





Nearmap Limited's objective is to achieve best practice in corporate governance and the Company's Board, senior executives and employees are committed to achieving this goal.

Nearmap's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing the corporate governance framework of the Company and its related bodies corporate. In establishing this framework, the Board has considered and reports against the Principles of Corporate Governance and Best Practice Recommendations (3rd Edition) as published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council ("ASX Corporate Governance Principles"). In February 2019, the ASX Corporate Governance Council introduced the 4th Edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles, which will apply to Nearmap for its financial year commencing 1 July 2020. The Company will review its corporate governance practices against the 4th Edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles, and report against these as part of its annual reporting for FY2021.

This Corporate Governance Statement has been approved by the Nearmap Board and summarises the corporate governance practices and procedures that were in place throughout the financial year commencing 1 July 2018 and to the date of this Corporate Governance Statement. In addition to the information contained in this Corporate Governance Statement, the Company's website at www.nearmap.com contains additional details of its corporate governance practices and procedures.

The ASX Listing Rules require listed companies to include in their Annual Report or their website a statement disclosing the extent to which they have complied with the ASX Corporate Governance Principles in the reporting period. The recommendations are not prescriptive and if a company considers that a recommendation is inappropriate having regard to its particular circumstances, the company has the flexibility not to adopt it. Where Nearmap considered it was not appropriate to presently comply with a particular recommendation, the reasons are set out in the relevant section of this Corporate Governance Statement.

With the exception of the departures detailed in this Corporate Governance Statement, the corporate governance practices of the Company during the reporting period were compliant with the ASX Corporate Governance Principles (3rd Edition). The table below provides a summary of the Company's compliance with each of the eight ASX Corporate Governance Principles:

	Compliant	
1.1	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	Yes Yes
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and	Yes
	(b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to re-elect a director.	Yes
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Yes
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	Yes
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them:	Yes
	 (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either: 	Yes No
	 (1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); and (2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined and published under that Act. 	Yes
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the	Yes
	board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Yes





1.7	A line of control of collaboration	
1	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior	Yes
	executives; and	
	(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was	Yes
0.4	undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	
2.1	The board of a listed entity should:	Yes
	(a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and	Yes
	(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose	Yes
	(3) the charter of that committee; and	Yes
	(4) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met	Yes
	throughout the period and the individual attendances of members at those meetings; or	
	(b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it	Not applicable
	employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the	
	appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to	
	enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and	Yes
0.0	diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	
2.3	A listed entity should disclose:	Vaa
	(a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type	Yes Yes
	described in Box 2.3 of the ASX Recommendations, but the board is of the opinion it	103
	does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest,	
	position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board	
	is of that opinion; and	
	(c) the length of service of each director.	Yes
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	Yes
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular,	Yes
2.6	should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity. A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate	Yes
2.0	professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and	1 53
	knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	
3.1	A listed entity should:	
	(a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and	Yes
	(b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	Yes
4.1	The Board of a listed entity should:	V
	(a) have an audit committee which:	Yes
	 has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and 	Yes
	(2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and	
		Yes (part vear)
	disclose:	Yes (part year)
	(3) the charter of the committee;	Yes
	(3) the charter of the committee;(4) the relevant qualifications and experience of members of the committee; and	Yes Yes
	 (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met 	Yes
	 (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those 	Yes Yes
	 (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or 	Yes Yes Yes
	 (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it 	Yes Yes
	 (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate 	Yes Yes Yes
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4.2	 (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate 	Yes Yes Yes
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	 (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively. 	Yes Yes Yes Not applicable Yes
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	 (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively. 	Yes Yes Yes Not applicable Yes
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4.3 5.1 6.1	 (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively. A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit. A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it. A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website. 	Yes Yes Yes Not applicable Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
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4.3 5.1 6.1 6.2	 (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively. A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit. A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it. A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website. A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors. 	Yes Yes Yes Not applicable Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Y
4.3 5.1 6.1	 (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively. A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit. A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it. A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website. A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate 	Yes Yes Yes Not applicable Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes



