



SPHERIA EMERGING COMPANIES LIMITED

ACN 621 402 588



ANNUAL REPORT 2018



Table of Contents

	Page
00 Glossary	1
01 Chairman's Letter	3
02 Investment Manager's Report	5
03 Directors' Report	7
04 Auditors' Independence Declaration	15
05 Financial Statements	17
06 Notes to the Financial Statements	21
07 Directors' Declaration	41
08 Independent Auditor's Report.....	43
09 Shareholder Information	47
10 Corporate Directory	50

Annual General Meeting

The 2018 Annual General Meeting will be held at 10.00am on 1 November 2018 at The Barnet Long Room, Customs House, 31 Alfred Street, Sydney NSW 2000.

Notice of the Annual General Meeting will be forwarded to all shareholders separately.

Corporate Governance

The Company's corporate governance statement is available on the Company's website at spheria.com.au/spheria-emerging-companies-limited under the Corporate Documents section.

Glossary

Term	Meaning
Administrator	Pinnacle as the provider of various administration support services to the Company.
Annual General Meeting	the annual general meeting of the Company.
ASX	Australian Securities Exchange.
Benchmark	S&P/ASX Small Ordinaries Accumulation Index.
Board	board of Directors.
Company	Spheria Emerging Companies Limited (ACN 621 402 588).
Company Secretary	company secretary of the Company.
Corporations Act	the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> (Cth).
Director	director of the Company.
GST	has the meaning given in the <i>A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999</i> (Cth).
Investment Management Agreement	the investment management agreement dated 10 October 2017 between the Company and the Manager.
Manager	Spheria Asset Management Pty Limited (ACN 611 081 326).
NTA	net tangible assets.
NTA Performance	the performance of the Company inclusive of portfolio performance after fees, taking into account all other expenses paid and tax on earnings (including on realised gains but excluding any provision for tax on unrealised gains and capitalised share issue cost related balances).
Pinnacle	Pinnacle Investment Management Limited (ACN 109 659 109).
Services Agreement	the services agreement dated 10 October 2017 between the Company and Pinnacle.
TSR Performance	a measure of the change in the share price and dividends paid during the period, excluding the value of any franking credits which are paid to shareholders and any positive impact shareholders received from owning options issued as part of the IPO.



Chairman's Letter

Dear fellow shareholders,

On behalf of your Board, I am pleased to present the results of the Company for the period from 30 November 2017 (inception) to 30 June 2018.

The Company was established to provide shareholders with exposure to an actively managed portfolio of Australian and New Zealand smaller companies that generate solid and predictable cash flows. The investment manager believes free cash flow drives valuations in the medium to long term with risk assessment a critical overlay.

The Company's appointed investment manager, Spheria Asset Management Limited ("Spheria") has an experienced team that has witnessed various investment cycles. Since listing of the Company, Spheria has added a senior investment analyst and a dealer to the team which now comprises five investment professionals.

The investment objective of the Company over each full investment cycle (typically 3-5 years) is to generate total returns greater than the S&P/ASX Small Ordinaries Accumulation Index and provide investors with capital growth by investing predominantly in listed entities within the S&P/ASX Small Ordinaries Index.

Further, the Company aims to pay fully franked dividends from the portfolio income at least annually, subject to available profits, cash flow and franking credits. In this regard, we are pleased to announce a fully franked dividend of 4.0 cents per share payable to shareholders on 21 September 2018 with a record date of 7 September 2018.

Performance

We consider that it is useful to report performance from three different perspectives:

1. Firstly, to show how the investment portfolio has performed after deducting management fees and performance fees (if applicable) paid to it compared to the relevant benchmark. We refer to this as the **Manager Performance**. The relevant benchmark used is the S&P/ASX Smaller Companies Accumulation Index which is also used to calculate any Manager performance fees;
2. Secondly, to show how the Company has performed which, in addition to portfolio performance after fees mentioned above, also accounts for all other expenses paid and tax on earnings (including on realised gains but excluding any provision for tax on unrealised gains and capitalised share issue cost related balances). We refer to this as the **Net Tangible Assets or NTA Performance**. The NTA does not include the value of franking credits held by the Company from the payment of tax; and
3. Finally, to show the **Total Shareholder Return or TSR Performance**, which measures the change in the share price and dividends paid during the period. The TSR Performance does not include the value of any franking credits when they are paid to shareholders. The TSR Performance can be an important measure as often the share market can trade at a premium or discount to the NTA.

The results of each of these measures for the period from inception to 30 June 2018 are provided below:

Manager Performance	+ 7.7%
Portfolio Benchmark	+ 7.8%
Manager Out-Performance	- 0.1%
<hr/>	
NTA Performance	+ 5.1% (from \$2.00 per share at inception to \$2.102 per share at balance date).
<hr/>	
TSR Performance	- 2.8% (the share price decreased from listing price of \$2.00 to \$1.945 at balance date; no dividends have been paid to date).
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Annual General Meeting

The inaugural Annual General Meeting will be held at 10.00am on 1 November 2018 at The Barnet Long Room, Customs House, 31 Alfred Street, Sydney NSW 2000. The Directors encourage you to attend the meeting.

Thank you for your continued support of the Company.

Yours sincerely



Jonathan Trollip
Chairman

Sydney
28 August 2018

Investment Manager's Report

Spheria Emerging Companies Limited (the Company) has appointed Spheria Asset Management Pty Limited (the Manager) as the investment manager of the Company's portfolio.

Manager

The Manager is a fundamental investor with a focus on smaller companies, which can provide higher returns in the long term than their larger peers. At the date of this report the Manager has approximately A\$700m across its strategies.

The Manager is majority owned by its team with over 60 years of combined investment experience. The Manager's performance culture is underpinned by sensible incentives, a focused offering and the outsourcing of non-investment functions to minority partner Pinnacle.

Investment philosophy

The Manager aims to grow shareholder wealth over the long-term by generating absolute returns in excess of the Benchmark, at below market levels of risk. The Manager believes the sharemarket can be inefficient particularly within the small and micro-cap segment, providing opportunities to purchase companies where the prevailing share price is at a discount to the present value of the prospective free cash flow. The Manager seeks to take advantage of the market's tendency for irrational behaviour, identify investments that offer a high margin of safety and build portfolios with a capital preservation focus. Assessing risk is fundamental to the Manager's philosophy.

Investment strategy

The Company's portfolio is constructed in accordance with the Manager's investment strategy, which is to invest in a select number of small and micro-cap companies listed in Australia and New Zealand that the Manager considers to be attractively valued. The valuation process involves defining a sustainable and predictable free cash flow stream that a business can produce and discounting to present at an appropriate rate of return. Predicting future cash flows is based on a number of factors including industry dynamics/structure, historical financial information and return on invested capital. Purchasing businesses that produce positive free cash flow (after all capital expenditures) mitigates risk but the Manager also assesses financial strength based on debt levels including all off-balance sheet leases. Qualitative risk factors are also important including an assessment of the industry cycle and fixed cost operating leverage inherent in the business.

