



ANNUAL REPORT

Jumbo Interactive Limited



**Jumbo has clear
20/20 vision for
continued growth.**

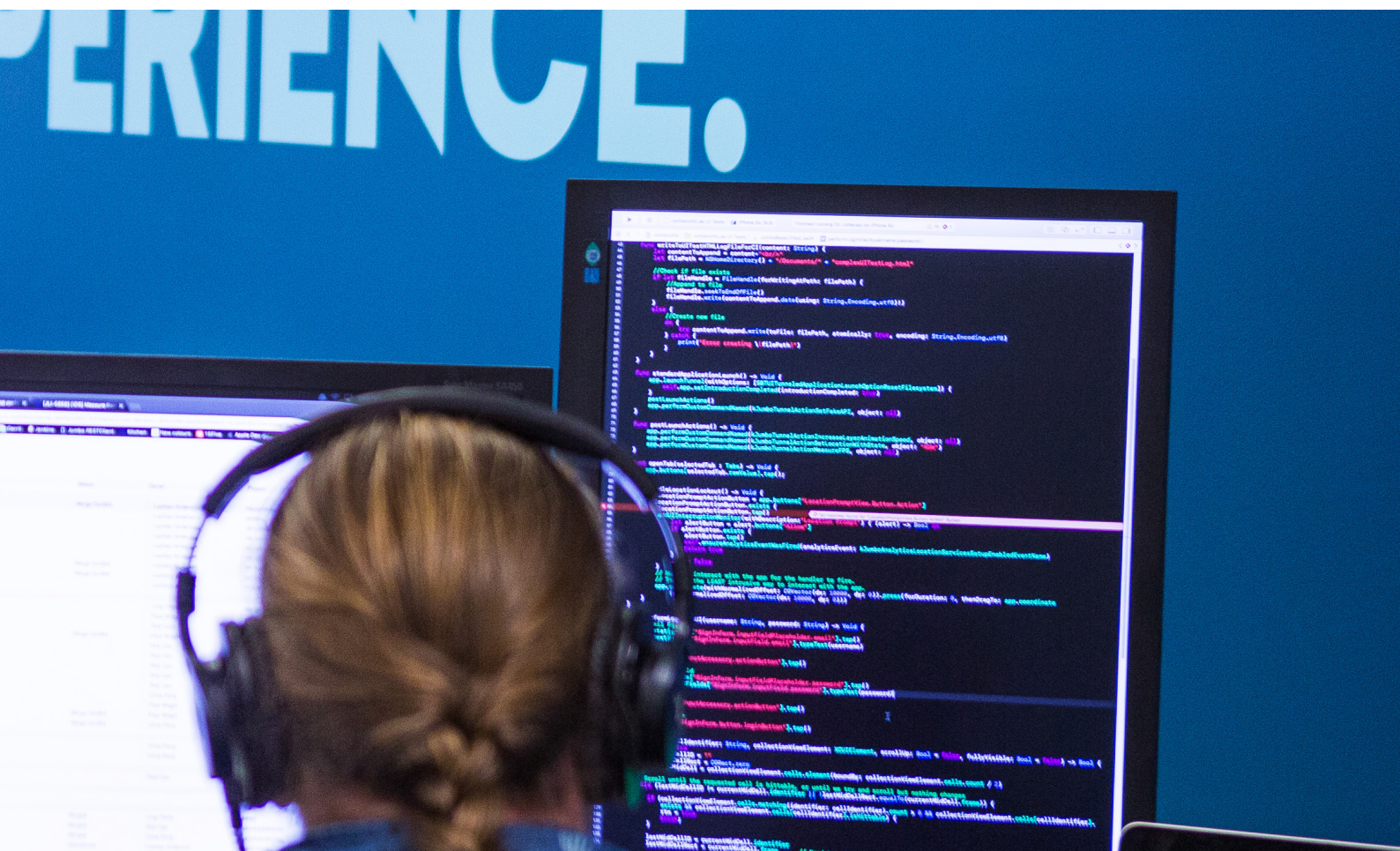


Table of Contents

5	Introduction	45	Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
6	Highlights	46	Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
8	Letter from the Chairman	48	Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
10	Letter from the CEO	49	Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
12	Review of Operations	80	Directors' Declaration
20	Leadership Team	81	Independent Auditor's Report
22	Financial Report	84	Shareholder Information
24	Directors' Report	86	Company Information
38	Auditor's Independence Declaration		
39	Corporate Governance Statement		
44	Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income		



Introduction

22% online by 2020

The continuing rise in popularity of online lottery tickets underpins the vision to grow internet penetration up from 18% in 2018 to 22% by 2020. Jumbo has helped drive this growth over the past decade and has put in place the people and software to make the vision a reality. Technological innovation and disciplined online marketing particular to lottery sales will be the key drivers in the years ahead.

Following landmark agreements with Tatts signed in May 2017 and the completion of the merger between Tatts and Tabcorp in December 2017, Jumbo is now strongly aligned with the most significant player in the Australian lottery and gaming industry. Tabcorp's significant shareholding in Jumbo provides the stability for Jumbo to further develop the online lottery market and deliver benefits not only to Tabcorp but all shareholders alike.

Just as significant is the complete rewrite of the Jumbo Lottery Software Platform that went live during 2017. The extra tools and performance from the new software platform drive the scalability that has delivered a 55% increase in net profit after tax from a 23% increase in revenue. Those tools have also underpinned the revenue growth during a modest year in terms of major jackpots that saw 32 large jackpots compared to 31 the year before.

Highlights

A 55% increase in net profit after tax from continuing operations is the result of a strong performance by the Australian business.

**Revenue
(continuing operations)**

12 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2018

\$39.8m23% increase
over the previous year**Number of
Large Jackpots**OZ LOTTO/ POWERBALL JACKPOTS OF
\$15 MILLION OR MORE, 12 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2018**32**3% increase
over 12 months**Net Profit After Tax
(total operations)**

12 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2018

\$12.1m115% increase over
the previous year**Net Profit After Tax
(continuing operations)**

12 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2018

\$11.8m55% increase
over 12 months**Dividends Declared**FULLY FRANKED ORDINARY DIVIDENDS (EXCLUDING
SPECIAL) FOR THE 12 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2018**12.5c**47% increase
over the previous year**Share Price**

AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

\$5.0088% increase
over 12 months

Letter from the Chairman

Dear Shareholder

The success of our strategy of continued focus on growing the lottery business and expanding the emerging charity business in Australia is evident in the strong financial performance for the financial year ended 30 June 2018. This has allowed us not only to increase the normal dividend payment, but to also once again pay another special dividend of 8 cents per share on 29 June 2018.

We intend remaining focused on our current strategy with the expectation that this will lead to a continuing increase in the years ahead of Total Transaction Value (TTV), Revenue and Profits available for distribution to Shareholders.

With net assets of \$47,211,000 and available cash of \$40,085,000 as at 30 June 2018, the Company may consider other opportunities in the future. However, this will not divert our focus from continuing to grow the business under the current strategy which gives Jumbo a clear vision leading up to the 2020's.

Jumbo has benefited considerably from the decision made two years ago to invest in its proprietary software platform and also to exit the German market.

Jumbo's success has been made possible by the focus of the collective expertise of Management and all staff ably led by Mr. Mike Veverka, who is both founder and CEO.

I would like to take this opportunity to thank both the

board and Management for their continued dedication to the growth of the Company and to our shareholders who have followed our journey to the successful Company Jumbo has become today.

I trust that any questions you may have can and will be addressed at our Annual General Meeting which is scheduled for 25 October 2018.

Yours Truly



David K Barwick
Chairman

Jumbo's success has been made possible by the focus of the collective expertise of Management and all staff ably led by Mr. Mike Veverka, who is both founder and CEO.

“



Letter from the CEO

Following the landmark agreements with Tatts signed in May 2017, Jumbo went straight to work and has delivered an exceptional year of growth.

From a modest run of Jackpots (32 large jackpots compared to 31 the previous year) the Jumbo team were able to significantly increase ticket sales and Revenue by 26% and 23% respectively. This translated into a 55% increase in net profit after tax (continuing operations) due to the scalable nature of the business and a tight rein on costs.

This scalable nature is made possible by the software platform that has been completely rewritten from scratch over the past few years. Jumbo is now able to reap the rewards from this investment in software development via the extra tools and performance the new platform brings.

A new "Powered by Jumbo" initiative has begun to further extract value from this software platform. For the first time Jumbo is able to offer other lottery operators around the world a software system to power their ticket sales and deliver the scale of growth that Jumbo is accustomed to.

With exciting times ahead I sense genuine excitement around the Jumbo offices and wish to thank all staff for their enthusiasm for making Jumbo not only a great place to work but also capable of delivering exceptional growth for shareholders.



Mike Veverka
CEO and Founder

Following the landmark agreements with Tatts signed in May 2017, Jumbo went straight to work and has delivered an exceptional year of growth.

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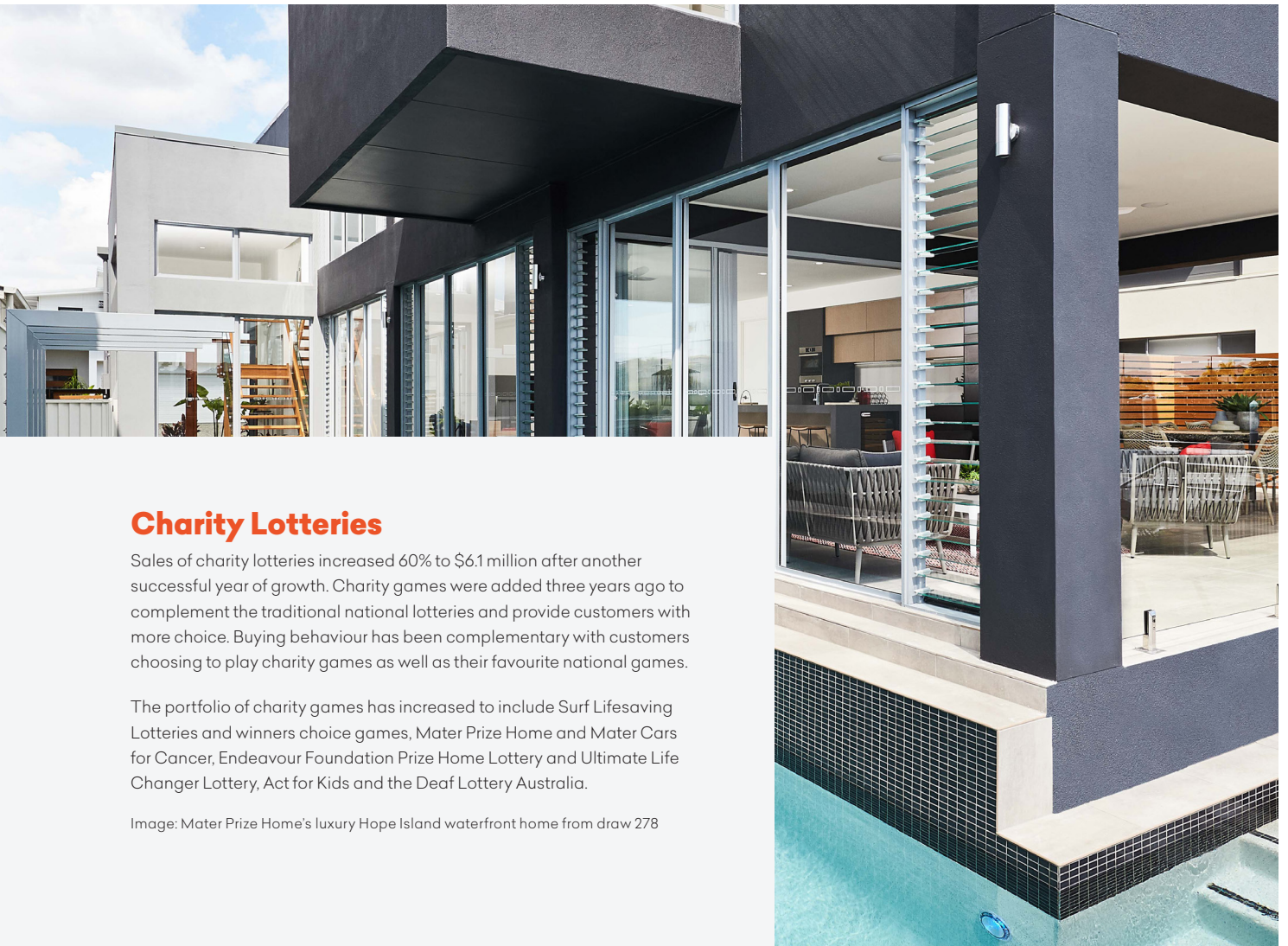
Review of Operations

Customer engagement is well up with 438,000 active customers compared to 354,000 the previous year.

Financial Performance

From a modest run of Jackpots in FY18 that saw one more large jackpot than in FY17 (32 large jackpots compared to 31 the previous year) the Jumbo team were able to significantly increase Revenue and Profit. The result was a 26% increase in Total Transaction Value (a measure of total ticket sales) and a 23% increase in Revenue to \$39.8 million.

Net profit after tax (for continuing operations) increased 55% to \$11.8 million and Net profit after tax (for the group) increased 115% to \$12.1 million. Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) increased 38% to \$19 million.



Charity Lotteries

Sales of charity lotteries increased 60% to \$6.1 million after another successful year of growth. Charity games were added three years ago to complement the traditional national lotteries and provide customers with more choice. Buying behaviour has been complementary with customers choosing to play charity games as well as their favourite national games.

The portfolio of charity games has increased to include Surf Lifesaving Lotteries and winners choice games, Mater Prize Home and Mater Cars for Cancer, Endeavour Foundation Prize Home Lottery and Ultimate Life Changer Lottery, Act for Kids and the Deaf Lottery Australia.

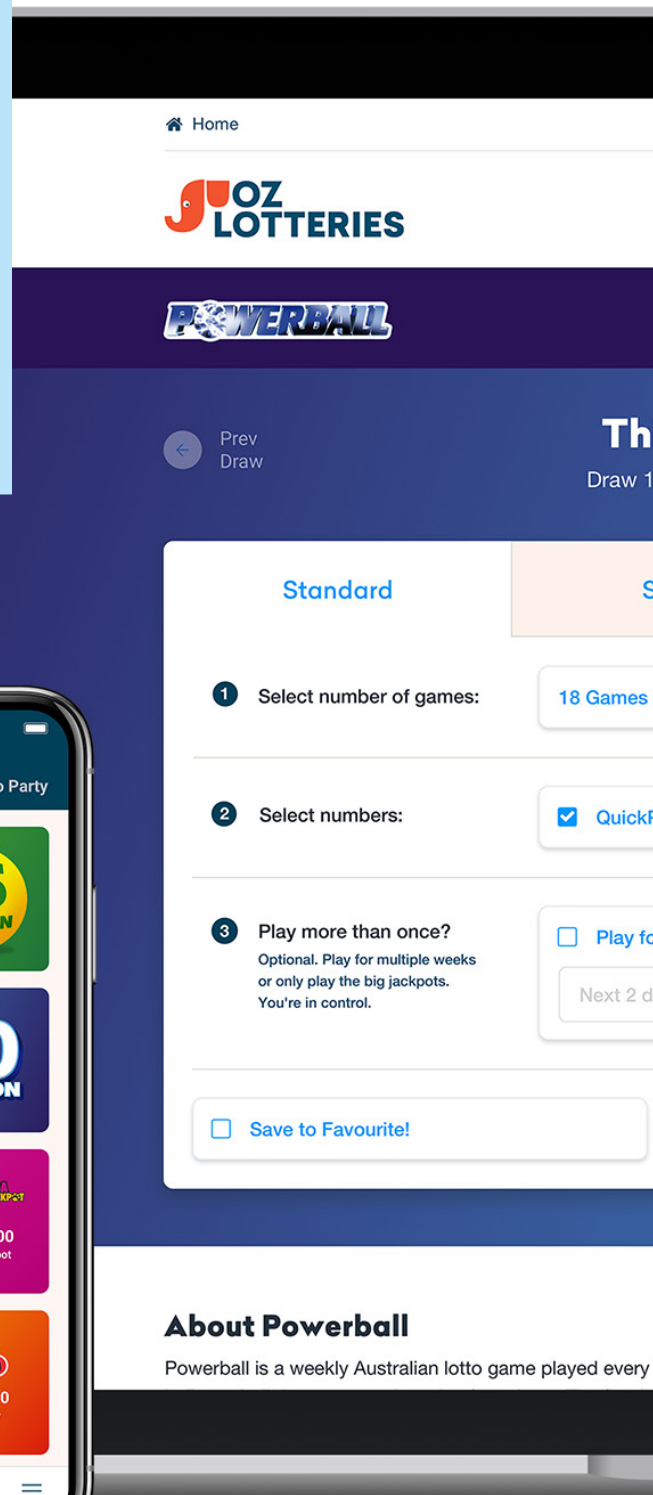
Image: Mater Prize Home's luxury Hope Island waterfront home from draw 278

New Software Platform

During FY17, a 3 year project to rewrite the Jumbo Lottery Software Platform went live opening the door for improved performance. The impact was felt immediately on ticket sales as old road blocks were quickly removed. New features such as the Lotto Party and Lotto Voice were quickly released with more currently in development. Customer satisfaction increased with faster response times and a sleek user interface made the process of buying tickets more streamlined.

Customer engagement is well up with 438,000 active customers compared to 354,000 the previous year. This is a result of a strong focus on the user experience and improved customer service. The average spend per customer per year reached \$371 and the number of new accounts for the year reached 215,000 compared to 161,000 the previous year.

For the first time Jumbo is able to offer other lottery operators around the world a software system to power their ticket sales and deliver the scale of growth that Jumbo is accustomed to. A "Powered by Jumbo" initiative has commenced aimed at forming relationships with lottery operators in need of an industry-leading software platform.



Jumbo growth at 20% CAGR over 7 years

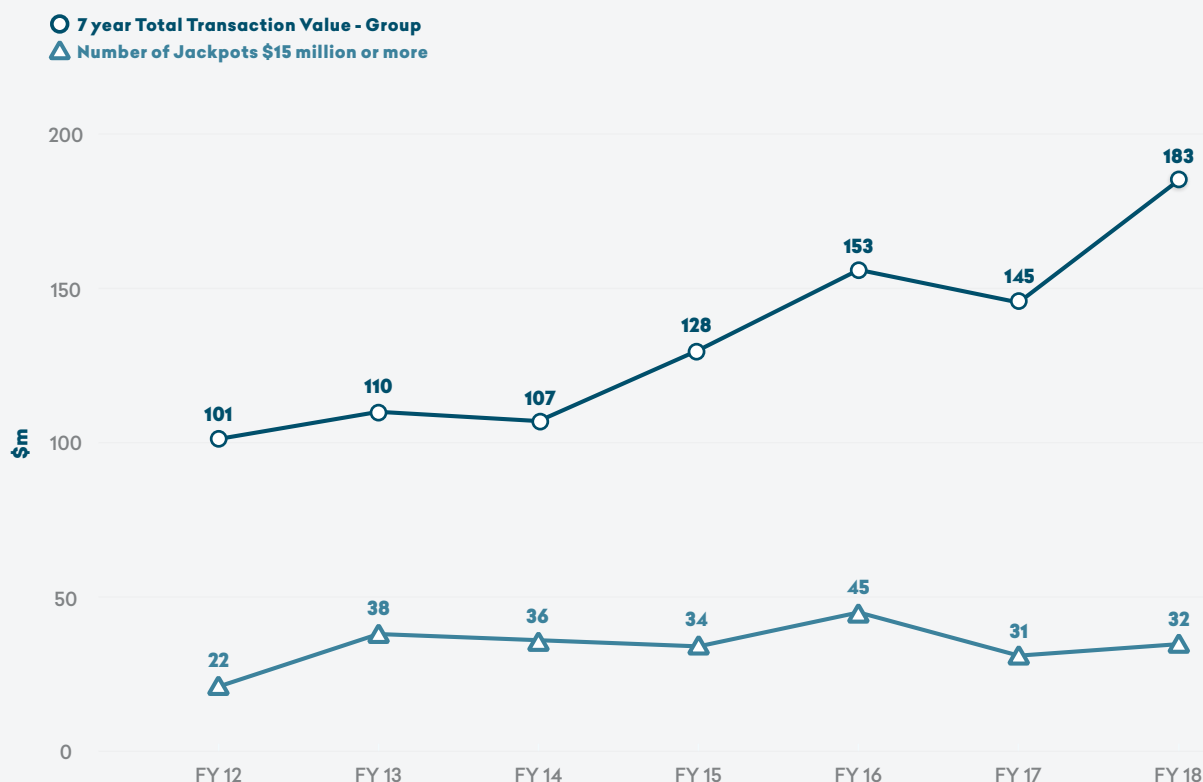
Jumbo's flagship website www.ozlotteries.com has delivered a consistent 20% compound annual growth rate over 7 years to 30 June 2018, absorbing the natural fluctuations in jackpots. This has been underpinned by a growing customer database and a trend in consumer behaviour towards mobile purchases.

