

AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE YEAR TO 31 MARCH 2022

PACIFIC EDGE SEES GROWTH INITIATIVES GAINING TRACTION

HIGHLIGHTS:

- Annual operating revenue increased 49% to \$11.4 million, while total revenue increased 33% to \$13.9 million
- Total laboratory throughput (TLT) of Cxbladder tests increased 46% to 23,086 tests, while commercial tests (CT) increased 48% to 19,196 tests
- COVID-19 healthcare restrictions constrained growth. The easing of those restrictions and new hires drove increases in TLT and clinician engagement in the final months of the financial year
- Net losses after tax increase to \$19.8 million from \$14.2 million, reflecting a 37% increase in operating expenses to \$33.7 million as the company invested to drive growth
- Initiatives of the Investment Program to drive customer retention, growth, and clinical evidence generation relevant to guideline inclusion announced
- The initiatives of the Investment Program in FY23 will be phased in proportion to business milestones to responsibly manage burn rate
- Pacific Edge is well funded with cash and cash equivalents and short-term deposits at \$105.4 million at the end of the financial year, following the successful \$103.5 million capital raise and dual listing on the ASX in 2021

DUNEDIN, New Zealand – Cancer diagnostics company Pacific Edge (NZX, ASX: PEB) today announces financial and operational results for the year to 31 March 2022 showing strong growth in the adoption of its advanced genomic biomarker Cxbladder tests and early results suggesting initial traction can be translated into faster growth.

It also announces new initiatives to drive the adoption of Cxbladder around the world. These include increased investment in sales, marketing, innovation, and clinical evidence generation to advance the case for the incorporation Cxbladder into globally relevant standards of care.

TEST VOLUMES

Total laboratory throughput (TLT) of Cxbladder for the year to 31 March 2022 rose 46% to 23,086 tests from 15,814 tests in the prior financial year. Commercial test volumes increased 48% to 19,196, with the increase reflecting the growing adoption of Cxbladder by physicians and healthcare organizations. These results follow from the important milestones of obtain Medicare coverage and reimbursement from Kaiser Permanente in 2020.

Pacific Edge Chief Executive Dr Peter Meintjes said: "In spite of the pandemic, the strong year-on-year growth in Cxbladder test volumes demonstrates the value of Cxbladder to safely intensify or de-intensify clinical workup for patients presenting with hematuria, resolve diagnostic dilemmas during hematuria evaluation and monitor for the recurrence of urothelial cancer in post-treatment patients.



"Still, the last six months have been challenging. Restrictions in the healthcare sector have been more severe and longer lasting than those imposed on the community at large, and this has limited engagement with physicians ordering the tests and the organizations paying for them. It has also prevented patients from engaging with their clinicians.

"With the easing of COVID-19 restrictions, the virus becoming endemic in our target markets, and recent sales and marketing recruits beginning to hit their stride, we are seeing volumes begin to accelerate.

"Average weekly test throughput in the US from the start of April to last week were 455 tests per week, a figure 25% higher than the average of the last year. These objective indicators, and the subjective positive feedback from those regularly using Cxbladder, demonstrate that clinicians are gaining increasing confidence in the use of Cxbladder earlier in the patient care pathway.

"They also show that Pacific Edge has an excellent opportunity to capitalize on existing traction in a very large target market. The challenge before us is one of focus and execution to convert this enthusiasm and momentum to greater recurring use of Cxbladder."

FINANCIAL RESULTS

Total operating revenue - the income generated from Cxbladder test sales - increased 49% to \$11.4 million from \$7.7 million over the same period last year. Total Income of \$13.9m, an increase of 33% included higher levels of research incentives and interest revenue, offset by a reduction of Covid-19 support of \$1.1 million.

Net loss after tax increased to \$19.8 million from \$14.2 million over the same period a year ago as Pacific Edge accelerated its investment to drive the adoption of tests. Net operating expenses increased to \$33.7 million from \$24.7 million in the prior year.

Net operating cash outflow increased to \$17.5 million from \$13.6 million in the same period a year ago. Pacific Edge remains well funded following the successful \$103.5 million capital raising in 2021. Cash, cash equivalents and short-term deposits stood at \$105.4 million up from \$23.1 million at the same time last year.

REGIONAL PERFORMANCE

The US business is making steady progress, despite COVID creating barriers for in-person selling opportunities – a key activity for growth and retention. Total Lab Throughput (TLT) for the year was up 59% to 18,864, while commercial tests increased 62% to 15,752.

Pacific Edge is working closely with Kaiser Permanente, the largest integrated healthcare provider in the US with an estimated 12.5 million members covered by the Kaiser Health Plan, to roll Cxbladder out across more sites and to educate more clinicians at each site in the use of Cxbladder. Kaiser Permanente urologists familiar with Cxbladder through the evaluation continue to advocate for broader adoption internally through an EMR integration with our support. In parallel with the EMR integration efforts, we continue to focus our adoption efforts in Southern California adding new sites and ordering clinicians from



those involved in the initial evaluation. The adoption of Cxbladder Triage (CxbT) at Kaiser Permanente enhances the case for its subsequent reimbursement by CMS.

Meanwhile we are working with the US Veterans Affairs (VA), the second largest integrated healthcare provider in the US, to move from evaluation of our tests to widespread use across the more than nine million veterans it covers. The completion of our DRIVE clinical study, which is examining the clinical utility of Cxbladder in risk stratifying patients presenting with hematuria, is an important step towards this goal.

INITIATIVES OF THE INVESTMENT PROGRAM

"Since joining the company in January, my thoughts have coalesced around initiatives in three major areas of the business that have the capacity to drive increases in long-term shareholder value," Dr Meintjes said.

"Firstly, we must continue to invest in technology and product innovation to maintain our leadership position in urothelial cancer diagnostics. This means improving the performance characteristics of existing products and expanding the context of use for Cxbladder to other segments of the patient care pathway.