Being a fundamental investor, the Manager does not target a cash weighting, however, in the unlikely event there is a lack of valuation opportunity within the universe, the portfolio can hold up to a maximum of 20% cash. The majority of the portfolio is invested in companies where the Manager believes quantitative and qualitative risks are relatively low, these are defined as 'core' holdings. The manager can invest in higher risk businesses defined as 'satellite' holdings, but the specific weightings are lower, with the aggregate exposure to satellites limited to a minority of the portfolio.

The investment process seeks to add value through buying smaller companies using qualitative fundamental analysis married within a quantitative framework.

Performance and outlook

We have been pleased with the Manager's investment performance since listing given its fundamental approach is generally not suited to recent market conditions which are exhibiting signs of heightened speculation. We expect further market volatility; however, this will provide opportunities as many of the currently unfavoured companies have strong fundamentals and now appealing valuations.



Matthew Booker

Portfolio Manager

Spheria Asset Management Limited
28 August 2018



Marcus Burns

Portfolio Manager

Spheria Asset Management Limited
28 August 2018

Directors' Report

The Directors present their report together with the financial statements of the Company for the period 30 August 2017 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2018.

The Company is a company limited by shares and is incorporated in Australia.

Directors

The following persons held office as directors during the period or since the end of the period and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Jonathan Trollip,
Independent Non-Executive Chairman
Director since 12 September 2017.

Lorraine Berends
Independent Non-Executive Director
Director since 12 September 2017.

Adrian Whittingham
Non-Independent Director
Director since 30 August 2017.

Alex Ihlenfeldt
Non-Independent Alternate Director
Director appointed on 30 August 2017 and resigned on 14 September 2017. Alternate Director for Adrian Whittingham since 14 September 2017.

Calvin Kwok
Non-Independent Director
Director appointed on 30 August 2017 and resigned on 12 September 2017.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company is to provide shareholders the opportunity to invest in an actively managed equities portfolio that provides exposure to Australian Small Cap Securities. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the period.

Review of operations

The Company was incorporated on 30 August 2017 and was listed on the ASX on 5 December 2017. During the reporting period, the Company raised capital of \$132,675,090 by issuing 66,337,545 shares at a price of \$2.00 per share. Inception of the investment portfolio occurred on 30 November 2017.

The Company offers investors access to an actively managed portfolio, predominantly comprised of Australian Small Cap Securities, which aims to outperform its Benchmark S&P/ASX Small Ordinaries Accumulation Index over each full investment cycle, which the Company's Investment Manager considers to typically be 3 to 5 years. The investment strategy aims to provide total returns in excess of the Benchmark, and capital growth.

Activities for the period ended 30 June 2018 resulted in an operating profit before tax of \$9,607,000 and an operating profit after tax of \$7,096,000.

Dividend declared

The Board has resolved to pay a fully franked final dividend for the financial year ended 30 June 2018 of 4.0 cents per share payable on 21 September 2018 with a record date of 7 September 2018.

Options

The Company has not issued any options over ordinary shares.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has occurred subsequent to year end that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Company will continue to pursue its investment objectives for the long term benefit of shareholders.

Environmental regulation

The Company is not affected by any significant environmental regulation in respect of its operations.

To the extent that any environmental regulations may have an incidental impact on the Company's operations, the Directors are not aware of any breach by the Company of those regulations.

Information on Directors

Jonathan Trollip, Chairman and Independent Director

Experience and expertise

Jonathan Trollip is a non-executive director with over 32 years of commercial, corporate, governance, legal and transaction experience. Prior to becoming a professional non-executive director, he worked as a principal of Meridian International Capital Limited for over 20 years, and before that he was a Partner with law firm Herbert Smith Freehills. In the philanthropy area he is chairman of Science for Wildlife Limited and a director of The Watarrka Foundation and the University of Cape Town Australia Alumni Trust. Jonathan has a B.Arts, post graduate degrees in Economics and Law and is a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Other current directorships

Jonathan Trollip is non-executive chairman of ASX listed Antipodes Global Investment Company Limited, Future Generation Investment Company Limited, Plato Income Maximiser Limited, Spicers Limited, and Global Value Fund Limited. He is a non-executive director of ASX listed Propel Funeral Partners Limited and of Kore Potash PLC (ASX, AIM and JSE listed).

Former directorships in last 3 years

Jonathan Trollip has not held any other directorships of listed companies within the last 3 years.

Special responsibilities

Chairman of the Board.

Interests in shares and options

Details of Jonathan Trollip's interests in shares of the Company are included in the Remuneration Report.

Interests in contracts

Jonathan Trollip has no interests in contracts of the Company.

Lorraine Berends, Independent Director

Experience and expertise

Lorraine Berends has worked in the financial services industry for over 35 years and possesses extensive experience in both investment management and superannuation. Before moving to a non-executive career in 2014 she worked for 15 years with US based investment manager Marvin & Palmer Associates. Lorraine contributed extensively to industry associations throughout her executive career, serving on the boards of the Investment Management Consultants Association (IMCA australia) for 13 years (7 as Chair) and the Association of Superannuation Funds Australia (ASFA) for 12 years (3 as Chair). Lorraine has been awarded Life Membership of both IMCA australia and ASFA. Lorraine holds a BSc from Monash University, is a Fellow of the Actuaries Institute and a Fellow of ASFA.

Other current directorships

Lorraine Berends is an independent non-executive director of Plato Income Maximiser Limited and Antipodes Global Investment Company Limited (listed investment companies), director of BT Funds Management Limited, BT Funds Management No. 2 Limited and Westpac Securities Administration Limited. She is a director of MDC Foundation Limited (a not for profit company).

Former directorships in last 3 years

Lorraine Berends has not held any other directorships of listed companies within the last 3 years.

Interests in shares and options

Details of Lorraine Berends interests in shares of the Company are included in the Remuneration Report.

Interests in contracts

Lorraine Berends has no interests in contracts of the Company.

Directors' Report

Adrian Whittingham, Non-executive Director

Experience and expertise

Adrian Whittingham is an Executive Director of Pinnacle and is responsible for manager acquisition and research as well as having a primary focus of building relationships with asset consultants, institutional investors and financial advisors on behalf of Pinnacle's specialist investment managers in Australia and offshore.

Prior to joining Pinnacle in 2008, Mr Whittingham was Director, Head of Retail Sales with Schroder Investment Management in Sydney, from 2002 to April 2008. At Schroders Mr Whittingham was responsible for leading the businesses direction and engagement with researchers, consultants, dealer groups and private clients.

Prior to Schroders, Mr Whittingham spent 8 years at Zurich in product, research and business development roles.

Other current directorships

Adrian Whittingham is an executive director of Pinnacle Investment Management Group Limited (ASX: PNI) and Pinnacle, and is a non-executive director of Hyperion Holdings Limited and Hyperion Asset Management Limited, Firetrail Investments Pty Limited and the Manager.

Former directorships in last 3 years

Adrian Whittingham has not held any other directorships of listed companies within the last 3 years.

Interests in shares and options

Details of Adrian Whittingham's interests in shares of the Company are included in the Remuneration Report.

Interests in contracts

Details of Adrian Whittingham's interests in contracts of the Company are included in the Remuneration Report.