To ensure sales are not on a declining trend, sales are analysed on a like-for-like basis at specific jackpot levels over a number of years. This analysis shows a steady increase in sales further confirming the general growth trend.

Jumbo's continued growth has been underpinned by a growing customer database and a trend in consumer behaviour towards mobile purchases.

Sales growth over the last 4 HY periods has been positive despite jackpot fluctuations.

	FY 2017		FY 2018	
Internet Lotteries Australia	HY1	HY2	HY1	HY2
TTV (\$ million)	69.3	75.2	88.7	93.6
Large Jackpots	15	16	18	14



7 New. Millionaires!

It's been an exciting year for Oz Lotteries customers, with 265,433 customers winning \$126,415,572 in prizes – almost double the aggregate prize pool from FY17. With 7 new millionaires, including a \$50 million division 1 winner, Oz Lotteries customers have really hit the jackpot this year.

\$50 Million Powerball!

Oz Lotteries sold its biggest winning ticket this year, an amazing \$50 million prize! The entire Division 1 prize for the Powerball draw went to a lucky man from the ACT, who took home \$50,000,000 from a Quickpick 7 ticket. When CEO Mike Veverka called the Powerball winner, he said he was “dumbfounded” and “hadn't slept a wink” knowing his entire life was about to change.

\$10 Million Oz Lotto!

Two Oz Lotteries customers won shares in the \$40 million Oz Lotto jackpot in January, receiving \$10,000,000 each!

\$6.8 Million Lucky Lotteries!

A young man from Sydney's inner-western suburbs was left “shocked and speechless” after receiving a phone call at work informing him that his Lucky Lotteries Super Jackpot ticket had scored the entire \$6.8m jackpot in the Lucky Lotteries draw on the 15th of January.

“Are you serious? Wow, wow, wow!” he exclaimed. “You've made my day, you've made my life!”

Jumbo facilitates the payment of prizes to the customer from Tatts.



Getting the Lotto Party started!

Jumbo has successfully combined social media and lottery syndicate play on a digital platform.

Eliminating the need for cumbersome syndicate administration, Lotto Party enables a group of friends to easily create their own group syndicate right in the app. An organiser sets up a group and creates a ticket in an upcoming draw, then they set the price each friend will need to contribute to join the Lotto Party. The invitation is sent through social media to friends via a unique link, then after the draw takes place, Oz Lotteries automatically calculates any winnings and pays each friend directly back into their Oz Lotteries account based on the number of shares they purchased.

Lotto Party supports the social nature of playing the lottery, and in doing so, invites new customers to join Oz Lotteries.







What were the results for last weeks Powerball?

Powerball draw 1159 was drawn on Thursday 2nd August. The main numbers were 32, 34, 1, 9, 17, 22, 3 and the Powerball was 19.

Oz Lotteries Voice App

Continually pushing the boundaries, Jumbo launched a voice-activated feature for the Google System Platform and Amazon's Alexa product this year.

Voice enables customers to discover the lottery results, prize pools and upcoming draws simply by asking Alexa or Google Home, offering different ways for customers to interact with Jumbo.

Improved Customer Engagement

A strong focus on the user experience and customer service is credited for Jumbo's record year.

The implementation of an integrated customer support platform has enabled our customer support team to provide stellar, consistent service, showing over 90% satisfaction rating. Feedback such as "Quick to respond to my request and all fixed in no time at all. Great customer service.", "So easy dealing with your company, if only it was like with all the other service providers!" and "The quality of service provided by this company is awesome." are testament to our customers' satisfaction.

The Oz Lotteries app proudly maintains a 5-Star rating on the app store, with rave reviews.

THE APP TO HAVE

19 Jul

★★★★★ by Dab1955

Great app that provides everything I need in a lotto purchasing app. The email notifications and paypal payment make it far superior to other apps on offer.

LOVE THIS

2 Aug

★★★★★ by Majaanli

This is such a user friendly app. It makes purchasing so easy and I don't think I'll go back to going in store.

Key Performance Indicators



**CPL—
Cost Per Lead**

\$17.28

Up from \$17.09 due to customer acquisition marketing mix.



**Average Spend per
Online Customer**

\$371.13

Up from \$348.40 due to improved customer activity and higher jackpot activity as well as a positive contribution from charity games.



**New Online
Accounts**

215k

Up from 161k due to marketing initiatives and higher jackpot activity.



**Active Online
Customers**

438k

Up from 354K due to improved customer activity and higher jackpot activity.

Leadership Team

Jumbo has a stable leadership team that has amassed unique digital experience in the world lottery industry.



Mike Veverka

Chief Executive Officer & Executive Director (BEng (Hons))

Mike Veverka is CEO and founder of Jumbo Interactive. He has a proven track record in business and computing, establishing several successful startups to meet new consumer demands for online products. His entrepreneurial flair and ambition for innovation were displayed at the age of fifteen when he created and sold his first software package to Hewlett Packard. Mike worked as a design engineer and computer programmer before founding 'Squirrel Software Technologies' that provided some of Australia's first internet services and e-commerce software. As founder and leader, Mike plays a pivotal role in the growth strategy, innovation and promotion of Jumbo.



David Barwick

Chairman and Non-Executive Director

David Barwick has over 40 years experience in the management and administration of publicly listed companies in Australia and North America. During this period David has held the positions of Chairman, Managing Director or President of over 30 public companies with strengths in strategic planning, restructuring and financing entities.

**Bill Lyne**

Non-Executive Director and Company Secretary (BCom, CA, FCIS, FGIA, FAICD, FFIN)

Bill Lyne is the Principal of Australian Company Secretary Service that provides secretarial, corporate compliance and governance services to public company clients in a wide range of industries. Prior to this, Bill was Company Secretary and CFO of First Australian Building Society, having previously spent many years in credit and lending positions in merchant banking. Bill holds a Bachelor of Commerce and is a Chartered Accountant. He is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries & Administrators (UK), Governance Institute of Australia, and the Australian Institute of Company Directors. He is also a fellow of and has life membership with the Financial Services Institute of Australasia.

**David Todd**

Chief Financial Officer (MBA, Grad DipACG, CAIB(SA), BCom, FGIA, FCIS)

David has extensive capabilities in business administration with strengths in credit risk management and international business. His experience in financial management spans 25 years in the banking industries of South Africa, New Zealand and Australia, and small cap and SME environments. David holds a Bachelor of Commerce, a Master of Business Administration,

an Associate Diploma in Banking, and a Graduate Diploma of Advanced Corporate Governance. He is a Fellow of the Governance Institute of Australia and a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators (UK). David brings a wealth of commercial expertise to Jumbo Interactive as Chief Financial Officer.

**Brad Board**

Chief Operating Officer

Having joined Jumbo in 2001 Brad has been actively involved in Jumbo's evolution and growth into the leading digital lottery business it is today. Brad has significant lottery and e-commerce experience and ensures that the brand, digital experiences and service offerings provided by Jumbo effectively engage and satisfy it's 2,000,000+ customers in Australia and Internationally. In addition to responsibility for Jumbo's marketing and product strategy he ensures various departments and subsidiaries are interacting efficiently with each other and in accordance with Jumbo's overall strategic goals.

**Xavier Bergade**

Chief Technology Officer

As Chief Technology Officer, Xavier ensures that Jumbo's technology services are continually improving and innovating while

remaining secure for customer transactions. He is responsible for the adaptation of the successful Australian OzLotteries.com website to other markets and ensuring capabilities for customer purchases on any device demands that websites continually evolve as new mobile and computer products are released to market with unprecedented frequency.

**Brian J. Roberts**

President, North America (DipEC Cert(OM))

Brian has extensive experience in lotteries and gaming, software development and production and is a recognised creative innovator. His experience in the lottery and gaming industry spans over 40 years with senior roles including Director of Creative Content Development at GTECH, COO and Senior Vice President of Marketing at On-Point Technology Systems, President of LotoMark and Vice President of Lottery Operations at International Totalizator and Lottery Systems. Brian has developed, implemented and managed gaming systems across many international jurisdictions. He holds over twenty issued and pending gaming industry USA patents.

Financial Report

FY 2018 in Review

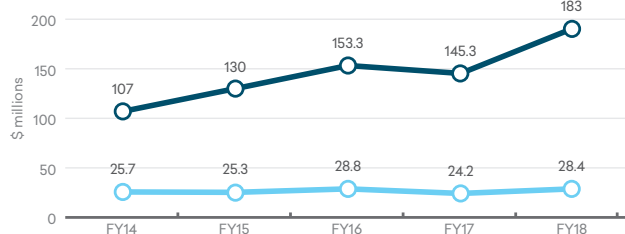
Financial Headlines

\$'000	FY2018	FY2017	Variance %
Continuing operations			
TTV	183,146	145,322	26.0%
Revenue	39,775	32,429	22.7%
Revenue margin	21.7%	22.3%	(0.6ppt)
NPBT	17,101	11,068	54.5%
NPAT	11,753	7,597	54.7%
Discontinued operations	374	(1,957)	119.1%
NPAT – overall operations	12,127	5,640	115.0%
EBITDA	19,415	14,094	37.8%
EBIT	16,241	10,463	55.2%
Cash at bank	47,919	43,320	10.6%
Net assets	47,211	42,900	10.0%
Net tangible assets	33,124	30,484	8.7%
Share price at year end (cps)	500.0	266.0	88.0%
Dividends paid per share (cps)	35.5	8.5	317.6%
Total shareholder return (%)	101.3%	111.2%	(9.9ppt)
Earnings Per Share (cps)	23.4	12.6	85.7%
Return on capital employed (%)—overall operations	25.7%	13.1%	12.6ppt
Shares on issue (million)	54.4	50.7	7.3%
Market capitalisation (million)	271.9	134.8	101.7%
EBIT margin (%)	40.8%	32.3%	8.5ppt

Highlights

Large jackpot activity was only one more in number, but an increase in the aggregate large jackpot value and improved customer engagement has seen an increase in Total Transaction Value (TTV) and Revenue, together with a continued focus on costs, has resulted in an increase in Net Profit After Tax from Continuing operations.

5 year Total Transaction Value and average large jackpots



The discontinued operation in Germany contributed to the increase in Net Profit After Tax of Overall operations.

- Revenue \$39,775 million – 23% increase
- Net Profit After Tax – Continuing operations \$11,753 million – 55% increase
- Net Profit After Tax – Overall operations \$12,127 million – 115% increase

- Dividends paid 35.50 cents (fully franked) – 318% increase
- Share Price \$5.00 – 88% increase
- Total Shareholder Return 101% - 9.9ppt decrease

FY2019 outlook

- With a strong start to the year from 11 large jackpots in July and August, including a record \$100 million for Powerball, TTV growth of about 20 to 25% vs FY2018 is expected with higher TTV in traditional draw lotteries and growth from the emerging charity lotteries
- Revenue margin is expected to be slightly lower vs FY2018 of approximately 20.0 to 21.0% due to the effects of product mix
- EBIT margin target 44.0 to 46.0% driven by operating leverage with continued improvement in efficiencies and focus on cost management

Directors' Report

The Directors of Jumbo Interactive Limited (Company), present their report on the consolidated entity (Group), consisting of Jumbo Interactive Limited and the entities it controlled at the end of, and during, the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

Board of Directors

The following persons were Directors of the Company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

David K Barwick

Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director

Mike Veverka

Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

Bill Lyne

Independent Non-Executive Director

Details of the experience, qualifications and special responsibilities, and other Directorships of listed companies, in respect of each of the Directors as at the date of this Directors' Report are set out in the pages as follows:

David K Barwick

Experience: Appointed as a Board member on 30 August 2006 and Chairman on 7 November 2007. David Barwick is an accountant by profession with over 40 years experience in the management and administration of publicly listed companies both in Australia and North America. During this period David has held the position of Chairman, Managing Director or President of over 30 public companies covering a broad range of activities.

Special responsibilities: Chairman (Non-Executive); Chair of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee; and member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

Australian Listed Company Directorships held in the past three years: Metallica Minerals Limited – Non-Executive Director and Chairman (from 11 March 2004 to 30 June 2015),

Interest in shares and options: None.

Mike Veverka

Experience: Mike Veverka has been Chief Executive Officer and Director of Jumbo Interactive Limited since the restructuring of the Company 8 September 1999. Mike was instrumental in the development of the e-commerce software that is the foundation of the various Jumbo operations. Mike was the original founder of subsidiary Benon Technologies Pty Ltd in 1995 when development of the software began.

Mike also established a leading Internet Service Provider in Queensland which operated successfully for three years before being sold. Mike is regarded as a pioneer in the Australian internet industry with many successful internet endeavours to his name. Mike graduated with an Honours degree in engineering in 1987.

Qualifications: Bachelor of Engineering (Hons).

Special responsibilities: Chief Executive Officer.

Australian Listed Company Directorships held in the past three years: None.

Interest in shares and options: 9,851,027 ordinary shares and 1,950,000 options over ordinary shares in Jumbo Interactive Limited.

Bill Lyne

Experience: Appointed as a board member on 30 October 2009. Bill Lyne is the principal of Australian Company Secretary Service, providing company secretarial, compliance and governance services to public companies. He is currently company secretary of three other publicly listed companies, is a former secretary and/or director of a number of other listed companies, and has a wealth of experience in corporate governance principles and practices.

Bill is a fellow of Governance Institute Australia and has been a presenter at GIA courses in company secretarial practice.

Qualifications: Bachelor of Commerce; Chartered Accountant.

Special responsibilities: Chair of the Audit and Risk Management Committee; member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee; and Company Secretary.

Australian Listed Company Directorships held in the past three years: None.

Interest in shares and options: None.

Company Secretary

Mr Bill Lyne was appointed Company Secretary 19 October 2007.

Refer to the information on Directors for details of experience and qualifications.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Group during the financial year was the retail of lottery tickets through the internet and mobile devices sold both in Australia and eligible overseas jurisdictions.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities that occurred during the financial year.

Review of operations

A review of the Group's operations for the financial year and the results of those operations, is contained in the Operating and Financial Review as set out on pages 28 to 30 of this report.

Dividends

A fully franked final dividend of 5.0 cents per fully paid ordinary share for the year ended 30 June 2017 was paid on 22 September 2017, and a fully franked interim dividend of 7.5 cents per fully paid ordinary share for the year ended 30 June 2018 was paid on 23 March 2018.

A fully franked special dividend of 15.0 cents per fully paid ordinary share was paid on 8 August 2017 and a fully franked special dividend of 8.0 cents per fully paid ordinary share was paid on 29 June 2018.

On 23 August 2018, the Directors have declared to pay a fully franked final dividend for the financial year ended 30 June 2018 of 11.0 cents per fully paid ordinary share (2017: 5.0 cents per fully paid ordinary

share), to be paid on 21 September 2018.

Further details of dividends provided for or paid are set out in note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements on page 65.

State of Affairs

Changes in the state of affairs are set out on page 30 and form part of the Directors' Report for the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

Events after the reporting date

Apart from (i) the exercise of 3,474,492 Tatts options (\$8,235,000) and of 330,000 staff options (\$1,320,000), and (ii) the final dividend declared, as at the date of this Directors' Report, the directors are not aware of any matter or circumstance that has arisen that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Company in the financial years subsequent to 30 June 2018.

The above items are not recognised in the financial statements 30 June 2018.

Likely developments, key business strategies and future prospects

Following the renewal of the lottery agreements with Tatts and the investment by Tatts in the Company in May 2017, and discontinuation of the Germany operation in March 2017, the Company is well placed to concentrate on and grow its core domestic lottery market in Australia while respecting responsible gaming commitments and the needs of all industry stakeholders, including other lottery channels.

The following lottery agreements are held with the Tatts Group:

- Victoria - five years to 1 May 2022 and continuing thereafter with termination by either party giving 12 months written notice;
- New South Wales - five years to 1 May 2022 and continuing thereafter with termination by either party giving 12 months written notice;
- South Australia - five years to 1 May 2022 and continuing thereafter with termination by either party giving 12 months written notice;
- Northern Territory - five years to 1 May 2022 and continuing

thereafter with termination by either party giving 12 months written notice; and

- Victoria (Fiji) - five years to 1 May 2022 and continuing thereafter with termination by either party giving 12 months written notice

The Company's long, strong relationship with Tatts has been strengthened with the investment by Tatts in the Company, currently holding a 12.5% strategically important stake. The Company can confidently continue with its medium to long term plans to grow the business in Australia. The domestic internet lottery market is estimated to be approximately 18% of the total domestic lottery market compared to overseas lottery markets which have recorded strong growth such as the more mature markets of UK and Finland where internet market shares are estimated to have reached approximately 21% and 48% respectively. Based on this, there is still good growth potential in the domestic market.

Changes to the Powerball game in April 2018 is expected to increase the number of large jackpots in FY2019, although this is no certainty. The long awaited Set for Life product is expected to be available for sale from the beginning of H2FY2019.

The Company started selling Charity lottery tickets in July 2015 and has maintained the number of charities at five during the financial year, increasing sales by 60%. At least one further charity is expected to be added in FY2019 with expected good growth.

Investment in the Company's core intellectual property will continue for FY2019 with continuing benefits expected in future years. These new products and technologies are designed to take advantage of the trend towards social media and interactive gaming which is expected to have the Company well placed in the lottery market.

Environmental regulation

The Group's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory.

Directors' meetings

The number of meetings of the Board of Directors (including board committees) held during the year ended 30 June 2018 and the number of meetings attended by each Director is set out in the table below:

Meetings table		Board*		Audit and Risk Management Committee		Nomination and Remuneration Committee	
Director	Eligible to attend	Attended	Eligible to attend	Attended	Eligible to attend	Attended	
David Barwick	16	16	8	8	2	2	
Mike Veverka	16	16	-	-	-	-	
Bill Lyne	16	16	8	8	2	2	

* Board meetings include Circulating Directors' Resolutions

Share options

Unissued ordinary shares of the Company under options at the date of this report are as follows:

Date options granted	Expiry date	Exercise price of shares	Number under option
3 September 2013	3 September 2018	\$4.00	70,000
6 November 2013	6 November 2018	\$4.00	150,000
18 November 2015	18 November 2020	\$1.75	300,000
2 February 2017	2 February 2022	\$2.25	50,000
15 November 2017	15 November 2022	\$3.50	4,450,000
			5,020,000

The holders of these options do not have any rights under the options to participate in any share issue of the Company or of any other entity.

During or since the financial year ended 30 June 2018, the following ordinary shares of Jumbo Interactive Limited were issued on the exercise of options granted.

Date options granted	Issue price of share	Number of shares issued
13 September 2013	\$4.00	1,480,000
6 November 2013	\$4.00	250,000
18 November 2015	\$1.75	1,300,000
14 January 2016	\$1.75	500,000
13 July 2017	\$2.37	3,474,492
15 November 2017	\$3.50	650,000
		7,654,492

No amounts are unpaid on these shares.

During or since the financial year ended 30 June 2018, the following options were granted by Jumbo Interactive Limited to Directors and key management personnel, including the five most highly remunerated officers, of the Group as part of their remuneration.