"Secondly, we must augment that evidence through real world, real time clinical studies to establish Cxbladder as a standard of care with clinicians, healthcare providers and funders ahead of inclusion of the tests in globally relevant guidelines.

"And finally, having secured the support of these urological key opinion leaders, we must continue to build awareness of the Cxbladder brand, taking our story to the wider clinician community and the patient community.

"Today we are announcing initiatives that deliver on these priorities," Dr Meintjes said.

Research and innovation

"We continue to evaluate new product concepts and cutting-edge technologies to determine if they can be applied to the market and address an unmet clinical need. As we develop this technology, we will continue to build a patent portfolio that we can subsequently develop into validated products for commercialization. This may include other cancers, prognostics, or other non-cancer diseases where there is strong biomarker signal in the urine – an existing core competency at Pacific Edge.

"The program will be staged and linked to the achievement of growth milestones. While we expect many of these investments to quickly begin contributing to Pacific Edge's business, we expect the aggregate of these changes to drive long-term value creation and have greater contribution to revenue in the 2024 financial year and beyond," Dr Meintjes said.

Evidence coverage and guidelines

Pacific Edge is accelerating its clinical evidence generation program to drive the inclusion of Cxbladder in the American Urological Association (AUA), European Association of Urologists (EAU), and the National



Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) guidelines. Simultaneously, Pacific Edge continues to drive adoption in the absence of guidelines by demonstrating the utility of Cxbladder to urologists and uro-oncologists through product evaluations, clinical studies partnerships, and the strength of our existing clinical evidence.

Specifically, we are targeting evidence that demonstrates the value of Cxbladder in diagnosing asymptomatic hematuria, in resolving diagnostic dilemmas (most commonly equivocal cystoscopy and atypical cytology), detecting tumors in the upper tract, and reducing the patient burden of unnecessary surveillance cystoscopies.

We want to ensure that Cxbladder is embedded from the earliest possible point and across the breadth of the patient care pathway. The advancement of the LOBSTER study, which targets evidence to support the inclusion of the test in the AUA standard of care announced to the NZX and ASX earlier this month, is evidence of the program in action.

To support our evidence generation program, we have recently hired a VP of Medical Affairs, Dr Tamer Aboushwareb, who will lead a team of 3-5 Medical Science Liaisons that will be technology and/or urology specialists with a medical background.

The expanded team will increase our capacity to engage key opinion leaders on clinical studies; facilitate faster and greater patient enrolment in studies; communicate our increasing body of clinical evidence to drive the early adoption of Cxbladder and build momentum towards guideline inclusion. The team will also work alongside our sales and marketing teams to assist with the adoption of Cxbladder by strategic accounts; and work with the Clinical Science team to drive the generation of clinical utility evidence.

Adoption, retention, and revenue generation

We have a multi-pronged strategy for executing effectively in the market.

We are increasing the size of our sales team by up to 10 full time equivalents (FTE) to a planned total of 40 in FY24, as we know this direct sales model works and a controlled expansion will be a good use of capital. Additionally, we have already deployed a Virtual Sales team to focus on rural clinicians and patients and support the prospecting and onboarding for new accounts. The final number is dependent on milestones during the course of the year. We are working with tenured Account Executives to lift performance in established territories.

We are supporting market execution with investments in ancillary services, including the integration of test ordering and resulting with healthcare providers' electronic medical records (EMR) systems, driving the adoption of patient in home sampling systems (PIHSS) and greater marketing investment and new Managed Care initiatives.

Managed Care is an important element of customer care related to billing, explanation of benefits and claims processing in the USA – it speaks strongly to the experience patients have when they engage with Pacific Edge. "We want to drive towards seamless daily operations for healthcare providers, clinicians,



and patients as they order tests or collection kits, dispatch samples to our lab, and receive results," Dr Meintjes said.

Finally, we also plan to hire two FTE Strategic Account Sales people, who will work with the Virtual Sales teams on service delivery at the largest healthcare providers and seek to onboard Cxbladder with new providers.

Pacific Edge is investing to build the Cxbladder brand through partnerships with patient advocacy groups such as the Bladder Cancer Advocacy Network in the US and New Zealand's Cancer Society. Pacific Edge intends these efforts to educate patients on their options, empower patients to request non-invasive alternatives to cystoscopy and ultimately contribute to revenue.

We are continuing to develop our plans in Australia and in Asian markets. The advancement of clinical study collaborations in Singapore and the impending publication of data on a Singaporean cohort represent an important step towards this latter goal.

OUTLOOK

Chairman Chris Gallaher said the Board was pleased with the progress Pacific Edge has made, especially when the results are considered against the backdrop of the difficult selling environment the company has faced for much of the financial year.

"With the easing of COVID restrictions, the Board is pleased to see the investments the company has made to accelerate its growth are beginning to deliver results. The support we are seeing for CxBladder has reinforced our confidence in the investment program made possible by last year's capital raising," Mr Gallaher said.

"We are also delighted to have been able to attract back to New Zealand our new Chief Executive Dr Peter Meintjes, who over the last few months has quickly begun to build on the strong legacy left by his predecessor David Darling.

"Peter has brought to the company a deep understanding of the diagnostics market, a clear vision of what is required to drive success and great enthusiasm for the role. He has quickly established himself within the business and is bringing the team along with him.

"On behalf of shareholders, we thank all of the Pacific Edge team for their efforts in what has been an extremely challenging period."

Finally, Mr Gallaher thanked Pacific Edge's Directors for their commitment to the company over the last year.

"With the appointment of the respected healthcare leader Tony Barclay to the Board in March, Pacific Edge now has the full complement of skills and experience to provide the necessary oversight and guidance as the company moves into its next phase of growth. It is an exciting time for the company," Mr Gallaher said.



Dr Meintjes said Pacific Edge expects its investment in innovation, evidence, people, and brand to drive growth in test volumes and revenue, but it will also lift operating costs in the business.

