Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity:					
BRISE	BRISBANE BRONCOS LIMITED				
ABN / A	ARBN:		Financial year ended:		
41 009	9 570 030		31 December 2017		
Our cor	porate governance statement ² for the al	pove period above can be fou	und at: ³		
	These pages of our annual report:	n/a			
\boxtimes	This URL on our website:	https://www.broncos.com.au	u/about/CompanyInformation/		
The Co Board.	rporate Governance Statement is accura	ate and up to date as at 21 Fo	ebruary 2018 and has been approved by the		
The and	nexure includes a key to where our corp	orate governance disclosures	s can be located.		
Date:		9 April 2018			
Name lodger	of Director or Secretary authorising nent:	Louise Lanigan			

¹ Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of rule 4.10.3.

² "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

³ Mark whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where the entity's corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "<u>OR</u>" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "<u>OR</u>" at the end of the selection.

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4	
PRINC	IPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVE	RSIGHT		
1.1	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] and information about the respective roles and responsibilities of our board and management (including those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management): ☑ at https://www.broncos.com.au/about/CompanyInformation/	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable 	
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable 	
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable 	
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	 the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] 	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable 	

⁴ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \ldots^4
1.5	 (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them; (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either: (1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. 	the fact that we have a diversity policy that complies with paragraph (a): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] and a copy of our diversity policy or a summary of it: ☑ at https://www.broncos.com.au/about/CompanyInformation/ and the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with our diversity policy and our progress towards achieving them: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (c)(1) or (2): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	 A listed entity should: have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process. 	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraph (b): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINCIP	LE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE		
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a nomination committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	 our board skills matrix: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at https://www.broncos.com.au/about/CompanyInformation/ 	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
2.3	 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director. 	the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b): ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] and the length of service of each director: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	 the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ at [insert location] 	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	our code of conduct or a summary of it: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINCIP	LE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING		
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have an audit committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: at https://www.broncos.com.au/about/CompanyInformation/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at Directors' Report [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots	ave NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole period above. We have disclosed4
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	 the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] 	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an annual general meeting and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPL	E 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	 our continuous disclosure compliance policy or a summary of it: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] 	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPI	E 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	information about us and our governance on our website: at https://www.broncos.com.au/about/CompanyInformation/	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	our policies and processes for facilitating and encouraging participation at meetings of security holders: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold periodic meetings of security holders and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINCIP	LE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a committee or committees to oversee risk that comply with paragraphs (1) and (2): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework: □ at [insert location] □ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	the fact that board or a committee of the board reviews the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and that such a review has taken place in the reporting period covered by this Appendix 4G: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed4
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	whether we have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	e Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINCIP	LE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a remuneration committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: □ at [insert location] □ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our policy on this issue or a summary of it: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporat	e Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
ADDITIO	NAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED	LISTED ENTITIES	
-	Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities: The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose: (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
-	Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities: An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Board of Directors of Brisbane Broncos Limited ('the Company') is responsible for the corporate governance framework of the Group and is committed to applying the ASX Corporate Governance Council Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (ASX Principles). The Board guides and monitors the business affairs of the Group on behalf of its shareholders by whom they are elected and to whom they are accountable. It is a requirement of the Board that the Company maintain high standards of ethics and integrity at all times.

The ASX Principles are an important regulatory guide for listed companies reporting on their corporate governance practices. Under ASX Listing Rule 4.10.3, listed companies must disclose the extent to which they have followed ASX Principles, and if any of the recommendations have not been followed, explain why. Where practical, the Group has complied with the ASX Principles. However, there are some instances whereby due to the size of the Board or News Corporation's substantial shareholding in the Company, it is not considered economical or practical to implement particular Recommendations. The Company's compliance with ASX Principles are disclosed below.

The information in this statement is current as at 21 February 2018 and has been approved by the Board.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE WEBSITE

Brisbane Broncos Limited's corporate governance practices were in place throughout the year ended 31 December 2017. Important information relating to the Company's corporate governance policies and practices are set out on the Company's website at www.broncos.com.au. The Company will continue to update its policies and practices to reflect developing corporate governance requirements.

ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITY OF THE BOARD

The Board's Duties

The Board acts on behalf of and is accountable to the shareholders. It seeks to identify the expectations of the shareholders, as well as other regulatory and ethical expectations and obligations and strives to meet them. In addition, the Board provides leadership, establishes broad corporate policies, and is responsible for identifying areas of significant business risk and ensuring arrangements are in place to adequately manage those risks. It also addresses issues relating to internal controls and approaches to risk management.

