includes one subs	sidiary, Westerr	n Mediterranean	Zinc Spa, witl	n material Non-	-Controlling Inte	erests	('NCI'):
		vnership Interests held by the NCI	Profit/(Loss) A	llocated to NCI	Accumul	ated NC	CI.
Name	31-Dec-17	31-Dec-16	31-Dec-17	31-Dec-16	31-Dec-17	31-[Dec-16
Western Mediterranean Zinc Spa	35%	35%	(184)	(156)	13,952	14	l,136
Summarised financial information below:	ation for Weste	rn Mediterranea	ın Zinc Spa, be	efore intragroup	o eliminations, i	is set c	out
						2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Current assets						94	117
Non-current assets					4	12,739	41,775

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Revenue	-	-
Loss for the year	(525)	(449)
Other comprehensive income for the year (all attributable to owners of the parent)	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(525)	(449)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(1,128)	(449)
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(679)
Net cash from financing activities	1,229	1,102
Net cash (outflow)	101	(26)

42,833

227

41,892

178

178

to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

23. SEGMENT REPORTING

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on geography and has two reportable operating segments:

- a. Australia explores, develops and mines zinc, lead and gold deposits
- b. Northern Africa developing a zinc deposit

No operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

	Australia		Northern Africa		Consolidated	
	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Revenue						
External customers	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Results						
Depreciation and amortisation	(44)	(43)	-	-	(44)	(43)
Exploration and evaluation expensed	-	-	-	(238)	-	(238)
Exploration and evaluation write-down	-	(498)	-	-	-	(498)
Interest income	-	6	-	-	-	6
Interest expense	(901)	(660)	-	-	(901)	(660)
(Loss) before income tax	(2,655)	(4,410)	(525)	(449)	(3,180)	(4,859)
Income tax expense	-	1,116	-	-	-	1,116
(Loss) for the year for the operating segment	(2,655)	(3,294)	(525)	(449)	(3,180)	(3,743)
(Loss) for the year attributable to non-controlling interest	-	-	(184)	(156)	(184)	(156)
(Loss) for the year attributable to equity holders of the	(0.055)	(2.204)	(244)	(202)	(2.000)	(2.507)
Company	(2,655)	(3,294)	(341)	(293)	(2,996)	(3,587)
Total operating assets	28,766	24,796	42,833	41,892	71,599	66,688
Total operating liabilities	19,453	20,980	227	178	19,680	21,158
Other disclosures						
Capital expenditure ¹	2,337	2,500	3,096	814	5,433	3,314

^{1.} Capital expenditure consists of additions of property, plant and equipment, and exploration and evaluation assets.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss and is measured consistently with operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements.

There are no transactions other than cash funding between reportable segments.

24. SHARE BASED ENTITLEMENTS AND PAYMENTS

The Group uses share options and share rights to provide incentives to Directors, employees and consultants. The Board, upon the recommendation of senior management, has discretion to determine the number of options to be offered to Eligible Employees (as that term is defined by the EOP) and the terms upon which they are offered, including exercise price and vesting conditions.

For the first half of the calendar year 2017, under the terms of the remuneration package of the Group's Chief Executive Officer, share rights under a Terramin Employee Share Rights Plan were issued. The share rights were issued quarterly and are priced at a 5% discount to the volume weighted average price of the shares traded in the last 5 days of the relevant quarter. The share rights convert to ordinary shares 12 months after the date of issue. During the period, the remuneration package of the Group's Chief Executive Officer was renegotiated and from 1 July 2017, the share rights component was replaced with an equivalent cash payment.

No options were issued to KMPs in 2017 (2016: Nil).

24. SHARE BASED ENTITLEMENTS AND PAYMENTS (continued)

(a) Number and weighted average exercise prices of share options

	Weighted average exercise price 2017	Number of options 2017	Weighted average exercise price 2016	Number of options 2016
Outstanding at 1 January	\$0.135	3,500,000	\$0.38	3,800,000
Granted during the period	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the period	-	-	-	-
Lapsed during the year	\$0.135	(1,750,000)	\$0.53	(300,000)
Outstanding at 31 December	\$0.135	1,750,000	\$0.135	3,500,000
Exercisable at 31 December	\$0.135	1,750,000	\$0.135	3,500,000

The options outstanding at 31 December 2017 have a weighted average contractual life of 0.97 years (2016: 1.46 years).

A balance of 1,750,000 options outstanding for the Group at 31 December 2017 were fully vested and exercisable. 1,750,000 options lapsed during the period.

