Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity		
Technology One Limited		
ABN/ARBN		Financial year ended:
84 010 487 180		30 September 2021

Our corporate governance statement¹ for the period above can be found at:²

These pages of our annual report: 106 to 115

This URL on our www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/corporate-governance

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 15 November 2021and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.3

Date: 17 January 2022

Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement:

Stephen Kennedy – Company Secretary

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINC	IPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND O	VERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/ corporate-governance	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "insert location" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/corporate-governance and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/corporate-governance (Sustainability Report) and if we were included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period our measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board of not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpo	orate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/corporate-governance and Annual Report (page 115) and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/corporate-governance and Annual Report (page 115)	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/corporate-governance and Annual Report (Page 114) and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/corporate-governance and Annual Report (page 114)	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	LE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD	VALUE	
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/ corporate-governance and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: Annual Report (page 110)	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	and we have disclosed our board skills matrix at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/ corporate-governance and Annual Report (page 107)	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/ corporate-governance and Annual Report (page 106) and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) at: Annual Report (pages 74 to 78) and the length of service of each director at: Annual Report (page 106)	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		 ⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpor	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINC	PLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALL	Y AND RESPONSIBLY	
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	and we have disclosed our values at: Annual Report (pages 55 to 71) and Sustainability Report	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/ corporate-governance	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/ corporate-governance	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/ corporate-governance	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPOR	TS	
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/ corporate-governance and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: Annual Report (page 109)	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	LE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/ corporate-governance and Annual Report (page 112)	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIP	LE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/corporate-governance and Annual Report (page115)	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCI	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/ corporate-governance and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: Annual Report (page 109)	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/corporate-governance and Annual Report (page 113)	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	e Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	and we have disclosed how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/corporate-governance and Annual Report (page 113)	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/corporate-governance Sustainability Repot and Annual Report (page 81, 113 & 114) and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks at: Sustainability Repot and Annual Report (page 81, 113 & 114)	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	LE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/ corporate-governance and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: Annual Report (page 109 & 110)	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at: Annual Report (page 113 & 114)	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/ corporate-governance and Annual Report (page 114)	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5				
ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES							
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	and we have disclosed information about the processes in place at: [insert location]		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable			
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.			set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable			
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.			set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable			
ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED LISTED ENTITIES							
	Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities: The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose: (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) at:		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement			

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
-	Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities: An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	and we have disclosed the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity at:	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
		[insert location]	



Corporate Governance Statement 2021

Board Adopted: 15 Nov 2021

Board approved: 15 November 2021 | Last reviewed: 15 November 2021



Transforming business, making life simple

QUALITY ENDORSEMENT - ISO9001:2015 Quality Management Systems - Requirements

ABOUT TECHNOLOGYONE

TechnologyOne (ASX:TNE) is Australia's largest enterprise software company and one of Australia's top 150 ASX-listed companies, with locations across six countries. We provide a global SaaS ERP solution that transforms business and make life simple for our customers. Our deeply integrated enterprise SaaS solution is available on any device, anywhere and any time and is incredibly easy to use.

Over 1,200 leading corporations, government agencies, local councils and universities are powered by our software. For more than 34 years, we have been providing our customers enterprise software that evolves and adapts to new and emerging technologies, allowing them to focus on their business and not technology.

For further information, please visit: <u>TechnologyOneCorp.com</u>

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DOCUMENT INFORMATION

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1. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for its corporate governance. The Board guides and monitors the business and affairs of the Company on behalf of the shareholders by whom they are elected and to whom they are accountable.

The Directors have established guidelines for the operation of the Board and its Committees. Set out below are the Company's main corporate governance practices.

The TechnologyOne Board routinely considers industry governance initiatives of benefit to the Company and its many stakeholders. The Board has adopted the 4th Edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations.

The Corporate Governance Statement, as well as supporting documents are available on the Company's internet site: www.technologyonecorp.com/company/investors/corporate-governance



2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of the Company currently comprises nine Directors and includes:

Adrian Di Marco Executive Chair - Major shareholder (appointed 08/12/1999)

Pat O'Sullivan Non-Executive Director - Deputy Chair / Lead Independent Director (appointed 02/03/2021)

John Mactaggart Non-Executive Director - Major shareholder (appointed 08/12/1999)

Ronald McLean

Non-Executive Director - Independent (appointed 08/12/1999)¹

Richard Anstey

Non-Executive Director - Independent (appointed 02/12/2005)

Jane Andrews

Non-Executive Director - Independent (appointed 22/02/2016)

Sharon Doyle

Non-Executive Director - Independent (appointed 28/02/2018)

Cliff Rosenberg

Non-Executive Director - Independent (appointed 27/02/2019)

Peter Ball

Non-Executive Director - Independent (appointed 02/03/2020)

The following information is provided in the Corporate Governance section of the Company's Annual Report:

- Details of names, qualifications, skills, experience and dates of appointment of each Board member.
- The number of meetings of the Board and the names of attendees.
- Explanation of any departures from the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations.

The role of the Board is as follows:

- Setting objectives, goals and strategic direction for management, with a view to maximising shareholder value.
- Input into and ratifying any significant changes to the Company.
- Adopting an annual budget and monitoring financial performance.
- Ensuring adequate internal controls exist and are appropriately monitored for compliance.
- Ensuring significant business risks are identified and appropriately managed.
- Selecting, appointing and reviewing the performance of the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer.
- Setting the highest business standards and code of ethical behaviour.
- Overseeing the establishment and implementation of the risk management system, and annually reviewing its effectiveness.
- Decisions relating to the appointment or removal of the Company Secretary.
- To review and evaluate the performance of the Board as a whole, each Committee, key Executives and each Director on an annual basis.

