

SUNCORP GROUP LIMITED

SUNCORP BANK

APS 330

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED

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Suncorp Group Limited
ABN 66 145 290 124

BASIS OF PREPARATION

This document has been prepared by Suncorp Bank to meet the disclosure obligations under the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (**APRA**) Australian Prudential Standard (**APS**) 330 *Public Disclosure*.

Suncorp Bank is represented by Suncorp-Metway Limited (**SML**) and its subsidiaries. SML is an authorised deposit-taking institution (**ADI**) and a wholly owned subsidiary of Suncorp Group Limited. Suncorp Group is represented by Suncorp Group Limited and its subsidiaries.

Other than statutory information required by a regulator (including APRA), all financial information is measured in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards. All figures have been quoted in Australian dollars and have been rounded to the nearest million.

This document has not been audited nor reviewed in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. It should be read in conjunction with Suncorp Group's consolidated annual and interim financial reports which have been either audited or reviewed in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Figures relate to the quarter ended 30 June 2021 (unless otherwise stated) and should be read in conjunction with other information concerning Suncorp Group filed with the Australian Securities Exchange (**ASX**).

DISCLAIMER

This report contains general information which is current as at 9 August 2021. It is information given in summary form and does not purport to be complete.

It is not a recommendation or advice in relation to the Suncorp Group and Suncorp Bank or any product or service offered by its entities. It is not intended to be relied upon as advice to investors or potential investors, and does not consider the investment objectives, financial situation or needs of any particular investor. These should be considered, with or without professional advice, when deciding if an investment is appropriate.

The information in this report is for general information only. To the extent that the information may constitute forward-looking statements, the information reflects Suncorp Group's intent, belief or current expectations with respect to our business and operations, market conditions, results of operations and financial condition, capital adequacy, specific provisions and risk management practices at the date of this report. Such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond Suncorp Group's control, which may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied.

Suncorp Group and Suncorp Bank undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this report (subject to ASX disclosure requirements).

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REGULATORY CAPITAL RECONCILIATION

The following table discloses the consolidated balance sheet of SML and its subsidiaries (Suncorp Bank), as published in its financial statements, and the balance sheet under the Level 2 regulatory scope of consolidation pursuant to APS 111 Capital Adequacy: Measurement of Capital.

Each component of capital reported below in Table 1: Common Disclosures – Composition of Capital can be reconciled to the balance sheets below using the reference letters included in both tables.

	Per table 1 Capital Disclosure	Statutory Jun-21 \$M	Adjustments Jun-21 \$M	Regulatory Jun-21 \$M
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		68	(1)	67
Receivables due from other banks		1,495	-	1,495
Trading securities		1,579	-	1,579
Derivatives		310	-	310
Investment securities		4,538	-	4,538
Investment in regulatory non-consolidated subsidiaries		-	-	-
Loans and advances		57,324	(2,126)	55,198
<i>of which: eligible collective provision component of GRCL in tier 2 capital</i>	(o)	-	-	114
<i>of which: loan and lease origination fees and commissions paid to mortgage originators and brokers in CET1 regulatory adjustments</i>	(f)	-	-	167
Due from related parties		223	(1)	222
Deferred tax assets		49	-	49
<i>of which: arising from temporary differences included in CET1 regulatory adjustments</i>	(e)	-	-	61
Goodwill	(d)	21	-	21
Other assets		258	(4)	254
Total assets		65,865	(2,132)	63,733
Liabilities				
Payables due to other banks		103	-	103
Deposits and short-term borrowings		41,520	8	41,528
Derivatives		272	-	272
<i>of which: securitisation derivatives in CET1 regulatory adjustments</i>	(i)	-	-	1
Payables and other liabilities		158	(1)	157
Due to related parties		84	-	84
Provisions		-	-	-
Due to regulatory non-consolidated subsidiaries		-	29	29
Securitisation liabilities		2,165	(2,165)	-
<i>of which: securitisation start-up costs in CET1 regulatory adjustments</i>	(h)	-	-	1
Borrowings		16,581	-	16,581
<i>of which: costs associated with debt raisings in CET1 regulatory adjustments</i>	(g)	-	-	8
Subordinated notes		672	-	672
<i>of which: directly issued qualifying tier 2 instruments</i>	(k)	-	-	600
<i>of which: directly issued instruments subject to phase out from tier 2</i>	(l)	-	-	19
Total liabilities		61,555	(2,129)	59,426
Net assets		4,310	(3)	4,307
Equity				
Share capital	(a)	2,754	-	2,754
Capital notes	(j)	585	-	585
Reserves		(234)	-	(234)
<i>of which: equity component of GRCL in tier 2 capital</i>	(m)	-	-	85
<i>of which: FVOCI reserve</i>	(c)	-	-	25
<i>of which: cash flow hedge reserve</i>	(n)	-	-	28
Retained profits		1,205	(3)	1,202
<i>of which: included in CET1</i>	(b)	-	-	829
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company		4,310	(3)	4,307

REGULATORY CAPITAL RECONCILIATION (CONTINUED)

The Level 2 group for regulatory capital purposes consists of the parent entity, SML, and its eligible subsidiaries.