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6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communication to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Yes
7.1	The board of a listed entity should:	
/ . '		Vaa
	(a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:	Yes
	(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and	Yes
	(2) is chaired by an independent director; and disclose	Yes
	(3) the charter of the committee;	Yes
	(4) the members of the committee; and	Yes
	(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met	Yes
	throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those	
	meetings; or	
	(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that	Not applicable
	fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management	
	framework.	
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should:	
	(a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it	Yes
	continues to be sound; and	
	(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	Yes
7.3	A listed entity should disclose:	. 55
7.5		Nlatanal:l-l-
	(a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it	Not applicable
	performs; or	
	(b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs	Yes
	for evaluation and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management	
	and internal control processes.	
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic,	Yes
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic,	162
	environmental and social sustainability risk and, if it does, how it manages or intends to	
	manage those risks.	
8.1	The Board of a listed entity should:	
	(a) have a remuneration committee which:	Yes
	(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and	Yes
	(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and	
	(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose	Yes
	(3) the charter of the committee;	Yes
	(4) the members of the committee; and	Yes
	(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met	Yes
	throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those	. 55
	meetings; or	Nia kasasa P. I. I.
	(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it	Not applicable
	employees for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and	
	senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not	
	excessive.	
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration	Yes
0.2	of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior	103
	executives.	
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:	
	(a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions	Yes
	(whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of	
	participating in the scheme; and	
	(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Yes

Board Responsibilities

The Company has established the functions that are reserved to the Board. The Board acts on behalf of the shareholders and is therefore accountable to the shareholders. It also has other obligations of a regulatory or ethical nature. In addition, the Board is responsible for identifying areas of significant business risk and ensuring arrangements are in place to appropriately manage those risks.

The Board's role is to govern the consolidated entity. Without limiting the generality of that stated role, the matters reserved specifically for the Board include:

- Determining the vision and objectives of the Company;
- Approving and fostering an appropriate culture for the Company that is directly aligned to its value, strategies and objectives;
- Identifying occupational health, safety and environmental issues and formulating and implementing policies to address and manage them and to monitor the compliance and effectiveness of these policies;



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- Identifying all areas where written Board policy is required, determination of those policies, and
 overseeing the implementation and monitoring of compliance, including policy in relation to code of
 conduct, related party transactions, and trading in the Company's securities;
- Formulating short term and long term strategies to enable the Company to achieve its objectives, and ensuring adequate resources are available to meet strategic objectives;
- Overseeing the Company, including its control and accountability systems;
- Appointing and approving the terms and conditions of the appointment of the Managing Director and other senior executives;
- Monitoring senior executives' performance and implementation of strategy;
- Ensuring appropriate resources are available to senior executives;
- Establishing and determining the powers and functions of the committees of the Board, including the Audit and Risk Committee and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and considering the reports from these Committees and the recommendations made;
- Approving the annual operating and capital budgets, and variations thereto, ensuring they are aligned with the Company's strategic objectives;
- Authorise expenditure approval limits for the Managing Director, and authorise expenditure in excess of these discretionary limits;
- Reviewing, ratifying and monitoring systems of risk management and internal control, codes of conduct and legal compliance;
- Reviewing annually the progress and performance of the Company towards meeting its objectives;
- Approving and monitoring the progress of major capital expenditure, capital management, acquisitions and divestitures;
- Reviewing periodically the process, outcomes and effectiveness of the Company's decisions and strategies, and ensuring that valuable lessons are identified, and absorbed into the process and framework for making future decisions;
- Approving processes, procedures and internal control systems and ensuring that the Company's financial results are reported on a timely and accurate basis;
- Determining, implementing and monitoring procedures to ensure that the ASX is promptly and adequately informed of all matters considered to be material, in accordance with the continuous disclosure obligations;
- Reviewing the performance of the Board, individual directors and Board committees;
- Encouraging effective communication between the Company and its shareholders, employees and the general public;
- Establishing and encouraging effective communication channels between the Company and shareholders and other parties having legitimate interests that may be effected by the Company's activities;
- Authorising the issue of securities and instruments of the Company;
- Monitoring developments in the Company's industry and general operating environment; and
- Approving the Half Yearly and Annual Financial Reports, Annual Report, notice of general meeting, and profit and dividend announcement.

For a complete list of the functions reserved to the Board and a copy of the Board's charter, please refer to the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website at www.nearmap.com.

The Board is responsible for ensuring that management objectives and activities are aligned with the expectations and risks identified by the Board. The Board has a number of mechanisms in place to ensure this is achieved. These mechanisms include the following:

- approval of a dynamic document referred to as the strategic plan, which encompasses the entity's vision, mission and strategy statements, designed to meet stakeholders' needs and manage business risk;
- ongoing review and development of the strategic plan to approve initiatives and strategies designed to
 ensure the continued growth and success of the entity;
- implementation of operating plans and budgets by management and Board monitoring of progress against budget for all significant business processes; and
- managing the organisation's material business risks which entails such matters as the entity's insurance arrangements, liquidity, currency, interest rate and credit policies and exposures and the monitoring of management's actions to ensure they are in line with Company policy.