Name	Number of options granted	Number of ordinary shares under option
Directors		
Mike Veverka	1,800,000	1,800,000
Other key management personnel		
Xavier Bergade	900,000	900,000
Brad Board	900,000	900,000
David Todd	900,000	900,000
	4,500,000	4,500,000

Indemnifying officers or auditor

During the financial year, the Company paid a premium in respect of a contract insuring directors, secretaries and executive officers of the Company and its controlled entities against a liability incurred as director, secretary or executive officer to the extent permitted by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the

premium.

The Company has not otherwise, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify an officer of the Company or any of its controlled entities against a liability incurred as such an officer.

No indemnity has been provided to, or insurance paid on behalf of, the auditor of the Group.

Non-audit services

During the financial year, the Company's auditor BDO Audit Pty Ltd, or their related practices (herein also referred to BDO), performed other services in addition to its audit responsibilities.

On the advice of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services, during the year, by the auditor (or by another person or firm on behalf of the auditor), is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

On the advice of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out above, did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the Audit and Risk Management Committee to ensure that they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- none of the non-audit services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants*.

Details of the amounts paid to BDO for non-audit services throughout the year are set out below:

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Taxation services		
Tax compliance services - tax returns	42,000	40,000
Transfer pricing	15,000	-
Other tax advice	7,000	-
Total taxation services	64,000	40,000
Other services		
Accounting advice	-	2,800
Accounting services	4,500	6,000
Total other services	4,500	8,800
Total fees for non-audit services	68,500	48,800

CEO and CFO declaration

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) have provided a written declaration to the Board in accordance with section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

With regards to the financial records and systems of risk management and internal compliance in this written declaration, the Board received assurance from the CEO and CFO that the

declaration was founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control, and that the system was operating effectively in all material respects in relation to the reporting of financial risks.

Proceedings against the Company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Remuneration Report

The Remuneration Report is set out on pages 31 to 37, and forms part of the Directors' Report for the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

Rounding of amounts

The company satisfies the requirements of ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission in relation to rounding of amounts in the directors' report and the financial statements to the nearest thousand dollars. Amounts have been rounded off in the directors' report and financial statements in accordance with that Legislative Instrument.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration, as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, is set out on page 38.

This Directors' Report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of the Company.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'David K Barwick', enclosed within a large, loopy oval stroke.

David K Barwick

Chairman

Brisbane

23 August 2018

Operating and Financial Review

Consolidated results of continuing operations

The Company reports revenue on a net revenue inflow basis where it considers that it acts more as an Agent than as a Principal such as with the sale of lottery tickets. The gross amount received for the sale of goods and rendering of services is advised as Total Transaction Value (TTV) for information purposes. Refer to note 2 for details.

Continuing operations	FY2018	FY2017	Variance %
TTV	183,146	145,322	26.0%
Revenue	39,775	32,429	22.7%
Cost of sales	(2,038)	(2,465)	(17.3%)
Gross profit	37,737	29,964	25.9%
Other income	1,203	1,064	13.1%
Expenses	(21,839)	(19,960)	9.4%
NPBT	17,101	11,068	54.5%
Income tax Expense	(5,348)	(3,471)	54.1%
NPAT continuing operations	11,753	7,597	54.7%
Discontinued operations	374	(1,957)	119.1%
NPAT overall operations	12,127	5,640	115.0%
EBITDA	19,415	14,094	37.8%
EBIT	16,241	10,463	55.2%

The Company achieved a strong increase in TTV and Revenue due mainly to improved customer activity (both new customers and re-engagement of existing customer) together with improved large jackpot activity. Large jackpot activity is an important driver of sales and can randomly fluctuate over time. During the financial year, the number of large jackpots was 32 (2017: 31) and aggregate value \$910 million (2017: \$750 million). This is 3% higher in number and 21% higher in aggregate value compared to the previous period. The voluntary administration of the business in Germany which was discontinued in March 2017, is expected to be finalised in FY2019, and had a reclassification of \$374,000 foreign exchange translation gains from Other Comprehensive Income to Profit or Loss (see note 6 for details). No further Profit or Loss from Discontinued operations is expected in FY2019. The overall increase in Net profit after tax resulted from (i) an increase in TTV and Revenue with continued management of costs and (ii) the effect of the discontinued operation in Germany.

The Company continues to invest in the three main pillars that support the ongoing growth of the Company with \$4,567,000 (2017: \$4,330,000) on its proprietary software platform (intangible assets), \$4,637,000 (2017: \$3,566,000) in marketing activities primarily to acquire new and retain existing customers, and \$8,119,000 (2017: \$7,292,000) on employees who provide the software development and marketing skills, customer support services, and management.

Comparative analysis

Compared to FY2017:

TTV increased \$37,824,000 or 26.0% to \$183,146,000, principally due to:

- \$37,789,000 or 26.2% increase to \$182,268,000 in Australia Lotteries mainly as a result of improved customer activity and average large jackpot value.

Revenue increased \$7,346,000 or 22.7% to \$39,776,000 due mainly to:

- \$7,311,000 or 23.1% increase to \$38,897,000 in Australia Lotteries as a result of the increased TTV. The revenue margin is affected by product mix and was an edge lower at 21.7% (2017: 22.3%).

Cost of sales decreased by \$427,000 or 17.3% to \$2,038,000 mainly due to:

- a higher proportion of the TTV for Australia Lotteries being due to its own marketing activities and a lower proportion through affiliates - the margin decreased by 0.6ppt to 1.1% from 1.7%.

Other income, being mainly interest on cash and cash equivalents, increased by \$139,000 or 13.1% to \$1,203,000 largely as a result of:

- \$255,000 or 42.1% increase in interest on cash and cash equivalents for Australia Lotteries and Corporate through higher average interest rates and balances (see note 17 (ii) for details);
- \$73,000 or 85.9% decrease in other income/revenue; and
- \$41,000 or 28.9% decrease in the Export Market Development Grant

Expenses increased by \$1,879,000 or 9.4% to \$21,839,000 mainly in relation to the increase TTV and Revenue and strong improvement in Company finance performance and increase in shareholder wealth:

- \$1,191,000 or 6.8% increase in Australia Lotteries largely from an increase in marketing costs of \$1,069,000;
- \$34,000 or 7.8% decrease in All Other segments mainly from a decrease in administrative expenses of \$41,000; and
- \$722,000 or 38.3% increase in Corporate principally from an increase of employee benefits in administrative expenses of \$713,000

NPBT of continuing operations increased \$6,033,000 or 54.5% to \$17,101,000, principally due to:

- \$6,608,000 or 53.5% increase in Australia Lotteries profits due to increased TTV and Revenue and managing costs which increased by 6.8%;
- an increase of \$69,000 or 17.0% in All Other Segment profits from

- increased TTV/Revenue and decreased expenses; and
- \$644,000 or 38.4% increase in Corporate losses mainly as a result of increased Other revenue \$78,000 and increased expenses \$722,000.

Australia Lotteries NPBT increased 53.5% or \$6,608,000 due to:

- increased TTV by 26.2% or \$37,789,000 and Revenue and other income by 22.7% or \$7,372,000 largely from improved customer activity and increased large jackpot average value;
- reduced cost of sales by 17.3% or \$427,000; and
- increased costs by 6.8% or \$1,191,000 largely due to higher marketing expenses \$1,069,000 and merchant fees \$458,000 associated with increased TTV, and lower depreciation and amortisation of \$424,000 due mainly to a change in the useful life of website development costs from 3 years to 5 years from 1 July 2015.

With no meaningful opportunities foreseeable in Mexico, activity was minimal during the financial year and the NLBT of \$37,000 for FY2018 (2017: NLBT \$32,000) is included in the Australia Lotteries segment.

All Other Segments NPBT increased 17.0% or \$69,000 due to:

- increased revenue of 4.2% or \$35,000; and reduced costs by 7.8% or \$34,000

The number of large jackpots is a significant driver of sales. The sales trend over the last three financial year periods in the context of such jackpots in Australia is summarised in the following table:

Large jackpot activity	FY 2018	FY 2017	FY 2016
TTV - Internet Lotteries Australia	\$183.0 m	\$145.3 m	\$153.3 m
Reported Revenue - Internet Lotteries Australia	\$39.8 m	\$32.4 m	\$34.1 m
OzLotto/Powerball			
Number of jackpots ¹	32	31	45
Average Div 1 jackpot ¹	\$28.4 m	\$24.2 m	\$28.8 m
Peak Div 1 jackpot ²	\$55 m	\$55 m	\$70 m
Aggregate Div 1 jackpots ²	\$910 m	\$750 m	\$1,295 m

¹Ozlotto/Powerball Division 1 jackpots of \$15 million or more

²during the financial year period

The higher level of average large jackpot value in the current financial year has contributed to higher TTV and revenue. Costs continue to be closely managed with an increase in expenses of 9.4%. The higher TTV and revenue is the main reason for an increase in profits.

Segment review

(a) Online Lottery Segment

With the operation in Germany discontinued March 2017, this segment now consists of Australia and Mexico, and Mexico's results are included in those of Australia due to the minimal activity and no meaningful opportunities in the foreseeable future.

Australia

Improvements continue to be made to online marketing and player experience, and together with the higher level of large jackpot activity, contributed significantly to a 23.1% increase in revenue to \$38,897,000 (2017: \$31,586,000). Other income increased by \$61,000 or 7.1% mainly due to increased interest revenue with higher average

interest rates and balances. Net profit before tax increased by 53.5% to \$18,948,000 (2017: \$12,340,000) due to the higher jackpot activity notwithstanding an increase in expenses of 6.8% or \$1,191,000.

TTV for the financial year increased by 26.2% to \$182,268,000 (2017: \$144,479,000), which includes charity lottery sales of \$6,092,000 (2017: \$3,804,000), 3.3% of TTV (2017: 2.6%).

Jumbo invests extensively in online marketing to grow and activate the customer database whom transact via its website (www.ozlotteries.com) and associated mobile apps (iOS & Android).

The following key performance indicators (KPIs) are used to track the effectiveness of these campaigns:

1. CPL: Cost per Lead (new online accounts) defined as total cost to acquire these new accounts divided by the number of new accounts in a given period. New accounts potentially become active customers after the account has been established.
2. Number of Active Online Customers defined as customers who have spent money on tickets in a given period.
3. Average spend per active online customer defined as the total spent by active online customers divided by the number of active online customers in a given period.

The following table summarizes the Marketing KPI's:

www.ozlotteries.com and mobile apps	FY 2018	FY 2017
Number of new online accounts	214,908	160,698
CPL	\$17.28	\$17.09
Number of active online customers	437,540	354,113
Average spend per active online customer	\$371.13	\$348.40

The 33.7% increase in new online accounts and 23.6% increase in active online customers are due mainly to the increase in large jackpot activity (3% higher in number and 21% higher in aggregate value) and re-engagement of existing customers. The 6.5% increase in average spend is largely due to marketing initiatives and an increase in charity lottery sales. The 1.1% increase in CPL is mostly due to the marketing mix and trying other marketing channels to acquire customers.

With no meaningful opportunities in the foreseeable future in Mexico, activity is minimal and this segment ceased being reportable during the 2016 financial year. The net loss before tax for Mexico was \$37,000 (2017: loss \$32,000) and is included in the Australia segment.

(b) All Other Segments

This segment consists of the sale of non-lottery products and services. TTV and Revenue and other income increased to \$878,000 (2017: \$843,000) and net profit before tax increased to \$476,000 (2017: \$407,000), due to increased revenue and lower expenses.

(c) Corporate

The net loss increased by 38.4% or \$644,000 to NLBT \$2,323,000 mainly due to (i) increased interest revenue of 37.7% or \$78,000 from higher average interest rates and balances and (ii) increased administration expenses \$716,000 or 38.6% largely from increased employee benefits in salaries and share-based payments from the exercise of staff options during the financial year mainly due to the strong Company financial performance and increased shareholders wealth.

Summary of results

The annual comparison of results of the Company for the past five years is summarised below:

Revenue/profits (\$'000)	FY2018	FY2017	FY2016	FY2015	FY2014
TTV – continuing operations	183,146	145,322	153,302	128,464	106,872
Revenue – continuing operations	39,775	32,429	34,083	29,076	24,792
NPAT – overall operations	12,127	5,640	4,670	663	3,251
NPAT – continuing operations	11,753	7,597	7,323	4,274	4,366
NPAT – discontinued operations	374	(1,957)	(2,653)	(3,611)	(1,115)
EBITDA – continuing operations	19,415	14,094	13,717	8,314	7,720
EBIT – continuing operations	16,241	10,463	10,073	5,433	5,498

Assets	FY2018	FY2017	FY2016	FY2015	FY2014
Cash at bank ¹ (\$'000)	47,919	43,320	25,306	23,778	25,366
Net assets (\$'000)	47,211	42,900	24,696	21,681	22,107
Net tangible assets (\$'000)	33,124	30,484	12,949	11,639	14,107
Return on capital employed (%) – overall operations	25.7	13.1	18.9	3.1	14.7
Return on capital employed (%) – continuing operations	24.9	17.7	29.6	19.7	19.7
Return on capital employed (%) – discontinued operations	0.8	(4.6)	(10.7)	(16.6)	(5.0)

¹includes cash held under term deposit and customer account balances payable (refer note 7: Cash and Cash Equivalents and Note 11: Trade and Other Payables for details)

Share price	FY2018	FY2017	FY2016	FY2015	FY2014
Earnings per share (cps)	23.4	12.6	10.6	1.5	7.4
Dividends paid per share (cps)	35.5	8.5	3.5	3.0	3.0
Share price at financial year end (cps)	500.0	266.0	130.0	85.0	130.0
Total shareholder return (%)	101.3	111.2	57.1	(32.3)	(11.3)
Shares on issue (million)	54.4	50.7	44.1	44.2	43.9
Market capitalisation (\$'million)	271.9	134.8	57.3	37.6	57.1

Financial position

The net assets of the Group have increased by \$4,311,000 from 30 June 2017 to \$47,211,000.

The Group's working capital, being current assets less current liabilities, has increased from \$30,444,000 in 2017 to \$33,236,000 in 2018 mainly as a result of increased cash and cash equivalents of \$4,599,000. \$10,425,000 of this increase came from share issues.

Non-current assets increased by \$1,616,000 to \$14,439,000 due mainly to the investment in the software code of www.ozlotteries.com.

The Directors believe the Group is in a sound financial position to expand and grow its current operations.

Significant changes in State of Affairs

Significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group for the financial year were as follows:

(a) Increase in contributed equity of \$10,425,000 resulting from:

	\$'000
– Issue of 3,700,000 shares as a result of an exercise of options (see note 15 for details)	10,425
	10,425

(b) Increase in cash of \$4,599,000 resulting from:

	\$'000
– Cash raised from the issue of contributed equity in (a) above	10,425
– Other activities (see Cash Flow Statement for details)	(5,826)
	4,599

(c) Increase in non-current assets of \$1,616,000 resulting from:

	\$'000
– investment in website development costs net of amortisation (see note 10 for details)	1,539
– Changes in other non-current assets (see notes 4, 9 and 10 for details)	77
	1,616

Remuneration Report – audited

Contents

Section	Contents	Page
1	Remuneration Report Introduction	31
2	Remuneration Framework	31
3	Directors and Executives	32
4	Cash bonuses	34
5	Options and rights	34
6	Equity instruments issued to KMP	35
7	Options granted	35
8	Value of options	35
9	Equity instruments held by KMP	36
10	Loans to KMP	36
11	Other transactions and balances	37
12	Employment contracts	37

1. Remuneration Report Introduction

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each Key Management Person (KMP), including each director of Jumbo Interactive Limited.

The Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 June 2018 is set out per the above **Contents**. The information in the Report has been audited.

2. Policy Framework

The Remuneration Policy of Jumbo has been designed to align director and KMP objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a remuneration component and offering specific incentives based on key performance areas affecting the Group's financial results. The Board believes the Remuneration Policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best directors and KMP to run and manage the Group, and drives and reflects the creation of shareholder value.

The Board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for Board members and KMP of the Group is as follows:

- The Remuneration Policy, setting the terms and conditions for the directors and KMP, was developed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board.
- All KMP receive a base salary (which is based on factors such as individual performance skills, level of responsibilities, experience and length of service), superannuation, options (by invitation) and performance incentives.
- Performance incentives are generally only paid once predetermined key performance measures have been met.
- The Board reviews KMP packages annually by reference to the Group's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors and other listed companies in similar industries.

The performance of KMP is measured against criteria agreed annually with each KMP and is based predominantly on the Group's profits and shareholder value. All bonuses and incentives must be linked to predetermined performance criteria. Any changes must be justified by reference to measurable performance criteria. The

policy is designed to attract the highest calibre of KMP and reward them for performance that results in long term growth in shareholder wealth.

Refer below for further details of performance based remuneration.

KMP are also entitled to participate in the employee share option arrangements.

The directors and KMP receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the government, which is currently 9.50% and do not receive any other retirement benefits. Some individuals, however, may choose to sacrifice part of their salary to increase payments towards superannuation.

All remuneration paid to directors and KMP is valued at the cost to the Company and expensed. Options are valued using the Black-Scholes Binomial and Monte Carlo Simulation methodologies.

The mix of total potential remuneration for FY2018 for KMP is as follows:

Fixed remuneration – 100%

Short term incentive cash bonuses – 75% to 80% of fixed remuneration.

Fixed compensation

Fixed compensation consists of a base salary as well as employer contributions to superannuation funds. Compensation levels are reviewed annually by the Board through a process that considers individual and overall performance of the Group, and with reference to other KMP of comparable companies. If considered necessary, external consultants provide analysis and advice to ensure the directors' and KMP compensation is competitive in the market place. Refer to Note 12: Executive Service Agreements of this Report for details of KMP fixed remuneration.

Performance linked compensation

Performance linked compensation includes short term incentives only and is designed to reward KMP for superior performance. The short term incentive (STI) is an "at risk" bonus provided in the form of cash. The Group does not have long term incentives (LTI) such as the issue of ordinary shares or the grant of options over ordinary shares as a part of performance linked compensation due to the relatively small market capitalisation of the Company, the concentrated shareholding of the Company which could become further concentrated under such a scheme, and the desire of the Board to limit shareholding dilution to as low a level as possible. The Board did not exercise any discretion on the payment of bonuses.

Non-Executive Directors

The Board policy is to remunerate non-executive Directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Board determines payments to the non-executive Directors and reviews their remuneration annually based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required. The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non-executive directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. The total compensation for all non-executive Directors, last voted upon by shareholders at the 2009 AGM, is not to exceed \$250,000 per annum and is set with reference to other non-executive Directors of comparable companies. Fees for non-executive Directors are not linked to the performance of the Group.

Fees are paid as follows and comprise cash and statutory superannuation:

Chairman of the Board	\$96,360
Non-Executive Directors	\$68,985
Membership of Audit and Risk Management Committee and Nomination and Remuneration Committee	No additional fees
Chairman of Audit and Risk Management Committee and Nomination and Remuneration Committee	No additional fees

Performance Based Remuneration

As part of the KMP remuneration package there is a performance based component, consisting of key performance indicators (KPI). The intention of this program is to facilitate goal congruence between executives with that of the business and shareholders. These KPI are set annually, with a certain level of consultation with KMP to ensure buy-in. The KPI target areas the Board believes hold greater potential for group expansion and profit, covering both financial and non-financial as well as short and long-term goals. The level set for each KPI is based on a combination of an improvement on the previous year results, increased shareholder value and market sector standards (Consumer Discretionary Sector – ASX code: XDJ). Performance in relation to the KPI is assessed annually by the Board, with bonuses being awarded depending on the level of achievement compared to the KPI target. Following the assessment, the KPIs are reviewed by the Board in light of the desired and actual outcomes, and their efficacy is assessed in relation to the Group's goals and shareholder wealth before the KPI are set for the following year.

