Rules 4.1, 4.3

## Appendix 4E

## Preliminary final report

Name of entity
Steamships Trading Company Limited

| ABN or equivalent company <br> reference | Half yearly <br> (tick) | Preliminary <br> final (tick) | Financial year ended ('current period') |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 055836952 |  | $\boxed{y}$ |  |

For announcement to the market
Extracts from this report for announcement to the market.
$K^{\prime} 000$

| Revenues from continuing operations | Up/down 0.5\% | to | 560,817 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit from continuing operations after tax attributable to members | Up/ down -42.5\% | to | 19,698 |
| Profit for the period attributable to members | Up/-down 67.5\% | to | 69,529 |
| Dividends (distributions) | Amount per security | Franked amount per security |  |
| Final dividend Interim dividend | $\begin{gathered} 120 \mathrm{t} \\ 45 \mathrm{t} \end{gathered}$ | 0t |  |
| Previous corresponding period | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \mathrm{t} \\ & 70 \mathrm{t} \end{aligned}$ | 0t |  |
| Record date for determining entitlements to the dividend, <br> (in the case of a trust, distribution) | $30^{\text {th }}$ April 2019 |  |  |

## Preliminary Final Report to the Stock Exchange

In 2018, PNG took pride in successfully hosting the APEC summit and issuing its first USD denominated sovereign bond. Steamships also celebrated 100 years since its incorporation. The country \& its economy were rocked by an earthquake affecting the resource production areas of the Highlands and Western Province early in the year, but has since recovered well.

The underlying profit shows the impact of a continuation of the difficult economic conditions experienced over the past few years. The moderate increases in some key commodity prices earlier in the year did not have a noticeable positive impact on the wider economy. Furthermore, the ongoing shortage of foreign currency in PNG has suppressed economic activity. The forex situation does appear to be alleviating, helped somewhat by the USD bond issue.

Although there was a modest boost to the Port Moresby economy from the APEC Leaders' summit, the growth in hotel and property capacity has increased competitive pressure in an otherwise weak demand environment. Steamships' sales revenue increased $0.5 \%$ to K560 million against last year's K558 million, on a continuing basis, after the sale of Laga Industries and the loss of the stevedoring businesses in Port Moresby and Lae.


Depreciation in 2018 was K82.9 million (excluding impairments) against K94.6 million in 2017, and interest on borrowings (excluding capitalised interest) was K10.3 million against K13.5 million in 2017. Capital expenditure for the year was K56.1 million (with capitalised interest of K1.7 million) against K54.1 million (with capitalised interest of K1.4 million) in 2017 reflecting a continuation of the cautious investment programme in the current economic climate. The group's net operating cash flow generation improved $14.3 \%$ to K116.7 million against K102 million in 2017. The cash balance at year end is K193.5m.

A final dividend of 120 toea per share has been proposed and will be paid following approval at the company's annual general meeting on the $7^{\text {th }}$ of June 2019, subject to Steamships' ability to secure
foreign exchange for non PNG shareholders. This brings the total dividend for the year to 165 toea per share ( $2017=110$ toea per share). The dividend is unfranked and there is no conduit foreign income.

## Significant items

As disclosed at the half year, the company sold its $100 \%$ shareholding in Laga Industries Ltd in July 2018 and recognised a gain on the sale.

Also as initially disclosed at the half year, the cessation of operations of the joint venture stevedoring companies in Port Moresby and Lae has resulted in a further impairment of assets at year end as the residual fixed assets in these companies have now been sold. In addition, the soft international market for coastal vessels and oversupply of such vessels in PNG, has resulted in an impairment of some of the vessels in the Consort Express Lines fleet. An impairment of K7.9m (net) has been recognised for all the above.

Consort Express Lines has recorded a tax loss for the past few years and such cumulative losses are available to offset future taxable profits in computation of the company's tax liability. A deferred tax asset of K30.6m was recognised at 31 December 2017 in respect of tax losses. Management have re-assesed the recoverability of tax losses at 31 December 2018 in light of current trading conditions and determined that it is prudent that the tax loss is no longer carried forward as a deferred tax asset, notwithstanding management's efforts to utilise value for these tax losses in the future.