The following legal entities are included in the accounting scope of consolidation but are excluded from the regulatory scope of consolidation:

	Total assets Jun-21 \$	Total liabilities Jun-21 \$
SPDEF #2 Pty Ltd	1	-

Principal activity:

The company acts as trustee for Suncorp Property Development Equity Fund #2 Unit Trust.

	Total assets Jun-21 \$M	Total liabilities Jun-21 \$M
Suncorp Property Development Equity Fund #2 Unit Trust	4	0

Principal activity:

The Trust was established by the directors of SPDEF #2 Pty Ltd (the trustee) for the purpose of forming an unincorporated joint venture to develop land for the purpose of reselling as residential housing lots.

	Total assets Jun-21 \$M	Total liabilities Jun-21 \$M
Securitisation special purpose vehicles ⁽¹⁾		
Apollo Series 2012-1 Trust	123	123
Apollo Series 2013-1 Trust	164	164
Apollo Series 2015-1 Trust	289	289
Apollo Series 2017-1 Trust	437	437
Apollo Series 2017-2 Trust	591	591
Apollo Series 2018-1 Trust	563	563

Principal activity:

The Trusts were established for the purpose of raising funds, via the issue of mortgage backed securities, to fund the purchase of mortgage loans by equitable assignment.

- (1) The Trusts qualify for regulatory capital relief under APS 120 and are therefore deconsolidated from the Level 2 regulatory group. The assets of the Trusts include the secured loans from SML, representing the outstanding balance of securitised mortgages and accrued interest, as well as cash and other receivables.

Any transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the Level 2 group can occur only after the relevant approvals from management and the Board of each affected entity, in line with the Suncorp Group's capital management policies. Any such transactions must be consistent with the Suncorp Group's capital management strategy objectives to ensure each entity in the Level 2 group has sufficient capital resources to maintain the business and operational requirements, retain sufficient capital to exceed externally imposed capital requirements, and ensure Suncorp Bank's ability to continue as a going concern.

TABLE 1: CAPITAL DISCLOSURE TEMPLATE

The disclosures below are presented using the post 1 July 2018 common disclosure template as, pursuant to APRA guidelines, SML and its eligible subsidiaries are applying, in full, the Basel III regulatory adjustments from 1 January 2013.

	Per Regulatory Capital Reconciliation	Jun-21 \$M
Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves		
1	(a)	2,754
2	(b)	829
3	(c)+(n)	53
4		
5		
6		3,636
Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments		
7		
8	(d)	21
9		
10		
11	(n)	28
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		238
26a		
26b		
26c		
26d		
26e	(e)	61
26f	(f)+(g)+(h)	176
26g		-
26h		
26i		
26j	(i)	1
27		
28		287
29		3,349

	Per Regulatory Capital Reconciliation	Jun-21 \$M
Additional Tier 1 Capital: instruments		
30	Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments	585
31	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards	(j) 585
32	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards	
33	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Additional Tier 1	
34	Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1)	
35	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	
36	Additional Tier 1 Capital before regulatory adjustments	585
Additional Tier 1 Capital: regulatory adjustments		
37	Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments	
39	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the ADI does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	
40	Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	
41	National specific regulatory adjustments (sum of rows 41a, 41b and 41c)	
41a	of which: holdings of capital instruments in group members by other group members on behalf of third parties	
41b	of which: investments in the capital of financial institutions that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidations not reported in rows 39 and 40	
41c	of which: other national specific regulatory adjustments not reported in rows 41a and 41b	
42	Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions	
43	Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital	-
44	Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1)	585
45	Tier 1 Capital (T1=CET1+AT1)	3,934
Tier 2 Capital: instruments and provisions		
46	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments	(k) 600
47	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Tier 2	(l) 19
48	Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group T2)	
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	
50	Provisions	(m)+(o) 199
51	Tier 2 Capital before regulatory adjustments	818
Tier 2 Capital: regulatory adjustments		
52	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments	
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments	
54	Investments in the Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the ADI does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	
55	Significant investments in the Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions	
56	National specific regulatory adjustments (sum of rows 56a, 56b and 56c)	
56a	of which: holdings of capital instruments in group members by other group members on behalf of third parties	
56b	of which: investments in the capital of financial institutions that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation not reported in rows 54 and 55	
56c	of which: other national specific regulatory adjustments not reported in rows 56a and 56b	
57	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	-
58	Tier 2 capital (T2)	818
59	Total capital (TC=T1+T2)	4,752
60	Total risk-weighted assets based on APRA standards	33,284