\$'000	FY 2018	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2014
TTV continuing operations	\$183,146	\$145,322	\$153,302	\$128,404	\$106,872
Net profit after tax – continuing operations	\$11,753	\$7,597	\$7,323	\$5,433	\$5,498
Net profit after tax – overall operations	\$12,127	\$5,640	\$4,670	\$663	\$3,250
Share price at year end (cps)	500.0	266.0	130.0	85.0	130.0
Dividends paid per share (cps)	35.5	8.5	3.5	3.0	3.0
Total shareholder return (%)	101.3%	111.2%	57.1%	(32.3%)	(11.3%)
Earnings per share (cps)	23.4	12.6	10.6	1.5	7.4
Return of capital employed (%)	25.7%	13.1%	18.9%	3.1%	14.7%
Market capitalisation (\$'000s)	\$271,871	\$134,793	\$57,284	\$37,572	\$57,073

3. Directors and Executives

The KMP of the Group (being those whose remuneration must be disclosed in the Report) includes the Non-Executive Directors and those Executives who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directly and controlling the activities of Jumbo.

The Non-Executive Directors and Executives that were the KMP of the Group during the financial year are identified as follows:

In determining whether or not a financial KPI has been achieved, the Company bases the assessment on audited figures.

Performance conditions linked to remuneration

The Group seeks to emphasise reward incentives for results and continued commitment to the Group through the provision of various "at risk" cash bonus reward schemes.

Short term incentive bonus

Incentive payments are based on the achievement of financial targets of profit, return on equity and total shareholder return and non-financial targets of strategic benefit such as signing of lottery agreements both domestically and internationally. Payments of incentives for the 2018 financial year result were based on the Group's overall financial performance (with some KPIs being achieved).

Long term incentive bonus

Options are issued to KMP as part of their remuneration at the discretion of the Board. These options are not issued based upon performance criteria, but are issued to increase goal congruence between KMP, directors and shareholders.

Company Performance, Shareholder Wealth, and Directors' and KMP Remuneration

The following table shows the total transaction value and profit/ (loss) for the last five years for the listed entity, as well as the share price at the end of the respective financial years. Analysis of the figures show:

Directors and executives

Name	Position held
Non-Executive Directors	
David K Barwick	Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director
Bill Lyne	Independent Non-Executive Director
Executive KMP	
Mike Veverka	Director and Chief Executive Officer
David Todd	Chief Financial Officer
Xavier Bergade	Chief Technical Officer
Brad Board	Chief Operating Officer

Details of Remuneration

Details of compensation of KMP of Jumbo are set out below:

2018

2018							Equity-settled share based payments		
	Short term employee benefits		Post employment benefits	Long term benefits					Proportion of remuneration that is performance based
	Cash salary, fees and annual leave	Cash bonus	Non-mone-tary benefits	Superannuation	Long service leave	Termination benefits	Options¹	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
Directors									
David Barwick	88,000	-	-	8,360	-	-	-	96,360	-
Mike Veverka	521,354	257,520	-	25,000	18,829	-	150,145	972,848	26.5
Bill Lyne	63,000	-	-	5,985	-	-	-	68,895	-
Bill Lyne – as Company Secretary	29,432	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,432	-
Other KMP									
David Todd	265,462	135,975	-	36,193	8,132	-	82,164	527,926	25.8
Xavier Bergade	265,349	135,975	-	42,978	4,887	-	79,863	529,052	25.7
Brad Board	265,549	135,975	-	35,476	6,136	-	225,880	669,016	20.3
Total KMP remuneration	1,498,146	665,445	-	153,992	37,984	-	538,052	2,893,619	

¹ includes share based payments over the remaining term on those options exercised, if any, during the financial year

2017

2017							Equity-settled share based payments		
	Short term employee benefits			Post employment benefits	Long term benefits			Proportion of remuneration that is performance based	
	Cash salary, fees and annual leave	Cash bonus	Non-mone-tary benefits	Superannuation	Long service leave	Termination benefits	Options¹	Total	%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Directors									
David Barwick	77,000	-	-	7,315	-	-	-	84,315	-
Mike Veverka	488,069	173,580	-	25,000	6,835	-	44,277	737,761	23.5
Bill Lyne	55,000	-	-	5,225	-	-	-	60,225	-
Bill Lyne – as Company Secretary	24,100	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,100	-
Other KMP									
David Todd	237,507	86,790	-	29,949	3,795	-	20,421	378,462	22.9
Xavier Bergade	237,507	86,790	-	29,949	3,795	-	20,421	378,462	22.9
Brad Board	237,507	73,920	-	28,726	3,795	-	20,421	364,369	20.3
Kate Waters²	21,382	-	-	9,706	233	174,538	756	206,615	-
Total KMP remuneration	1,378,072	421,080	-	135,870	18,453	174,538	106,296	2,234,309	

¹ includes share based payments over the remaining term on those options exercised, if any, during the financial year

² Kate Waters ceased being a member of KMP 1 August 2016

4. Cash bonuses

No cash bonuses were paid at the discretion of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

Key management personnel are entitled to a short-term cash incentive as 'at risk' remuneration based on performance criteria described in section (a) to this Remuneration Report. These were paid out on 23 August 2018.

Performance measures apply to all participants with slightly difference individual weightings. Details of these short-term incentives recognised as remuneration, forfeited or available for vesting in later years is outlined below:

Name	Maximum Potential			Awarded and included in remuneration			Forfeited in year		
	Financial	Non-financial	Total	Financial	Non-financial	Total	Financial	Non-financial	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Mike Veverka	278,400	69,600	348,000	257,520	-	257,520	20,880	69,600	90,480
David Todd	147,000	36,750	183,750	135,975	-	135,975	11,025	36,750	47,775
Xavier Bergade	147,000	36,750	183,750	135,975	-	135,975	11,025	36,750	47,775
Brad Board	147,000	36,750	183,750	135,975	-	135,975	11,025	36,750	47,775

5. Options and rights granted as remuneration

Options are issued to key management personnel as part of their remuneration at the discretion of the Board. The options are not necessarily issued based upon performance criteria, but are issued to selected executives of the Company and its subsidiaries to increase goal congruence between executives, directors and shareholders.

Options will vest in key management personnel when the share price equals the exercise price, as measured by the five trading day moving volume weighted average price, and on condition that they are currently employed by the Jumbo Interactive Limited Group at the time of vesting. If the key management person leaves before their options vest, then the options will lapse immediately. In

the event of retirement or retrenchment, the options will lapse one month after the event and if deceased, the options will lapse three months after the event.

Details of the terms and conditions of options and rights granted to key management personnel as compensation during the reporting period are as follows:

2018	No. options/ rights granted	No. options/ rights vested	Fair value per option/right at grant date	Exercise price	Amount paid or payable	Expiry date	Date exercisable
Directors							
Mike Veverka	1,800,000	1,800,000	\$0.334	\$3.50	-	15 Nov 2022	15 Nov 2017
	1,800,000	1,800,000					
Other key management personnel							
David Todd	900,000	900,000	\$0.334	\$3.50	-	15 Nov 2022	15 Nov 2017
Xavier Bergade	900,000	900,000	\$0.334	\$3.50	-	15 Nov 2022	15 Nov 2017
Brad Board	900,000	900,000	\$0.334	\$3.50	-	15 Nov 2022	15 Nov 2017
	2,700,000	2,700,000					

Options will vest to key management personnel when the share price equals \$4.00 as measured by the five business day volume weighted average price and on condition they are employed by the Group at the time of vesting. If the key management person leaves before the options vest, then the options will lapse immediately. In the event of retirement or retrenchment, the options will lapse one month after the event, and if deceased, the options will lapse three months after the event.

6. Equity instruments issued on exercise of remuneration options

Details of equity instruments issued during the period to key management personnel as a result of options exercised that had previously been granted as compensation are as follows:

2018	Number of shares issued on exercise of options	Number of options exercised	Amount paid per share	Amount unpaid per share
Directors				
Mike Veverka	750,000	750,000	\$2.500	-
	750,000	750,000		
Other key management personnel				
David Todd	750,000	750,000	\$2.800	-
Xavier Bergade	250,000	250,000	\$1.750	-
Brad Board	1,300,000	1,300,000	\$3.096	-
	2,300,000	2,300,000		

7. Options granted as part of remuneration that lapsed during the period

No options previously granted to key management personnel as part of remuneration lapsed during the period.

8. Value of options to key management personnel

Details of the value of options granted and exercised during the year to key management personnel as part of their remuneration are summarised below:

Name	Value of options at grant date ¹ \$	Value of options exercised at exercise date ² \$
Directors		
Mike Veverka	602,060	755,000
Other key management and personnel		
David Todd	301,030	959,000
Xavier Bergade	301,030	649,500
Brad Board	301,030	1,451,000

¹The value of options granted during the period differs to the expense recognised as part of each key management persons' remuneration in 3. above because the value is the grant date fair value calculated in accordance with AASB 2 Share-based Payment. The total value of the rights granted in the table above is allocated to remuneration in 3. above over the vesting period.

²The value of options exercised has been determined as the intrinsic value of the options at exercise date i.e. the market price of shares of the Company as at close of trading on the date the options were exercised after deducting the price paid to exercise the options.

9. Equity instruments held by key management personnel

Options and rights holdings

On exercise, each option and right will result in the issue of one ordinary share in Jumbo Interactive Limited.

Key management personnel include close family members and entities over which the key management person or their close family members have direct or indirect control, joint control or significant influence.

Details of options and rights over ordinary shares of Jumbo Interactive Limited, held indirectly or beneficially by key management personnel are as follows:

	Balance at 1 July 2017	Granted as remuneration during the year	Exercised during the year	Other changes during the year	Balance at 30 June 2018	Vested at 30 June 2018	Total vested and exercisable at 30 June 2018	Total vested and unexercisable at 30 June 2018
Mike Veverka	900,000	1,800,000	(750,000)	-	1,950,000	1,950,000	1,950,000	-
David Todd	750,000	900,000	(750,000)	-	900,000	900,000	900,000	-
Xavier Bergade	750,000	900,000	(250,000)	-	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	-
Brad Board	750,000	900,000	(1,300,000)	-	350,000	350,000	350,000	-
	3,150,000	4,500,000	(3,050,000)	-	4,600,000	4,600,000	4,600,000	-

Shareholdings

Details of ordinary shares in Jumbo Interactive Limited held directly, indirectly or beneficially by key management personnel and their related parties are as follows:

FY2018	Balance at 1 July 2017	Granted as remuneration during the year	Issued on exercise of options during the year	Other changes during the year ¹	Balance at 30 June 2018
Mike Veverka	9,101,027	-	750,000	-	9,851,027
David Todd	20,000	-	750,000	(750,000)	20,000
Xavier Bergade	150,000	-	250,000	(100,000)	300,000
Brad Board	-	-	1,300,000	(1,290,000)	10,000
	9,271,027	-	3,050,000	(2,140,000)	10,181,027

¹these were on-market sale of the shares that were issued on exercise of options during the year

10. Loans to key management personnel

Aggregate loans to key management persons and their related parties are as follows:

	Balance at 1 July 2017	Loans repaid	Interest charged	Interest received	Balance at 30 June 2018	Number in group at end of year
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Total	100,000	(100,000)	613	(613)	-	1

On 7 March 2016, Jumbo Interactive Ltd made a loan to KMP Brad Board for an amount of \$100,000. The loan bears interest at the Commonwealth Bank of Australia's Home Loan Standard Variable Rate, 5.22% p.a. as at the end of the reporting period, plus a margin of 2.00% p.a., payable monthly in arrears. The capital balance is repayable by 7 March 2018.

The loan was repaid on 2 September 2017.

Key management personnel include close family members and entities over which the key management person or their close family members have direct or indirect control, joint control or significant influence.

11. Other transactions and balances

Other related party transactions

	Consolidated Group	
	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.		
i. Mr Mike Rosch, the father of Mr Mike Veverka, the CEO and executive director of the Company. rented an office from the Group.		
- office rent received	8,580	7,211
- amounts owing to Group at year end	2,145	1,573
ii. Mrs Julie Rosch, the mother of Mr Mike Veverka, the CEO and Executive Director of the Company, is engaged as a full time employee within the Group.		
Salary and superannuation	82,462	82,441

12. Employment contracts of directors and KMP

The employment conditions of non-executive directors are formalised by letters of appointment and KMP are formalised in contracts of employment.

The employment contracts stipulate a range of terms and conditions. These contracts do not fix the amount of remuneration increases from year to year. Remuneration levels are reviewed generally each year by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee to align with job responsibilities and market salary expectations. The Company may terminate an employment contract without cause by providing generally four weeks written notice or making payment in lieu of notice, based on the individual's annual salary component.

The notice period for the Chief Executive Officer is fifty two (52) weeks. A termination payment may or may not be applicable dependent on the particular circumstances. Termination payments are generally not payable on resignation or dismissal for serious misconduct. In the instance of serious misconduct the Company can terminate employment at any time. Any options not exercised before or on the date of termination will lapse.

The policy of the Company is that service contracts are generally unlimited in term.

Unless otherwise stated, service agreements do not provide for pre-determined compensation values or the manner of payment.

Compensation is determined in accordance with the general remuneration policy outlined above. The manner of payment is determined on a case by case basis.

KMP	Duration of service agreement	Fixed remuneration at end of FY2018 ¹	Notice period ²
Mike Veverka	Ongoing	\$435,000	12 months
David Todd	Ongoing	\$245,000	6 months
Xavier Bergade	Ongoing	\$245,000	6 months
Brad Board	Ongoing	\$245,000	6 months

¹fixed remuneration excludes a superannuation component, currently 9.5%

²any termination payment (notice and severance) will be subject to compliance with all relevant legislation and will not exceed 12 months

END OF AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT



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DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY K L COLYER TO THE DIRECTORS OF JUMBO INTERACTIVE LIMITED

As lead auditor of Jumbo Interactive Limited for the year ended 30 June 2018, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Jumbo Interactive Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'K L Colyer', with a stylized flourish at the end.

K L Colyer
Director

BDO Audit Pty Ltd

Brisbane, 23 August 2018

Corporate Governance Statement

Introduction

This statement summarises the corporate governance practices that have generally applied in Jumbo Interactive Limited (the Company) throughout the reporting period except where otherwise stated. It is structured along the same lines as the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Principles and Recommendations, with sections dealing in turn with each of the Council's corporate governance Principles and addressing the Council's Recommendations. This statement and the charters, codes and policies referred to herein are posted on the Company's website www.jumbointeractive.com and shareholders and other interested readers are welcome to refer to them. The Board will keep its corporate governance practices under review.

1. Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

The Council's first Principle states that companies should *"establish and disclose the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management and how their performance is monitored and evaluated."* Jumbo has adopted a formal **Board Charter** that sets out the functions reserved to the Board and those delegated to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO). This enables the Board to provide strategic guidance for the Company and effective oversight of management.

Jumbo ensures that appropriate checks are undertaken before it appoints a person, or puts forward to shareholders a new candidate for election, as a director. Information about a candidate standing for election or re-election as a director is provided to shareholders to enable them to make an informed decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect the candidate.

Jumbo provides new Directors with a letter on appointment which details the terms and conditions of their appointment, provides clear guidance on what input is required by them, and includes materials to assist with induction into the Company. Directors are also encouraged to undertake appropriate training and refresher courses which the Company facilitates as this assists in the performance of their roles.

The Company has a similar approach for all senior executives whereby they are provided with a formal letter of appointment setting out their terms of office, duties, rights and responsibilities as well as a detailed job description. The Board has delegated responsibilities and authorities to the CEO and other executives to enable management to conduct the Company's day to day activities. Matters which exceed defined authority limits require Board approval.

The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.

The Company realises the benefits that can arise to the organisation from diversity in the workplace covering gender, age, ethnicity and cultural background and in various other areas. So, the Board has established a **Diversity Policy** which details the Company's approach to promoting a corporate culture that embraces diversity when selecting and appointing its employees and Directors.

This Diversity Policy outlines requirements for the Board to develop measurable objectives for achieving diversity, and annually assess both the objectives and the progress in achieving these objectives. Accordingly, the Board developed the following objectives in 2017 regarding gender diversity and aims to achieve these objectives over the next five years to 2022 as director and senior positions become vacant and appropriately qualified and experienced candidates become available:

Group Diversity	2018 Actual		2022 Objective
	No.	%	
Women on the board	-	-	To have at least one woman on the Board
Women in senior executive positions	1	20.0	Maintain at least the current number (one) of women
Women employees in the Group	40	35.7	Achieve the percentage of woman in excess of 45%
Total employees in the Group	112	100.0	

Senior executive positions are defined as those reporting directly to the CEO (i.e. CEO – 1).

A **Workplace Gender Equality Report 2016-17** has been lodged with the Workplace Gender Equality Agency and is accessible on the Company's website.

The Board is also responsible for the performance of the Company's executives, which is reviewed against appropriate measures and the performance of the Company as a whole, and through an annual appraisal process.

Performance of the Board, its committees and individual directors is on an annual self-assessment and peer-assessment basis which is reviewed against appropriate measures and performance of the Company as a whole.

The Board, its committees, individual directors and its senior executives' performance evaluations have been carried out during the relevant reporting period in accordance with the abovementioned processes.

2. Structure the Board to add value

In its second Principle the Council states that companies should *"have a board of an appropriate size, composition, skills and commitment to enable it to discharge its duties effectively."* Jumbo's Board is so structured, and its Directors effectively discharge their responsibilities and duties for the benefit of shareholders.

The Board presently comprises only two Non-Executive Directors (David Barwick, Chairman, having served 12 years since being appointed a Director 30 August 2006 and Bill Lyne, also the Company Secretary, having served eight years since being appointed 30 October 2009) and the Chief Executive Officer (Mike Veverka). Fundamental requirements for Jumbo Directors are a deep understanding of business management and financial markets and such experience, complemented where possible with industry knowledge, are desirable attributes for Board membership. All Board members meet the fundamental requirements, and bring a

diverse range of skills and backgrounds. Additionally, Mr Veverka has had a very long involvement in key sections of the Company and brings considerable relevant expertise and knowledge to the Board.

A matrix of skills and diversity that the Board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership is detailed in Table 1 below. The rating scale used for level of importance and recruitment priority is High (3), Medium (2) and Low (1).

The Board formally meets monthly throughout the year, and informally at least every six to eight weeks to address issues that may arise outside of the monthly meetings.

The qualifications, experience and relevant expertise of each Board member and their terms in office are set out in the Directors' Report section of the Company's Annual Report. All Directors, apart from the CEO, are subject to re-election by rotation at least every three years at the Company's annual general meeting.

The Board's view is that an independent Director is a non-executive Director who does not have a relationship affecting independence on the basis set out in the Council's guidelines and meets materiality thresholds agreed by the Board as equating to payments to them or related parties of 5% of the Company's annual revenue. The Board considers that David Barwick, notwithstanding that he has now served in the position of director for more than 10 years, and Bill Lyne all meet this criterion. On the other hand, Mike Veverka is considered to not be independent because he is a substantial shareholder in Jumbo (i.e. holds more than 5% as defined in Section 9 of the Corporations Act) and is an executive officer

of the Company. Consequently, the current structure meets the Council's recommendation that the majority of the Board should be independent, and the Board also considers the current composition is appropriate given the Company's and the Directors' backgrounds and the current and foreseeable structure and size of the Company.

The Jumbo Board has established a Nomination and Remuneration Committee which operates under a Board approved **Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter**. In accordance with the Council's Recommendations the Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter requires it to have three Non-Executive Directors, with a majority being independent. However, at the present time it has only two members, being the Non-Executive Directors, David Barwick (as the Chair) and Bill Lyne, both of whom have relevant experience and appropriate technical expertise. The qualifications of the Committee and meeting attendances are set out in the Directors' Report section of the Company's annual report.

The performance of the Board, its Committees and the Directors is reviewed periodically by this Committee. The Committee's principal evaluation benchmark is the Company's financial performance compared to similar organisations and the industry in which it operates; but other than that no formalised annual evaluation process has yet been established for individual Directors given the small size of the Board.

Details of Committee meeting attendances are set out in the Directors' Report section of the Company's annual report. Minutes of all meetings are provided to the Board and its Chair reports to the Board after each Committee meeting.