Pacific Towing successfully completed numerous salvage operations in 2018. Such operations are unpredictable and as such they are accounted for as significant items as distinct from the on-going operations, the results of which are described below.

## Logistics

The Joint Venture Port Services businesses had a steady performance in 2018, notwithstanding the loss of Port Moresby and Lae operations on the award by the PNG Government of the International Terminal Operator concession to a foreign enterprise early in the year. JVPS continues to enjoy strong business in ports outside these centres and is optimistic of continuing to provide high quality services to its customers in regional locations.

East West transport continues to grow profitably across the country due to a strong customer and fleet reliability focus.

Consort Express Lines experienced a highly competitive coastal liner and projects shipping market. Disappointingly, fleet reliability and schedule integrity fell short of expectations this year. Charter vessels were deployed from overseas to meet the needs of customers. New systems and expertise introduced in 2018 positions Consort for an improved performance in 2019. Whilst investment in the resource sector was relatively weak, the market is expected to recover in the medium term which bodes better for projects work.

Pacific Towing experienced a satisfactory year in its principal harbour towage work across ports in PNG. It has relocated its main base to the new Motukea port in Port Moresby. Other activities, being non-harbour towage, diving and life raft activity, were steady. The company was engaged in a number of successful salvage operations in 2018.

# Appendix 4E <br> Preliminary final report 

## Property \& Hotels

Pacific Palms Property experienced a reduction in yields in 2018 but an increase in occupancy delivered a profit in line with expectations. Numerous projects were completed in the year. The Harbourside Development in Port Moresby reached full occupancy and construction of the second phase residential, commercial and retail development will commence shortly.

Coral Sea Hotels did not experience the anticipated boost from the APEC related events held through 2018 although it performed well during the APEC Leaders' summit. The increase in competitive supply of hotel rooms in Port Moresby may prove challenging for the industry to absorb until growth returns for business and tourist arrivals. Nevertheless, CSH is committed to remain competitive through a sustained focus on investment in the training and development of its staff as well as the quality of its product.

## Commercial

Laga Industries generated satisfactory sales growth in 2018 and was successfully divested in July 2018.

Colgate-Palmolive, (PNG) Limited a PNG incorporated joint venture, saw volume and sales revenue growth across both the Oral Care \& Home Care categories, however Personal Care, whilst delivering sales revenue growth, suffered some volume decline as a result of increased tariffs pushing prices up. Overall margin for the business improved and costs were prudently managed to finish below prior year and budget.

## Trading Outlook

2019 is expected to be another challenging year for the PNG economy. With APEC behind us, the Government will be focused on reducing the fiscal deficit and alleviating the foreign currency shortage. The recently introduced Foreign Investment Review Authority bill requires constructive dialogue between all stakeholders to achieve the aim of promoting local business development without inadvertently destabilising the economy and discouraging foreign investment.

The resource extraction sector is expected to expand in 2019. The recently signed MoU's for both the Papua LNG (natural gas) and Wafi Golpu (copper) projects should progress to binding agreements and subsequent significant investment.

We do not dwell in the past in recognising our centenary year in 2018, rather we remain firmly focused on the future and our commitment to the development of the country and people of PNG and the exciting opportunities that lie ahead.