Alex Ihlenfeldt, Non-executive Alternate Director

Experience and expertise

Alex Ihlenfeldt has over 25 years commercial experience in financial services in Australia and overseas and has proven expertise in the provision of the full suite of turn-key, institutional quality non-investment services for investment managers. He is experienced in operating across the full spectrum, from start-up boutiques to mature investment managers.

Alex is currently Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Pinnacle with whom he has been associated since inception in 2006. Prior to joining Pinnacle in 2011, he spent 10 years with the Wilson HTM Investment Group as Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Head of Wealth Management.

Alex has a Bachelor of Commerce (Hons) and is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand as well as a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Other current directorships

Alex Ihlenfeldt is a non-executive director of Plato Income Maximiser Limited and Antipodes Global Investment Company Limited (listed investment companies), and is a director of Firetrail Absolute Return Limited, Plato Investment Management Limited; Solaris Investment Management Limited; Antipodes Partners Limited; Antipodes Partners Holdings Limited; Antipodes Partners Services Limited; Pinnacle Charitable Foundation Ltd and alternate director of Foray Enterprises Pty Limited and Resolution Capital Limited.

Alex is also an executive director of Pinnacle; Pinnacle Services Administration Pty Limited; Pinnacle Fund Services Limited and Pinnacle RE Services Limited.

Former directorships in last 3 years

Alex Ihlenfeldt has not held any other directorships of listed companies within the last 3 years.

Interests in shares and options

Details of Alex Ihlenfeldt's interests in shares of the Company are included in the Remuneration Report.

Interests in contracts

Details of Alex Ihlenfeldt's interests in contracts of the Company are included in the Remuneration Report.

Meetings of Directors

The number of Board meetings held during the period ended 30 June 2018, and the number of meetings attended by each Director were:

Director	Board meetings attended	Board meetings eligible to attend
Jonathan Trollip	4	4
Lorraine Berends	4	4
Adrian Whittingham	4	4
Alex Ihlenfeldt	4	4

Company Secretary

The role of Company Secretary has been performed by Calvin Kwok since incorporation of the Company on 30 August 2017. Calvin Kwok is general counsel and company secretary of Pinnacle Investment Management Group Limited and company secretary of Plato Income Maximiser Limited and Antipodes Global Investment Company Limited. He holds a Master of Applied Finance, a Bachelor of Laws and a Bachelor of Commerce.

Remuneration Report

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each director of Spheria Emerging Companies Limited in accordance with the Corporations Act. The Company Secretary is remunerated under a service agreement with Pinnacle.

Details of remuneration

All Directors are non-executive directors. The Board from time to time determines the remuneration of Directors within the maximum amount approved by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. Directors are not entitled to any other remuneration from the Company.

Fees and payments to Directors reflect the demands that are made on them and their responsibilities. The performance of Directors is reviewed annually. The Board determines the remuneration levels and ensures they are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced directors.

The maximum total pooled remuneration of the Directors has been set at \$250,000 per annum. Directors do not receive bonuses nor are they issued options on securities as part of their remuneration. Directors' fees cover all main Board activities.

Directors' remuneration is not directly linked to the Company's performance.

Directors' Report

The following tables show details of the remuneration received by the Directors for the current financial year.

	Short term employee benefits	Post employment benefits	
Director	Salary and fees	Superannuation	Total
Jonathan Trollip	\$26,601	\$2,527	\$29,128
Lorraine Berends	\$19,951	\$1,895	\$21,846
Adrian Whittingham	-	-	-
Alex Ihlenfeldt	-	-	-
Calvin Kwok	-	-	-
Total director remuneration	\$46,552	\$4,422	\$50,974

The Company has no employees other than non-executive directors and therefore does not have a remuneration policy for employees.

The Directors are the only people considered to be key management personnel of the Company.

Director related entity remuneration

All transactions with related entities are made on normal commercial terms and conditions.

Adrian Whittingham, who is a Director, is also a director of the Manager.

Adrian Whittingham and Alex Ihlenfeldt are also directors of Pinnacle, which provides various administration support services to the Company in accordance with the Services Agreement.

The fees payable to the Manager and the Administrator are listed below:

Management fee

In its capacity as investment manager, the Manager is entitled to be paid, and the Company must pay to the Manager, a management fee payable monthly in arrears equivalent to 1% per annum (exclusive of GST) of the value of the Company's portfolio calculated on the last business day of each month.

For the year ended 30 June 2018, the Manager was entitled to be paid management fees of \$799,466 (exclusive of GST).

As at 30 June 2018, the remaining balance payable to the Manager was \$116,508 (exclusive of GST).

Performance fee

In further consideration for the performance of its duties as investment manager of the Company's portfolio, the Manager may be entitled to be paid a performance fee equal to 20% of any portfolio out performance in excess of the Benchmark. Full details of the terms of the performance fee calculation are disclosed in note 16 to the financial statements.

For the year ended 30 June 2018, in its capacity as investment manager, the Manager earned performance fees of \$168,884 (exclusive of GST). These performance fees were offset against the reimbursement right receivable from the Manager for the Company's offer costs relating to its listing on the ASX, as outlined below.

Reimbursement right receivable

The Company is able to recoup from fees earned by the Manager the offer costs relating to the listing of the Company on the ASX. Under the agreement the Manager has agreed to:

- (a) forego performance fees from the date of listing until the end of the first 4 full calendar years from listing (i.e. by 31 December 2021) or until such time as the Company has recouped all of the offer costs (whichever is earlier); and
- (b) if the Offer costs are not fully recouped during the first four full calendar years after listing (i.e. by 31 December 2021), the Manager will forego management fees that accrue after this time (i.e. in respect of the period commencing 1 January 2022) until the Company has recouped all of the offer costs. The Manager will be entitled to receive performance fees during this period.

The offer costs incurred during the period were \$3,915,360. The right to recoup offer costs under the agreement resulted in the recognition of a receivable for \$3,915,360, less performance fees crystallised and expensed during the period of \$168,884, leaving a balance of reimbursement right receivable at balance date of \$3,746,476.

Service fee

The Company has entered into a Services Agreement with Pinnacle for the provision of the following administration support services

- Middle office portfolio administration;
- Finance, tax and reporting and administration;
- Investor relations; and
- Legal counsel and company secretarial.

For the year ended 30 June 2018 the Administrator was paid a fee of \$42,446 (exclusive of GST).

As at 30 June 2018, the balance payable to the Administrator was \$19,250.

Contracts

Other than as stated above, no Director has received or become entitled to receive, a benefit by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related company with the Director or with a firm of which they are a member or with a company in which they have substantial financial interest since the inception of the Company.

Equity instrument disclosures relating to Directors

As at the date of this report, the Directors and their related parties held the following interests in the Company:

Ordinary shares held

Director	Acquisitions	Disposals	Balance as at date of this report
Jonathan Trollip*	50,000	-	50,000
Lorraine Berends*	25,000	-	25,000
Adrian Whittingham*	25,000	-	25,000
Alex Ihlenfeldt*	25,001	-	25,001
Calvin Kwok*	-	-	-
Total shares held*	125,001	-	125,001

* Held through direct and indirect interests

Directors' Report

Directors and their related parties acquired shares in the Company on the same terms and conditions available to other shareholders.