The role of the Board is to oversee and guide the management of the Group with the aim of protecting and enhancing the interests of its shareholders and taking into account the interests of other stakeholders including employees and the wider community.

The Board operate in accordance with a formal Charter which outlines its roles and responsibilities. It clearly establishes the relationship between the Board and management and describes their functions and responsibilities. The Board Charter was last reviewed on 21 February 2018. A copy of this document is available on the corporate section of the Brisbane Broncos website.

The Board is responsible for setting the strategic direction of the Group, establishing goals for management and monitoring the achievement of those goals. During 2016, the Board and management completed a comprehensive review and revision of the Company's Strategic Plan. An updated three-year Strategic Plan for 2017 to 2019 was been approved by the Board at that time. The Board and management continually review and monitor the Group's performance in line with the Strategic Plan's objectives.

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Group and reports to the Board on key management and operational issues. The Board ensures that the CEO is appropriately qualified and experienced to discharge his responsibilities and has procedures in place to assess the performance of the CEO on behalf of the shareholders. The Board also appoints the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary is responsible for coordination of all Board business including agendas, minutes, communication with regulatory bodies and ASX and all other filings.

The Board is responsible for overseeing the financial position and for monitoring the business and affairs on behalf of the shareholders, by whom the directors are elected and to whom they are accountable.

Various information reports are regularly sent to the Board in order to keep them informed of the Group's business. Directors also receive monthly operating and financial reports and have access to senior management at Board and Committee meetings. The Board holds regular meetings (average 8) each year and special meetings if necessary.

ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITY OF THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

The Board's Duties (continued)

The responsibility for the operation and administration of the Group is delegated, by the Board, to the CEO and the executive management team. It is the Board's responsibility to appoint or remove the CEO and to ratify the appointment or removal of key executives and the Company Secretary. The Board together with the CEO ensures that this executive team is appropriately qualified and experienced to discharge their responsibilities and there are procedures in place to assess the performance of the CEO and executive management team. The Board ensures appropriate resources are available to the CEO and senior executives to enable them to achieve performance objectives.

As the current Board comprises only five directors, it is considered logical and more practical that the Board as a whole address all matters of the business in relation to risk, nomination and remuneration. Accordingly, it is not considered necessary to establish separate committees for these functions.

The Board has established a separate Audit Committee which is comprised of three (3) members. To support the Group's corporate governance focus, the Audit Committee operates in accordance with a charter approved by the Board. A copy of this document is available on the corporate section of the Brisbane Broncos website. Further information in relation to the operation and composition of the Audit Committee is outlined below.

During 2017, the construction of The Clive Berghofer Centre (previously the Training, Administration and Community Facility) was completed. The Company has taken occupancy of the new facility and it is now fully operational. Given its significance, it was considered best practice that the entire Board oversaw the management of the project. The project was a standing agenda item at each Board meeting during the reporting period and was addressed by all directors with the relevant executive management personnel and external specialist consultants in attendance.

The Board's execution of its role and responsibilities ensure that management's objectives and activities are aligned with the expectations and risk identified by the Board. The Board has a number of mechanisms in place to ensure this is achieved including:

- > Monitoring the effectiveness of the Company's governance practices.
- > Board approval and ongoing development and monitoring of the strategic plan designed to meet stakeholders' needs and manage business risk.
- > Strategic meetings with CEO and senior executives when required to discuss initiatives and strategies concerning operations and business improvement recommendations.
- > Overseeing management's implementation of the Group's strategic objectives and its performance generally.
- > Approving initiatives and strategies designed to ensure the continued growth and success of the Group.
- > Monitoring the employee performance management system including detailed and customised Performance Contracts for all staff members incorporating formalised and measurable targets, objectives, development strategies and KPIs to achieve results that align with the Group's core business values.
- > Ongoing monitoring senior executives' performance.
- > Approval and appointment of the CEO.
- Approving the appointment, and when necessary, the replacement of senior executives.
- > Ensuring the Group has in place an appropriate risk management framework and setting the risk appetite within which the Board expects management to operate.
- > Reviewing, ratifying and monitoring systems of risk management and internal control, codes of conduct and legal compliance.
- > Ensuring that any significant risks that arise are identified, assessed, appropriately managed and monitored.
- > Monitoring the financial performance and integrity of the Group's accounting and corporate reporting system and liaising with the external auditor.
- Approval of and overseeing the implementation of budgets by management and monitoring progress against budget - via the establishment and reporting of both financial and non-financial key performance indicators.

ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITY OF THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

The Board's Duties (continued)

- > Approval of annual and half-yearly financial reports.
- Approving and monitoring progress of major capital expenditure and capital management.
- > Oversees the effectiveness of management processes and approval of major corporate initiatives.
- > Reporting to and communicating with shareholders.
- > Enhancing and protecting the reputation of the Brisbane Broncos.

STRUCTURE OF THE BOARD

As at the date of this report, there are five directors on the Board whose names, skills, experience and expertise are included in the Directors' Report. There was one change to the composition of the Board during the reporting period. Mr Dennis Watt resigned as Chairman and non-executive director on 5 December 2017. He had held these positions since July 2013 and February 2003 respectively. Mr Watt was an extremely valuable member of the Board and the directors extend their gratitude for his significant contribution during his tenure. Mr Karl Morris was appointed as non-executive director and Chair of the Board on 5 December 2017. Mr Morris is Executive Chairman of Ord Minnett Limited with a career spanning over 30 years in financial services and wealth management. He is a Commerce graduate of Griffith University and holds diplomas from the Stockbrokers and Financial Advisers Association of Australia, Institute of Company Directors and FINSIA. Mr Morris also replaces Mr Watt as a member of the Audit Committee.

Four directors are regarded as independent being Mr Karl Morris, Mrs Katie Bickford, Mr Tony Joseph and Mr Darren Lockyer. Directors of Brisbane Broncos Limited are considered to be independent when they are independent of management and free from any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with - or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with - the exercise of their unfettered and independent judgement.

Mr Kevin Lawlor is not independent given his employment with News Corporation Australia. Mr Lawlor brings significant value to the Board and the directors believe his contribution provides substantial benefits to the Group as a result of his long standing financial experience, qualifications and skills.

Mr Lockyer was a party to a commercial arms-length promotional agreement with the Brisbane Broncos since his retirement from rugby league following the 2011 season. This arrangement expired on 17 February 2018. The Board do not believe that Mr Lockyer's promotional agreement affected his independence status as a director.

Directors of Brisbane Broncos Limited are classified as either executive or non-executive, with the former being those directors engaged in full time employment by the Group. At the date of this report all Board members are non-executive.

The Board recognises the Corporate Governance Council's recommendation that the Chair should be an independent director. Mr Dennis Watt, Chair and non-executive director until 5 December 2017, was employed by News Corporation Australia (a 68.87% shareholder in the Company) until 23 December 2015. Accordingly, he was not considered independent during the reporting period as insufficient time has passed since the cessation of his employment with News Corporation Australia. Hence, Principle 2.5 'The Chair of the Board of a listed entity should be an independent director' was not complied with during his tenure. Mr Watt was elected as Chair of the Board as he had the most relevant experience, skill and expertise to fulfil the role. Since the appointment of independent Chair Mr Karl Morris on 5 December 2017, Principle 2.5 has been complied with.

Mr Paul White has been Chief Executive Officer of the Group since 1 January 2011. He is not a director of the Company.

The term in office held by each director at the date of this report is as follows:

Karl Morris 2 months

Katie Bickford 6 years 9 months

Tony Joseph 7 years

Darren Lockyer 4 years 4 months Kevin Lawlor 1 year 7 months

STRUCTURE OF THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

In the event that a potential conflict of interest may arise, involved directors withdraw from all deliberations concerning the matter and are not permitted to exercise any influence over other Board members or receive relevant Board papers.

There are procedures in place, agreed by the Board, to enable directors in furtherance of their duties to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense. If appropriate, any advice so received will be made available to all directors.

If applicable, executive directors do not receive any additional compensation for serving as a director. Non-executive directors receive fees for serving on the Board. For additional details regarding the nomination and appointment of Board members, please refer to the corporate section of the Company's website.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The size of the Audit Committee remained at three (3) members throughout the reporting period. However due to Mr Watt's resignation as director on 5 December 2017, there was one change to the composition. On this date, Mr Karl Morris replaced Mr Watt as member of the Audit Committee with Mr Kevin Lawlor (Chair) and Mr Tony Joseph comprising the other two members.

