## ACN 074 969 056 (Company)

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

This Corporate Governance Statement is current as 18th December 2020 and has been approved by the Board of the Company on that date.

This Corporate Governance Statement discloses the extent to which the Company will, as at the date it is re-admitted to the official list of the ASX, follow the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council in its publication Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations – 4<sup>th</sup> Edition (**Recommendations**). The Recommendations are not mandatory, however the Recommendations that have not been followed for any part of the reporting period have been identified and reasons provided for not following them along with what (if any) alternative governance practices were adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

The Company has adopted a Corporate Governance Plan which provides the written terms of reference for the Company's corporate governance duties.

Due to the current size and nature of the existing Board and the magnitude of the Company's operations, the Board does not consider that the Company will gain any benefit from individual Board committees and that its resources would be better utilised in other areas as the Board is of the strong view that at this stage the experience and skill set of the current Board is sufficient to perform these roles. Under the Company's Board Charter, the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to individual committees are currently carried out by the full Board under the written terms of reference for those committees.

The Company's Corporate Governance Plan is available on the Company's website at Website: www.leafresources.com.au.

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and overs	sight	
Recommendation 1.1  (a) A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter which sets out the respective roles and responsibilities of the Board, the Chair and management, and includes a description of those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management.	YES	The Company has adopted a Board Charter that sets out the specific roles and responsibilities of the Board, the Chair and management and includes a description of those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management.

RECO	MMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
			The Board Charter sets out the specific responsibilities of the Board, requirements as to the Board's composition, the roles and responsibilities of the Chairman and Company Secretary, the establishment, operation and management of Board Committees, Directors' access to Company records and information, details of the Board's relationship with management, details of the Board's performance review and details of the Board's disclosure policy.  A copy of the Company's Board Charter, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website.
	d entity should:  undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a Director; and provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director.	YES	<ul> <li>(a) The Company has guidelines for the appointment and selection of the Board and senior executives in its Corporate Governance Plan. The Company's Nomination Committee Charter (in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan) requires the Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) to ensure appropriate checks (including checks in respect of character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history (as appropriate)) are undertaken before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a Director. In the event of an unsatisfactory check, a Director is required to submit their resignation.</li> <li>(b) Under the Nomination Committee Charter, all material information relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director must be provided to security holders in the Notice of Meeting containing the resolution to elect or re-elect a Director.</li> </ul>
A liste Direct	nmendation 1.3 d entity should have a written agreement with each or and senior executive setting out the terms of their intment.	YES	The Company's Nomination Committee Charter requires the Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) to ensure that each Director and senior executive is personally a party to a written agreement with the Company which sets out the terms of that Director's or senior executive's appointment.

RECOMMENDATIONS	G (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
accountable directly	eretary of a listed entity should be by to the Board, through the Chair, on all the proper functioning of the Board.	YES	The Board Charter outlines the roles, responsibility and accountability of the Company Secretary. In accordance with this, the Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.
(b) through its be measurable diversity in executives of (c) disclose in respective (i) the periodic (ii) the	isclose a diversity policy; board or a committee of the board set objectives for achieving gender the composition of its board, senior and workforce generally; and elation to each reporting period: measurable objectives set for that iod to achieve gender diversity; entity's progress towards achieving se objectives; and	PARTIALLY	<ul> <li>(a) The Company has adopted a Diversity Policy which provides a framework for the Company to establish, achieve and measure diversity objectives, including in respect of gender diversity. The Diversity Policy is available, as part of the Corporate Governance Plan, on the Company's website.</li> <li>(b) The Diversity Policy allows the Board to set measurable gender diversity objectives, if considered appropriate, and to continually monitor both the objectives if any have been set and the Company's progress in achieving them.</li> <li>(c) Given the current small size of the Board and Company's operations, the Board does not presently intend to set measurable gender diversity objectives because of the reasons set out below: <ul> <li>(ii) the Board's view that the existing Directors and senior executives have sufficient skill and experience to carry out the Company's plans;</li> <li>(iii) if it becomes necessary to appoint any new Directors or senior executives, the Board will consider the application of the measurable diversity objectives and determined that, given the small size of the Company and the Board, reqiuring specified objectectives to be met, unduly limit the Company from applying the Diversity Policy as a whole and the Company's policy of appointing the best person for the job; and</li> <li>(iii) the respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes) for each financial year will be disclosed in the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.		Company's Annual Corporate Governance Statement.  The Board will reconsider this matter in due course following the Company's re-admission to the ASX and business growth.
Recommendation 1.6  A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual Directors; and  (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	YES	<ul> <li>(a) The Company's Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual Directors on an annual basis. It may do so with the aid of an independent advisor. The process for this is set out in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, which is available on the Company's website.</li> <li>(b) The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Company to disclose whether or not performance evaluations were conducted during the relevant reporting period. The Company will complete performance evaluations in respect of the Board, its committees (if any) and individual Directors for each financial year in accordance with the above process.</li> </ul>
Recommendation 1.7  A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and  (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	YES	<ul> <li>(a) The Company's Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Company's senior executives on an annual basis. The Company's Remuneration Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) is responsible for evaluating the remuneration of the Company's senior executives on an annual basis. A senior executive, for these purposes, means key management personnel (as defined in the Corporations Act) other than a non-executive Director.  The applicable processes for these evaluations can be found in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, which is available on the Company's website.</li> <li>(b) The Company will complete performance evaluations in respect of the senior executives (if any) for each financial year in accordance with the applicable processes.</li> </ul>