## Statement of comprehensive income



| Earnings per security (EPS) | Current period (toea) | Previous <br> corresponding period <br> (toea) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Basic \& Diluted EPS (total profit) | 224.2 | 133.9 |
| Basic \& Diluted EPS (continuing) | 63.5 | 110.6 |

## Comparison of half year profits

Consolidated profit from continuing operations after tax attributable to members reported for the $1 s t$ half year

Consolidated profit from continuing operations after tax attributable to members for the $2^{\text {nd }}$ half year

| Current year - K'000 | Previous corresponding <br> period - K’000 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 16,919 |  |
|  | 45,360 |
| $(3,049)$ |  |

## Statement of financial position consolidated

## Current assets

Cash and cash equivalents
Trade and other receivables
Assets held for sale
Income tax receivable
Inventories
Total current asset

| Consolidated Statement of changes in equity | Contributed Equity K'000 | Retained Earnings K'000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { K’000 } \end{aligned}$ | Minority Interests K'000 | Total Equity K’000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance At 1 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ January 2017 | 24,200 | 808,806 | 833,006 | 48,831 | 881,837 |
| Total Comprehensive income for the year <br> Dividends paid 2017 | - | $\begin{array}{r} 41,516 \\ (32,558) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 41,516 \\ (32,558) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & (3,926) \\ & (8,715) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 37,590 \\ (41,273) \end{gathered}$ |
| Balance at 31 December 2017 | 24,200 | 817,764 | 841,964 | 36,190 | 878,154 |
| Total Comprehensive income for the year | - | 69,529 | 69,529 | $(5,828)$ | 63,701 |
| Equity adjustment on acquisition of new entities (Note 1) Adjustment to opening retained earnings on adoption of IFRS 15 (Note 3) Dividends paid 2018 | - - - | $\begin{array}{r} 33,429 \\ 1,740 \\ (26,357) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 33,429 \\ 1,740 \\ (26,357) \end{array}$ | $(10,639)$ | $\begin{array}{r} 33,429 \\ 1,740 \\ (36,996) \end{array}$ |
| Balance at 31 December 2018 | 24,200 | 896,105 | 920,305 | 19,723 | 940,028 |

## Consolidated statement of cash flows

| Cash flows related to operating activities <br> Net Receipts less Supplier Payments | Current period K'000 | Previous corresponding period K'000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 157,424 | 148,324 |
| Interest received <br> Interest and other costs of finance paid Income taxes paid | $\begin{array}{r} 5,199 \\ (15,492) \\ (30,445) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,639 \\ (18,109) \\ (32,825) \end{array}$ |
| Net operating cash flows | 116,686 | 102,029 |
| Cash flows related to investing activities <br> Purchases of property, plant and equipment <br> Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment <br> Proceeds from sale of investments Dividends received from associates <br> Loans repaid by associates <br> Cash balance received in acquiring Croesus entities | $\begin{array}{r} (56,114) \\ 14,662 \\ 147,464 \\ 7,547 \\ 942 \\ 47,632 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} (54,098) \\ 10,608 \\ 15,716 \\ 6,774 \\ 3,361 \end{array}$ |
| Net investing cash flows | 162,133 | $(17,639)$ |
| Cash flows related to financing activities <br> Proceeds from borrowings <br> Repayment of borrowings <br> Dividends paid | $\begin{aligned} & (41,627) \\ & (36,996) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} - \\ (84,373) \\ (41,273) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Net financing cash flows | $(78,623)$ | $(125,646)$ |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash held Cash at beginning of period (see Reconciliation of cash) | 200,196 <br> $(11,357)$ | $(41,256)$ <br> 29,899 |
| Cash at end of period (see Reconciliation of cash) | 188,839 | $(11,357)$ |

## Non-cash financing and investing activities

Details of financing and investing transactions which have had a material effect on consolidated assets and liabilities but did not involve cash flows are as follows.

During the year, Croesus Re PCC Limited was acquired. Refer Note 1.

