

REEF CASINO TRUST
ARSN 093 156 293

APPENDIX 4E

Preliminary final report given to the ASX under listing rule 4.3A

This report is based on the attached accounts that have been audited and are not subject to any dispute or qualification.

Reporting period

Financial year ended 31 December 2018

Previous corresponding period

Financial year ended 31 December 2017

1. RESULTS FOR ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE MARKET

Revenue from ordinary activities	Down 4.4%	to	\$21,417,000
Profit from ordinary activities after income tax attributable to members	Down 10.5%	to	\$5,050,000
Net profit for the period attributable to members	Down 10.5%	to	\$5,050,000

Distributable profit*	Down 10.5%	to	\$10,099,000
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**Basis of preparation: Distributable profit is a non-IFRS measure that is determined in accordance with the Trust Constitution and used as the basis for determining distributions to unitholders. Distributable profit is determined as net profit for the year, adding back distributions to unitholders which have been treated as finance costs in accordance with IFRS. The distributable profit has been audited by Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd. Refer to the auditor's report on page 36 of the Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2018.*

2. DISTRIBUTIONS

For the 6 months ended 31 December 2018	10.57 cents per unit
Record date for determining entitlements to distribution	31 December 2018

3. NET TANGIBLE ASSETS PER UNIT (NTA backing)

	Current period	Previous corresponding period
Net tangible asset backing per unit (NTA backing)	\$1.99	\$2.04

4. EXPLANATIONS

Additional 4E disclosures and other significant information can be found in the attached financial report for the year ended 31 December 2018.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The annual general meeting will be held on 24 May 2019 at the Reef Hotel Casino, 35-41 Wharf Street, Cairns Qld 4870.



REEF
CASINO TRUST
ARSN 093 156 293

Annual Report

December 2018

Chairman's review

Dear Unitholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Reef Corporate Services Limited, Responsible Entity of the Reef Casino Trust (the Trust), I hereby present my review of the Trust for the financial year ended 31 December 2018.

The chair of Reef Corporate Services Limited changed on 24 August 2018 from Mr Ben Macdonald to Mr Richard Haire. Mr Macdonald remains on the Board of Reef Corporate Services Limited as a non-executive director appointed by Casinos Austria International Limited. Mr Macdonald's appointment as Chairperson in 2000 saw him chair the Trust through some challenging times. His chairmanship through these years has been a bastion significantly contributing to the stability of the Board and successes of the Trust. On behalf of the Board, I thank Mr Macdonald for his contributions and services as chairperson and look forward to his on-going contributions as a non-executive director.

Highlights

Net profit, distributable profit

The Trust reported a net profit of \$5.05 million, with a distributable profit* for the year of \$10.1 million (2017: \$11.3 million). Unitholders' distributions classified as "finance costs" were \$5.05 million.

Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)

Trust EBITDA was \$15.2 million (2017: \$16.6 million).

Unit distribution

A unit distribution of 10.57 cents per unit (2017: 15.5 cents per unit) for the six months from 1 July 2018 to 31 December 2018 has been declared. As the actual distribution for the six months from 1 January 2018 to 30 June 2018 was 9.71 cents per unit, the total distribution for the full year 2018 is 20.28 cents per unit (2017: 22.86 cents per unit). Total unit distribution for the year is 100% of distributable earnings.

Trust income

Trust income, consisting mainly of rental income from the Reef Hotel Casino, was \$21.4 million (2017: \$22.4 million). Trust income in the first half was 13.6% higher than the previous year, in the second half, Trust income was 16.9% lower than the previous year.

Trust Distributable Profit

Trust distributable profit* for the year ended 31 December 2018 was \$10.1 million compared to \$11.3 million the previous year.

Rental income from the Reef Hotel Casino was 4.4% lower than 2017.

Trust total expenses were 1.8% higher than 2017. Contributing factors included a full year of higher responsible entity fees following an uplift in the value of the Reef Hotel Casino property, corporate development costs and insurance premium and director fees increases.

** Basis of preparation: Distributable profit is a non-IFRS measure that is determined in accordance with the Trust Constitution and used as the basis for determining distributions to unitholders. Distributable profit is determined as net profit for the year, adding back distributions to unitholders which have been treated as finance costs in accordance with IFRS. The distributable profit has been audited by Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd. Refer to the auditor's report on page 36 for the year ended 31 December 2018.*

Chairman's review (continued)

Trust Distributable Profit (continued)

	2018 \$'000	2017 \$'000	
REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME			
Rental revenue	21,230	22,201	-4.4%
Other revenue and interest income	187	195	
Total revenue and other income	21,417	22,396	-4.4%
EXPENSES			
Operating	6,399	6,080	
Depreciation and amortisation	4,919	5,033	
Total expenses	11,318	11,113	1.8%
PROFIT BEFORE FINANCE COSTS¹			
ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS	10,099	11,283	-10.5%
Finance costs ¹ attributable to unitholders	5,049	5,642	
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	5,050	5,641	-10.5%
	Cents per unit	Cents per unit	
Earnings per unit	20.28	22.66	
Distribution per unit	20.28	22.86	

¹ "Finance costs" relate to 50% of distributable profit payable to unitholders.

Unit Distribution

The Trust has declared a unit distribution of 10.57 cents per unit, for the six months from 1 July 2018 to 31 December 2018. The record date was 31 December 2018 and payment will be made on 13 March 2019.

A distribution of 9.71 cents per unit was paid for the six months from 1 January to 30 June 2018. For the 2018 financial year, the total distribution declared was 20.28 cents per unit.

Therefore, the 2018 total unit distribution comprised 100% of 2018 distributable earnings.

The undistributed income account balance is 11.9 cents per unit, or \$5.93 million.

The Trust intends to continue its distribution policy to pay out "100% of distributable profit".

Trust Balance Sheet

The Trust's balance sheet remains strong and healthy with the Trust's cash position remaining positive and the Trust continuing to have adequate working capital. The Trust's interest only business term loan facility with the Bank of Queensland remains unchanged at \$13.5 million, expiring on 31 January 2022. The amount drawn down at 31 December 2018 was \$4.2 million.

Chairman's review (continued)

Capital Investment

The Casino Refresh project was successfully completed in December 2018 which included a new high stakes table gaming area, a new slots gaming area, a new casino entrance, new carpet throughout the main floor and a refreshed Flinders Bar and Grill.

Capital expenditure in 2018 also consisted of operational requirements of the Reef Hotel Casino including new gaming machines and capital commitments for the proper maintenance of the Reef Hotel Casino complex.

REVIEW OF PERFORMANCE AND STRATEGY AT REEF HOTEL CASINO PROVIDED BY THE CEO OF THE OPERATOR, CASINOS AUSTRIA INTERNATIONAL (CAIRNS) PTY LTD (CAIC)

Allan Tan, the CEO of the operator of the Reef Hotel Casino (CAIC) which is jointly owned by Casinos Austria International and Accor, presents his review as follows:-

Reef Hotel Casino's CEO's Report

Trading and operating conditions

- A strong record performance by hotel room operations
- Our hotel casino complex had an improved Chinese New Year high tourist season which contributed in part to good premium play
- Our complex continued to aggressively take on the local competition in electronic gaming machine operations
- Our food and beverage operations continued to strongly support the overall performance of our complex

Key strategies

Our management strategy continued to underpin the underlying solid performance at the Reef Hotel Casino.

Operating as *One Complex, One Team, One Success*, we offer a seamless entertainment complex under one roof and one team backed up by a full marketing program that positions our complex as a *Must See Must Visit* entertainment venue in Cairns. As an *Employer of Choice*, this goes to our strength in the hospitality business with *The best gaming venue in Cairns* with an international class casino run to the highest standards and *The best hotel in Cairns* offering the best 5 star accommodation. Finally, *Superior cost control and risk management* best practice is applied throughout the complex.