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While the Board retains full responsibility for guiding and monitoring the consolidated entity, in discharging its stewardship it makes use of sub-committees. Specialist committees are able to focus on a particular responsibility and provide informed feedback to the Board.

To achieve this objective, the Board has established the following committees:

- Audit and Risk Management Committee
- Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Refer to the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website at www.nearmap.com for further detail on the roles and responsibilities of these committees.

Responsibilities of Senior Executives

The responsibility for the day to day operation and administration of the consolidated entity, in accordance with the direction of the Board, is delegated by the Board to the Managing Director and the executive team. The Board ensures that this team is appropriately qualified and experienced to carry out their responsibilities and has in place procedures to assess the performance of the Managing Director and the executive team. In delegating this power, the Board must also be satisfied that the Managing Director and senior executives will exercise their powers reliably and competently, and in accordance with the requirements of the Board.

The matters and functions delegated by the Board to the Managing Director and other senior executives include:

- Formulating with the Board, the vision, strategies, business plans and budgets, and, to the extent approved by the Board, implementing these plans, budgets and strategies;
- Operating the Company's businesses within the parameters and having regard to the policies set by the Board from time to time, and keeping the Board informed of material developments in relation to those businesses:
- Where proposed transactions, commitments or undertakings exceed the parameters set by the Board, referring the matter to the Board for its consideration and approval;
- Identifying material business risks, formulating strategies in conjunction with the Board or the Audit and Risk Management Committee to manage the risks, and monitoring effectiveness of the management process and reporting to the Board and Audit and Risk Management Committee;
- Developing and managing financial reporting and internal control and monitoring systems to ensure that they are efficient and effective, and provide adequate and timely financial information pertaining to the performance, condition, and prospects of the Company;
- Implementing and monitoring compliance with the policies, processes and codes of conduct approved by the Board;
- Negotiating the terms and conditions of appointment of senior executives for Board approval, appointing the senior management team, and endorsing the terms and conditions of appointment of all other staff members;
- Implementing and monitoring compliance with policies, processes and procedures for the management and development of the Company's human resources, including the corporate culture and ethics and reviewing and providing feedback on the performance of all staff;
- Providing strong leadership to, and effective management of, the Company in order to:
- Encourage co-operation and teamwork;
- Build and maintain staff morale at a high level; and,
- Build and maintain a strong sense of staff identity with, and a sense of allegiance to, the Company.
- Ensuring that all matters requiring review or approval by the Board are raised with sufficient supporting information and advance notice to allow proper consideration by the Board;
- Reporting to the Board on a monthly basis, or other agreed time frame considered to be appropriate by the Board, the performance of all parts of the business against budget; and
- Developing strategies and procedures for crisis management of the Company.

For a complete list of the functions delegated to the Managing Director and the executive team, please refer to the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website at www.nearmap.com.

Performance evaluation of Board and Senior Executives

The Board has adopted a policy for evaluating the performance of the Board, including its committees and Directors, and senior executives, a copy of which is available on its website. A formal evaluation of the Board, its



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committees and Directors took place in the reporting period in accordance with the process disclosed in this document and the Company's Corporate Governance Policy.

An evaluation of senior executives took place in the financial year and was in accordance with the process outlined in the Company's Corporate Governance Policy. The Managing Director's performance objectives are aligned with the Company's performance objectives and are set by the Board based on qualitative and quantitative measures. The Managing Director's performance against these objectives is reviewed annually by the Board and is reflected in the Managing Director's remuneration structure.

The Managing Director's remuneration structure is reviewed annually in conjunction with the annual salary review process. The review involves having due regard to market relativity for similar-sized roles. The Board must review and approve any adjustments to the Managing Director's fixed reward.

The remuneration structure for senior executives ensures that annual Company performance is clearly reflected in senior executives' reward outcomes.

Structure of the Board and Skills Matrix

To ensure the Board is well equipped to discharge its responsibilities it has established guidelines for the nomination, selection, induction and ongoing professional development of Directors. These guidelines include a requirement to undertake appropriate background checks prior to the appointment of a person as a Director, including but not limited to undertaking police and solvency checks, a formal induction program to enable new Directors to build their knowledge and make an effective contribution in a timely manner, and the provision of appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their roles as Directors effectively.

