

Annual Report For the year ended 30 June 2020

The information contained in this report is to be read in conjunction with Zeus Resources Limited's 2020 half year report and announcements to the market Zeus Resources released during the period

WWW.ZEUSRESOURCES.COM ABN 70 139 183 190

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Directors

Mr Dongfeng Zhang – Chairperson (appointed 25 Sept 2019) Mr Jiangang Zhao - Acting CEO and Director Mr Gregory Clifton Hall - Non-executive Director Mr Yong Zhang - Non-executive Director Mr Shouyin Wang – Chairperson (resigned 25 Sept 2019)

Company Secretary

Anthony Harris

Principal registered office

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Email: info@zeusresources.com

Auditor

William Buck 29/66 Goulburn St Sydney NSW 2000

Share Registry

Link Market Services Level 4, 152 St George's Terrace Perth WA 6000

Australian Securities Exchange

ASX Code – ZEU

Website: www.zeusresources.com

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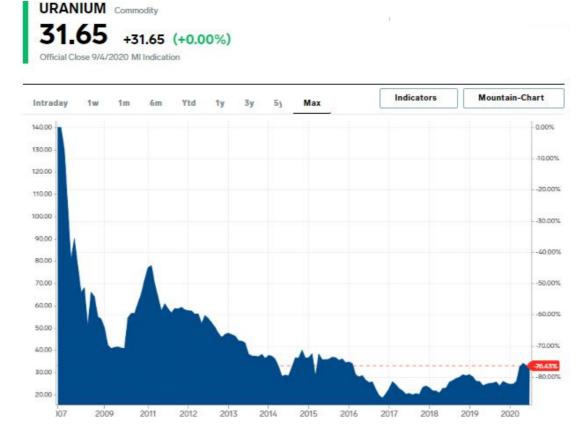
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CHAIRPERSON'S REPORT

Dear Shareholder,

It is with great pleasure that I write to you and present the Zeus Resources Ltd (Zeus or the Company) Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2020.

During the past year, uranium exploration and mining companies have experienced some growth in demand for uranium ores and milled ore product and growth in the spot price. Miners and suppliers in Canada and Kazakhstan's state-owned Kazatomprom are slowly bringing production back on line with newly-listed investment house Yellow Cake placing contracts for long term supply of uranium oxide. Uranium price still remains low, around US\$31 per lb up from US\$24 per lb last year, but a long way off from prices in the previous decade of \$140 per lb.



Source: Market Insider: https://markets.businessinsider.com/commodities/uranium-price

CHAIRPERSON'S REPORT

Tenements Exploration

Exploration efforts during the year have remained focused on the planning of follow up exploration programs for proposed drilling at the Company's remaining Narnoo and Wiluna Projects and at the Gascoyne tenement extension Mortimer Hills E09/2147.

Exploration efforts in WA have been delayed due to restrictions on travel and due to our JV partner changing management structure and deciding not to continue with exploration efforts in the Gascoyne region.

Exploration conducted by farm-in partner Arrow Minerals Ltd Limited (ASX: AMD) ("Arrow") had not progressed during the year and unfortunately the new CEO decided not to continue with the joint venture project, E09/1618 in the Gascoyne area. Zeus Resources agreed to end the Joint Venture agreement and Arrow, as the managing partner, fully relinquished the tenement in May 2020.

Efforts to find joint venture partners for tenements in the Lake Way area were severely impacted by the restrictions on travel. The Company was not able to negotiate with JV partners for tenements E53/1601 and E53/1604. These two tenements were subsequently fully relinquished.

The Company has followed up on forming a venture with potential operators in Laos. These relationships were expected to be expanded upon in the financial year, due to the Covid19 pandemic restrictions, negotiations have been temporarily halted. We hope to send in another exploration team some time in 2021.

Financial Position

The company still has sufficient funds to support further operations with \$1.14 million of cash as at 30th June 2020 and no debt.

Cash outflows have been substantially reduced by relinquishing two tenements and partially relinquishing a futher 2 tenements. Projected cash outflow was reduced from a commitment of over \$400,000 to \$150,000.

The substantial reduction in the projected costs of tenements will enable the Company to carry out further exploration and explore acquisitions and joint venture possibilities in the next financial year.

Yours Sincerely,

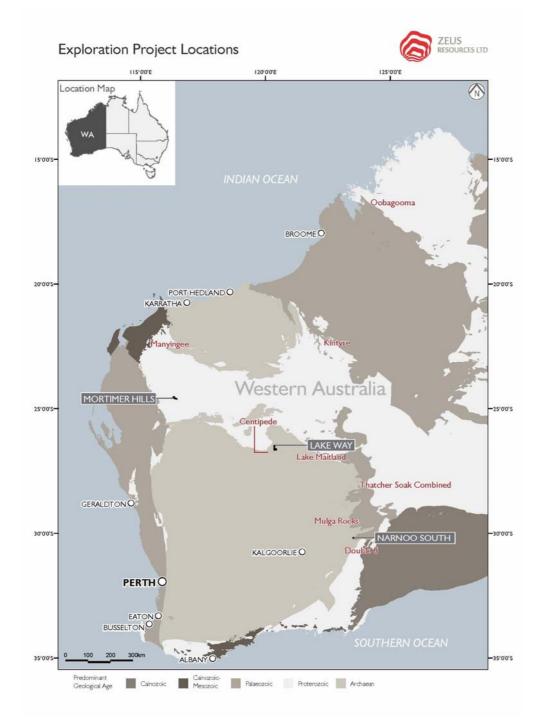
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Mr. Dongfeng Zhang Chairperson

Dated this 29th day of September 2020

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

The Company held six active licences during the year in three project areas within Western Australia, at Lake Way, Narnoo South and Mortimer Hills. In April 2020 Zeus Resources relinquished three licences and two licences partially surrendered. Arrow Minerals Ltd relinquished the Joint Venture tenement E09/1618 in Mortimer Hills.



Tenements are shown in Figure 1 and detailed in Table 1.

Figure 1. Zeus Resources Tenement Location Map.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Region	Project	Tenement	Status	Holder	Operator	Comments
		E 53/1601	Relinquished	-	-	100% surrendered
Wiluna	Lake Way	E 53/1603	Granted	Zeus Resources Ltd	Zeus Resources Ltd	Partial Surrender 3/8 blocks. 5 held
		E 53/1604	Relinquished	-	-	100% surrendered
Narnoo	Narnoo South	E 28/2097	Granted	Zeus Resources Ltd	Zeus Resources Ltd	Partial Surrender 2/7 blocks. 5 held
Gassayna	Mortimer	E 09/1618	Relinquished	-	-	100% surrender
Gascoyne	Hills	E 09/2147	Granted	Zeus Resources Ltd	Zeus Resources Ltd	No changes
Table 1. Zeus Resources Tenement Details						

Exploration Program

No fieldwork was completed during the year ended 30th June 2020 on the tenements managed by Zeus Resources Ltd.

Wiluna Project

During the year ended 30th June 2020 Zeus completed a strategic review of the Wiluna project and relinquished two licences, E53/1601 and E53/1604. Exploration licence E53/1603 was reduced in area by 3 sub-blocks. There are no immediate plans or a drilling program at the Wiluna Project, but this is subject to an ongoing review by the Board.

Narnoo Project

During the year ended 30th June 2020 Zeus completed a strategic review of the Narnoo project and reduced the area of Exploration Licence E28/2097 by 2 sub-blocks. There are no immediate plans for follow up drilling of the Narnoo South (E28/2097) uranium prospect, but this is subject to ongoing review by the Board.

Gascoyne Project

In May 2020 Arrow Minerals Ltd withdrew from involvement with E09/1618 and the licence was relinquished. No field exploration activities were undertaken by Zeus within E09/2147 during the year ended 30th June 2020.

Competent Person Statement:

Information in this release that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled by Mr Andrew Rust, who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (AusIMM). Mr Rust is a full time employee of Shearwater Australia Proprietary Limited. Mr Rust is engaged by Zeus Resources Limited as an independent consultant. Mr Rust has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Rust consents to the inclusion in this release of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Your Directors present their report together with the financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 30th June 2020.

Review of operations

During the past financial year, the Company focused on both geological exploration of current tenements and new project acquisitions.

Exploration efforts in WA have been delayed due to restrictions on travel and due to our JV partner changing management structure and deciding not to continue with exploration efforts in the Gascoyne region.

The Company will continue to investigate potential other joint venture partners for current tenement exploration licences and hopes to develop partnerships with similar terms and conditions of the Arrow joint venture.

The Company has also formed some new relationships with potential operators in Laos. These relationships were expected to be expanded upon in the financial year, however our staff have not been able to travel outside of Australia or China in order to follow up on opportunities in Laos. The discussions in Laos have been put on hold until the COVID19 situation in SE Asia improves and travel restrictions have been relaxed.

Results of Operations

For the year ended 30th June 2020 the Company recorded a loss of \$834,620 (2019: Loss \$261,510). Impairment of relinquished or partially surrendered tenements accounted for \$574,090 of the loss. (Loss before impairment was \$265,530)

Total exploration expenditure for the year was \$144,882 (2019: \$154,475) of which \$139,849 was capitalised to exploration assets (2019: \$149,316).

For the year ended 30th June 2020 the share price of the Company did not change from opening at \$0.008 per share to close at \$0.008 per share – a change in value of 0%.

Shares Registry

For the year ended 30th June 2020 the Company did not issue any additional shares or cancel any shares. (2019: Nil). The Company did not make any payments for shares in the Company at a discount or premium to the traded price. (2019: Nil)

Significant changes in state of affairs

During the financial year ended 30th June 2020, the Chairperson, Mr Shouyin Wang, resigned on 25th September 2019. Mr Dongfeng Zhang was subsequently appointed to the position of Chairperson on 25th September 2019.

No other significant changes were made to the structure and composition of board and management to 30th June 2020.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company during the year was the exploration for uranium and other metal resources and the assessment of options for investment in multi-commodity mining assets. The Company operates as a for profit entity. No change in the principal activity occurred during this period.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Company intends to continue its exploration activities on its existing projects and to acquire further suitable projects for exploration as opportunities arise.

Directors

The Directors in office during the year and as at the date of this report are:

Mr. Jiangang Zhao Mr. Gregory Clifton Hall Mr. Yong Zhang Mr. Dongfeng Zhang (appointed 25 Sept 2019) Mr. Shouyin Wang (resigned 25 Sept 2019)

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year (1 July 2019) to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

DIRECTORS' PROFILES

Mr Shouyin Wang – Chairperson (Resigned 25 September 2019)

BA Geology Institute of HebeiEMBA Xi'an University of Technology

From 1987-1997, Mr Wang worked at the Shandong Office of the China Metallurgical Geological Bureau and from 1997- 2012, he worked for Xinjiang Geological Prospecting Institute as Dean and President. He also acted as a Director, Deputy Manager and as CFO of ZIMC during this period. From 2012 to current, Mr Wang is acting as the director of Mining Development Department of the China Metallurgical Geological Bureau and has been the General Manager of ZIMC since May 2015.

Mr Dongfeng Zhang – Chairperson (Appointed 25 September 2019)

PhD Zhongnan University

Mr Zhang is currently the Chairperson of Zhengyuan International Mining Company Ltd (ZIMC). Prior to joining ZIMC, Mr Zhang worked for many years as a Director and as an engineer including at the Institute of Geology of the Third Bureau (1993-1997); at the Shanxi Office of the China Metallurgical Geological

DIRECTORS' PROFILES continued

Bureau (1997-1998); as Vice President at the Geological Exploration Institute (1998-2002); as Deputy Manager at the Shanxi Metallurgical Geotechnical Corporation (2006-2010). Mr Zhang then went on to complete a PhD at Zhongnan University. Mr Zhang then return to serve as the Dean of the Third Geological Exploration Institute of China Metallurgical Geology Bureau (2014-2017) and then as the current Dean of Kunning Institute of China Metallurgical Geology Bureau.

Mr Yong Zhang - Non-Executive Director

B. Engineering (Shandong Construction College)

Mr Yong Zhang has had an extensive career in property development, real estate sales and investment. Mr Zhang has extensive property interests in China with over 1,600 employees. Mr Zhang was instrumental in securing the cornerstone investment in Zeus by China Metallurgical Geological Bureau, via its subsidiary Zhengyuan International Mining Company Limited.