It is the Board's responsibility to ensure that an effective internal control framework exists within the entity. This includes internal controls to deal with both the effectiveness and efficiency of significant business processes, the safeguarding of assets, the maintenance of proper accounting records, and the reliability of financial information as well as non-financial considerations. The Board has delegated responsibility for establishing and maintaining a framework of internal control and ethical standards to the Audit Committee. The Committee also provides the Board with additional assurance regarding the reliability of financial information for inclusion in the financial reports.

The Board recognises the CGC's recommendation in Principle 4.1(a)(2) which stipulates the Chair of the Audit Committee should be an independent director. However, the Board acknowledge that Mr Lawlor is the most appropriate director to fill this position as he brings the most relevant experience, skill and qualifications to the role given his extensive and specialised knowledge of the finance and accounting sector as outlined above. For this reason, Principle 4.1(a)(2) is not complied with.

The directors also recognise the CGC's recommendation in Principle 4.2(1)(a)(1) which specifies that the majority of the Audit Committee should consist of independent directors. The Company has complied with this Principle since the appointment of Mr Karl Morris to the Committee on 5 December 2017. Prior to this date, although the majority of the Audit Committee was not independent, it was considered the optimal structure taking into consideration the individual skills and relevant experience of the directors. Mr Joseph (independent) currently serves on the Audit Committee of Brisbane Markets Limited. Mr Watt was the most suitable third member of the Audit Committee due to his long history with the Brisbane Broncos and extensive knowledge of rugby league club administration and operations.

Due to its size, the Company does not have an internal audit function, however it is Company policy for management to regularly conduct an assessment of the following:

- > Adequacy, appropriateness and effectiveness of accounting and operating controls.
- Management processes supporting external reporting.
- > A continuous improvement programme for accounting and operating controls.
- > Extent of compliance with Group policies and procedures.
- > Accuracy and security over data and information.
- > Accountability for Group's assets to safeguard against loss.
- Continual review of the cost structure of the business in an attempt to identify inefficiencies.
- > Economy and efficiency with which resources are employed.

If deficiencies in any of the above are identified, management will promptly implement a policy to overcome the deficiency.

AUDIT COMMITTEE (CONTINUED)

The Audit Committee is also responsible for monitoring the independence and suitability of the external auditors and all professional advisors. For additional details regarding the Audit Committee, including a copy of its charter, please refer to the Brisbane Broncos website. For the names, qualifications and skills of the members of the Audit Committee and the number of meetings attended, please refer to the Directors' Report.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF BOARD AND KEY EXECUTIVES

The performance of the Board and key executives is reviewed regularly against both measurable and qualitative indicators. The Group has a formal, documented performance management process in place for the review and evaluation of all employees, including key executives. This occurs on an annual basis. During the reporting period, the CEO conducted written and verbal performance evaluations for all senior executives and managers assessing their results against individualised Performance Contracts. This performance review process is extended to all staff throughout the organisation. These documents also address the personal development of employees and assess how well staff have demonstrated adherence to Brisbane Broncos core values whilst performing their roles. This process occurs in November and December each year and is extensively documented. It involves assessment of personalised measurable key targets, objectives and performance indicators, and comparing these to results achieved by reviewing qualitative and quantitative performance criteria.

A formal, documented review process is also in place for the Board of Directors. The directors annually review their own individual and collective performance and that of the Chairman and CEO. The performance criteria against which directors and executives are assessed is aligned with the financial and non-financial objectives of the Group. The Board evaluation process was completed in January 2018. Directors whose performance is consistently unsatisfactory may be asked to retire.

As mentioned previously, due to the small size of the Board, a separate Remuneration Committee has not been established. The Board as a whole assesses the appropriateness of the nature and the amount of remuneration of non-executive directors and executives on a periodic basis by reference to relevant employment market conditions.

DISCLOSURES ABOUT DIRECTORS

Details of the directors' remuneration and retirement benefits are disclosed in note 26 of the Annual Report and in the Directors' Report. Details of the indemnity given to directors are disclosed in the Directors' Report. Details of directors' shareholdings are disclosed in the Directors' Report.