RECO	MMENDATIONS (4TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION		
Princi	Principle 2: Structure the Board to be effective and add value				
	mmendation 2.1 oard of a listed entity should:    have a nomination committee which:    (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors; and    (ii) is chaired by an independent Director, and disclose:    (iii) the charter of the committee;    (iv) the members of the committee; and    (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or    if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address Board succession issues and to ensure that the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	YES	<ul> <li>(a) The Company's Nomination Committee Charter provides for the creation of a Nomination Committee (if it is considered it will benefit the Company), with at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors, and which must be chaired by an independent Director.</li> <li>(b) The Company has a Nomination Committee. In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Nomination Committee under the Nomination Committee Charter, including the following processes to address succession issues and to ensure the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively:</li> <li>(i) devoting time at least annually to discuss Board succession issues and updating the Company's Board skills matrix; and</li> <li>(ii) all Board members being involved in the Company's nomination process, to the maximum extent permitted under the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules.</li> </ul>		
A liste	mmendation 2.2  ed entity should have and disclose a Board skills matrix g out the mix of skills that the Board currently has or is ag to achieve in its membership.	YES	Under the Nomination Committee Charter (in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan), the Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) is required to prepare a Board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the Board currently has (or is looking to achieve) and to review this at least annually against the Company's Board skills matrix to ensure the appropriate mix of skills to discharge its obligations effectively and to add value and to ensure the Board has the ability to deal with new and emerging business and governance issues.		

RECOMMENDATIONS (4TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
		Following re-admission, the new Board will undertake an evaluation of the skills matrix to ensure that the Board's skill satisfy the ongoing skills and experience needed to execute the Company's business strategy and to identify any gaps in the skills and experience of the Board. The Board will then assess all future candidates for Board positions and the performance of its current membership on this basis.  The Board Charter requires the disclosure of each Board member's qualifications and expertise. Full details as to each Director and senior executive's relevant skills and experience are available in the Company's Annual Report.
Recommendation 2.3  A listed entity should disclose:  (a) the names of the Directors considered by the Board to be independent Directors;  (b) if a Director has an interest, position or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition), but the Board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the Director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the Board is of that opinion; and  (c) the length of service of each Director	YES	<ul> <li>(a) The Board Charter requires the disclosure of the names of Directors considered by the Board to be independent. Upon re-admission, the Board considers the following Directors are independent: Messrs Ken Richards, Terence Gray and Doug Rathbone.</li> <li>(b) The Company has disclosed in its Annual Report any instances where this applies and an explanation of the Board's opinion why the relevant Director is still considered to be independent.</li> <li>(c) The Company will disclose the length of service of each Director, as at the end of each financial year, in its Annual Report and website.</li> </ul>
Recommendation 2.4 A majority of the Board of a listed entity should be independent Directors.	YES	The Company's Board Charter requires that, where practical, the majority of the Board should be independent.  Upon re-admission, the Board will comprise a total of 5 directors, of whom 3 are considered to be independent. As such, independent directors currently comprise the majority of the Board.
Recommendation 2.5	YES	The Board Charter provides that, where practical, the Chair of the Board should be an independent Director and should not be the CEO/Managing Director.