## Reconciliation of cash

| Reconciliation of cash at the end of the period (as <br> shown in the consolidated statement of cash flows) to <br> the related items in the accounts is as follows. | Current period K'000 | Previous <br> corresponding <br> period - K'000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cash on hand and at bank | 193,521 | 12,021 |
| Bank overdraft | $(4,682)$ | $(23,378)$ |
| Total cash at end of period | $\mathbf{1 8 8 , 8 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 1 , 3 5 7 )}$ |

## Other notes to the consolidated financial statements

|  | Current period | Previous <br> corresponding <br> Period |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Profit before tax / revenue <br> Consolidated profit from continuing <br> operations before tax as a percentage of <br> revenue | $12.08 \%$ |  |
| Profit after tax / equity interests <br> Consolidated net profit from continuing <br> operations after tax attributable to members as <br> a percentage of equity (similarly attributable) <br> at the end of the period |  | $10.77 \%$ |
|  |  | $2.14 \%$ |

## Earnings per security (EPS)

Details of basic and diluted EPS reported separately in accordance with paragraph 9 and 18 of AASB 1027: Earnings Per Share are as follows.

| $\begin{array}{l}224.2 \text { (total profit) } \\ 63.5 \text { t (continuing) }\end{array}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| NTA backing | Current period |  |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Net tangible asset backing per ordinary } \\ \text { security }\end{array}$ | $\mathbf{K 2 7 . 8 5}$ |  |
| period |  |  |$]$| K25.74 |
| :--- |

## Appendix 4E <br> Preliminary final report

## Loss of control of entities having material effect

Name of entity (or group of entities)
Laga Industries Limited

Consolidated profit (loss) from ordinary activities and extraordinary items after tax of the controlled entity (or group of entities) for the current period to the date of loss of control

Date to which the profit (loss) in item 14.2 has been calculated
Consolidated profit (loss) from ordinary activities and extraordinary items after tax of the controlled entity (or group of entities) while controlled during the whole of the previous corresponding period ( $\mathrm{K}^{\prime} 000$ )

Contribution to consolidated profit (loss) from ordinary activities and extraordinary items from sale of interest leading to loss of control ( $\mathrm{K}^{\prime} 000$ )

| 1,247 |
| :--- |
| $01 / 07 / 2018$ |
| 7,236 |
|  |
| 48,584 |
|  |

## Dividends (in the case of a trust, distributions)

Date the dividend (distribution) is payable

| $5^{\text {th }}$ July 2019 |
| :---: |
| 30 <br>  <br> No |

## Amount per security

|  |  |  | Amount per <br> security | Franked <br> amount per <br> security at <br> $42 \%$ tax (see <br> note 4) | Amount per <br> security of <br> foreign source <br> dividend |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Final dividend: | Current year |  |  |  |
|  | Previous year | 120 t | NIL | 120 t |  |
|  | Interim dividend: | Current year | 40 t | NIL | 40 t |
|  | Previous year | 45 t | NIL | 45 t |  |

Total dividend (distribution) per security (interim plus final)

Ordinary securities
Preference securities

| Current year | Previous year |
| :---: | :---: |
| 165 t | 110 t |
| NIL | NIL |

## Preliminary final report - final dividend (distribution) on all securities

|  | Current period K'000 | Previous corresponding <br> period - K'000 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Ordinary securities | 37,210 | 12,403 |
| Preference securities | Nil | Nil |
| Other equity instruments | Nil | Nil |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 7 , 2 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 4 0 3}$ |

The dividend or distribution plans shown below are in operation.
Not applicable

The last date(s) for receipt of election notices for the dividend or distribution plans $\square$
Any other disclosures in relation to dividends (distributions).

None

## Details of aggregate share of profits (losses) of associates and joint venture entities

| Group's share of associates' and joint venture entities': | Current period - K'000 | Previous corresponding period - K'000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit (loss) from ordinary activities before tax | 8,040 | 10,750 |
| Income tax on ordinary activities |  |  |
| Profit (loss) from ordinary activities after tax | 5,628 | 7,525 |
| Extraordinary items net of tax | - | - |
| Net profit (loss) | 5,628 | 7,525 |
| Adjustments | - | - |
| Share of net profit (loss) of associates and joint venture entities | 5,628 | 7,525 |

## Material interests in entities which are not controlled entities

The economic entity has an interest (that is material to it) in the following entities.