Table 1 – Skills Matrix

	Level of Importance	Current Board Representation	Recruitment Priority
Skills and Experience			
Corporate governance	3	3	1
Strategic planning	3	3	1
International	2	2	2
Gaming/ lotteries industry	3	3	1
Risk management	3	3	1
Financial management	2	3	1
Technology/IT	2	2	2
Digital or social media	2	2	2
Leadership	3	3	1
Legal	2	2	1
Stakeholder relationships	2	3	1
Demographic background			
Gender			
Male	2	3	1
Female	2	0	2
Age			
25-40	1	0	1
41-55	2	1	2
56-75	3	2	1
Ethnicity			
Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander	2	0	2
Asian	2	0	2
White/Caucasian	2	3	1

The Company also complies with the Recommendations for Directors in relation to independent professional advice, information access and contact with the Company Secretary.

The Directors may seek external professional advice at the expense of the Company on matters relating to their role as Directors of Jumbo. However, they must first request approval from the Chairman, which must not be unreasonably withheld. If withheld then it becomes a matter for the whole Board.

The Company Secretary attends all Board and committee meetings, is responsible for monitoring adherence to Board policy and procedures, and is accountable on governance matters.

3. Act ethically and responsibly

In Principle 3 the Council states that companies should “*act ethically and responsibly*”. To this end, Jumbo has formally adopted a **Code of Conduct** covering its Directors, officers and employees. The Code is based on respect for the law and acting accordingly, dealing with conflicts of interest appropriately, and ethical matters such as acting with integrity, exercising due care and diligence in fulfilling duties, acting in the best interests of the Company and respecting the confidentiality of all sensitive corporate information. If a Director or officer becomes aware of unlawful or unethical behaviour by anyone in the Company then he is obliged under the Code to report such activities to the Chairman.

The Board has also approved a **Whistleblower Policy** pursuant to which employees who have genuine suspicions about improper conduct feel safe to report it without fear of reprisal.

In addition, Directors recognise the legal obligations relevant to their role and the reasonable expectations of shareholders, other stakeholders and the wider financial community.

Jumbo also has a documented **Share Trading Policy** for Directors, key management personnel and other staff and consultants. The policy prohibits Directors and other persons from dealing in the Company's securities during stated 'closed' and 'prohibited' periods and whilst in possession of price sensitive information. Otherwise, those persons may generally deal in securities during stated 'trading windows' and at other times provided they obtain the prior consent of the Board Chairman (or, in the case of the Chairman himself, from the Chair of the Audit Committee).

The Board will ensure that restrictions on dealings in securities are strictly enforced.

4. Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

The Council states that companies should “*have formal and rigorous processes that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of their corporate reporting*.” Jumbo has an established Audit and Risk Management Committee which operates under an **Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter**. The role of this Committee is to ensure the truthful and factual presentation of the Company's financial position and to monitor and review on behalf of the Board the effectiveness of the Company's control environment, reporting practices and responsibilities in the areas of accounting, risk management and compliance. To assist this process, as required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act, the CEO and the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) must declare to the Board in writing that, in their opinion, the Company's financial reports are complete and present a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the

financial condition and operational results of the Company, are in accordance with relevant accounting standards, and that their opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

The Committee's Charter includes information on procedures for the selection and appointment of the external auditor and rotation of the engagement audit partner. The external auditor is required to attend the Company's annual general meeting and be available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the audit report.

In accordance with the Council's Recommendations the Audit and Risk Management Committee's Charter requires it to have three non-executive Directors, with a majority being independent. However, currently it has only two members, being the non-executive Directors, Bill Lyne (as Chair) and David Barwick, both of whom have strong finance and accounting backgrounds, experience and appropriate technical expertise. The qualifications of the Committee and meeting attendances are set out in the Directors' Report section of the Company's annual report.

Minutes of all Committee meetings are provided to the Board and its Chair also reports to the Board after each Committee meeting.

5. Make timely and balanced disclosure

In this Principle the Council states that companies should “*make timely and balanced disclosure of material matters concerning the company that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of its securities*.” Jumbo is committed to the promotion of investor confidence by ensuring that trading in the Company's securities takes place in an informed market. Also to assist compliance with continuous disclosure requirements under the ASX Listing Rules, the Company has a **Continuous Disclosure Policy** in place to ensure that material price sensitive information is identified, reviewed by management and disclosed to the ASX and published on the Company's website in a timely manner. The CEO is accountable for compliance with this policy.

In addition, all changes in Directors' interests in the Company's securities are promptly reported to the ASX in compliance with Section 205G of the *Corporations Act* and the ASX Listing Rules.

The Company's Annual Report is also used to keep investors informed, particularly in its review of operations and activities.

6. Respect the rights of shareholders

In Principle 6 the Council states that companies should “*respect the rights of shareholders by providing them with appropriate information and facilities to allow them to exercise those rights effectively*”. Jumbo supports its desire to provide shareholders with adequate information about the Company and its activities through a published **Communications Policy**. It is also committed to electronic communications through its website, www.jumbointeractive.com, which provides access to all recent ASX announcements, shareholder updates, boardroom broadcasts, notices of meetings, explanatory memoranda, annual reports and key contact details, as well as comprehensive information about the Company and its products and operations. Shareholders and other interested parties may sign up to receive email notification of all ASX releases and other important announcements.

Company general meetings also present a good opportunity for

shareholders to meet with, and ask questions of, the Board of Jumbo and all shareholders are notified of such meetings and encouraged to attend.

As part of the Company's management of investor relations the CEO does, at times, also undertake briefings with investors and analysts to assist their understanding of the Company and its operations, and provide explanatory background and technical information.

7. Recognise and manage risk

In this Principle the Council states that companies should *"establish a sound risk management framework and periodically review the effectiveness of that framework"*. Jumbo maintains documented policies for identifying, assessing and monitoring risk, summarised in a **Risk Management Policy**. Through the Audit and Risk Management Committee, as noted under Principle 4 above, the Company monitors key business and financial risks, taking into consideration their likelihood and impact, and reviews and appraises risk control measures.

The Company does not have a separate internal audit function due to its relatively small size and less complex financial and organisational structures. The CEO and senior executives have operational responsibility for risk management through Board approved guidelines. Some of these measures include formal authority limits for management to operate within, policies on treasury-related risk management, an information technology plan and a business continuity plan. The CEO reports to the Board on any departures from policy or matters of concern that might be seen as or become material business risks. Periodic reviews evaluate and continually improve the effectiveness of risk management and internal control processes.

In addition, the CEO and CFO are required to state in writing annually to the Board that to the best of their knowledge the integrity of the Company's risk management, internal control and compliance systems are sound and such systems are operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.

The Board considers that the Company does not have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks which require active management. However, as the Company operates in an environment where some sectors of the community are not necessarily in favour of lotteries, the Board is aware of the potential risks and responsibilities of ensuring that new players are properly identified, there are adequate safeguards against minors buying tickets and all personal details are maintained as required under privacy legislation. The Company also provides appropriate responsible gaming warnings on its website to try and prevent compulsive gambling problems which can adversely affect individuals and their families.

8. Remunerate fairly and responsibly

The Council's final Principle states that companies should *"pay director remuneration sufficient to attract and retain high quality directors and design executive remuneration to attract, retain and motivate high quality senior executives and align their interests with the creation of value for shareholders"*. To this end the Board has established during the year a Nomination and Remuneration Committee, as noted above under Principle 2.

The Board considers that the Committee members are sufficiently qualified to consider and decide on remuneration matters. However, external professional advice may be sought from experienced consultants where appropriate to assist in their deliberations.

Non-executive Directors' remuneration is reviewed periodically with reference to comparable businesses and the trend in Directors' fees generally, with the object of ensuring maximum stakeholder benefit from the retention of an effective Board. Shareholders, at the Company's AGM, determine any increase in the aggregate fees payable to non-executive Directors, but it is those Directors who decide amongst themselves the split of such remuneration. The current maximum annual aggregate remuneration which can be paid to all non-executive Directors is \$250,000, last approved by shareholders in October 2009. In the past, shareholders have at times approved share option incentives for the non-executive Directors. The current non-executive Directors do not hold shares or options in the Company as they believe that this maintains their independence.

The CEO's remuneration is based on a fixed amount and may include short term incentives (calculated on audited figures) linked to the Company's financial performance and share options provided as long term incentives. The base amount is designed to attract and retain an appropriately qualified and experienced CEO, and any incentive element is to reward him for his contribution towards the Company's success.

Other senior executives are offered remuneration packages necessary to attract and retain appropriately qualified key personnel as well as being commensurate with the skill and attention required to manage an organisation of the size and scope of the Jumbo Group as it is today and taking into account its plans and forecasts into the future. In addition, the Company has from time to time granted options to deserving staff as a reward for performance. However, the Board prohibits transactions by executives which might limit the economic risk of participating in unvested entitlements under any equity-based remuneration scheme.

Further information about the Jumbo remuneration policy, along with details of all emoluments of Directors and key management personnel can be found in the Remuneration Report section of the Directors' Report in the Company's Annual Report. There are no separate retirement benefits for non-executive Directors, other than statutory superannuation.

Approved by the Board – 23 August 2018

Financial Report

For the year ended 30 June 2018

Financial Statements

Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	Page 44
Consolidated statement of financial position	Page 45
Consolidated statement of changes in equity	Page 46
Consolidated statement of cash flows	Page 48

Notes to the financial statements

About this report	Page 49
Key events and transactions for the reporting period	Page 49

Results for the year	Operating assets and liabilities	Capital and financial risk management	Group structure	Other information	Unrecognised items
Page 50	Page 57	Page 64	Page 69	Page 72	Page 78
Note 1: Segment information	Note 7: Cash and cash equivalents	Note 13: Capital risk management	Note 18: Controlled subsidiaries	Note 20: Investments accounted for using the Equity Method	Note 27: Contingencies
Note 2: Revenue and other income	Note 8: Trade and other receivables	Note 14: Dividends	Note 19: Parent disclosures	Note 21: Available-for-sale financial assets (non-current)	Note 28: Commitments
Note 3: Expenses	Note 9: Property, plant and equipment	Note 15: Equity and reserves		Note 22: Related party transactions	Note 29: Events after the reporting date
Note 4: Income tax	Note 10: Intangible assets	Note 16: Borrowings		Note 23: Key Management Personnel compensation	
Note 5: Earnings per share	Note 11: Trade and other payables	Note 17: Financial risk management		Note 24: Share-based payments	
Note 6: Discontinued operations	Note 12: Employee benefits obligations			Note 25: Remuneration of auditors	
				Note 26: Summary of other significant accounting policies	

Signed reports

Directors' declaration	Page 80
Independent auditor's report	Page 81

ASX information

Shareholder information	Page 84
Company Information	Page 86

Jumbo Interactive Limited and its Controlled Subsidiaries**Consolidated Statement Of Profit Or Loss And Other Comprehensive Income****For the year ended 30 June 2018**

	Note	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Revenue from continuing operations	2	39,775	32,429
Cost of sales	3	(2,038)	(2,465)
Gross profit		37,737	29,964
Other revenue/income	2	1,203	1,064
Distribution expenses		(28)	(24)
Marketing costs		(4,637)	(3,566)
Occupancy expenses		(887)	(959)
Administrative expenses	3	(16,280)	(15,405)
Finance costs		(7)	(6)
Profit/(loss) before income tax expense		17,101	11,068
Income tax expense	4	(5,348)	(3,471)
Profit/(loss) after income tax from continuing operations		11,753	7,597
Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations	6	374	(1,957)
Profit/(loss) after income tax expense for the year attributable to the owners of Jumbo Interactive Limited		12,127	5,640
Other comprehensive income			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Foreign currency translation		(3)	(68)
Reclassification of foreign exchange differences on loss of control of subsidiary		(374)	563
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		(377)	495
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the owners of Jumbo Interactive Limited		11,750	6,135

Earnings Per Share (cents per share)		¢	¢
From continuing and discontinued operations			
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	5	23.4	12.6
Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	5	22.6	12.3
From continuing operations			
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	5	22.7	16.9
Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	5	21.9	16.5
From discontinued operations			
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	5	0.7	(4.3)
Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	5	0.7	(4.2)

The above Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Jumbo Interactive Limited and its Controlled Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statement Of Financial Position**As at 30 June 2018**

	Note	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	47,919	43,320
Trade and other receivables	8	509	548
Inventories		57	62
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		48,485	43,930
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	9	280	341
Intangible assets	10	13,113	11,574
Deferred tax assets	4	1,046	908
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		14,439	12,823
TOTAL ASSETS		62,924	56,753
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	11	14,346	13,009
Current tax liabilities	4	594	184
Employee benefit obligations	12	309	293
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		15,249	13,486
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Employee benefit obligations	12	368	277
Make good provision		24	24
Deferred tax liabilities	4	72	66
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		464	367
TOTAL LIABILITIES		15,713	13,853
NET ASSETS		47,211	42,900
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	15	55,917	45,492
Accumulated losses		(17,399)	(17,399)
Profits Appropriation Reserve		9,364	15,745
Reserves		(671)	(938)
TOTAL EQUITY		47,211	42,900

The above Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Jumbo Interactive Limited and its Controlled Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statement Of Changes In Equity**For the year ended 30 June 2018**

	Contributed equity	Accumulated losses	Profits appropriation reserve
CONSOLIDATED GROUP	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 1 July 2016	29,827	(17,399)	13,850
Total comprehensive income for the year			
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	5,640
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	5,640
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners			
Issue of shares	15,665	-	-
Dividends paid	-	-	(3,745)
Share-based payments	-	-	-
Total transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	15,665	-	(3,745)
Balance at 30 June 2017	45,492	(17,399)	15,745
Total comprehensive income for the year			
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	12,127
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	12,127
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners			
Issue of shares	10,425	-	-
Dividends paid	-	-	(18,508)
Share-based payments	-	-	-
Total transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	10,425	-	(18,508)
Balance at 30 June 2018	55,917	(17,399)	9,364

The above Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Share-based payments reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Available-for-sale financial asset reserve	Total equity
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
911	(191)	(2,302)	24,696
-	-	-	5,640
-	495	-	495
-	495	-	6,135
-	-	-	15,665
-	-	-	(3,745)
149	-	-	149
149	-	-	12,069
1,060	304	(2,302)	42,900
-	-	-	12,127
-	(377)	-	(377)
-	(377)	-	11,750
-	-	-	10,425
-	-	-	(18,508)
644	-	-	644
644	-	-	(7,439)
1,704	(73)	(2,302)	47,211

Jumbo Interactive Limited and its Controlled Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statement Of Cash Flows
For the year ended 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers		43,666	35,888
Payments to suppliers and employees		(22,200)	(21,781)
Interest received		860	564
Interest and other costs of finance paid		(7)	(6)
Income tax received		242	-
Income tax paid		(5,312)	(3,799)
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from operating activities	7(b)	17,249	10,866
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from repayment of loan to related party		100	-
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(96)	(162)
Payments for intangibles		(4,571)	(4,448)
Payment on loss of control of foreign subsidiary	6	-	(159)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		1	-
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from investing activities		(4,566)	(4,769)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of shares	15	10,425	15,665
Dividends paid	14	(18,508)	(3,745)
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from financing activities		(8,083)	11,920
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		4,600	18,017
Net foreign exchange differences		(1)	(3)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		43,320	25,306
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	7(a)	47,919	43,320

The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Jumbo Interactive Limited and its Subsidiaries

Notes To The Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2018

About this report

Jumbo Interactive Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia, whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX: JIN), and is a for-profit entity for the purposes of preparing the financial statements. The consolidated financial statements are for the consolidated entity consisting of Jumbo Interactive Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries and together are referred to as the Group or Jumbo.

The consolidated financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution by the Directors on 23 August 2018. The Directors have the power to amend and reissue the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements are general purpose financial statements which:

- Have been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accountings Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and International Financial reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Financial Standards Board
- Have been prepared under the historical cost convention
- Are presented in Australian dollars (A\$), with all amounts in the financial report being rounded off in accordance with the requirements of ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/ Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated
- Where necessary, comparative information has been restated to conform with changes in presentation, in the current year
- Adopts all new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are relevant to the operations of the Group effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2017
- Adopts AASB15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* in the year beginning 1 July 2017

The notes to the financial statements

The notes include financial information which is required to understand the consolidated financial statements and is material and relevant to the operations, financial position and performance of the Group. Information is considered material and relevant if, for example:

- The amount in question is significant because of its size or nature
- It is important for understanding the results of the Group
- It helps explain the impact of significant changes in the Group's business – for example, acquisitions and impairment write downs
- It relates to an aspect of the Group's operations that is important to its future performance

Significant and other accounting policies that summarise the measurement basis used and are relevant to an understanding of the financial statements are provided throughout the notes of the financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made a number of judgements and applied estimates of future events. Judgements and estimates which are material to the consolidated financial statements include:

	Note	Page
Estimated useful life of website development costs	10	60
Goodwill and other intangible assets	10	60

In addition, in preparing the financial statements, the notes to the financial statements were ordered such that the most relevant information was presented earlier in the notes and that the disclosures that management deemed to be immaterial were excluded from the notes to the financial statements. The determination of the relevance and materiality of disclosures involved significant judgement.

Key events and transactions for reporting period

The financial position and performance of the Group was particularly affected by the following events and transactions during the reporting period:

1. Higher levels of customer and large jackpot activity (see Directors' Report for details);
2. Exercise of staff options and resultant increase in cash (see note 15 for details); and
3. Payment of two special dividends (see Directors' Report and note 14 for details).

Results for the year

IN THIS SECTION

Results for the year provides segment information and a breakdown of individual line items in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income that the Directors consider most relevant, including a summary of the accounting policies, relevant to understanding these line items.

Note 1: Segment information	Page 51
Note 2: Revenue and other income	Page 52
Note 3: Expenses	Page 53
Note 4: Income tax	Page 53
Note 5: Earnings per share	Page 54
Note 6: Discontinued operations	Page 55

Note 1: Segment information

Jumbo determines and presents operating segments on a product and a geographic basis as this is how the results are reported internally to the Board (chief operating decision maker) and how the business is managed. The Board assesses the performance of the Group based on the net profit before tax (NPBT). Comparatives for 2017 are stated on this basis.

During the 2017 financial year, the Internet Lotteries Germany segment was reclassified as a discontinued operation – refer note 6 for details.

(a) Description of segments

The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

Internet Lotteries Australia

Retail of Australian lottery tickets sold in Australia and eligible

international jurisdictions, and internet database management/marketing. The dormant Mexico Internet Lotteries business is also included due to its similar characteristics.

Other

Business activities which are not reportable in terms of AASB 8, which are currently the online sale of an internally developed proprietary payroll software system.

Corporate

Corporate costs include costs in respect of the Directors, CEO, CFO, corporate advertising, promotion and marketing, corporate investment and finance, tax, audit, risk, governance, and strategic projects.

(b) Segment information

The segment information provided to the Board is as follows:

2018	Internet Lotteries Australia \$'000	Other \$'000	Corporate \$'000	Eliminations \$'000	Total continuing operations \$'000
External revenue	38,897	878	-	-	39,775
Internal revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenue	38,897	878	-	-	39,775
Cost of Sales	(2,038)	-	-	-	(2,038)
Gross Profit	36,859	878	-	-	37,737
Other revenue/income from external customers	918	-	285	-	1,203
Distribution expenses	(28)	-	-	-	(28)
Marketing costs	(4,527)	(81)	(29)	-	(4,637)
Occupancy expenses	(856)	(31)	-	-	(887)
Administrative expenses	(13,417)	(290)	(2,573)	-	(16,280)
Finance costs	(1)	-	(6)	-	(7)
NPBT continuing operations	18,948	476	(2,323)	-	17,101
Income tax expense					(5,348)
NPAT continuing operations					11,753
Discontinued operations					374
NPAT overall operations (per P&L)					12,127
Interest revenue	575	-	285	-	860
Depreciation and amortisation	(3,089)	(85)	-	-	(3,174)
Impairment of assets	(10)	-	-	-	(10)
Foreign exchange gain	261	-	-	-	261

2017	Internet Lotteries Australia \$'000	Other \$'000	Corporate \$'000	Eliminations \$'000	Total continuing operations \$'000
External revenue	31,586	843	-	-	32,429
Internal revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenue	31,586	843	-	-	32,429
Cost of Sales	(2,465)	-	-	-	(2,465)
Gross Profit	29,121	843	-	-	29,964
Other revenue/income from external customers	857	-	207	-	1,064
Distribution expenses	(24)	-	-	-	(24)
Marketing costs	(3,458)	(85)	(23)	-	(3,566)
Occupancy expenses	(939)	(20)	-	-	(959)
Administrative expenses	(13,217)	(331)	(1,857)	-	(15,405)
Finance costs	-	-	(6)	-	(6)
NPBT continuing operations	12,340	407	(1,679)	-	11,068
Income tax expense					(3,471)
NPAT continuing operations					7,597
Discontinued operations					(1,957)
NPAT overall operations (per P&L)					5,640
Interest revenue	470	-	135	-	605
Depreciation and amortisation	(3,513)	(118)	-	-	(3,631)
Impairment of assets	(62)	-	-	-	(62)
Foreign exchange gain	263	-	-	-	263

(c) Other segment information

Geographical information

The entity is domiciled in Australia. The amount of its revenue from external customers in Australia is \$36,399,000 (2017: \$28,965,000), and the total revenue from external customers in other countries is \$4,579,000 (2017: \$4,528,000). Revenues of \$1,543,000 (2017: \$1,834,000) are from external customers in Fiji. Segment revenues are allocated based on the country in which the customer is located.