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
The Chair of the Board of a listed entity should be an independent Director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		Upon re-admission, the Chair of the Company will be Mr Ken Richards, an independent Director.
Recommendation 2.6  A listed entity should have a program for inducting new Directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as Directors effectively.	YES	In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Nominations Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) is responsible for the approval and review of induction and continuing professional development programs and procedures for Directors to ensure that they can effectively discharge their responsibilities. The Company Secretary is responsible for facilitating inductions and professional development including receiving briefings on material developments in laws, regulations and accounting standards relevant to the Company.
Principle 3: Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and re	sponsibly	
Recommendation 3.1 A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	YES	<ul> <li>(a) The Company and its subsidiary companies (if any) are committed to conducting all of its business activities fairly, honestly with a high level of integrity, and in compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations. The Board, management and employees are dedicated to high ethical standards and recognise and support the Company's commitment to compliance with these standards.</li> <li>(b) The Company's values are set out in its Code of Conduct (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan) and are available on the Company's website. All employees are given appropriate training on the Company's values and senior executives will continually reference such values.</li> </ul>
Recommendation 3.2  A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its Directors, senior executives and employees; and  (b) ensure that the Board or a committee of the Board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	YES	(a) The Company's Corporate Code of Conduct applies to the Company's Directors, senior executives and employees.

RECOA	MMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
			(b) The Company's Corporate Code of Conduct (which forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website. Any material breaches of the Code of Conduct are reported to the Board or a committee of the Board.
	hmendation 3.3 dentity should: have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and ensure that the Board or a committee of the Board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	YES	The Company's Whistleblower Protection Policy (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website. Any material breaches of the Whistleblower Protection Policy are to be reported to the Board or a committee of the Board.
	mendation 3.4 d entity should: have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and ensure that the Board or committee of the Board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	YES	The Company's Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website. Any material breaches of the Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy are to be reported to the Board or a committee of the Board.
Princip	le 4: Safeguard the integrity of corporate reports		
	ard of a listed entity should: have an audit committee which:  (i) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive Directors and a majority of whom are independent Directors; and  (ii) is chaired by an independent Director, who is not the Chair of the Board, and disclose:  (iii) the charter of the committee;  (iv) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and  (v) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met	YES	<ul> <li>(a) The Company's Corporate Governance Plan contains an Audit and Risk Committee Charter that provides for the creation of an Audit and Risk Committee with at least three members, all of whom must be non-executive Directors, and majority of the Committee must be independent Directors. The Committee must be chaired by an independent Director who is not the Chair.</li> <li>The members of the Audit and Risk Committee, their relevant qualification and experience, the number of times the committee met during the last financial year, and the individual attendances of the members, are disclosed in the Annual Report and on the Company's website.</li> </ul>

RECOMMENDATIONS (4TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.		As at the date of re-admission, the Company has an Audit Committee. In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Audit and Risk Committee under the Audit and Risk Committee Charter including the following processes to independently verify the integrity of the Company's periodic reports which are not audited or reviewed by an external auditor, as well as the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner:  (i) the Board devotes time at annual Board meetings to fulfilling the roles and responsibilities associated with maintaining the Company's internal audit function and arrangements with external auditors; and  (ii) all members of the Board are involved in the Company's audit function to ensure the proper maintenance of the entity and the integrity of all financial reporting.  (b) N/A
Recommendation 4.2  The Board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	YES	The Company's Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires the CEO and CFO (or, if none, the person(s) fulfilling those functions) to provide a sign off on these terms.  The Board ensures that before it approved the entity's financial statements for each financial period it will receive declarations that the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statement comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operation effectively.
Recommendation 4.3	YES	The Company will include in its annual Corporate Governance Statement a description of the process it undertakes to verify the integrity of the information in periodic corporate reports (to the

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.		extent that the information contained in the reports are not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.
Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure		
Recommendation 5.1  A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	YES	<ul> <li>(a) The Company's Corporate Governance Plan details the Company's Continuous Disclosure policy.</li> <li>(b) The Corporate Governance Plan, which incorporates the Continuous Disclosure policy, is available on the Company's website.</li> </ul>
Recommendation 5.2  A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	YES	Under the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan), all members of the Board will receive material market announcements promptly after they have been made.
Recommendation 5.3  A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	YES	All substantive investor or analyst presentations will be released on the ASX Markets Announcement Platform ahead of such presentations.
Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders		
Recommendation 6.1  A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	YES	Information about the Company and its governance is available in the Corporate Governance Plan which can be found on the Company's website.
Recommendation 6.2  A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	YES	The Company has adopted a Shareholder Communications Strategy which aims to promote and facilitate effective two-way communication with investors. The Strategy outlines a range of ways in which information is communicated to shareholders and is available on the Company's website as part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan.