"Based on the activities in R&D, clinical studies, and market execution, I am excited about the prospect for the company. Pacific Edge continues to realize the opportunities I observed when I was evaluating the opportunity to lead the company," Dr Meintjes said.

"The company is focused on long-term shareholder value and is well positioned to deliver that over the coming years. The steps we have announced today represent a significant focus of resources to deliver on our potential. We look forward to further updating shareholders at our annual meeting in late July."

Released for and on behalf of Pacific Edge by Grant Gibson Chief Financial Officer.

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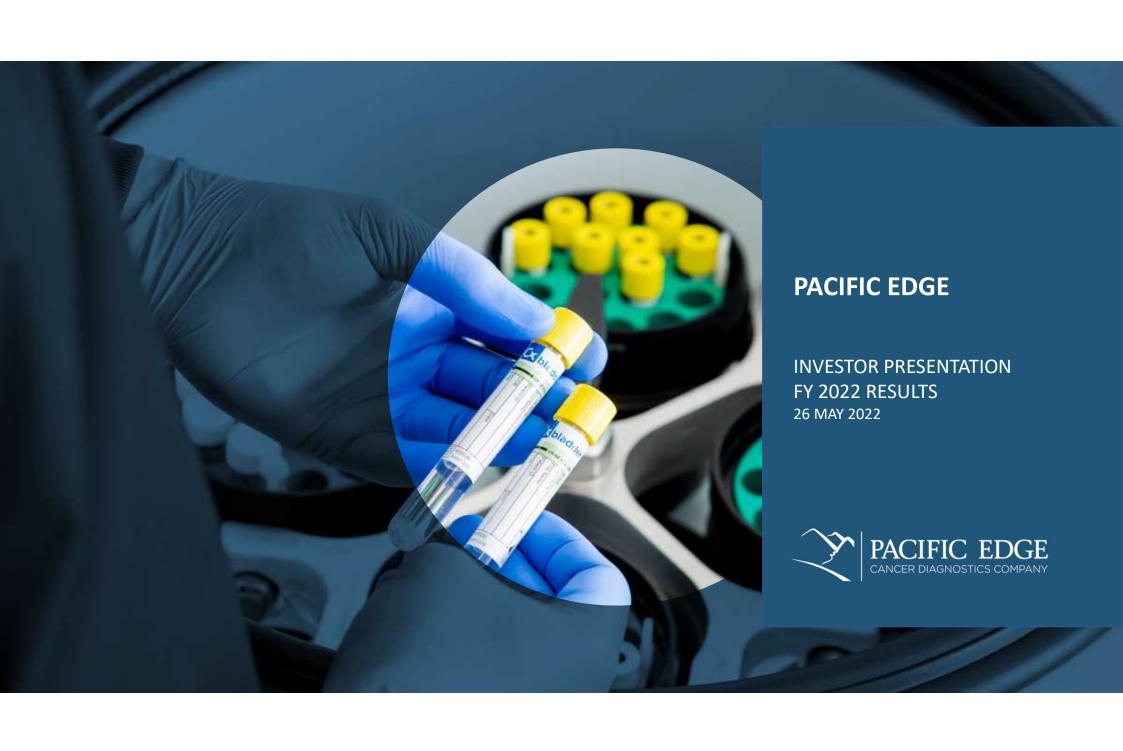
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OVERVIEW <u>www.pacificedge.co.nz</u> <u>www.pacificedgedx.com</u>

Pacific Edge Limited (NZX/ ASX: PEB) is a global cancer diagnostics company leading the way in the development and commercialisation of bladder cancer diagnostic and prognostic tests for patients presenting with hematuria or surveillance of recurrent disease. Headquartered in Dunedin, New Zealand, the company provides its suite of Cxbladder tests globally through its wholly owned, and CLIA certified, laboratories in New Zealand and the USA.

About Cxbladder www.cxbladder.com

Cxbladder is a non-invasive genomic urine test optimized for the detection and management of bladder cancer. The Cxbladder evidence portfolio developed over the past 14 years includes more than 20 peer reviewed publications for primary detection, surveillance, adjudication of atypical urine cytology and equivocal cystoscopy. Cxbladder is the focal point of numerous ongoing and planned clinical studies to generate an ever-increasing body of clinical utility evidence supporting adoption and use in the clinic to improve patient health outcomes. Cxbladder is reimbursed by CMS and has been trusted by over 2,000 US urologists in the diagnosis and management of more than 80,000 patients, including the option for in-home sample collection. In New Zealand, Cxbladder is accessible to 70% of the population via public healthcare and all residents have the option of buying the test online.