(b) Options exercised during the year

During the year ended 31 December 2017 there were no options exercised (2016: Nil).

(c) Table of share options movement for the Group at 31 December 2017

		Options expense	Total option
	Number of	this year	value
Expiry Date	options	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance 1 January 2017	3,500,000	-	-
Lapsed during the period	(1,750,000)	-	-
Closing balance 31 December 2017	1,750,000	-	-

(d) Table of share options movement for the Group at 31 December 2016

Expiry Date	Number of options	Options expense this year \$'000	Total option value \$'000
Opening balance 1 January 2016	3,800,000	-	-
Lapsed during the period	(300,000)	-	-
Closing balance 31 December 2016	3,500,000	-	-

During the year, no options were issued to employees and Executives of the Group.

(e) Shares issued in lieu of cash payments

During the year, no shares were issued in lieu of cash payments.

Type of Share Issue 2016	Date of issue	Number of Ordinary Shares on issue	Issue Price \$	Share Capital \$'000
Shares issued in lieu of directors fees	31-May-16	81,699	0.12	10
Shares issued in lieu of directors fees	31-May-16	231,054	0.13	29
Shares issued in lieu of directors fees	31-May-16	219,511	0.16	34
Shares issued in lieu of directors fees	31-May-16	212,190	0.16	34
Shares issued in lieu of directors fees	31-May-16	209,349	0.16	34
Total shares issued in lieu of cash payments		953,803		141

to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

24. SHARE BASED ENTITLEMENTS AND PAYMENTS (continued)

(f) Shares rights issued in lieu of cash payments

Type of Share Rights Issue 2017	Date of issue	Number of Share Rights issued	Issue Price \$	Share Rights \$'000
Share Rights issued in lieu of salary and wages	02-Feb-2017	230,945	0.09	22
Share Rights issued in lieu of salary and wages	02-Feb-2017	162,615	0.13	22
Share Rights issued in lieu of salary and wages	04-Apr-17	137,882	0.16	22
Share Rights issued in lieu of salary and wages	03-Jul-17	123,331	0.18	22
Total Share Rights issued in lieu of cash payments		654,773		88

561,508 share rights converted to ordinary shares issued during the year.

Type of Share Rights Issue 2016	Date of issue	Share Rights issued	Issue Price \$	Rights \$'000
Share Rights issued in lieu of salary and wages	23-May-16	140,231	0.16	22
Share Rights issued in lieu of salary and wages	02-Aug-16	190,332	0.11	22
Total Share Rights issued in lieu of cash payments		330,563		44

25. EMPLOYEE OPTION PLAN

(a) Current Options

No options were exercised and 1,750,000 options lapsed in 2017.

(b) Employee Incentive Plan

Terramin has established an Employee Incentive Plan. Shares are allotted to employees under this Plan at the Board's discretion.

The following options are currently on issue:

	No. of		Fair
	Options on	Issue	Value
	issue	Price	\$'000
Balance as at 1 January 2017	3,500,000	0.135	-
Issued during the financial year	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 December 2017	3,500,000	0.135	-
Lapsed during the financial year	(1,750,000)	0.135	-
Balance as at 31 December 2017	1,750,000	0.135	-

The fair value of options issued is calculated using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model.

26. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share at 31 December 2017 was based on the net loss attributable to equity holders of the Company of \$3.0 m (2016: \$3.6m) and a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year ended 31 December 2017 of 1,831,391,323 (2016: 1,795,602,400), calculated as follows:

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Net loss for the year attributable to the equity holders of the Company	(2,996)	(3,587)
Ordinary shares on issue	1,869,177,543	1,795,996,987
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	1,831,391,323	1,795,602,400
Basic earnings per share (cents)	(0.16)	(0.20)

(b) Diluted earnings per share

The calculation of diluted earnings per share does not include potential ordinary shares on issue as to do so would have the effect of reducing the amount of the loss per share.

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	(0.16)	(0.20)

27. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

There are contractual commitments at the reporting date as follows:

(a) Operating lease

Non-cancellable operating leases contracted but not capitalised in the financial statements payable:

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Within 1 year	31	64
One to five years	22	3
Total	53	67

27. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

(b) Minimum expenditure on exploration tenements of which the Group has title

As at 31 December 2017, there were minimum exploration commitments on exploration tenements as follows: Bremer, Cambrai, Hartley, Kinchina, Tepko and Pfeiffer, Kapunda, Lobethal, Mount Barker, Mount Pleasant and Mount Torrens have amalgamated minimum expenditure of \$3 million over the 2 year period ending 30 June 2018. Note that Currency Creek and Langhorne Creek tenements were surrendered in early 2017. The minimum exploration commitments for Menninnie Dam, Nonning, Kolendo, Taringa and Wipipippee are currently under review. Mount Ive, Mount Ive South, Mulleroo, Tanner, Thurlga and Unalla have a requirement of \$100,000, \$180,000, \$100,000, \$210,000, \$300,000 and \$90,000 over two years respectively.

