

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT 2020

Delivering a more sustainable world



Image: London Array Wind Farm substation and turbines

Corporate Governance Statement

Introduction

The board of directors of Worley Limited (Board) strives to ensure that Worley Limited (Company) and the entities it controls (Group) meet high standards of safety, performance and governance. The Group recognizes its responsibilities to its shareholders, customers, people and suppliers as well as to the environment and the communities in which it operates.

The Board has ultimate authority over, and oversight of, the Group and regards corporate governance as a critical element in achieving the Group's objectives. The Board has adopted a new Company purpose which reflects the Company's passion to work with customers solving complex challenges, and in doing so play an important role in delivering a more sustainable world.

Worley's purpose is '*Delivering a more sustainable world*'. Alongside the new purpose, the Board has launched the following values that reflect the Company's transformation, capture its culture and honor its heritage:

- We value **Life**

We believe in the safety, health and well-being of our people, communities and the environment. Without it, nothing else matters.

- We **Rise to the Challenge**

We love a challenge. We go the extra mile delivering new and better solutions to complex problems.

- We are **Stronger Together**

We thrive in real relationships and partnerships. We nurture networks and collaboration. We recognize our differences make us stronger.

- And we **Unlock Brilliance**

We are passionate about innovating and learning. We value, share and grow our expertise.

The Group recognizes the importance of cultural transformation to build a new and common sense of identity that not only engages the Group's people but influences and drives ethical behavior and prepares the Group for sustainable growth.

The Board has adopted appropriate charters, codes and policies and established a number of committees to discharge its duties.

The Corporate Governance page in the Investor relations section of the Group's website www.worley.com contains the charters, codes and policies which are referred to in this statement. These documents are periodically reviewed and enhanced to account for changes in the law and governance practices.

The Group's governance systems meet the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 (Act) and the Listing Rules of the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX Listing Rules and ASX respectively).

As required by the ASX Listing Rules, this statement discloses the extent to which the Company has followed the 3rd Edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (ASX Recommendations) during the reporting period comprising the year ended 30 June 2020 (Reporting Period). Except where otherwise explained, the Company followed all the ASX Recommendations during the Reporting Period.

Reporting Period governance highlights

During the Reporting Period, the Company demonstrated its commitment to continual enhancement of the Group's governance processes. This includes:

- the completion of integration and transition activities following the acquisition of the Jacobs Engineering Group Inc. Energy, Chemicals and Resources division (ECR);
- following the ECR acquisition, the commencement of a transformational phase to create the new Worley;
- Board stewardship of the transformational phase through development of a Transformation Strategy Committee, which continues to steward the energy transition workstream;
- leveraging the best of both organizations by adopting common systems and processes for safety, sales and operations;
- a new harmonized knowledge and management system to incorporate the best of both organizations;
- the launch of Worley's Life program and life-saving rules;
- adopting a new Company purpose and values, which will now be rolled out across the Company;
- the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) nomination process, which was stewarded by a Board Committee aligned to a comprehensive development and appointment program;
- the formation of the global Diversity and Inclusion Council that oversees eight network groups.
- the Board establishing measurable objectives for achieving diversity at Worley. The Board annually reviews the objectives and their progress;
- expanded responsibilities of the People and Remuneration Committee, formerly the Remuneration Committee, to include assisting the Board with people strategy and policies;

- harmonization of Worley's risk management framework across the Company. The annual review for FY2020 concluded that it remains effective;
- Board level governance over the sustainability program being formalized following a change in charter and name (from the Health, Safety and Environment Committee to the Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee). The Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee oversees sustainability matters where sustainability encompasses consideration of environmental, social performance issues and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals;
- a revised Climate Change Position Statement to align with key international agreements, describes Worley's role and states our commitments. The statement can be found on page 24 of the Company's Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2020 (Annual Report);
- an update to the Worley Foundation's charter, mission statement and diversified membership to align with the new Worley;
- the progression of an implementation program to transition to the 4th Edition of the ASX Recommendations, which Worley will report against for FY2021;
- Board and Committee charters being reviewed as part of the above implementation program and updated to ensure that they continue to reflect best practice corporate governance;
- continued commitment to the Board's ongoing professional development, safety and culture of its directors. The directors visited a number of the Company's sites. However, due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, all site visits post March 2020 were cancelled for non-executive directors and the CEO. Details of

the site visits that did occur are contained in section 1.3 of this statement;

- a refreshed Code of Conduct for FY2020. Training continued to be delivered to reinforce a culture of ethical and responsible decision making;
- a refreshed Responsible Business Assessment process. Company awareness of some risk factors has been increased by elevating the decision making for these risks to CEO or line of business leader;
- an upgrade to the Ethics Helpline scope of services. The helpline now extends to six new locations and a simplified report for managers and the People Group has been implemented to capture all cases and expand case history for trend analysis;
- triggering the Company's existing security and resilience management system, Ready, Response and Recovery (R3) at the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Group managed the impact to the business through R3 and Worley's R3 teams, along with an internal COVID-19 pandemic task force, enacted pandemic response plans across the Company. More than 40,000 office-based people were mobilized to work from home and field practices were modified to support the delivery of critical infrastructure projects around the world; and
- establishment of a business response task force to protect financial and operational integrity of the Company that may be impacted as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Group recognizes that responsible, sustainable corporate performance is essential to the long-term success of its business and desirable to all of its stakeholders. A more comprehensive analysis of the Group's sustainability program and progress is shared in the Sustainability Report. The report is published annually and is issued as a 'communication of progress' for the United Nations Global Compact, and is prepared in accordance with the Global Reporting Initiative core standard.

Highlights of the Group's Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) performance including the sustainability program can be found on pages 22 to 33 of the Company's Annual Report. The Annual Report and Sustainability Report are available from the Reports & presentations page in the Investor relations section of the Group's website www.worley.com.

Independent assurance supports our commitment to transparency and accountability. To provide confidence to the Group's stakeholders in our reporting, independent auditors Ernst & Young provide limited assurance, in accordance with the Australian Standard on Assurance Engagements ASAE 3000, on Worley's ESG performance data on a biennial basis. Assurance will next be conducted in FY2021.

Assurance statements are linked within the Sustainability Report.

Part 1 – Composition and governance policies of the Board

Relevant policies and charters, including the Board Charter, are available on the Corporate Governance page in the Investor relations section of the Group's website www.worley.com.