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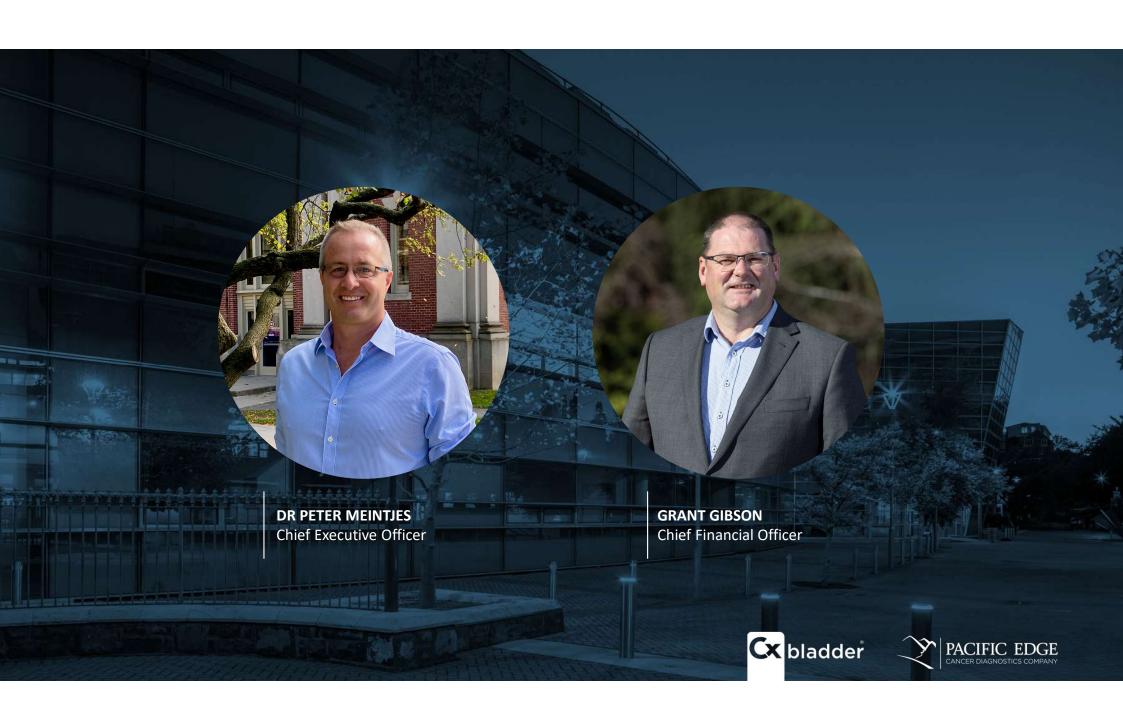
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FY 22 HIGHLIGHTS: TEST VOLUMES ACCELERATE IN THE PIVOTAL US MARKET

▲ 46% GLOBAL TESTING

VOLUMES (TLT*)

Global TLT of 23,086 tests Commercial Tests increase 48% to 19,196 tests

▲ 59%

US TESTING VOLUMES (TLT*)

US TLT of 18,864 tests **US Commercial Tests rise** 62% to 15,572 tests

49%

GROWTH IN OPERATING REVENUE

Operating revenue \$11.4M Total revenue \$13.9M

\$19.8M

NET LOSS AFTER TAX

Increase from \$14.2M in FY21 amid investment for future growth

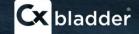
\$105.4M

CASH, CASH **EQUIVALENTS &** SHORT-TERM **DEPOSITS**

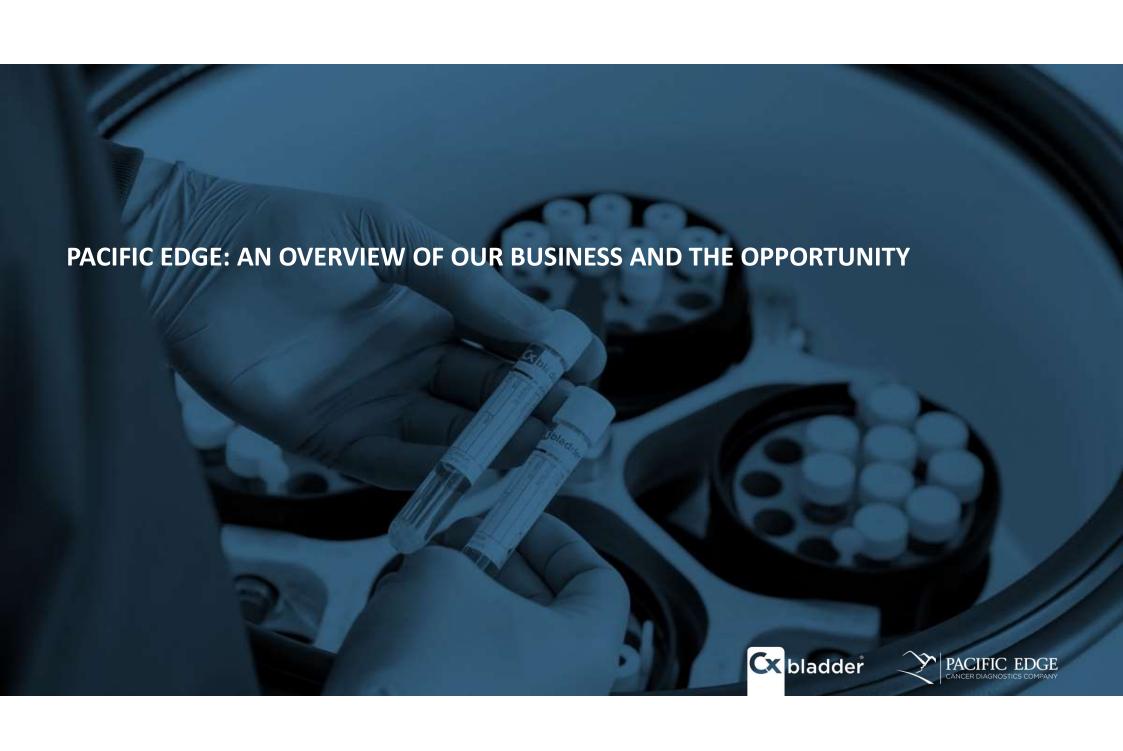
Strong balance sheet following \$103.5M capital raising in 2021

PACIFIC EDGE IS NOW SET TO BUILD ON THIS SUCCESS WITH AN INVESTMENT PROGRAM FRAMED BY THREE PILLARS

- RESEARCH AND INNOVATION
- **EVIDENCE, COVERAGE AND GUIDELINES**
- ADOPTION, RETENTION & REVENUE GENERATION









Mission

To help improve people's lives and patient outcomes by providing leading solutions for the early detection and management of cancer.



Vision

A world where the early diagnosis and better treatment of cancer is within reach of everyone.