Mr Gregory Clifton Hall - Non-Executive Director

B. App Sc. (University of New South Wales)

Mr Greg Hall is a seasoned geologist with over 35 years of international experience. From 1988-2005, he was employed by the Placer Dome group of companies, serving as Chief Geologist -World Wide during the last five years he was there. Placer Dome was acquired by Barrick Gold Corporation in early 2006.

Over the course of his illustrious career, Mr Hall had a senior role in the discoveries of both Barrick Gold's Granny Smith mine and Rio Tinto's Yandi iron ore mine. In addition, he took part in the discoveries of Keringal and Wallaby in Australia's Eastern Goldfields, as well as the definition of AngloGold Ashanti's Sunrise gold mine.

Other current appointments: Great Boulder Resources Ltd (ASX:GBR) – Non-Executive Chairman Dateline Resources Ltd (ASX:DTR) – Non-Executive Director

Mr Jiangang Zhao – Acting CEO and Director

- BA Northwest A&F University
- MA Research Institute for Fiscal Science

Mr Jiangang Zhao holds a Bachelor of Accounting, a Master of Finance and a Master of Accounting. Presently, Mr Zhao is the Deputy Chief Financial Officer in the Department of Finance of Zhengyuan International Mining Company Limited.

Mr Anthony Harris - Company Secretary

Mr Harris has almost 35 years' experience in accounting and finance. He is a member of CAANZ and an Associate of the Financial Services Institute of Australia.

Mr Harris has extensive experience generated from his diverse roles including a partnership role in public practice, having co-founded a boutique investment bank with a focus to SME corporate finance advisory services and in recent years a combination of CEO, COO and CFO roles across a number of sectors.

Environmental Regulations

The Company is subject to significant environmental regulations under legislation of the Commonwealth of Australia. The Company aims to ensure that it complies with the identified regulatory requirements in each jurisdiction in which it operates.

The Company is aware of its responsibility to impact as little as possible on the environment and, if and when there, is any disturbance, to rehabilitate sites. During the period under review, there was no field and exploration work carried out in Western Australia. When the Company does complete field and exploration work, the work follows procedures and pursues objectives in line with guidelines published by the WA State Government and granting of exploration license application conditions.

These guidelines are quite detailed and encompass the impact on owners and land users, heritage, health and safety and proper restoration practices. The Company supports this approach and is confident that it properly monitors and adheres to these objectives and any local conditions applicable.

During the period ended 30th June 2020 there have been no known material breaches of the environmental obligations of the Company's contracts or licenses. (2019: None).

Dividends

No dividends have been declared in respect of the year ended 30th June 2020 (2019: Nil)

Events subsequent to the end of the reporting period

Exploration and evaluation of potential tenements in Laos continue to be halted due to the COVID19 pandemic and subsequent the travel restrictions out of China and Australia.

The Directors are not aware of any other matter or circumstance not otherwise dealt with in the report or in the financial statements that has significantly or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial years.

Directors' interest

The Directors' beneficial interest in shares and options as at the date of this report are:

	Shares			Options
	Direct	Indirect	Total	
Mr Dongfeng Zhang ¹	-	57,650,000	57,650,000	-
Mr Jiangang Zhao ²	-	57,650,000	57,650,000	-
Mr Yong Zhang ³	-	57,534,500	57,534,500	-
Mr Gregory Clifton Hall ⁴	10,000	10,000	20,000	-
Total	10,000	172,844,500	172,854,500	Nil

1. Mr Dongfeng Zhang is a director of Zhengyuan International Mining Company Ltd, which holds the relevant interest in Zeus Resources. Shares held as a nominee director by Mr Wang subsequently transferred to Mr Zhang upon his appointment on 25th September 2019.

2. Mr Jiangang Zhao is a nominee director appointed to Zhengyuan International Mining Company Ltd and has power to exercise or control the exercise of the voting rights attached to the securities in Zeus Resources.

3. Mr Yong Zhang is a director of and controls Vast Honour Global Limited, which holds a direct relevant interest in Zeus Resources.

4. Mr Gregory Clifton Hall controls Omaroo Pty Ltd ATF Hall Family Trust that owns shares in Zeus.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each key management personnel (KMP) of the Company which includes directors and senior executives. KMP are those individuals that have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company.

Remuneration Policy

The board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for board members and senior executives of the Company is as follows:

The remuneration policy, setting the terms and conditions for the executive directors and other senior executives, was developed and approved by the board. All executives receive remuneration based on factors such as length of service and experience.

The board reviews executive packages annually by reference to the Company's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors and other listed companies in similar industries. The objective of this policy is to secure and retain the services of suitable individuals capable of contributing to the entity's strategic objectives.

The remuneration framework the board established has three components:

- Fixed remuneration consisting of base pay and benefits, including superannuation,
- Short-term performance incentives and bonuses,
- Long-term incentives through issuances of share options.

The combination of these comprises the executive's total remuneration.

Fixed remuneration, consisting of base salary, superannuation and non-monetary benefits, are reviewed annually by the board, based on individual and business unit performance, the overall performance of the entity and comparable market remunerations. Executives may receive their fixed remuneration in the form of cash or other fringe benefits (for example motor vehicle benefits) where it does not create any additional costs to the entity and provides additional value to the executive.

Remuneration Policy continued

The short-term incentives ('STI') program is designed to align the targets of the business units with the targets of those executives responsible for meeting those targets. STI payments are granted to executives based on specific annual targets and key performance indicators ('KPI's') being achieved. KPI's include profit contribution, customer satisfaction, leadership contribution and product management.

The long-term incentives ('LTI') program comprises of share-based payments. Shares are awarded to executives over a period of three years based on long-term incentive measures. These include increase in shareholders' value relative to the entire market and the increase compared to the entiry's direct competitors.

At issue date of this report there are no Key Management personnel have received "STI" or "LTI" benefits.

The board policy is to remunerate non-executive directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Board determines payments to the non-executive directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. The Board does not currently link KMP or director's remuneration to specific market-based goals or targets due to stage of development of the Company's projects or overall Company performance. Individual performance-based goals are set by the Company to ensure that exploration, project evaluation and administration tasks are performed efficiently and to the benefit of stakeholders.

The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non-executive directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. The maximum aggregate amount for the financial year ending 30th June 2020 was \$15,000 to be paid to Mr Greg Hall. The other members of the Board have adopted a policy decision made by the Board not to receive remuneration during the financial year ended 30th June 2020.

Voting and comments made at the company's 2019 Annual General Meeting ('AGM')

At the 2019 AGM, adoption of the remuneration report for the year ended 30 June 2019 was approved by the shareholders.

Additional Benefits

There are no additional benefits provided to Key Management Personnel as at the date of issue of this report.

Key Management Personnel (KMP) Payments & Benefits

Your directors, company secretary and key management personnel received the following payments/ benefits for services for the year ended 30 June 2020 as indicated below:

Senior Officers	Short-term be	nefits	efits Post-Employment Benefits		Long-term benefits (\$)	Share option benefits	Total
	Cash Salary and Fees	Bonuses	Super- annuation	Termination payments	Long service leave		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Anthony Harris (Company Secretary) 2019	10,000	-	-	-	-	-	10,000
2020	24,000	-	-	-	-	-	24,000
Shelley Peters (Company Secretary) 2019	18,000	-	-	-	-	-	18,000
2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Andrew Rust (Exploration Manager)							
2019	3,560	-	-	-	-	-	3,560
2020	4,250	-	-	-	-	-	4,520
Total 2019	31,560	-	-	-	-	-	31,560
Total 2020	28,250	-	-	-	-	-	28,250

Non-Executive Directors and Directors	Short-term be	· · · -		Post-Employment Benefits		Share option benefits	Total
	Cash Salary and Fees	Bonuses	Superannuation	Termination payments	Long service leave		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Gregory Clifton Hall ¹ (Non- Executive Director) 2019	15,000	-	_	_	-	_	15,000
2020	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	15,000
Mr Dongfeng Zhang (Chairperson) 2019	-	_	-	-	-	-	_
2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr Jiangang Zhao (Acting CEO & Director) 2019	-		-	-	-	-	_
2020	-		-	-	-	-	-
Mr Yong Zhang (Non – Executive Director) 2019	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total 2019	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	15,000
Total 2020	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	15,000

¹Relates to payments of invoices to Golden Phoenix International Pty Ltd ATF Golden Phoenix International Unit Trust

The total of remuneration paid to the KMP of the Company during the year are as follows:

	Year Ended 30-Jun-2020	Year Ended 30-Jun-2019
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits/Fees	43,25	60 46,250
Total KMP compensations	43,25	60 46,250

Remuneration and Earnings additional information

The Board does not currently link KMP or director's remuneration to specific market-based goals or targets due to stage of development of the Company's projects or overall Company performance. However, to conserve cash the Company has reduced payments to Key Management Personnel (KMP) over the preceding five-year period. The Company has not awarded any short-term or long-term incentives to KMP as of the date of this report or over the preceding five-year period. The reduction of fixed remuneration payments made to KMP, instigated by the Board, is indicated in the table below:

Key Management Payments & Benefits and Compa	any Results
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КМР	30-Jun-2020 \$	30-Jun-2019 \$	30-June-2018 \$	30-June2017 \$	30-Jun-2016 \$
Mr Chuanxi Ding -Non-Executive Director and Chairperson	-	_	-	-	-
Mr Shouyin Wang -Non-Executive Director and Chairperson	-	-	50,000	50,000	62,500
Mr Dongfeng Zhang - Non-Executive Director and Chairperson	-	-	-	-	-
Mr Jiangang Zhao -Executive Director and Acting CEO	_	-	30,000	57,000	74,333
Mr Yong Zhang -Non-Executive Director	-	-	30,000	30,000	38,334
Gregory Clifton Hall - Non-Executive Director	15,000	15,000	30,000	30,000	38,333
Mr John Higgins-Exploration Manager	-		-	-	144,597
Mr Warrick Client - Exploration Manager	-	-	_	26,983	18,840
Mr Andrew Rust - Exploration Manager	4,250	3,560	10,360		
Mr Andrew Whitten - Company Secretary	-	-	-	-	30,172
Ms Shelley Peters - Company Secretary	-	18,000	26,000	26,500	9,655
Mr Anthony Harris - Company Secretary	24,000	10,000	_	-	-
Total	43,250	46,560	176,360	220,483	511,765

Additional Information

The earnings of the Company for the five years to 30 June 2020 are as follows

Earnings of the company	30-Jun-2020 \$	30-Jun-2019 \$	30-June-2018 \$	30-June-2017 \$	30-Jun-2016 \$
Interest Income	15,866	36,572	44,012	81,209	108,851
EBITDA	(812,720)	(257,214)	(523,233)	(1,329,120)	(2,186,565)
EBIT	(833,161)	(257,214)	(523,233)	(1,329,120)	(2,186,565)
Loss after income tax	(834,620)	(261,510)	(528,593)	(1,336,688)	(2,206,987)

The factors that are considered to affect total shareholders return are as follows:

Factor	30-Jun-2020 \$	30-Jun-2019 \$	30-June-2018 \$	30-June2017 \$	30-Jun-2016 \$
Share Price at financial year end (cents)	0.8	0.8	1.4	1.3	2.1
Total Dividends Declared (cents)	-	-	-	-	-
Basic Earnings per share (cents)	(0.46)	(0.15)	(0.29)	(0.74)	(1.23)

Key Management Personnel Interests as at 30 June 2020:

The number of ordinary shares held by each KMP of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	Shares hel	d	Balance at start of Year	Received as part of Remuneration		Disposals	Balance at end of Year
Name	Direct	Indirect					
Mr Dongfeng Zhang ¹		57,650,000		-			57,650,000
Mr Shouyin Wang ²	-	57,650,000	57,650,00	- 00	-	-	-
Mr Jiangang Zhao ³	-	57,650,000	57,650,00	- 00	-	-	57,650,000
Mr Yong Zhang ⁴	-	57,534,500	57,534,50	- 00	-	-	57,534,500
Gregory Clifton Hall ⁵	10,000	10,000	20,00	- 00	-	-	20,000
Total	10,000	172,844,500	172,854,50	- 00	-	-	172,854,500

1. Mr Zhang holds shares as a nominee director appointed by Zhangyuan Internantional Mining Company and has power to exercise or control the voting rights attached to the securities in Zeus (previously held by Mr Wang and transferred to Mr Zhang upon his appointment on 25th September 2019).

