APOLLO Series 2010-1 Trust

ABN 46 635 150 791

APOLLO Series 2013-1 Trust

ABN 74 245 651 471

APOLLO Series 2015-1 Trust

ABN 28 113 418 979

APOLLO Series 2017-2 Trust

ABN 33 215 199 342

APOLLO Series 2018-1 Trust

ABN 85 571 276 337

Financial Reports

for the financial period ended 30 June 2018

	intents	Page
Sta	atements of comprehensive income	2
Sta	stements of financial position	2
Sta	atements of changes in equity	دد
Sta	stements of cash flows	4
Not	tes to the financial statements.	٥
1.	Reporting entity	O
2.	Basis of preparation	0
3.	Secured loans	٥
4.	Payables	8
5.	Interest bearing-liabilities	99
6.	Units on issue	9
7.	Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities	10
8.	Auditor's remuneration	
9.	Significant accounting policies.	11
10.	Subsequent events	12
Trus	stee's report	14
Man	nager's declaration	
Inde	ependent auditor's report to the unitholders	16
talihim/in	F	17

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the financial period ended 30 June 2018

71	2010-1	~	2013-1	7	2015-1	<u>7</u>	2017-2 21 September	2018-1 23 April
	2018 \$	2017	2018	2017	2018 \$	2017	2017 to 30 June 2018 \$	2018 to 30 June 2018
Revenue								
Interest income on secured loan	5,035,547	6,224,930	12,701,426	15,921,288	21,130,611	27,563,633	33,806,944	7,795,651
Other income on secured loan	226,573	266,217	392,372	509, 102	746,760	1,166,942	551,117	206,123
Total revenue	5,262,120	6,491,147	13,093,798	16,430,390	21,877,371	28,730,575	34,358,061	8,001,774
Expenses								
Interest expense on floating rate notes	4,303,060	5,261,642	9,631,266	11,742,083	17,052,989	21,356,910	29,627,306	6,542,091
Trustee and Manager fee	182,855	135,587	231,750	289,886	412,838	530,612	670,914	248,256
Other expenses	13,571	13,600	37,221	34,472	39,028	260,372	64,299	4,208
Total expenses	4,499,486	5,410,829	9,900,237	12,066,441	17,504,855	22,147,894	30,362,519	6,794,555
Profit before distribution expenses	762,634	1,080,318	3,193,561	4,363,949	4,372,516	6,582,681	3,995,542	1,207,219
Servicing fee	566,662	420,863	771,601	964,811	1,369,008	1,758,806	2,008,921	932,069
Residual income rights	195,972	659,455	2,421,960	3,399,138	3,003,508	4,823,875	1,986,621	275,150
Total distribution expenses	762,634	1,080,318	3,193,561	4,363,949	4,372,516	6,582,681	3,995,542	1,207,219
Profit before tax	•			-		E		
Income tax expense	•	1	•	1	*	1		•
Profit for the financial period								
attributable to the unitholders of the								
Trusts			•	•		5		•
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to the unitholders								
	•	•	•	•		•	•	

(7)

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2018

	Note	201	2010-1	2013-1	3-1	2015-1	5-1	2017-2	2048.4
Accepte		2018	2017	2018 \$	2017 \$	2018 \$	2017	2018	2018
Cash and cash equivalents Secured loan income receivable Receivable from related party		150,231 244,628 1,139,354	150,231 300,136 2,713,609	150,200 500,776 5,149,623	150,200 635,009 4,698,830	4,650,200 925,068 12,216,608	4,743,960 1,179,245 17,238,324	149,964	150,200
Secured loans	က	7,201 135,281,733	8,980 165,080,681	16,189 305,441,483	21,817	28,972	36,552	66,114	26,333,944 29,686
lotal assets		136,823,147	168,253,637	311,258,271	385,200,277	560,657,736	701,459,837	1,258,416,495	1,194,292,137
Payables Interest payable	4	82,237	63,861 280,062	122,071 149,471	153,079 141,715	720,638 820,416	750,521 916,455	863,190	889,875
Interest-bearing liabilities	2	623,495 135,899,563	728,242 167,181,272	716,112 310,270,417	1,442,380 383,462,903	6,773,994 552,342,488	7,246,167	4,077,359	2,958,134
units on issue)		136,822,947	168,253,437	311,258,071	385,200,077	560,657,536	701,459,637	1,258,416,295	1,222,646,389
Units on issue Total liabilities	9	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200
Net assets		141,020,001	100,233,037	311,258,271	385,200,277	560,657,736	701,459,837	1,258,416,495	1,222,646,589