| Name of entity | Percentage of ownership interest held at end of period or date of disposal |  | Contribution to net profit (loss) (item 1.10) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equity accounted associates and joint venture entities | Current period | Previous corresponding period | Current period K'000 | Previous corresponding period - K'000 |
| a) Colgate-Palmolive (PNG) | 50.0 | 50.0 | 5,463 | 3,324 |
| b) Pacific Rumana | 50.0 | 50.0 | 567 | 1,283 |
| c) United Stevedoring | 16.9 | 16.9 | 3 | 3 |
| d) Riback Stevedoring | 34.4 | 34.4 | 649 | 2,738 |
| e) Makerio Stevedoring | 31.7 | 31.7 | 99 | 50 |
| f) Nikana Stevedoring | 31.7 | 31.7 | 158 | 181 |
| g) Harbourside | 50.0 | 50.0 | 26 | (232) |
| Development |  |  |  |  |
| h) Viva No 31 | 50.0 | 50.0 | (299) | (104) |
| i) Wonye | 50.0 | 50.0 | (248) | (42) |
| j) Morobe Terminals | 42.9 | 42.9 | (790) | 324 |
| Total |  |  | 5,628 | 7,525 |
| Other material interests |  |  | - | - |
| Total |  |  | 5,628 | 7,525 |

## Issued and quoted securities at end of current period

| Category of securities | Total number | Number quoted | Issue <br> per security <br> (toea) | Amount <br> paid up per <br> security <br> (toea) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Preference <br> securities(description) |  |  |  |  |
| Changes during current period <br> (a) Increases through issues <br> (b) Decreases through returns <br> of capital, buybacks, <br> redemptions |  |  |  |  |
| Ordinary securities |  |  |  |  |
| Changes during current period <br> (a) Increases through issues <br> (b) Decreases through returns <br> of capital, buybacks |  |  |  |  |
| Convertible debt securities <br> (description and conversion <br> factor) |  |  |  |  |
| Changes during current period <br> (a) Increases through issues <br> (b) Decreases through <br> securities matured, converted |  |  |  |  |

# Appendix 4E <br> Preliminary final report 

| Unsecured notes <br> (description) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Changes during current period |  |  |
| (a) Increases through issues |  |  |
| (b) Decreases through |  |  |
| securities matured, converted |  |  |

## Segment reporting

(Information on the business and geographical segments of the entity must be reported for the current period in accordance with AASB 1005: Segment Reporting and for half year reports, AASB 1029: Interim Financial Reporting. Because entities employ different structures a pro forma cannot be provided. Segment information in the layout employed in the entity's accounts should be reported separately and attached to this report.)
Refer attachment page 18.

## Comments by directors

(Comments on the following matters are required by ASX or, in relation to the half yearly report, by AASB 1029: Interim Financial Reporting. The comments do not take the place of the directors' report and statement (as required by the Corporations Act) and may be incorporated into the directors' report and statement. For both half yearly and preliminary final reports, if there are no comments in a section, state NIL. If there is insufficient space to comment, attach notes to this report.)

## Basis of financial report preparation

Material factors affecting the revenues and expenses of the economic entity for the current period. In a half yearly report, provide explanatory comments about any seasonal or irregular factors affecting operations.

Nil

A description of each event since the end of the current period which has had a material effect and which is not already reported elsewhere in this Appendix or in attachments, with financial effect quantified (if possible).

Nil

## Appendix 4E <br> Preliminary final report

Franking credits available and prospects for paying fully or partly franked dividends for at least the next year.

## Nil

Unless disclosed below, the accounting policies, estimation methods and measurement bases used in this report are the same as those used in the last annual report. Any changes in accounting policies, estimation methods and measurement bases since the last annual report are disclosed as follows. (Disclose changes and differences in the half yearly report in accordance with AASB 1029: Interim Financial Reporting. Disclose changes in accounting policies in the preliminary final report in accordance with AASB 1001: Accounting Policies-Disclosure).

## Refer to Note 3.

Revisions in estimates of amounts reported in previous interim periods. For half yearly reports the nature and amount of revisions in estimates of amounts reported in previous annual reports if those revisions have a material effect in this half year.