^{2.} Mr Wang shares held as a nominee director appointed by Zhengyuan International Mining Company Ltd and has power to exercise or control the voting rights attached to the securities in Zeus until his resignation on 25th September 2019 (previously held by Mr Ding and transferred to Mr Wang upon his appointment on 30th July 2015).

^{3.} Mr Jiangang Zhao as a nominee director appointed by Zhengyuan International Mining Company Ltd and has power to exercise or control the voting rights attached to the securities in Zeus.

^{4.} Mr Zhang Yong is a director of and controls Vast Honour Global Limited, which holds a direct relevant interest in Zeus.

^{5.} Mr Gregory Clifton Hall controls Omaroo Pty Ltd ATF Hall Family Trust that owns shares in Zeus.

Other transactions with key management personnel and their related parties:

During the financial year, no payments (2019: nil) were made to ZIMC in relation of fees appointed nominee directors, acting CEO and Chairperson. As at 30th June 2020 there was nil payable and due to ZIMC for the aforementioned fees (2019: nil).

During the financial year, payments amounting to \$16,500 (2019: \$12,375) were made to Golden Phoenix International Unit Trust in relation to the director's fees of Mr Greg Hall. As at 30th June 2020 there was \$5,750 payable and due to Golden Phoenix International Unit Trust for the afore mentioned fees (2019: \$4,125).

During the financial year, no payments (2019: nil) were made to Heng Ji Pty Ltd in relation to director's fees of Mr Yong Zhang. As at 30th June 2020 there was nil was payable to Heng Ji Pty Ltd for the aforementioned fees (2019: nil).

(This is the end of the audited remuneration report).

Directors' meetings

The number of directors' meetings of Zeus Resources Limited (including by way of circular resolution) held during the year ended the 30th June 2020 and the numbers of meetings attended by each director are as follows:

Director	Directors' Meetings			
Director	Eligible to attend	Attended		
Mr Gregory Clifton Hall	2	2		
Mr Jiangang Zhao	2	2		
Mr Yong Zhang	2	2		
Mr Shouyin Wang	0	0		
Mr Dongfeng Zhang	2	2		

Indemnity and insurance of officers

During the financial period the Company did not accept the proposal from their underwriters to insure all directors and officers of the Company due to the cost of the policy. **Indemnity and insurance of auditors**

The Company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the Company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

Non-audit services

Our appointed auditors, William Buck, did not provide any non-audit services during the year ended 30th June 2020 (2019: Nil).

Proceedings on behalf of The Company

No person has applied to the Court for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of The Company for all or any of those proceedings. The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Auditor independence declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 for the year ended 30th June 2020 has been received and can be found on page 21 of this annual report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Mr. Jiangang Zhao Director and Acting CEO

Dated this 29th day of September 2020



Zeus Resources Limited

Auditor's independence declaration under section 307c of the Corporations Act 2001

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief during the year ended 30 June 2020 there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

William Buck

William Buck Accountants & Advisors ABN 16 021 300 521

Kainer Alwans

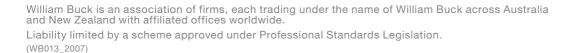
Rainer Ahrens Director Dated this 29th day of September, 2020

ACCOUNTANTS & ADVISORS

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Parramatta Office Level 7, 3 Horwood Place Parramatta NSW 2150

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STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

Notes30-Jun-2030-Jun-19\$\$\$Interest Income15.86636,572Less expenses:Corporate and administration costsAccounting and audit fees64,67167,435Company secretarial and compliance29,24029,224Computers and communications7,6847,875Directors' fees and expenses49,83935,787Employee salaries and benefits22,5019,718Legal and consultants' fees4,0006,000Rent and utilities25,77147,016Share registry maintenance and listing fees33,34535,730Exploration and evaluation costsProject expenditure)5,0325,158Impairment5574,090-Business developmentTravel and accommodation4,94128,615Other expenses4,5371,807-Other expenses2Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)Income tax expense2Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Other comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share(0,0046)(0,0015)-Basic - per share(0,0046)(0,0015)			Year ended	Year ended
Interest Income15,86636,572Less expenses: Corporate and administration costsAccounting and audit fees64,67167,435Accounting and audit fees29,24029,224Computers and communications7,6847,875Directors' fees and expenses49,83935,787Employee salaries and benefits2,2,5019,718Insurance2,93519,421Legal and consultants' fees4,0006,000Rent and utilities25,77147,016Share registry maintenance and listing fees33,34535,730Exploration and evaluation costsProject expenditure (net of capitalised expenditure)5,0325,158Impairment5574,090-Business development14,548Travel and accommodation4,94128,6150ther expenses4,537Other expenses4,5371,807-Total Expenses850,486298,082Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Other comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Loss per shareBasic - per share(0.0046)(0.0015)		Notes	30-Jun-20	30-Jun-19
Less expenses: Corporate and administration costsAccounting and audit fees64,67167,435Computes and compliance29,24029,224Computers and communications7,6847,875Directors' fees and expenses49,83935,787Employee salaries and benefits22,5019,718Insurance2,93519,421Legal and consultants' fees4,0006,000Rent and utilities25,77147,016Share registry maintenance and listing fees33,34535,730Exploration and evaluation costsProject expenditure (net of capitalised expenditure)5,0325,158Impairment5574,090-Business developmentTravel and accommodation4,94128,615Other expenses from ordinary activitiesDepreciation4a,4b20,4424,296Einance costs1,458Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)(261,510)Other comprehensive income2Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Loss per shareBasic - per shareBasic - per share			\$	\$
Less expenses: Corporate and administration costsAccounting and audit fees64,67167,435Computes and compliance29,24029,224Computers and communications7,6847,875Directors' fees and expenses49,83935,787Employee salaries and benefits22,5019,718Insurance2,93519,421Legal and consultants' fees4,0006,000Rent and utilities25,77147,016Share registry maintenance and listing fees33,34535,730Exploration and evaluation costsProject expenditure (net of capitalised expenditure)5,0325,158Impairment5574,090-Business developmentTravel and accommodation4,94128,615Other expenses from ordinary activitiesDepreciation4a,4b20,4424,296Einance costs1,458Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)(261,510)Other comprehensive income2Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Loss per shareBasic - per shareBasic - per share	Interact Income		15 966	26 572
Corporate and administration costs 64,671 67,435 Accounting and audit fees 64,671 67,435 Computers and communications 7,684 7,875 Directors' fees and expenses 49,839 35,787 Employee salaries and benefits 22,501 9,718 Insurance 2,935 19,421 Legal and consultants' fees 4,000 6,000 Rent and utilities 25,771 47,016 Share registry maintenance and listing fees 33,345 35,730 Exploration and evaluation costs 76,849 7,869 Project expenditure (net of capitalised expenditure) 5,032 5,158 Impairment 5 574,090 - Business development 7 100 - Travel and accommodation 4,941 28,615 28,625 Other expenses from ordinary activities - - Depreciation 4a,4b 20,442 4,296 Finance costs 1,458 - - Other expenses 2 - <td< td=""><td>Interest income</td><td></td><td>15,800</td><td>50,372</td></td<>	Interest income		15,800	50,372
Accounting and audit fees 64,671 67,435 Company secretarial and compliance 29,240 29,224 Computers and communications 7,684 7,875 Directors' fees and expenses 49,839 35,787 Employee salaries and benefits 22,501 9,718 Insurance 2,935 19,421 Legal and consultants' fees 4,000 6,000 Rent and utilities 25,771 47,016 Share registry maintenance and listing fees 33,345 35,730 Exploration and evaluation costs 7 7 Project expenditure (net of capitalised expenditure) 5,032 5,158 Impairment 5 574,090 - Business development 7 7 1,807 Travel and accommodation 4,941 28,615 0 Other expenses 4,537 1,807 - Total Expenses 850,486 298,082 - Loss for the year attributable to the Company (834,620) (261,510) Other comprehensive income - - - Total comprehensive loss for the year attribu	Less expenses:			
Company secretarial and compliance29,24029,224Computers and communications7,6847,875Directors' fees and expenses49,83935,787Employee salaries and benefits22,5019,718Insurance2,93519,421Legal and consultants' fees4,0006,000Rent and utilities25,77147,016Share registry maintenance and listing fees25,77147,016Exploration and evaluation costs75574,090Project expenditure (net of capitalised expenditure)5,0325,158Impairment5574,090-Business development71,807Travel and accommodation4,94128,615Other expenses from ordinary activities2-Depreciation4a,4b20,4424,296Finance costs1,458-Other expenses850,486298,082Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)Income tax expense2Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Other comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share(0,0046)(0,0015)	Corporate and administration costs			
Computers and communications7,6847,875Directors' fees and expenses49,83935,787Employee salaries and benefits22,5019,718Insurance2,93519,421Legal and consultants' fees4,0006,000Rent and utilities25,77147,016Share registry maintenance and listing fees33,34535,730Exploration and evaluation costs7,6847,875Project expenditure (net of capitalised expenditure)5,0325,158Impairment5574,090-Business development728,615Other expenses from ordinary activities2-Depreciation4a,4b20,4424,296Finance costs1,458-Other expenses4,5371,807Total Expenses2Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)Income tax expense2Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Cother comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the(834,620)(261,510)Loss per shareBasic - per share(0.0046)(0.0015)	Accounting and audit fees		64,671	67,435
Directors' fees and expenses49,83935,787Employee salaries and benefits22,5019,718Insurance2,93519,421Legal and consultants' fees4,0006,000Rent and utilities25,77147,016Share registry maintenance and listing fees33,34535,730 Exploration and evaluation costs 77Project expenditure (net of capitalised expenditure)5,0325,158Impairment5574,090-Business development77Travel and accommodation4,94128,615Other expenses from ordinary activities1,458-Depreciation4a,4b20,4424,296Finance costs1,458-Other expenses4,5371,807Total Expenses850,486298,082Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)Income tax expense2Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Other comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share(0,0046)(0,0015)	Company secretarial and compliance		29,240	29,224
Employee salaries and benefits22,5019,718Insurance2,93519,421Legal and consultants' fees4,0006,000Rent and utilities25,77147,016Share registry maintenance and listing fees33,34535,730 Exploration and evaluation costs 70-Project expenditure (net of capitalised expenditure)5,0325,158Impairment5574,090-Business development77Travel and accommodation4,94128,615Other expenses from ordinary activities71,458Depreciation4a,4b20,4424,296Finance costs1,458-Other expenses45,3371,807Total Expenses2-Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)Other comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive incomeCotal comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share(0,0046)(0,0015)	Computers and communications		7,684	7,875
Insurance2,93519,421Legal and consultants' fees4,0006,000Rent and utilities25,77147,016Share registry maintenance and listing fees33,34535,730Exploration and evaluation costs705Project expenditure (net of capitalised expenditure)5,0325,158Impairment5574,090-Business development77Travel and accommodation4,94128,615Other expenses from ordinary activities71,458Depreciation4a,4b20,4424,296Finance costs1,458-Other expenses4,5371,807Total Expenses850,486298,082Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)Income tax expense2Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Other comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share(834,620)(261,510)Basic - per share(0.0046)(0.0015)	Directors' fees and expenses		49,839	35,787
Legal and consultants' fees4,0006,000Rent and utilities25,77147,016Share registry maintenance and listing fees33,34535,730 Exploration and evaluation costs Project expenditure (net of capitalised expenditure)5,0325,158Impairment5574,090-Business developmentTravel and accommodation4,94128,615Other expenses from ordinary activitiesDepreciation4a,4b20,4424,296Finance costs1,458-Other expenses4,5371,807Total Expenses850,486298,082Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)Income tax expense2Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Other comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share(0.0046)(0.0015)	Employee salaries and benefits		22,501	9,718
Rent and utilities25,77147,016Share registry maintenance and listing fees33,34535,730Exploration and evaluation costs705,0325,158Project expenditure (net of capitalised expenditure)5,0325,158Impairment5574,090-Business development7747,016Travel and accommodation4,94128,61528,615Other expenses from ordinary activities01,458-Depreciation4a,4b20,4424,2964,5371,807Total Expenses4,5371,8071,8071,807Total Expenses2Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)(261,510)(261,510)Income tax expense2Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)(261,510)Cher comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share(0.0046)(0.0015)-	Insurance		2,935	19,421
Rent and utilities25,77147,016Share registry maintenance and listing fees33,34535,730Exploration and evaluation costs705,0325,158Project expenditure (net of capitalised expenditure)5,0325,158Impairment5574,090-Business development7747,016Travel and accommodation4,94128,61528,615Other expenses from ordinary activities01,458-Depreciation4a,4b20,4424,2964,5371,807Total Expenses4,5371,8071,8071,807Total Expenses2Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)(261,510)(261,510)Income tax expense2Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)(261,510)Cher comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share(0.0046)(0.0015)-	Legal and consultants' fees			
Share registry maintenance and listing fees33,34535,730Exploration and evaluation costs33,34535,730Project expenditure (net of capitalised expenditure)5,0325,158Impairment5574,090-Business developmentTravel and accommodation4,94128,615Other expenses from ordinary activitiesDepreciation4a,4b20,4424,296Finance costs1,458Other expenses4,5371,807Total Expenses850,486298,082Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)Income tax expense2Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Other comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share Basic - per share(0.0046)(0.0015)	-			
Exploration and evaluation costsProject expenditure (net of capitalised expenditure)5,0325,158Impairment5574,090-Business developmentTravel and accommodation4,94128,615Other expenses from ordinary activitiesDepreciation4a,4b20,4424,296Finance costs1,458-Other expenses4,5371,807Total Expenses850,486298,082Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)Income tax expense2Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Other comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive incomeLoss per share(834,620)(261,510)(261,510)Basic - per share(0.0046)(0.0015)				
Project expenditure (net of capitalised expenditure) 5,032 5,158 Impairment 5 574,090 - Business development - - - Travel and accommodation 4,941 28,615 - Other expenses from ordinary activities - - - Depreciation 4a,4b 20,442 4,296 - Finance costs 1,458 - - - Other expenses 4,537 1,807 - - - Total Expenses 850,486 298,082 - - - - Loss before income tax (834,620) (261,510) -				
Impairment5574,090-Business development728,615Other expenses from ordinary activities20,4424,941Depreciation4a,4b20,4424,296Finance costs1,458-Other expenses4,5371,807Total Expenses850,486298,082Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)Income tax expense2-Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Other comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share Basic - per share(0.0046)(0.0015)	-		5.032	5,158
Business development 4,941 28,615 Other expenses from ordinary activities 20,442 4,296 Depreciation 4a, 4b 20,442 4,296 Finance costs 1,458 - Other expenses 4,537 1,807 Total Expenses 45,537 1,807 Total Expenses 850,486 298,082 Loss before income tax (834,620) (261,510) Income tax expense 2 - Loss for the year attributable to the Company (834,620) (261,510) Other comprehensive income - - Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the (834,620) (261,510) Loss per share (0.0046) (0.0015)		5		
Travel and accommodation4,94128,615Other expenses from ordinary activities20,4424,296Depreciation4a,4b20,4424,296Finance costs1,458-Other expenses4,5371,807Total Expenses850,486298,082Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)Income tax expense2Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Other comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share Basic - per share(0.0046)(0.0015)	•			
Other expenses from ordinary activities Depreciation 4a, 4b 20,442 4,296 Finance costs 1,458 - Other expenses 4,537 1,807 Total Expenses 4,537 1,807 Total Expenses 4,537 1,807 Income tax (834,620) (261,510) Income tax expense 2 - Loss for the year attributable to the Company (834,620) (261,510) Other comprehensive income - - Total comprehensive income - - Company (834,620) (261,510) Income tax expense 2 - - Dess for the year attributable to the Company (834,620) (261,510) Other comprehensive income - - - Expense (834,620) (261,510) - Basic - per share (0.0046) (0.0015) -	Travel and accommodation		4,941	28,615
Depreciation4a, 4b20,4424,296Finance costs1,458-Other expenses4,5371,807Total Expenses850,486298,082Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)Income tax expense2Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Other comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share836,620)(261,510)Basic - per share(0.0046)(0.0015)	Other expenses from ordinary activities		·	
Finance costs 1,458 - Other expenses 4,537 1,807 Total Expenses 850,486 298,082 Loss before income tax (834,620) (261,510) Income tax expense 2 - Loss for the year attributable to the Company (834,620) (261,510) Other comprehensive income - - Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company (834,620) (261,510) Loss per share (834,620) (261,510) - Loss per share (0.0046) (0.0015)		4a, 4b	20.442	4,296
Other expenses 4,537 1,807 Total Expenses 850,486 298,082 Loss before income tax (834,620) (261,510) Income tax expense 2 - Loss for the year attributable to the Company (834,620) (261,510) Other comprehensive income - - Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company (834,620) (261,510) Loss per share (834,620) (261,510) Loss per share (0.0046) (0.0015)	•			-,
Total Expenses850,486298,082Loss before income tax(834,620)(261,510)Income tax expense2Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Other comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share Basic - per share(0.0046)(0.0015)				1.807
Income tax expense2Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Other comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share Basic - per share(0.0046)(0.0015)	-			
Income tax expense2Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Other comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share Basic - per share(0.0046)(0.0015)	Less hafens in some ton		(024 (20)	
Loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Other comprehensive incomeTotal comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share Basic - per share(0.0046)(0.0015)		2	(834,620)	(261,510)
Other comprehensive income-Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share Basic - per share(0.0046)(0.0015)		2	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the Company(834,620)(261,510)Loss per share Basic - per share(0.0046)(0.0015)	Loss for the year attributable to the Company		(834,620)	(261,510)
Company (834,620) (261,510) Loss per share (0.0046) (0.0015)	Other comprehensive income		-	-
Basic - per share (0.0046) (0.0015)		to the	(834,620)	(261,510)
Basic - per share (0.0046) (0.0015)	Loss per share			
	-		(0.0046)	(0.0015)
	Diluted - per share		(0.0046)	(0.0015)