	Per Regulatory Capital Reconciliation	Jun-21 \$M
Capital ratios and buffers		
61	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	10.06%
62	Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	11.82%
63	Total capital (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	14.28%
64	Buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement of 4.5% plus capital conservation buffer of 2.5% plus any countercyclical buffer requirements expressed as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	7.00%
65	<i>of which: capital conservation buffer requirement</i>	2.50%
66	<i>of which: ADI-specific countercyclical buffer requirements</i>	
67	<i>of which: G-SIB buffer requirement (not applicable)</i>	
68	Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	10.06%
National minima (if different from Basel III)		
69	National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	
71	National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	
Amount below thresholds for deductions (not risk-weighted)		
72	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities	
73	Significant investments in the ordinary shares of financial entities	
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	(e) 61
Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2		
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap)	(m)+(o) 199
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach	369
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap)	
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach	
Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between 1 Jan 2018 and 1 Jan 2022)		
80	<i>Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements</i>	
81	<i>Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)</i>	
82	<i>Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements</i>	
83	<i>Amount excluded from AT1 instruments due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)</i>	
84	<i>Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements</i>	(l) 19
85	<i>Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)</i>	

TABLE 2: MAIN FEATURES OF CAPITAL INSTRUMENTS

Attachment B of Prudential Standard APS 330 details the continuous disclosure requirements for the main features of all capital instruments included in Suncorp Bank's regulatory capital.

The Suncorp Group's main features of capital instruments are updated on an ongoing basis and are available at <http://www.suncorpgroup.com.au/investors/reports>.

The full terms and conditions of all of Suncorp Group's regulatory capital instruments are available at <http://www.suncorpgroup.com.au/investors/securities>¹.

On 4 May 2021, the Company elected to redeem all of the perpetual cumulative non-convertible notes with a floating rate coupon issued on 17 December 1998. The subordinated notes were redeemed on the early redemption date of 28 July 2021. Each note holder received the face value (\$100 per note) together with all unpaid accrued interest. There was no gain or loss recognised by the Company on redemption. The subordinated notes contributed \$19 million to Tier 2 Capital as presented in Table 1.

¹ The published full terms and conditions represent the comparable capital instruments issued by Suncorp Group Limited to external investors. The terms of these instruments may differ slightly to those instruments issued by the regulatory Level 2 group.

TABLE 3: CAPITAL ADEQUACY

	Carrying value		Avg risk weight	Risk Weighted Assets	
	Jun-21	Mar-21	Jun-21	Jun-21	Mar-21
	\$M	\$M	%	\$M	\$M
On-balance sheet credit risk-weighted assets					
Cash items	1,495	1,017	1	19	21
Claims on Australian and foreign governments	3,359	3,817	-	-	-
Claims on central banks, international banking agencies, regional development banks, ADIs and overseas banks	574	651	36	207	181
Claims on securitisation exposures	741	807	20	147	160
Claims secured against eligible residential mortgages	44,658	44,109	37	16,434	16,196
Past due claims	689	765	91	629	702
Other retail assets	1,411	1,056	99	1,403	1,050
Corporate	8,435	8,928	100	8,430	8,918
Other assets and claims	266	227	100	266	226
Total banking assets	61,628	61,377		27,535	27,454
	Notional amount	Credit equivalent	Avg risk weight	Risk Weighted Assets	
	Jun-21	Jun-21	Jun-21	Jun-21	Mar-21
	\$M	\$M	%	\$M	\$M
Off-balance sheet positions					
Guarantees entered into in the normal course of business	292	292	98	287	307
Commitments to provide loans and advances	10,247	2,889	54	1,572	1,275
Foreign exchange contracts	3,439	52	46	24	33
Interest rate contracts	44,557	91	43	39	40
Securitisation exposures	2,202	91	20	18	25
CVA capital charge	-	-	-	74	98
Total off-balance sheet positions	60,737	3,415		2,014	1,778
Market risk capital charge				100	152
Operational risk capital charge				3,635	3,621
Total off-balance sheet credit risk-weighted assets				2,014	1,778
Total on-balance sheet credit risk-weighted assets				27,535	27,454
Total assessed risk (Total Risk Weighted Assets)				33,284	33,005
Risk-weighted capital ratios				%	%
Common Equity Tier 1				10.06	9.79
Tier 1				11.82	11.56
Tier 2				2.46	2.47
Total risk-weighted capital ratio				14.28	14.03