1.1 Composition principles

The Board's composition is determined in accordance with the following principles, the Company's Constitution and relevant governance requirements:

- the Board should comprise at least three members and maintain a majority of independent directors;
- the positions of Chairman and CEO must be held by separate persons;
- the Chairman must always be a non-executive director;
- the Board should comprise directors with an appropriate range and mix of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity;
- the performance of the Board, its Committees and their members should be reviewed annually and objectively; and
- all directors (except the CEO) must submit themselves for re-election at regular intervals, and at least every three years.

1.2 Membership

The membership of the Board complies with the composition principles outlined above. The directors of the Company during the Reporting Period were:

Name	Position
John Grill	Chairman and Non-Executive Director
Andrew Liveris	Deputy Chairman (from 24 February 2020) and Non-Executive Director
Christopher Haynes	Lead Independent Director (from 21 October 2019) and Non-Executive Director
Catherine Livingstone	Lead Independent Director and Non-Executive Director (retired 21 October 2019)
Thomas Gorman	Non-Executive Director
Roger Higgins	Non-Executive Director
Martin Parkinson	Non-Executive Director (appointed 24 February 2020)

Juan Suárez Coppel	Non-Executive Director
Anne Templeman-Jones	Non-Executive Director
Wang Xiao Bin	Non-Executive Director
Sharon Warburton	Non-Executive Director
Chris Ashton	CEO and Executive Director (appointed 24 February 2020)
Andrew Wood	CEO and Executive Director (retired 24 February 2020)

Unless stated otherwise, all directors served as directors for the entire Reporting Period. Details of each current director's qualifications, special responsibilities, skills, expertise and experience (including the period of office held by each director) are contained in the profiles set out on pages 45 to 49 of the Annual Report.

1.3 Appointment, induction and training

The Board's Nominations Committee sets and reviews the criteria for new director appointments, having regard to the overall composition of the Board, including diversity of directors (diagram 1) and skills and experience (diagram 2).

In considering the nomination and appointment of directors, the Board seeks to ensure that its membership is such that each director:

- is a person of integrity who will observe the Group's Code of Conduct;
- has sufficient abilities and time available to perform their role effectively;
- brings an independent and questioning mind to their role;
- enhances the breadth and depth of skills and knowledge of the Board as a whole; and
- enhances the experience, independence and diversity of the Board as a whole.

While recognizing that each director will not necessarily have experience in each of the areas set out in the skills and experience matrix on the following page, the Board seeks to ensure that its membership includes an appropriate mix of directors with skills and experience to be effective and add value.

During the Reporting Period, all directors completed a survey rating their level of skills and experience from 1 to 3; with 1 indicating awareness, 2 being practiced and 3 exhibiting a high level of skill/experience. The results of the survey demonstrate that the Board

encompasses a broad range and depth of appropriate qualifications, skills and experience, with at least a majority of directors having a practiced or high level of competency in all categories.

Each non-executive director receives a letter which formalizes their appointment and outlines the key terms and conditions of their appointment.

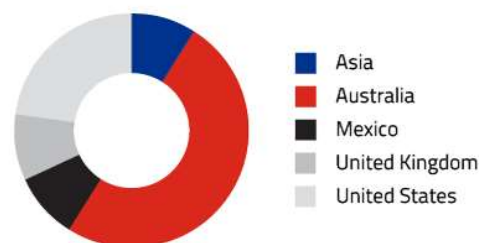
Director induction and professional development processes are incorporated into the Board program and are periodically reviewed to determine whether there is a need for directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role effectively. Directors are encouraged, and are given the opportunity, to broaden their knowledge of the Group's business by visiting offices in different locations and to remain abreast of developments impacting the business.

Site visits allow directors to review the Company's safety awareness and observe culture in action. During the Reporting Period, seven such visits at the Group's project or operational sites occurred. Non-executive directors visited sites in China, India, Oman, Papua New Guinea, Qatar and the United Kingdom. In addition, the CEO visited a total of 13 project or operational sites in Australia, Chile, Germany, India, Malaysia, Papua New Guinea, Thailand, the United Arab Emirates, the United Kingdom and the United States during the Reporting Period.

Due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, all site visits post March 2020 were cancelled for non-executive directors and the CEO. During this period, directors have remained closely connected to our people through the Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee, regular reports from the COVID-19 pandemic task force on the Group's activities and updates from leaders across the Company.