The statements of financial position are to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Equity unitholders' funds

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the financial period ended 30 June 2018

As the Trusts have no equity, the Trusts have not included any items of changes in equity for the current or comparative period.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the financial period ended 30 June 2018

	Note	2010-1	<u>-</u>	2013-1	<u>.</u>	2015-1	5-1	2017-2 21 September 2017	2018-1 23 April
	1	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2018 to 30 June 2018
cast nows from operating activities							•	A	6
Secured loan interest income receipts Cash advance under secured loan		6,753,496	8,481,399	14,327,789	18,103,388	26,702,103	35,229,820	40,471,339	6,973,149
Other operating income received Cash paid for redraws on secured loan		211,511 (7,992,183)	- 272,232 (7,722,982)	404,698	511,178	786,296	1,166,018	(1,500,000,000) 492,017	(1,250,000,000) 118,693
Repayment of secured loan Interest paid on floating rate pates		39,273,922	54,319,553	89,226,906	123,543,299	(19,616,044) 159,822,050	(26,159,990) 240,877,786	(31,649,717) 27 <u>9</u> ,945,314	(529,471)
Distribution paid		(5,914,225) (924,689)	(7,428,284)	(10,886,756)	(13,832,626)	(22, 259, 217)	(28,475,932)	(35,308,074)	(7,286,368)
Fees paid		(126,124)	(1,182,306)	(3,572,040)	(4,448,583)	(4,855,522)	(6,595,617)	(6,015,269)	(208,221)
Net cash from (used in) operating			, in the state of	(12,031)	(705,555)	(467,420)	(365,885)	(751,217)	(116,559)
activities	7	31,281,708	46,596,602	73,192,486	104,404,816	140,110,246	213 676 200	14 OF O O O O O	
Cash flows from financing activities							213,010,200	(1,232,813,607)	(1,217,503,802)
Cash received on issue of floating rate		•	ı	,					
Repayment of floating rate note					t	•	ř	1,500,000,000	1,250,000,000
principal Drawdown of Liquidity Facility Units in Series Trust issued		(31,281,708)	(46,596,571)	(73,192,486)	(104,404,816)	(140,204,006)	(212,717,796)	(248,295,596) 1.260,967	(33,015,505)
Net cash from (used in) financing			,	-			1	200	200
activities	-	(31,281,708)	(46,596,571)	(73.192.486)	(104 404 816)	(440 204 006)	171 070		
Net increase in cash and cash					(010'101'101)	(140,204,000)	(212,717,796)	1,252,965,571	1,217,654,002
equivalents		ſ	31	•	•	(03, 760)	0	;	
Cash and cash equivalents at the					ı	(93,760)	958,404	149,964	150,200
Deginning of the financial period		150,231	150,200	150,200	150,200	4.743.960	3 785 556		
end of financial period		150,231	150,231	150,200	150,200	4.650.200	4 743 960	1	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial period ended 30 June 2018

1. Reporting entity

The APOLLO Series 2010-1, APOLLO Series 2013-1, APOLLO Series 2015-1, APOLLO Series 2017-2, and APOLLO Series 2018-1 Trusts (the **Trusts**) are domiciled in Australia.

The Trusts were established with the purpose of carrying on a business to provide funds for the purchase of mortgage loans by equitable assignment.

The Trusts were established by the Master Trust Deed (the **Trust Deed**) between the Manager (SME Management Pty Limited) and the Trustee (Perpetual Trustee Company Limited) dated 28 January 1999 and the Trust Series Supplements between the Seller and Servicer (Suncorp-Metway Limited), the Manager and the Trustee.

In accordance with the Trust Deed, the Trusts were constituted following the receipt of \$200, being the initial assets of the Trusts, on the following dates:

- APOLLO Series 2010-1 2 June 2010
- APOLLO Series 2013-1 14 May 2013
- APOLLO Series 2015-1 20 February 2015
- APOLLO Series 2017-2 21 September 2017
- APOLLO Series 2018-1 23 April 2018

The Trusts funded the purchase of the mortgage loans by equitable assignment through the issue of Australian dollar bonds. The bonds were issued as follows and represent debts of the Trusts.