The Directors in office and the term of their appointment at the date of this Corporate Governance Statement are:

Name	Position	Date of Appointment
Peter James Rob Newman Tracey Horton Sue Klose	Independent Non-executive Chairman Managing Director Independent Non-executive Director Independent Non-executive Director	18/12/2015 17/02/2011 01/09/2019 14/08/2017
lan Morris	Independent Non-executive Director	28/01/2016
Ross Norgard	Non-executive Director	01/01/1999
Cliff Rosenberg	Independent Non-executive Director	03/07/2012

The skills, experience and expertise relevant to the position of Director held by each Director at 30 June 2019 are included in the Company's 2019 Annual Report on pages 44 to 46 and, for Ms Horton, in the ASX announcement on 27 August 2019.

The composition of the Board is reviewed annually by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee to ensure that the Directors between them bring the range of skills, knowledge and experience necessary to direct the Company's operations. The Board has adopted a skills matrix suitable for the Board of the Company at its current stage and into the future, taking into account its current strategy, operations and expectations for changes in the nature and scope of its activities. The Board skills matrix identifies a mix of areas the Board should collectively hold across its membership, including leadership, strategy, corporate assurance, compliance and governance, risk management, investor relations, performance and remuneration, mergers and acquisitions, international market expansion, product development, information technology, advertising and media, big data and insights, international markets and mapping/imagery. The Board is satisfied that the identified skills are well represented in the current Board. However, the Board will consider appointing additional directors to enhance relevant areas as it further expands its operations internationally.



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The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairman, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board. All Directors have unfettered access to the Company Secretary. In addition, Directors are entitled, in furtherance of their duties, to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

Independence

Recommendation 2.4 recommends that a majority of the Board be independent Directors. The ASX guidance on factors relevant to an assessment of independence includes interests, positions, associations or relationships which might interfere with, or reasonably be seen to interfere with, a director's capacity to bring independent judgement to bear on issues before the Board and to act in the best interests of the entity and its security holders generally. In accordance with this guidance, two of the seven Directors are not considered to be independent:

Name Position

Ross Norgard Non-executive Director
Rob Newman Managing Director

Mr Ross Norgard is not considered to be independent as he is a substantial shareholder of Nearmap. Dr Rob Newman is not considered independent as he is employed in an executive capacity by the Company.

The Board notes that Ms Sue Klose served in an interim executive capacity as interim Chief Marketing Officer from 5 March 2018 to 5 July 2018, a period of 4 months. The Board has considered this role and formed the view that the interim executive role did not compromise Ms Klose's independence.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Board has established a Nomination and Remuneration Committee which assists the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities for determining and reviewing compensation arrangements for the Directors and senior executives and ensuring that the Board continues to operate within the established guidelines, including when necessary, selecting candidates for the position of Director. For further details regarding the procedure for the nomination, selection and appointment of new Directors and re-election of incumbents, as well as a copy of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee's charter, please refer to the Corporate Governance section of the Nearmap website at www.nearmap.com.

For the entire reporting period, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee was comprised of Non-executive Directors, a majority of whom are independent. The Committee has an independent Chairman.

For further details of membership and attendance at meetings of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, refer to the Company's 2019 Annual Report at page 48.

For further details on the remuneration policy of the Company, including a description of the structure of Non-executive Directors' remuneration and Executive Directors' and senior executives' remuneration, refer to the Company's 2019 Annual Report at pages 52 to 71.

The only long term incentives that the Company offers to Directors and employees are options over the ordinary shares of the Company. The options, which are usually issued for nil consideration at an exercise price calculated with reference to prevailing market prices, are issued in accordance with performance guidelines established by the Directors of the Company. The options typically only vest under certain conditions. The options cannot be transferred without the approval of the Company's Board and are not quoted on the ASX. As a result, option holders may not enter into any transaction designed to remove the "at risk" aspect of an option before it is exercised.

The Company acknowledges that the guidelines to ASX Principle 8.2 recommend that Non-executive Directors do not receive options with performance hurdles attached. However, in the Company's current circumstances, the Directors consider options to be a cost effective and efficient means for the Company to provide a reward and incentive, as opposed to alternative forms of incentive, such as the payment of additional cash consideration that would be necessary for someone with the experience of the Directors, and may from time to time resolve to issue options to Non-executive Directors, including with performance hurdles, subject to regulatory and shareholder approval.