The Directors have not been granted options over unissued shares or interests in shares of the Company as part of their remuneration during or since the end of the financial year.

End of Remuneration Report

Insurance and indemnification of officers and auditors

During or since the end of the financial year, the Company has given an indemnity and paid premiums to insure each of the Directors against liabilities for costs and expenses incurred by them in defending any legal proceedings arising out of their conduct while acting in the capacity of Director, other than conduct involving a wilful breach of duty in relation to the Company or the improper use by the Directors of their position.

Details of the amount of the premium paid in respect of the insurance policies is not disclosed as the Company is prevented from doing so under the terms of its contract.

No indemnities have been given or insurance premiums paid during or since the end of the financial year, for any person who is or has been an auditor of the Company.

Proceedings on behalf of the Company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, or for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act.

Non-audit services

During the year Pitcher Partners, the Company's auditor, performed other services in addition to their statutory duties for the Company as disclosed in note 15 to the financial statements.

The Board is satisfied that the provision of other services during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act. The Directors are satisfied that the services disclosed in note 15 did not compromise the external auditor's independence for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services are reviewed and approved by the Board prior to commencement to ensure they do not adversely affect the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the nature of the services provided do not compromise the general principles relating to the auditor independence in accordance with the APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants set by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act is set out on page 15.

Rounding of amounts

In accordance with ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, the amounts in the directors' report and in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest one thousand dollars, or in certain cases, to the nearest dollar (where indicated).

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Jonathan Trollip

Chairman

Sydney

28 August 2018

Auditor's Independence Declaration



Auditor's Independence Declaration
To the Directors of Spheria Emerging Companies Limited
ABN 84 621 402 588

In relation to the independent audit for the period 30 August 2017 to 30 June 2018, to the best of my knowledge and belief there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor's independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Spheria Emerging Companies Limited during the period.

S M WHIDDETT
Partner

Pitcher Partners
Sydney

28 August 2018



Financial Statements

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

For the period 30 August 2017 to 30 June 2018

	Note	30 June 2018 \$'000
INVESTMENT INCOME		
Interest income received		137
Dividends received		1,431
Gains on financial instruments held at fair value through profit and loss	4	9,721
Total investment income		11,289
EXPENSES		
Management fees		799
Performance fees		169
Brokerage costs		442
ASX and share registry fees		66
Professional fees		56
Director fees		51
Other expenses		99
Total expenses		1,682
Profit before income tax		9,607
Income tax expense	5	2,511
Net profit after income tax for the period		7,096
Other comprehensive income net of tax		-
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to shareholders		7,096

Earnings per share for profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company	Note	Cents*
Basic earnings per share	18	15.7
Diluted earnings per share	18	15.7

* The basic and diluted earnings per share would be 10.7 cents per share if calculated from the date of allotment of shares for the Company's listing on the ASX instead of the Company's date of incorporation.

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements.

Statement of financial position

As at 30 June 2018

	Note	30 June 2018 \$'000
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	6	17,136
Trade and other receivables	7	3,793
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8	122,409
Deferred tax assets	9	1,311
Total assets		144,649
LIABILITIES		
Trade and other payables	10	1,056
Current tax liabilities		2,698
Deferred tax liabilities	9	1,124
Total liabilities		4,878
Net assets		139,771
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Issued capital	11	132,675
Profits reserve	12	7,096
Retained earnings		-
Total equity		139,771

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Statements

Statement of changes in equity

For the period 30 August 2017 to 30 June 2018

	Note	Issued capital \$'000	Profits reserve \$'000	Retained earnings \$'000	Total \$'000
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME					
Profit for the period		-	-	7,096	7,096
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income		-	-	7,096	7,096
TRANSFER BETWEEN RESERVES					
Transfer to profit reserve	12	-	7,096	(7,096)	-
Total transfer between reserves		-	7,096	(7,096)	-
TRANSACTIONS WITH OWNERS IN THEIR CAPACITY AS OWNERS					
Shares issued under IPO	11	132,675	-	-	132,675
Total transactions with owners in their capacity as owners		132,675	-	-	132,675
Balance as at 30 June 2018		132,675	7,096	-	139,771

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements.

Statement of cash flows

For the period 30 August 2017 to 30 June 2018

	Note	30 June 2018 \$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of investments		70,717
Payment for investments		(183,012)
Interest received		137
Dividends received		1,431
Payments to suppliers		(897)
Net cash provided by operating activities		(111,624)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Share issue transaction costs, gross of tax		(3,915)
Proceeds from shares issued on initial public offering	11	132,675
Net cash provided by financing activities		128,760
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash assets at beginning of the financial period		-
Cash assets at the end of the financial period	6	17,136

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period ended 30 June 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

The Company was incorporated on 30 August 2017. During the reporting period, the Company raised capital of \$132,675,090 by issuing 66,337,545 shares at a price of \$2.00 per share. Quotation of the Company's securities on the ASX commenced on 5 December 2017.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 28 August 2018 by the Board.

Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act, Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The Company is a 'for-profit' entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Except for cash flow information, the financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected financial assets and financial liabilities.

The financial statements of the Company also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

In accordance with ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, the amounts in the directors' report and in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest one thousand dollars, or in certain cases, to the nearest dollar (where indicated).

Prior period balances

The Company was incorporated on 30 August 2017, and therefore no prior period balances are disclosed for the year ended 30 June 2017.

Significant accounting policies

Significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise:

(a) Investments

(1) Classification

The category of financial assets and financial liabilities comprises:

Financial assets designated at fair value through profit and loss:

These include financial assets that may be sold, such as investments in listed equity securities, and their fair value changes are recorded in profit and loss.

(2) Recognition and measurement

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss are recognised initially at cost on trade date at which the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

(3) Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies *(continued)*

(a) Investments *(continued)*

(4) Valuation

All investments are classified and measured at fair value. Shares that are listed or traded on an exchange are fair valued using last sale prices, as at the close of business on the day the shares are being valued.

If a quoted market price is not available on a recognised security exchange, the fair value of the instruments are estimated using valuation techniques, which include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation techniques that provide a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

(b) Fair value measurement

When a financial asset is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and assumes that the transaction will take place either in the principal market, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset, assuming they act in their economic best interests. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Assets measured on a recurring basis at fair value are classified into 3 levels, using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. Classifications are reviewed at each reporting date and transfers between levels are determined based on a reassessment of the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Further information regarding fair value measurements is provided in note 3.

(c) Income and expenditure

Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss arising on a change in fair value are calculated as the difference between the fair value at year end and the fair value at the previous valuation point. Net gains/(losses) do not include interest or dividend income.

Dividend income relating to exchange-traded equity instruments is recognised in the statement of profit or loss on the ex-dividend date.

Interest income is recognised as it accrues, using the effective interest method of the instrument calculated at the acquisition date.

All expenses, including performance fees and investment management fees, are recognised in the statement of profit or loss on an accruals basis.

(d) Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Company's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Company competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Company's presentation currency.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period ended 30 June 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies *(continued)*

(d) Foreign currency translation *(continued)*

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported in the statement of profit or loss on a net basis within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss.