¹ Ron McLean held the position of Deputy Chair until Pat O'Sullivan's appointment on 2 March 2021.



The Board has the authority to delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such Directors and external consultants, as the Board think fit. The Board has established a number of committees as follows:

- Nomination & Governance Committee
- Audit & Risk Committee
- Remuneration Committee

Board papers are prepared for the Directors, containing detailed operational reports from each region and department in the Company, highlighting:

- Operational performance.
- Initiatives undertaken/completed.
- Identified problems/risks and proposed solutions.

The Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer also prepare a summary report that highlights:

- Financial performance year to date and forecast for the full year.
- Significant issues.
- Significant changes proposed.
- Proposed strategic initiatives.

On a regular basis, members of the Senior Leadership Team are invited to present to the Board directly and to answer questions the Board may have.

The strategy of the Company, as well as matters reserved to the Board, are reviewed annually by the Board.

MATTERS RESERVED TO THE BOARD

Matters that are reserved to the Board are as follows:

- Communications with shareholders and the market in general, including ASX announcements, through the Chair of the Board.
- Input into and subsequent approval of corporate strategy and performance objectives.
- Reviewing and ratifying systems of risk management, internal compliance and control, codes of conduct and legal compliance (ASX, ASIC, and ATO).
- Input into and subsequent approval of significant organisational structure/restructure.
- Review of the Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer and Company Secretary to the relevant Code of Conduct established by the Board.
- Appointing and removing the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer and monitoring their performance respectively.
- Input into and subsequent approval of the budget including Operating Expenditure and Capital Expenditure, and any significant variations.
- Oversight of the Company, including its control and accountability systems.
- Input into and subsequent approval of changes to internal systems and controls.
- Review, and accept/reject recommendations from sub-committees such as Audit & Risk, Remuneration and Nomination & Governance committees.
- Input into and ratifying any acquisitions and divestitures.
- Oversee the establishment and implementation of a risk management system, and review regularly the
 effectiveness of the Company's implementation of that system.
- Oversee the ongoing development by management of an enterprise-wide risk management framework for management of material risks.
- Periodically review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's policies and procedures relating to risk management and compliance.

All other matters are referred to management.



BOARD SKILLS

As a collective, the Board has extensive commercial skills and experience which provide a solid base for the governance of the Company. The Board has a combination of experience in the following core areas:

- Strategic and Commercial Acumen
- Finance and Taxation
- Risk and Compliance
- IT and Communications Industry
- Software and Product Development
- Start-ups and Early Stage Investments
- Corporate Governance
- Sales and Marketing
- · People, Culture and Conduct
- Executive Management and Leadership
- Listed Entities
- International Business

The Board as a whole benefits from the combination of the Director's individual skills, experience and expertise in particular areas, as well as the varying perspectives that arise from the Board's interactions through their diverse backgrounds.

The Board believes that its current membership provides a suitable level of skills to properly guide the Company and deliver the Company's strategic objectives and provide a solid base for governance.

The Board assesses its level of skills annually and will address any requirements for additional skills that it feels would be in the best interest of the Company in response to wider market factors and the growth of the Company. The Board has determined the core skills for its governance of the Company.

DIRECTOR PRINCIPLES

The Directors operate in accordance with the following broad principles:

- The Board should comprise of at least three members, but no more than 10. The current Board membership
 is nine. The Board may increase the number of Directors where it is felt that additional expertise in specific
 areas is required. The Company believes that its current size enables the Company to be more effective and
 to react quickly to opportunities and mitigate threats.
- The Board should be comprised of Directors with an appropriate mix of skills, qualifications, expertise, experience and diversity. The skills, experience and expertise which the Board considers to be particularly relevant include those listed above. In respect of diversity, the Board recognises that diversity relates to, but is not limited to gender, age, ethnicity and cultural background. The Board values diversity and recognises the individual contribution that people can make and the opportunity for innovation that diversity brings.
- The Board shall meet on both a planned basis and an unplanned basis when required, and have available all necessary information to participate in an informed discussion of agenda items.
- The Directors are entitled to be paid expenses incurred in connection with the execution of their duties as
 Directors. Each Director is therefore able to seek independent professional advice at the Company's
 expense, where it is in connection with their duties and responsibilities as Director. The Company policy is
 that a Director wishing to seek independent professional advice should advise the Chair at least 48 hours
 before doing so.
- The Directors and Officers will not engage in short term trading of the Company's shares. Furthermore, the
 Directors and Officers will not buy or sell shares at a time when they possess information which, if disclosed
 publicly, would be likely to materially affect the market price of the Company's shares. Information is not
 considered to be generally available until a reasonable time has elapsed to allow the market to absorb these



announcements. A detailed policy exists on this matter – refer below, section: Trading in Company Securities.