RISK

The Board has a proactive approach to risk management. The identification and effective management of risk, including calculated risk-taking is viewed as an important part of the Group's approach to creating long-term shareholder value. In recognition of this, the Board determines the Company's risk profile and is responsible for overseeing and approving risk management strategy and policies, internal compliance and internal control. In doing so, the Board has taken the view that all Board members are to be a part of this process and as such has not established a separate Risk Management Committee.

During the reporting period, the Board and management reviewed the Company's risk management systems and strategies. Risks have been identified and the Group's risk register, risk matrix and risk management policy have been reviewed and updated. Action plans for the most significant risks are documented.

The Board oversees a periodic assessment of the effectiveness of risk management and internal control. The tasks of undertaking and assessing risk management and internal control effectiveness are delegated to management through the CEO, including responsibility for the day to day design and implementation of the Company's risk management and internal control systems. Management reports to the Board though regular formal and informal Board reporting processes on the Company's key risks and the extent to which it believes these risks are being adequately managed.

RISK (CONTINUED)

The Company's process of risk management and internal compliance and control currently includes:

- > Establishing the Company's goals and objectives, and implementing and monitoring strategies and policies to achieve these goals and objectives.
- > Board approval of a strategic plan which encompasses the Company's vision, mission and strategy statements designed to meet stakeholders' needs and manage business risk.
- > Review and monitoring of the Group's strategic plan.
- > Identifying and measuring risks that might impact upon the achievement of the Company's goals and objectives, and monitoring the environment for emerging factors that affect these risks.
- Review of risk register, matrix and action plans to ensure they remain relevant and up to date.
- > Formulating and reviewing risk management strategies to manage identified risks, and designing and implementing appropriate risk management policies and controls.
- > Monitoring the performance of, and continuously improving the effectiveness of, risk management systems and internal control compliance and controls, including an annual assessment of the effectiveness of risk management and internal compliance and control.

The Board has a number of mechanisms in place to ensure that management's objectives and activities are aligned with the risks identified by the Board. These include the following:

- Implementation of Board approved operating plans and budgets and Board monitoring of progress against these budgets, including the establishment and monitoring of KPIs of both a financial and nonfinancial nature.
- > Receipt of detailed monthly Board reports assessing actual performance of the Group and potential risks or issues foreseen by management.
- > Monitoring the strategic plan which encompasses the Group's vision, mission and strategy statements designed to meet shareholders' needs and manage business risk.
- > Annual review of the Group's insurance coverage.

To this end, the risk management practices in place are directed towards achieving the following objectives:

- > Effectiveness and efficiency in the use of Company resources.
- > Compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- > Preparation of reliable published financial information.

CEO AND CFO CERTIFICATION

In accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act, the CEO and the CFO have provided a written statement to the Board that:

- > Their view provided on the Company's financial report is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and control which implements financial policies adopted by the Board.
- > That the Company's risk management and internal compliance and control system is operating effectively in all material respects.

The Board agrees with the views of the ASX on this matter and notes that due to its nature, internal control assurance from the CEO and CFO can only be reasonable rather than absolute. This is due to such factors as the need for judgement, the use of testing on a sample basis, the inherent limitations in internal control and because much of the evidence available is persuasive rather than conclusive and therefore is not and cannot be designed to detect all weaknesses in control procedures.

REMUNERATION

It is the Group's objective to provide maximum shareholder benefit from the retention of a high quality Board and executive team by remunerating directors and key executives fairly and appropriately with reference to relevant employment market conditions. For a full discussion of the Group's remuneration philosophy and framework, and the remuneration received by directors and executives in the current period please refer to the Remuneration Report which is contained within the Directors' Report.

There is no scheme to provide retirement benefits to non-executive directors.

The Board is responsible for determining and reviewing compensation arrangements for the directors themselves, the CEO and senior executive team. The Board believes it is important for all directors to be involved in nomination and remuneration issues so separate Nomination and Remuneration Committees have not been established. Therefore, ASX Best Practice Recommendations 2.1 and 8.1 have not been complied with. The full Board deals with nomination and remuneration issues as and when required. There are Board processes in place which raise the issues that would otherwise be considered by a Nomination or Remuneration Committee. A copy of the Policy for Nomination and Selection of Directors and Senior Executives is available on the corporate section of the Brisbane Broncos website.