Chairman's review (continued)

Reef Hotel Casino's CEO's Report (continued)

Key strategies (continued)

During 2018:-

Casino operations

- **Casino Refresh Project**
This was successfully completed in December 2018. The new high stakes table gaming area is targeted at locals and tourists particularly Chinese visitors. The new slots area is aimed at enhancing our competitiveness in the local market and tourist markets. A refreshed Flinders Bar and Grill will increase its appeal to casino patrons in general while the new casino entrance and new carpeting will add to the overall casino experience.
- **Electronic Gaming**
Our renovated complex ground floor (BAR36, casino, hotel lobbies) played an important role by helping drive visitations into our entertainment complex. We increased advertising in Cairns and selected regions to target the visitor market. There was a full promotion, entertainment and marketing program and continued investment in new gaming products.
- **Table Games**
The further development of premium gaming activity was undertaken both domestically and with Macau-based agents. The immediate and short term outlook for the China market is somewhat uncertain given recent geo-political and economic developments.

Hotel Operations

- **Rooms**
Our Pullman hotel applied sharp yield management strategies to capitalise on a reduced inventory in Cairns in 2018 and benefitted from high end tours and cruise ships homeporting in Cairns to drive revenue per available room (REVPAR) performance.
- **Food and beverage**
We had a full and targeted entertainment program to strengthen BAR36's position as the best live entertainment venue in Cairns.

Looking ahead:-

Hotel

- Sharp yield management and leverage off our market reputation as the best hotel in Cairns
- Further enhance and refine entertainment, food and beverage operations to support the whole complex

Casino

- Increase our competitiveness in the local slots market
- Focussed targeting of tourists and visitors to increase visitations to the casino

Cost control

- Tight management control over expenditure and costs will continue

Chairman's review (continued)

Reef Hotel Casino's CEO's Report (continued)

Complex performance

Rental paid to Trust

- Total complex rentals to the Trust were 4.4% lower due to more challenging trading and economic conditions in 2018 even as visitations to the casino increased by 6.0%.

Casino

- Electronic games
Revenues were 4.0%[#] lower than 2017. We continued to implement measures and take action to increase our competitiveness in the local market.
- Table games
Revenues were 12.8%[#] higher than 2017. Stronger premium play was in a large part due to an improved Chinese New Year tourist season. Softer grind play was mainly due to an overall softer China tourist market.

Hotel

- Room accommodation
Record revenues were 17.8% higher than 2017. Successful yield management, product packaging and leveraging off Accor's global and Australian network continue to be key to a good performance.
- Food and beverage
Revenues were 0.2%[#] higher than 2017. Our food and beverage facilities continued to play a key role in supporting our casino operations.

On a comparative basis without the impact of AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers applied for the first time in this period.

Complex cost management and control

Operating costs were well managed and controlled throughout the complex.

CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW CONTINUES

Trust Outlook

The operator of the Reef Hotel Casino is Casinos Austria International (Cairns) Pty Limited (CAIC), jointly owned by Casinos Austria International Limited (CAIL) and Accor. The relationship between the Trust as the owner of the Reef Hotel Casino complex and CAIC as the operator continues to work well.

The Trust has kept unitholders and the market informed regarding corporate developments at Casinos Austria AG (CASAG), which is the ultimate parent company of CAIL.

Chairman's review (continued)

Trust Outlook (continued)

Queensland Government's proposed Global Tourism Hub (GTH)

On 28 October 2017 the Queensland Government announced its proposed GTH policy for Cairns. The government's process continued during 2018 and looks like it will extend well into 2019 and possibly beyond.

The Trust continues to consider any appropriate future investment to expand. To this end, your Board is undertaking and continuing internal discussions with the Queensland Government. In response to the Department of State Development's request, a submission regarding the Government's investigation into a potential State Development Area to support the Tropical North Global Tourism Hub has been made.

The government has imposed strict confidentiality obligations as part of its GTH process.

Reef Hotel Casino – Trust's principal asset

The Trust's sole investment is the Reef Hotel Casino and so it is exposed to the risks inherent in the ownership of a single asset located in Cairns. The Trust remains positive regarding its longer term trading. The Reef Hotel Casino's management strategy is to drive future growth based on three key strategic areas – electronic gaming, table games including premium play and hotel operations. The future performance of the Trust will still rely on the local economy improving and a continued growth in tourism to the Great Barrier Reef and Cairns.

2019 operational direction/outlook

Some relevant indicators

- Geo-political and economic factors – the global picture is somewhat uncertain especially given the tensions between USA and China
- Australian economy – the outlook here is marked by slower growth, a contracting housing market and cautious consumer spending
- Cairns economy – generally reflects the broader Australian economy; more specifically tourism will continue to play a key part and some growth in domestic tourism can be expected; China tourist market outlook is somewhat neutral to posting some growth

The Trust Board endorses the CEO's strategic plan to drive future operational performance at the Reef Hotel Casino.

The Trust intends to continue with a 100% of distributable profit distribution policy.



Richard Haire

Chairman

Reef Corporate Services Limited

Responsible Entity of Reef Casino Trust

22 February 2019

Directors' report

The directors of Reef Corporate Services Limited, ABN 66 057 599 621, the Responsible Entity of Reef Casino Trust (the Trust) present their report together with the financial statements of the Trust for the year ended 31 December 2018 and the auditor's report thereon.

Directors

The directors of Reef Corporate Services Limited during the financial year or since the end of the financial year (except as otherwise stated) are:

Mr Richard Haire (Chairman from 24 August 2018)
Mr Benjamin W Macdonald (Chairman until 24 August 2018)
Mr Keith DeLacy
Dr Alexander Labak (26 February 2018 to 13 November 2018)
Mr Christoph Zurucker-Burda (appointed 14 November 2018)
Mr Michael Issenberg
Mr Allan Tan (director and alternate for Mr Macdonald)
Mr Simon McGrath
Mr Philip Basha (alternate for Mr Issenberg)
Dr Karl Stoss – resigned 6 February 2018
Mr Alexander Tucek (alternate for Dr Stoss) until 6 February 2018

Principal activities

The Trust is the owner and lessor of the Reef Hotel Casino complex which is located in Cairns, North Queensland, Australia.

Review and results of operations

The review and results of operations is contained in the Chairman's Review commencing on page 1.

This includes information on the financial position and business strategies and prospects for future financial years.

Distributions

Distributions are paid on a half yearly basis.

The distribution of \$7.719 million (15.5 cents per unit) in respect of the six month period ended 31 December 2017 as reported in the 2017 annual report was paid on 14 March 2018.

The distribution of \$4.836 million (9.71 cents per unit) in respect of the six month period ended 30 June 2018 was paid on 12 September 2018 (note 12).

The directors have declared a distribution of \$5.264 million (10.57 cents per unit) in respect of the six month period ended 31 December 2018 to be paid on 13 March 2019 (note 12).

Significant changes in the state of affairs

There was no significant change in the nature of the activity of the Trust that occurred during the financial year under review.

Environmental regulation

The Trust's operations are not subject to any significant environmental regulations under either Commonwealth or State legislation. The Responsible Entity believes that the Trust has adequate systems in place for the management of its environmental requirements and is not aware of any material breach of those environmental requirements as they apply to the Trust.

Directors' report (continued)

Events subsequent to balance date

On 22 February 2019, the board of directors of the Responsible Entity, Reef Corporate Services Limited, declared a 10.57 cent per unit distribution payable on 13 March 2019. This distribution totals \$5.264 million.

Other than as identified in this report, there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the directors, to affect significantly the operations of the Trust, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Trust, in future financial years.

Interests of the Responsible Entity

Reef Corporate Services Limited holds no units either directly or indirectly in Reef Casino Trust. Associates of the Responsible Entity hold 36,408,411 units at 31 December 2018 (2017: 36,408,411 units).

Units on issue

Units on issue and movements in issued units are detailed in note 11 to the financial statements.

Assets

The Trust had total assets of \$104.923 million as at 31 December 2018 (2017: \$106.692 million). The basis of valuation of the Trust's assets is disclosed in note 8 to the financial statements.

Responsible Entity's remuneration

In accordance with the Trust Constitution, Reef Corporate Services Limited is entitled to receive:

- (i) Half yearly fees calculated as 0.375% of the value of net assets of the Trust (as defined in the Trust Constitution) as at the last day of the half year period just completed, paid quarterly, plus
- (ii) Half yearly fees calculated as the greater of \$37,500 indexed and a fee calculated on a sliding scale by reference to the value of gross assets (as defined in the Trust Constitution), payable within two months of the end of each half yearly period.