Nil

Changes in contingent liabilities or assets. For half yearly reports, changes in contingent liabilities and contingent assets since the last annual report.

Nil

## Additional disclosure for trusts

Number of units held by the management company or responsible entity or their related parties.

N/A

A statement of the fees and commissions payable to the management company or responsible entity.

Identify:

- initial service charges
- management fees
- other fees


## Annual meeting

(Preliminary final report only)
The annual meeting will be held as follows:
Place

Date
Time

Approximate date the annual report will be available

| Steamships Trading Company Limited, <br> Level 5, Harbourside West, Stanley Esplanade <br> Port Moresby |
| :--- |
| $7^{\text {th }}$ June, 2019 |
| 12.00 noon |
| $12^{\text {th }}$ April, 2019 |

## Compliance statement

1 This report has been prepared in accordance with AASB Standards, other AASB authoritative pronouncements and Urgent Issues Group Consensus Views or other standards acceptable to ASX.

Identify other standards used
International Financial Reporting Standards

2 This report, and the accounts upon which the report is based (if separate), use the same accounting policies.

3 This report does give a true and fair view of the matters disclosed (see note 2).
4 This report is based on accounts to which one of the following applies.

|  | The accounts have been <br> audited. <br> The accounts are in the <br> process of being audited or |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

The accounts have been subject to review.
The accounts have not yet been audited or reviewed. subject to review.

5 The preliminary final report is based on accounts that are unaudited.
6 The entity has a formally constituted audit committee.

Sign here:


Date: $28^{\text {th }}$ February 2019
(Director \& Company Secretary)
Print name: Michael Scantlebury

## Segmental Reporting

## Divisional Segments

The group operates in the following commercial areas:

2018
Total Revenue

Segment Results
Add: Share of Associate Profit
Total Segment result

Income tax expense

Group Profit

Segment assets
Segment liabilities
Net Assets

Capital expenditure
Depreciation

|  | Commercial Division |  <br> Property | Logistics | Finance, Investment \&Eliminations | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | K'000 | K'000 | K'000 | K'000 | K'000 |
| 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Revenue | - | 227,408 | 324,548 | 6,081 | 558,037 |
| Segment Results | - | 59,478 | $(5,757)$ | $(1,159)$ | 52,562 |
| Add: Share of Associate Profit | - | 905 | 3,296 | 3,324 | 7,525 |
| Total Segment result | - | 60,383 | $(2,461)$ | 2,165 | 60,087 |
| Income tax expense | - | $(20,688)$ | $(13,724)$ | 4,679 | $(29,733)$ |
| Group Profit | - | 39,696 | $(16,186)$ | 6,844 | 30,354 |
| Segment assets | 110,127 | 733,408 | 410,348 | 215,490 | 1,469,373 |
| Segment liabilities | $(77,990)$ | $(300,991)$ | $(226,180)$ | 13,942 | $(591,219)$ |
| Net Assets | 32,137 | 432,417 | 184,168 | 229,432 | 878,154 |
| Capital expenditure | 5,081 | 25,775 | 22,084 | 1,158 | 54,098 |
| Depreciation | - | 43,047 | 47,772 | 3,796 | 94,615 |

## 1. Details of entities over which control has been gained

On $10^{\text {th }}$ July 2018, the Group bought all shares of Croesus Re PCC Limited from an entity under common control for no consideration which resulted in unrealised gain to equity of the Group to extent of value equivalent to net assets of acquired entities. As the transaction was between entities under common control, assets and liabilities have been recorded at existing book values at the date of acquisition, with a corresponding adjustment recorded in retained earnings.

## 2. Discontinuing Activities

On $3^{\text {rd }}$ July 2018, the Group disposed of its $100 \%$ interest in Laga Industries Ltd. The $31^{\text {st }}$ December 2018 results ( $\mathrm{K}^{\prime} 000$ ) from the discontinued activities are derived from:
a) Profit \& loss for the period:

| Revenue | $\underline{2018}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operating expenses | $(64,510)$ |
| Profit before tax | 1,781 |
| Profit after tax | 1,247 |

b) The Group has two subsidiaries pending liquidation and their assets and liabilities are disclosed as Assets \& Liabilities held for Sale.