TRADING POLICY

Under the Company's Securities Trading Policy, a senior executive or director must not trade in any securities of the Company at any time when they are in possession of unpublished, price-sensitive information in relation to those securities. Before commencing to trade, an executive must first obtain approval from the Company Secretary to do so and a director must first obtain approval of the Chairman. They must advise of their intention to trade in securities, confirm that they do not hold inside information and confirm there is no reason to preclude the trading in the Company's securities.

Executives, directors and officers are prohibited from trading in the Company's securities during the following specific 'closed periods':

- > Midnight 30 June until the half-year results are released; and
- > Midnight 31 December until after the full-year results are released.

As required by the ASX listing rules, the Company notifies the ASX of any transaction conducted by directors in the securities of the Company. The Company's Securities Trading Policy is available on the Brisbane Broncos website.

CONTINUOUS DISCLOSURE POLICY

Principle 5.1 stipulates that companies should establish written policies designed to ensure ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements to ensure accountability at senior executive level for that compliance and disclose those policies or a summary of those policies. A copy of the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy is available on the Brisbane Broncos website.

CODE OF ETHICS AND CONDUCT FOR THE CEO AND KEY EXECUTIVES

The Board acknowledges the need for and continued maintenance of the highest standards of corporate governance practice and ethical conduct by all directors and employees of the Group. To further promote ethical and responsible decision making, as well as part of its commitment to corporate governance, the Board has implemented an overall framework of internal control and business risk management process, and established a Code of Ethics and Conduct for directors, officers and employees. The full text of the Code of Ethics and Conduct is available on the Brisbane Broncos website.

SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATION POLICY

Pursuant to Principle 6, Brisbane Broncos Limited's objective is to promote effective communication with its shareholders at all times.

Brisbane Broncos Limited is committed to:

- > Ensuring that shareholders and the financial markets are provided with full and timely information about the Company's activities in a balanced and understandable way.
- > Complying with continuous disclosure obligations contained in the ASX Listing Rules and the Corporations Act in Australia.
- > Communicating effectively with its shareholders and making it easier for shareholders to communicate with the Company.

The Company seeks to provide balanced communication to existing and potential shareholders. Company announcements are factual and produced in plain language. To promote effective communication with shareholders, and encourage effective participation at general meetings, information is communicated to shareholders in the following ways:

- > Any price sensitive information is released to the market via the ASX and subsequently posted immediately on the Company's website;
- > The distribution of the annual report, interim report and Notices of Annual General Meeting;
- > The Explanatory Memoranda of the Annual General Meetings which provides additional information concerning the resolutions and business of the meeting;
- > The Annual General Meeting at which shareholders are provided with the opportunity to ask questions regarding the Company's governance and business matters;
- > The external auditor attends the Annual General Meeting who is available to receive questions from shareholders;
- > Through letters and other forms of communication directly to shareholders; and
- > By posting relevant information and ASX releases on the Company's website.

The Brisbane Broncos' website has a dedicated corporate section for the purpose of publishing all important Company information and relevant announcements made to the ASX. A copy of the Company's Shareholder Communication Policy is available on the website.

DIVERSITY AT BRISBANE BRONCOS

The Brisbane Broncos actively values and embraces the diversity of its employees and is committed to creating an inclusive workplace where everyone is treated equally and fairly, and where discrimination, harassment and inequity are not tolerated. The Brisbane Broncos are committed to fostering diversity at all levels.

To this end, the Group supports and complies with the recommendation contained in ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations. The Group has established a Diversity Policy outlining the Board's measurable objectives for achieving diversity. This is assessed annually to measure the progress towards achieving those objectives. The Diversity Policy is available in the corporate section of the Company's website.

Outlined below are the measurable objectives established by the Board to achieve diversity, the steps taken during the year to achieve these objectives and the outcomes.

Monitor the number of females in the workplace, including senior management positions and at Board level

The Group has five females in senior executive positions as at the reporting date:

Mrs Katie Bickford Non-executive Director
Ms Shirley Moro Chief Financial Officer

Ms Louise Lanigan Company Secretary and Salary Cap Manager
Ms Tain Drinkwater General Manager - HR, Risk and Compliance

Ms Christine Halliwell General Manager - Community and Government Programs

DIVERSITY AT BRISBANE BRONCOS (CONTINUED)

As at reporting date, women represented 37% of the Group's total workforce (excluding football players), 43% in senior management positions and 20% at Board level. The Board are extremely comfortable with this position given the male concentrated industry of professional rugby league in which the Brisbane Broncos operates within. To avoid distorting the true composition of the proportion of females working at the Brisbane Broncos, the quoted percentages exclude the professional rugby league footballers employed by the organisation whom by the nature of their role must be male. Mrs Katie Skye Ann Bickford was appointed in May 2011 as the first female director of Brisbane Broncos Limited.