Reef Corporate Services Limited is also entitled to reimbursement of Trust expenses incurred on behalf of the Trust.

Set out below are the fees paid or payable by the Trust to the Responsible Entity during the year:

	Dec 2018	Dec 2017
	\$	\$
Responsible Entity fees	1,228,352	1,154,375
Reimbursement of Trust expenses	132,961	100,204

Directors' report (continued)

Directors' interests

The relevant interests of each director of Reef Corporate Services Limited in the unit capital of the Trust at the date of this report are set out below:

	Number of units held
Mr Benjamin W Macdonald	263,750
Mr Keith DeLacy	5,000
Mr Richard Haire	-
Mr Michael Issenberg	221,000
Mr Christoph Zurucker-Burda	-
Mr Allan Tan	79,950
Mr Simon McGrath	-
Mr Philip Basha	-

Likely developments

The Trust will continue as owner and lessor of the Reef Hotel Casino complex located in Cairns. The Trust will also consider appropriate opportunities similar to its current investment in the Reef Hotel Casino complex.

Indemnities and insurance premiums for officers or auditors

Indemnification

Under the Trust Constitution, Compliance, Audit and Risk Committee members are entitled to be indemnified out of the trust fund in respect of liabilities incurred in good faith through acting as a member of the Compliance, Audit and Risk Committee in successfully defending proceedings against them. The Responsible Entity is also entitled to be indemnified out of the trust fund in accordance with the Trust Constitution. Since the end of the previous financial year, the Trust has not indemnified or made a relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability any person who is or has been an officer of the Responsible Entity or an auditor of the Trust.

Insurance premiums

During the financial year the Trust has paid premiums to insure current and former directors and officers of the Responsible Entity against liabilities arising as a result of work performed in their capacity as directors or officers of the Responsible Entity.

The insurance policy prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability insured against and the amount of the premium.

Other assurance services

During the year, Grant Thornton, the Trust's auditors, performed certain other services in addition to their statutory audit duties. Details are shown in note 16 and are referred to as other assurance services.

The Board has considered these other assurance services provided during the year by the auditor and is satisfied that the provision of those other assurance services during the year is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- All other assurance services were subject to the corporate governance procedures adopted by the Trust and have been reviewed by the Compliance, Audit and Risk Committee to ensure they do not impact upon the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor.

Directors' report (continued)

Other assurance services (continued)

- The other assurance services do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for the Trust, acting as an advocate for the Trust or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Information on directors

Richard Haire – Non-executive Chairman since 24 August 2018, Independent non-executive director since 1 October 2013

Mr Haire is a member of the Compliance, Audit and Risk Committee.

Mr Haire has more than 29 years' experience in the international cotton and agribusiness industry. He was the Chief Executive Officer of Queensland Cotton Corporation Pty Ltd from 1989 to 2007. He was also the Managing Director and Regional Head, Australia and New Zealand of Olam International from 2007 to 2012.

Mr Haire is a director and Chairman of the Audit Committee at the Bank of Queensland, a director at BEC Feed Solutions Limited, and the Chairman of the Cotton Research and Development Corporation (CRDC).

Mr Haire holds a Bachelor of Economics Degree from the University of New England. He is a fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Ben Macdonald AM – Non-executive Chairman to 24 August 2018; director since 20 September 1995

Mr Macdonald was born in Brisbane and educated at Geelong Grammar School Victoria. He joined Macdonald Hamilton & Co Ltd in 1952, retiring in 1985 as joint Managing Director of the company.

Since 1985, he has served as a director of a number of Australian public companies, some of which were Perpetual Trustees Australia Ltd (Chairman), AMP Society (Australia board), CSR Limited, Placer Pacific Ltd, Allgas Energy Ltd, Bank of Queensland Ltd (Deputy Chairman), Casinos Austria International Limited (Chairman), Queensland Cotton Holdings Ltd (Chairman), FKP Ltd (Chairman) and AP Eagers Ltd (Chairman). He was a founding director and deputy Chairman of Brisbane's first FM radio station (Four Triple M Ltd).

Mr Macdonald served as the Honorary Consul for Uruguay in Queensland and served on the Committee of the Royal Automobile Club of Queensland and the Salvation Army (Brisbane Division).

For service to business and commerce through executive roles with a range of investment, banking and agricultural organisations, and to the community as a supporter of charitable and sporting bodies he has been awarded an AM.

Keith DeLacy AM – Independent non-executive director; director since 1 December 1999

Mr DeLacy is the Chairman of the Compliance, Audit and Risk Committee.

Mr DeLacy is a past president of the Queensland Division of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (AICD).

Mr DeLacy was born in Cairns and until recently still lived there with his family. He was the State Member for Cairns for fifteen years and Treasurer of Queensland from 1989 to 1996.

Directors' report (continued)

Information on directors (continued)

Keith DeLacy AM – Independent non-executive director; director since 1 December 1999 (continued)

Mr DeLacy is on the advisory Board of both Queensland Leaders and the Graduate School of Business at QUT.

Over the years he has been Chairman of Macarthur Coal, Australia's largest cotton producer Cubbie Group, COFCO Australia, Queensland Sugar (QSL) and the Global Sugar Alliance, Ergon Energy and the Trinity Group, as well as a range of not-for profits.

For services to the community Mr DeLacy has been awarded an AM, the Centenary Medal, honorary doctorates from both James Cook University (HonDLitt) and Central Queensland University (DUniv), and the Gatton Gold medal from the University of Queensland.

Christoph Zurucker-Burda -non-executive director; director since 14 November 2018

Christoph Zurucker-Burda studied Business Administration at Vienna University of Economics and Business, where he specialized in Business Taxation and Investment Banking and Capital Market Communication. He also spent one semester abroad at the University of South Australia in Adelaide. After graduating, he joined the tax consultancy TPA Horwath in Vienna as a Tax Advisor, moved in 2007 to BDO Auxilia as an Auditor and Certified Tax Advisor and subsequently assumed the position of Senior Fund Manager with a large real estate property fund.

Mr Zurucker-Burda joined Casinos Austria International as Executive Vice President Finance in 2011, was appointed Chief Financial Officer in December 2013 and Chief Executive Officer in July 2018.

Christoph Zurucker-Burda is a qualified auditor and certified tax advisor.

Michael Issenberg – Non-executive director; director since 21 January 2002

Mr Issenberg is Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of AccorHotels Asia Pacific and has been with Accor for more than 20 years. He has responsibility and oversight for AccorHotels' full range of business interests in the Asia Pacific region and is also a member of the Global Executive Committee.

Prior to joining AccorHotels, Mr Issenberg spent five years as Chief Executive Officer, Mirvac Hotels. This was following a successful career at Westin Hotels and Resorts, Laventhol & Horwath and Horwath & Horwath Services Pty Limited in San Francisco and Sydney. He came to Accor with an impressive background in the hotel industry.

In addition to Reef Casino Trust, Mr Issenberg is also a director of The A-HTRUST (Ascendas Hospitality Trust) listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange.

Mr Issenberg, holds a degree in hotel administration from Cornell University, USA and is a Lifetime Member of the Cornell Hotel Society. Mr Issenberg is also a Lifetime Member of Tourism and Transport Forum in Australia.

Mr Issenberg was awarded the Ordre National du Mérite from the French Government for his work in forging strong links between France and the world and for showcasing the best standards in French hospitality, innovation and savoir faire. He was named Asia Pacific Hotelier of the Year 2015 and 2012 in the Hotel Management Awards and International Hotelier of the Year 2014 at the China Hotel Investment Conference.

Directors' report (continued)

Information on directors (continued)

Allan Tan – Executive director; director since 28 March 2006. Alternate for Mr Macdonald; alternate director since 10 July 1997

Mr Tan is the CEO of the Reef Hotel Casino and Executive Director of Casinos Austria International Limited. He joined Casinos Austria International Limited in 1995 as Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary. Since this time, he has held several positions within the group, including Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary for Reef Casino Trust and Regional Manager (Australia, Asia Pacific) for Casinos Austria Group.