TABLE 4: CREDIT RISK

Table 4A: Credit risk by gross credit exposure – outstanding as at 30 June 2021

	Receivables due from other Banks ⁽²⁾	Trading Securities	Derivatives ⁽³⁾	Investment Securities	Loans and Advances	Off-balance sheet exposures (credit equivalent amount) ⁽³⁾	Total Credit Risk ⁽⁴⁾	Gross Impaired Assets	Past due not impaired > 90 days	Total not past due or impaired	Specific Provisions ⁽⁵⁾
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Agribusiness	-	-	-	-	4,228	209	4,437	25	32	4,380	5
Construction & development	-	-	-	-	728	269	997	2	3	992	1
Financial services	1,495	-	143	487	105	257	2,487	-	-	2,487	-
Hospitality	-	-	-	-	869	52	921	68	-	853	17
Manufacturing	-	-	-	-	228	18	246	3	1	242	1
Professional services	-	-	-	-	335	26	361	1	3	357	-
Property investment	-	-	-	-	3,110	100	3,210	9	19	3,182	4
Real estate - Mortgage	-	-	-	-	43,936	2,072	46,008	46	448	45,514	8
Consumer	-	-	-	-	122	-	122	-	4	118	-
Government/public authorities	-	1,579	-	3,310	-	-	4,889	-	-	4,889	-
Other commercial & industrial ⁽⁶⁾	-	-	-	-	1,776	178	1,954	25	18	1,911	8
Total gross credit risk	1,495	1,579	143	3,797	55,437	3,181	65,632	179	528	64,925	44
Securitisation exposures ⁽¹⁾	-	-	54	741	2,126	37	2,958	1	22	2,935	-
Total including securitisation exposures	1,495	1,579	197	4,538	57,563	3,218	68,590	180	550	67,860	44
Impairment provision							(239)	(59)	(36)	(144)	
Total							68,351	121	514	67,716	

⁽¹⁾ The securitisation exposures of \$2,126 million included under Loans and advances qualify for regulatory capital relief under APS 120 *Securitisation* and therefore do not contribute to the Bank's total gross credit risk. The remaining securitisation exposures carry credit risk commensurate with their respective asset classes in accordance with APS 120 *Securitisation*.

⁽²⁾ Receivables due from other banks include collateral deposits provided to derivative counterparties.

⁽³⁾ Represent the credit equivalent amount of the Bank's off-balance sheet exposures calculated in accordance with APS 112 *Capital Adequacy: Standardised Approach to Credit Risk*.

⁽⁴⁾ Total credit risk excludes cash and cash equivalents, including any reverse repurchase agreements held by the ADI.

⁽⁵⁾ In accordance with APS 220 *Credit Quality*, regulatory specific provisions represent \$44 million specific provisions for accounting purposes plus \$81 million ineligible collective provision.

⁽⁶⁾ Includes a portion of small business loans, with limits below \$1 million, that are not classified.

TABLE 4: CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

Table 4A: Credit risk by gross credit exposure – outstanding as at 31 March 2021

	Receivables due from other Banks ⁽²⁾	Trading Securities	Derivatives ⁽³⁾	Investment Securities	Loans and Advances	Off-balance sheet exposures (credit equivalent amount) ⁽³⁾	Total Credit Risk ⁽⁴⁾	Gross Impaired Assets	Past due not impaired > 90 days	Total not past due or impaired ⁽⁷⁾	Specific Provisions ⁽⁵⁾
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Agribusiness	-	-	-	-	4,142	220	4,362	35	37	4,290	8
Construction & development	-	-	-	-	754	158	912	2	4	906	1
Financial services	1,043	-	149	548	105	269	2,114	-	-	2,114	-
Hospitality	-	-	-	-	881	60	941	66	5	870	15
Manufacturing	-	-	-	-	224	18	242	3	-	239	1
Professional services	-	-	-	-	331	23	354	1	4	349	1
Property investment	-	-	-	-	3,170	116	3,286	16	16	3,254	6
Real estate - Mortgage	-	-	-	-	43,550	1,565	45,115	51	481	44,583	7
Consumer	-	-	-	-	140	-	140	-	5	135	-
Government/public authorities	-	1,421	-	3,732	-	-	5,153	-	-	5,153	-
Other commercial & industrial ⁽⁶⁾	-	-	-	-	1,837	181	2,018	29	21	1,968	9
Total gross credit risk	1,043	1,421	149	4,280	55,134	2,610	64,637	203	573	63,861	48
Securitisation exposures ⁽¹⁾	-	-	84	807	2,270	43	3,204	2	26	3,176	-
Total including securitisation exposures	1,043	1,421	233	5,087	57,404	2,653	67,841	205	599	67,037	48
Impairment provision							(303)	(64)	(55)	(184)	
Total							67,538	141	544	66,853	

⁽¹⁾ The securitisation exposures of \$2,270 million included under Loans and advances qualify for regulatory capital relief under APS 120 *Securitisation* and therefore do not contribute to the Bank's total gross credit risk. The remaining securitisation exposures carry credit risk commensurate with their respective asset classes in accordance with APS 120 *Securitisation*.

⁽²⁾ Receivables due from other banks include collateral deposits provided to derivative counterparties.

⁽³⁾ Represent the credit equivalent amount of the Bank's off-balance sheet exposures calculated in accordance with APS 112 *Capital Adequacy: Standardised Approach to Credit Risk*.

⁽⁴⁾ Total credit risk excludes cash and cash equivalents, including any reverse repurchase agreements held by the ADI.

⁽⁵⁾ In accordance with APS 220 *Credit Quality*, regulatory specific provisions represent \$48 million specific provisions for accounting purposes plus \$136 million ineligible collective provision.