"Nobody should die of cancer"





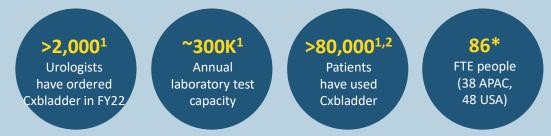


PACIFIC EDGE AT A GLANCE



FROM IP DEVELOPMENT TO PATIENT

- **IP:** 4x patent families in urothelial cancer, with >80 patents including RNA biomarkers and their analysis algorithms
- **Cxbladder:** Advanced genomic biomarker tests from a non-invasive urine sample for the early detection and management of urothelial cancer
- Clinical Evidence: Peer-reviewed clinical validity and utility data that shows Cxbladder outperforms Standard of Care (SoC)
- Reimbursement: Cxbladder tests reimbursed by Medicare and Kaiser Health Plan
- Patient Empowerment: Non-invasive efficacious testing offers opportunity for increased patient compliance with surveillance and management regimes



- 1. Company data *As at 31 March 2022
- 2. Figures are cumulative across company history and represent unique patients





UROTHELIAL CANCER

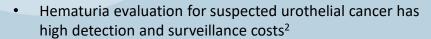
IS A SIGNIFICANT GLOBAL HEALTHCARE CHALLENGE



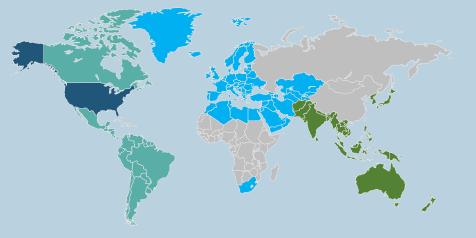
~200KAnnual deaths¹

6TH
Most common cancer in men¹

~70%Recurrence



- Current American Urological Association guideline leads to recommendation for >90% cystoscopy of patients presenting with hematuria³
- Under guidelines in the US, 3.4 million patients should be worked up for cystoscopy, but only 1 million undergo the procedure⁴
- Only 40% of patients comply with existing standards of care due to invasive and high-cost diagnostic procedures⁵



- USA TAM* US\$3.5b
- Americas (non-US) TAM US\$0.5b
- EMEA (w/o most of Africa) TAM US\$1.4b
- APAC (w/o China) TAM US\$2.2b

TAM is the Total Addressable Market based on Pacific Edge estimates.





^{1.} Bray et al. Global cancer statistics 2018: GLOBOCAN estimates of incidence and mortality worldwide for 3 cancers in 185 countries. Ca Cancer J Clin. 2018;68:394-424

^{2.} Botterman et al. The health economics of bladder cancer: a comprehensive review of the published literature. Pharmacoeconomics 2003;21(18):1315-30.

^{3.} Woldu SL et al. (2021b) Urinary-based tumor markers enhance microhematuria risk stratification according to baseline bladder cancer prevalence." Urol Oncol.

^{4.} Kenigsberg, A, et al. The Economics of Cystoscopy: A Microcost Analysis, Urology 157: 29–34, 2021.

^{5.} Schrag, D et al. Adherence to Surveillance Among Patients With Superficial Bladder Cancer JNIC, Volume 95, Issue 8, 16 April 2003.

MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTICS VALUE CHAIN: PATIENT JOURNEY









GENOMIC SCREENING (PERSONALIZED GENETIC RISK)

ASYMPTOMATIC SCREENING
(EARLY DETECTION)

PATIENT/DISEASE MANAGEMENT
(CLINICAL DECISION MAKING)

SURVEILLANCE (RDM¹, TRM², RECURRENCE)



INTENSIFY/DE-INTENSIFY WORKUPS
ADJUDICATE DIAGNOSTIC DILEMMAS
MONITOR FOR RECURRENCE





CXBLADDER IN THE PATIENT CARE PATHWAY

Typical standard of care on the patient care pathway

Primary Care Physician Patient presents with hematuria and clinician cannot rule out cancer. Patient referred to urologist

Urologist

Current guidelines for hematuria evaluation recommend >90% get cystoscopy¹ ahead of diagnosis & treatment

Urologist

Monitor for recurrence with cystoscopy, frequency varies according to patient presentation







For use in the **PRIMARY CARE** and **SPECIALIST** settings to de-intensify hematuria workup or rule out urothelial cancer (UC)

SPECIALISTS to detect

For use by **SPECIALISTS** to monitor for recurrence at a frequency proportional

VALUE PROPOSITION

Cxbladder TRIAGE (CxbT)

Cxbladder **DETECT** (CxbD)

Cxbladder **MONITOR** (CxbM)



Assists clinicians to safely de-intensify hematuria evaluation from low incidence populations Sensitivity 95% / NPV 99%

Sensitivity 82% / Specificity 85% / NPV 97%

Assists clinicians in **monitoring for UC recurrence**. Intended to reduce the frequency of surveillance cystoscopy and improve patient compliance Sensitivity 93% / NPV 97%

Sensitivity: the likelihood of the test to be positive in a patient with the disease Specificity: the likelihood of the test to be negative when the patient does not have the disease; NPV: the likelihood of a negative test being a true negative.





UROTHELIAL CANCER (UC) IN THE US MARKET

4TH

Most common cancer in men in the US¹

US\$220,000

Average lifetime cost² per patient US\$4.9B

Forecast direct costs associated with urothelial cancer in 2020²

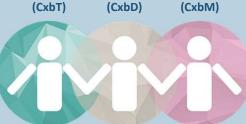
VALUE PROPOSITION

Cxbladder **DETECT** (CxbD)

Cxbladder

TRIAGE

Cxbladder **MONITOR** (CxbM)



Patient care pathway

Primary Care Physician

Urologist

The US has >55m and >63m women aged 50+

~7m present with Hematuria²

~3.4m

require clinical workup²

>1.0m patients receive a cystoscopy³

~83k Annual cases of bladder cancer4

~800k monitored for recurrence Avg1.5 CxbM/yr⁵

US\$3.5B opportunity⁶ (hematuria, surveillance)



MORE THAN 4.6M TEST OPPORTUNITIES





¹ American Cancer Society, 2019 29

² Presentation from Dr Sia Daneshmand (Director of Urologic Oncology and Clinical Research, USC) July 2019 2. NIH National Cancer Institute, 2021 4. Bladder Cancer Advocacy Network, 2017

³ Kenigsberg, A, et al. The Economics of Cystoscopy: A Microcost Analysis, Urology 157: 29–34, 2021.