- Directors have a clear understanding of the corporate and regulatory expectations of them. To this end, formal letters of appointment are made for each Director setting out the key terms and conditions, any special duties or arrangements, remuneration and expenses, their rights and entitlements, confidentiality and rights of access to corporate information, as well as Indemnity and Insurance cover provided.
- Newly appointed Directors undertake an induction course covering the Company's strategy, products and operations. They are also provided a copy of the Company's constitution, charters and key policies.
- Directors are required to disclose Directors' interests and any matters that may affect the Director's independence. This includes disclosure of conflicts of interest, which may include transactions with family members or related entities.
- If there is a potential conflict of interest, conflicted Directors must immediately inform the Board and abstain
 from deliberations on such matters. Such Directors are not permitted to exercise any influence over other
 Board members. If the Board believes the conflict of interest is material or significant, the Directors
 concerned will not be allowed to attend the meeting or receive the relevant Board papers.

DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The Board comprises a majority of independent Non-Executive Directors who have broad commercial experience and bring independence, accountability and judgement in discharging the Board's responsibilities to ensure optimal returns to shareholders and the ongoing provision of benefits to the Company's employees.

The Board is required to disclose any new information that could, or would be reasonably perceived to influence, or reasonably be perceived to influence, in a material respect their capacity to bring an independent judgement to bear on the issues before the Board and to act in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.

The independence of the Directors is assessed annually in accordance with the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations.

TechnologyOne does not have casual, ad-hoc informal relationships between the Directors and Senior Executives and provides only formal interaction between the Directors and Senior Executives in order to maintain the independence of each Director. All interactions are formal in nature and documented. TechnologyOne believes that by doing this, it maintains the independence of the Directors and nullifies the impact of tenure on independence. These formal interactions include presentations to the Board throughout the year on their business unit strategies and outcomes. Any other interaction by a Board Member and a Senior Executive is only under prior approval by the Chair.

TechnologyOne will only enter into an agreement for the provision of consultancy or similar services by a Director or Senior Executive or by a related party of theirs if TechnologyOne has independent advice that the services being provided are outside the ordinary scope of their duties as a Director or Senior Executive; the agreement is on arm's length terms; and the remuneration payable under it is reasonable and with full disclosure of the material terms to securityholders.

The Board acknowledges tenure as a factor potentially impacting independence so assesses each director annually to ensure their independence is maintained.

The ASX guidelines states that it "recognises that the interests of a listed entity and its security holders are likely to be well served by having a mix of directors, some with a longer tenure with a deep understanding of the entity and its business and some with a shorter tenure with fresh ideas and perspective."

The Company has set the objective to increase the Board size, with the aim of adding additional independent directors, with Jane Andrews' appointment in the 2016 financial year, Sharon Doyle's appointment in the 2018 financial year, Cliff Rosenberg's appointment in the 2019 financial year, Peter Ball appointed in the 2020 financial year and Pat O'Sullivan appointed in the 2021 financial year resulting in an indisputable majority of independent directors.

TechnologyOne has aligned its Committee composition strategy to comply with the ASX Corporate Governance Principle recommendations, ensuring that newly appointed Directors are made members of the appropriate Committees once they have had sufficient time to develop a comprehensive understanding of TechnologyOne's



operations.

LEAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

The Company has appointed Pat O'Sullivan as the Deputy Chair and Lead Independent Director. The Lead Independent Director represents the interests of shareholders where the Executive Chair is unable to do so due to a conflict of interest.

The role of Lead Independent Director includes:

- Representing the independent Directors as the most senior independent Director;
- Acting as principle liaison between the independent Directors and the Chair; and
- Advising the Board with reference to the other independent Directors on the matters where there is a conflict
 of interest.

DIRECTOR APPOINTMENTS

All Directors, both Executive and Non-Executive, receive written notifications of their appointment and a new Director induction pack which details the terms and conditions of their appointment, remuneration (including superannuation contributions), continuous disclosure requirements (including interests in the Company), ongoing confidentiality obligations, Company policies on when to seek independent professional advice, and the Company's indemnity and insurance measures.

Prior to appointment, appropriate checks are undertaken on the candidates and relevant information provided to shareholders to consider when voting on the election of the Director. Relevant information is also provided for shareholders to consider when voting to re-elect existing Directors upon rotation. Executive Directors and Senior Executives of the Company will also have formal written employment agreements which set out the terms of their employment, roles and responsibilities, reporting lines, remuneration, confidentiality and termination provisions.

All Directors and Senior Executives are required to comply with key corporate policies which include, but are not limited to, Code of Business Conduct, Share Trading Policy, Insider Trading Policy, Privacy Policy and Diversity Policy.

All new Directors and Senior Executives participate in the Company's formal on-boarding program which includes an induction program which incorporates meetings with key Senior Executives.



3. COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company has a Company Secretary that is appointed by the Board by resolution.

The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair.

The role of the Company Secretary is as follows:

- Advising the Board and Committees on governance matters:
- Monitoring adherence of Board and Committees to policies and procedures.
- Coordinating timely completion and despatch of Board and Committee papers.
- Ensuring business at Board and Committee meeting is accurately captured in the minutes.
- Helping to organise and facilitate induction and professional development of Directors.