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

		As at	As at
	Notes	30-Jun-20	30-Jun-19
CURRENT ASSETS		\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	3	1,138,805	1,512,684
Other assets	4a, 4b	71,863	11,878
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		1,210,668	1,524,562
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Exploration and evaluation assets	5	323,246	757,487
Property, plant and equipment	6	11,757	16,145
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		335,003	773,632
		1,545,671	2,298,194
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	7a, 7b	146,772	64,675
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		146,772	64,675
TOTAL LIABILITIES		146,772	64,675
NET ASSETS		1,398,899	2,233,519
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	9	17,398,334	17,398,334
Accumulated losses	10	(15,999,435)	(15,164,815)
TOTAL EQUITY		1,398,899	2,233,519
	-	.,	

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Contributed Equity	Accumulated Losses	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2018	17,398,334	(14,903,305)	2,495,029
Comprehensive loss for the year	-	(261,510)	(261,510)
Balance at 30 June 2019	17,398,334	(15,164,815)	2,233,519
Balance at 1 July 2019	17,398,334	(15,164,815)	2,233,519
Comprehensive loss for the year		(834,620)	(834,620)
Balance at 30 June 2020	17,398,334	(15,999,435)	1,398,899

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

		Year ended	Year ended
	Notes	30-Jun-2020	30-Jun-2019
		\$	\$
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Payments to suppliers and employees		(231,812)	(339,760)
Payments for taxes		459	(2,224)
Interest received		18,414	36,572
Interest paid		(1,458)	
Net cash used in Operating Activities	10	(214,397)	(305,412)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for exploration and evaluation		(144,880)	(154,475)
Payments for plant and equipment		-	(2,563)
Net cash used in Investing Activities		(144,880)	(157,038)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for lease		(14,602)	-
Net cash provided by financing activities		(14,602)	-
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents held		(373,879)	(462,450)
Cash at beginning of financial year		1,512,684	1,975,134
Cash and Cash Equivalents at end of financial year	10	1,138,805	(1,512,684

The above statement of cash flow should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The financial statements have been approved by the board on the date of signing.

The principal activity of the Company during the year was the exploration for uranium and other base metals. The Company operates as a for profit entity.

A. Basis of accounting

This general-purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Accounting Standards board.

(i) *Compliance with IFRS:*

The financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB),

- (ii) Historical Cost Convention: These financial reports are prepared under the historical cost convention.
- (iii) Critical Accounting Estimates:

The presentation of financial statements requires the use certain critical accounting estimates. The Company also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the accounting policies. The areas involving a high degree or judgement or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements is disclosed later. See part G.

 (iv) Foreign currency transactions and balances: Items included in the financial statements are measured using Australian Dollars (functional currency of Zeus Resources Ltd).

Changes in Accounting Policies

The Company has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that are relevant to their operations and effective for the current year. The Company adopted AASB 16 during the financial year ended 30 June 2020. The adoption and implementation of AASB16 did not significantly impact the financial statements due to low value nature of the leases and short term (less than 2 years).

B. Income tax

The charge for current income tax expense is based on the profit for the year adjusted for any non-assessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or are substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the statement of statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the Company will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

C. Financial instruments

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Payables

Payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are generally settled between 7 days and 90 days terms.

D. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted at a rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability.

E. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows. Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

F. Exploration and evaluation expenditure policy

Exploration and evaluation expenditure comprise of costs that are directly attributable to:

- researching and analysing existing exploration data;
- conducting geological studies, exploratory drilling and sampling;
- · construction of access roads where necessary for exploration drilling;
- examining and testing extraction and treatment methods; and
- · compiling pre-feasibility and feasibility studies.

Exploration and evaluation expenditure also include the costs incurred in acquiring mineral rights, the entry premiums paid to gain access to areas of interest and amounts payable to third parties to acquire interests in existing projects.

Capitalisation of exploration expenditure commences when there is a reasonable level of confidence in the project's viability and hence it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company. Capitalised exploration expenditure is reviewed for impairment at the end of the reporting period. Subsequent recovery of the resulting carrying value depends on successful development of the area of interest or sale of the project. If a project does not prove viable, all unrecoverable costs associated with the project and the related impairment provisions are written off.

Undeveloped properties are mineral concessions where the intention is to develop and go into production in due course. The carrying values of assets are reviewed annually by management and the results of these reviews are reported to the Board and is assessed based on a status report regarding Zeus Resources intentions for development of the undeveloped property. Reviews are performed using the fair value less cost to sell method.

G. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, income and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Recovery of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences only if the Company considers it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Exploration and evaluation costs

Exploration and evaluation costs have been capitalised on the basis that the Company will commence commercial production in the future, from which time the costs will be amortised in proportion to the depletion of the mineral resources. Key judgements are applied in considering costs to be capitalised which includes determining expenditures directly related to these activities and allocating overheads between those that are expensed and capitalised. In addition, costs are only capitalised that are expected to be recovered either through successful development or sale of the relevant mining interest. Factors that could impact the future commercial production at the mine include the level of reserves and resources, future technology changes, which could impact the cost of mining, future legal changes and changes in commodity prices. To the extent that capitalised costs are determined not to be recoverable in the future, they will be written off in the period in which this determination is made.

H. Income Recognition

(i) Interest earned

Income from interest earned on investments is recognised on a time proportion using the effective interest rate method.

(ii) Net gains on disposal of assets, which is recognised as at the date the control of the asset passes from the company.

I. Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in the equity division of the statement of financial position as a deduction net of any tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options for the acquisition of a business are not included in the cost of acquisition as part of the purchase consideration and are expensed as incurred.

J. Property, plant and equipment

(i) Acquisition

Items of property, plant and equipment are recorded at historical cost and, are depreciated as outlined below. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the period in which they are incurred.

(ii) Depreciation and amortisation

The following indicates the depreciation method for plant and equipment on which the depreciation charges are based:

- straight-line basis over their useful operating life
- Plant and equipment other than computers five years
- Plant and equipment computers three years
- Furniture & fittings ten years
- Leasehold Improvements term of lease.

K. Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is determined by dividing net loss after income tax attributable to members of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

L. Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in uses, is compared to the asset's carrying value. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income. Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill and other intangible assets not yet available for use. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

M. Employee Benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in current liabilities in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

The liability for annual leave and long service leave not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date, when it arises, will be recognised in non-current liabilities, provided there is an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability. The liability is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees.

N. Farm-out arrangements

The Company does not record any expenditure made by the farmee on its account. It also does not recognise any gain or loss on its exploration and evaluation farm-out arrangements but designates any costs previously capitalised in relation to the whole interest as relating to the partial interest retained. Any cash consideration received from a farmee is credited directly against previously capitalised purchase values in relation to the whole interest previously and with any excess account for by the farmor as a gain on disposal.