Mr Tan holds an honours degree in Commerce (Accounting) from the University of Birmingham, England. He is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and a member of Governance Institute of Australia.

Mr Tan also holds a number of executive directorships within the Casinos Austria Group. Prior to joining Casinos Austria, Mr Tan held positions as an auditor with (now) global audit firm Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu in London and Brisbane, as hotel-casino internal auditor with Hilton Hotels Inc. at Jupiters on the Gold Coast, Financial Controller and Company Secretary of Bond University on the Gold Coast.

Simon McGrath – Non-executive director; director since 23 August 2011

Mr McGrath is a member of the Compliance, Audit and Risk Committee.

Mr McGrath is the Chief Operating Officer for AccorHotels Pacific responsible for over 385 hotels, 53,000 rooms and 21,000 employees in the Pacific region.

Simon has had an extensive and highly respected career in the hotel sector having worked in executive management positions throughout Australia in key cities and iconic destinations. In addition to his local experience, Simon has worked throughout Asia in key locations including Malaysia and Thailand.

In addition to his role as Chief Operating Officer for AccorHotels Pacific, Simon holds the following Directorship Roles: Director of AAPC Limited; Director of Accor Vacation Club (AVC) Mr McGrath also currently holds positions on the following industry Boards: Deputy Chairman of Tourism and Transport Forum (TTF); Deputy President, Accommodation Association of Australia (AAA); Blue Mountains International Hotel Management School Industry Advisory Board. Outside of tourism and hospitality, he holds the position of Independent Director of Genesis Care (leading healthcare company).

Mr McGrath has played a major advocacy role in advancing Indigenous employment in hospitality and wider economic employment. He has also championed and taken a lead role to greatly improve gender diversity in the tourism sector.

Mr McGrath has been recognised for his contribution to the hospitality industry with numerous individual and company awards of excellence. He was awarded Australasian Hotelier of the Year in 2009 and again recently in 2017 and 2018 at the HM (Hotel Management) Awards. Also at the HM Awards, AccorHotels was named Best Accommodation Chain 2013. In addition, Simon received a Gold Bernache, the highest accolade for AccorHotels globally, for Performance in 2012.

Philip Basha – Alternate for Mr Issenberg; alternate director since 23 August 2011

Mr Basha joined the Accor finance team in 2003 and is currently the Senior Vice President Corporate Finance AccorHotels Pacific. He commenced his accounting career at KPMG in 1999 and spent five years as an auditor in its Consumer and Industrial Markets group. He holds a Bachelor of Economics (Accounting) from Macquarie University and is a member of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand.

Directors' report (continued)

Lead auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

The lead auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 39 and forms part of the directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2018.

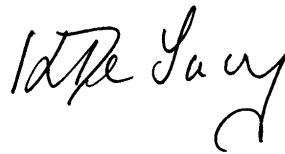
Rounding off

The Trust is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financials/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 dated 24 March 2016 and in accordance with that Corporations Instrument, amounts in the financial statements and the directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Reef Corporate Services Limited.



Richard Haire
Director
Brisbane
22 February 2019



Keith DeLacy
Director

REEF CASINO TRUST

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Note	Dec 2018 \$'000	Dec 2017 \$'000
REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME			
Revenue and other income	4	21,417	22,396
TOTAL REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME		21,417	22,396
EXPENSES			
Depreciation and amortisation	5	4,919	5,033
Property outgoings		1,296	1,220
Rates and taxes		750	776
Responsible Entity fees		1,228	1,154
Repairs and maintenance		1,051	981
Insurance		662	599
Responsible Entity director fees		344	273
Other expenses		823	756
TOTAL EXPENSES		11,073	10,792
RESULTS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		10,344	11,604
Finance costs attributable to unitholders		5,049	5,642
Interest expense on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		245	321
TOTAL FINANCE COSTS	6	5,294	5,963
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		5,050	5,641
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		5,050	5,641
Basic and diluted earnings per unit (cents)	17	20.28	22.66

The statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

REEF CASINO TRUST

Statement of financial position As at 31 December 2018

	Note	Dec 2018 \$'000	Dec 2017 \$'000
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	14	3,169	4,169
Receivables	7	2,289	1,900
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		<u>5,458</u>	<u>6,069</u>
Receivables	7	750	750
Property, plant and equipment	8	98,608	99,745
Intangible assets		107	128
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		<u>99,465</u>	<u>100,623</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>104,923</u>	<u>106,692</u>
LIABILITIES			
Payables	9	3,886	5,368
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>3,886</u>	<u>5,368</u>
Loans and borrowings	10	4,200	3,200
Deferred income		19	27
Issued units – liability portion	11	85,051	85,051
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>89,270</u>	<u>88,278</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>93,156</u>	<u>93,646</u>
EQUITY			
Issued units – equity portion	11	85,051	85,051
Distribution account	12	2,632	3,909
Undistributed income		5,927	5,929
Accumulated losses		(81,843)	(81,843)
TOTAL EQUITY		<u>11,767</u>	<u>13,046</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		<u>104,923</u>	<u>106,692</u>
MEMORANDUM NOTE – ISSUED UNITS			
Issued units – liability portion		85,051	85,051
Issued units – equity portion		85,051	85,051
		<u>170,102</u>	<u>170,102</u>

The statement of financial position is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

REEF CASINO TRUST

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Issued units \$'000	Distribution account \$'000	Undistributed income \$'000	Accumulated losses \$'000	Total \$'000
1 JANUARY 2017	85,051	2,990	6,030	(81,843)	12,228
Profit for the year	-	-	-	5,641	5,641
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	5,641	5,641
Transfer to distribution	-	5,641	-	(5,641)	-
Transfer from undistributed income account	-	101	(101)	-	-
Distributions paid	-	(4,823)	-	-	(4,823)
31 DECEMBER 2017	85,051	3,909	5,929	(81,843)	13,046
1 JANUARY 2018	85,051	3,909	5,929	(81,843)	13,046
Profit for the year	-	-	-	5,050	5,050
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	5,050	5,050
Transfer to distribution	-	5,050	-	(5,050)	-
Transfer from undistributed income account	-	2	(2)	-	-
Distributions paid	-	(6,329)	-	-	(6,329)
31 DECEMBER 2018	85,051	2,632	5,927	(81,843)	11,767

The statement of changes in equity is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

REEF CASINO TRUST

Statement of cash flows For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Note	Dec 2018 \$'000	Dec 2017 \$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash receipts in the course of operations		23,084	24,997
Cash payments in the course of operations		(8,336)	(7,588)
Interest received		80	76
Interest and other finance costs paid		(242)	(325)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	14	14,586	17,160
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(4,032)	(4,126)
Proceeds of disposal of property, plant and equipment		1	2
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(4,031)	(4,124)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Drawdown of loan		8,500	6,500
Repayment of loan		(7,500)	(10,500)
Distributions paid (equity portion and liability portion)		(12,555)	(9,642)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	14	(11,555)	(13,642)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		(1,000)	(606)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		4,169	4,775
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31 DECEMBER	14	3,169	4,169

The statement of cash flows is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

1. The Trust

Reef Casino Trust (the Trust) was established by a Trust Constitution dated 2 July 1993 as amended by supplemental deeds dated 30 November 1993, 19 September 1999, 31 May 2000, 8 August 2001, 14 April 2004 and 29 June 2005. The Trust is a registered managed investment scheme under the *Corporations Act 2001*. Reef Corporate Services Limited, a company domiciled in Australia, is the Responsible Entity of the Trust. The Trust is the owner and lessor of the Reef Hotel Casino complex in Cairns, North Queensland, Australia. The Trust is a for profit entity.

2. Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The financial statements of the Trust comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

This is the first set of annual financial statements in which AASB 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* and AASB 9 *Financial Instruments* which became effective on 1 January 2018 have been applied. The nature and effect of changes arising from these standards are summarised in Note 3(b).

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors of the Responsible Entity on 22 February 2019.