4. AUDIT & RISK COMMITTEE

The Board has established an Audit & Risk Committee. The Committee is comprised of:

Peter Ball (Chair)

Independent Non-Executive Director

Jane Andrews

Independent Non-Executive Director

Sharon Doyle

Independent Non-Executive Director

Pat O'Sullivan

Independent Non-Executive Director

The role of the Committee is to:

- Ensure the integrity in financial reporting (refer section below Safeguard Integrity in Financial Reporting).
- Review for accuracy financial statements for each reporting period prior to approval by the Board, and publishing.
- Ensure required declarations from the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer are received for each reporting period.
- Ensure that the financial statements for each reporting period comply with appropriate accounting standards.
- Regularly review Accounting Standards and Company Policies in conjunction with the Auditors and recommend adoption/changes to the Board.
- Directly follow-up action where considered necessary.
- · Relay any matters of concern to the Board.
- Oversight of the Company's group taxation matters and ongoing development.
- Review of taxation governance processes, policies, control framework and reporting.
- Ensure that systems of internal control are functioning effectively and economically and that these systems and practices contribute to the achievement of the Company's corporate objectives.
- Ensure the Internal Audit Function maintains a high standard of performance
- Receive and review reports from the external Auditor.
- Oversight of the process to ensure the independence and competence of the Company's external auditors.
- Review the performance of the external auditor on an annual basis.
- Recommend the selection and the appointment of the external Auditors, based on specified criteria.
- Monitor compliance with the requirements of the Corporations Act, Listing Rules, Australian and Foreign Taxation Offices and other related legal obligations.
- Make recommendations to the Board on specific risk management matters that may relate to industry and regulatory changes.

The number of meetings held during the years and the attendance of the members is provided in the Annual Report.

The Audit & Risk Committee Charter is available on the Company's website.

PRINCIPLES OF THE AUDIT & RISK COMMITTEE

The Committee operates in accordance with the following broad principles:

- Advise and assist the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities relating to financial management, risk oversight and reporting functions and in safeguarding the Company's assets;
- Provide a means of easy access to the Board for the external auditors in order to assist them in performing their functions;



- Assign the Secretary of the Committee such duties and responsibilities as the Committee may deem appropriate.
- Do other things and take other actions as are necessary or prudent to fulfil the responsibilities of the Committee, provided that no action will be taken without prior approval of the Board.
- TechnologyOne requires the rotation of the external audit partner every five years. The Audit & Risk Committee includes members who are financially literate; and at least one member who has financial expertise, preferably a qualified accountant.



5. REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Board has established a Remuneration Committee. The Committee is comprised of:

Jane Andrews (Chair)

Cliff Rosenberg

Independent Non-Executive Director

Ron McLean

Independent Non-Executive Director

Independent Non-Executive Director

The role of the Committee is:

- To advise the Board with regard to the Company's broad policy for Senior Executive and Director remuneration.
- To determine, on behalf of the Board, the individual remuneration packages for Senior Executives and Directors.
- To give the Company's Senior Executives encouragement to enhance the Company's performance and to
 ensure that they are fairly, but responsibly, rewarded for their individual contribution.

The number of meetings held during the years and the attendance of the members is provided in the Annual Report.

The Remuneration Committee Charter is available on the Company's website.

Non-Executive Directors' remuneration is determined by the Board within the aggregate amount per annum which may be paid in Directors' fees.

PRINCIPLES OF THE REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The committee operates in accordance with the following broad principles:

- The committee should provide the packages needed to attract, retain and motivate Senior Executives, but avoid paying more than is necessary.
- The committee should judge where to position the Company relative to other companies. Be aware of comparable companies' pay, but exercise caution.
- The committee should be sensitive to the wider scene, especially with regard to salary increases.
- Performance related elements should form a significant proportion of the package; should align interests with those of shareholders; and should provide keen incentives.



6. NOMINATION & GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

The Board has established a Nomination & Governance Committee. The Committee is comprised of:

Richard Anstey (Chair) Independent Non-Executive Director
Sharon Doyle Independent Non-Executive Director
Jane Andrews Independent Non-Executive Director

The role of the Committee is as follows:

- Assessment of the necessary and desirable competencies and experience for Board membership.
- Evaluation of the membership of the Board, Audit & Risk and Remuneration committees, and their membership.
- Evaluation initially and on an on-going basis of Non-Executive Director's professional development, commitments, and their ability to commit the necessary time required to fulfil their duties to a high standard.
- Adherence by Directors to the Director's Code of Conduct and to good corporate governance.
- Review of Board succession plans.
- Recommendation for changes to committees.
- Recommendation of, and undertaking the appropriate checks, before for the appointment of new Directors.
- Recommendation of, and undertaking the appropriate checks, for the endorsement or non-endorsement of existing Directors.
- Ensuring that an effective induction process is in place for new Board members.
- Review and oversight of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement and governance related policies.
- Review and oversight of the Company's Environmental, Social & Governance (ESG) strategy and Sustainability Reporting
- Oversee compliance with Modern Slavery Regulations

The number of meetings held during the years and the attendance of the members is provided in the Annual Report.

The Nomination & Governance Committee Charter is available on the Company's website.

PRINCIPLES OF THE NOMINATION & GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

The committee operates in accordance with the following broad principles:

- The Nomination & Governance Committee is entitled to seek the advice of an external consultant.
- The Nomination & Governance Committee will make recommendations to the Board. The Board is
 responsible to appoint the most suitable candidate, after receiving recommendations from the Nomination &
 Governance Committee. The nominated appointee upon acceptance will hold office until the next Annual
 General Meeting, where the appointee will stand for election.
- The Board is responsible to either recommend/not recommend the endorsement of a Director at the next Annual General Meeting.
- The name of all candidates submitted for election as Director is accompanied with necessary information required by shareholders to make an informed decision including biographical details, competencies, qualifications, details of relationships between the Company, the candidate and Directors; other directorships held, particulars of other positions held which involve significant time commitments, and any other particulars required by law or good corporate governance. For existing Directors standing for re-election, the number of years as a Director of TechnologyOne will also be provided in the Annual Report.