Under the terms of the joint venture agreement for the South Gawler Project and the Kapunda Project, all amounts spent, whilst not reflected in the accounts of the Group, contribute towards the minimum expenditure requirements of the relevant exploration licences.

(c) Capital expenditure commitments

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Within 1 year	25	-
Total	25	-

(d) Finance leases

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Within 1 year	10	6
Longer than 1 year and not longer than 5 years	11	9
Minimum lease payments	21	15
Less: future finance charges	4	2
Total lease liabilities	17	13
Representing		
Current	7	4
Non-current	10	9
	17	13

The interest rate implicit in the lease is 14.2%.

(e) Other commitments

Tala Hamza Zinc Project

In February 2006, the Group signed a joint venture agreement in respect of the Tala Hamza Zinc Project with ENOF, an Algerian Government company involved in exploration and mining activities. The Company agreed to manage and finance the joint venture until a decision to mine is made.

Bird-in-Hand acquisition

Terramin Exploration Pty Ltd agreed to purchase the Bird-in-Hand Gold Project from Maximus Resources Limited. Pursuant to a tenement sale and purchase agreement two further payments of \$1 million each may become payable following approval of the Programme for Environmental Protection and Rehabilitation in respect of the Bird-in- Hand deposit and following the first shipment of mined gold respectively. A net smelter royalty will also become payable following the first shipment of mined gold.

Consultancy fee

Under the Technical Cooperation Agreement entered into with NFC up to an additional 8 million ordinary shares will be issued upon the Board of WMZ taking a decision to mine.

Finder's Fee

A second tranche of a finder's fee is payable to a non-related party and linked to the commencement of commercial production from the first producing mine established on the Oued Amizour tenement covered by the Algerian joint venture agreement with ENOF. The amount payable will be US\$62,500 which will be converted into the Australian Dollar equivalent at the time of the contingent payment in the future, as well as 100,000 unlisted options exercisable at 25 cents each within 3 years of date of issue.

Bank Guarantees - Angas Zinc Mine

As at 31 December 2017, the Company had lodged bank guarantees having a face value of \$5.3 million with the DPC.

Litigation

As at the date of this report, the Company is not involved in any litigation.

28. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

In the Directors' opinion, there we no events or circumstances arising following the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company or the Group, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Group in future years that have not been otherwise disclosed in this report.

to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

29. PARENT ENTITY DISCLOSURES

As at, and throughout, the financial year ending 31 December 2017 the parent Company of the Group was Terramin Australia Limited.

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Result of the parent entity		·
Loss for the period	(4,899)	(4,199)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	(4,899)	(4,199)
Financial position of parent entity		
Current assets	2,760	1,134
Total assets	64,746	59,652
Current liabilities	8,269	8,347
Total liabilities	12,827	14,120
Total equity of the parent entity comprising of:		
Share capital	215,318	204,054
Reserves	90	9,014
Accumulated losses	(163,489)	(167,536)
Total equity	51,919	45,532

Parent entity capital commitments for acquisition of property plant and equipment

	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Capital expenditure commitments contracted for:		
Within 1 year	-	-
Total	-	-

Parent entity guarantees in respect of debts of its subsidiaries

The parent entity has not entered into a deed of Cross Guarantee with respect to its subsidiaries.

TENEMENT INFORMATION

12 February 2018

TERRAMIN AUSTRALIA LIMITED

Tenement listing Title name and locations	Licence number	Licence area	Expiry date	Interest	Minimum expenditure	Application for renewal of licence lodged
Angas - South Australia	ML 6229	87.97ha	16/08/2026	100%	Not applicable	
Bremer - South Australia ^{1/3}	EL 5924	387km²	26/10/2018	100%	\$1,120,000 over 2 years	
Cambrai - South Australia1	EL 5662	89km²	20/07/2020	100%	\$120,000 over 3 years	
Hartley - South Australia1	EL 5985	76km²	3/06/2019	100%	\$280,000 over 2 years	
Kinchina - South Australia1	EL 5252	28km²	22/05/2018	100%	\$70,000 over 2 years	
Pfeiffer - South Australia ¹	EL 5102	154km²	21/11/2017	100%	\$135,000 over 3 years	17/08/2017
Tepko - South Australia ¹	EL 5339	998km²	7/10/2018	100%	\$375,000 over 3 years	
Wild Horse - South Australia	EL 5846	462km²	8/09/2018	100%	\$180,000 over 2 years	