- APOLLO Series 2010-1 Class A1, A2, AB and B
- APOLLO Series 2013-1 Class A, AB, B1 and B2
- APOLLO Series 2015-1 Class A, AB, B1, B2 and B3
- APOLLO Series 2017-2 Class A1, A2, AB, B, C, D and E
- APOLLO Series 2018-1 Class A1, A2, AB, B, C, D and E

The parent entity of the Trusts is Suncorp-Metway Limited (SML) and the ultimate parent entity is Suncorp Group Limited (SGL). The registered office of the Manager is at Level 28, 266 George Street, Brisbane QLD 4000.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the directors of SME Management Pty Limited on 13 August 2018.

2. Basis of preparation

The Trusts are for-profit entities and their financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis unless the application of fair value measurement is required by relevant accounting standards.

In the opinion of the Directors, the Trusts are not reporting entities. The financial statements of the Trusts have been prepared as special purpose financial statements for the sole purpose of fulfilling the requirements of the Trust Deed dated 28 January 1999.

Significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out in note 9. There have been no significant changes to accounting policies during the financial period. None of the new accounting standards and amendments to standards that are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2017 affected any of the amounts recognised in the current period or any prior period and are not likely to affect future periods.

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars which is the Trusts' functional and presentation currency.

Where necessary, comparatives have been restated to conform to changes in presentation in the current period.

2.1. Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the amounts reported in the financial statements. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Where revisions are made to accounting estimates, any financial impact is recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised.

Significant estimates, judgments and assumptions are discussed in the following notes:

- impairment of secured loan (note 3)
- recognition of secured loan as a consequence of the sale of mortgage loans by SML not qualifying for de-recognition (note 9.6).

Secured loans 3

	2010-1	0-1	2013-1	3-1	2015-1	72	2017-2	2040
	2018 \$	2017 \$	2018 \$	2017	\$ \$	2017	2018	2018
							9	A
Residential mortgages	135,281,733	165,080,681	305.441.483	379 694 421	542 826 000			
Total secured loans	42E 204 755	100 000 104		12,001,12		96/1,102,010	1,226,926,248	1.194.292.137
	100,201,700	100,080,681	305,441,483	379 694 421	542 836 888	670 064 756		
The end of the second line is a second line in the second line is a second line is a second line in the second line is a second line is a second line in the second line is a s				1 2 1 2 1	42,000,000		1,226,926,248	1,194,292,137

The secured loans (also refer note 9.6) are secured by an equitable interest in the mortgage loans held by SML.

The collateral against the mortgage loans held by SML is in the form of mortgage interests over Australian residential property. Estimates of the fair value are based on the value of collateral assessed at the time of origination, and generally are not updated except when a loan is individually assessed as impaired.

distribution payable to the residual income unit holder as at 30 June 2018 (2017: \$nil). Interest on all loans continues to be taken to income, including those which are The potential for impairment of the secured loan reflects the potential impairment of the underlying mortgage loans managed by SML. Given the credit quality of the mortgage loans including the current level of collateral held against the mortgage loans, no impairment is currently deemed necessary for the Trust in excess of the

3.1 Impairment of mortgage loans

Impairment of a mortgage loan is recognised when there is reasonable doubt that not all the principal and interest can be collected in accordance with the terms of the mortgage loan agreement. The Trust uses the following method for calculating impairment:

Specific impairment provisions

security held against the mortgage loan and the present value of expected future cash flows including amounts expected to be received from mortgage insurance. Any Impairment losses on individually assessed mortgage loans are determined on a case-by-case basis. If there is objective evidence that an individual mortgage loan is impaired then a specific provision for impairment is raised. The amount of the specific provision is based on the carrying amount of the mortgage loan, including the subsequent write-offs are then made against the specific provision for impairment.

A specific provision has not been recognised on the basis that all loans are deemed recoverable and/or well secured.