⁴ National Cancer Institute 2021 forecast

⁵ Pacific Edge Estimate

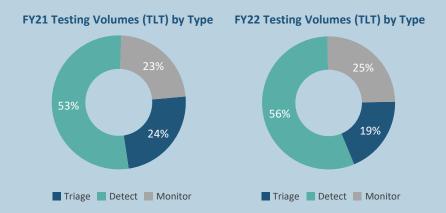
⁶ Pacific Edge estimates at US\$760/Per test



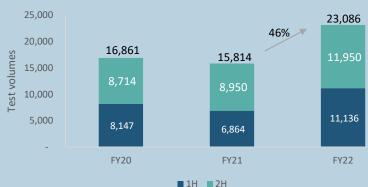
GLOBAL: COMMERCIAL TESTS GROWING STRONGLY AS US ACCELERATES

Total Lab Throughput (TLT) has increased 46% to 23,086 tests in FY22

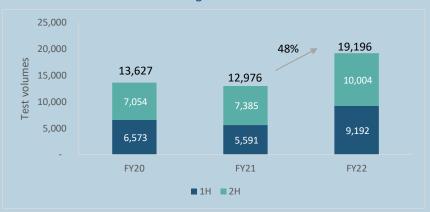
- Stronger US growth despite COVID continuing to impact sales efforts throughout the financial year
- Account Executives hired in in the US during FY22 are moving to tenured and improving contribution
- Growth in Cxbladder Detect in test mix reflects growing US test volumes



PEL: Global Testing Volumes (TLT*)



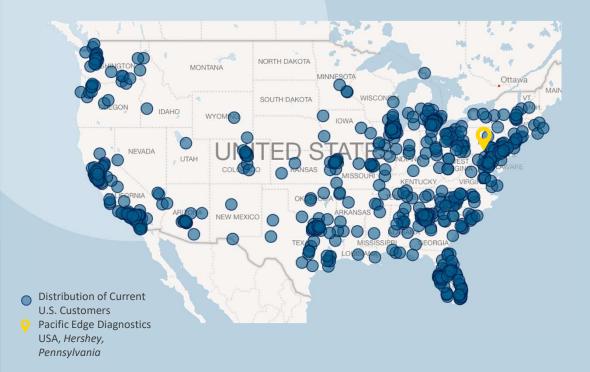
PEL: Global Commercial Testing Volumes







AMERICAS: SALES ACTIVITY AND INDICATORS



- Stronger US growth (59%) despite COVID continuing to affect sales efforts throughout the financial year
- Sales activity is clustered predominantly in urban population centres
- Continued to increase the number of US Account Executives during FY22, with 23 at the end of March 2022, up from 18 at the end March 2021¹

¹These Account Executives were supported by three Regional Sales Directors, who have been in place over the entire financial year.

Americas' Testing Volume (TLT)

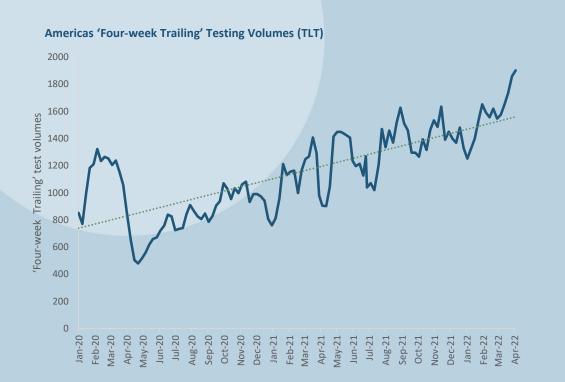


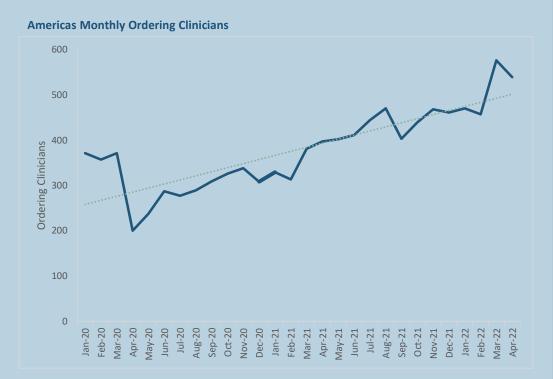
Americas' Commercial Testing represent 84% of FY22 volumes





AMERICAS: COVID IMPACT AND RECOVERY





- Number of reported tests/week has tracked COVID waves, and is showing promising increasing signs
- Number of unique ordering clinicians has tracked COVID waves, and is showing promising increasing signs





AMERICAS: KEY PAYORS ALREADY ACTIVATED



- Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) covers more than 61.5m US citizens over 65 and people on low incomes
- Average age of patients presenting with hematuria is over 70 years old. Consequently, the payor landscape skews towards Medicare with more than two thirds of our patient population covered by Medicare
- Focus is on selling to urologists, who order Cxbladder tests based on medical necessity



- The Kaiser Health Plan covers over 12.5m members, with >85% of those members in California
- Following internal utility evaluation, clinic-by-clinic rollout continues starting in Southern California where the test was evaluated
- Volume growth is steady, and is expected to increase after Electronic Medical Record (EMR)
 integration. This is viewed as a marathon, not a sprint
- Cxbladder Triage adoption at Kaiser enhances the case for reimbursement by CMS



- The Veterans Health Administration (VHA) within the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) is the second largest integrated healthcare system in the US serving >9m veterans each year
- The DRIVE clinical study is an important engagement with VA urologists to determine utility in a cohort of VA patients
- As the study nears completion, Pacific Edge expects to slowly migrate the study sites and other VA sites to commercial adoption as part of a site-by-site rollout
- Cxbladder Triage adoption at the VA enhances the case for reimbursement by CMS