Diagram 1: Diversity of directors

Residency



Gender

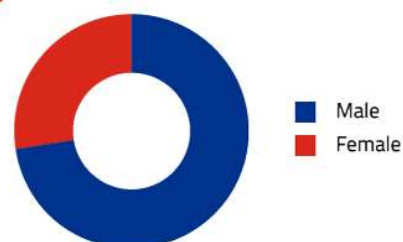
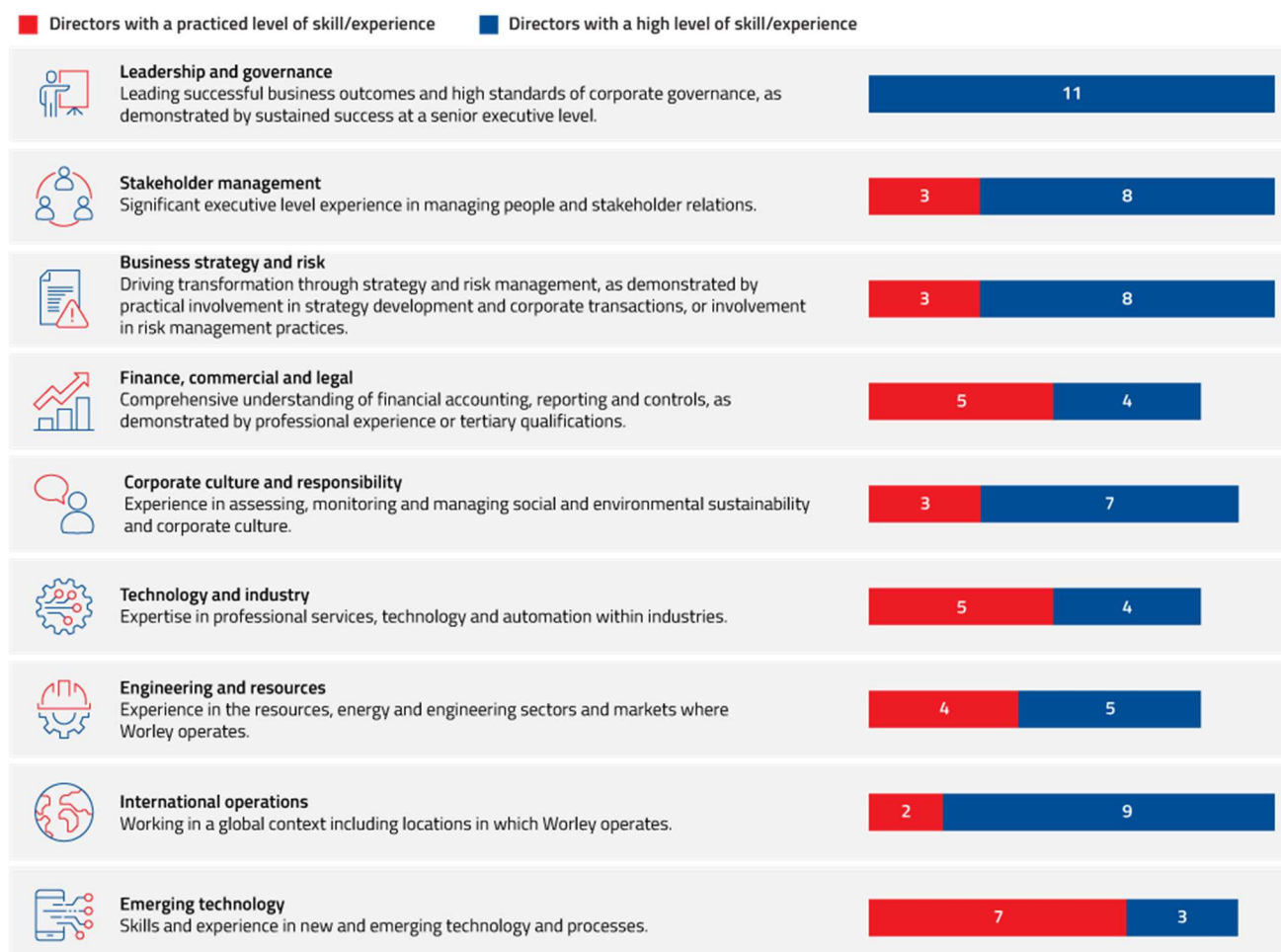


Diagram 2: Board skills and experience matrix



1.4 Director independence

The Board recognizes that, while various principles and factors are relevant in determining independence, true independence is a matter of judgment, having regard to the particular circumstances. Accordingly, when the Board exercises its judgment in determining independence, it has regard to relationships between a director and the Group or between a director and third parties that may compromise the director's independence.

The Nominations Committee monitors and undertakes an assessment of each non-executive director's independence at least annually, and more frequently in the case of director appointments or directors seeking election or re-election.

This assessment applies the ASX Recommendations, the Act and current corporate governance practice, and adopts the definition of independence set out in the ASX Recommendations. The Board has considered the positions and relationships of each of the ten persons who were non-executive directors during the Reporting Period and has formed the view that nine of those ten persons were independent. The Board is of the opinion that therefore a majority of the Board was independent of the Group's management and was free of any interest that may have affected their free and unfettered judgment during the Reporting Period.

For the reasons described below, the Board has determined that John Grill is not independent and has determined that each of Andrew Liveris, Christopher Haynes and Juan Suárez Coppel is independent.

John Grill

John Grill was appointed Chairman of the Board on 1 March 2013. John was CEO of the entity that ultimately became Worley Limited from 1971 and held the position of CEO until 23 October 2012. John is also a substantial shareholder of the Company. Accordingly, John is not regarded as independent.

While ASX Recommendation 2.5 provides that the Chairman should be independent, the Board carefully assessed John's appointment as Chairman and considered that there were a number of unique circumstances that made John's appointment appropriate. Almost every one of the Group's global industry peers is chaired by a former chief executive officer, demonstrating the ongoing importance of strong industry and customer relationships in the industries in which the Group operates. The Board wished to retain the benefit of John's close relationships with major global customers and his extensive industry experience. The Board also considered the fact that John is a substantial shareholder, which aligns his interests with those of all other shareholders.

Consistent with the ASX Recommendations, on John's appointment as Chairman, the Board created the role of Lead Independent Director. Appointing a Lead Independent Director ensures the views of independent directors are raised and considered by the Board. The Lead Independent Director provides leadership and support to the other independent directors in relation to matters that uniquely concern them as independent directors. The Lead Independent Director also, together with the Chairman, ensures that conflicts of interest on the Board (whether actual or potential) are identified and managed appropriately. The Lead Independent Director calls and chairs at least four meetings of independent directors each calendar year (at which neither the Chairman nor senior leaders are present) for the purpose of discussing matters relevant to the Board's business and responsibilities.

Six such meetings were held during the Reporting Period.

Andrew Liveris

Andrew Liveris is a non-executive director of the Saudi Arabian Oil Company (Saudi Aramco), which is a customer of the Group. The Board considers Andrew to be independent after applying the principles stated above, given the percentage of total revenue and total gross margin the Group earned from Saudi Aramco was less than 5% during the Reporting Period.

In the Board's opinion, Andrew's judgment is not impaired or conflicted even though he is a non-executive director of Saudi Aramco. The Board also notes that as a practical matter, he exercises independent judgment in the Company's best interests without direction from Saudi Aramco and does not receive any remuneration other than director's fees from either the Company or Saudi Aramco.

Christopher Haynes

Christopher Haynes, the Chairman of the Company's Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee, is a non-executive director of Woodside Petroleum Limited (Woodside), which is a customer of the Group. The Board considers Christopher to be independent after applying the principles stated above, given the percentage of total revenue and total gross margin the Group earned from Woodside was less than 5% during the Reporting Period.

In the Board's opinion, Christopher's judgment is not impaired or conflicted even though he is a non-executive director of Woodside. The Board also notes that as a practical matter, he exercises independent judgment in the Company's best interests without direction from Woodside and does not receive any remuneration other than director's fees from either the Company or Woodside.

Juan Suárez Coppel

Juan Suárez Coppel was an independent non-executive director of Jacobs Engineering Group Inc. prior to his appointment to the Board on 27 May 2019. Juan was not an executive of Jacobs Engineering Group Inc., was not appointed to the Board as a representative of Jacobs Engineering Group Inc. and does not receive any ongoing remuneration from that company.