(e) Income tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction, adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

The Company may incur withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income will be recorded net of withholding tax in profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses. The carrying amount of recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed each reporting date.

Deferred tax assets recognised are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that future taxable profits will be available for the carrying amount to be recovered. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that there are future taxable profits available to recover the asset.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities can be presented as a net balance in the statement of financial position when:

- the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset its current tax assets and current tax liabilities; and
- the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

(f) Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, unless GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies *(continued)*

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(h) Trade receivables

Trade and other receivables relate to outstanding settlements as well as accrued income in relation to interest and dividends receivable. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

(i) Reimbursement right

The Company's right to be reimbursed for the offer costs of its listing on the ASX under its agreement with the Manager (refer notes 7 and 16) is included as a receivable asset within the statement of financial position at cost. Fees foregone by the Manager under the agreement are recognised as a reduction in the receivable asset as they are expensed.

(j) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for outstanding settlements as well as services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature, they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(k) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

(l) Profits reserve

A profits reserve has been created representing an amount allocated from retained earnings that is preserved for future dividend payments.

(m) Earnings per share

(1) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial period adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the period and excluding treasury shares.

(2) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares (eg. options on issue and in the money).

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period ended 30 June 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies *(continued)*

(n) Operating segments

The Company's investment activities are its only reportable segment. The Company operates from one geographic location, being Australia.

(o) New and revised accounting requirements applicable to the current year reporting period

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 30 June 2018 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the Company. The directors' assessment of the impact of these new standards (to the extent relevant to the Company) and interpretations is set out below:

AASB 9 Financial Instruments (effective from 1 January 2018)

AASB 9 Financial Instruments addresses the classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. It has now also introduced revised rules around hedge accounting and impairment. The standard is not applicable until 1 January 2018 but is available for early adoption.

The Directors do not expect this to have a significant impact on the recognition and measurement of the Company's financial instruments as they are carried at fair value through profit or loss.

The derecognition rules have not been changed from the previous requirements, and the Company does not apply hedge accounting. AASB 9 introduces a new impairment model. However, as the Company's investments are all held at fair value through profit or loss, it is not expected that the change in impairment rules will significantly impact the Company.

The Company will adopt AASB 9 from 1 July 2018.

Note 2 Financial risk management

(a) Objectives, strategies, policies and processes

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Board has implemented a risk management framework to mitigate these risks. This includes consideration of compliance and risk management reporting on a quarterly basis to monitor compliance and evaluate risk, and regular reporting from the Manager to ensure ongoing compliance with the investment strategy and investment guidelines.

The Company uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of price risks.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises of three types of risks: price risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk. Market risk is managed and monitored using sensitivity analysis, and minimised through ensuring that all investment activities are undertaken in accordance with established mandates and investment strategies.

The market risk disclosures are prepared on the basis of the Company's direct investments and not on a look-through basis for investments held by the Company.

Note 2 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

The sensitivity of the Company's net assets attributable to shareholders (and net operating profit/(loss)) to price risk and interest rate risk is measured by the reasonably possible movements approach. This approach has regard to a number of factors, including the historical correlation of the Company's investments with the relevant benchmarks and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of the economies, markets and securities in which the Company invests. As a result, historic variations in the risk variables are not a definitive indicator of future variations in the risk variables.

(i) Price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value of equities will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

Equity price risk exposure arises from the Company's investment portfolio. The investments are classified on the statement of financial position as at fair value through profit or loss. All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments.

The Manager manages price risk through diversification and a careful selection of securities and other financial instruments within specified limits set by the Board.

The Company's overall market positions are monitored on a daily basis by the Manager and are considered at least quarterly by the Board.

At 30 June 2018, the overall market exposures were as follows:

	30 June 2018 \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	122,409
Overall exposure	122,409

At 30 June 2018, if the equity prices had increased by +/- 15% with all other variables held constant, the movement in net assets attributable to shareholders (and net operating profit/(loss)) would be approximately +/- \$12,853,000.

(iii) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company may from time to time hold assets denominated in New Zealand dollars, rather than the Australian dollar, which is the functional currency. It is therefore exposed to foreign exchange risk, as the value of the securities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates.

At 30 June 2018, all assets held were denominated in Australian dollars and there were no assets denominated in foreign currencies. As a result, there was limited exposure to foreign exchange risk at balance date.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period ended 30 June 2018

Note 2 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The majority of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are non interest-bearing. Any interest-bearing financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities either mature or reprice in the short-term, no longer than twelve months. As a result, the Company is subject to limited exposure to fair value interest rate risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

The Company holds no collateral as security or any other credit enhancements. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of each reporting period is the carrying amount of the financial assets of the Company. At balance date none of these assets were impaired, nor past due but not impaired.

The Company's right to be reimbursed for the offer costs of its listing on the ASX under its agreement with the Manager (refer notes 7 and 16) is included as a receivable asset within the statement of financial position. The carrying value of this receivable is \$3,746,000. There were no other material concentrations of credit risk at 30 June 2018.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous. This risk is controlled through the Company's investment in financial instruments, which under normal market conditions are readily convertible to cash, as they are listed on Australian and New Zealand exchanges. In addition, the Company maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet normal operating requirements. The Manager and Administrator monitor the Company's liquidity position on a daily basis.

Maturity analysis for financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

At 30 June 2018	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 month to 1 year \$'000	More than 1 year \$'000	Total \$'000
Trade creditors	153	-	-	153
Accruals	64	-	-	64
Due to brokers	835	-	-	835
Other payables	4	-	-	4
Total financial liabilities	1,056	-	-	1,056

Note 3 Fair value measurements

The Company measures and recognises its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) on a recurring basis.

Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information using a fair value hierarchy reflecting the significance of the inputs in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy consists of the following levels:

- (a) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- (b) inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- (c) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

Recognised fair value measurements

The following table presents the Company's assets measured and recognised at fair value: at 30 June 2018.

At 30 June 2018	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
FINANCIAL ASSETS				
<i>Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss</i>				
Australian listed equity securities	122,409	-	-	122,409
Total assets	122,409	-	-	122,409

There were no liabilities measured at fair value at 30 June 2018.

Included within Level 1 of the hierarchy are listed investments. The fair value of these financial assets has been based on the closing quoted last prices at the end of the reporting year, excluding transaction costs.

There were no transfers between levels for recurring fair value measurements during the period.

The Company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

The carrying amounts of all financial instruments other than those measured at fair value on a recurring basis are considered to represent a reasonable approximation of their fair values.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period ended 30 June 2018

Note 4 Gains on financial instruments held at fair value through profit and loss

	2018 \$'000
<i>Gains on financial instruments held at fair value through profit and loss comprise:</i>	
Realised gains on financial instruments	10,691
Unrealised losses on financial instruments	(970)
Gains on financial instruments held at fair value through profit and loss	9,721

Note 5 Income tax expense

	2018 \$'000
(a) Income tax expense	
Current tax expense	2,698
Deferred tax benefit	(187)
Total income tax expense in profit or loss	2,511
Deferred income tax benefit included in income tax expense comprises:	
Increase in deferred tax assets	(1,311)
Increase in deferred tax liabilities	1,124
	(187)
(b) Reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable	
Profit before income tax expense	9,607
Tax at the Australian tax rate of 30%	2,882
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:	
Tax credits	(371)
Income tax expense	2,511

Note 6 Cash and cash equivalents

	30 June 2018 \$'000
Cash at bank – investment portfolio	16,772
Cash at bank – operating account	364
Total cash and cash equivalents	17,136

Note 7 Trade and other receivables

	30 June 2018 \$'000
Reimbursement right receivable	3,746
GST receivable	36
Other receivables	11
Total trade and other receivables	3,793

The reimbursement right receivable represents the outstanding balance of issue costs to be recouped from the Manager under the Investment Management Agreement (refer note 16 for further details).