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Trust's functional currency.

The Trust is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financials/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 dated 24 March 2016 and in accordance with that Corporations Instrument, amounts in the financial statements and the directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in note 8 – property, plant and equipment (lease classification).

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

3. Significant accounting policies

The significant and other accounting policies are set out below and throughout the notes to the financial statements and have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements unless otherwise stated.

(a) Income tax

Under current Australian income tax legislation, the Trust is not subject to income tax, provided that certain legislative requirements regarding distribution are satisfied. Tax allowances for building and plant and equipment depreciation are distributed in the form of tax deferred amounts.

(b) New standards adopted

The adoption of AASB 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* has not had a significant impact on the timing or amount of revenue recognised. The Trust's rental income is derived from The Reef Hotel Casino operated by Casino Austria International (Cairns) Pty Ltd (CAIC). While CAIC made some changes to the classification between certain revenue and expenses on adoption of AASB 15 the impact on the quantification of rental income to the Trust was not material.

The Trust has adopted AASB 15 using the cumulative effect method. Accordingly, the information presented for 2017 has not been restated and is presented, as previously reported, under AASB 118 and related interpretations. There was no impact on retained earnings recognised at the date of initial application (1 January 2018).

AASB 9 *Financial Instruments* replaces AASB 139's *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* requirements. It makes major changes to the previous guidance on the classification and measurement of financial assets and introduces an 'expected credit loss' model for impairment of financial assets. The adoption of AASB 9 has not had a significant effect on the classification and measurement of financial assets or liabilities of the Trust. There was no impact on retained earnings recognised at the date of initial application (1 January 2018).

(c) Standards issued but not yet effective

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2018, and earlier application is permitted; however, the Trust has not early applied the following new or amended standards in preparing these financial statements.

AASB 16 *Leases* (effective 1 January 2019)

AASB 16 establishes principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases with the objective of ensuring that lessees and lessors provide relevant information that faithfully represents those transactions. The Trust has completed its detailed assessment of the potential impact on its financial statements.

No significant change is expected in relation to the operating leases where the trust is lessor or in relation to the site lease as lessor accounting and finance lease accounting for lessees remains similar to the current standard.

It is not expected that Casino Austria International (Cairns) Pty Limited (CAIC)'s adoption of AASB 16 will have a significant consequential impact on trust rental income as the impact on CAIC's results, on which the Trust's contingent rental is calculated, is not expected to be material upon adoption of the new standard. Following a review of the lease agreements amendments were made to ensure the definitions in the leases reflect the change in the nature of the accounting treatment for the lease payments.

On 1 January 2019 the Trust will recognise a new right of use asset and lease liability for its lease of land used as a car park of \$150K with changes also in the nature of expenses related to that lease.

REEF CASINO TRUST

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Dec 2018 \$'000	Dec 2017 \$'000
4. Revenue and other income		
RENTAL		
Base rent	1,139	1,117
Contingent rent	20,091	21,084
	<u>21,230</u>	<u>22,201</u>
INTEREST RECEIVED AND RECEIVABLE FROM		
Other persons	14	11
Related parties	65	65
	<u>79</u>	<u>76</u>
OTHER REVENUE		
Sundry	108	119
	<u>21,417</u>	<u>22,396</u>

Rental revenue is determined in accordance with the lease agreements relating to the Reef Hotel Casino and is made up of two components: a base rent and a contingent rental component. The base rental component is indexed on a yearly basis and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The contingent rental component is based on the performance of the lessee and is recognised when contractually due.

5. Expenses

Net profit includes the following specific expenses:

DEPRECIATION		
Building	1,453	1,447
Plant and equipment	2,699	2,811
	<u>4,152</u>	<u>4,258</u>
AMORTISATION		
Computer software	60	68
Site lease	707	707
	<u>767</u>	<u>775</u>
	<u>4,919</u>	<u>5,033</u>
Net loss on disposal of plant and equipment	<u>46</u>	<u>26</u>

6. Finance income and expense

RECOGNISED IN PROFIT OR LOSS		
Interest income on bank deposits	14	11
Interest income on loans and receivables	65	65
FINANCE INCOME	<u>79</u>	<u>76</u>
Interest expense on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(245)	(321)
Finance costs attributable to unitholders	(5,049)	(5,642)
FINANCE EXPENSE	<u>(5,294)</u>	<u>(5,963)</u>
NET FINANCE INCOME AND EXPENSE	<u>(5,215)</u>	<u>(5,887)</u>

REEF CASINO TRUST

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

6. Finance income and expense (continued)

The above finance income and expenses are in respect of assets and liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss.

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested. Interest income is recognised as it accrues in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Finance costs comprise interest expense on borrowings calculated using the effective interest method, and the portion of distributions comprising 50% of net income (note 12).

7. Receivables

	Dec 2018 \$'000	Dec 2017 \$'000
CURRENT		
Rent and interest receivable from lessee	2,223	1,839
Prepayments and other debtors	66	61
	<u>2,289</u>	<u>1,900</u>
NON-CURRENT		
Loan to lessee, bearing an interest rate of 8.71% (2017: 8.71%)	<u>750</u>	750

Loans and receivables are measured initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Financial assets are also tested for impairment. For exposure to credit risk see note 18.

8. Property, plant and equipment

	Site lease \$'000	Building & integral plant \$'000	Plant & equipment \$'000	Work in progress \$'000	Total \$'000
AT 1 JANUARY 2017					
At cost or deemed cost	53,000	72,510	59,553	691	185,754
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation	(16,282)	(19,565)	(48,360)	-	(84,207)
Net carrying amount	<u>36,718</u>	<u>52,945</u>	<u>11,193</u>	<u>691</u>	<u>101,547</u>
YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017					
Opening net carrying amount	36,718	52,945	11,193	691	101,547
Additions	-	59	1,381	1,748	3,188
Disposals	-	(2)	(23)	-	(25)
Transfers from WIP	-	1,443	990	(2,433)	-
Depreciation/amortisation charge	(707)	(1,447)	(2,811)	-	(4,965)
Closing net carrying amount	<u>36,011</u>	<u>52,998</u>	<u>10,730</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>99,745</u>
AT 31 DECEMBER 2017					
At cost or deemed cost	53,000	74,007	60,009	6	187,022
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation	(16,989)	(21,009)	(49,279)	-	(87,277)
Net carrying amount	<u>36,011</u>	<u>52,998</u>	<u>10,730</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>99,745</u>

REEF CASINO TRUST

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

8. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

	Site lease \$'000	Building & integral plant \$'000	Plant & equipment \$'000	Work in progress \$'000	Total \$'000
YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018					
Opening net carrying amount	36,011	52,998	10,730	6	99,745
Additions	-	-	1,399	2,369	3,768
Disposals	-	(24)	(22)	-	(46)
Transfers from WIP	-	100	2,115	(2,215)	-
Depreciation/amortisation charge	(707)	(1,453)	(2,699)	-	(4,859)
Closing net carrying amount	35,304	51,621	11,523	160	98,608
AT 31 DECEMBER 2018					
At cost or deemed cost	53,000	74,007	61,482	160	188,649
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation	(17,696)	(22,386)	(49,959)	-	(90,041)
Net carrying amount	35,304	51,621	11,523	160	98,608
				Dec 2018 \$'000	Dec 2017 \$'000

Capital expenditure commitments

Contracted but not provided for and payable:

Not longer than one year

314

359

(i) Recognition and measurement

Site lease, buildings, integral plant, plant and equipment and work in progress are measured at cost or deemed cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Trust.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, and is generally recognised in profit or loss (note 5). Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Trust will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

- Site lease 75 years
- Buildings and integral plant 15 – 73 years
- Plant and equipment 2 – 20 years

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

8. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(iii) Depreciation (continued)

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reassessed at each annual reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

External valuation

An independent valuation of the Trust's interest in the Reef Hotel Casino Complex was carried out by JLL Hotels & Hospitality Group as at 31 December 2017. The complex was valued at \$150 million. The valuation was determined in line with policy set out below. The current use is considered to be the highest and best use. The Trust's interest in the complex, which is considered to be a cash generating unit, comprises the building, site lease, casino licence and plant and equipment. The casino licence has an amortised cost of nil (2017: nil).