As a result, the Board considers Juan to be independent and is comfortable that he brings an independent judgment on Board issues in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.

1.5 Notification of interests and treatment of conflicts

Directors are required to notify the Chairman of any contracts, offices (including other directorships) held, and interests in other companies or transactions which might involve a real or potential conflict and at each Board meeting, directors declare any conflicts or changes to their independence. In the event of such a conflict, the Board acts appropriately and takes minutes of its actions. The Board Charter sets out the process that the Company applies if a conflict arises for one or more of its directors. In particular, a director who has a conflict with respect to a matter will not, without the Chairman's approval, receive relevant Board papers, or be present during any discussion or vote on that matter. In the event that the Chairman has a conflict, the Lead Independent Director's approval is required.

1.6 Independent advice

Directors are entitled to take independent professional advice at the Company's expense, where the directors judge such advice to be necessary or appropriate.

1.7 Group Company Secretary

Under the Board Charter, the appointment, performance review and, where appropriate, the removal of the Group Company Secretary are key responsibilities of the Board. As a result, the Group Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairman, including on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.

1.8 Performance review

The Group encourages excellence from all its people and the directors recognize that the performance of all its people, including its directors, is enhanced by a structured performance review process.

Review of Board performance

There is a review of Board, Committee and individual director performance every 12 months. The review of Board and Committee performance involves:

- a comparison of performance against agreed relevant criteria; and
- an examination of the Board's and the Committees' overall effectiveness.

The criteria against which the performance of the Board and its Committees is assessed include:

- strategy formulation;
- monitoring of business performance;
- monitoring of risk management;
- monitoring of regulatory compliance; and
- succession planning.

The review of individual director performance involves a comparison of the director's performance against agreed relevant criteria, including:

- the level and relevance of the expertise the director brings to the Board and its Committees;
- the time commitment the director demonstrates via preparation for, and participation in, Board and Committee meetings;
- the extent to which the director brings an independent and questioning mind to matters considered by the Board and its Committees; and
- the extent to which the director seeks, despite inevitable differences of opinion, to maintain a respectful and collegiate atmosphere at all times when dealing with other directors and our people.

In addition, informal reviews are conducted as necessary and any director may suggest that the Board conduct an additional formal review earlier than the regular annual review. A Board, Committee and director evaluation was completed during the Reporting Period in accordance with the process outlined above.

In May 2020, all directors completed detailed surveys regarding the Board's and each Committee's performance. Each director provided ratings and comments regarding the Board's and each Committee's key activities, as well as comments regarding the Board's and each Committee's overall performance. The Group Company Secretary collated those ratings and comments, without attributing them to any director, and circulated them to the directors. The Nominations Committee discussed the key themes arising from those ratings and comments and agreed actions to enhance Board and Committee

performance. In addition, the Chairman met with each non-executive director to discuss that director's individual performance during the Reporting Period. The Lead Independent Director also met with the Chairman to discuss the Chairman's individual performance during the Reporting Period. At each meeting, succession of the relevant non-executive director was also discussed. The outcome of these discussions was shared with the other non-executive directors, as appropriate.

In addition, the Nominations Committee evaluates the performance of individual non-executive directors as those directors become eligible for election and re-election, as part of its assessment of whether the Board should support the relevant election or re-election. The Nominations Committee conducted a review of the directors standing for election or re-election at the Company's 2020 Annual General Meeting.

Review of executive performance

The Board establishes performance criteria for the CEO and conducts a performance review of the CEO at least annually. The Board is advised on these matters by the Nominations Committee.

In turn, the CEO conducts annual performance reviews of other executives and reports on their performance to the People and Remuneration Committee. The People and Remuneration Committee has oversight of people strategy and policy specifically relating to setting and assessing performance targets.

The relevant criteria against which the performance of the CEO and the other executives are assessed include:

- financial;
- health, safety and sustainability; and
- strategic priorities.

The performance of the CEO and the other executives was reviewed in this manner during the Reporting Period.

Each executive, including the CEO, has a written position description and a service contract. Appropriate background checks are undertaken before a new person is appointed to an executive position.

Part 2 - Operation and responsibilities of the Board and Board Committees

Relevant policies and charters, including:

- Board Charter;
- Audit and Risk Committee Charter;
- Nominations Committee Charter;
- People and Remuneration Committee Charter;
- Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee Charter; and
- Continuous Disclosure Policy,

are available on the Corporate Governance page in the Investor relations section of the Group's website www.worley.com.

2.1 Board role and responsibilities and matters reserved for the Board

The Board's role is to set strategic direction and policy for the Group for the benefit of the Company's shareholders and other stakeholders. The Board is accountable to shareholders for the Group's performance.

The Board's key responsibilities are set out in the Board Charter and include:

- approving the Group's strategic direction and values;
- setting goals for and monitoring Group performance;
- appointing the CEO;

- overseeing the implementation of the Group's risk management systems;
- authorizing key Group policies;
- approving the Group's interim and annual financial statements; and
- guiding and monitoring the Company's corporate culture, leading by example and ensuring the right governance framework and controls are in place.

Matters reserved for the Board are set out in the Board Charter, the Continuous Disclosure Policy and the CEO's Delegation of Authority and include:

- approving Group budgets and business plans;
- approving significant acquisitions and divestments;
- approving capital raisings and major borrowings and granting security over assets;
- determining what disclosure ought to be made regarding earnings guidance, acquisitions, divestments and capital raisings; and
- approving entry into contracts in excess of the authority limits set out in the CEO's Delegation of Authority.

2.2 Senior leaders¹ role and responsibilities and matters delegated to senior leaders

The role of senior leaders is to deliver the strategic direction and goals determined by the Board. Senior leaders are responsible for matters including:

- undertaking the day-to-day management of the Group's operations and finances;
- reporting to the Board on matters including the Group's operations and financial performance;
- recommending Group strategy, budgets, plans, policies and risk management systems to the Board; and
- determining Group policies, other than those reserved for the Board.

Matters delegated to senior leaders are set out in the Continuous Disclosure Policy and the Delegations of Authority given to the CEO and in turn to various other senior leaders. Those matters include the following, up to certain limits of authority:

- approving entry into contracts under which the Group will provide services;
- settling legal claims;
- approving credit facilities;
- approving the procurement of equipment and IT hardware and software;
- approving entry into office leases; and
- determining the extent to which foreign exchange exposures ought to be hedged.