TERRAMIN EXPLORATION PTY LTD (100% TERRAMIN)

Tenement listing Title name and locations	Licence number	Licence area	Expiry date	Interest	Minimum expenditure	
Kapunda - South Australia1	EL5262	624km²	27/04/2018	100%	\$540,000 over 3 years	17/01/2018
Lobethal - South Australia1	EL5469	221km ²	31/08/2019	100%	\$600,000 over 3 years	
Mount Barker - South Australia ¹	EL5214	118km²	24/02/2018	100%	\$240,000 over 3 years	22/11/2017
Mount Pleasant - South Australia ¹	EL5805	452km²	29/03/2018	100%	\$600,000 over 2 years	
Mount Torrens - South Australia ¹	EL5568	93km²	24/02/2019	100%	\$480,000 over 3 years	

WESTERN MEDITERRANEAN ZINC SPA (65% TERRAMIN)

Tenement listing	Licence	Licence	Expiry	WMZ	
Title name and locations	number	area	date	Interest	Minimum expenditure
Oued Amizour - Algeria	6911PEM	12,276ha	01/02/2018	100%	Not applicable

MENNINNIE METALS PTY LTD (100% TERRAMIN)

Tenement listing Title name and locations	Licence number	Licence area	Expiry date	MMPL Interest	Minimum expenditure	Application for renewal of licence lodged
Beacon - South Australia ²	EL 6076	371km ²	9/01/2020	100%	\$130,000 over 2 years	
Jumpuppy - South Australia ²	EL 6077	971km²	9/01/2020	100%	\$250,000 over 2 years	
Kallinta - South Australia ²	EL 6078	688km²	9/01/2020	100%	\$190,000 over 2 years	
Kolendo - South Australia ²	EL 5453	208km²	26/07/2019	100%	\$300,000 over 3 years	
Menninnie - South Australia ²	EL 5949	101km²	26/10/2018	100%	\$640,000 over 2 years	
Moonaree - South Australia ²	EL 6079	816km ²	9/01/2020	100%	\$220,000 over 2 years	
Mt Ive - South Australia ²	EL 5276	214km ²	20/06/2018	100%	\$50,000 over 1 year	
Mt Ive South - South Australia	EL 5430	394km²	19/06/2018	100%	\$320,000 over 1 year	
Mulleroo - South Australia ²	EL 5855	210km ²	19/09/2018	100%	\$100,000 over 2 years	
Nonning - South Australia ²	EL 5925	312km ²	30/11/2018	100%	\$480,000 over 2 years	
Reid - South Australia	EL 6093	716km ²	11/01/2020	100%	\$225,000 over 2 years	
Siam - South Australia	EL 6094	379km ²	11/01/2020	100%	\$155,000 over 2 years	
Tanner - South Australia	EL 5458	354km ²	31/07/2018	100%	\$259,000 over 1 year	
Taringa - South Australia ²	EL 5816	988km²	20/02/2021	100%	\$750,000 over 3 years	
Thurlga - South Australia	EL 5518	951km²	27/11/2018	100%	\$412,000 over 1 year	
Unalla - South Australia ²	EL 5266	155km²	6/06/2018	100%	\$45,000 over 1 year	
Wipipippee - SOuth Australia ²	EL 6064	493km²	2/05/2019	100%	\$320,000 over 2 years	
Application pending						
Peltabinna	ELA2017/00174	637km²		100%	\$255,000 over 2 years	

^{1.} Subject to an amalgamated expenditure arrangement with the Department of the Premier and Cabinet (DPC) (see note 27) encompassing the Adelaide Hills tenements.

^{2.} Subject to an amalgamated expenditure arrangement with the Department of the Premier and Cabinet (DPC) (see note 27) encompassing the Menninnie Metals tenements.

RESERVES & RESOURCES

The following tables set out the current Resource and Reserve position for the Company.