RECOMMENDATIONS (4TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Recommendation 6.3  A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	YES	Shareholders are encouraged to participate at all general meetings and AGMs of the Company. Upon the despatch of any notice of meeting to Shareholders, the Company Secretary shall send out material stating that all Shareholders are encouraged to participate at the meeting.
Recommendation 6.4  A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	YES	All substantive resolutions at securityholder meetings will be decided by a poll rather than a show of hands.
Recommendation 6.5  A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	YES	The Shareholder Communication Strategy provides that security holders can register with the Company to receive email notifications when an announcement is made by the Company to the ASX, including the release of the Annual Report, half yearly reports and quarterly reports. Links are made available to the Company's website on which all information provided to the ASX is immediately posted.  Shareholders queries should be referred to the Company
Drin sinds 7. Do so sunits and assume with		Secretary at first instance.
Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk	T	
Recommendation 7.1  The Board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:  (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors; and  (ii) is chaired by an independent Director, and disclose:  (iii) the charter of the committee;  (iv) the members of the committee; and  (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual	YES	<ul> <li>(a) The Company's Corporate Governance Plan contains an Audit and Risk Committee Charter that provides for the creation of an Audit and Risk Committee with at least three members, all of whom must be non-executive Directors, and majority of the Committee must be independent Directors. The Committee must be chaired by an independent Director who is not the Chair.         <ul> <li>A copy of the Corporate Governance Plan is available on the Company's website.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) As at the date of re-admission, the Company has an Audit and Risk Committee.</li> </ul>

RECO	MMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
(b)	attendances of the members at those meetings; or  if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the process it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.		
	pard or a committee of the Board should: review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the Board; and disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	YES	<ul> <li>(a) The Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires that the Audit and Risk Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) should, at least annually, satisfy itself that the Company's risk management framework continues to be sound and that the Company is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the Board.</li> <li>(b) The Company's Audit and Risk Committee will complete a review of the Company's risk management framework for each financial year.</li> </ul>
	d entity should disclose:  if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	YES	<ul> <li>(a) The Audit and Risk Committee Charter provides for the Audit and Risk Committee to monitor and periodically review the need for an internal audit function, as well as assessing the performance and objectivity of any internal audit procedures that may be in place.</li> <li>(b) As at the date of re-admission, the Company will have an internal audit function.</li> </ul>
A liste expos	nmendation 7.4  d entity should disclose whether it has any material ure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how ages or intends to manage those risks.	YES	The Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires the Audit and Risk Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) to assist management to determine whether the Company has any potential or apparent exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, put in place management systems, practices and procedures to manage those risks.

RECO	MMENDATIONS (4TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
			The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Company to disclose whether it has any potential or apparent exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, put in place management systems, practices and procedures to manage those risk.  Where the Company does not have material exposure to environmental or social risks, report the basis for that determination to the Board, and where appropriate benchmark the Company's environmental or social risk profile against its peers.  The Company will disclose this information in its Annual Report.
Princi	iple 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly		
The Bo	mmendation 8.1 oard of a listed entity should: have a remuneration committee which: (i) has at least three members, a majority whom are independent Directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent Director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee of the throughout the period and the individuatendances of the members at the meetings; or	ne let val se	(a) As at the date of re-admission, the Company has a Remuneration Committee. The Company's Corporate Governance Plan contains a Remuneration Committee Charter that provides for the creation of a Remuneration Committee (if it is considered it will benefit the Company), with at least three members, a majority of whom are be independent Directors, and which must be chaired by an independent Director. The members of the Remuneration Committee, the number of times the committee met during the last financial year, and the individual attendances of the members, will be disclosed in the Annual Report and on the Company's website.  (b) N/A.
(b)	if it does not have a remuneration committee disclose that fact and the processes it employs setting the level and composition of remuneration of processes and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and rescessive.	for on ng	

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Recommendation 8.2  A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive Directors and the remuneration of executive Directors and other senior executives.	YES	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Board to disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of Directors and senior executives, which will be disclosed in the remuneration report contained in the Company's Annual Report as well as being disclosed on the Company's website.
Recommendation 8.3  A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:  (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and  (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	PARTIALLY	<ul> <li>(a) The Company has an equity-based remuneration scheme during the past financial year. The Company also has an incentive securities scheme (Incentive Plan) which was approved by Shareholders at the general meeting held on 27 November 2020. The Company does not curently have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme.</li> <li>(b) A copy of the Incentive Plan is provided on the Company's website/Annual Report.</li> </ul>
Additional recommendations that apply only in certain case	es	
Recommendation 9.1  A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.		As set out in the Company's Board Charter (which forms part of the Corporate Governance Plan), should the Company have a non-English speaking Director, the Company will translate all key corporate documents for the benefit of the Director. In addition, a translator will be present for all Board and Shareholder meetings.
Recommendation 9.2  A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.		All Shareholder meetings shall be held at a reasonable place and time for shareholders.

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 <sup>TH</sup> EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Recommendation 9.3  A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.		The Company's Auditor will attend the Company's Annual General Meeting and will be available to answer questions from Shareholders in respect of the Company's audit.