2.3 Board meetings

The Board meets in person at least six times a year, with additional meetings and briefings held as required, usually by video conference. However, due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, meetings post March 2020 were held in a virtual setting.

Senior leaders are invited to attend certain Board meetings, even if they are not Board members. This provides a direct line of communication between the directors and management present.

Non-executive directors also meet at least six times a year without management in attendance. Details of the Board and standing Board Committee meetings held during the Reporting Period and attendances at those meetings are set out on page 46 of the Annual Report.

2.4 Board Committees

The Board has established four standing Committees to assist it in carrying out its responsibilities: the Audit and Risk Committee; the Nominations Committee; the People and Remuneration Committee; and the Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee. Each of the Committees has a formal charter in place. Each Committee is comprised of:

- a non-executive director as Chairman;
- only non-executive directors, the majority of whom are independent; and
- at least three members.

Senior leaders may attend Committee meetings upon invitation from the relevant Chairman.

Audit and Risk Committee

The Audit and Risk Committee assists the Board in overseeing the integrity of the Group's financial reporting, risk management framework and internal controls.

The Committee has an important role in supervising and monitoring the progress of both the Internal Audit and Risk Management functions. In addition, it manages the Group's relationship with the external auditor, including:

- the auditor's appointment, evaluation and (if appropriate) removal; and
- approval of the auditor's engagement terms, fees and audit plan.

The Audit and Risk Committee also reviews and makes recommendations on the strategic direction, objectives and effectiveness of the Group's financial and operational risk management processes. This includes considering the effectiveness of risk management processes, as well as compliance and internal control systems. Climate-related risks are managed through the Audit and Risk Committee and reported to the Board.

The Chairman of the Committee is an independent director who is not the Chairman of the Board.

The following directors were members of the Audit and Risk Committee during the Reporting Period:

Name	Duration
Anne Templeman-Jones (Chairman)	Whole Reporting Period
Catherine Livingstone	Until 21 October 2019
Martin Parkinson	From 24 February 2020
Juan Suárez Coppel	Whole Reporting Period
Wang Xiao Bin	Whole Reporting Period
Sharon Warburton	Whole Reporting Period

Details of the Audit and Risk Committee meetings held and attendances at those meetings are set out on page 46 of the Annual Report.

Nominations Committee

The Nominations Committee assists and advises the Board on matters relating to Board composition and performance, including director independence, and the CEO's appointment, performance review and remuneration. The Committee reviews, assesses and advises the Board in relation to the necessary and desirable competencies of directors. It also oversees director selection and appointment.

All non-executive directors are members of the Nominations Committee.

Name	Duration
John Grill (Chairman)	Whole Reporting Period
Thomas Gorman	Whole Reporting Period
Christopher Haynes	Whole Reporting Period
Roger Higgins	Whole Reporting Period
Andrew Liveris	Whole Reporting Period
Catherine Livingstone	Until 21 October 2019
Martin Parkinson	From 24 February 2020
Juan Suárez Coppel	Whole Reporting Period
Anne Templeman-Jones	Whole Reporting Period
Wang Xiao Bin	Whole Reporting Period
Sharon Warburton	Whole Reporting Period

Details of the Nominations Committee meetings held and attendances at those meetings are set out on page 46 of the Annual Report.

Although ASX Recommendation 2.1 recommends that the Chairman of the Nominations Committee should be an independent director, the Board considers that John Grill is the appropriate non-executive director for this role. In the Board's view, as Chairman of the Board, John is also best placed to lead the Nominations Committee in performing its duties. Further, even though John is not an independent director, his substantial shareholding aligns his interests with those of other shareholders.

¹ Senior leaders are defined as leadership roles, typically classified as Tiers 1, 2 and 3.

The Nominations Committee and the Board consider the composition of the Board at least twice annually: when assessing the Board's performance and when considering director elections and re-elections. In addition, the Nominations Committee also considers Board composition before appointing any new director and when a director retires. In considering whether the Board will support the election or re-election of incumbent directors, the Nominations Committee considers the skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity of that director, along with the contribution made to the Board by the director and the contribution that the director is likely to make if elected or re-elected.

Following this assessment, the Nominations Committee will make a recommendation to the Board as to whether or not the Board should support the election or re-election of the director. All material information in the Group's possession that is relevant to the decision as to whether or not to elect or re-elect the director is provided to shareholders in the explanatory notes accompanying the notice of meeting for the Annual General Meeting at which the election or re-election is to be considered.

When considering the appointment of new directors, the Nominations Committee assesses the range of skills, knowledge, experience, independence, diversity and other attributes from which the Board would benefit and the extent to which current directors possess such attributes. This assessment allows the Nominations Committee to provide the Board with a recommendation concerning the attributes for a new director, such that they balance those of existing directors. The Board considers the Nominations Committee's recommendation and determines the attributes for which it is searching. Candidates are assessed through interviews, meetings and background and reference checks (which may be conducted both by external consultants and by directors) as appropriate. Following this assessment, the Nominations Committee will make a recommendation to the Board concerning the proposed appointment.

If the Board decides to continue the process, all directors will meet with the proposed director. The Board will then make its final decision with regard to the appointment.

People and Remuneration Committee

The People and Remuneration Committee assists and advises the Board on matters relating to Board remuneration and performance, remuneration of the Company's Group Executive and the Company's People strategy. The Committee is responsible for ensuring that the Group has and observes coherent remuneration policies and practices which enable it to:

- attract and retain executives, directors and other people who will create value for shareholders;
- generate sustained business performance; and
- support the Group's objectives, goals and values. Further details on the operation of the Committee are set out in the Remuneration Report on page 69 of the Annual Report.

The Committee is also responsible for setting the People strategy and policies, specifically relating to diversity and inclusion, executive succession planning and the Group's culture, purpose and values.

The following directors were members of the People and Remuneration Committee during the Reporting Period:

Name	Duration
Thomas Gorman (Chairman)	Whole Reporting Period
John Grill	Whole Reporting Period
Christopher Haynes	Whole Reporting Period
Andrew Liveris	Whole Reporting Period

Details of the People and Remuneration Committee meetings held and attendances at those meetings are set out on page 46 of the Annual Report.

Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee

The Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee (formerly Health, Safety and Environment Committee) assists the Board to fulfil its responsibility to oversee health, safety and sustainability matters arising out of the Group's activities.