Collective impairment provision

and mortgage insurance. The amount required to bring the collective provision for impairment to its required level is charged to the statement of comprehensive income. Where no evidence of impairment has been identified for mortgage loans, these mortgages loans are grouped together on the basis of similar credit characteristics for the purpose of calculating a collective impairment loss. Collective impairment provisions are based on historical loss experience adjusted for current observable data A collective provision has not been recognised on the basis that all loans are mortgage insured and/or have met the credit eligibility criteria to be selected for

4. Payables

7040	2018	\$ \$ 580,405 549.70 2.19,881 11,553 21,988 889,875
2017-2	2018	542,993 56,584 226,336 1,248 13,395 22,634 863,190
7	2017	567,710 32,351 129,402 863 7,255 12,940 750,521
2015-1	2018	579,774 24,969 99,876 636 5,395 9,988 720,638
₹	2017	94,618 10,492 41,967 194 1,611 4,197 153,079
2013-1	2018 \$	70,994 9,226 36,904 132 1,125 3,690 122,071
	2017 \$	21,296 7,241 28,964 238 3,226 2,896 63,861
2010-1	2018	49,734 5,529 22,116 183 2,463 2,212 82,237
	مامينامحورا ا	Manager fee Servicer fee Liquidity and redraw facility fee Trustee fee Custodian fee

5. Interest-bearing liabilities

	2018 	A		1.251.704.403 1.216.984.406	200,000,000	1,231,704,403 1,216,984,496
0.44.0	2018	9		1,251,704,403	4 254 704 400	1,231,704,403
5-1	2017			097, 546, 494	692 546 494	101010
2015-1	2018		EE0 242 400	324,342,400	552.342.488	
3-1	2017		383 462 003	000, 404, 900	383, 462, 903	
2013-1	2018 \$		310.270.417		310,270,417	
0-1	2017 \$		167, 181, 272	000 404 000	101, 181, 272	
2010-1	2018 \$,	135,899,563	135 800 569	130,033,000	
		Floating rate notes	Total die Hotes	lotal Interest-bearing liabilities		

6. Units on issue

		2010-1 2018	0-1	2017		2013-1 2018	3-1	2017		2015-1	7.	1
	No. of units	•	No. of units	₩	No. of units	€	No. of units	69	No. of units	9107	No. of	/L07
Units on issue											3	9
Income unit	-	100		100	-	100	14	5	•	,		
Capital units (A & B)	10	100	10	100	. 6	3 5	- (3 5	-	9	_	100
Total units on issue	11	200	7	200	2 4	3	2	200	10	100	10	100
				202	-	200	11	200	11	200	11	200
	2017-2	7	2018-1	-								
		2018		2018								
	No. of		No. of	ı								
	units	49	units	₩.								
Units on issue												
Income unit	-	00	•	6								
Capital units (A & B)	10	9 6	- 0	3 5								
Total units on issue	11	200	1	200								

The Income and the Capital Unitholder has no right to receive distribution in respect of the Trusts except:

- The Income Unitholder has only the right to receive payments of the Income Unit Amount in accordance with the respective Trust Series Supplements and only to the extent that funds are available for this purpose in accordance with the respective Trust Series Supplement. The Income Unit may be transferred at any time subject to the prior written consent of the Trustee and the Manager,
- The Class A Capital Unitholder has only the right to receive payments under relevant clause of the respective Trust Series Supplements and only to the extent that the funds are available for this purpose in accordance with the respective Trust Series Supplement up to a maximum amount in aggregate of \$1,000;
- available for this purpose in accordance with the respective Trust Series Supplement; and on the termination of the Trusts, the capital of the Series Trust remaining after the payment (or provision for payment) of all other outgoings and amounts by the Trustee pursuant to the respective Trust Series Supplement including, The Class B Capital Unitholder has only the right to receive payments under the respective Trust Series Supplements and only to the extent that funds are without limitation, payments or the provision of payment to the Class A Capital Unitholder in that capacity; and
 - The Capital units are non-transferable.

APOLLO SERIES 2010-1, 2013-1, 2015-1, 2017-2 and 2018-1 TRUST | NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities

	r-0102	5	2013-1	3-1	2015-1	5-1	2017-2 21 September 2017	2018-1 23 April 2018
Profit for the financial period Change in assets and liabilities	\$ \$	\$\$	\$	\$	\$	2017	2018 \$0 June 2018 \$	to 30 June 2018 \$
(Increase) decrease in secured loan principal (Increase) decrease in receivables (Decrease) increase in total payables Net cash from operating activities	29,798,948 1,631,542 (148,782) 31,281,708	43,699,414 3,200,406 (303,218) 46,596,602	74,252,938 (310,932) (749,520) 73,192,486	103,123,918 1,716,747 (435,849) 104,404,816	135,424,868 5,283,473 (598,095) 140,110,246	209,125,176 4,758,242 (207,218) 213,676,200	209,125,176 (1,226,926,248) (1,194,292,137) 4,758,242 (31,340,283) (28,204,252) (207,218) 5,450,924 4,992,587 213,676,200 (1,252,815,607) (1,217,503,802)	1,194,292,137) (28,204,252) 4,992,587 1,217,503,802)