⁽⁶⁾ Includes a portion of small business loans, with limits below \$1 million, that are not classified.

⁽⁷⁾ As per regulatory guidance, exposures which are granted COVID-19 temporary financial assistance are not to be treated as being in arrears during the deferral period and not be considered as Restructured under Prudential Standard APS 220 *Credit Quality*.

TABLE 4: CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

Table 4A: Credit risk by gross credit exposure – average gross exposure over period 1 April to 30 June 2021

	Receivables due from other Banks (2)	Trading Securities	Derivatives (3)	Investment Securities	Loans and Advances	Off-balance sheet exposures (credit equivalent amount) (3)	Total Credit Risk (4)
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Agribusiness	-	-	-	-	4,185	215	4,400
Construction & development	-	-	-	-	741	213	954
Financial services	1,269	-	146	518	105	263	2,301
Hospitality	-	-	-	-	875	56	931
Manufacturing	-	-	-	-	226	18	244
Professional services	-	-	-	-	333	25	358
Property investment	-	-	-	-	3,140	108	3,248
Real estate - Mortgage	-	-	-	-	43,743	1,818	45,561
Consumer	-	-	-	-	131	-	131
Government/public authorities	-	1,500	-	3,521	-	-	5,021
Other commercial & industrial (5)	-	-	-	-	1,807	180	1,987
Total gross credit risk	1,269	1,500	146	4,039	55,286	2,896	65,136
Securitisation exposures (1)	-	-	69	774	2,198	40	3,081
Total including securitisation exposures	1,269	1,500	215	4,813	57,484	2,936	68,217
Impairment provision							(271)
Total							67,946

(1) The securitisation exposures of \$2,198 million included under Loans and advances qualify for regulatory capital relief under APS 120 *Securitisation* and therefore do not contribute to the Bank's total gross credit risk. The remaining securitisation exposures carry credit risk commensurate with their respective asset classes in accordance with APS 120 *Securitisation*.

(2) Receivables due from other banks include collateral deposits provided to derivative counterparties.

(3) Represent the credit equivalent amount of the Bank's off-balance sheet exposures calculated in accordance with APS 112 *Capital Adequacy: Standardised Approach to Credit Risk*.

(4) Total credit risk excludes cash and cash equivalents, including any reverse repurchase agreements held by the ADI.

(5) Includes a portion of small business loans, with limits below \$1 million, that are not classified.

TABLE 4: CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

Table 4A: Credit risk by gross credit exposure – average gross exposure over period 1 January to 31 March 2021

	Receivables due from other Banks (2)	Trading Securities	Derivatives (3)	Investment Securities	Loans and Advances	Off-balance sheet exposures (credit equivalent amount) (3)	Total Credit Risk (4)
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Agribusiness	-	-	-	-	4,091	255	4,346
Construction & development	-	-	-	-	779	165	944
Financial services	1,128	-	139	522	104	266	2,159
Hospitality	-	-	-	-	887	58	945
Manufacturing	-	-	-	-	228	22	250
Professional services	-	-	-	-	341	21	362
Property investment	-	-	-	-	3,174	116	3,290
Real estate - Mortgage	-	-	-	-	43,366	1,432	44,798
Consumer	-	-	-	-	146	-	146
Government/public authorities	-	1,396	-	3,499	-	-	4,895
Other commercial & industrial (5)	-	-	-	-	1,849	181	2,030
Total gross credit risk	1,128	1,396	139	4,021	54,965	2,516	64,165
Securitisation exposures (1)	-	-	85	840	2,404	44	3,373
Total including securitisation exposures	1,128	1,396	224	4,861	57,369	2,560	67,538
Impairment provision							(304)
Total							67,234

(1) The securitisation exposures of \$2,404 million included under Loans and advances qualify for regulatory capital relief under APS 120 Securitisation and therefore do not contribute to the Bank's total gross credit risk. The remaining securitisation exposures carry credit risk commensurate with their respective asset classes in accordance with APS 120 Securitisation.

(2) Receivables due from other banks include collateral deposits provided to derivative counterparties.

(3) Represent the credit equivalent amount of the Bank's off-balance sheet exposures calculated in accordance with APS 112 Capital Adequacy: Standardised Approach to Credit Risk.

(4) Total credit risk excludes cash and cash equivalents, including any reverse repurchase agreements held by the ADI.

(5) Includes a portion of small business loans, with limits below \$1 million, that are not classified.