Create development opportunities for men and women that develop skills and experience for advancement to prepare them to take on senior positions

Employees are encouraged to undertake professional development and skill enhancement training each year. All reasonable requests are approved by the CEO. The Group allocates funds in its financial budgets annually to meet the cost of these training programmes.

Provide flexible workplace arrangements including part time positions and other incentives to be assessed on a case by case basis

During the 2017 financial year, the Group continued to approve flexible and part time positions on a case by case basis. The Brisbane Broncos will continue to do this where practical and appropriate.

Provide employment opportunities for people with disabilities

The Group ensures the workplace is free of discrimination and accommodates employees with disabilities. As at reporting date, the Brisbane Broncos workforce includes employees with disabilities.

Promote an inclusive culture that treats the workforce with fairness and respect

The Brisbane Broncos has a zero tolerance policy against discrimination of employees at all levels. The Company also encourages employees to voice their concerns and encourages them to report any discrimination. No cases of discrimination were reported during the year.

Review gender gaps on an annual basis

The Board will continue to review gender gaps on an annual basis and are currently comfortable with the percentage of females in the workplace.

Provide career development opportunities for every employee, irrespective of any cultural, gender or other differences

All employees are encouraged to undertake personal development and skill enhancement training each year. All reasonable requests are approved by the CEO. The Group allocates funds in its financial budgets annually to meet the cost of these training programmes.

Provide and monitor employment opportunities for Indigenous Australians

The Brisbane Broncos provides employment opportunities and support to Indigenous Australians in all areas of its business. This is achieved through direct employment (administration and football), partnerships with organisations that are dedicated to supporting the Indigenous community, and the Beyond Broncos Mentoring Programme that works with Indigenous youth to improve education and transition to vocational, higher education and work outcomes

ASX CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COUNCIL'S CORPORTATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES AND **RECOMMENDATIONS**

RECOMMENDATION

Principle 1 - Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

1.1	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its Board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management.	Yes
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	Yes
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Yes
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.	Yes
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the Board or a relevant committee of the Board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them; (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the Board or relevant committee of the Board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them, and either; (1) the respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined 'senior executive' for these purposes); or (2) if the entity is a 'relevant employer' under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent 'Gender Equality Indictors', as defined in and published under that Act.	Yes
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Yes
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Yes

ASX CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COUNCIL'S CORPORTATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES AND **RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)**

RECOMMENDATION

Principle 2 - Structure the Board to add value

2.1	The Board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:	
	 (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendees of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employees to address Board succession issues and to ensure that the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively. 	No Yes
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the Board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	Yes
2.3	A listed entity should disclose (a) the names of the directors considered by the Board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship relevant to the assessment of their independence as a director but the Board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the Board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	Yes
2.4	A majority of the Board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	Yes
2.5	The Chair of the Board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	Yes
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	Yes

Principle 3 - Act ethically and responsibly

3.1	A listed entity should:	
	(a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and	Yes
	(b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	

Principle 4 - A listed entity should have formal and rigorous processes that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting.

4.1	The Board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the Chair of the Board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendees of the members at those meetings; orr (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the process it employees that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	Yes
4.2	The Board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been forme don the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	Yes
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	Yes

ASX CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COUNCIL'S CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)

RECOMMENDATION Comply Yes/No

Principle 5 - Make timely and balanced disclosure

5.1	A listed entity should:	
	(a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the ASX Listing Rules; and(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Yes

Principle 6 - Respect the rights of security holders

6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Yes
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	Yes
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	Yes
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Yes

Principle 7 - Recognise and manage risk

7.1	The Board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director; and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and	
	 (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework. 	No Yes
7.2	The Board or a committee of the Board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	Yes
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	Yes
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	Yes

ASX CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COUNCIL'S CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES AND **RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)**

RECOMMENDATION

Principle 8 - Remunerate fairly and responsibly

8.1	The Board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee: and	
	 (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings, or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive. 	No Yes
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	Yes
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	N/A