O. Right-of-use Assets

Initial Measurement - A right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost comprising the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made before the commencement date (reduced by lease incentives received), plus initial direct costs incurred in obtaining the lease and an estimate of costs to be incurred in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

Subsequent Measurement - A right-of-use asset is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and adjusted for any remeasurement of the corresponding lease liability. *Depreciation*: Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the useful life of the asset. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

- Equipment Leases: Term of Lease
- Premises Leases: Term of Lease

P. Lease Liabilities

Initial Measurement - A lease liability is initially recognised at the commencement day and measured at an amount equal to the present value of the lease payments during the lease term that are not yet paid. The provision for any restoration costs or make good is recognised as a separate liability. *Subsequent Measurement* – A Lease liability is subsequently measured at initial measurement less any subsequent lease payments and adjusted for any remeasurement of the corresponding right-of-use asset.

Payments. - lease payments are classified consistently with payments on other financial liabilities:

- The part of the lease payment that represents cash payments for the principal portion of the lease liability is presented as a cash flow resulting from financing activities.
- The part of the lease payment that represents interest portion of the lease liability is presented as an operating cash flow.

The duration of the lease liability shall be equivalent to the term of the lease at initial recognition.

Q. Accounting Standards and Interpretations for application in future periods

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the Company for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2020. The Company's assessment of the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations, most relevant to the Company, are set out below.

AASB 2014-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognised when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in AASB 3 Business Combinations. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture. Application date 1 January 2022.

Other amendments but not yet effective:

AASB 2018-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Definition of a business.

AASB 2017-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Definition of material.

AASB 2019-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Revisions to the conceptual framework.

AASB2019-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of the effect of new IFRS Standards not yet issued in Australia.

(Above are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020)

The Company has reviewed the proposed amendments and does not expect the abovementioned amendment to significantly impact future or past financial statements.

Q. Going Concern

For the financial year ended 30th June 2020 the Company recorded a loss of \$834,620 (2019: \$261,510). Net cash outflows from operating activities amounted to \$214,397 (2019: \$305,412) and maintained net assets of \$1,398,899 (2019:2,233,519) which was mainly representative of cash and tenement assets. The Since listing the Company has not yet reported profitable operations. The board is closely monitoring the remaining tenements and controlling cash outflows on these tenements and operational activities.

The current position of the Company points towards material uncertainty and, if not addressed, may cast doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company is a going concern which predicates ongoing normal business activity, realisation of assets and settlements of liabilities in the normal course of business over the next 12 months' period for the following reasons:

- The Board performs continuous assessment on the recoverability of tenements held at each reporting period; and
- The Board has prepared a detail cash flow for the next 24 months which reflects the Company's ability to pay debts as and when the fall due; and
- The Board is continuing to pursue the opportunity to establish a profitable gold exploration base in Laos.

If the Company is unsuccessful I these endeavours, it may not be able to continue as a going concern and it would be required to realised it assets and discharge its liabilities other than in the course of ordinary business and the amounts realised may differ from those stated in these financial statements. This financial report does not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and the classification of recorder asset amounts or liabilities that might be necessary should the Company not continue as a going concern.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 2: INCOME TAX EXPENSE	30-Jun-20	30-Jun-19
	·	
	\$	\$
(a) Income Tax Benefit/(Expense)		
Current Income Tax	-	-
Current Income tax benefit/(expense)	-	-
(b) Deferred income tax		
Deferred tax assets not brought to account (gross)	(4,695,273)	(4,625,547)
Tax losses	(58,576)	(69,726)
Temporary differences	-	-
Total deferred tax assets not brought to account	(4,753,849)	(4,695,273)
(c) Amounts Charged or Credited Directly to Equity		
Share Issue Costs	-	-
Share based payments expense		
Total deferred tax assets Charged or Credited Directly to Equity	-	-
(d) Numerical Reconciliation of Income Tax Benefit to Prima Facie Tax Payable		
Loss Before Income Tax	(834,620)	(261,510)
Prima facie income tax credit on loss at 27.5% Tax effect of:	(229,520)	(69,726)
- Non-allowable expenditure for tax purposes	163,496	1,181
- Provisions and prepayments brought to account	7,449	1,008
Current year tax losses not brought to account	(58,576)	(69,726)
	(,0)	(,-=0)

The tax losses and deferred tax assets do not expire under current tax legislation. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not yet probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Company can utilise the benefits. The benefit of these tax losses will only be obtained if:

- The company continues to comply with the conditions for deductibility imposed by tax legislation; and
- The Company derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit from the deductions for the losses to be realised.
- No changes in tax legislation adversely affects the Company realising the benefit from the deductions for the losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	30-Jun-2020	30-Jun-2019
	\$	\$
Cash Transaction Account	91,686	45,322
Cash Management Account	277,079	50,326
Term deposits 30-180 days	770,040	1,416,476
Cash on hand		560
Total	1,138,805	1,512,684

See also Note 10: Cash Flow

NOTE 4a: OTHER ASSETS	30-Jun-2020	30-Jun-2019
	\$	\$
Current		
Bond paid for lease	8,970	8,970
Interest receivable	359	2,908
GST receivable	1,753	-
Total Other assets	11,023	11,878

NOTE 4b: RIGHT OF USE

	30-Jun-2020	30-Jun-2019
	\$	\$
Current		
Right of use asset	76,776	-
Accumulated depreciation	(15,995)	
Total Right of use assets	60,781	-

Lease of office premises in North Sydney executed February 2020 for a term of 1 year plus an option to extend for 1 year.

NOTE 5: EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS -		
NON-CURRENT	30-Jun-2020	30-Jun-2019
	\$	\$
Area of Interest:		
Wiluna (Lakes Way)		
Opening Balance	481,765	349,168
Capitalised Costs	41,571	132,597
Impairment	(435,408)	
Closing Balance	87,928	481,765
Gascoyne (Red Rock and Mortimer Hills)		
Opening Balance	172,941	161,573
Capitalised Costs	23,911	11,368
Impairment	(88,354)	-
Closing Balance	108,498	172,941
Narnoo (North and South)		
Opening Balance	102,781	97,430
Capitalised Costs	74,367	5,351
Impairment	(50,328)	
Closing Balance	126,820	102,781
Total Exploration and Evaluation Assets	323,246	757,487

Valuation

The value of the Company interest in exploration expenditure is dependent upon:

- the continuance of the Company's rights to tenure of the areas of interest;
- the results of future exploration; and
- the recoupment of costs through successful development and exploitation of the areas of interest, or by their sale.

The Company's exploration properties may be subjected to claim(s) under Native Title (or jurisdictional equivalent) or contain sacred sites, or sites of significance to the indigenous people of Australia.

As a result, exploration properties or areas within the tenements may be subject to exploration restrictions, mining restrictions and/or claims for compensation. As of the date of this Annual Report it was not possible to quantify whether such claims exist, or the quantum of such claims.

Impairment Losses

Impairment losses of \$574,090 were recognised for the year against tenements that the Company holds (2019: nil). The list of tenements in which the Company has an interest is disclosed on page 50.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6: PLANT, EQUIPMENT, FURNITURE & FITTINGS	30-Jun-2020	30-Jun-2019
	\$	\$
Plant & Equipment – at cost	55,100	55,100
Accumulated depreciation	(46,929)	(44,068)
Total Plant and Equipment	8,171	11,032
Movements during the year:		
Opening Balance	55,110	54,627
Additions during the year	-	2,563
Disposals during the year	-	(2,090)
Closing Balance	55,100	55,100
Depreciation		
Opening balance	(44,069)	(43,505)
Charge during the year	(2,860)	(2,654)
Charge Back during the year	-	2,090
Closing depreciation	(46,929)	(44,069)
Net book value	8,171	11,031
Furniture & Fittings – at cost	15,821	15,821
Accumulated depreciation	(12,235)	(10,707)
Total Furniture and Fittings	3,586	5,114
Movements during the year:		
Opening Balance	15,821	15,821
Disposals during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	15,821	15,821
Depreciation		
Opening balance	(10,707)	(9,065)
Charge during the year	(1,528)	(1,642)
Closing depreciation	(12,235)	(10,707)
Net Book Value	3,586	5,114
- Total Net Book Value	11,757	16,145
	-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7a: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	30-Jun-2020	30-Jun-2019
	\$	\$
Trade creditors	18,412	27,679
Other payables		
- Audit expenses	26,159	18,000
- Salaries, employee benefits and PAYG payable	3,004	791
- Annual and long service leave accruals	37,132	18,205
Total trade and other payables	84,707	64,675
NOTE 7b: OTHER CURRENT LIABILTIES	30-Jun-2020	30-Jun-2019
Lease Liability	62,065	-
Total other current liabilities	62,065	-
NOTE 8: CONTRIBUTED EQUITY		
<i>2020</i> (a) Ordinary Shares Number		Number o Issu
Balance at the beginning of the year Shares issued during the year		180,150,00
Balance at the end of the financial year		180,150,00

(b) Ordinary Shares Value	Value (\$)
Balance at the beginning of the year	17,398,334
Shares issued during the year	
Balance at the end of the financial year	17,398,334

2019

(a) Ordinary Shares Number Balance at the beginning of the year	Number on Issue 180,150,000
Shares issued during the year Balance at the end of the financial year	
(b) Ordinary Shares Value	Value (\$)
Balance at the beginning of the year Shares issued during the year	17,398,334

Ordinary Shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and to share in the proceeds of winding up the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held.

Ordinary shares have no par value and the Company does not have a limited amount of authorized Capital.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9: ACCUMULATED LOSSES	30-Jun-2020	30-Jun-2019
	\$	\$
Accumulated losses at the beginning of the financial year	(15,164,815)	(14,903,305)
Net loss attributable to members of the entity	(834,620)	(261,510)
Accumulated losses at the end of the financial year	(15,999,435)	(15,164,815)

NOTE 10: STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
	30-Jun-2020	30-Jun-2019
	\$	\$
Cash at bank	368,765	95,648
Term deposit	770,040	1,416,476
Cash		560
Total	1,138,805	1,512,684
Loss from ordinary activities after income tax	(834,620)	(261,510)
Add: Adjustment for non-cash items		
- depreciation	20,442	4,296
- leave entitlement accrual	18,927	4,166
 investment expenses and provisions 	25,186	4,658
 impairment and losses on disposed assets 	574,090	
	638,644	13,120
Add: Changes in working capital		
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	2,548	2,514
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	(75,982)	-
(Decrease) /Increase in trade payables	(9,265)	(58,104)
(Decrease) /Increase in other liabilities	62,065	(2,224)
(Decrease) /Increase in other payables	2,213	792
	(18,421)	(57,022)
Cash outflow from operations	(214,397)	(305,412)

NOTE 11: AUDITORS REMUNERATION	30-Jun-2020	30-Jun-2019
	\$	\$
Auditing or reviewing the financial reports by William Buck NSW	25,250	25,250
Total Auditors Remuneration	25,250	25,250

NOTE 12: SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's operations are in one reportable business segment being the exploration of uranium and minerals. The Company operates in one geographical segment being Australia.

NOTE 13: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS	30-Jun-2020	30-Jun-2019

Key Management Personnel

Refer to the remuneration report contained in the directors' report for details of the remuneration paid or payable to each member of the Company's key management personnel (KMP) for the year ended 30 June 2020. The totals of remuneration paid to the KMP of the company during the year are as follows:

	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits/Fees	43,250	46,560
Total KMP compensations	43,250	46,560

Other transactions with related parties

During the financial year, no payments (2019: nil) were made to ZIMC in relation of fees appointed nominee directors, acting CEO and Chairperson. As at 30th June 2020 there was nil payable and due to ZIMC for the aforementioned fees (2019: nil).

During the financial year, payments amounting to \$16,500 (2019: \$12,375) were made to Golden Phoenix International Unit Trust in relation to the director's fees of Mr Greg Hall. As at 30th June 2020 there was \$5,750 payable and due to Golden Phoenix International Unit Trust for the afore mentioned fees (2019: \$4,125).

During the financial year, no payments (2019: nil) were made to Heng Ji Pty Ltd in relation to director's fees of Mr Yong Zhang. As at 30th June 2020 there was nil was payable to Heng Ji Pty Ltd for the aforementioned fees (2019: nil).

NOTE 14: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES	30-Jun-2020	30-Jun-2019
a) Commitments	\$	\$

The Company is required to meet minimum committed expenditure requirements to maintain current rights of tenure to exploration licences. The minimum commitment of expenditure on each tenement is determined by the Department of Mining and Petroleum. These obligations may be subject to renegotiation, may be farmed-out or may be relinquished and have not been provided for in the statement of financial position. A summary of aggregate commitments is as follows:

Exploration Projects in Western Australia		
Within 1 year	152,489	246,000
More than 1 year but not later than five years	825,836	1,859,000
More than five years	<u> </u>	-
Total	978,325	2,105,000

b) Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities as at end of reporting period 30th June 2020 (2019: Nil).