Non-current assets in Australia are \$13,376,000 (2017: \$11,890,000).

Non-current assets in other countries are (i) Fiji \$17,000 (2017: \$24,000).

The geographical non-current assets above are exclusive of, where applicable, financial instruments, deferred tax assets, post-employment benefits assets, and rights under insurance contracts.

No single external customer derives more than 10% of total revenues.

Note 2: Revenue and other income

The Company reports revenue from the sale of lottery tickets and related services on a net revenue inflow basis where it considers that it acts more as an Agent than as a Principal such as with the sale of lottery tickets. The gross amount received for the sale of goods and rendering of services is advised as Total Transaction Value ("TTV") for information purposes.

From continuing operations

	Consolidated Group	
	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Sales revenue		
– Revenue from sale of goods	2,293	2,510
– Revenue from rendering of services	37,482	29,919
	39,775	32,429
Other revenue/income		
– Interest	860	605
– Other income		
– Foreign exchange gains	261	263
– Export market development grants	70	111
– Other	12	85
	1,203	1,064
	40,978	33,493

From discontinued operations (note 6)

	Consolidated Group	
	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000
Sales revenue		
– Revenue from rendering of services	-	138
	-	138
Other revenue/income		
– Other income		
– Other	-	177
	-	177
	-	315

Recognition and measurement

Revenue is recognised at the fair value of consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances and duties and taxes paid.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of Goods and/or Rendering of Services

Revenue from sale of goods and/or rendering of services is recognised when control of the goods or services is transferred to the buyer in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for these goods and/or services. Control is the ability of the customer to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, an asset. Indicators that control has passed includes that the customer has (i) a present obligation to pay, (ii) physical possession of the asset(s), (iii) legal title, (iv) risk and rewards of ownership, and (v) accepted the asset(s).

Interest

Revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. The effective interest method uses the effective interest rate which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial asset.

Dividends

Dividends are recognised as revenue when the Group's right to receive payment is established. Dividends received in the entity's separate financial statements that are paid out of pre-acquisition profits of a subsidiary, associate or joint venture are recognised as revenue when the entity's right to receive payment is established.

Government grants

The export market development grant from the government is recognised at its fair value when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with any attached conditions.

Note 3: Expenses

Profit from continuing operations before income tax includes the following specific expenses:

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000
Cost of sales		
– Sale of goods	889	1,152
– Rendering of services	1,149	1,313
Administration expenses		
Depreciation of non-current assets		
– Plant and equipment	116	149
Amortisation of non-current assets		
– Leasehold improvements	40	41
– Intangibles	3,018	3,441
Other expenses		
– Employee benefit expense	7,268	6,468
– Defined contribution superannuation expense	851	824
Occupancy expenses		
– Operating lease rentals minimum lease payments	887	959
– Impairment of assets – domain names	10	62

Note 4: Income tax**Current tax**

	Note	Consolidated	
		2018	2017
		\$'000	\$'000
CURRENT			
Income tax expense liability		594	184

(a) Income tax expense

	Note	Consolidated	
		2018	2017
		\$'000	\$'000
<i>The components of tax expense comprise:</i>			
– Current tax		5,472	3,284
– Deferred tax	4(b)	(132)	186
– Current tax overseas operations		8	1
Total income tax expense/(benefit) in profit and loss		5,348	3,471
<i>Reconciliation</i>			
Profit before income tax expense		17,475	9,111
– Tax at the Australian tax rate 30% (2017:30%)		5,243	2,733
– Income tax effect of overseas tax rates		(96)	338
– Share options expensed during year		193	44
– Other		8	356
Total income tax expense in profit or loss attributable to continuing operations		5,348	3,471

(b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities	Opening balance \$000	Charged to Profit or Loss \$000	Closing Balance \$000
Deferred tax liabilities comprise temporary difference recognised in the profit and loss as follows:			
Property, plant and equipment			
– Depreciation	1	(1)	-
Accruals	24	42	66
Other	23	(23)	-
Balance at 30 June 2017	48	18	66
Property, plant and equipment			
– Depreciation	-	-	-
Accruals	66	6	72
Other	-	-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2018	66	6	72

Deferred tax assets	Opening balance \$000	Charged to Profit or Loss \$000	Closing Balance \$000
Deferred tax assets comprise temporary difference recognised in the profit and loss as follows:			
Property, plant and equipment			
– Depreciation	124	(5)	119
– Amortisation	370	(211)	159
Accruals	179	23	202
Provisions	387	29	416
Other	16	(4)	12
Balance at 30 June 2017	1,076	(168)	908
Property, plant and equipment			
– Depreciation	119	(4)	115
– Amortisation	159	7	166
Accruals	202	109	311
Provisions	416	28	444
Other	12	(2)	10
Balance as at 30 June 2018	908	138	1,046

Recognition and measurement**Current taxes**

The income tax expense for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the national income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements.

Deferred taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences, between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases, at

the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction. Exceptions are made for certain temporary differences arising on initial recognition of an asset or a liability if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised for deductible temporary differences if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in subsidiaries and associates where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Current and deferred tax balances relating to amounts recognised directly in other comprehensive income are also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Tax consolidation

Jumbo Interactive Limited and its wholly owned Australian controlled subsidiaries are part of a tax consolidated group under Australian taxation law since 1 July 2006. Jumbo Interactive Limited is the head entity in the tax consolidated group. Entities within the tax consolidation group have entered into a tax funding agreement ('TFA') and tax sharing deed ('TSD') with the head entity. Under the terms of the TFA, Jumbo Interactive Limited and each of the entities in the tax consolidation group have agreed to pay (or receive) a tax equivalent payment to (or from) the head entity, based on the current tax liability or current tax asset of the entity.

Note 5: Earnings per share (EPS)**(a) Basic earnings per share**

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding.

(b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjusted for the effects of dilutive potential ordinary shares

(c) Profit after tax attributable to owners of the Company used as numerator

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000
Profit from continuing operations	11,753	7,597
Profit from discontinued operation	374	(1,957)
Profit attributable to the owners of the Company	12,127	5,640

(d) Weighted average number of shares used as denominator

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic EPS	51,851,806	44,954,344
Adjustments for calculation of diluted EPS: — options	1,819,000	980,179
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted EPS	53,670,806	45,934,523

1,800,000 options were not included in the number of weighted average number of ordinary shares used to calculate diluted earnings per share because they are currently out-of-the-money.

Note 6: Discontinued operations

On 3 November 2016, Jumbo Interactive Limited announced its intention to scale down Jumbo Interactive GmbH, its Internet lotteries German business segment, due to adverse market conditions and, as disclosed in the 2016 Half Year Report, on 5th December 2016 the sale of lottery tickets ceased. The business was subsequently placed into voluntary administration (VA) on 31 March 2017 and is reported as a discontinued operation as Jumbo no longer has control. The purpose of the VA is to facilitate the orderly closure and wind-up of the business in compliance with German Legal requirements.

Financial information relating to the discontinued operation for the nine month period to the date of voluntary administration is set out below.

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Revenue	-	315
Expenses	-	(1,467)
Loss before income tax	-	(1,152)
Income tax (expense)/benefit	-	-
Loss after income tax	-	(1,152)
Loss on loss of control of subsidiary in voluntary administration	-	(242)
Reclassification of foreign currency translation reserves to the income statement ¹	374	(563)
Loss on loss of control before income tax	-	(805)
Income tax (expense)/benefit	-	-
Loss on loss of control after income tax	-	(805)
Profit/(loss) for the year from discontinued operation	374	(1,957)
Profit attributable to owners of the parent entity relates to:		
Profit/(loss) from continuing operations	11,753	7,597
Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations	374	(1,957)
	12,127	5,640

¹Foreign currency loss relates to the historical foreign currency translation reserve in respect of Jumbo's investment in Germany, reclassified to the income statement on loss of control through voluntary administration.

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	-	(1,353)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities	-	(88)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	-	-
Net cash increase/(decrease) in cash generated from discontinued operations	-	(1,441)

Details of the voluntary administration of Jumbo Interactive GmbH

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Cash paid to administrator on loss of control	-	159
Total cash lost on loss of control	-	159
Carrying amount of net assets over which control was lost	-	83
Loss on loss of control of subsidiary before income tax	-	242
Income tax benefit	-	-
Loss on loss of control of subsidiary after income tax	-	242

Note 6: Discontinued operations (cont)

The carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities as at the date of voluntary administration (31 March 2017) were:

	31 March 2017
	\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	19
Intangible assets	64
Trade and other receivables	87
Total assets	170
Trade and other payables	(87)
Total liabilities	(87)
Net assets	83

Operating assets and liabilities

IN THIS SECTION

Operating assets and liabilities provides information about the working capital of the Group and major balance sheet items, including the accounting policies, judgements and estimates relevant to understanding these items.

Note 7: Cash and cash equivalents	Page 58
Note 8: Trade and other receivables	Page 58
Note 9: Property, plant and equipment	Page 59
Note 10: Intangible assets	Page 60
Note 11: Trade and other payables	Page 62
Note 12: Employee benefit obligations	Page 62

Note 7: Cash and cash equivalents

	Note	Consolidated	
		2018	2017
		\$'000	\$'000
(a) Cash and cash equivalents			
Total cash and cash equivalents		47,919	43,320
Included in the above balance:			
General account balances		40,085	35,825
Online lottery customer account balances	11	7,834	7,495
		47,919	43,320

Online lottery customer account balances are deposits and prize winnings earmarked for payment to customers on demand.

Recognition and measurement

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, and deposits held 'at call' and with original maturities of three months or less, with financial institutions.

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000
(b) Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operations with Profit after Income Tax		
Profit/(loss) for the year after income tax	12,127	5,640
Non-cash flows		
Amortisation	3,058	3,504
Depreciation	116	160
Derecognition of subsidiary	-	242
Capitalised other revenue from associate company	-	(114)
Impairment losses on assets	10	-
Share option expense	644	149
Other	5	186
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of the effects of purchase and disposal of subsidiaries		
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables	43	26
Decrease/(increase) in other receivables	(104)	94
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	5	-
Decrease/(increase) in DTA	(138)	168
Decrease/(increase) in foreign exchange reserve	(377)	495
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	205	9
Increase/(decrease) in other payables	1,143	708
Increase/(decrease) in other provisions	96	95
Increase/(decrease) in DTL	6	18
Increase/(decrease) in provision for income tax	410	(514)
Cash flow from operations	17,249	10,866
(c) Non-Cash Financing and Investing Activities		
Capitalised interest at 7.00% p.a. on Promissory Note issued by associate company (note 20)	-	41
Capitalised dividend on Series A Preferred Stock issued by associate company (note 21)	-	73

Note 8: Trade and other receivables

	Note	Consolidated	
		2018	2017
		\$'000	\$'000
CURRENT			
Trade receivables		52	95
Allowance for doubtful debts		-	-
		52	95
Loans to key management personnel	22	-	100
Other receivables		228	170
Prepayments		229	183
		509	548

All receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are with long standing clients who have a good credit history with the Group.

Past due but not impaired

These trade receivables relate to a few customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The aging of past due but not impaired trade receivables are as follows:

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000
Up to one month	-	-
One month to two months	1	-
Two months to three months	12	17
Over three months	-	-
	13	17

As at 30 June 2018 the Group had current trade receivables of \$0 (2017: \$0) that were impaired

Recognition and measurement

Trade receivables are recognised at original invoice amounts less an allowance for uncollectible amounts, and generally have repayment terms ranging from seven to 31 days.

The Group applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed by AASB 9, which requires the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. Trade receivables had not had a significant increase in credit risk since they were originated.

Note 9: Property, plant and equipment

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000
Plant and equipment—at cost	1,511	1,416
Accumulated depreciation	(1,292)	(1,176)
	219	240
Leasehold improvements—at cost	542	542
Accumulated amortisation	(481)	(441)
	61	101
Total property, plant and equipment	280	341

Movements in Carrying Amounts

	Plant and equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total
Consolidated Group	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
2017			
Balance at the beginning of year	321	80	401
Additions	100	62	162
Disposals	(20)	-	(20)
Depreciation/amortisation expense	(160)	(41)	(201)
Effects of movements in foreign exchange	(1)	-	(1)
Carrying amount at the end of year	240	101	341
2018			
Balance at the beginning of year	240	101	341
Additions	96	-	96
Disposals	(1)	-	(1)
Depreciation/amortisation expense	(116)	(40)	(156)
Effects of movements in foreign exchange	-	-	-
Carrying amount at the end of year	219	61	280

Recognition and measurement**(i) Initial recognition and measurement****Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost, including costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, less depreciation and any impairments.

(ii) Subsequent costs

Improvements to leasehold property are recognised as a separate asset.

All repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit or loss during the reporting period in which they occur.

(iii) Depreciation and amortisation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated or amortised from the date of acquisition, or, in respect of internally generated assets, from the time an asset is held ready for use.

Plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives.

Leasehold improvements are amortised over the shorter of either the unexpired term of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

The depreciation and amortisation rates used during the year were based on the following range of useful lives:

Plant and equipment	Two to five years
Leasehold improvements	Up to six years

The depreciation and amortisation rates are reviewed annually and adjusted if appropriate. An asset's carrying amount is written down to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying value is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

(iv) Derecognition

An item of property, plant or equipment is derecognised when it is disposed of or no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

Gains and losses on disposal are calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the asset's carrying value, and are included in profit or loss in the year that the item is derecognised.

Note 10: Intangible assets

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000
Goodwill	3,687	3,687
Accumulated impairment losses	(855)	(855)
Net carrying value	2,832	2,832
Intellectual property	53	53
Accumulated impairments loss	(23)	(23)
Net carrying value	30	30
Website development costs	27,524	22,957
Accumulated amortisation	(18,128)	(15,114)
Net carrying value	9,396	7,843
Software costs	133	133
Accumulated amortisation	(133)	(133)
Net carrying value	-	-
Domain names – cost	914	910
Accumulated impairment losses	(72)	(62)
Net carrying value	842	848
Other	63	63
Accumulated amortisation	(50)	(42)
Net carrying value	13	21
Total intangibles	13,113	11,574

SIGNIFICANT JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

Impairment assessment of goodwill and domain names

A key judgement by management with regards to the Internet Lotteries Australia segment CGU is that the reseller agreements with the Tatts Group will continue. The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations are discussed further in note 10(b). Goodwill is tested for impairment half yearly.

Impairments assessment of other intangible assets

The Group considers half yearly whether there have been any indicators of impairment and then tests whether non-current assets have incurred any impairment in accordance with the accounting policy.

Estimated useful life of website development costs

Management estimates the useful of intangible assets- website development costs based on the expected period of time over which economic benefits from the use of the asset will be derived. Management reviews useful life assumptions on an annual basis having given consideration to variables including historical and forecast usage rates, technological advancements and changes in legal and economic conditions.

The amortisation period relating to the website developments costs is five years from 1 July 2015 and three years prior to that.

Domain names

Domain names have an indefinite useful life because:

- There is no time limit on the expected usage of the domain names;
- Licence renewal is automatic on payment of the renewal fee without satisfaction of further renewal conditions;
- The cost is not significant when compared with future economic benefits expected to flow from renewal. As such, the useful life can include the renewal period; and
- Since there is no limit on the number of times the licence can be renewed this leads to the assessment of "indefinite" useful life.

This assessment has been based on:

- Technical, technological, commercial and other types of obsolescence;
- The stability of the industry in which the asset operates and changes in the market demand for the products and/or services output from the asset;
- The level of maintenance expenditure required to obtain the expected future economic benefits from the asset and the entity's ability and intention to reach such a level; and
- The period of control over the asset and legal or similar limits on the use of the asset.

(a) Movements in carrying values

Consolidated Group	Goodwill \$'000	Intellectual property \$'000	Website development costs \$'000	Software \$'000	Domain names \$'000	Other \$'000	Total \$'000
2017							
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,832	30	6,951	4	902	-	10,719
Additions acquired	-	-	-	-	8	110	118
Additions internally developed	-	-	4,330	-	-	-	4,330
Disposals on derecognition of subsidiary	-	-	-	(9)	-	(85)	(94)
Impairments	-	-	-	-	(62)	-	(62)
Amortisation charge	-	-	(3,430)	(1)	-	(24)	(3,455)
Effects of movements in foreign exchange	-	-	(8)	-	-	-	(8)
Amortisation of derecognition of subsidiary	-	-	-	6	-	20	26
Closing value at 30 June 2017	2,832	30	7,843	-	848	21	11,574
2018							
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,832	30	7,843	-	848	21	11,574
Additions acquired	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
Additions internally developed	-	-	4,567	-	-	-	4,567
Impairments	-	-	-	-	(10)	-	(10)
Amortisation charge	-	-	(3,010)	-	-	(8)	(3,018)
Effects of movements in foreign exchange	-	-	(4)	-	-	-	(4)
Closing value at 30 June 2018	2,832	30	9,396	-	842	13	13,113

(b) Impairment testing of Cash-Generating Units containing goodwill or intangible assets with indefinite useful lives

Goodwill and domain names have been allocated to the Australian Internet Lottery cash-generating unit which is an operating segment.

The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is based on a value-in-use calculation using a discounted cash flow model based on a one year projection approved by management and extrapolated over a five year period using a steady rate, together with a terminal value. The growth rate used in these projections does not exceed the historical growth rate of the relative cash-generating unit.

Key assumptions used for value-in-use calculation of the CGU are as follows:

- Annual growth rate of 3% (2017: 3%);
- Terminal growth rate of 3% (2017: 3%);
- Discount rate of 17% being the calculated weighted average cost of capital based on the capital asset pricing model (2017: 17%); and
- Reseller agreements will be renewed as and when they expire.

Management determined projections based on past performance and its expectations for the future. The growth rate used is consistent with those used in industry reports. The discount rate used is pre-tax and is specific to the relevant segment in which the unit operates.

Internet Lotteries Australia CGU is estimated to be \$110,752,000 which exceeds the carrying amount of goodwill, domain names and other intangible assets by \$97,639,000. If a discount rate of 20% and growth rate of 0% was used instead of 17% and 3% respectively,

the recoverable amount of goodwill, domain names and other intangible assets would still exceed the carrying amount. Should the lottery reseller agreements be cancelled or not be extended for further periods when they expire, an impairment loss would be recognised up to the maximum carrying value of \$13,113,000.

Recognition and measurement**Goodwill**

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired. Goodwill is not amortised but is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill acquired is allocated to each of the cash-generating units expected to benefit from the combination's synergies. Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the goodwill relates. Impairment losses on goodwill cannot be reversed.

Intellectual Property

Acquired intellectual property is stated at cost, and is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Intellectual property is considered to have an indefinite useful life and is not amortised. The carrying value of intellectual property is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Any reversal of impairment losses of intellectual property is recognised in profit or loss.