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There is no scheme to provide retirement benefits (other than superannuation) for Non-executive Directors.

For additional details regarding the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, including a copy of its charter, please refer to the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website at www.nearmap.com.

Audit and Risk Management Committee

The Board has established an Audit and Risk Management Committee which operates under a charter approved by the Board. It is the Board's responsibility to ensure that an effective internal control framework exists within the entity. This includes internal controls to deal with both the effectiveness and efficiency of significant business processes such as the safeguarding of assets, the maintenance of proper accounting records and the reliability of financial information, as well as non-financial considerations including the benchmarking of operational key performance indicators. The Board has delegated the responsibility for the establishment and maintenance of a framework of internal control and ethical standards for the management of the consolidated entity to the Audit and Risk Management Committee. The Audit and Risk Management Committee provides the Board with additional assurance regarding the reliability of financial information for inclusion in the financial reports. The Committee is also responsible for the nomination of the external auditor and reviewing the adequacy of the scope and quality of the annual statutory audit and half year audit review.

For further details regarding the procedures for selection, appointment and rotation of external audit partners, as well as a copy of the Audit and Risk Management Committee's charter, please refer to the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website at www.nearmap.com.

All members of the Audit and Risk Management Committee are Non-executive Directors, a majority of which are considered independent. The Company recognises Recommendation 4.1(2) which recommends that it is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the Board. The Company appointed Ms Sue Klose as Chair of the Audit and Risk Management Committee on 21 August 2018 and presently complies with this recommendation. Prior to Ms Klose's appointment, Mr Peter James acted as Chairman of both the Board and the Audit and Risk Committee. While this was not in compliance with Recommendation 4.1(2), the Board had formed the view that Mr James has considerable experience, was well qualified for these positions and was able to and did bring impartial judgment to all relevant issues falling within the scope of the roles.

For details of membership and attendance at meetings of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, refer to the Company's 2019 Annual Report at page 48.

Communication with Shareholders

Pursuant to Principle 6, the Board aims to ensure that the shareholders are provided with full and timely information about the Company's activities. To promote effective communication with shareholders, the Company has designed a Shareholders Communication policy. Information is communicated to the shareholders through:

- the Annual Report which is made available to all shareholders;
- announcements made through the ASX companies announcements platform;
- the Company's website (http://www.nearmap.com) which has a dedicated Investor Relations section for the purpose of publishing all important Company information and relevant announcements made to the market; and
- the annual general meeting and any other meetings called to obtain approval for Board action as appropriate.

In addition, shareholders are encouraged to make their views known or to seek clarification on information available in the public arena by contacting the Company (including the Company's share registry, which facilitates electronic correspondence) or attending the annual general meeting. The external auditors also attend and are available to answer queries on the preparation and content of the independent Audit Report, the accounting policies adopted by the Company in relation to the preparation of accounts and the independence of the Auditor in relation to the conduct of the audit at the Company's annual general meetings.

For further information regarding the Company's Shareholder Communication Policy please refer to the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website at www.nearmap.com.





Diversity Policy

Nearmap is committed to promoting equality and diversity in the workplace and aims to be an organisation where diversity is valued, respected and celebrated. All decisions relating to employees will be based strictly on merit, without regard to gender, ethnicity, age, relationship status or any other irrelevant factor not applicable to the position.

Pursuant to Recommendation 1.5, the Company has established a Diversity Policy. To assist in fostering diversity within the organisation, Nearmap has committed to develop and introduce initiatives which may include:

- identifying training programs tailored specifically for women which will assist them in preparing for senior management positions;
- supporting promotion of talented women into management positions; and
- networking opportunities.

Due to the size of the organisation, the introduction of specific measurable objectives at this stage has not been fully implemented. Whilst the Board of the Company strongly endorses the concept of gender diversity, until the Company's human resource base has grown to a point where fully implementing specific measurable objectives will become more meaningful, the Company will, in accordance with its Diversity Policy, continue to recruit the best person for each role, regardless of gender, ethnicity, age, relationship status or any other irrelevant factor not applicable to the position.

In accordance with Recommendation 1.5(c)(1), the table below shows the proportion of women employees in the whole organisation, women in senior executive positions and women on the Board. The Company defines "senior executive" as those persons who are senior managers responsible for the day to day management of the activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, during the financial year.

Board: 29% Senior Executive: 13% Employees: 27%

Share Trading

The Constitution of the Company permits Directors and officers to acquire shares in the Company.