- Directors (with the exception of the Managing Director who is appointed by the Board) must stand for reelection every three years in accordance with the Company's Constitution. One third of the Directors retire from office at each Annual General Meeting and are eligible to nominate for re-election.
- A structured process has been established to review and evaluate the performance of the Board and its Committees. This process also identifies ways to improve their performance, interaction with management, and quality of information provided.

The following information is provided in the Annual Report:

- The skills, experience and expertise relevant to the position of Director.
- The names of Directors considered by the Board to constitute independent Directors and the Company's materiality thresholds.
- The term of office held by each Director.
- The number of meetings held by the Nomination & Governance Committee and the names of attendees.
- Explanation of any departures from the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations.

ASSESSMENT OF DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The Board has determined that an independent Director will meet all of the following criteria:

- Is not an Executive Director (i.e. not a member of the management team)
- Is not a substantial shareholder of the Company, as defined by Section 9 of the Corporations Act, or an officer of a company that is a substantial shareholder.
- Is not directly associated with a substantial shareholder of the Company.
- Within the last three years, has not been employed in an Executive capacity by the Company or another
 group member, or been appointed a Director within three years after ceasing to hold such employment,
 insofar as the Director was not appointed prior to the introduction of the ASX Principles of Good Corporate
 Governance in March 2003.
- Within the last three years, has not been a principal of a material professional adviser or a material consultant to the Company or another group member, or an employee materially associated with the service provider.
- Is not a material supplier or customer of the Company or other group member, or an officer of or otherwise associated, either directly or indirectly, with a material supplier or customer. This includes family members being in these categories.
- Has no material contractual relationship with the Company or another group member other than as a Director
 of the Company.
- Is free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interest of the Company.



7. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES & RECOMMENDATIONS

7.1. ETHICAL STANDARDS AND CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT

All Directors, Executives and employees are expected to act with the utmost integrity and objectivity, observe the highest standards of behaviour and business ethics, and strive at all times to enhance the reputation and performance of the Company.

A Code of Business Conduct has been established which is applicable to each of the following:

- Directors
- Chief Executive Officer
- Chief Financial Officer
- Executives
- Employees

The Codes of Business Conduct has been approved by the Board, and given their full support.

The Code addresses:

- Responsibilities to shareholders, and clients.
- "The TechnologyOne Way", which refers to the success of the Company coming from our shared values, our entrepreneurial spirit and innovation.
- Employment practices (anti-discrimination, occupational health and safety, etc.).
- Responsibilities to the community.
- · Responsibilities to the individual.
- Compliance with the codes.

In addition, the Executive Chair, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Executives and all employees have employment agreements, which include job descriptions. These job descriptions describe their duties, rights and responsibilities.

In conjunction with the Code of Business Conduct, TechnologyOne has developed a Whistleblower Policy and Bribery & Corruption Policy. The Whistleblower Policy encourages employees to come forward with concerns that the entity is not acting lawfully, ethically or in a socially responsible manner and provides suitable protections if they do. The Board will be informed of any material concerns raised that call into question the culture of TechnologyOne or have been raised under the Bribery & Corruption Policy.

The Board is informed of any material breaches of the Code of Business Conduct by a Director or Senior Executive and of any other material breaches of the code that call into question the culture of the organisation.

DIVERSITY POLICY

TechnologyOne has an inclusive diversity policy which covers the broader dimension of diversity covering aspects of gender, age, disability, ethnicity, marital or family status, religious or cultural background, sexual orientation and gender orientation within the total organisation, including the Board, and senior management. In conjunction with this policy, the Company has measurable objectives which are assessed and reported in the annual report.

The diversity of TechnologyOne remains fundamental to our ongoing success. TechnologyOne has established a Diversity Policy which reflects the Company's commitment to providing an inclusive workplace.



A summary of the Diversity Policy is following:

- Diversity is one of TechnologyOne's strengths. TechnologyOne values this diversity and recognises the
 individual contribution our people can make and the opportunity for innovation such diversity brings.
- TechnologyOne believes that we will achieve greater success by providing our people with an environment that respects the dignity of every individual, fosters trust, and allows every person the opportunity to realise their full potential.
- TechnologyOne is committed to providing an inclusive workplace and our commitment to diversity extends to our interactions with customer and suppliers.

The Board has developed and has oversight of the following diversity objectives:

- Ensuring compliance with the published diversity policy.
- Not less than 30% of the Board to be of each gender by 2025 (to allow for the Board transition)
- 70% of all vacant roles are to have at least one female candidate shortlisted.
- Maintain reporting measures that are in compliance with both the ASX guidelines and Workplace Gender Equality Agency.
- Continue to identify employee feedback mechanisms through the review of existing forums and information provided as well as the identification of appropriate new mechanisms for employee consultation.
- Maintain existing educational programs that support diversity including but not limited to induction, on boarding and leadership programs.

The Company's 2021 Workplace Gender Equality Agency report can be found on the 'Investor Relations' section of the Company's website.

TechnologyOne has a history of supporting initiatives aimed at promoting the technology sector as a career choice for women. We have continued our support of the Tech Girls Movement, Women in Technology and Women in Digital to promote diversity and to be seen as an employer of choice for women in the technology industry. We also partner with the Computer Society Foundation to sponsor the national Big Day In series, which is designed to inspire high school and university students to pursue careers in the IT industry.