(i) Valuation process

The Trust Constitution requires the Trust to obtain independent valuations of the complex at least once during every 3 years, by an independent valuer, under the instructions given by the Responsible Entity. The valuation is used for disclosure purposes, and also assists the Trust in determining whether there is any impairment of the cash generating unit.

The Trust Constitution requires that the valuation is based on the price, at which a property might reasonably be expected to be sold at the date of valuation, assuming:

- (i) a willing, but not anxious, buyer and seller; and
- (ii) a reasonable period in which to negotiate the sale, having regard to the nature and situation of the property and the state of the market for property of the same kind; and
- (iii) that the property was reasonably exposed to that market; and
- (iv) that, except in relation to the Casino Licence, no account is taken of the value or other advantage or benefit, additional to market value, to the buyer incidental to ownership of property being valued; and
- (v) that the Trust has sufficient resources to allow a reasonable period for the exposure of the property for sale; and
- (vi) that the Trust has sufficient resources to negotiate an agreement for the sale of the property.

In undertaking the valuation assignment the valuer utilises discounted cash flow, equivalent yield capitalisation and earnings multiple valuation methods. The discounted cash flow method derives the net present value by applying a selected discount rate to the five year cash flow forecast. The equivalent yield capitalisation is based on the five year trading forecast firstly discounted for inflation to reflect financial performance in current dollars and after annual capital expenditure allowance. The earnings multiple approach is calculated by applying an earnings multiple to the first year's net income estimate.

As some of the inputs used in these valuation techniques are not based on 'observable market data' the valuation is classified as a level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

Leased assets

Leases in terms of which the Trust assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Upon initial recognition the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Other leases are operating leases and are not recognised in the Trust's statement of financial position.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

8. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Site lease

The Trust paid \$53 million to the Queensland Government by way of a lump sum prepayment of the rental payable for the term of the lease (75 years) for the site on which the Reef Hotel Casino complex is situated. Even though the lease is not eligible for conversion to freehold tenure, the Trust determined that the site lease is a finance lease. At 31 December 2018, the remaining term of the site lease was 50 years. The conditions of the lease are set out in the Cairns Casino Agreement which forms part of the Cairns Casino Agreement Act 1993. Negotiations for a further lease can take place during the last 10 years. The lease cannot be assigned or sublet without consent of the Minister. The site is required to be used for commercial purposes only.

Operating leases as lessor

The Trust leases out the Reef Hotel Casino under an operating lease. The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable leases are as follows:

	Dec 2018 \$'000	Dec 2017 \$'000
Less than one year	1,139	1,139
Between one and five years	4,554	4,554
More than five years	34,772	7,780
	40,465	13,473

The casino, hotel and ancillary facilities lease agreements expire on 26 October 2029 and will automatically extend from year to year until 16 June 2054 subject to certain ownership conditions being met. Base rent is set out in the lease (and is indexed annually) and additional rent is based on financial performance. The future minimum lease payments shown do not include rentals which are contingent on revenue of the operator, and do not include recovery of outgoings. The non-cancellable period of the lease was reassessed in 2018.

Impairment testing

The carrying amount is reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash generating units (CGU). The recoverable amount of an asset or (CGU) is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

Impairment losses are recognised if the carrying amount of the asset or its CGU exceeds the recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit and loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of CGUs are allocated to reduce the carrying amount on a pro rata basis.

Operating leases as lessee

The Trust leases a carpark under an operating lease. The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable leases are as follows:

	Dec 2018 \$'000	Dec 2017 \$'000
Less than one year	71	70
Between one and five years	71	140
	142	210

REEF CASINO TRUST

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

9. Payables

	Dec 2018 \$'000	Dec 2017 \$'000
CURRENT		
Trade creditors and accruals – unsecured	1,254	1,559
Accrued distributions (note 12)	2,632	3,809
	3,886	5,368

Payables are measured initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

10. Loans and borrowings

	Facility available		Facility used		Facility unused	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
NON-CURRENT						
Bank loan – BOQ Limited (expires 31 January 2022)	13,500	13,500	4,200	3,200	9,300	10,300
	13,500	13,500	4,200	3,200	9,300	10,300

The Trust's loans and borrowings are measured at amortised cost. For more information about the Trust's exposure to interest rate and liquidity risk, see note 18.

The bank loan is secured by a registered first and second mortgage over the Special Lease (a Crown lease for a term of 75 years under which the Trust occupies the site on which the complex is built) and a first ranking fixed and floating equitable charge over the whole of the assets and undertakings of the Trust.

Interest is payable at a fixed margin over Bank of Queensland's cost of funds and is calculated daily on the drawn down value.

11. Issued units

	Dec 2018 \$'000	Dec 2017 \$'000
49,801,036 (December 2017: 49,801,036) units		
Issued units – equity portion	85,051	85,051
Issued units – liability portion	85,051	85,051
	170,102	170,102

The number of issued units includes 740,000 (December 2017: 740,000) restricted founder units.

Founder units can only be transferred with consent of the founders and the Governor of Queensland and by making a binding covenant to be bound by the Foundation Agreement. Founder units cannot be encumbered.

Compound financial instruments – issued units

The Trust Constitution contains a contractual obligation to distribute at least 50% of Trust income for any income period. The issued units have therefore been classified as a compound financial instrument containing both a liability and an equity component. The liability component is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. As the fair value of future distributions cannot be ascertained with any certainty, the directors of the Responsible Entity have determined that the liability component comprises 50% of the value of total issued units with the equity component comprising the other 50% in line with the obligation to distribute 50% of Trust income.

REEF CASINO TRUST

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

12. Distributions

Distributable income

The Trust Constitution requires calculation of distributable income for each half yearly period commencing either on the first day of January or July and the amount transferred to a distribution account on the last day of such period. As the Trust must distribute at least 50% of net income for the period, this 50% is classified as a liability, and shown as an accrued liability on the statement of financial position (note 9). The remaining portion of the distribution is debited directly to equity and recognised as a liability in the period it is declared.

The proposed distribution for the six months ended 31 December 2018 was declared on 22 February 2019, and accounted for as follows:

	Dec 2018 \$'000	Dec 2017 \$'000
DISTRIBUTION ACCOUNT (refer to statement of changes in equity)		
Balance relating to issued units – equity portion	2,632	3,909
ACCRUED DISTRIBUTION (payables – note 9)		
Balance relating to issued units – liability portion	2,632	3,809
TOTAL OF DISTRIBUTION ACCOUNTS	5,264	7,718

	Dec 2018		Dec 2017	
	Total \$'000	Cents per Unit	Total \$'000	Cents per Unit
<i>Distributions paid and payable</i>				
Half year ended 30 June paid September	4,836	9.71	3,666	7.36
Half year ended 31 December paid/payable				
March	5,264	10.57	7,718	15.50
	10,100	20.28	11,384	22.86

13. Segment information

The results and financial position of the Trust's single operating segment are prepared for the board on a basis consistent with Australian Accounting Standards and thus no additional disclosures in relation to the revenues, profit or loss, assets and liabilities and other material items have been made. Entity-wide disclosures are detailed below:

	Dec 2018 \$'000	Dec 2017 \$'000
RENTAL INCOME		
Casino operations	17,049	18,882
Hotel and other non-casino operations	4,181	3,319
	21,230	22,201

Rental income is received from the lessee of the complex, Casinos Austria International (Cairns) Pty Ltd, which is the Trust's only customer. All revenue received and non-current assets held are located in one geographical area – Australia.