8. Auditor's remuneration

	2010-1	-	2013-1	-	2015-1		2017-2	2018-1	
KPMG Australia	2018	2017 \$	2018 \$	2017	2018 \$	2017	21 September 2017 to 30 June 2018	23 April 2018 to 30 June 2018	
Audit of the financial report	104						9	A	
Other assurance services	7,405 8.098	8,145	7,405	8,145	7,405	8,145	7,405	7,405	
Total auditor's remuneration	45 502	0001	0,090	9,717	8,098	9,717	41.598	A2 862	
	13,303	17,862	15,503	17,862	15.503	17 867	0000	12,000	
Fees for services rendered by the Tarrett					200101	200,11	49,003	50.268	

Fees for services rendered by the Trusts' auditor are borne by the income and capital unitholder, SML.

9. Significant accounting policies

The special purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Trust Deed, and the recognition, measurement and classification aspects of all applicable Australian Accounting Standards (AASB) as issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, AASB 107 Statement of Cash Flows, AASB 108 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, AASB 1048 Interpretation of Standards, AASB 1054 Australian Additional Disclosures and AASB 1057 Application of Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial statements do not comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all financial years presented in these financial statements.

9.1. Revenue and expense recognition

Interest revenue and expense are recognised in the profit or loss for all interest-bearing instruments measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method uses the effective interest rate to allocate interest income and expense over the relevant accounting period for the financial asset or liability. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument, or when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability.

This calculation includes all fees and basis points paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other discounts or premiums.

Interest income on the secured loan (refer note 9.6) comprises interest income from the mortgages purchased, any fee income earned from the mortgages purchased, and the net interest income/expense not separately recognised under the interest rate swap (refer note 9.7).

9.2. Income tax

The Trusts are only liable to income tax to the extent that accumulated income is assessable. Under current legislation the Trusts are not subject to income tax as the taxable income, including assessable realised capital gains are distributed in full to the unitholder.

9.3. Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or the amount of expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

9.4. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash on deposit and money at short call. They are measured at face value or the gross value of the outstanding balance.

9.5. Non-derivative financial assets

The Trusts classify their non-derivative financial assets as loans and receivables. Loans and receivable are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are initially recognised when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Loans and receivables are subsequently measured at each reporting date at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The secured loans are an example of a non-derivative financial asset recognised by the Trusts. Refer to note 9.6 for further details on its accounting treatment.

9.6. Secured loans

Secured loans represent the Trusts' interest in the mortgages purchased from SML by equitable assignment.

The sale of the mortgages from SML to the Trusts do not qualify for de-recognition in accordance with AASB 139 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* because the sale is deemed to have failed to transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Consequently, SML continues to recognise the mortgages purchased and recognise a corresponding financial liability to the Trusts on its statement of financial position. In turn, the Trusts recognise a financial asset due from SML, being the secured loan, and a corresponding financial liability to SML.

The transfer of substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership is evaluated by comparing the entity's exposure, before and after the transfer, with the variability in the amounts and timing of the net cash flows of the transferred asset. An entity has retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a financial asset if its exposure to the variability of the future net cash flows from the financial asset does not change significantly as a result of the transfer.

Under the sale agreement, the Trusts assume any variability of principal cash flows from the mortgage purchased, while the variability of the revenue cash flows, as a result of the interest rate swap agreement (refer note 9.7) and the ownership of the residual income unit (refer note 6), remains with SML.

As a result, after considering all reasonably possible variability in net cash flows, with greater weight being given to those outcomes that are more likely to occur, SML is deemed to have failed to transfer substantially all of the risk and rewards.

9.7. Derivative financial instruments

The Trusts have entered into an interest rate swap with SML. The purpose of the swap is to align the basis of revenue from the mortgages purchased under equitable assignment from SML (refer note 9.6) to the interest expense under the debt. The interest rate swap converts the revenue receipts from the variable and fixed rate mortgages to a floating rate basis.

As a consequence of SML's sale of mortgages to the Trusts not qualifying for derecognition (refer note 9.6), AASB 139 also denies the Trust from separately recognising derivatives that cause the failure for derecognition. Therefore, the Trust has not separately recognised the interest rate swap in the statement of financial position and no gains or losses have been recognised in profit or loss.