Table of Resources - Lead Zinc

		Measured Resource		Measured Resource Indicated Resource			Inferred Resource			Total Resources			
	Terramin interest (%)	Tonnes (Mt)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Tonnes (Mt)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Tonnes (Mt)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Tonnes (Mt)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)
Tala Hamza 1,2	65	30.6	5.7	1.6	20.5	3.6	8.0	17.5	3.7	0.6	68.6	4.6	1.1
Angas 4,5	100	-	-	-	0.66	4.68	1.81	0.25	2.8	1.3	0.91	4.2	1.7
Sunter 4,6	100	-	-	-	0.13	5.70	2.31	0.24	2.9	1.2	0.38	3.8	1.6
Menninnie Dam 7,8	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.7	3.1	2.6	7.7	3.1	2.6
TOTAL (100%)	-	30.6	5.7	1.6	21.3	3.6	0.8	25.8	3.5	1.2	77.5	4.4	1.3
TOTAL (Terramin share)	-	19.9	5.7	1.6	14.1	3.6	0.8	19.7	3.4	1.4	53.5	4.3	1.3

Table of Resources - Gold

		Indicated Resource		Inferre	Inferred Resource			Total Resources				
	Terramin interest (%)	Tonnes (Kt)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Tonnes (Kt)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Tonnes (Kt)	Au (g/t)	Au (kOz)	Ag (g/t)	Ag (kOz)
Bird-in-Hand 9,10	100	167	16.16	13.5	421	12.23	3	588	13	252	6.1	115
TOTAL (100%)	-	167	16.16	13.5	421	12.23	3	588	13	252	6.1	115
TOTAL (Terramin share)	-	167	16.16	13.5	421	12.23	3	588	13	252	6.1	115

Table of Resources - Copper

		Indicated Resource		Inferred Re	esource	Total Resources		
	Terramin interest (%)	Tonnes (Mt)	Cu (%)	Tonnes (Mt)	Cu (%)	Tonnes (Mt)	Cu (%)	
Kapunda 11,12	100	-	-	47.4	0.25	47.4	0.25	
TOTAL (100%)	-	-	-	47.4	0.25	47.4	0.25	
TOTAL (Terramin share)13	-	-	-	47.4	0.25	47.4	0.25	

Table of Reserves - Lead Zinc

		Probable Reserve			Total	Reserv	/e
	Terramin interest (%)	Tonnes (Mt)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Tonnes (Mt)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)
Tala Hamza 2,3	65	38.10	4.78	1.36	38.1	4.78	1.36
TOTAL (100%)	-	38.1	4.78	1.36	3.81	4.78	1.36
TOTAL (Terramin share)	-	24.8	4.78	1.36	24.8	4.78	1.36

- Resources for Tala Hamza (JORC 2004) are estimated at a cut off of 2.5% ZnEq. The Zinc Equivalence formula for Tala Hamza is %ZnEq = %Zn + 0.59 x %Pb
 and is based on long term predicted prices at October 2009 of Pb USD1,323/t and Zn USD1,764/t and metal recoveries of Pb 62% and Zn 88%.
- Tala Hamza Resources as at 15 November 2009. The reserve is as at 12 October 2010. The reserve is based on a block cave mining method. The Company
 expects to update the Resources and Reserve for the Tala Hamza project based on underhand drift and fill mining method in the near future. Resources are
 inclusive of Reserves.
- 3. Reserve cut off grade at Tala Hamza is 2.5% ZnEq, JORC 2004.
- 4. Resources for Angas and Sunter (JORC 2004) are estimated at a cut off of 2% Pb+Zn.
- 5. Angas Resources as at 1 Jan 2013. Resources exclude oxide and transitional material.
- 6. Sunter Resources as at 29 November 2011. Resources exclude oxide and transitional material.
- 7. Resources for Menninnie Dam (JORC 2004) are estimated at a cut off of 2.5% Pb+Zn.
- 8. Menninnie Dam Resources as at 15 February 2011. Resources exclude oxide and transitional material.
- Resources for Bird-in-Hand (JORC 2012) are estimated at a cut off of 1g/t Au.
- 10. Bird-in-Hand Resources as at 8 August 2016.
- 11. Resource for Kapunda (JORC 2012) estimated at a cut off of 0.05% Cu.
- 12. Kapunda Resource as at 12 February 2018.
- 13. Subject to terms of JV with Environmental Copper Recovery Pty Ltd announced 2 August 2017.