REEF CASINO TRUST

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Dec 2018 \$'000	Dec 2017 \$'000
14. Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash (held in interest bearing accounts, at call)	3,169	4,169
Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities		
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	5,050	5,641
ADJUSTMENTS FOR:		
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	46	26
Finance costs attributable to unitholders	5,049	5,642
Depreciation and amortisation	4,919	5,033
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES BEFORE CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL	15,064	16,342
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/decrease in receivables and other assets	(389)	409
Increase/(decrease) in payables	(81)	417
Increase/(decrease) in deferred income	(8)	(8)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	14,586	17,160

Reconciliation of liabilities and associated equity balances arising from financing activities

	Liabilities		Equity	
	Loan \$'000	Accrued distribution \$'000	Distribution account \$'000	Total \$'000
AT 1 JANUARY 2017	7,200	2,986	2,990	13,176
Cashflows	(4,000)	(4,819)	(4,823)	(13,642)
Distribution paid/payable	-	5,642	5,742	11,384
AT 31 DECEMBER 2017	3,200	3,809	3,909	10,918
AT 1 JANUARY 2018	3,200	3,809	3,909	10,918
Cashflows	1,000	(6,226)	(6,329)	(11,555)
Distribution paid/payable	-	5,049	5,051	10,100
AT 31 DECEMBER 2018	4,200	2,632	2,631	9,463

15. Related party information

The Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of Reef Casino Trust is Reef Corporate Services Limited (ABN 66 057 599 621) which is jointly controlled by Casinos Austria International Limited and Accor Casino Investments (Australia) Pty Ltd.

REEF CASINO TRUST

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

15. Related party information (continued)

Key management personnel

	Short-term salary & fees	Post-employment superannuation benefits	Total
	\$	\$	\$
2018			
Non-executive directors			
Richard Haire (Chairman from 24 August 2018)	107,613	10,223	117,836
Benjamin Macdonald (Chairman until 24 August 2018)	123,589	11,741	135,330
Keith DeLacy	83,000	7,885	90,885
Alexander Labak (26 February 2018 to 13 November 2018)	-	-	-
Christoph Zurucker-Burda (appointed 14 November 2018)	-	-	-
Michael Issenberg	-	-	-
Simon McGrath	-	-	-
Philip Basha	-	-	-
Karl Stoss resigned 6 February 2018	-	-	-
Mr Alexander Tucek until 6 February 2018	-	-	-
Executive director			
Allan Tan (Chief Executive Officer - Operator)	90,696		90,696
Executive			
Alison Galligan (Company Secretary)	104,837		104,837
Total	509,735	29,849	539,584
2017			
Non-executive directors			
Benjamin Macdonald (Chairman)	115,000	10,925	125,925
Keith DeLacy	68,000	6,460	74,460
Karl Stoss	-	-	-
Michael Issenberg	-	-	-
Simon McGrath	-	-	-
Richard Haire	66,000	6,270	72,270
Alexander Tucek	-	-	-
Philip Basha	-	-	-
Executive director			
Allan Tan (Chief Executive Officer - Operator)	78,357	-	78,357
Executive			
Alison Galligan (Company Secretary)	99,163	-	99,163
Total	426,520	23,655	450,175

Only directors who are not full time executives of Casinos Austria International Limited group or Accor Asia Pacific group receive director fees which are reimbursed by the Trust.

The Trust has no employees and pays no amounts directly to executives. The amounts disclosed above have been reimbursed by the Trust to Casinos Austria International Limited, the employer of executives involved in the management of the Trust. The amount is based on an allocation of the executive's time spent on managing the affairs of the Trust (and includes on costs).

The Responsible Entity determines remuneration levels and ensures they are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced directors. This is determined by given trends in other public companies in the same industry.

None of the directors of the Responsible Entity has or has had any interest in the promotion of the Trust or in the property acquired for the purposes of the Trust other than the directors of the Responsible Entity who are entitled to receive directors' fees which are reimbursed by the Trust, as set out above.

REEF CASINO TRUST

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

15. Related party information (continued)

Key management personnel (continued)

During the financial year the Trust has paid premiums to insure current and former directors and officers of the Responsible Entity against liabilities arising as a result of work performed in their capacity as directors or officers of the Responsible Entity.

The insurance policy prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability insured against and the amount of the premium.

Unit holdings of directors of the Responsible Entity

Name	Balance at start of the year	Changes during the year	Balance at end of the year
	Number	Number	Number
Richard Haire	-	-	-
Benjamin Macdonald	263,750	-	263,750
Keith DeLacy	5,000	-	5,000
Christoph Zurucker-Burda	-	-	-
Michael Issenberg	221,000	-	221,000
Allan Tan	79,950	-	79,950
Simon McGrath	-	-	-
Philip Basha	-	-	-
Former Directors			
Alexander Labak	-	-	-
Karl Stoss	-	-	-
Alexander Tucek	-	-	-

Responsible Entity's remuneration

	Transactions value		Balance outstanding	
	Dec 2018 \$	Dec 2017 \$	Dec 2018 \$	Dec 2017 \$
Fees paid or payable by the Trust to Reef Corporate Services Limited during the year				
Responsible Entity fee	1,228,352	1,154,375	613,404	608,316
Reimbursement of trust expenses	132,961	100,204	-	-

Under the Trust Constitution, the Responsible Entity is entitled to fees amounting to:

- (i) Half yearly fees calculated as 0.375% of the value of net assets of the Trust (as defined in the Trust Constitution) as at the last day of the half year period just completed, paid quarterly, plus
- (ii) Half yearly fees calculated as the greater of \$37,500 indexed and a fee calculated on a sliding scale by reference to the value of gross assets (as defined in the Trust Constitution), payable within two months of the end of each half yearly period.

The Responsible Entity is also entitled to reimbursement of Trust expenses incurred on behalf of the Trust.

REEF CASINO TRUST

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

15. Related party information (continued)

Other related parties

- Casinos Austria International Limited and Accor Casino Investments (Australia) Pty Limited jointly control the lessee.
- Reef Casino Investments Pty Ltd (jointly owned by Casinos Austria International Limited and Accor Casino Investments (Australia) Pty Ltd) directly owns 50.2% (2017: 50.2%) of Reef Casino Trust.
- Casinos Austria International Holding GmbH (the parent company of Casinos Austria International Limited) is incorporated in Austria and directly owns 11.37% (2017: 11.37%) of Reef Casino Trust.
- Casinos Austria International Limited directly owns 5.53% (2017: 5.53%) of Reef Casino Trust and Accor Casino Investments (Australia) Pty Ltd directly owns 4.86% (2017: 4.86%) of Reef Casino Trust.

Each of these entities is considered to be a related party and transactions and balances with these entities are summarised below.

	Transaction value		Balance outstanding	
	Dec 2018	Dec 2017	Dec 2018	Dec 2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aggregate amounts brought to account in relation to transactions with other related parties:				
Rental income received from lessee	21,228,858	22,201,370	22,217,226	1,833,332
Interest on loan to lessee	65,325	65,325	5,548	5,548
Operating expenses paid by the Trust to the lessee and entities related to the Responsible Entity	2,711,324	2,400,778	180,172	163,383
Management fee to lessee	160,018	125,843	12,026	32,152
Distribution paid or payable	8,187,193	7,530,841	1,893,689	2,741,434
Aggregate amounts receivable/payable with related parties at balance date:				
Current receivables			2,222,774	1,838,880
Non-current receivables			750,000	750,000
Current payables			800,514	803,851
Accrued distribution			1,923,791	2,785,013

All of the above transactions were conducted under normal commercial terms and conditions, and where applicable, in accordance with lease agreements.

Controlling entity

The ultimate chief parent entity is Reef Casino Investments Pty Ltd which is incorporated in Australia.

REEF CASINO TRUST

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

16. Remuneration of auditors

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Trust:

	Dec 2018	Dec 2017
	\$	\$
GRANT THORNTON AUDIT PTY LTD		
Audit of statutory financial reports	67,623	70,646
Other assurance services	24,850	23,000
	<u>92,473</u>	<u>93,646</u>

17. Earnings per unit

Basic earnings per unit is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to unitholders of the Trust by the weighted average number of the equity component of issued units outstanding during the period.

	Dec 2018	Dec 2017
	Cents	Cents
Basic and diluted earnings per unit (cents)	<u>20.28</u>	22.66
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF UNITS (EQUITY PORTION) FOR THE YEAR (NOTE 11)	24,900,518	24,900,518
Profit for the year	\$'000 5,050	\$'000 5,641

18. Financial instruments – fair values and risk management

The Trust has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit risk, liquidity risk, and market risk.