Website Developments Costs

Expenditure during the research phase of a project is recognised as an expense when incurred. Development costs are capitalised only when technical feasibility studies identify that the project will deliver future economic benefits and these benefits can be measured reliably.

Development costs have a finite life and are amortised on a straight-line basis matched to the future economic benefits over the useful life of the project of three years up to 30 June 2015 and five years from 1 July 2015.

Domain Names

Acquired domain names are stated at cost and are considered to have indefinite useful lives and are not amortised. The useful life is assessed annually to determine whether events or circumstances continue to support an indefinite useful life assessment. The carrying value of domain names is tested semi-annually at each reporting date for impairment.

Impairment of assets

Assets are tested for impairment at the end of each reporting period or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recovered.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows which are largely independent of the cash flows from other assets or groups of assets (CGUs).

The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use. In assessing value-in-use, the estimated cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects market assessments of the time value of money and the specific risks of the asset.

Impairment losses are recognised in the profit or loss. Non-financial assets other than goodwill that incur impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of impairment at each reporting period

Note 11: Trade and other payables

	Note	Consolidated	
		2018	2017
		\$'000	\$'000
Total trade and other payables		14,346	13,009
Included in the above:			
Trade creditors		1,234	1,029
GST payable		523	378
Sundry creditors and accrued expenses		3,971	3,312
Employee benefits		784	795
		6,512	5,514
Customer funds payable	7(a)	7,834	7,495
		14,346	13,009

Recognition and measurement

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the year end and which are unpaid. These amounts are unsecured and have seven to 31 day payment terms.

(i) Employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are recognised in other liabilities in respect of employees' services rendered up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. Liabilities for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when leave is taken and measured at the actual rates paid or payable.

(ii) Superannuation

Employees have defined contribution superannuation funds. Contributions are recognised as expenses as they become payable. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated before the retirement date, or when an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits as an expense and a liability on the earlier of when the Group:

- Can no longer withdraw the offer and the benefits; and
- Recognises costs for restructuring under AASB 137 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets and which involves the payment of termination benefits.

Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to present value.

Note 12: Employee benefit obligations

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000
CURRENT		
Long service leave	309	293
NON-CURRENT		
Long service leave	368	277
	677	570

Recognition and measurement**(i) Long service leave**

Liabilities for long service leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. They are recognised as part of the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees to the end of the reporting period. Consideration is given to expected future salaries and wages levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using corporate bond rates at the end of the reporting period with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Capital and financial risk management

IN THIS SECTION

Capital and financial risk management provides information about the capital management practices of the Group and shareholder returns for the year, discusses the Group's exposure to various financial risks, explains how these affect the Group's financial position and performance and what the Group does to manage these risks.

Note 13: Capital risk management	Page 65
Note 14: Dividends	Page 65
Note 15: Equity and reserves	Page 66
Note 16: Borrowings	Page 66
Note 17: Financial risk management	Page 67

Note 13: Capital risk management

	Note	Consolidated	
		2018	2017
		\$'000	\$'000
Total borrowings	16	-	-
Less: cash and cash equivalents	7(a)	(40,085)	(35,825)
Net debt		-	-
Total equity	15	55,917	45,492
Total capital		55,917	45,492
Gearing ratio		0%	0%

The Group's objective is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and sustain future development of the business.

The Group monitors its capital structure by reference to its gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated by as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents (up to a minimum of zero). Total capital is net debt plus total equity. There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 14: Dividends**(a) Ordinary shares**

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000
Special fully franked ordinary dividend of 15.0 (2017: nil) cent per share franked at the tax rate of 30% (2017: nil)	7,691	-
Final fully franked ordinary dividend of 5.0 (2017: 5.0) cent per share franked at the tax rate of 30% (2017: 30%)	2,564	2,203
Interim fully franked ordinary dividend of 7.5 (2017: 3.5) cent per share franked at the tax rate of 30% (2017: 30%)	3,917	1,542
Special fully franked ordinary dividend of 8.0 (2017: nil) cent per share franked at the tax rate of 30% (2017: nil)	4,336	-
Total dividends paid or provided for	18,508	3,745

Dividends paid in cash or satisfied by the issue of shares under the dividend reinvestment plan during the years ended 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017 were as follows:

Paid in cash	18,508	3,745
Satisfied by issue of shares	-	-
	18,508	3,745

(b) Dividends not recognised at the end of the reporting period

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000
No special fully franked dividend (2017: 15.0) cent per share franked at the tax rate of 27.5% (2017: 30%) was declared by the directors	-	7,691
In addition to the above dividends, since year end the Directors have recommended the payment of a final 2018 fully franked ordinary dividend of 11.0 (2017: 5.0) cent per share franked at the rate of 27.5% (2017: 30%). The aggregate amount of the proposed dividend expected to be paid on 21 September 2018 (2017: 22 September 2017), but not recognised as a liability at year end, is:	6,382	2,564

(c) Franked dividends

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000
The franked portions of dividends paid and recommended after 30 June 2018 will be franked out of existing franking credits or out of franking credits arising from the payment of income tax in the year ending 30 June 2018.		
Franking credits available for subsequent financial years based on a tax rate of 30% (2017: 30%):	9,303	12,173

The above amounts represent the balance of the franking account as at the reporting date adjusted for:

- (i) Franking credits that will arise from the payment of the amount of the provision for income tax, and
- (ii) Franking debits that will arise from the payment of dividends recognised as a liability at the reporting date.

The impact on the franking account of the dividends paid and recommended by the directors since the end of the reporting period, but not recognised as a liability at the reporting date, will be a reduction in the franking account of \$2,421,000 (2017: \$4,395,000).

Note 15: Equity and reserves

(a) Contributed equity

Issued shares

	Consolidated		Consolidated	
	2018	2018	2017	2017
	Shares	\$'000	Shares	\$'000
Ordinary shares – fully paid	54,374,265	55,917	50,674,265	45,492

Movements in ordinary share capital

Details	Consolidated	
	Shares	\$'000
Opening balance 1 July 2016	44,064,579	29,827
Shares issued during the year		
12 May 2017-Off-market share issue to Tatts	6,609,686	15,665
Balance 30 June 2017	50,674,265	45,492
Opening balance 1 July 2017	50,674,265	45,492
Shares issued during the year		
14 Jul 2017-Exercise of options	50,000	87
18 Jul 2017-Exercise of options	500,000	875
20 Jul 2017-Exercise of options	50,000	87
30 Oct 2017-Exercise of options	50,000	87
7 Mar 2018-Exercise of options	900,000	1,575
16 Mar 2018-Exercise of options	50,000	88
23 Apr 2018-Exercise of options	1,150,000	4,375
9 May 2018-Exercise of options	25,000	88
15 May 2018-Exercise of options	100,000	350
21 May 2018-Exercise of options	50,000	88
8 Jun 2018-Exercise of options	50,000	175
11 Jun 2018-Exercise of options	400,000	1,262
13 Jun 2018-Exercise of options	150,000	600
18 Jun 2018-Exercise of options	150,000	600
21 Jun 2018-Exercise of options	25,000	88
Balance 30 June 2018	54,374,265	55,917

Issued capital represents the amount of consideration received for securities issued or paid for securities bought back by Jumbo.

Costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are deducted from the consideration received, net of income taxes.

(b) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares have no par value and the company does not have a limited amount of authorised share capital.

Ordinary shareholders are entitled to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the

number of and amounts paid on the shares held. Every ordinary shareholder present at a meeting in person or by proxy is entitled to one vote on a show of hands and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

(c) Options

(i) Details of the employee option plan, including details of options issued, exercised and lapsed during the financial year and options outstanding at the end of the financial year are set out in note 24: Share-Based Payments.

(ii) For information relating to share options issued to third parties during the financial year, refer to note 24: Share-Based Payments.

(d) Reserves

Nature and purpose of reserves

Profits appropriation reserve

The profits appropriation reserve records accumulated profits available for distribution at the Directors' discretion. In June 2010, there was a change in the test for payment of dividends from a 'profit test' to 'solvency test' (s254T Corporations Act 2001), and the profits appropriation reserve was established to ensure the accumulated losses up until then were 'ring-fenced' and that future profits were available for distribution, in particular for dividend payments.

Share-based payments reserve

The share-based payments reserve records items recognised as expenses on the fair value of share-based remuneration provided to employees. This reserve can be reclassified as retained earnings if options lapse.

Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve records the foreign exchange differences arising on translation of investments in foreign controlled subsidiaries. Amounts are reclassified to profit or loss when an entity is disposed of.

Available-for-sale financial asset reserve

The available-for-sale financial asset reserve comprises changes in the fair value of available-for-sale investments which are recognised in other comprehensive income including when investments are sold or reclassified.

Note 16: Borrowings

(a) Facilities with Banks

	Note	Consolidated	
		2018	2017
		\$'000	\$'000
<i>Credit facility</i>			
Bank guarantees		550	550
Commercial card		300	300
<i>Facilities utilised</i>			
Bank guarantees	27	(478)	(426)
Commercial credit card		(295)	(295)
Amount available		77	129

The facilities are provided by Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited subject to general and specific terms and conditions being set and met periodically.

There were no outstanding interest bearing liabilities for the financial year ended 30 June 2018 (2017: nil).

(b) Assets pledged as security

The bank facilities are secured by a fixed and floating charge over all the assets of the Group.

(c) Defaults and breaches

There have been no defaults or breaches during the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

Note 17: Financial risk management

The Group has exposure to a variety of financial risks including market risk (foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Risk management is performed by a central Treasury function on behalf of the Group under Treasury Policies approved by the Board annually. Speculative activities are strictly prohibited. Compliance with the Treasury Policies is monitored on an ongoing basis through regular reporting to the Board.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that adverse movements in foreign exchange and interest rates will affect the Group's financial performance or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The Group measures market risk using cash flow at risk. The objective of risk management is to manage the market risks inherent in the business to protect profitability and return on assets.

(i) Foreign exchange risk

Exposure to foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises from commercial transactions (transactional risks) and recognised assets and liabilities (translational risks) that are denominated in or related to a currency that is not in the Group's functional currency. The Group's foreign exchange risk relates largely to the Fiji Dollar (FJ\$). The foreign exchange risk to the Euro (€) has ceased with the discontinued operation in Germany (see note 6 for details).

Risk management

Treasury monitor the Group's exposure regularly and utilise the spot market to buy and sell specified amounts of foreign currency to manage this risk. Transactional risks are managed predominantly within the Group's pricing policies through the regular review of prices in foreign currency.

Sensitivity on foreign exchange risk

Any movement in foreign exchange rates would not be significant to the Group.

(ii) Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk

The Group's has interest bearing assets and therefore its income and operating cash flows are subject to changes in market interest rates.

At the reporting date, the Group has exposure to the following interest rates:

	Consolidated			
	2018		2017	
	Rate ¹		Rate ¹	
	%	\$'000	%	\$'000
Deposits	2.31	47,919	1.93	43,320
Net exposure to interest rate risk		47,919		43,320

¹weighted average interest rate

Risk management

The Group manages cash flow interest rate risk by using term deposits with banks for various periods. The weighted average maturity of outstanding term deposits is approximately 41 days (2017: 20 days). Term deposits currently in place cover approximately 82% (2017: 84%) of the total cash and cash equivalent balances.

Sensitivity on market risks

The following table summarises the gain/(loss) impact of a 200 basis points (bps) interest rate change on net profit and equity before tax, with all other variables remaining constant, as at 30 June 2018:

	Consolidated			
	Effect on profit (before tax)		Effect on equity (before tax)	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
200 bps movement in interest rates				
200 bps increase in interest rates	958	866	958	866
200 bps decrease in interest rates	(958)	(866)	(958)	(866)

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk arises principally from cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables.

The maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at the end of the reporting period to recognised financial assets, is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements. Assets are pledged as security as detailed in note 16(b).

Credit risk is managed on a Group basis through the Board approved Treasury Policies and is reviewed regularly by the Board.

The Board monitors credit risk by actively assessing the rating quality and liquidity of counter parties:

- Surplus funds are only invested with banks and financial institutions with a Standard and Poor's rating of no less than A

and to a limited amount at any one financial institution:

- All potential customers are rated for credit worthiness taking into account their size, market position and financial standing, and the risk is measured using debtor aging analysis; and
- Customers that do not meet the Group's strict credit policies may only purchase in cash or using recognised credit cards.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulties in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that adequate cash balances are maintained to meet its liabilities when due.

The following table summarises the contractual timing of undiscounted cash flows of financial instruments:

	Between 6			Total
	Less than months and	Between 1	Over 5	carrying
	6 months	1 year and 5 years	years	amount
2018	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	47,919	-	-	47,919
Trade and other receivables	509	-	-	509
	48,428	-	-	48,428
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	14,346	-	-	14,346
	14,346	-	-	14,346

	Between 6			Total
	Less than months and	Between 1	Over 5	carrying
	6 months	1 year and 5 years	years	amount
2017	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	43,320	-	-	43,320
Trade and other receivables	448	100	-	548
	43,768	100	-	43,868
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	13,009	-	-	13,009
	13,009	-	-	13,009

(d) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of cash, cash equivalents and non-interest bearing financial assets and liabilities approximates their carrying value due to their short term maturity.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, unlisted investments) are determined using valuation techniques. The valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where possible and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates.

The Group measures and recognises the following assets and liabilities at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income on a recurring basis:

- Available-for-sale financial assets

The fair value of unlisted equity securities is estimated by discounting the estimated future cash flows at the estimated weighted average cost of capital.

AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level in the fair value measurement hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1 - the instrument has quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 - a valuation technique is used using inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1 that are observable for the financial instrument, either directly (i.e. as prices), or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)
- Level 3 - a valuation technique is used using inputs that are not observable based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The carry values of loans to key management personnel at variable interest rate approximates its fair value.

Group structure

IN THIS SECTION

Group structure provides information about particular subsidiaries and associates and how changes have affected the financial position and performance of the Group.

Note 18: Controlled subsidiaries	Page 70
Note 19: Parent disclosures	Page 70

Note 18: Controlled subsidiaries

The Group's subsidiaries that were controlled during the year and prior years are set out below:

		Percentage Ownership	
	Country of Incorporation	2018 %	2017 %
Direct subsidiaries of the ultimate parent entity Jumbo Interactive Limited:			
Benon Technologies Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
TMS Global Services Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Intellitron Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Jumbo Lotteries Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Jumbo Interactive Asia Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Cook Islands Tattslotto Pty Ltd	Cook Islands	1	1
Jumbo Interactivo de Mexico SA de CV	Mexico	100	100
Jumbo Interactive GmbH ¹	Germany	-	-
¹ the company was placed in voluntary administration 31 March 2017			
Subsidiaries of TMS Global Services Pty Ltd:			
TMS Global Services (NSW) Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
TMS Global Services (VIC) Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
TMS Fiji Limited	Fiji	100	100
TMS Fiji On-Line Limited	Fiji	100	100
TMS Global Services (PNG) Limited	Papua New Guinea	100	100
Cook Islands Tattslotto Pty Ltd	Cook Islands	99	99
Jumbo Lotteries North America, Inc.	United States of America	100	100

Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Jumbo Interactive Limited and its subsidiaries at 30 June each year ('the Group'). Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group has control over an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity, and has the ability to use its power to affect those returns. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and are deconsolidated from the date on which control ceases.

All intercompany balances and transactions, including unrealised profits arising from intragroup transactions have been eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred.

Changes in ownership interests

When the Group ceases to have control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in the profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying value for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or available-for-sale financial asset. In addition, any amount previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity, are accounted for as if the Group

had directly disposed of the relative assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

If the ownership interest in an associate or a joint venture is reduced, but significant influence or control is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss, where appropriate.

Note 19: Parent disclosures

The parent and ultimate parent entity within the Group is Jumbo Interactive Limited.

(a) Summary financial information

The individual financial statements for the parent entity show the following aggregated amounts as follows:

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Current assets	13,684	17,471
Non-current assets	28,031	24,164
Total assets	41,715	41,635
Current liabilities	1,243	641
Non-current liabilities	778	7,046
Total liabilities	2,021	7,687
Net assets	39,694	33,948
Issued capital	55,917	45,492
Retained earnings/(accumulated losses)	(26,037)	(26,037)
Profits appropriation reserve	10,413	15,736
Other reserves	(599)	(1,243)
Total shareholders' equity	39,694	33,948
Profit for the year	13,184	19,317
Total comprehensive income for the year	13,184	19,317

(b) Guarantees

The parent entity has provided guarantees to third parties in relation to the obligations of controlled entities in respect to banking facilities. The guarantees are for the terms of the facilities per note 16: Borrowings, and are ongoing.

The parent entity has also provided a guarantee in favour of Tattersalls in respect of payment obligations of a subsidiary company in terms of the Agent reseller agreements, between its subsidiary and the favouree.

(c) Contractual commitments

There were no contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment entered into by the parent entity at 30 June 2018 (2017: \$Nil).

(d) Contingent liabilities

The parent entity has no contingent liabilities other than the guarantees referred to above.

Recognition and measurement

The financial information for the parent entity, Jumbo Interactive Limited, has been prepared on the same basis as the consolidated financial statements, except as set out below:

(i) Investments in subsidiaries and associates

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are accounted for at cost in the financial statements of Jumbo Interactive Limited. Dividends received from associates are recognised in the parent entity's income statement, rather than being deducted from the carrying amount of these investments.

(ii) Tax consolidation

Jumbo Interactive Limited and its wholly owned subsidiaries have implemented the tax consolidation legislation for the whole of the financial year. Refer to note 4 for details.

Other information

IN THIS SECTION

Other information provides information on other items which require disclosure to comply with Australian Accounting Standards and other regulatory pronouncements however are not consider critical in understanding the financial performance or position of the Group.

Note 20: Investments accounted for using the Equity Method	Page 73
Note 21: Available-for-sale financial assets (non-current)	Page 73
Note 22: Related party transactions	Page 73
Note 23: Key Management Personnel compensation	Page 74
Note 24: Share-based payments	Page 74
Note 25: Remuneration of auditors	Page 76
Note 26: Summary of other significant accounting policies	Page 76

Note 20: Investments accounted for using the Equity Method

Interest in Associate –

Lotto Points Plus Inc., USA	Place of business/ Country of Incorporation	2018 %	2017 %	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000
Unlisted shares					
Lotto Points Plus Inc	New York, USA	30.9	30.9	-	-
Net investment in associate company				-	-

Lotto Plus Inc is an investment company, with its only investment being a 16.9% (2017: 21.9%) shareholding (non-voting) in Lottery Rewards Inc., USA (see note 21(b) for details).

Recognition and measurement

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. Associates are accounted for in the parent entity financial statements at cost and the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method of accounting, the Group's share of post-acquisition profits or losses of associates is recognised in consolidated profit or loss and the Group's share of post-acquisition other comprehensive income of associates is recognised in consolidated other comprehensive income. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. Dividends received from associates are recognised in the parent entity's profit or loss, while they reduce the carrying amount of the investment in the consolidated financial statements.

When the Group's share of post-acquisition losses in an associate exceeds its interest in the associate (including any long-term interests that form part of the Group's net investment in the associates), the Group does not recognise further losses unless it has obligations to, or has made payments, on behalf of the associate.

The financial statements of the associates are used to apply the equity method. The end of the reporting period of the associates and the parent are identical and both use consistent accounting policies.

Note 21: Available-for-sale financial assets (non-current)

Unlisted securities comprise investments in:

- Sorteo Games Inc., USA. The Company owns 7% of the issued share capital of Sorteo Games Inc. Shares in Sorteo Games Inc are carried at fair value of \$nil (2017: \$nil).
- Lottery Rewards Inc., USA. The Company owns 5.4% of the issued share capital of Lottery Rewards Inc – 0.2% directly and 5.2% indirectly (through Lotto Points Plus Inc – see note 20 for details). Shares in Lottery Rewards Inc are carried at fair value of \$nil (2017: \$nil).