It is responsible for making recommendations to the Board regarding:

- the effectiveness of the resources and processes that the Group uses to manage health, safety and sustainability risks and to comply with health, safety and sustainability laws;
- the Group's and management's respective performance with respect to health, safety and sustainability;
- the identity of independent third parties to be appointed to verify the effectiveness of the Group's resources, process and performance with respect to health, safety and sustainability, along with the scope of their role and how frequently verification will be undertaken;
- applicability of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals and how they can be used to guide the Group's health, safety and sustainability practices; and
- the Group's Sustainability Report, Climate Change Position Statement and related reporting.

The following directors were members of the Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee during the Reporting Period:

Name	Duration
Christopher Haynes (Chairman)	Whole Reporting Period
Thomas Gorman	Whole Reporting Period
John Grill	Whole Reporting Period
Roger Higgins	Whole Reporting Period
Andrew Liveris	From 22 October 2019

Details of the Health, Safety and Sustainability Committee meetings held and attendances at those meetings are set out on page 46 of the Annual Report.

Part 3 – Governance policies applying to the Group

Relevant policies and charters, including:

- Code of Conduct;
 - Whistleblower Policy;
 - Human Rights Policy;
 - Securities Dealing Policy;
 - Risk Management Policy;
 - Continuous Disclosure Policy;
 - Corporate Responsibility Policy;
 - Diversity and Inclusion Policy;
 - Health, Safety and Environment Policy; and
 - Ethical Supply Chain and Modern Slavery Statement,
- are available on the Corporate Governance page in the Investor relations section of the Group's website www.worley.com.

3.1 Ethical decision making – the Code of Conduct

The Board has approved various policies and codes to promote the Group's approach to ethical and responsible decision making and articulate the culture of the organization. The Group's Code of Conduct guides its personnel, including directors, as to the standards of behavior expected of them. The Code has been translated into Arabic, Bahasa Indonesian, Bahasa Malay, Bulgarian, Dutch, French, German, Hindi, Kazakh, Mandarin, Norwegian, Portuguese, Russian, Spanish, Tagalog and Thai.

The Code seeks to prescribe standards of behavior for all Group personnel, including directors, to observe. It does not, and understandably cannot, identify every ethical issue that an individual might face. The Code's objective is to provide a benchmark for professional and personal behavior throughout the Group, to safeguard the Group's reputation and to make clear the consequences of breaching the Code. The Code deals with many ethical and compliance issues, including the importance of:

- a safe and harassment-free workplace;
- good corporate citizenship and compliance with laws;
- professional integrity (including avoiding conflicts of interest); and
- protection of the Group's reputation, assets, resources, information and records.

All of our people:

- receive a copy of the Code and training in relation to it when they start with the Group and thereafter on an annual basis; and
- can access the Code from the Group's intranet or request a copy from their local People group representative.

The Group makes available a Whistleblower Policy and an Ethics Helpline for all of our people in instances of breaches of the Code and unethical behavior. The Audit and Risk Committee receives regular reports on the Code and is informed of any material breaches. The Group emphasizes that having a culture that ensures free and open discussion about ethical concerns means there will be no retaliation or any consequences for the whistleblower.

The Group has strict guidelines in relation to bribery and corruption and expects its people, partners and those with whom it does business will act fairly, honestly and with integrity.

3.2 Securities Dealing Policy

The Board has approved a Securities Dealing Policy that applies to all the Group's personnel, including directors. The Policy is designed to:

- explain the type of conduct in relation to dealings in securities that is prohibited under the relevant law and by the Group, including insider trading; and
- establish a procedure for buying, selling or otherwise dealing in the Company's securities that prohibits dealing by personnel and their associates during specified closed periods without prior approval from the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee, Chairman of

the Board, CEO or Group Company Secretary, as appropriate. Such approval will only be granted in exceptional circumstances.

The Act prohibits members of the Group's key management personnel and their closely-related parties from hedging any performance rights that they have been granted under the Company's Performance Rights Plan. Under the Policy, all personnel and their associates are prohibited from hedging any performance rights that they hold and they are also prohibited from hedging any shares that they hold that are subject to transfer restrictions or any minimum holding requirements. Hedging includes entering into any transaction or arrangement in financial products which operates to limit the economic risk of a security holding in the Company, including equity swaps and contracts for difference.

3.3 Management of material business risks

The Group has a Risk Management Policy and Risk and Assurance framework. The Board decides on the risk appetite and the level of risk that the Group is willing to take and requires management to design and implement risk management and internal control systems to identify, assess and manage the Group's material business risks and report to it on whether those risks are being managed effectively. The Risk and Assurance framework describes the objectives, strategies, resources and responsibilities for managing risk and how assurance is to be provided to the Board and management in relation to compliance and effectiveness.

The Group's risk management approach is based on the International Standard ISO 31000:2018 Risk management – Guidelines. This approach adopts best practice in risk management insofar as it relates to the Group's requirements. The Group's risk management systems are mature and embedded throughout the operations via the Group's Management System.

The Group has processes to systematically identify, assess and report on both financial and non-financial material business risks. Part of this process requires the Group's Internal Audit function to report to the Board as to the effectiveness of the Group's management of its material business risks and internal controls.

A strategic and operational Corporate Risk Report is prepared with input from management and analyzed by the Board quarterly. The Board receives reports from management on the effectiveness of the Group's management of material business risks during the Reporting Period. This process enables the Board to consider the effectiveness of the Group's management of its material business risks.

During the Reporting Period, the Audit and Risk Committee reviewed the Group's risk management framework to satisfy itself that the framework continues to be sound. In addition, management reported to the Committee regarding:

- the Group's risk management systems and processes;
- the extent to which those management systems and processes are being applied within the Group; and
- the quality and effectiveness of risk reporting and assurance within the Group.

The Board also received, before it approved the Company's financial statements for the full and half-year financial periods, a written assurance from the CEO and the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained, and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity. It also maintains that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

A description of the Group's key risks (including risks that cover economic, environmental and social sustainability issues) and how the Group seeks to mitigate those exposures is set out on pages 40 to 41 of the Annual Report.

3.4 Internal audit

The Internal Audit function is independent of management and is overseen by the Audit and Risk Committee. It provides assurance that the Group's financial and operational risks are being managed appropriately and that its internal control framework is operating effectively. In addition to the Director of Internal Audit's ongoing audit reports, they provide an annual assessment to the Audit and Risk Committee of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's control processes and risk management procedures in light of the nature, function and size of the Group's operations.