Contingent assets

There are no contingent assets as at end of reporting period 30th June 2020 (2019: Nil).

NOTE 15: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

	Effective Interest Rate	Floating interest rate amount	Non- Interest Bearing	Total
2020		\$	\$	\$
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	2.0%	1,138,805	-	1,138,805
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	0.0%	-	(146,772)	(146,772)
2019		\$	\$	\$
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	2.0%	1,512,124	560	1,512,684
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	0.0%	-	(64,675)	(64,675)

The below table summarises interest rate receivable or payable for the Company:

a) Credit risk

The Company has no significant concentrations of credit risk with debtors as the Company has not issued any sales for services or products during the period ending 30th June 2020, hence the Company does not insure any outstanding debts.

(b) Interest rate risk	30-Jun-2020 \$	30-Jun-2019 \$
	Ŷ	ų
Potential impact on post-tax loss:		
Effective Interest rate -1%	(11,388)	(15,121)
Effective Interest rate +1%	11,388	15,121

The Company places surplus cash with the bank in term deposit of up 180 days. This rate can vary from rollover period to rollover period. Exposure to variances in interest rates is not controlled by the Company and returns are subject to current interest rates on offer by the banks at the time of rollover of the term deposit(s).

(c) Liquidity risk

The Company's principal financial assets are cash and short-term deposits. The Company has taken steps to reduce risk of significant exposure to its cash holdings. Excess cash funds have been invested in low risk Term Deposits with Bank of China (Australia) Ltd (account located in Australia and funds in Australian dollars). The Company at the end of the financial year held 1 Term Deposits with Bank of China for a total of \$770,040. These funds are accessible without penalty with 30 days' notice.

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise of accounts payable. The maximum risk for the period ending 30th June 2020 extended to Trade creditors, other expenses and employee related expenses amounting to \$53,658 due to be paid within the next 90 days at a maximum. The Company has sufficient funds to meet this requirement.

NOTE 15: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT continued

(d) Management of Capital

The Company's main objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern with the ultimate goal of providing returns for shareholders. The Company's capital consists of issued ordinary shares.

The Company currently has no loans or other borrowings that forms part of the capital structure and therefore is not exposed to any financial covenants.

No changes are expected to be made to the capital structure in the near future, however it would be expected that further development of tenements, future acquisitions or cash requirements to fund operations will be funded by future capital raisings.

(e) Fair values

The financial assets and liabilities of the Company are recognised in the statement of financial position at their carrying amount, which is a reasonable approximation of fair value in accordance with the accounting policies in note 1.

(f) Risk Exposures and responses

The Company manages its exposure to financial risks in accordance with its management policies. The Policy aims to protect the financial assets of the Company by ensuring that control of funds is not compromised. Senior management is responsible for reducing risk-taking activities by introducing and maintaining policies and risk management.

The Company seeks to have minimum exposure to market forces by maintaining low risk investment strategies of cash reserves. The Company currently has no foreign exchange exposure and does not foresee having any in the new future and therefore does not have a policy currently to address foreign exchange risk.

NOTE 16: FARM-OUT ARRANGEMENTS

Farm-out arrangement

The Company, (farmor) entered into an agreement with Arrow Minerals Ltd (formerly Segue Resources Ltd -farmee), in April 2016. The tenement in the agreement is known as E09/1618 – Mortimer Hills. Under the agreement associated costs of exploration activities to meet with minimum commitment criterion set by the Department of Mining and Petroleum (WA) will be met in return for 35% to 50% interest in the tenement, dependent on the terms of the agreement being achieved. Arrow Minerals Ltd ("Arrow") have been appointed manager of the project.

As of the 15th May 2020 the manager of the project, Arrow Minerals Ltd, submitted an outright surrender application to the DMP. Zeus Resources Ltd did not wish to retain any further ownership of this tenement and therefore did not oppose the surrender. The Joint Venture agreement ceased to exist as of the date of surrender.

NOTE 17: EARNINGS PER SHARE	30-Jun-2020	30-Jun-2019
	\$	\$
Total comprehensive (loss) for the year	(834,620)	(261,560)
Number of shares on issue	180,150,000	180,150,000
Earnings per share		
Basic – per share	(0.0046)	(0.0015)
Diluted – per share	(0.0046)	(0.0015)

NOTE 18: EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

Exploration and evaluation of potential tenements in Laos continue to be halted due to the COVID19 pandemic and subsequent the travel restrictions out of China and Australia.

The Directors are not aware of any other matter or circumstance not otherwise dealt with in the report or in the financial statements that has significantly or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial years.

NOTE 19: COMPANY DETAILS

The registered office of the Company is:

Level 10, 171 Clarence Street Sydney NSW 2000 The principal place of business of the Company is:

Level 1, Suite 105 25-27 Berry Street North Sydney NSW 2060 In the Directors Opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in Note 1 the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date;
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The Directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

Mr. Jiangang Zhao Acting CEO and Director

Dated this 29th Day of September 2020



Zeus Resources Limited

Independent auditor's report to members

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Zeus Resources Limited (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Company, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) [the Code] that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 in the financial report, which indicates that the Company incurred a net loss of \$834,620 (2019: \$261,510) and incurred net cash outflows from operating activities of \$214,397 (2019: outflows \$305,412) during the year ended 30 June 2020. As stated in Note 1, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

ACCOUNTANTS & ADVISORS

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William Buck

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

CARRYING VALUE OF EXPLORATION AND E	VALUATION ASSETS
Area of focus	How our audit addressed it
The Company has incurred exploration and evaluation costs under its Uranium tenements in Western Australia over a number of years. During the 2020 financial year, the Company has continued to capitalise exploration and evaluation expenditure in relation to the current tenements its holds. There is a risk that accounting criteria associated with the capitalisation of exploration and evaluation expenditure may no longer be appropriate to the remaining tenements and that capitalised costs exceed the fair value less	 How our audit addressed it Our audit procedures included: A review of the directors' assessment of the criteria for the capitalisation of exploration expenditure and evaluation of whether there are any indicators of impairment to capitalised costs; and Challenging and testing the inputs into the impairment calculations, including tenement surrender rates and capitalised expenditures on tenements; and Assessing the costs capitalised in the year to test if they meet the requirements for
 selling cost. An impairment review is only required if an impairment trigger is identified. Due to the nature of the Uranium industry, indicators of impairment could include: Significant decrease seen in global 	 capitalisation in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards; and A review of the integrity of the tenement title status and total commitment value through the Department of Mines and Petroleum of the Government of Western Australia.
 Uranium prices; Changes to exploration plans; Loss of rights to tenements; Changes in rights to tenements; Changes to reserve estimates; Costs of extraction and production; and Changing market forces in relation to Uranium as a resource. 	We assessed the adequacy of the Company's disclosures in respect of the carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2020 but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of these financial statements is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:

http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar2.pdf

This description forms part of our independent auditor's report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 13 to 18 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2020.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Zeus Resources Ltd, for the year ended 30 June 2020, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

William Buck

William Buck Accountants & Advisors ABN: 16 021 300 521

Kainer Alwens

Rainer Ahrens Director Dated this 29th day of September, 2020

TENEMENT SCHEDULE

Project	Sub Project	Licence Number	Stat e	Area (blocks)	Licence Expires	Comments
Wiluna	Lakes Way	E 53/1603	WA	5	14 Feb 23	
Narnoo	Narnoo South	E 28/2097	WA	5	08 May 21	
Gascoyne	Mortimer Hills extension	E 09/2147	WA	15	09 Sep 22	

Annexure B

ASX Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Verification Worksheet

Name	of entity	Fir	nancial year ended	
ZEUS	RESOURCES LIMITED	30) JUNE 2020	
	ommendation NCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEM	FNT	The entity complie period AND OVERSIGHT	ed for the full
1.1	1 The Company has established and disclosed the fur reserved to the board and those delegated to seni executives.		Yes	No
1.2	The Company undertakes appropriate checks before appointing a person for election as a director and provide	les	Yes	No
	securityholders with all material information relevant to decision on electing a director.	а	•	•
1.3	1.3 The Company has a written agreement with each direct and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.		Yes	No
1.4	The Company secretary of the listed Company is accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on	all	Yes	No
	matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.		•	•
1.5	A listed entity should: a) have a diversity policy which includes requireme		Yes	No
	to set measurable objectives for achieving gend	er	•	
	 A listed entity should: a) have a diversity policy which includes requir for the board or a relevant committee of the to set measurable objectives for achieving g diversity and to assess annually both the ob and the entity's progress in achieving them; 			
	b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and			
	disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them.	by		

1.6	1.6 The Company should:a) have and disclose a process for periodically	Yes	No
			•

	 evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process. 		
1.7	 The Company should: a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process. 	Yes	No
PRIN	ICIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE		1
2.1	2.1 The board should establish a nomination committee which:	Yes	No
	 has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and is chaired by an independent director 		
	 and disclose the charter of the committee; the members of the committee; and the number of times the committee meet throughout the reporting period. 		
	If a listed entity does not have a nomination committee, it should disclose the fact and processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.		
2.2	A listed entity should disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the Board currently has or is looking to achieve its membership.	Yes	No
	currently has or is looking to achieve its membership.		

2.3	The Company has disclosed the names of the directors considered to be independent, interests, positions and	Yes	No
	associations that might cause doubts as to the		

	independence of a director and the length of service of each director.		
2.4	The majority of the board are independent Directors.	Yes	No
2.5	The chair is an independent director and is not exercising the role of chief executive officer.	Yes	No
2.6	The Company has a program for inducting new directors.	Yes	No
PRI	NCIPLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY		I
3.1	A listed entity should have a code of conduct for its	Yes	No
	directors, senior executives and employees and disclose that code or a summary of the code.		
PRI	NCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPO	ORTING	
4.1	The board has established an audit committee which is		
	structured so that it:	Yes	No
	has at least three members;consists only of non-executive directors, a		
	majority of whom are independent directors;		
	 is chaired by an independent director who is not the Chairman 		
	And has disclosed:		
	• the charter of the committee;		
	the qualifications of the committee;the number of times the committee meets		
	 the number of times the committee meets throughout the reporting period 		
	If no committee satisfying the above exists, it should disclose that fact and the processes it uses to safeguard		
	the integrity of its reporting.		
4.2	The Board has received from its CEO and CFO a	Yes	No
	declaration that in their opinion, the financial records have been properly maintained and comply with proper		
	standards.		
4.3	An AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends	Yes	No
	its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.		
PRI	NCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	The Company has established written policies designed	Yes	No
		Tes	NO

	to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at senior executive level for that compliance and disclosed those policies or a summary of those policies.		
PRI	NCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	The listed Company has provided information about itself and its governance to investors via a website.	Yes	No
6.2	The listed Company has designed and implemented an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	Yes	No
6.3	The Company has designed a communications policy for promoting effective communication with shareholders and encouraging their participation at general meetings and has disclosed their policy or a summary of that	Yes	No
6.4	policy. The listed Company has provided the security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Yes	No
PRI	NCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board has established a risk committee, structured so that it: • has at least three members	Yes	No
	 consists only of non-executive directors, a majority of whom are independent directors; is chaired by an independent director who is not the Chairman. And has disclosed: 		
	 the charter of the committee; members of the committee; the number of times the committee meet throughout the reporting period. If no committee satisfying the above exists, it should disclose the fact and the processes it uses to safeguard the integrity of its reporting. 		
7.2	The board has reviewed the Company's risk management framework at least annually and disclose whether such review has taken place.	Yes	No
7.3	A listed entity should disclose if they have an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs. If the Company does not have an	Yes	No

7.4	internal audit function, the Company should disclose the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes. The Company has disclosed whether they have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if they do, how they manage or intend to manage those risks.	Yes	No
8.1	The Board has established a remuneration committee, structured so that it: • has at least three members, a majority of whom	Yes	No
	 are independent directors; and is chaired by an independent director who is not the Chairman And should disclose: the charter of the committee; the members of the committee; the number of times the committee meet throughout the reporting period. 		
	If no committee satisfying the above exists, it should disclose that fact and the processes it uses to safeguard the integrity of its reporting.		
8.2	The Company has disclosed their policies and practices regarding the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	Yes	No
8.3	 Companies which have an equity-based remuneration scheme should: have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether use the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and disclose that policy or summary of it. 	Yes	No

The role and responsibilities of the Board of Directors is for the overall Corporate Governance of the Company and oversight of management, protecting the rights and interests of the shareholders, by adopting systems of control and managed risk as the basis for the administration.