Balance sheet as at $31^{\text {st }}$ December 2018:

|  | Lae Port <br> Services Limited | Port Services <br> Limited |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Assets held for sale | 636 | 2,727 |

c) An analysis of the cash flows of discontinued operations is as follows:

| Operating cash flows | $(6,459)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Investing cash flows | $(8,593)$ |
| Financing cash glows | $\underline{16,487}$ |
| Net cash flows | 1,435 |
| Opening balance | $\underline{204}$ |
| Cash disposed on sale of Laga Industries | $(1,639)$ |
| Closing cash flow balance | $\underline{N i l}$ |

The subsequent sale has resulted in an approximate gain of K48.6m profit for the group.
d) Restatement of previous year (2017) figures

The 2017 comparative results have been restated to present the results of Laga Industries Limited as discontinued operations.

Statement of comprehensive income - including discontinued operations

|  | 31 <br> December <br> 2017 | Discontinued <br> Operations | 31 <br> December <br> 2017 <br> (Restated) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Revenue (after reclassifications) | 705,687 | 147,650 | 558,037 |
| Operating expenses | $(635,476)$ | $(137,526)$ | $(497,950)$ |
| Income Tax | $(32,621)$ | $(2,888)$ | $(29,733)$ |
| Net profit | 37,592 | 7,236 | 30,354 |

## 3. Basis of Accounting

For more details on the accounting policies, please refer to the annual report of Steamships Trading Company Limited for the year ended 31 December 2017. These policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

The Group has adopted the following standards from 1 January 2018: IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' and IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'. The Group has changed its accounting policies following the adoption of IFRS 9 and IFRS 15.

IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers’ replaces IAS 18 'Revenue’ and IAS 11 'Construction Contracts'. IFRS 15 shifts revenue recognition from a risk and rewards model to a control model, with revenue recognized as performance obligations are met. The primary impact of adoption of IFRS 15 has been a change in the timing of recognition of freight and salvage revenue within the Group's logistics segment to align revenue recognition with satisfaction of the performance obligations in the contractual arrangements.

IFRS 15 is adopted without restating comparative information. The total impact of adjustments made at the date of initial application (1 January 2018) is presented below.

| K'000 | 31 December <br> 2017 | IFRS 15 <br> adjustment | 1 January 2018 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Receivables and |  |  |  |
| prepayments | 161,655 | 2,485 | 164,140 |
| Deferred tax liability | 22,332 | 745 | 23,077 |
| Retained earnings | 817,764 | 1,740 | 819,504 |

IFRS 9 replaces the provisions of IAS 39 that relate to classification and measurement of financial instruments and impairment of financial instruments. The primary change for the Group on adoption of IFRS 9 from 1 January 2018 has been assessment of impairment of receivables using an expected credit loss model. Previously impairment of receivables was assessed using an incurred credit loss model. This change has not had a significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

## 4. Income Tax Expense

The effective rate of tax charged differs from the statutory rate of $30 \%$ as follows;

| Current | Previous |
| :---: | :---: |
| period | corresponding |
| K $^{\prime} 000$ | period |
|  | $\mathbf{K}^{\prime} 000$ |

Net profit before income tax

| 67,756 | 60,087 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 20,327 | 18,026 |
| 30,565 | - |
| 5,355 | 15,814 |
| $(2,411)$ | $(3,225)$ |
| 50 | $(882)$ |
| 53,886 | 29,733 |

## 5. Contingent Liabilities

There were contingent liabilities at the Balance Sheet date as follows:
(a) The parent entity has given a secured guarantee in respect of the bank overdrafts and loans of certain subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.
(b) The parent entity has given letters of comfort of continuing financial support in respect of certain subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

No losses are anticipated in respect of these guarantees.