We have policies in place in relation to anti-discrimination and workplace gender equality, diversity, sexual harassment, flexible working arrangements and paid parental leave.

7.2. SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Company has established a structure of reviews and authorisations designed to ensure the truthful and factual presentation of the Company's financial position. This includes:

- The establishment of an Audit & Risk Committee, and the review and consideration of the accounts by the Audit & Risk Committee.
- Process to ensure the independence and competence of the Company's external auditors.
- Requirement that the CEO and CFO state in writing to the Board that the Company's financial reports present
 a true and fair view in all material respects of the Company's financial condition; operational results are in
 accordance with the relevant accounting standards and the Company's Risk Management and Internal
 Compliance and Control System is operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects.
- Ensuring that the Company's external Auditor attends the Company's Annual General Meeting each year
- Verification of statements and data supplied in the annual Directors' report and other corporate reports to ensure that the releases to the market are accurate, balanced and understandable and provide investors with appropriate information to make informed investment decisions.
- Disclosure of the annual tax transparency statement.

The Company put the external audit services to tender in 2020 which is another example of how the Company expresses its dedication to ensuring integrity of the financial reporting is maintained.



7.3. CONTINUOUS DISCLOSURE

The Company Secretary working closely with the Executive Chair, have been delegated responsibility for the continuous disclosure of information to the market, to ensure:

- All investors have equal and timely access to material information concerning the Company, including its financial position, performance, ownership and governance.
- Company announcements are factual and presented in a clear and balanced way, requiring the disclosure of both positive and negative information.
- When analysts are briefed on aspects of the Company's operations, the market is forewarned, and the materials used in such presentations are also released to the ASX and posted on the Company's website.
- Any information that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's share price (as per Listing Rule 3.1) is immediately notified to the ASX.

The Company has established a documented procedure to handle continuous disclosure requirements. Directors are provided with copies of all announcements made under listing rule 3.1 promptly once made

7.4. RISK ASSESSMENT MANAGEMENT

The Company has adopted an active approach to risk management and the Board recognises that the Company's participation in commercial and operational activities require a certain level of risk. As such, the Board has delegated the risk management function to the management of the Company with oversight by the Board. A standing Item has been included in the Board agenda to consider the Enterprise Risk Register.

The Board has received assurance from the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer that the declaration provided in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material aspects in relation to the financial reporting risks.

The risk appetite of the Company takes into account the level of risk and risk combinations that the Board is prepared to take to achieve strategic objectives together with the level of risk shock that the Company is able to withstand.

The Company has performed an annual risk review and have identified a number of key risk categories for the business.

HUMAN RISK

The Company has identified that it has a material risk in relation to the human element of the business. The Company manages human risk by undertaking half yearly performance assessments and reviews, performance management (where necessary), succession planning, key talent retention strategies, having human resources business partners assigned to each operating steam of the Company to work with the business on any concerns raised, and by conducting half yearly surveys of managers to identify any known issues. The Board is provided with a summary of these issues as part of the Group Director – People & Culture's report tabled at each board meeting.

KEY RISKS

The Company's focus on risk management is primarily conducted through the Board, with a number of identified areas of specific risks as follows:

CONTRACT RISK

The Company has established a Contract Approval Process that reviews all proposed new contracts with non-standard terms prior to signing to ensure the contracts can be fulfilled, the risks are known and can be managed, and that the contract can be completed profitably without exposing the Company to ongoing liabilities.

FINANCIAL RISK

The Company has an Executive Committee that reviews the Company's financial exposure with a particular focus in the area of Outstanding Debtors.



DATA SECURITY & PRIVACY RISKS

TechnologyOne has successfully completed the Information Security Registered Assessors Program (IRAP) assessment for PROTECTED classified data. This provides our SaaS customers with an increased cyber security posture and greater certainty in a constantly evolving cyber security landscape. This was achieved by leveraging the strong compliance and security foundations established over recent years and is a testament to TechnologyOne's mature security practices, accountability mechanisms and belief in continuous assessment and improvement.

The Company has a robust data security and privacy program developed to meet the requirements set out in Australia's Privacy Amendments (Notifiable Data Breaches) Act 2017, UK Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA Act) and the EU General Data Protection Regulation. This program ensures security is considered throughout the day to day operations of the Company and is backed by an independently verified process for dealing promptly with matters should they arise. The Company also is certified to the standards required in ISO27000, ISO9001, SOC1, SOC2 and SOC3 (Service Organisation Controls).

SOFTWARE RISK

The Company has an executive R&D Committee that reviews Software Release management, including resourcing and development issues.

INSURANCE RISK

The Board of TechnologyOne, on an annual basis, reviews the Company's insurance requirements and compares this to the level of cover provided to ensure it is adequately covered.

PROJECT RISK

The Board requires the Chief Executive Officer to report on any customer implementation project that may be at significant risk of either incurring substantial penalties or incurring substantial over-runs. In addition, the Company has established a Consulting Practice Management Team that reviews current projects and consulting activities to provide an early detection mechanism to ensure that any activities that pose a significant risk to the Company are identified and resolved before exposing the Company to potential liabilities.