TABLE 4: CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

Table 4B: Credit risk by portfolio as at 30 June 2021

	Gross Credit Risk Exposure \$M	Average Gross Exposure \$M	Impaired Assets \$M	Past Due Not Impaired > 90 days \$M	Specific Provisions ⁽²⁾ \$M	Charges for Specific Provisions & Write Offs \$M
Claims secured against eligible residential mortgages ⁽¹⁾	48,966	48,642	47	470	8	2
Other retail	122	131	-	4	-	1
Financial services	2,487	2,301	-	-	-	-
Government and public authorities	4,889	5,021	-	-	-	-
Corporate and other claims	12,126	12,122	133	76	36	-
Total	68,590	68,217	180	550	44	3

⁽¹⁾ \$2,958 million, \$3,081 million, \$1 million and \$22 million has been included in gross credit risk exposure, average gross exposure, impaired assets and past due not impaired greater than 90 days respectively to include securitisation exposures.

⁽²⁾ The specific provisions of \$44 million represents the specific provisions for accounting purposes. It excludes the ineligible collective provisions of \$81 million which in accordance with APS 220 *Credit Quality* are regulatory specific provisions. The regulatory specific provisions under APS 220 *Credit Quality* are \$125 million.

Table 4B: Credit risk by portfolio as at 31 March 2021

	Gross Credit Risk Exposure \$M	Average Gross Exposure \$M	Impaired Assets \$M	Past Due Not Impaired > 90 days \$M	Specific Provisions ⁽²⁾ \$M	Charges for Specific Provisions & Write Offs \$M
Claims secured against eligible residential mortgages ⁽¹⁾	48,319	48,171	53	507	7	-
Other retail	140	146	-	5	-	-
Financial services	2,114	2,159	-	-	-	-
Government and public authorities	5,153	4,895	-	-	-	-
Corporate and other claims	12,115	12,167	152	87	41	1
Total	67,841	67,538	205	599	48	1

⁽¹⁾ \$3,204 million, \$3,373 million, \$2 million and \$26 million has been included in gross credit risk exposure, average gross exposure, impaired assets and past due not impaired greater than 90 days respectively to include securitisation exposures.

⁽²⁾ The specific provisions of \$48 million represents the specific provisions for accounting purposes. It excludes the ineligible collective provisions of \$136 million which in accordance with APS 220 *Credit Quality* are regulatory specific provisions. The regulatory specific provisions under APS 220 *Credit Quality* are \$184 million.

TABLE 4: CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

Table 4C: General reserve for credit losses

	Jun-21 \$M	Mar-21 \$M
Collective provision for impairment	195	255
Ineligible collective provisions	(81)	(136)
Eligible collective provisions	114	119
Equity reserve for credit losses	85	76
General reserve for credit losses	199	195

TABLE 5: SECURITISATION EXPOSURES

Table 5A: Summary of securitisation activity for the period

During the quarter ending 30 June 2021, there was no new securitisation activity undertaken (quarter ending 31 March 2021: Nil).

	Exposures Securitised		Recognised Gain or (Loss) on Sale	
	Jun-21	Mar-21	Jun-21	Mar-21
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Residential mortgages	-	-	-	-
Total exposures securitised during the period	-	-	-	-

Table 5B(i): Aggregate of on-balance sheet securitisation exposures by exposure type

Exposure type	Jun-21	Mar-21
	\$M	\$M
Debt securities	741	807
Total on-balance sheet securitisation exposures	741	807

Table 5B(ii): Aggregate of off-balance sheet securitisation exposures by exposure type

Exposure type	Jun-21	Mar-21
	\$M	\$M
Liquidity facilities	37	43
Derivative exposures	54	84
Total off-balance sheet securitisation exposures	91	127

TABLE 20: LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO DISCLOSURE

	Total Unweighted Value (Average) Jun-21 \$M	Total Weighted Value (Average) Jun-21 \$M	Total Unweighted Value (Average) Mar-21 \$M	Total Weighted Value (Average) Mar-21 \$M	Total Unweighted Value (Average) Dec-20 \$M	Total Weighted Value (Average) Dec-20 \$M
Liquid assets, of which:						
High-quality liquid assets (HQLA)		5,961		5,574		5,308
Alternative liquid assets (ALA)		4,424		6,350		7,410
Cash outflows						
Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	31,947	3,107	31,108	3,015	30,707	2,981
<i>stable deposits</i>	19,684	984	19,291	965	19,063	953
<i>less stable deposits</i>	12,263	2,123	11,817	2,050	11,644	2,028
Unsecured wolesale funding, of which:	3,490	2,113	4,467	3,050	4,083	2,796
<i>operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks for cooperative banks</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>non-operational deposits (all counterparties)</i>	2,844	1,467	2,986	1,569	2,825	1,538
<i>unsecured debt</i>	646	646	1,481	1,481	1,258	1,258
Secured wolesale funding		224	-	91	-	57
Additional requirements, of which:	8,235	1,080	8,624	1,537	8,552	1,572
<i>outflows related to derivatives exposures and other collateral requirements</i>	700	700	1,154	1,154	1,191	1,191
<i>outflows related to loss of funding on debt products credit and liquidity facilities</i>	7,535	380	7,470	383	7,361	381
Other contractual funding obligations	1,029	667	833	513	785	488
Other contingent funding obligations	5,614	447	5,363	505	5,606	505
Total cash outflows		7,638		8,711		8,399
Cash inflows						
Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	16	-	33	-	33	-
Inflows from fully performing exposures	745	384	679	359	616	319
Other cash inflows	274	274	837	837	828	828
Total cash inflows	1,035	658	1,549	1,196	1,477	1,147
		Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value
Total liquid assets		10,385		11,924		12,718
Total net cash outflows		6,980		7,515		7,252
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		149		159		175
Number of data points used		62		62		64

The Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) promotes shorter-term resilience by requiring ADIs to maintain sufficient qualifying High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to meet expected net cash outflows under an APRA prescribed 30 calendar day stress scenario. SML manages its LCR on a daily basis and maintains a buffer over the regulatory minimum of 100%.