Risk management framework

The board has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. The board has established a Compliance, Audit and Risk Committee, with responsibilities including the review of risk management policies and reports. The committee reports regularly to the board on its activities.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Trust if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Trust's receivables from customers.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The Trust's most significant customer, Casinos Austria International (Cairns) Pty Ltd (lessee of the Reef Hotel Casino), accounts for \$2,972,774 of the receivables carrying amount at 31 December 2018 (2017: \$2,588,880). Details of the lease agreement are contained in note 8.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Trust will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Trust's approach to managing liquidity is to use cash flow management and forecasts to ensure there is enough cash to meet liabilities when due.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements.

REEF CASINO TRUST

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

18. Financial instruments – fair values and risk management (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

	Carrying amount \$'000	Contractual cash flows \$'000	Less than 1yr \$'000	1 to 2 years \$'000	2 to 5 years \$'000
31 DECEMBER 2018					
NON-DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES					
Trade creditors and accruals	1,254	1,254	1,254	-	-
Accrued distribution	2,632	2,632	2,632	-	-
Bank borrowings	4,200	4,938	181	181	4,576
Issued units – liability portion*	85,051	-	-	-	-
31 DECEMBER 2017					
NON-DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES					
Trade creditors and accruals	1,559	1,559	1,559	-	-
Accrued distribution	3,809	3,809	3,809	-	-
Bank borrowings	3,200	3,344	133	3,211	-
Issued units – liability portion*	85,051	-	-	-	-

* Future cash flows from the liability portion of issued units are dependent on the future income of the Trust (refer to note 11). Finance costs attributable to unitholders for the year ended 31 December 2018 totalled \$5,049,000 (2017: \$5,642,000).

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amounts.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates will affect the Trust's income. The Trust generally manages interest rate exposure by considering a balance of fixed interest debt to variable interest debt with some flexibility to adjust the ratio, and investing excess cash at variable interest rates.

Interest rate risk

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Trust's interest-bearing financial instruments was:

	Dec 2018 \$'000	Dec 2017 \$'000
VARIABLE RATE INSTRUMENTS		
Financial assets	3,919	4,919
Financial liabilities	(4,200)	(3,200)
	(281)	1,719

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates would increase or decrease the Trust's finance income by \$39,000 (2017: \$49,000), finance costs by \$ 42,000 (2017: \$32,000) and profit for the year by \$3,000 (2017: \$17,000).

REEF CASINO TRUST

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

18. Financial instruments – fair values and risk management (continued)

Fair values

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the statement of financial position, are as follows:

	31 December 2018		31 December 2017	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
ASSETS CARRIED AT AMORTISED COST				
Cash and cash equivalents	3,169	3,169	4,169	4,169
Receivables	3,039	3,039	2,650	2,650
	6,208	6,208	6,819	6,819
LIABILITIES CARRIED AT AMORTISED COST				
Payables	3,886	3,886	5,368	5,368
Loans and borrowings	4,200	4,200	3,200	3,200
Issued units – liability portion	85,051	75,947	85,051	81,425
	93,137	84,033	93,619	89,993

Interest rates used for determining fair value

The interest rates used to discount estimated cash flows are as follows:

	2018	2017
Receivables	8.71%	8.71%
Loans and borrowings	4.30%	4.15%

Fair value hierarchy

The Trust uses the following hierarchy in determining and disclosing the fair value of a financial instrument:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

(i) Current receivables and current payables

Due to the short-term nature of the Trust's current receivables and current payables, their carrying value is assumed to approximate their fair value.

(ii) Non-current receivables and loans and borrowings

The fair value of the Trust's non-current receivables and loans and borrowings is estimated as the present value of future cash flows (principal and interest), discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. The inputs used are classified as level 2.

(iii) Issued units – liability portion

Fair value is based on the quoted market price per unit at the reporting date and is a level 1 input.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

19. Capital management

The Trust policy is to maintain the current level of issued units (2018: \$170,102,000; 2017: \$170,102,000). Capital requirements are assessed based on budgeted cash flows and capital expenditure commitments and are monitored on an ongoing basis. Should new funding be required for enhancement or for investment in new opportunities the Trust will consider an appropriate balance of new equity and/or debt funding. Surplus funds are used to repay debt.

The board sets the level of distributions to unitholders taking into account the requirements of the Trust Constitution which require that the Trust must distribute at least 50% of net distributable income for each half yearly period commencing either on the first day of January or July and the taxation legislation regarding trust distributions. It is the board's current policy to distribute all of the Trust's distributable income.

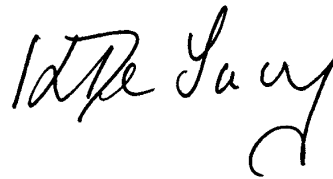
Directors' declaration

- 1 In the opinion of the directors of Reef Corporate Services Limited, the Responsible Entity of Reef Casino Trust:
 - (a) the financial statements and notes that are set out in pages 14 to 34, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Trust's financial position as at 31 December 2018 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Trust will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 2 The directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 from the chief executive officer and chief financial officer for the financial year ended 31 December 2018.
- 3 The directors draw attention to note 2(a) to the financial statements which includes a statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Reef Corporate Services Limited:



Richard Haire
Director



Keith DeLacy
Director

Brisbane
22 February 2019

Independent Auditor's Report

To the unitholders of Reef Casino Trust

Report on the audit of the financial report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Reef Casino Trust (the Trust), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Reef Casino Trust is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a giving a true and fair view of the Trust's financial position as at 31 December 2018 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Determination and recognition of revenue – Note 4. Revenue and other income

The Trust leases its facilities to a related party, Casinos Austria International (Cairns) Pty Ltd (the Lessee). Accordingly the Trust's rental revenue is determined in accordance with the lease agreements between the Trust and the Lessee.

Rental revenue comprises two components: a base rent and a contingent rent. The base rent component is indexed yearly and recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term. The contingent rent component is based on the financial performance and results of the Lessee and is recognised when contractually due. The contingent rent component comprises the majority of total rental revenue.

This is a key audit matter given that it is material to the Trust's results and is recognised based on the financial performance and results of the Lessee.

Our audit procedures to address the risk of material misstatement relating to the determination and recognition of rental revenue included, amongst others:

- Assessing the design and implementation of management's controls over the determination and recognition of rental revenue;
- Analysing management's calculation of rental revenue in accordance with the lease agreements and with the audited financial statements of the Lessee; and
- Assessing the appropriateness and sufficiency of the work performed on the Lessee's financial statements for the relevant period by the Lessee's auditor.

Information other than the financial report and auditor's report thereon

The directors of Reef Corporate Services Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Trust, are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Trust's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2018, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors of the Responsible Entity of the Trust are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar2.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

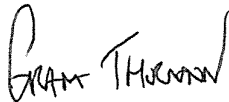
Report on the audit of non-IFRS information

Opinion on non-IFRS information

In our opinion, the non-IFRS financial information disclosed as distributable profit included in the chairman's review on pages 1 and 2 for the year ended 31 December 2018 is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the basis of preparation set out on page 1.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Responsible Entity of the Trust are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the non-IFRS financial information in accordance with the basis of preparation set out on page 1 and for having regard to the guidelines set out in ASIC Regulatory Guide 230: Disclosing Non-IFRS Financial Information. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the non-IFRS financial information, based on our audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards.



Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd
Chartered Accountants



A D Cornes
Partner – Audit & Assurance

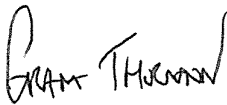
Cairns, 22 February 2019

Auditor's Independence Declaration

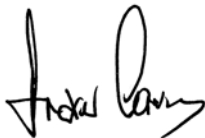
To the Directors of the Responsible Entity of Reef Casino Trust

In accordance with the requirements of section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, as lead auditor for the audit of Reef Casino Trust for the year ended 31 December 2018, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd
Chartered Accountants



A D Cornes
Partner – Audit & Assurance

Cairns, 22 February 2019

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