3.5 Continuous disclosure

The Board is committed to ensuring that the Company complies with its continuous disclosure obligations and has approved a Continuous Disclosure Policy that applies to all Group personnel, including directors. The Board seeks to promote investor confidence by seeking to ensure that trading in the Company's shares takes place in an informed market. The Continuous Disclosure Policy seeks to ensure that:

- all Group personnel are aware of the Company's obligations;
- there is accountability at a senior leadership level for timely disclosure of material information; and
- shareholders and the market in general are kept properly informed of price sensitive information affecting the Company.

The Continuous Disclosure Policy establishes a Disclosure Committee. The Disclosure Committee's role is to consider matters which are potentially material and price sensitive and to determine whether those matters are required to be disclosed to the market. The Board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.

The Disclosure Committee comprises the CEO or the CFO, the Group Company Secretary and at least one non-executive director. The Board considers any major disclosure matters such as results, profit guidance, major acquisitions and significant customer contract awards.

The Company discharges its obligations by releasing price sensitive information in ASX announcements and in other documents distributed to shareholders, such as the Annual Report.

3.6 Communicating with shareholders

The Board aims to ensure that shareholders are informed of all material information relating to the Company by communicating to shareholders through:

- continuous disclosure reporting to the ASX;
- annual reports; and
- media releases and other investor relations publications on the Group's website.

In addition, the Company provides other information about itself and its governance via the Group's website www.worley.com.

Annual General Meeting

The Board is also mindful of the importance of not only providing information, but also of enabling two-way communication between the Company and its shareholders. Traditionally, the key forum for two-way communication between the Company and its shareholders is its Annual General Meeting. The Board encourages shareholder participation at that meeting. Shareholders who are unable to attend are provided with a facility through which they may submit questions and comments before the meeting, to the Company or the auditor. At the meeting, the Chairman encourages questions and comments from shareholders and seeks to ensure that shareholders are given ample opportunity to participate.

Further, the Company's external auditor attends the Annual General Meeting and is available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report.

Investor and analyst meetings

In addition, from time to time, senior leaders meet with shareholders and analysts. Before those meetings, presentations to be made at the meeting are released to the market via the ASX and then published in the Investor relations section of the Group's website.

From time to time, the Board Chairman and the People and Remuneration Committee Chairman meet with shareholders.

Responding to queries

Further, investor relations representatives endeavor to respond to queries from shareholders and analysts for information in relation to the Group, provided that the information requested is already publicly available or not price sensitive.

Further two-way communication

During the Reporting Period, the Company's investor relations function provided two-way communication with shareholders via:

- telephone;
- webcasts; and
- face-to-face meetings.

Verification of unaudited corporate reports

The Company has a comprehensive process for preparing, verifying and approving the full and half year financial statements, and the external auditor provides an audit opinion in accordance with auditing standards ahead of release to the market.

The Company publishes additional unaudited information in the Annual Report, half year report and the Sustainability Report.

Although this information is not externally audited, the Company has adopted a process to verify material statements in these documents before they are released to the market. This includes a process to verify key pieces of non-financial information as well as management review and signoff, prior to Board approval.

The Company's registry

The Company also communicates with its shareholders via its share registry, Computershare Investor Services. The registry provides shareholders with the option of receiving communications from, and sending communications to it, electronically, except in certain limited circumstances, for example, in which an original signature or document must be provided.

3.7 Remuneration of directors and executives

The Group seeks to attract and retain directors and executives with the appropriate expertise and ability to create value for shareholders. The remuneration structure for the non-executive directors is not related to performance. Non-executive directors receive fees which reflect their skills and responsibilities and the time commitment required to discharge their duties. The Company does not pay retirement benefits to non-executive directors (other than superannuation contributions in accordance with its statutory superannuation obligations).

The remuneration structure for executives supports the business strategy and drives sustainable outperformance over the short and long term. It aligns to and encourages conduct that supports Worley's purpose, values, strategic objectives and risk appetite. There is a direct correlation between the executive's reward and individual and Group performance to ensure alignment with long-term business objectives and the interests of shareholders and other stakeholders.

Further details of the remuneration policies and practices of the Group and the remuneration paid to directors and executive key management personnel are set out in the Remuneration Report on pages 50 to 78 of the Annual Report.

3.8 Diversity and inclusion

The Group welcomes a diverse range of people reflecting the various countries, cultures and contexts spanned by its operations. The Group considers this diversity to be one of its strengths.

The diversity of the Group's people includes factors such as race, ethnicity, gender, sexual orientation, socioeconomic status, culture, age, physical ability, education, language, skill levels, family status, religious, political and other beliefs and work styles.

The Group knows from experience that differences in ideas, backgrounds, patterns of thinking and approaches to work can generate value for the Group's stakeholders.

The People and Remuneration Committee is responsible for reviewing and recommending to the Board the diversity and inclusion strategy, policy and measurable objectives for achieving diversity and inclusion at Worley.

Diversity and Inclusion Policy

The Group's Diversity and Inclusion Policy is available from the Group's website. The Policy includes requirements for the Board to establish measurable objectives for achieving diversity, including between genders, and to annually assess both those objectives and the Group's progress in achieving them. The Group's commitment to diversity and inclusion is supported by its Diversity and Inclusion expectations, which apply to all the Group's people regardless of the contracts or projects on which they are working.

The diversity and inclusion expectations are that:

- the Group's diverse and inclusive workplace is representative of the countries and communities in which it operates;
- the Group's recruitment and promotion practices are transparent, consistent and fair;
- the Group is committed to equal access to, and equivalent remuneration parameters for, roles of comparable value at all levels;
- the Group promotes flexible work practices to support the needs and responsibilities of its people;
- all Group's people are accountable and engaged to create an inclusive work environment where individual difference is understood, respected and fully valued; and
- the Group is a diversity and inclusion leader in its industry and the communities in which it operates.

The diversity and inclusion expectations provide the framework for the Group's goal of developing and maintaining a diverse and inclusive workplace, and the implementation of all diversity-related initiatives and guidelines. Executives are responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the diversity and inclusion expectations and for providing visible leadership with respect to the Diversity and Inclusion Policy.

The Group complies with all mandatory diversity reporting requirements. In accordance with the Australian Workplace Gender Equality Act 2012, relevant entities within the Group have submitted Workplace Gender Equality Reports for the Reporting Period. Those reports are available from the Corporate Governance page in the Investor relations section of the Group website www.worley.com.