Note 8 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	30 June 2018 \$'000
<i>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:</i>	
Australian and overseas listed equity securities	122,409
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	122,409

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period ended 30 June 2018

Note 9 Deferred tax assets / liabilities

30 June 2018
\$'000

(a) Deferred tax assets

The deferred tax assets balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:

Accruals	15
Unrealised losses	357
Issue costs	939
Deferred tax assets	1,311

The overall movement in deferred tax asset accounts is as follows:

Opening balance	-
Credited directly to profit or loss	1,311
Closing balance	1,311

The movement in deferred tax assets for each temporary difference during the period is as follows:

(i) Accruals

Opening balance	-
Credited directly to profit or loss	15
Closing balance	15

ii) Unrealised losses

Opening balance	-
Credited directly to profit or loss	357
Closing balance	357

(iii) Issue costs

Opening balance	-
Credited directly to profit or loss	939
Closing balance	939

Note 9 Deferred tax assets / liabilities (continued)

	30 June 2018 \$'000
(b) Deferred tax liabilities	
<i>The deferred tax liabilities balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:</i>	
Reimbursement right receivable	1,124
Deferred tax liabilities	1,124
<i>The overall movement in deferred tax liability accounts is as follows:</i>	
Opening balance	-
Charged directly to profit or loss	1,124
Closing balance	1,124
<i>The movement in deferred tax liabilities for each temporary difference during the period is as follows:</i>	
(i) Reimbursement right receivable	
Opening balance	-
Charged directly to profit or loss	1,124
Closing balance	1,124
(c) Net deferred tax assets adjusted for deferred tax liabilities	187

Note 10 Trade and other payables

	30 June 2018 \$'000
Trade creditors	153
Accrued expenses	64
Due to broker	835
Other payables	4
Total trade and other payables	1,056

Trade and other payables primarily relate to outstanding settlements and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period ended 30 June 2018

Note 11 Issued capital

(a) Share capital

	2018 Number	2018 \$'000
Fully paid ordinary shares	66,337,546	132,675
Total share capital	66,337,546	132,675

The Company does not have an authorised capital value or par value in respect of its issued shares.

(b) Movements in ordinary share capital

Date	Details	Number of shares	Price	Total \$'000
August 2017	Initial issue	1	\$1.00	-
December 2017	Shares issued under IPO	66,337,545	\$2.00	132,675
30 June 2018	Balance	66,337,546		132,675

(c) Ordinary shares

The Company was incorporated on 30 August 2017 and was listed on the ASX on 5 December 2017. During the reporting period, the Company raised capital of \$132,675,090 by issuing 66,337,545 ordinary shares at a price of \$2.00 per share. The offer costs in relation to the listing of shares on the ASX are to be recouped from the investment manager (refer note 16).

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of shares held.

On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

Note 12 Reserves

	30 June 2018 \$'000
Profits reserve	7,096

A profits reserve has been created representing an amount allocated from retained earnings that is preserved for future dividend payments.

Note 13 Dividends

(a) Dividend paid

No dividend was paid during the year ended 30 June 2018.

Note 13 Dividends (continued)

(b) Dividends not recognised at the end of the period

The Board has resolved to pay a fully franked final dividend for the financial year ended 30 June 2018 of 4.0 cents per share payable on 21 September 2018, with a record date of 7 September 2018. Based on the number of issued shares at 30 June 2018, the aggregate amount of dividend payable but not recognised as a liability at year end, is \$2,654,000.

(c) Dividend franking account

The balance of the Company's dividend franking account at 30 June 2018 was \$530,000. The balance of the franking account available for dividends paid in subsequent financial years, when adjusted for franking credits that will arise upon payment of the amount of provision for income tax, is \$3,228,000.

The franking debit that will arise from the payment of the dividend not recognised at the end of the reporting period, based on the number of issued shares at 30 June 2018, is \$1,137,000.

Note 14 Key management personnel disclosures

(a) Key management personnel compensation

	2018 \$
Short-term employment benefits	46,552
Post-employment benefits	4,422
Total remuneration	50,974

Detailed remuneration disclosures are provided in the remuneration report on pages 10 to 13.

(b) Equity instrument disclosures relating to key management personnel

The numbers of shares in the Company held during the financial year by each Director, including their related parties, are set out below. There were no shares granted during the financial year as compensation.

Ordinary shares held

Director	Acquisitions	Disposals	Balance as at date of this report
Jonathan Trollip*	50,000	-	50,000
Lorraine Berends*	25,000	-	25,000
Adrian Whittingham*	25,000	-	25,000
Alex Ihlenfeldt*	25,001	-	25,001
Calvin Kwok*	-	-	0
Total shares held*	125,001	-	125,001

* Held through direct and indirect interests

Directors and their related parties acquired shares in the Company on the same terms and conditions available to other shareholders.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period ended 30 June 2018

Note 15 Remuneration of auditors

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor, its related practices and non related audit firms:

(a) Audit and other assurance services

	2018 \$
AUDIT SERVICES – PITCHER PARTNERS	
Audit of financial statements	46,000
Other assurance services	42,900
Total remuneration for audit and other assurance services	88,900

Other assurance services include the preparation of the investigating accountants report for the initial public offering of the Company.

(b) Non-audit services

	2018 \$
TAXATION SERVICES – PITCHER PARTNERS	
Tax compliance services	9,600
Total remuneration for tax compliance services	9,600
Total remuneration paid to auditors of the Company	98,500

The Board oversees the relationship with the Company's external auditors. The Board reviews the scope of the audit and the proposed fee. It also reviews the cost and scope of other audit-related tax compliance services provided by the audit firm, to ensure that they do not compromise independence.

Note 16 Related party transactions

All transactions with related parties were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

(a) Investment Management Agreement

Adrian Whittingham, who is a Director, is also a director of the Manager.

The Company appointed the Manager to act as investment manager of the Company's portfolio under the Investment Management Agreement.

Note 16 Related party transactions *(continued)*

(a) Investment Management Agreement *(continued)*

Under the Investment Management Agreement, the Manager must:

- (1) invest money constituted in or available to the Company's portfolio, including money received as a consequence of disposal of investments or any dividend or other distribution received;
- (2) retain investments; and
- (3) realise or dispose of investments.

The initial term of the Investment Management Agreement is 10 years, which will be automatically extended for successive five year periods at the end of the initial term and each subsequent term thereafter, unless terminated earlier. The Company may remove the Manager and terminate the agreement after the expiration of the initial term if the shareholders resolve by ordinary resolution that the Manager should be removed as investment manager of the Company's portfolio, on delivery of three months' prior written notice.