The Board is committed to maintaining high standards of Corporate Governance. Corporate Governance is about having a set of core values and behaviours that underpin the Company's activities and ensure transparency, fair dealing and protection of the interests of stakeholders.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Board of Directors support the Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Best Practice Recommendations developed by the ASX Corporate Governance Council (Council). Whilst the Company's practices are partly consistent with the Council's guidelines, the Board considers that the implementation of some recommendations are not appropriate having regard to the nature and scale of the Company's activities and size of the Board. The Board uses its best endeavours to ensure exceptions to the Council's guidelines do not have a negative impact on the Company and the best interests of shareholders as a whole. When Zeus is not able to implement one of the Council's recommendations the Company applies the "if not, why not" explanation approach by applying practices in accordance with the spirit of the relevant principle.

The following discussion outlines the ASX Corporate Governance Council's eight principles and associated recommendations and the extent to which the Company complies with those recommendations.

Details of all of the Council's recommendations can be found on the ASX website at http://www.asx.com.au

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

The Company has adopted Recommendation 1.1 to disclose the functions reserved to the Board and those delegated to senior executives. This has been disclosed on the Company's website.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS – ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITIES

In general, the Board is responsible for, and has the authority to determine, all matters relating to the policies, practices, management and operations of the Company. The Board is also responsible for the overall corporate governance and management oversight of the Company and recognises the need for the highest standards of behaviour and accountability in acting in the best interests of the Company as a whole.

The Board also ensures that the Company complies with all of its contractual, statutory and any other legal or regulatory obligations. The Board has the final responsibility for the successful operations of the Company.

Where the Board considers that particular expertise or information is required, which is not available from within their members, appropriate external advice may be taken and reviewed prior to a final decision being made by the Board.

Without intending to limit the general role of the Board, the principal functions and responsibilities of the Board include the following:

- formulation and approval of the strategic direction, objectives and goals of the Company; the prudential control of the Company's finances and operations and the monitoring of the financial performance of the Company;
- the resourcing, reviewing and monitoring of executive management; ensuring that adequate internal control systems and procedures exist and that compliance with these systems and procedures is maintained;
- the identification of significant business risks and ensuring that such risks are adequately managed; the timeliness, accuracy and effectiveness of communications and reporting to shareholders and the market; and
- the establishment and maintenance of appropriate ethical standards.

ACCOUNTABILITY

The Company has complied with Recommendation 1.2 by undertaking background checks with regard to each director's character, experience and education prior to their nomination for election. Any material adverse information revealed by these checks is released to securityholders prior to the General Meeting at which they are able to be elected. When an individual is nominated to be a director, their curriculum vitae and their relevant professional history and qualifications is circulated to the securityholders of the Company.

The Company has complied with Recommendation 1.3 by giving its Directors letters of appointment and/or service agreements.

The Company has complied with Recommendation 1.4 by making the Company Secretary directly accountable to the Board on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.

DIVERSITY

The Company does not comply with Recommendation 1.5. The Company has not found it necessary to establish a diversity policy or annually report on measurable objectives with respect to achieving gender diversity. The nature of the policy for a Company of this size is inappropriate. As the Company develops, the Board intends to review its practices, and if deemed necessary in the future, the Board may consider adopting a policy.

PERFORMANCE OF THE BOARD

The Company does not comply with recommendation 1.6. The Company has not found it necessary to disclose the process for evaluating the performance of the Board and the Company's Directors individually.

However, it is the policy of the Board to ensure that the Directors of the Company are equipped with the knowledge and information they need to discharge their responsibilities effectively, and that individual and collective performance is regularly and fairly reviewed. Although the Company is not of a size to warrant the development of formal processes for evaluating the performance of its Board, individual Directors and committees, there is on-going monitoring by the Chairman and the members of the Board.

The Chairman also speaks to Directors individually regarding their role as a Director.

ACCESS TO INFORMATION

Each Director has access to Board papers and all relevant documentation.

PERFORMANCE OF SENIOR EXECUTIVES

The Chief Executive Officer's key performance indicators are set annually, with performance appraised by the Board, and reviewed in detail by the Board at the annual anniversary of the appointment of the CEO.

The Company has adopted Recommendation 1.7 of evaluating the performance of senior executives in accordance with the process described above with the appointment of the CEO.

The Board did not conduct a performance evaluation for the Chief Executive Officer in the financial year. The current Chief Executive Officer is an Acting Chief Executive Officer.

Principle 2 – Structure the Board to add value

BOARD OF DIRECTORS - COMPOSITION, STRUCTURE AND PROCESS

The Board has been formed so that it has effective composition, size and commitment to adequately discharge its responsibilities and duties given the Company's current size, scale and nature of its activities.

BOARD NOMINATIONS

The Board has not followed Recommendation 2.1(a) as it has established a Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter. The Board has not implemented a Remuneration and Nomination Committee due to the Company's small size and nature. However, the members of the Board communicated with each other on regular basis to address any issues which arose in this regard.

In compliance with Recommendation 2.1(b), the Board considers nominations for the appointment or election of Directors that may arise from time to time having regard to the corporate and governance skills required by the Company and procedures outlined in the Constitution and the *Corporations Act* 2001 (Cth).

TERMS OF APPOINTMENT AS A DIRECTOR

The Constitution of the Company provides that a Director, other than the Managing Director, may not retain office for more than three calendar years or beyond the third Annual General Meeting following his or her election, whichever is longer, without submitting himself or herself for re-election. One third of the Directors (excluding the Managing Director) must retire each year and are eligible for re-election. The Directors who retire by rotation at each Annual General Meeting are those with the longest length of time in office since their appointment or last election.

During the financial year the Board implemented the functions listed below. Whilst the Company has not adopted Recommendation 2.4, the Board is effectively managing the functions normally expected of such a committee.

The responsibilities assumed by the Board include:

- Board and senior executive functions;
- Board composition;
- criteria for nomination of Directors;
- selection and appointment of the Chairperson;
- selection and appointment of the Secretary;
- determine the frequency of meetings of the Committee;
- seek professional advice when required;
- responsibilities of the Committee; and
- overseeing of Board and executive succession plans.

INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

Due to the small size of the Company, the Board is made up of four Directors.

The Company has not adopted Recommendation 2.2, which states that a board skills matrix should be disclosed, nor has it adopted Recommendation 2.3, which states that the majority of the directors should be independent. Because of the small size and nature of the Company, the Company has appointed 1 independent Director on the Board. It is the Board's opinion that all Directors bring to the Board their independent judgement, irrespective of whether they are independent or not.

PERIOD OF OFFICE HELD BY EACH DIRECTOR

- Mr Gregory Clifton Hall since 18 August 2010
- Mr Jiangang Zhao since 25 February 2013
- Mr Dongfeng Zhang since 25th September 2019
- Mr Zhang Yong since 25 February 2013

INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Company considers that as at 30 June 2018 Mr. Gregory Clifton Hall is classified as an Independent Director.

REGULAR ASSESSMENT OF INDEPENDENCE

An Independent Director, in the view of the Company, is a Non-executive Director who:

- is not a substantial shareholder of the Company or an officer of, or otherwise associated directly with, a substantial shareholder of the Company;
- within the last three years has not been employed in an executive capacity by the Company, or has been a Director after ceasing to hold any such employment;
- within the last three years has not been a principal of a material professional advisor or a material consultant to the Company, or an employee materially associated with a service provider;
- has no material contractual relationship with the Company other than as a Director of the Company;
- has not served on the Board for a period which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially
 interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company; and
- is free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company.

The composition of the Board is reviewed periodically with regards to the optimum number and skills of Directors required for the Board to properly perform its responsibilities and functions.

CHAIRPERSON AND MANAGING DIRECTOR

The Company does not follow Recommendation 2.5. The office of Chair during the reporting period was held by Mr Shouyin Wang, a nominee of ZIMC, the largest shareholder of Zeus.

The Chairperson leads the Board and has responsibility for ensuring the Board receives accurate, timely and clear information to enable Directors to perform their duties as a Board.

The CEO is responsible and accountable to the Board for the Company's management. Mr Jiangang Zhao is currently Acting Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Mr Zhao was appointed as Acting CEO of the Company following the departure of Mr Peter Williamson in November 2013.

INDUCTION AND EDUCATION

The Company complies with Recommendation 2.6. The Company does have a policy to provide each new Director or officer with a copy of the following documents:

- Responsibilities of Department Policy;
- Board procedures, rules and responsibilities Policy;
- Salary and Performance Policy;
- Fixed Assets Management Policy;
- Financial Policy;
- Travel and Accommodation Policy;
- Employee Manual;
- Recruitment Policy;
- Delegated Authority of Limits
- Securities Trading Policy; and

Principle 3 – Act Ethically and Responsibly

CODE OF CONDUCT AND ETHICAL STANDARDS

The Company has adopted recommendation 3.1 by establishing a formal code of conduct that guides compliance with all levels of legal and other obligations to stakeholders, and by disclosing a summary of this code of conduct below. The Company is focused on ensuring that all Directors, executives and employees act with the utmost integrity and objectivity in carrying out their duties and responsibilities, striving at all times to enhance the reputation and performance of the Company.

ACCESS TO COMPANY INFORMATION AND CONFIDENTIALITY

All Directors have the right of access to all relevant Company books and to the Company's executive management. In accordance with legal requirements and agreed ethical standards, Directors and executives of the Company have agreed to keep confidential information received in the course of exercising their duties and will not disclose non-public information except where disclosure is authorised or legally mandated.

SHARE DEALINGS AND DISCLOSURES

The Company has adopted a Securities Trading Policy. The Board restricts Directors, executives and employees from acting on material information until it has been released to the market. Executives, employees and Directors are required to consult the Chairperson and the Board respectively, prior to dealing in securities in the Company or other companies in which the Company has a relationship.

Share trading by Directors, executives or employees is not permitted at any time whilst in the possession of price sensitive information not already available to the market. In addition, the Corporations Act prohibits the purchase or sale of securities whilst a person is in possession of inside information.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

To ensure that Directors are at all times acting in the best interests of the Company, Directors must:

• disclose to the Board actual or potential conflicts of interest that may or might reasonably be thought to exist between the interests of the Director and the interests of any other parties in carrying out the activities of the Company; and

• if requested by the Board, within seven days or such further period as may be permitted, take such necessary and reasonable steps to remove any conflict of interest.

If a Director cannot or is unwilling to remove a conflict of interest then the Director must, as required by the Corporations Act, absent himself or herself from the room when Board discussion and/or voting occurs on matters about which the conflict relates.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions include any financial transaction between a Director and the Company as defined in the Corporations Act or the ASX Listing Rules. Unless there is an exemption under the Corporations Act from the requirement to obtain shareholder approval for the related party transaction, the Board cannot approve the transaction. The Company also discloses related party transactions in its financial statements as required under relevant Accounting Standards.

Principle 4 – Safeguard integrity in financial reporting

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has not complied with Recommendation 4.1(a) as it has not established an Audit Committee with a corresponding charter. The Audit compliance is managed by the full board of Zeus Resources. It has complied with Recommendation 4.1(b) by disclosing that the objective of the Board is to make recommendations and implement, among various matters, the adequacy of the external audit and compliance procedures. The Board evaluates from time to time the effectiveness of the financial statements prepared for the Board meetings and to ensure that an independent judgement is always exercised.

CEO AND CFO DECLARATIONS

The Company has adopted and complied with recommendation 4.2.

Due to the size of the management team, the Board has determined that the Chairperson and the Accountant are the appropriate persons to make the CEO and CFO declarations in respect of the year ended 30 June 2016, as required under section 295A of the Corporations Act and recommended by the ASX Corporate Governance Council. The Board is also satisfied that the internal control system is operating effectively in all material respects.

AUDITOR PRESENT AT ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The Company has complied with Recommendation 4.3. A representative of the Company's external auditor was be present at the Company's AGM and will be available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.

Principle 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure

The Company has not adopted Recommendation 5.1 by putting in place a continuous Disclosure Policy because of the size and nature of the Company.