In accordance with the provisions of the Corporations Act and the listing Rules of the ASX, Directors must advise the Company and the ASX of any transactions they conduct in securities of the Company.

The Company has established a policy concerning trading in the entity's securities by Directors, senior executives and employees. The Securities Dealing Policy prohibits the buying or selling of Company securities at any time by any Director, officer, executive, contractor, consultant or employee ("insiders") who possesses price-sensitive information about the Company that is not available to investors and the securities market generally and during "Closed Periods" and periods of "black-out" as stipulated in the policy.

Individuals who hold price-sensitive information not generally available to investors and the securities market:

- must not trade in any securities of the Company;
- must not engage any other person or entity to trade in the Company's securities;
- must not allow the price sensitive information to be disclosed to another person who may use the information for improper trading purposes; and
- must not communicate inside information to any other individual who works within the consolidated entity except on a "needs to know" basis.

Individuals who liaise with stockbrokers, industry analysts or business journalists and the like regarding the business activities of the Company, must not disclose to such third parties any inside information about Company, or confirm any analysis, the confirmation of which would constitute price-sensitive and non-public information. For further information on the Company's Securities Dealing Policy please refer to the Corporate Governance section of the Company website at www.nearmap.com.

Integrity of Financial Reporting and Risk Management Policies

The Board has primary responsibility to ensure that the Company presents and publishes accounts which present a true and fair view of its results and financial position and that the accounting methods adopted are appropriate to the Company and consistently applied in accordance with relevant accounting standards and the applicable laws.





Under section 295A of the *Corporations* Act, the Managing Director and the person who performs the Chief Financial Officer function are each required to provide a written statement to the Board that the Company's annual financial report presents a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the Company's financial condition and operational results and that it is in accordance with the relevant accounting standards. Recommendation 4.2 extends this requirement such that it applies to financial statements for any financial period and that the Managing Director and the person who performs the Chief Financial Officer function must also confirm that this statement is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance which implements the policies adopted by the board and that the company's risk management and internal compliance and control system is operating effectively in all material respects. The Board confirms that it has received written statements to this effect from the Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer for the half year and annual financial reports from 1 July 2018 to the date of this Corporate Governance Statement.

Due to the size of the Company and its current level of activity and operations, the Company does not have a formal internal audit function. Periodically, internal reviews of the Company's financial systems, documents and processes are undertaken and any recommendation for improvement reported to the Board as part of the Company's risk management processes.

The Company is committed to the management of risks throughout its operations to protect all of its stakeholders. Risk management is carried out through the various committees, processes and procedures mentioned above.

The Board has established an Audit and Risk Management Committee, which is comprised of a majority of independent Directors and is chaired by an independent Director. The Board has delegated to the Audit and Risk Management Committee the primary responsibility for ensuring that risks are identified and monitored. The Audit and Risk Management Committee has in turn required management to design and implement a risk management and control system to manage the Company's material business risks. The Company's Risk Management Policy deals with the management and oversight of material business risks and provides the guiding principle for management in the identification of risks across the organisation as a whole, and within individual business units. The Audit and Risk Management Committee reviews the risk management framework on a quarterly basis.

The annual business planning process includes careful consideration of the internal and external risk profile of the Company. Senior executives report regularly to the Board in relation to the effectiveness of the management of material business risks. This process will allow senior management to minimise the potential impact of business risks in achieving objectives to create and protect shareholder value. The Board confirms that it has received confirmation from management during the reporting period affirming that the Company's management of material business risks is effective.

The Risk Management Policy provides a framework for systematically understanding and identifying the types of business risks that may threaten the Group as a whole or specific business activities within the Company and includes risk mitigation strategies.

The categories of risk covered in the Risk Management Policy include but are not limited to:

- Operational risk;
- Environmental risk;
- Sustainability risk;
- Compliance risk;
- Strategic risk;
- Ethical conduct risk;
- Reputation or brand risk;
- Technological risk;
- Cyber risk
- Product or service quality risk;
- Human capital risk;
- Financial reporting risk; and
- Market related risk.

The Board has formed the view that the Company does not currently have any material exposure to economic, environmental or social sustainability risks.



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For a summary of the Company's Risk Management Policy, please refer to the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website at www.nearmap.com.

Director and Executive Code of Conduct, Continuous Disclosure Policy and Company Code of Conduct

The Company has a Code of Conduct and Continuous Disclosure Policy, contained within its Corporate Governance Policy which can be found in the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website at www.nearmap.com.