SIGNIFICANT JUDGEMENTS

A key judgement by management is the uncertainty of future economic benefits of both Sorteo Games Inc and Lottery Rewards Inc

Recognition and measurement

Non-current assets are classified as held-for-sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction, rather than through continuing use. After initial recognition at cost, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses recognised in other comprehensive income (available-for-sale investments reserve), until the investment is disposed of, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in the available-for-sale reserve may be transferred within equity.

Note 22: Related party transactions

Parent entity

Jumbo Interactive Limited is the parent entity.

Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in note 18.

Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 23 and the remuneration report in the directors' report.

Transactions with related parties

All transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions at market rates and no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Mr Mike Rosch, the father of Mr Mike Veverka, the CEO and executive director of the Company, rented an office from the Group		
- office rent received	8,580	7,211
	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Mrs Julie Rosch, the mother of Mr Mike Veverka, the CEO and Executive Director of the Company, is engaged as a full time employee within the Group.		
Salary and superannuation	82,462	82,441

Receivables from related parties

The following balances are outstanding at the reporting date in relation to transactions with related parties:

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Trade receivables from Mr Mike Rosch (director-related party of Mike Veverka)	2,145	1,573

Loans to/from related parties

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Advances to – key management personnel	-	100,000

On 7 March 2016, Jumbo Interactive Ltd made a loan to KMP Brad Board for an amount of \$100,000. The loan bears interest at the Commonwealth Bank of Australia's Home Loan Standard Variable Rate, 5.22% p.a. as at the end of the reporting period, plus a margin of 2.00% p.a., payable monthly in arrears. The capital balance is repayable by 7 March 2018.

The loan was repaid on 2 September 2017.

Interest charged and received during the year was \$613 (2017: \$7,236).

Note 23: Key Management Personnel compensation

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Short term employee benefits	2,163,591	1,799,152
Post employment benefits	153,992	135,870
Other long term benefits	37,984	18,453
Termination benefits	-	174,538
Share based payments	538,052	106,296
	2,893,619	2,234,309

Further information regarding the identity of key management personnel and their compensation can be found in the Audited Remuneration Report contained in the Directors' Report.

Note 24: Share-based payments

Share-based payment expenses recognised during the financial year	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Options issued under employee option plan	622,093	130,989
Options issued to third parties for services received	22,207	17,863
	644,300	148,852

Employee option plan

The Jumbo Interactive Limited Employee Option Plan was ratified at the annual general meeting held on 28 October 2008. Employees are invited to participate in the scheme from time to time. Options vest when the volume weighted average share price over five consecutive trading days equals the exercise price and provided the staff member is still employed by the Group. When issued on exercise of options, the shares carry full dividend and voting rights.

Options granted carry no dividend or voting rights.

Third party options

Options have been issued to an Australian based contractor as part of the remuneration for their services to incentivise them to procure a commercially acceptable transaction in Australia. Options vest when the volume weighted average share price over five consecutive trading days equals the exercise price and provided an acceptable transaction has been brought to the Company with terms and conditions acceptable to the Company by 31 December 2017 failing which the options will lapse. This was subsequently extended to 30 June 2018, and finally to 30 June 2019 with 150,000 options being lapsed, unexercised, with no effect on the fair value.

Fair value of options granted

Employees

The weighted average fair value of options granted during the financial year was 33.4 cents (2017: nil). The fair value at grant date was determined by an independent valuer using the Monte Carlo Simulation option pricing model that takes into account the share price at grant date, exercise price, expected volatility, option life, expected dividends, and the risk free rate. The inputs used for the Monte Carlo Simulation option pricing model for options granted during the year ended 30 June 2018 were as follows:

Options are granted for no consideration, have a five year life, and are exercisable when the five day volume weighted average price equals a share market price of \$4.00	
Grant date	26 Oct 2017
Share price at grant date	\$2.840
Exercise price	\$3.500
Expected volatility	50.660%
Expected dividend yield	2.99%
Risk free rate	2.30%

Expected volatility was determined based on the historic volatility (based on the remaining life of the option), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility based on publicly available information.

Third parties

3,474,492 options were granted to Tattersalls Online Pty Ltd (Tatts) on 13 July 2017 at an exercise price of \$2.37 per share for 12 months to 13 July 2018 pursuant to approval by shareholders at an Extraordinary General Meeting held 12 July 2018, and formed part of the securities subscription agreement dated 12 May 2017 which provided for the issue of 6,609,686 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company at \$2.37 per share. The issue price and exercise price of \$2.37 per share was set at the closing price of the Company's shares on 28 April 2017. The options were issued to Tatts for \$10.00.

(The weighted average fair value of options granted during the 2017 financial year was 2.0 cents).

Details of options outstanding during the financial year are as follows:

2018

Grant date	Exercise price	Expiry date	Balance at beginning of year	Granted during the year	Lapsed/ Forfeit- ed during the year	Exercised during the year	Expired during the year	Balance at end of year	Exercisable at end of year
KMP and staff options									
3 Sep 2013	\$4.00	3 Sep 2018	1,400,000	-	-	(1,000,000)	-	400,000	400,000
6 Nov 2013	\$4.00	6 Nov 2018	400,000	-	-	(250,000)	-	150,000	150,000
18 Nov 2015	\$1.75	18 Nov 2020	1,600,000	-	-	(1,300,000)	-	300,000	300,000
14 Jan 2016	\$1.75	14 Jan 2021	500,000	-	-	(500,000)	-	-	-
26 Oct 2017	\$3.50	15 Nov 2022	-	5,100,000	-	(650,000)	-	4,450,000	4,450,000
Third party options									
2 Feb 2017	\$2.25	2 Feb 2022	200,000	-	-	-	-	200,000	-
13 Jul 2017	\$2.37	13 Jul 2018	-	3,474,492	-	-	-	3,474,492	3,474,492
Total			4,100,000	8,574,492	-	(3,700,000)	-	8,974,492	8,774,492
Weighted average exercise price			\$2.76	\$3.04	-	\$2.82	-	\$3.01	\$3.02

2017

Grant date	Exercise price	Expiry date	Balance at beginning of year	Granted during the year	Lapsed/ Forfeit- ed during the year	Exercised during the year	Expired during the year	Balance at end of year	Exercisable at end of year
KMP and staff options									
3 Sep 2013	\$4.00	3 Sep 2018	1,800,000	-	(400,000)	-	-	1,400,000	-
6 Nov 2013	\$4.00	6 Nov 2018	400,000	-	-	-	-	400,000	-
18 Nov 2015	\$1.75	18 Nov 2020	1,700,000	-	(100,000)	-	-	1,600,000	-
14 Jan 2016	\$1.75	14 Jan 2021	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000	-
Third party options									
2 Feb 2017	\$2.25	2 Feb 2022	-	200,000	-	-	-	200,000	-
Total			4,400,000	200,000	(500,000)	-	-	4,100,000	-
Weighted average exercise price			\$2.88	\$2.25	\$3.55	-	-	\$2.76	-

Options were exercised regularly throughout the year and the weighted average share price at date of exercise for the year ended 30 June 2018 was \$4.05 (2017: nil).

The weighted average exercise price for the year ended 30 June 2018 was \$2.94 (2017: \$2.78).

The weighted average remaining contractual life of share options outstanding at 30 June 2018 was 2 years 4 months (2017: 2 year 6 months).

Recognition and measurement

The fair value of options granted to Directors, employees and consultants is recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity (share based payments reserve). The fair value is measured at grant date and recognised over the period during which the employees or consultants become unconditionally entitled to the options. Fair value is determined by an independent valuer using the Black-Scholes, Bi-nomial, and Monte Carlo Simulation option pricing models as appropriate. In determining fair value, no account is taken of any performance conditions other than those related to the share price of Jumbo Interactive Limited ("market conditions"). The cumulative expense recognised between grant date and vesting date is adjusted to reflect the Directors' best estimate of the number of options that will ultimately vest because of internal conditions of the options, such as the employees having to remain with the Group until vesting date, or such that employees are required to meet internal sales targets. No expense is recognised for options that do not ultimately vest because internal conditions were not met. An expense is still recognised for options that do not ultimately vest because a market condition was not met.

Where the terms of options are modified, the expense continues to be recognised from grant date to vesting date as if the terms had never been changed. In addition, at the date of the modification, a further expense is recognised for any increase in fair value of the transaction as a result of the change.

Where options are cancelled, they are treated as if vesting occurred on cancellation and any unrecognised expenses are taken immediately to profit or loss. However, if new options are substituted for the cancelled options and designated as a replacement on grant date, the combined impact of the cancellation and replacement options are treated as if they were a modification.

Note 25: Remuneration of auditor

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the parent entity and its related practices:

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Audit services		
Amounts paid/payable to BDO for audit or review of the financial statements for the entity or any entity in the Group	114,438	132,408
	114,438	132,408
Taxation services		
Amounts paid/payable to BDO for taxation services for the entity or any entity in the Group:		
Review of income tax return	42,000	40,000
Transfer pricing consulting	15,000	-
Other taxation advice	7,000	-
	64,000	40,000
Other services		
Amounts paid/payable to BDO for other services for the entity or any entity in the Group:		
Accounting advice	-	2,800
Export grant services	4,500	6,000
	4,500	8,800
	182,938	181,208

Note 26: Summary of other significant accounting policies

Other significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out in relevant sections of the notes below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. Where necessary, comparative information has been restated to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

(a) Basis of preparation

(i) New, revised or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

None of the new standards and amendments to standards that are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2017 materially affect the amounts recognised in the current period or any other prior period and are not likely to affect future periods.

The Group early adopted AASB 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* in the year beginning 1 July 2017.

As a result of adopting AASB15, the Group's accounting policy has changed, however this change has not resulted in any material change to recognising revenue.

(ii) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet adopted

AASB 16 Leases

This standard and its consequential amendments are currently applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. This standard requires lessees to capitalise all leases on the balance sheet (subject to limited exception) and there is no longer a requirement to classify leases as either operating or financial leases. This means that on commencement date of the lease, lessees need to measure a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. The initial adoption of this standard will impact on the financial statements at 30 June 2020. The Group's management has yet to assess the impact of this amendment.

(b) Foreign currency transactions

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the functional currency). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss, except when attributable to part of the net investment in a foreign operation.

Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss on a net basis within other income or other expenses, unless they relate to borrowings, in which case they are presented as a part of finance costs.

Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was measured.

The functional currency of the overseas subsidiaries is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. At the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these overseas subsidiaries are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the closing rate at the end of the reporting period and income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income as a separate component of equity (foreign currency translation reserve). On disposal of a foreign entity, the cumulative exchange differences recognised in foreign currency translation reserves relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

(c) Financial instruments

(i) Non-derivative financial assets

The Group initially recognises financial assets on the trade date at which the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of

the instrument. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value. If the financial asset is not subsequently accounted for at fair value through profit or loss, then the initial measurement includes transaction costs that are directly attributable to the asset's acquisition or origination. On initial recognition, the Group classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

Refer to notes 20 and 21 for further details.

(ii) Financial assets measured at amortisation cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost, using effective interest method and net of any impairment, if:

- The asset is held within the business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset (or group of financial assets) is impaired.

Refer to notes 7 and 8 for further details.

(iii) Non-derivative liabilities

The Group initially recognises loans on the date when they originated. Other financial liabilities are initially recognised on the trade date. The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

Non-derivative financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Refer to note 11 for further detail

(d) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST, unless the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO), in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST receivable or payable included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the consolidated statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO, are classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO.

Unrecognised items

IN THIS SECTION

Unrecognised items provide information about items that are not recognised in the consolidated financial statements but could potentially have a significant impact on the Group's financial position and performance.

Note 27: Contingencies	Page 79
Note 28: Commitments	Page 79
Note 29: Events after the reporting date	Page 79

Note 27: Contingencies

Contingencies relate to the outcome of future events and may result in an asset or liability, however due to current uncertainty do not qualify for recognition.

Estimates of the potential financial effect of contingent liabilities that may become payable:

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000
Guarantees provided by the Group's bankers	478	426

The Group's bankers have provided guarantees to third parties in relation to premises leased by Group companies. These guarantees have no expiry term and are payable on demand, and are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the Group's assets.

Note 28: Commitments

Operating lease commitments

	Consolidated	
	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000
Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the consolidated financial statements		
Payable		
Not later than one year	784	914
Later than one year but not later than five years	3,663	1,803
Later than five years	628	-
	5,075	2,717

The property leases are non-cancellable leases for occupied premises at various locations ranging from month-to-month to seven year terms, with rent payable monthly in advance. Options to renew leases at the end of the term range from terms of none to five years. Rent and outgoings are paid on a monthly basis with periodic pricing reviews. The main lease runs for seven years with the ability to cancel for no penalty from June 2022 with 12 months written notice, in line with the Tabcorp lottery reseller agreements.

Recognition and measurement

Leased property

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Group as lessee are classified as operating leases and payments (net of incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Make good

The Group is required under terms of certain leases to restore the leased premises at the end of the lease to its original condition. A provision has been recognised for the present value of the estimated expenditure required to demolish any leasehold improvements at the end of the lease. These costs have been capitalised as part of

the cost of leasehold improvements and are amortised over the shorter of the term of the lease or the useful life of the assets.

Note 29: Events after the reporting date

Apart from the (i) exercise of 3,474,492 Tatts options (\$8,235,000) and exercise of 330,000 staff options (\$1,320,000), and (ii) the final dividend declared, as at the date of this Directors' Report, the directors are not aware of any matter or circumstance that has arisen that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Company in the financial years subsequent to 30 June 2018.

The above items are not recognised in the financial statements 30 June 2018.

Directors' Declaration

The Directors of the Company declare that:

1. The consolidated financial statements, comprising the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, and accompanying notes, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and:

(a) comply with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and

(b) give a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.

2. The Company has included in the notes to the consolidated financial statements an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

3. In the Directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

4. The remuneration disclosures included in pages 31 to 37 of the Directors' report (as part of the audited Remuneration Report), for the year ended 30 June 2018, comply with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

5. The Directors have been given the declarations by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer required by section 295A.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'David K Barwick', enclosed within a hand-drawn oval.

David K Barwick
Chairman

Brisbane

23 August 2018



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Jumbo Interactive Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Jumbo Interactive Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including a summary of significant accounting policies and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of the Group, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) Giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



Impairment assessment of Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

<i>Key audit matter</i>	<i>How the matter was addressed in our audit</i>
The Group's disclosures in respect to intangible assets, including the impairment assessments of goodwill and other intangible assets are included in Note 10. The carrying value of intangible assets represent a significant asset of the Group. The Group is required to annually test the amount of goodwill and indefinite useful life intangible assets for impairment and assess other intangible assets for impairment indicators. This annual impairment test was significant to our audit because the goodwill and intangible assets balance is material to the financial statements and because management's assessment process is complex, highly judgmental and includes estimates and assumptions relating to expected future market or economic conditions.	Our procedures included, amongst others: • Evaluating management's determination of the Group's Cash Generating Units ("CGU's") to ensure they are appropriate, including being at a level no higher than the operating segments of the entity • Evaluating management's process regarding the valuation of the Group's goodwill and other intangible assets • Assessing the Group's assumptions and estimates relating to forecast revenue, costs, capital expenditure, discount rates and the life of reseller agreements used to determine the recoverable value of its assets • Assessing the historical accuracy of forecasting of the Group by comparing the current year actual results with FY18 figures included in prior year forecasts to consider whether any forecasts included assumptions, that with hindsight, had been optimistic • Challenging key assumptions by performing sensitivity analysis on the growth rates and discount rate assumptions used.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2018, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website (<http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx>) at:

http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar1.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included on pages 31 to 37 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2018.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Jumbo Interactive Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2018, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

BDO Audit Pty Ltd

K L Colyer
Director

Brisbane, 23 August 2018

Shareholder Information

The Company has 58,013,757 ordinary shares on issue, each fully paid. There are 2,786 holders of these ordinary shares as at 31 July 2018. Shares are quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange under the code JIN and on the German Stock Exchange.

In addition, there are an aggregate total 5,185,000 options over ordinary shares on issue but not quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange.

(a) The range of fully paid ordinary shares as at 31 July 2018

Range	Total Holders	Units	% of issued capital
1 – 1,000	806	414,417	0.71
1,001 – 5,000	1,247	3,383,552	5.83
5,001 – 10,000	374	2,896,496	4.99
10,001 – 100,000	321	7,872,948	13.57
100,001 – and over	38	43,446,344	74.89
Rounding			0.01
Total	2,786	58,013,757	100.00

(b) Unmarketable parcels

	Minimum parcel size	Holders	Units
Minimum \$500.00 parcel at \$4.05 per unit	124	92	2,079

The number of shareholders holding less than the marketable parcel of shares is 92 (shares 2,079)

(c) Substantial holders of 5% or more fully paid ordinary shares as at 31 July 2018¹:

Name	Notice date	Ordinary Shares	Percentage Held
Vestec Pty Ltd and associates	12 May 2017	9,101,027	17.8
Tatts Online Pty Ltd	5 July 2018	7,234,178	12.5

¹ as disclosed in substantial shareholder notices received by the Company

(d) Voting rights

The voting rights attached to each class of equity security are as follows:

Ordinary shares

- Each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each member present at a meeting or by proxy has one vote on a show of hands.

Options

- Optionholders have no voting rights until their options are exercised.

(e) Top 20 holders of fully paid ordinary shares as at 31 July 2018

Name	Units	% of Units
1. VESTEON PTY LTD	9,162,915	15.79
2. TATTS ONLINE PTY LTD	7,234,178	12.47
3. JP MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA LIMITED	7,030,443	12.12
4. HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	3,861,612	6.66
5. NATIONAL NOMINEES LIMITED	2,826,321	4.87
6. BNP PARIBAS NOMS PTY LTD <DRP>	2,748,045	4.74
7. CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	1,488,562	2.57
8. MR BARNABY COLMAN CADDICK	1,125,000	1.94
9. BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD <BP2S MILAN BPAA DRP>	1,089,121	1.88
10. ECAPITAL NOMINEES PTY LIMITED <ACCUMULATION A/C>	900,436	1.55
11. MR MIKE VEVERKA <VEVERKA S/F A/C>	688,112	1.19
12. WARAWONG PTY LTD <WARAWONG SUPER FUND ACCOUNT>	550,000	0.95
13. MR CRAIG KUHN	390,000	0.67
14. UBS NOMINEES PTY LTD	285,213	0.49
15. MR JOHN WILDE + MRS ELIZABETH WILDE <UTOPIA A/C>	247,996	0.43
16. BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD <IB AU NOMS RETAIL CLIENT DRP>	246,429	0.42
17. MR JOHN ROSAIA	221,000	0.38
18. DOG FUNDS PTY LTD	220,000	0.38
19. ROUND ETERNAL INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <VISION SPLENDID A/C>	210,000	0.36
20. INVIA CUSTODIAN PTY LIMITED <SELECTOR FUND A/C>	202,408	0.35
Total Top 20 shareholders of ordinary fully paid shares	40,727,791	70.20
Total remaining holders balance	17,285,966	29.80

(f) Unquoted securities as at 31 July 2018

Options over Unissued Shares

A total of 5,185,000 options are on issue to employees and a third party for services rendered.

Exercise price	Expiry date	Number on issue	Number of holders
\$4.00	3 September 2018	235,000	2
\$4.00	6 November 2018	150,000	1
\$1.75	18 November 2020	300,000	3
\$2.25	2 February 2022	50,000	1
\$3.50	15 November 2022	4,450,000	15

(g) On-market buy-back

There is no current on-market buy-back in effect.

Company Information

Jumbo Interactive Limited
ABN 66 009 189 128
www.jumbointeractive.com

Directors

David K Barwick (Non-Executive Chairman)
Bill Lyne (Non-Executive Director)
Mike Veverka (Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer)

Chief Financial Officer

David Todd

Company Secretary

Bill Lyne

Registered Office

Level 1
601 Coronation Drive
Toowong, QLD 4066
Telephone: 07 3831 3705
Facsimile: 07 3369 7844

Auditor

BDO Audit Pty Ltd
Level 10
12 Creek Street
Brisbane, QLD 4000

Share Registrar

Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd
Level 1, 200 Mary Street
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Telephone: 07 3237 5999
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