9.8. Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. If impairment has occurred, the carrying amount of the asset is written down to its estimated recoverable amount.

9.9. Non-derivatives financial liabilities

Financial liabilities at amortised cost are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial liability. Subsequent measurement is at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

9.10.Units on issue

The units on issue by the Trusts satisfy the definition of a liability under AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* and are accounted for as a financial liability at amortised cost.

9.11. New accounting standards and interpretations not yet adopted

AASB 9 Financial Instruments

AASB 9 was issued in December 2014. It addresses recognition and measurement requirements for financial assets and financial liabilities, impairment requirements that introduce an expected credit loss impairment model and general hedge accounting requirements. This standard becomes mandatory for the Trusts for annual reporting periods from 1 July 2018.

The standard has to be applied retrospectively and the option not to restate our prior period financial statements is elected. The changes in recognition and measurement resulting from the adoption of AASB 9 will be recognised in 1 July 2018 opening retained earnings and other appropriate equity reserves.

Governance

The Trusts form part of the Suncorp Group project set up to implement the requirements of AASB 9 for all of the Suncorp Group's entities. It is governed through a steering committee involving divisional CFOs, CROs and Heads of Finance and was delivered by working groups with stakeholders from risk management, finance, data and transformation and the business units.

Transitional impact

After completing the assessment of changes in classification and measurement the impact on financial assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2018 is immaterial for the Trusts. Where applicable, the impact will be reported as part of the transitional disclosures in 30 June 2019.

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

AASB 15 was issued in December 2014 and provides a single comprehensive model for revenue recognition based on the satisfaction of performance obligations and additional disclosures about revenue. It replaces AASB 118 *Revenue*, AASB 111 *Construction Contracts*, and related interpretations. This standard will become mandatory for the Trusts' 30 June 2019 financial statements.

The Suncorp Group is in the process of assessing the impact of adoption of the standard. It is available for early adoption but has not been applied in this financial report.

10. Subsequent events

There has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the trustee of the Trusts, to affect significantly the operations of the Trusts, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Trusts in future financial years.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

For the financial period ended 30 June 2018

The financial statements for the financial period ended 30 June 2018 have been prepared by the Trust Manager, SME Management Pty Limited, as required by the Trust Deed.

The auditor of the Trusts, KPMG, who have been appointed by us in accordance with the Trust Deed, have conducted an audit of these financial statements.

A review of the operations of the Trusts and the results of these operations for the financial period ended 30 June 2018 is contained in the Manager's Declaration.

Based on our ongoing program of monitoring the Trusts, we believe that:

- (i) the Trusts have been conducted in accordance with the Trust Deed; and
- (ii) the financial reports have been appropriately prepared and contain all relevant and required disclosures.

In making this statement, the Trustee has relied upon information, representations and warranties provided by the Manager.

We are not aware of any material matter or significant changes in the state of affairs of the Trusts occurring up to the date of this report that require disclosure in the financial statements and the notes thereto that have not already been disclosed.

Signed for and on behalf of Perpetual Trustee Company Limited

Nothan Gale

Authorised Officer

Perpetual Trustee Company Limited

Sydney

13 August 2018

MANAGER'S DECLARATION

For the financial period ended 30 June 2018

Review of operations

Net profit from operating activities before distribution expenses for the financial period ended 30 June 2018 for APOLLO Series Trusts was:

•	APOLLO Series 2010-1	\$762,634	(2017: \$1,080,318)
•	APOLLO Series 2013-1	\$3,193,561	(2017: \$4,363,949)
•	APOLLO Series 2015-1	\$4,372,516	(2017: \$6,582,681)
•	APOLLO Series 2017-2	\$3,995,542	,
•	APOLLO Series 2018-1	\$1,207,219	

Declaration

In the opinion of the Manager of APOLLO Series Trusts:

- the financial statements and notes, set out on pages 2 to 14, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Trusts as of 30 June 2018 and their financial performance and their cash flows for the period then ended in accordance with the accounting policies described in note 9 to the financial statements;
- (b) the Trusts have operated during the financial period ended 30 June 2018 in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed dated 28 January 1999; and
- (c) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Trusts will be able to pay their debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors of the Manager, SME Management Pty Limited

Director

ALANA BAILEY

SME Management Pty Limited

Brisbane

13 August 2018