JORC Competent Person Statement

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results and Mineral Resources is based on information compiled and thoroughly reviewed by Mr Eric Whittaker. The information that relates to Ore Reserves for Tala Hamza is based on information thoroughly reviewed by Mr Joe Ranford. Mr Whittaker and Mr Ranford are Members of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Whittaker is a Principal Resource Geologist and Mr Ranford is Chief Technical Officer and Operations Manager and both are employees of Terramin Australia Limited. Both have sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit(s) under consideration and to the activity that they are undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined by the relevant 2004 or 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves' as specified in the explanation notes above. Mr Whittaker and Mr Ranford consent to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on their information in the form and context in which it appears.

ADDITIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGE INFORMATION

EQUITY SECURITIES ON ISSUE

Fully paid ordinary shares

As at 29 March 2018, there were 2,621 holders of a total of 1,869,340,158 ordinary fully paid shares in the capital of the Company. All ordinary fully paid shares in the capital of the Company are listed for quotation on the ASX.

Unlisted options

As at 29 March 2018, there were 3 holders of a total of 1,750,000 options over fully paid ordinary shares in the capital of the Company.

SHAREHOLDER VOTING RIGHTS

At a general meeting of shareholders, on a show of hands, each person who is a member or sole proxy has one vote. On a poll, each shareholder is entitled to one vote for each fully paid share.

Unlisted options carry no voting rights.

DISTRIBUTION SCHEDULE

as at 28 February 2018

Number of securities	Fully paid ordinary shares	Unlisted options
1 - 1,000	496	0
1,001 - 5,000	776	0
5,001 - 10,000	357	0
10,001 - 100,000	780	0
100,001 - and over	254	3
Total	2,663	3

As at 28 February 2018, there were 1,048 shareholdings of less than a marketable parcel.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 29 March 2018, the following shareholders were substantial shareholders, as disclosed in substantial shareholder notices given to the Company:

Shareholder	Number of shares	% Issued capital
Asipac Group Pty Ltd	620,267,260	33.18
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	268,411,642	14.36
Tronic Enterprise Development Limited	198,636,923	10.63
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	151,063,698	8.08

LIST OF 20 LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

The names of the twenty largest shareholders as shown in the Company's register at 29 March 2018 are:

Shareholder	Number of shares	%
Asipac Group Pty Ltd	620,267,260	33.18
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	268,414,142	14.36
Tronic Enterprise Development Limited	198,636,923	10.63
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	151,063,690	8.08
J P Morgan Nominees Australia Limited	71,066,448	3.80
China Non-Ferrous Metals Industry's Foreign Engineering & Construction	67,800,000	3.63
New Asia Wealth Investment Holding (Sg) Pte Ltd	57,185,513	3.06
Mr Jing Wang	35,510,849	1.90
Fly Wealth Investment Pty Ltd <fly a="" c="" investment="" wealth=""></fly>	32,493,185	1.74
Pershing Australia Nominees Pty Ltd <phillip (hk)="" a="" c="" securities=""></phillip>	26,819,192	1.43
Vasco Investment Managers Ltd <bmyg Australia IPO T 2 A/C></bmyg 	19,049,619	1.02
Mr Julian Paul Leach	18,685,187	1.00
Auway Finance Group Pty Ltd	17,857,143	0.96
Ms Er Xu	17,511,817	0.94
Silver Springs Investment Pty Ltd <wendy a="" c="" family="" li=""></wendy>	15,580,967	0.83
BNP Paribas Noms Pty Ltd <ib au="" drp="" noms="" retailclient=""></ib>	15,042,964	0.80
Vasco Investment Managers Limited <bmyg a="" australia="" c="" ipo="" t3=""></bmyg>	10,119,047	0.54
Huge Field Investment Ltd	10,000,000	0.53
BNP Paribas Noms Pty Ltd < DRP>	9,700,842	0.52
Enterprise Flourising Pty Ltd <li a="" c="" family="" jun="">	8,731,752	0.47
Total	1,671,883,191	89.43

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- Unquoted equity securities

The following persons were the holders of 20% or more of the equity securities in an unquoted class as at 17 March 2018:

	Number of securities	% of securities
Class of unquoted securities	held	in class
Unlisted options		
MS Janes	750,000	39.42%
JF Ranford	500,000	26.32%
SD Gauducheau	500,000	26.32%
Share Rights		
MS Janes	330,563	100%

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

The Corporate Governance Statement for the Group can be found at www.terramin.com.au/corporate/corporategovernance.



Unit 7, 202-208 Glen Osmond Road Fullarton, South Australia, 5063

t: +61 8 8213 1415 f: +61 8 8213 1416

e: info@terramin.com.au w: www.terramin.com.au