APAC: NEW ZEALAND AT THE FOREFRONT WITH ADOPTION BY PRIMARY CARE

- More than 70% of New Zealand's population are already covered by individual DHB agreements. Further market adoption in New Zealand is expected to be slower that other regions with APAC
- COVID restrictions impacted our sales efforts leading to a slower rate of growth in New Zealand during FY22
- The upcoming consolidation of the District Health Boards in New Zealand provides an opportunity for greater coverage and more consistent usage of Cxbladder
- Promoting additional hospitals to utilize Cxbladder in Primary Care (aka the "Canterbury Model") provides an opportunity for additional growth in New Zealand
- Early commercial testing volume received from Northern Health in Melbourne with nine other Australian hospitals trialling Cxbladder
- Singapore clinical studies completed enrolment; business case underway to determine go-to-market approach

APAC Test Volumes (TLT)



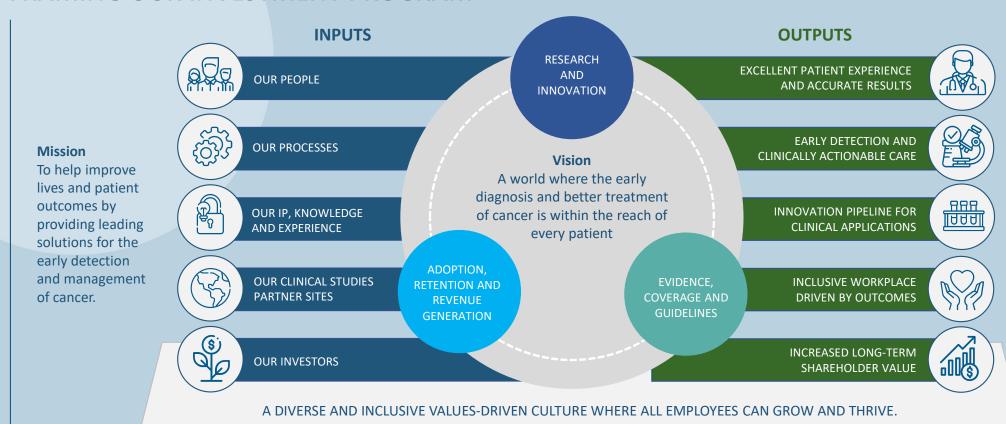
Commercial tests represent 82% of FY22 volumes







FRAMING OUR INVESTMENT PROGRAM









1) RESEARCH AND INNOVATION:

UNDERSTANDING THE ENTIRE COMMERCIALISATION PATHWAY



FOCUS AREAS:

- 1. Evaluate 'product concepts' to address unmet clinical needs through market research and scientific/clinical advisory boards
- 2. Evaluate cutting-edge technologies to meet the market requirements of desired product concepts
- 3. Continue to build a patent portfolio for novel clinical applications of cutting-edge molecular technologies
- 4. Turn patented technology into clinically-validated molecular diagnostic tools that address an unmet clinical need





RESEARCH AND INNOVATION: DRIVING IP TO TECHNOLOGY

\$190M

Accumulated investment in Cxbladder over 10+ years

4

Patent families spanning RNA and analysis algorithms

KEY IP

Ability to stabilise RNA/DNA and determine gene expression signatures in urine

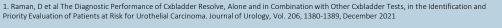
FY22 ACHIEVEMENTS

- Publication of TDR study covering CxbR, alone and in combination¹
 - Important insights on distinguishing High Impact Tumours
 - More R&D needed to develop CxbR as a clinically actionable test
- Singapore Observational Study patient enrolment complete despite COVID disruption

FY23 FOCUS

- Singapore Observational Study
 - Data analysis complete. Publication pending
- Explore market potential of various product concepts including:
 - Prognostics or companion diagnostics in urology
 - Adjacent disease (with molecular signal in the urine)
- Enhance Pacific Edge's information infrastructure









2) EVIDENCE, COVERAGE AND GUIDELINES: CHANGE CLINICAL PRACTICE



FOCUS AREAS:

Generate high-quality clinical validation and utility evidence through clinical studies

Use Clinical Utility evidence to:

- Drive the adoption of Cxbladder by clinicians, insurers and hospitals ahead of guideline inclusion
- Pursue inclusion of Cxbladder in globally-relevant standards and guidelines of clinical care across the breadth of patient pathways
- Foster trusted relationships with key opinion leaders, relevant uro-oncology centres of excellence, professional societies and patient advocacy networks to drive a broader awareness and demand for Cxbladder
- Develop the scientific and clinical credibility of the Cxbladder brand







GLOBAL GUIDELINES PIVOTAL TO THE WIDESPREAD ADOPTION OF CXBLADDER

Recognition in national guidelines deepens and accelerates commercial use of Cxbladder tests and entrenches coverage by nationally relevant healthcare institutions.



- Most influential and largest urological association in the world
- U.S. based 23,000 members worldwide.
- Standards of care relevant to Cxbladder:
 - Hematuria and micro-hematuria management
 - Non-muscle invasive bladder cancer (NMIBC). (Standard makes an allowance for the use of biomarkers in surveillance)
- Guidelines reviewed as new evidence emerges
- Pacific Edge can influence this process by publishing new clinical evidence