The associated fees payable to the Manager are listed below:

Management fee

In its capacity as investment manager, the Manager is entitled to receive a management fee of 1% per annum (exclusive of GST) of the value of the Company's portfolio calculated daily and paid at the end of each month in arrears.

For the year ended 30 June 2018 the Manager was entitled to be paid a management fee of \$799,466 (exclusive of GST).

As at 30 June 2018, the remaining balance payable to the Manager was \$116,508 (exclusive of GST).

Performance fee

In return for the performance of its duties as investment manager of the Company's portfolio, the Manager is entitled to be paid by the Company a fee equal to 20% (plus GST) of the portfolio's outperformance relative to the Benchmark. The performance fee for each performance calculation period (initially, the period commencing on the date of allotment of shares under the IPO to 31 December 2017, and thereafter each 6 month period ending on 30 June or 31 December) is calculated subject to the recoupment of prior underperformance.

For the period ended 30 June 2018, in its capacity as investment manager, the Manager was paid a performance fee of \$168,884. These performance fees were offset against the reimbursement right receivable from the Manager for the Company's offer costs relating to its listing on the ASX, as outlined below.

Reimbursement right receivable

The Company is able to recoup from fees earned by the Manager the offer costs relating to the listing of the Company on the ASX. The Manager has agreed to:

- (a) forego performance fees from the date of listing until the end of the first 4 full calendar years from listing (i.e. by 31 December 2021) or until such time as the Company has recouped all of the offer costs (whichever is earlier); and
- (b) if the Offer costs are not fully recouped during the first four full calendar years after listing (i.e. by 31 December 2021), the Manager will forego management fees that accrue after this time (i.e. in respect of the period commencing 1 January 2022) until the Company has recouped all of the offer costs. The Manager will be entitled to receive performance fees during this period.

Any outstanding Offer costs will be borne by the Company if the Investment Management Agreement is terminated before the Offer costs have been recouped in full.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period ended 30 June 2018

Note 16 Related party transactions *(continued)*

(a) Investment Management Agreement *(continued)*

Reimbursement right receivable *(continued)*

The offer costs incurred during the period were \$3,915,360. The right to recoup offer costs under the agreement resulted in the recognition of a receivable for \$3,915,360, less performance fees crystallised and expensed during the period of \$168,884, leaving a balance of reimbursement right receivable at balance date of \$3,746,476.

(b) Services Agreement

Adrian Whittingham, who is a Director, and Alex Ihlenfeldt, who is an alternate Director, are also directors of Pinnacle, the Administrator.

The Company has entered into a Services Agreement with Pinnacle for the provision of the following administration support services:

- Middle office portfolio administration;
- Finance, tax and reporting and administration; and
- Legal counsel and company secretarial.

The Company is required to pay Pinnacle a service fee quarterly in arrears for the provision of the services calculated as follows:

- (a) in respect of the first financial year to 30 June 2018 – \$70,000 (exclusive of GST) (Base Retainer); and
- (b) in respect of each subsequent financial year – the Base Retainer calculated for the immediately preceding financial year indexed by 3%.

For the period ended 30 June 2018, Pinnacle was paid a fee of \$42,446 pro rated for the period during which Pinnacle provided services to the Company. As at 30 June 2018, the balance payable was \$19,250.

Note 17 Reconciliation of profit after income tax to net cash inflow from operating activities

	2018 \$'000
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	7,096
Unrealised losses on market value movement	1,192
Changes in operating assets / liabilities	
Decrease in trade and other receivables	122
Increase in investments	(123,601)
Increase in deferred tax assets	(1,311)
Increase in trade and other payables	1,056
Increase in provision for income taxes payable	2,698
Increase in deferred tax liabilities	1,124
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(111,624)

Note 18 Earnings per share

	2018 \$'000
(a) Earnings used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share	
Profit from continuing operations attributable to the owners of the Company	7,096
	Cents
(b) Basic earnings per share	
Profit from continuing operations attributable to the owners of the Company	15.7
	Cents
(c) Diluted earnings per share	
Profit from continuing operations attributable to the owners of the Company	15.7
	Number*
(d) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of earnings per share	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	45,170,632
Adjustments for calculation of diluted earnings per share – weighted average number of options	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share	45,170,632

* The weighted average number of shares is calculated from 30 August 2017 (the date of the Company's incorporation) to 30 June 2018. The Company was incorporated with 1 issued share and was listed on the ASX on 5 December 2017, issuing 66,337,545 shares. The weighted average number of shares is therefore lower than the number of shares issued in the initial public offering.

The basic and diluted earnings per share would be 10.7 cents per share if calculated from the date of allotment of shares for the Company's listing on the ASX instead of the Company's date of incorporation.

Note 19 Subsequent events

No matter or circumstance has occurred subsequent to year end that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial years.

Note 20 Contingencies and commitments

The Company has no known contingent assets or liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the period ended 30 June 2018

Note 21 Investment Portfolio

The Company's investment portfolio at balance date was as follows (investments are listed equities unless otherwise shown):

Denominated Currency / Security	2018 Quantity Number	2018 AUD Fair Value \$'000
AUSTRALIA		
Ainsworth Game Technology Limited	2,822,341	2,935
Bega Cheese Limited	786,823	5,830
Blackmores Limited	23,325	3,324
Beacon Lighting Group Limited	2,076,797	3,157
Breville Group Limited	247,398	2,875
Cabcharge Australia Limited	2,354,216	5,650
Class Limited	2,487,881	5,971
Fletcher Building Limited	1,096,545	6,985
GBST Holdings Limited	982,256	2,082
GR Engineering Services Limited	1,617,680	2,249
G.U.D. Holdings Limited	156,994	2,223
HT&E Limited	2,936,004	7,369
Horizon Oil Limited	16,592,298	2,489
Infomedia Ltd	1,746,717	1,677
Isentia Group Limited	3,932,041	2,772
InvoCare Limited	270,475	3,716
Mount Gibson Iron Limited	10,877,090	4,732
Monadelphous Group Limited	414,362	6,240
Mortgage Choice Limited	1,746,873	2,472
MMA Offshore Limited	10,502,452	2,678
Navitas Limited	1,279,320	5,680
Prime Media Group Limited	9,388,831	2,723
Primary Health Care Limited	723,352	2,524
Platinum Asset Management Limited	951,503	5,481
Ridley Corporation Limited	1,597,619	2,197

Note 21 Investment Portfolio (continued)

Denominated Currency / Security	2018 Quantity Number	2018 AUD Fair Value \$'000
AUSTRALIA (continued)		
Reckon Limited	1,175,896	1,141
Sigma Healthcare Limited	4,565,814	3,698
Seven West Media Limited	5,624,332	4,724
Trade Me Group Limited	786,114	3,357
Technology One Limited	1,623,242	6,899
Village Roadshow Limited	664,888	1,536
Vita Group Limited	1,885,360	1,848
Viva Energy REIT	1,411,319	3,175
Total Value – Equities		122,409
Reconciliation to Total Investment Portfolio:		\$'000
Equities		122,409
Cash deposits (note 6)		16,772
Due to broker (note 10)		(835)
Total Investment Portfolio		138,346

The total number of securities transactions entered into during the reporting period was 904.