The amount of liquid assets held considers the amount needed to meet prudential and internal requirements (including a variety of internal stress scenarios as part of the risk management framework) and a suitable buffer reflecting management's preference.

Liquid assets included in the LCR comprise HQLA (cash, Australian Semi-Government and Commonwealth Government securities) and alternative liquid assets covered by the Committed Liquidity Facility (CLF) and the available Term Funding Facility (TFF) with the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA). SML received approval from APRA to reduce the CLF from \$4.6 billion to \$3.91 billion which became effective on 1 April 2021. Assets eligible for the CLF and TFF include senior unsecured bank paper, covered bonds and residential mortgage backed securities that are repo-eligible with the RBA. SML increased its self-securitisation in March 2020 which covered the CLF increase from May 2020, and the TFF.

The daily average LCR was 149% over the June 2021 quarter, compared to an average of 159% over the March 2021 quarter. The decrease in the average LCR was primarily due to the decrease to the CLF on 1 April 2021 and utilisation of the TFF before 30 June 2021. The LCR decrease was partially offset by a decrease in Net Cash Outflows which was primarily due to a reduction in short term wholesale maturities over the quarter.

TABLE 21: NET STABLE FUNDING RATIO DISCLOSURE

	Jun-21				Weighted value (\$M)	Mar-21				Weighted value (\$M)
	Unweighted value by residual maturity (\$M)					Unweighted value by residual maturity (\$M)				
	No maturity	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr		No maturity	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	
Available Stable Funding (ASF) Item										
Capital	3,855	-	-	1,185	5,040	3,748	-	-	1,185	4,933
Regulatory capital	3,855	-	-	1,185	5,040	3,748	-	-	1,185	4,933
Other capital instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers	-	35,606	-	-	33,133	-	35,706	-	-	33,222
Stable deposits	-	21,761	-	-	20,673	-	21,733	-	-	20,646
Less stable deposits	-	13,845	-	-	12,460	-	13,973	-	-	12,576
Wholesale funding	-	11,148	1,618	9,446	12,588	-	11,897	591	8,929	11,664
Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other wholesale funding	-	11,148	1,618	9,446	12,588	-	11,897	591	8,929	11,664
Liabilities with matching interdependent assets										
Other liabilities	731	(10)	-	-	-	1,215	(7)	-	-	-
NSFR derivative liabilities			-10					-7		
All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	731	-	-	-	-	1,215	-	-	-	-
Total ASF					50,761					49,819
Required Stable Funding (RSF) Item										
Total NSFR (HQLA)					251					262
ALA					391					663
RBNZ securities					-					-
Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes		3	-	-	2		3	-	-	2
Performing loans and securities		2,383	1,048	48,460	36,097		2,702	904	45,453	34,400
Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA		-	-	-	-		100	-	-	10
Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Performing loans to non-financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and public sector entities (PSEs), of which:		1,290	983	10,517	10,080		1,460	842	10,682	10,238
With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under APS 112		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Performing residential mortgages, of which:		1,093	65	37,943	26,017		1,142	62	34,771	24,152
With a risk weight equal to 35% under APS 112		1,093	65	37,943	26,017		1,142	62	34,771	24,152
Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Assets with matching interdependent liabilities										
Other assets:	763	289	9	557	1,564	727	314	22	549	1,534
Physical traded commodities, including gold	-				-	-				-
Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of central counterparties (CCPs)			0		-			0		-
NSFR derivative assets			52		52			31		31
NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted			68		14			98		20
All other assets not included in the above categories	763	169	9	557	1,498	727	185	22	549	1,483
Off-balance sheet items			11,069		500			10,505		469
Total RSF					38,805					37,330
Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					131%					133%

The Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) promotes longer-term funding resilience by requiring ADIs to fund their activities with sufficiently stable sources of funding on an ongoing basis.

The NSFR requires that an ADI has sufficient Available Stable Funding (ASF), the portion of capital and liabilities expected to be a reliable source of funds over a one-year time frame, to cover its Required Stable Funding (RSF), which is based on the liquidity characteristics and residual maturities of an ADI's assets and off-balance sheet exposures. SML manages its NSFR on a daily basis and maintains a buffer over the regulatory minimum of 100%.