Information regarding the Group's diversity-related activities is set out on page 30 of the Annual Report.

Measurable objectives and current gender profile

This year marked the end of the initial gender diversity objectives set for the Group by the Board to FY2020.

The Group achieved two of the three objectives, shown in the table below, the most notable being the increase of women into senior executive² roles now at 39% (from 26% in FY2019) which exceeds the goal of 25% by FY2020.

The objective to increase women employees to 30% was not achieved. In FY2019 it was reported that the percentage of women was adversely affected by the ECR acquisition, which notably impacted the makeup of the Group's workforce with a significant addition of craft/hourly type roles. The percentage dropped to 18% from 21% in FY2018. FY2020 saw a slight increase to 19% women.

Another notable achievement is the improvement in gender diversity in our Group Executive (excluding CEO), now at 50% women (from 25% in FY2019). The new Group Executive team came into effect on 1 July 2020.

The Group's measurable objectives for increasing gender diversity are set out in the following table, along with the Group's progress toward achieving those objectives during the Reporting Period, as at 30 June 2020.

Role	Objective	2020
Women employees ³	Increase the proportion of women employees to 30% by FY2020	19%
Women senior executives ²	Increase the proportion of women senior executives to 25% by FY2020	39%
Women non-executive directors	Increase (or maintain) the number of women non-executive directors to 3 by FY2020	3

Diversity and inclusion approach

Worley aims for a diverse and inclusive workplace, to maximize our business results and attract, recruit, engage and retain a talented workforce. Our new People, Culture and Market model will create a more holistic and commercial approach to diversity and inclusion at Worley. It will be used to guide discussions, our approach and to target actions to ensure we make sustainable progress. In line with this model, we have set measurable objectives to FY2025 and will drive strategic and globally consistent actions to support the achievement.

Our ambition is to improve gender diversity and to undertake work and set measurable objectives in the areas of ethnic diversity and a culture of inclusion. The Group's progress over time is included in this statement and our status in relation to the new FY2025 objectives is set out below:



People

Worley will continue to advance gender diversity and measure and improve ethnic diversity. The next five years will be used to drive a step change in Worley's diversity in our senior leaders⁴ and graduate roles.

Our targets under the area of People to FY2025 are to:

- have a Board composition of at least 30% female;
- retain gender diversity of Group Executive at equal male and female representation;
- increase the female representation in our senior leaders⁴ and general workforce;

² "Senior executives" means all employees and contractors at the CEO-1, CEO-2 and CEO-3 levels. From FY2021, Worley will define leadership roles using our Organizational Role Framework (Tiers) rather than levels (CEO-1, -2 and -3).

³ This includes both the Group's employees and contractors.

⁴ Senior leaders are defined as leadership roles, typically classified as Tiers 1, 2 and 3.

- achieve a minimum of 50% female hires for the collective annual global graduate intake; and
- increase the representation of non-Caucasian people in our senior leaders⁴ and in our graduate intakes.

In FY2021 we will develop more defined targets.

Culture

We will continue to build an environment of inclusion and belonging to unlock performance and innovation across our global workforce. During FY2021 we will identify options to baseline our culture of inclusion as a basis to develop actions and targets to increase the performance, innovation and creativity of our people.

Market

The third element of our diversity and inclusion model gives us the opportunity to understand how we compare to organizations making diversity and inclusion progress and understand what actions they are taking to improve their diversity and inclusion performance. During FY2021 we will identify recognized benchmarks that are appropriate for our business.

3.9 Ethical Supply Chain and Modern Slavery Statement

Worley has issued a global Group statement that addresses the Group's requirements outlined in the UK Modern Slavery Act 2015 and the Australian Modern Slavery Act 2018. It applies to Worley Limited and its global operations and suppliers, including its subsidiaries.

The statement addresses modern slavery risks in the business and supply chains and outlines the processes to address the risks. The statement also outlines the plans to enhance the program over the next 12 months.

In January 2020, Worley launched Modern Slavery awareness training and disseminated resources across the Company and will continue to run an annual focus topic on Modern Slavery.

Additional education is planned for supply chain and human resources personnel and anyone who interfaces with high risk areas of the business.

The statement is available from the Corporate Governance page in the Investor relations section of the Group website www.worley.com.

Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

1.1	A listed entity should disclose: a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	2.1 and 2.2
1.2	A listed entity should: a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	1.3, 1.4 and 2.4
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	1.3 and 1.8
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	1.7
1.5	A listed entity should: a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them; b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them, and either: 1. the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organization (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or 2. if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.	3.8
1.6	A listed entity should: a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	1.8
1.7	A listed entity should: a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	1.8

Principle 2: Structure the board to add value

2.1	The board of a listed entity should:	2.4
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) have a nomination committee which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2. is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3. the charter of the committee; 4. the members of the committee; and 5. as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively. 	
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	1.3
2.3	A listed entity should disclose:	1.2 and 1.4
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 which appears on page 16 of the ASX Recommendations and is titled "Factors relevant to assessing the independence of a director", but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and c) the length of service of each director. 	
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	1.4
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the chief executive officer of the entity.	1.4
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	1.3

Principle 3: Act ethically and responsibly

3.1	A listed entity should:	3.1
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and b) disclose that code or a summary of it. 	

Principle 4: Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

4.1	The board of a listed entity should:	1.2 and 2.4
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) have an audit committee which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2. is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3. the charter of the committee; 4. the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and 5. in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. 	
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its chief executive officer and chief financial officer a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	3.3
4.3	A listed entity that has an annual general meeting should ensure that its external auditor attends its annual general meeting and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	3.6

Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure

5.1	A listed entity should:	3.5
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and b) disclose that policy or a summary of it. 	

Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders

6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	3.6
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	3.6
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	3.6
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	3.6

Principle 7: Recognize and manage risk

7.1	The board of a listed entity should:	2.4
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2. is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3. the charter of the committee; 4. the members of the committee; and 5. as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework. 	
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should:	3.3
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place. 	
7.3	A listed entity should disclose:	3.4
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; and b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes. 	
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	3.3

Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

8.1	The board of a listed entity should:	2.4
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) have a remuneration committee which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2. is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3. the charter of the committee; 4. the members of the committee; and 5. as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive. 	
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	3.7
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity based remuneration scheme should:	3.2
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and b) disclose that policy or a summary of it. 	