The total brokerage paid during the reporting period was \$442,000.

Directors' Declaration

The Directors declare that:

- (a) the financial statements and notes as set out on pages 17 to 40 are in accordance with the Corporations Act, including:
 - (1) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (2) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.
- (b) in the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that Spheria Emerging Companies Limited will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) note 1(a) confirms that the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board; and

The Directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.



Jonathan Trollip

Chairman

Sydney

28 August 2018



Independent Auditor's Report



**Independent Auditor's Report
To the Members of Spheria Emerging Companies Limited
ABN 84 621 402 588**

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Spheria Emerging Companies Limited ("the Company"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the period 30 August 2017 to 30 June 2018, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Spheria Emerging Companies Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- i. giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its financial performance for the period then ended; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the Directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the Directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current year. We have communicated the key audit matters to the Board of Directors, but they are not a comprehensive reflection of all matters that were identified by our audit and that were discussed with the Board of Directors. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

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<i>Key audit matter</i>	<i>How our audit addressed the matter</i>
Existence, Completeness, and Valuation of Financial Assets Refer to Note 8: Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	
<p>We focused our audit effort on the valuation and existence of the Company's financial assets as they are its largest assets and represent the most significant driver of the Company's Net Tangible Assets and profits.</p> <p>Investments consist of listed Australian securities. Investments are valued by multiplying the quantity held by the respective market price.</p>	<p>Our procedures included, amongst others:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Obtaining an understanding of the investment management process and controls; ▪ Reviewing and evaluating the independent audit report on internal controls (ISAE 3402 Assurance Reports on Controls at a Service Organisation) for the Custodian; ▪ Making enquiries as to whether there have been any changes to these controls or their effectiveness from the periods to which the audit report relate and where necessary performing additional procedures; ▪ Obtaining a confirmation of the investment holdings directly from the Custodian; ▪ Assessing the Company's valuation of individual investment holdings to independent sources; ▪ Evaluating the accounting treatment of revaluations of financial assets for current/deferred tax and unrealised gains or losses; and ▪ Assessing the adequacy of disclosures in the financial statements.
<i>Key audit matter</i>	<i>How our audit addressed the matter</i>
Accuracy of Management and Performance Fees Refer to Note 10: Trade and other payables, Note 16: Related party transactions	
<p>We focused our audit effort on the accuracy of management and performance fees as they are significant expenses of the Company and their calculation requires adjustments for major events such as payment of company dividends and taxes, capital raisings and capital reductions in accordance with the Investment Management Agreement between the Company and the Investment Manager.</p> <p>In addition, to their quantum, as these transactions are made with related parties, there are additional inherent risks associated with these transactions, including the potential for these transactions to be made on terms and conditions more favourable than if they had been with an independent third-party.</p>	<p>Our procedures included, amongst others:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Making enquiries with the Investment Manager and Those Charged With Governance with respect to any significant events during the period and associated adjustments made as a result, in addition to reviewing ASX announcements; ▪ Testing key inputs used in the calculation of management and performance fees and recalculation in accordance with our understanding of the Investment Management Agreement; and ▪ Assessing the adequacy of disclosures made in the financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report



Other Information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Annual Report for the period ended 30 June 2018, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw



attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entity or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Company audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 10 to 13 of the Directors' Report for the period ended 30 June 2018. In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Spheria Emerging Companies Limited, for the period ended 30 June 2018, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

S M WHIDDETT
Partner

28 August 2018

Pitcher Partners
Sydney

Shareholder information

The shareholder information set out below was applicable as at 27 August 2018.

Additional information required by the ASX Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report, is listed below.

Distribution of equity securities and option holders

Analysis of numbers of equity security holders by size of holding:

Holding	Number of shareholders	Shares	Percentage
1-1,000	84	47,000	0.07%
1,001-5,000	1,231	4,578,034	6.90%
5,001-10,000	802	6,812,146	10.27%
10,001-100,000	1,542	38,484,617	58.01%
100,001 and over	31	16,415,749	24.75%
Total	3,690	66,337,546	100.00%
Holdings less than a marketable parcel (less than \$500)	12	1,027	0.00%

There are no options on issue by the Company.

Equity security holders

The Company's twenty largest quoted equity security holders are:

Name	Number held	Percentage of shares issued
NAVIGATOR AUSTRALIA LTD	4,228,651	6.37%
CUSTODIAL SERVICES LIMITED	3,668,474	5.53%
HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	1,514,056	2.28%
BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD	1,352,285	2.04%
NETWEALTH INVESTMENTS LIMITED	924,931	1.39%
IOOF INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LIMITED	743,216	1.12%
SANHARD PTY LIMITED	324,000	0.49%
BOND STREET CUSTODIANS LIMITED	250,000	0.38%
AVANTEOS INVESTMENTS LIMITED	250,000	0.38%
MACOUN FAMILY SUPER PTY LTD	250,000	0.38%
NETWEALTH INVESTMENTS LIMITED	171,050	0.26%
PROISM PTY LTD	170,005	0.26%
IOOF INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LIMITED	157,502	0.24%
WSD INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	152,000	0.23%
DURNANDCO PTY LTD	151,891	0.23%
IRONSIDE PTY LTD	150,125	0.23%
T Q L INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	150,000	0.23%
AVANTEOS INVESTMENTS LIMITED	150,000	0.23%
KLARE PTY LTD	150,000	0.23%
PQRST PTY LIMITED	150,000	0.23%
JOCKLIN PTY LTD	142,500	0.21%
SUMMERTAM INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	135,000	0.20%
SHAFFER CORPORATION PTY LTD	131,205	0.20%
BOND STREET CUSTODIANS LIMITED	126,245	0.19%
SHAFFER CORPORATION PTY LTD	125,000	0.19%
MRS MARJORIE ISABEL ONGLEY	125,000	0.19%
LENOIR PTY LTD	125,000	0.19%
HYNBOA PTY LTD	125,000	0.19%
Total	16,093,136	24.26%
Total remaining holders balance	50,244,410	75.74%

Shareholder information

Voting rights

Each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each member present at a meeting or by proxy has one vote on a show of hands.

Stock exchange listing

Quotation has been granted for all of the ordinary shares of the Company on all member exchanges of the ASX.

Unquoted securities

There are no unquoted shares.

Securities subject to voluntary escrow

There are no securities subject to voluntary escrow.

On market buy-back

There is currently no on market buy-back.

Working Capital

In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 4.10.19, between the date of admission to the official list of ASX and 30 June 2018, the Company has used its working capital in a way consistent with its business objective.

Corporate directory

Board of Directors

Jonathan Trollip, Independent Chairman
 Lorraine Berends, Independent Director
 Adrian Whittingham, Non-Independent Director
 Alex Ihlenfeldt, Alternate Non-Independent Director

Secretary

Calvin Kwok

Manager

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 Toll Free: 1300 010 311

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SEC Ordinary Shares

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 Fax: +61 (0) 2 9146 5299
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Auditors

Pitcher Partners
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Share Register

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 Tel: 1300 651 577

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