SUSTAINABILITY RISK

The Company believes that it does not have material exposure to specific economic, environmental, or social sustainability risks due to controls implemented. However, the company recognises the importance of these to its stakeholders and has developed a Sustainability Report to outline the Company's position and initiatives across a number of sustainability risks.

The Sustainability Report provides the Company's initiatives and targets on items including:

- Diversity,
- Customer satisfaction
- Employee satisfaction
- Corporate culture
- Ethical business practices
- · Community support
- Environmental sustainability practices

The Company has engaged external subject matter experts to assist in the preparation of environmental risk reporting aligned with the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosure (TCFD) recommendations. The Board acknowledges that climate change is both an environmental and economic issue. TCFD disclosures are now provided in the Financial Statements and in the annually published Sustainability Report.

The Sustainability Report is available on the Company's website.



7.5. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND COMPANY POLICIES

Adhering to Accounting Standards and Company Policies, and the appropriate interpretation of such policies/standards, is seen as critical to managing the financial risk of Technology One. Accounting Standards and Company policies are reviewed on a regular basis by the Audit & Risk Committee working in conjunction with the Auditors, and recommendations for adoption/change are made to the Board. Compliance with Accounting Standards and Company policies are included as part of the Auditors annual review.

Internal Controls and Compliance

The Company has an internal control framework that consists of:

- Written policies and procedures.
- Division of responsibilities to ensure appropriate segregation of duties.
- Careful selection of high calibre well qualified staff.

TechnologyOne undertakes Internal Audits in accordance with the Internal Audit schedule as approved by the Audit & Risk Committee. These audits are undertaken by the Governance, Risk & Compliance Team and reported directly through to the Audit & Risk Committee. Independent auditors are engaged to review the Company's internal controls and compliance and to provide a report to the Audit & Risk Committee. The Audit & Risk Committee oversees the Company's compliance program with relevant international standards (including ISO 9001, 27000 series, SOC 1, 2 & 3).

The Company has established Practice Management teams in each business area to undertake reviews of compliance with certain operational policies and procedures. Each Practice Management Team provides quarterly reporting of their findings to the Audit & Risk Committee. An independent audit of the Practice Management reviews is undertaken by the Internal Audit team annually.

7.6. REMUNERATION PRINCIPLES

TechnologyOne believes in the full disclosure of remuneration of its Directors and Executives to the market, on at least an annual basis. Disclosure will include all monetary and non-monetary remuneration including salary, fees, non-cash benefits, bonuses or profit share accruing each year irrespective of payment, superannuation contributions, entitlements at termination or retirement, value of shares or options issued and sign-on payments.

As a matter of principle, TechnologyOne has adopted the following guidelines to motivate Directors and Executives to pursue long-term growth, and ensure their interests and those of the shareholders are closely aligned:

- Remuneration packages should be set in the context of what is reasonable and fair, taking into account the Company's legal and industrial obligations, labour market conditions, the scale of the business and competitive forces.
- Non-Executive Directors should be remunerated solely on the basis of a cash payment, plus superannuation
 contributions as required by law. Non-Executive Directors should not be provided with bonuses, options,
 shares, loans or any other non-cash component. They should not participate in schemes designed for the
 remuneration of Executives. The Company does not provide a Director's Retirement Plan.
- Non-Executive Directors will not be provided termination or retirement payments other than statutory superannuation.
- Company Executives (including Executive Directors) should be provided with a significant component of their
 expected salary on "an at-risk basis", tied to the Company's profit target. Shares, Options or Performance
 Rights may also be provided as part of the "at risk component", but these must be tied to performance
 hurdles. The performance hurdles are to be reasonable, objective and measurable. Vesting of securities is
 also subject to malus and clawback provisions.
- Termination payments should be agreed in writing and in advance if any are to be provided.



7.7. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

BOARD

The Board meets annually for the purpose of reviewing and evaluating the performance of the Board as a whole, each Committee, key Executives and each Director individually in meeting key responsibilities and achieving its objectives.

The following areas were considered by the Board in its 2021 annual review:

- Performance evaluation of Directors and Senior Executives.
- Review of skills and experience of the Board for current operations of the Company and identification of any shortfalls.
- Director succession planning.
- Review of current legislation in relation to any age restrictions.
- Review of independence of each Director.
- Review of skills matrix to ensure relevance of required skills.

To assist the Board in maximising its effectiveness, the Board and Nomination & Governance Committee have a skills matrix to provide objective information about each Director and the Board as a whole during the past year.

Each Director is encouraged to discuss any issue concerning Board performance with the Chair at any time.

Directors are encouraged to maintain and improve their knowledge, skills and expertise through briefings, seminars and going professional development programs.

Remuneration of the Board is assessed every three (3) years against comparative data for Australian publicly listed companies supplied by an independent consultant and reported to the Remuneration Committee. The relative risk, time, effort, complexity of the underlying business, competency of the management team, financial performance and track record, clarity of strategy as well as the number of Board meeting required to oversee the business are used as benchmarks to determine the appropriate level of Director's fees. For years where a formal assessment of remuneration is not conducted, the Director's fees are increased by the Australian Consumer Price Index (CPI).

SENIOR EXECUTIVES

The performance of Senior Executives is reviewed and evaluated annually by a combination of the Company's internal performance management program managed by the Company's human resources department and as part of the formal remuneration review that is conducted annually by the Remuneration Committee.

7.8. TRADING IN COMPANY SECURITIES

The Directors have resolved to adopt the following policy in relation to trading by Directors and Officers in the Company's shares.