The NSFR remained above the typical operating range over the quarter (from 133% as at 31 March 2021 to 131% at 30 June 2021). This was consistent with a slight reduction in deposits, lending growth and support mechanisms provided by the RBA and APRA. The Term Funding Facility (TFF) has enabled the Bank to optimise its current funding base in the low rate environment. The NSFR is expected to remain above the typical target range over the coming months.

APPENDIX 2 - DEFINITIONS

AASB 9	AASB 9 <i>Financial Instruments</i> was issued in December 2014. It addresses recognition and measurement requirements for financial assets and financial liabilities, impairment requirements that introduce a forward-looking expected credit loss impairment model, and general hedge accounting requirements which more closely align with risk management activities undertaken when hedging financial and non-financial risks. This standard became mandatory for the annual reporting period from 1 July 2018.
Capital adequacy ratio	Capital base divided by total assessed risk, as defined by APRA.
Collective provision	A collective provision is established to determine expected credit losses (see also Expected Credit Losses definition below) for loan exposures which are not specifically provisioned and can be in the performing or non-performing portfolios. For business banking exposures, a ratings-based approach is applied using estimates of probability of default and loss given default, at a customer level. For portfolio managed exposures, the portfolios are split into pools with homogenous risk profiles and pool estimates of probability of default and loss given default are used to calculate the collective provision.
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1)	Common Equity Tier 1 capital comprises accounting equity plus adjustments for intangible assets and regulatory reserves.
Common Equity Tier 1 ratio	Common Equity Tier 1 divided by total risk weighted assets, as defined by APRA.
Credit value adjustment (CVA)	A capital charge that covers the risk of mark-to-market losses on the counterparty credit risk.
Eligible collective provisions	Primarily represents the collective provision for impairment on loans and advances in Stage 1 (performing and/or newly originated assets). Provisions for loans and advances in Stage 1 are established to provide for expected credit losses (ECL) for a period of 12 months. Forward-looking provisions for future, presently unidentified losses are also included within the Eligible collective provision balance.
Expected credit losses (ECL)	Expected credit losses (ECL) are calculated as the probability of default (PD) x loss given default (LGD) x exposure at default. The credit models are calibrated to reflect PD and LGD estimates based on historical observed experience, as well as reflecting unbiased forward-looking views of macroeconomic conditions, through macroeconomic variables that influence credit losses, for example unemployment rates and changes in house prices.
Equity reserve for credit losses	The equity reserve for credit losses represents the difference between the collective provision for impairment and the estimate of credit losses across the credit cycle based on guidance provided by APRA.
General reserve for credit losses (GRCL)	The general reserve for credit losses is a reserve that covers credit losses prudently estimated but not certain to arise over the full life of all the individual facilities based on guidance provided by APRA.
Impaired assets	Impaired assets are those for which the Bank has determined that it is probable that it will be unable to collect all principal and interest due according to the contractual terms. The Bank fully considers the counterparty's capacity to repay and security valuation position before an asset is considered impaired.
Ineligible collective provisions	Represents the collective provision for impairment on loans and advances in Stage 2 or Stage 3. Stage 2 assets include assets that have experienced a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since origination (under-performing loans). Stage 3 assets within ineligible collective provisions include 'past due but not impaired' and 'impaired assets' (non-performing loans, other than those for which a specific provision is held under AASB 9). Collective provisions for loans and advances in Stage 2 and Stage 3 are established to provide for ECL for the remaining term of the loans and advances (lifetime ECL). Ineligible collective provision is considered as specific provision for regulatory purposes under APS 220 <i>Credit Quality</i> .
Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR)	An APRA requirement to maintain a sufficient level of qualifying high-quality liquid assets to meet liquidity needs under an APRA-defined significant stress event lasting for 30 calendar days. Absent of a situation of financial stress, the LCR must not be less than 100%. The LCR is calculated as the ratio of qualifying high-quality liquid assets relative to net cash outflows in a modelled APRA-defined 30-day stress scenario.
Loan-to-value ratio (LVR)	Ratio of a loan to the value of the asset purchased.
Past due loans	Loans outstanding for more than 90 days.
Risk weighted assets	Total of the carrying value of each asset class multiplied by their assigned risk weighting, as defined by APRA.
Specific provision	A specific provision for impairment is recognised where there is objective evidence of impairment and full recovery of principal and interest is considered doubtful. The present value of the expected future cash flows is compared to the carrying amount of the loan to determine the specific provision required.
Term Funding Facility (TFF)	On 19 March 2020, the RBA announced the Term Funding Facility (TFF) to support lending to Australian businesses as part of a package of measures to support the Australian economy. Under the TFF, Authorised Deposit-taking Institutions (ADIs) can access three-year funding through repurchase agreements at a fixed interest rate equivalent to the official cash rate at the time of drawdown.
Total assessed risk	Credit risk-weighted assets, off-balance sheet positions, market risk capital charge and operational risk charge, as defined by APRA.