CONTINUOUS DISCLOSURE TO THE ASX

The Board has designated the Company Secretary as the person responsible for overseeing and coordinating disclosure of information to the ASX as well as communicating with the ASX. Accordingly, the Company will notify the ASX promptly of information:

- concerning the Company, that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities;
- that would, or would be likely to, influence persons who commonly invest in securities in deciding whether to acquire or dispose of the Company's securities; and
- the announcements are made in a timely manner, are factual and do not omit material information in order to avoid the emergence of a false market in Zeus securities.

Principle 6 – Respect the rights of shareholders

The Company has complied with Recommendation 6.1 by promoting active communication with shareholders through a variety of measures, including the use of the Company's website. The Company's reports and ASX announcements are made available on the Company's website www.zeusresources.com and on the ASX website www.asx.com.au, under ASX code 'ZEU'.

COMMUNICATION TO SHAREHOLDERS

The Company does comply with Recommendation 6.2 and 6.3.

The Board recognises its duty to ensure that its shareholders are informed of all major developments affecting the Company's state of affairs. The Company provides all relevant and current information to shareholders and the market through:

- the Annual Report which is distributed to shareholders (usually with the Notice of Annual General Meeting);
- the Annual General Meeting and other general meetings called to obtain shareholder approvals as appropriate;
- the half-yearly Directors' and financial statements;
- quarterly activities and cash flow reports;
- other announcements released to the ASX as required under the continuous disclosure requirements of the ASX Listing; and
- Rules and other information that may be mailed to shareholders or made available through the Company's website.

The company has complied with Recommendation 6.4 by encouraging Shareholders to register for receipt of announcements and updates electronically.

Principle 7 - Recognise and manage risk

RISK COMMITTEE

The Company has not complied with Recommendation 7.1(a) as it has not established a Risk Committee with a corresponding charter.

The Company complies with Recommendation 7.1(b) by disclosing the processes it employs for overseeing the Company's risk management, being that the Board is responsible for the identification, monitoring and management of significant business risks and the implementation of appropriate levels of internal control, recognising however that no cost effective internal control system will preclude all errors and irregularities. The Board regularly reviews and monitors areas of significant business risk.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has complied with Recommendation 7.2 by conducting an annual risk assessment and discloses to the Company auditors the review of risk management and internal control systems.

The primary vehicle for managing corporate risks is regular oversight by the Board. The Board reviews systems of external and internal controls and areas of significant operational, financial and property risk and ensures arrangements are in place to contain such risks to acceptable levels.

The Company has systems in place to ensure that appropriate insurance policies are kept current to cover all potential risks and maintaining Directors' and Officers' professional indemnity insurance.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Company has not complied with Recommendation 7.3(a) but does comply with recommendation 7.3(b). The Company's internal audit function is carried out by the Board. The Company does not have an internal audit department nor has an internal auditor. The board is of the belief that the size of the Company does not warrant the cost of appointing an internal auditor.

ECONOMIC, ENVIRONMENTAL AND SUSTAINABILITY RISKS

All material risks are announced to the market in accordance with the requirements of the ASX Listing Rules and otherwise.

Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly

In response to Recommendation 8.1(a), the Board has not established a remuneration committee. The Board is directed by the Chairperson who operates as the Committee, due to the size and nature of the Company.

The Board regularly addressed issues that arose during the financial year.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE CHARTER AND RESPONSIBILITIES

In accordance with Recommendation 8.1, in the absence of a remuneration committee, the Company discloses the following information concerning its policies and processes it employs for setting remuneration of directors and senior executives.

REMUNERATION POLICY

In response to Recommendation 8.2, the Company has established a Salary and Performance Policy along with a Recruitment Policy which operates in a similar fashion to a Remuneration and Nomination Committee charter. The role and responsibility of the Board is to review and make recommendations in respect of:

- executive remuneration policy;
- Executive Director and senior management remuneration;
- Non-executive Directors' Remuneration;
- performance measurement policies and procedures;
- Administration of the Company's Diversity policy;
- Board evaluation and performance of Directors; and
- Issue and allotment of options to Directors and Senior Executives.

The Directors' remuneration is approved by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. The salary and emoluments paid to officers are approved by the Board. Consultants are engaged as required pursuant to service agreements. The Company ensures that fees, salaries and emoluments are in line with general standards for publicly listed companies of the size and type of the Company. All salaries of Directors and statutory officers are disclosed in the Annual Report of the Company each year.

The Company has a policy structure to remunerate Directors differently based on a fixed and incentive component salary packages to reflect the short and long-term objectives of the Company. Key aspects of the policy include the following:

- the salary component of the Managing Director/CEO remuneration is made up of fixed remuneration and long-term incentive;
- the salary component of Non-executive Directors is made up of fixed remuneration.
- the Company has not adopted Recommendation 8.4 as follows due to its size and nature:
- the Company discloses the name of Directors in the Remuneration Committee and the attendance of each Director to the Remuneration Committee meetings, within its Directors' Reports;
- the Company does not provide any schemes for retirement; and
- the Company has not made publicly available a summary of the Remuneration Committee Charter on the Company's website.

SECURITIES TRADING POLICY

In compliance with Recommendation 8.3, the Company has a securities trading policy that prohibits directors, officers and employees from entering into transactions or arrangements which limits the economic risk of participating in unvested entitlements under any equity-based remuneration scheme.

The Company's securities trading policy is publicly available on the ASX website.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

The shareholder information set out below was applicable as at 30th June 2020:

(a) Distribution of Equity Securities

Analysis of numbers of equity security holders by size of holding:

Holding distribution

	30 Jun 2020				Change				28 Jun 2019			
Range	Securities	%	No. of holders	%	Securities	%	No. of holders	%	Securities	%	No. of holders	%
100,001 and Over	172,629,333	95.83	57	15.20	345,108	0.20	(5)	(8.06)	172,284,225	95.63	62	16.10
10,001 to 100,000	5,630,272	3.13	112	29.87	(335,208)	(5.62)	(5)	(4.27)	5,965,480	3.31	117	30.39
5,001 to 10,000	1,867,752	1.04	191	50.93	(10,000)	(0.53)	(1)	(0.52)	1,877,752	1.04	192	49.87
1,001 to 5,000	22,054	0.01	6	1.60	0	0.00	0	0.00	22,054	0.01	6	1.56
1 to 1,000	589	0.00	9	2.40	100	20.45	1	12.50	489	0.00	8	2.08
Total	180,150,000	100.00	375	100.00	0	0.00	(10)	(2.60)	180,150,000	100.00	385	100.00
Unmarketable Parcels	4,755,529	2.64	288	76.80	(87,240)	(1.80)	(2)	(0.69)	4,842,769	2.69	290	75.32

Geography distribution

		2020	Change				Jun 2019					
(end of month data)	Securities	%	No. of holders	%	Securities	Securities %	No. of holders	%	Securities	%	No. of holders	%
AUSTRALIA	62,566,889	34.73	359	95.73	0	0.00	(10)	(2.71)	62,566,889	34.73	369	95.8
AUST CAPITAL TERRITORY	87,000	0.05	5	1.33	0	0.00	0	0.00	87,000	0.05	5	1.3
NEW SOUTH WALES	49,613,618	27.54	227	60.53	(404,952)	(0.81)	(4)	(1.73)	50,018,570	27.76	231	60.0
QUEENSLAND	1,328,111	0.74	22	5.87	(438,776)	(24.83)	(3)	(12.00)	1,766,887	0.98	25	6.4
SOUTH AUSTRALIA	977,421	0.54	6	1.60	0	0.00	0	0.00	977,421	0.54	6	1.5
TASMANIA	124,000	0.07	3	0.80	0	0.00	0	0.00	124,000	0.07	3	0.7
VICTORIA	7,366,927	4.09	50	13.33	1,110,058	17.74	(1)	(1.96)	6,256,869	3.47	51	13.2
WESTERN AUSTRALIA	3,069,812	1.70	46	12.27	(266,330)	(7.98)	(2)	(4.17)	3,336,142	1.85	48	12.4
CANADA	996,116	0.55	1	0.27	0	0.00	0	0.00	996,116	0.55	1	0.2
CHINA	57,650,000	32.00	1	0.27	0	0.00	0	0.00	57,650,000	32.00	1	0.2
HONG KONG	57,534,500	31.94	2	0.53	0	0.00	0	0.00	57,534,500	31.94	2	0.5
NEW ZEALAND	343,058	0.19	3	0.80	0	0.00	0	0.00	343,058	0.19	3	0.7
THAILAND	10,000	0.01	1	0.27	0	0.00	0	0.00	10,000	0.01	1	0.2
UNITED KINGDOM	1,019,437	0.57	5	1.33	0	0.00	0	0.00	1,019,437	0.57	5	1.3
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	30,000	0.02	3	0.80	0	0.00	0	0.00	30,000	0.02	3	0.7
Total	180,150,000	100.00	375	100.00	0	0.00	(10)	(2.60)	180,150,000	100.00	385	100.0

Data from OSCAR

(b) The names of the twenty largest holders of quoted securities are listed below: **Top holders**

Rank	Name	30 Jun 2020	%IC	Move up	Move down	Net move	% move	%IC change	28 Jun 2019	%IC
1	ZHENGYUAN INTERNATIONAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED	57,650,000	32.00%	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	57,650,000	32.00%
2	VAST HONOUR GLOBAL LIMITED	57,534,500	31.94%	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	57,534,500	31.94%
3	MRS ANLAN CHEN	15,145,018	8.41%	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	15,145,018	8.41%
4	BARBARY COAST INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	13,447,201	7.46%	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	13,447,201	7.46%
5	M & K KORKIDAS PTY LTD	7,186,309	3.99%	0	0	1,750,000	38.11	0.97	6,341,663	3.52%
6	MR DIAN TANG	3,051,898	1.69%	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	3,051,898	1.69%
7	MR VINCENZO BRIZZI & MRS RITA LUCIA BRIZZI	1,990,146	1.10%	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	1,990,146	1.10%
8	GA & AM LEAVER INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	1,858,000	1.03%	0	0	1,170,000	170.06	0.65	688,000	0.38%
9	MS KIA BOON TAY	1,141,540	0.63%	0	0	(1,658,460)	(59.23)	(0.92)	2,800,000	1.55%
10	JEFFREY POLOVICK	996,116	0.55%	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	996,116	0.55%
11	STEPHEN ROGER KING	979,437	0.54%	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	979,437	0.54%
12	MR PETER HUBERT OTTA	770,546	0.43%	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	770,546	0.43%
13	SOUTHAM INVESTMENTS 2003 PTY LTD	600,000	0.33%	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	600,000	0.33%
14	IQ GLOBAL ASSET PARTNERS PTY LTD	540,728	0.30%	0	0	11,000	2.08	0.01	529,728	0.29%
15	MR VICTOR MICHAEL SOPHIOS	507,859	0.28%	0	0	61,862	13.87	0.03	445,997	0.25%
16	MR RALPH GEORGE HOGG	500,000	0.28%	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	500,000	0.28%
17	MICHAEL HICKEY	500,000	0.28%	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	500,000	0.28%
18	MR ROBERT MALCOLM BOYD & MRS MERYL ELIZABETH BOYD	500,000	0.28%	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	500,000	0.28%
19	MRS JIN-MEI YANG	500,000	0.28%	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	500,000	0.28%
20	PATHOLD NO 134 PTY LTD	400,000	0.22%	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	400,000	0.22%
	Total top 20	165,799,298	92.03%	0	0	1,334,402			165,370,250	91.80%
	Balance of Register	13,950,702	7.74%	0	0	(124,842)			14,059,444	7.80%
	Grand total	180,150,000	100.00%						180,150,000	100.00%

Empty cells indicate that the holder was outside of the top 1000 at some point during the specified reporting period. Data from OSCAR

(c) Substantial Shareholders

Substantial shareholders in the Company are:

Name	30 Jun 2020	% Holding	30 Jun 2019	% Holding
ZHENGYUAN INTERNATIONAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED	57,650,000	32.00%	57,650,000	32.00%
VAST HONOUR GLOBAL LIMITED	57,534,500	31.94%	57,534,500	31.94%
MRS ANLAN CHEN	15,145,018	8.41%	15,145,018	8.41%
BARBARY COAST INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	13,447,201	7.46%	13,447,201	7.46%

(d) Voting Rights

The voting rights attaching to each class of equity security are set out below:

Ordinary Shares

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.