- The Directors and Senior Executives will not engage in short term trading of the Company's shares.
- The Directors and Senior Executives will not buy or sell shares at a time when they possess information
 which, if disclosed publicly, would be likely to materially affect the market price of the Company's shares.
 Information is not considered to be generally available until a reasonable time has elapsed to allow the
 market to absorb these announcements.

The Directors and Senior Executives are not permitted to use the Company's shares as security for margin loans. To assist Directors and Senior Executives in abiding by these principles the following rules have been established, relating to when Directors and Senior Executives can buy and sell the Company's shares:

For 50 days from the day following the release of the following information to the market:

- the half yearly financial statement
- the annual financial statement
- other reports relating to the financial performance or financial status of the Company.



At all times, the Director or Senior Executive must notify the Board (as a minimum the Chair) in advance of any intended transactions involving the Company's shares. It is recognised that there may be circumstances where it may not be appropriate for Directors and Senior Executives to buy and sell within the above 50-day window in the event the Company is involved in strategic initiatives (such as acquisitions), which could materially affect the market price of the Company's shares.

The Directors and Senior Executives must advise the Company Secretary of any completed trades immediately once each transaction is done. This will allow the Company Secretary sufficient time to notify the ASX of the change in shareholding within the required period.

A register of Director's holdings is made available for inspection at every Board meeting

This policy applies to Directors and Senior Executives (including their nominee companies) and the entities which they control.

For the purpose of this Policy, Senior Executive is deemed to include the following parties:

- a) persons named by the Executive Chair from time to time who may be involved in strategic issues
- b) persons named by the Executive Chair from time to time who are involved in financial reporting
- c) Senior Executives of the Company as defined as Officers in section 9 of the Corporations Act being: 'any person by whatever name called who is concerned or takes part in the management of the Company'.

In addition to the policy for Directors and Senior Executives, all employees are reminded of the Insider Trading provisions of the Corporations Act. Staff are reminded of their obligations during the Trading Windows.

7.9. SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND COMMUNICATION

The Board of Directors aim to ensure that shareholders are informed of all major developments affecting the Company's state of affairs. The information is communicated to shareholders, and forms part of the Company's two-way investor relations program:

- By ensuring that all shareholders can elect to receive information and communications from the Company's share registry either physically or electronically and can update their preferences through the share registry.
- By the Annual Report being distributed to all shareholders. The Board ensures the Annual Report contains all
 relevant information about the operations of the Company during the financial year, together with details of
 future developments and other disclosures required under the Corporations Act 2001.
- By publishing its Notice of Meetings and Explanatory Memorandum for each Annual General Meeting or
 other such meetings as required from time to time; By encouraging shareholders to attend and participate in
 the Company's Annual General Meeting;
- By encouraging shareholder to attend and participate in the Company's Annual General Meeting.
- By encouraging shareholders to participate in proxy voting should they be unable to attend the Company's Annual General Meeting.
- By enabling shareholders to pose questions to the Company in the lead up to the Annual General Meeting for responding during the meeting;
- By the Half Year results released to the market;
- By disclosures forwarded to the ASX under the Company's continuous disclosure obligations;
- Through the Company's website, under a special area called Investor Relations;
- By the Company's participation in scheduled briefings with institutional shareholders and security analysts;
- By the participation of the Company's Auditors and Solicitors at the Annual General Meeting.

All information communicated by the Company is in accordance with its continuous disclosure requirements under ASX Listing Rule 3.1.



8. NON-COMPLIANCE WITH ASX CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES & RECOMMENDATIONS 4TH EDITION

The Board of Technology One believes in working to the highest standards of Corporate Governance. Notwithstanding this, the Board believes it is important to recognise there is not a 'one size fits all' to good corporate governance, and that it is important to consider the size of the Company, the industry it operates within, the corporate history and the Company's inherent strengths.

The ASX Corporate Governance Council has recognised this fact and has allowed companies to explain where they do not comply with the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations 4th Edition.

The Company has complied with the majority of recommendations, with the exception of the following. The Board believes the area of non-conformance shown below will not impact the Company's ability to meet the highest standards of Corporate Governance and will at the same time allow the Company to capitalize on its inherent strengths.

This section highlights the area of non-compliance and explains why it is appropriate.

Independent Chair (Refer ASX Corporate Guidelines - Recommendation 2.5)

The Board is of the opinion it should maximise the vision, skills and deep industry knowledge of the Company's founder and major shareholder, Mr Di Marco, to continue to lead the Company forward. He has a long and proven track record of creating significant shareholder wealth for the Company as its Chair, since listing on the ASX in 1999.

The Board believes Mr Di Marco continues to be the best candidate to clearly communicate the Company's vision, strategy and to set market expectations. To this end it is seen as appropriate that Mr Di Marco should remain as Executive Chair of the Company. There is no empirical evidence to support the preference of an Independent Chair.

The ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations propose that "if the Chair is not an independent Director, a listed entity should consider the appointment of an independent director as the Deputy Chair". Mr Pat O'Sullivan was appointed Deputy Chair and Lead Independent Director from his appointment to the Board on 2 March 2021.

On 23 May 2017, Mr Edward Chung was appointed as Chief Executive Officer.

Mr Di Marco is not deemed an independent under the ASX guidelines due to him being a substantial shareholder. This, however, aligns Mr Di Marco with the interests of the Company's shareholders.