- Leading urologic authority in Europe
- Netherlands-based, 18,000 members
- Standards relevant to Cxbladder
 - Non-muscle invasive bladder cancer (NMIBC)
 - Guidelines loosely followed in New Zealand, Australia and Singapore, but localised at a national and regional level
- Guidelines recently reviewed with favourable biomarker language and are updated regularly

www.uroweb.org



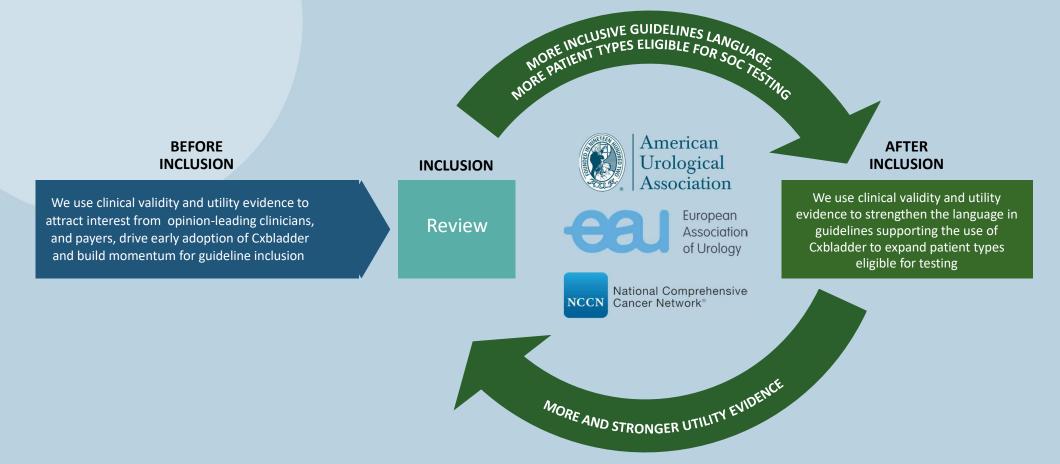
- US-based not-for-profit alliance of 32 leading US cancer centres
- Bladder cancer standard suggests biomarkers may be considered during surveillance of high-risk non-muscleinvasive bladder cancer
- · Guidelines reviewed annually

www.nccn.org





STRENGTHENING THE CASE FOR CXBLADDER IN KEY GUIDELINES







CLINICAL EVIDENCE GENERATION TOWARDS GUIDELINE INCLUSION (1/2)

STUDY	AIM	LOCATIONS	ENROLLED SITES*	STATUS**
US Primary study	Prospective, single-arm, observational study to develop clinical evidence for Cxbladder tests in facilitating early detection, intensifying or de-intensify hematuria evaluation and assistance in adjudicating equivocal cystoscopy	USA	12/12	Enrolment complete Analysis complete Publication pending
Singapore Study	Prospective, single-arm, observational study to develop clinical evidence for Cxbladder tests in facilitating early detection, intensifying or de-intensify hematuria evaluation and assistance in adjudicating equivocal cystoscopy	Singapore	4 / 4	Enrolment complete Analysis complete Publication pending
STRATIFY (formerly RCT)	 Safe Testing of Risk for AsymptomaTIc Microhematuria, Females & Younger patients Demonstrate the clinical utility of Cxbladder using a prospective, two-arm randomized design to safely risk-stratify patients and rule out from further hematuria evaluation Safely risk stratifying patients in order to rule out from cystoscopy Demonstrate the clinical utility of Cxbladder against the AUA guidelines 	USA Canada	10 / 11	Recruitment re-started after COVID-related delays Full data collected 2023 Q4
DRIVE (formerly VA Study)	 Detection and RIsk Stratification in VEterans Presenting with Hematuria Prospective, single-arm, observational study to demonstrate the performance and utility of Cxbladder tests in risk stratifying Veterans presenting with hematuria Demonstrate performance with Veterans and contribute to commercial adoption of Cxbladder for use with Veterans Pivotal for the adoption of Cxbladder by Veterans Affairs but relevant to the AUA Recruitment re-started after COVID-related delays Targeting inclusion of all veterans presenting for evaluation of hematuria 	VA Sites (USA)	7/11	Study expanded to get more data on low-risk patients Full data collected mid 2025





^{*}Estimated number of enrolled sites

^{**}All dates are best-case estimates and subject to change

CLINICAL EVIDENCE GENERATION TOWARDS GUIDELINE INCLUSION (2/2)

STUDY	AIM	LOCATIONS	ENROLLED SITES*	STATUS**
DEDUCT	 <u>DE</u>tection of <u>D</u>isease in the <u>U</u>pper tra<u>CT</u> Prospective, single-arm, observational study to validate performance of Cxbladder for the detection of urothelial carcinoma (UC) in the upper tract (UTUC) Evaluate Cxbladder to safely avoid ureteroscopy Safely risk stratify patients suspected to have UTUC and avoid unnecessary ureteroscopy and radiation exposure through imaging Targeting inclusion of Cxbladder utility for UTUC in AUA guidelines 	USA	0/4	Pilot data analysed in early 2024 – decision point to expand the study
LOBSTER	 LOngitudinal Bladder Cancer Study for Tumor REcurRence Prospective, single-arm, observational study to evaluate the performance characteristics and clinical utility of CxbM in a new surveillance protocol vs standard of care over four visits Safely risk stratify patients under surveillance for recurrence of UC Safely alternate CxbM with cystoscopy for intermediate and high-risk patients under surveillance for recurrence of UC Targeting AUA guidelines inclusion for biomarkers as an alternative to cystoscopy in a surveillance setting 	USA (including some VA sites) Australia	2/10	First patient expected in 2022 Q2
MONSTER	 MONitoring Study of post-Treatment Effectiveness for Residual Disease Single-arm, observational study to validate the performance characteristics of Cxbladder against white light cystoscopy during surveillance of UC Christchurch District Health Board study to measure tumor burden To safely risk stratify patients for residual disease prior to the 6-week re-resection for high grade patients or the 3-month flexible cystoscopy check for all patients 	NZ	0/1	In planning, once pilot analysed then consider expansion to USA

^{*}Estimated number of enrolled sites





^{**}All dates are best-case estimates and subject to change

3) ADOPTION, RETENTION AND REVENUE GENERATION



FOCUS AREAS:

- Diversify sales process to target Strategic
 Accounts differently, including education and
 Key Opinion Leader (KOL) engagement activities
 by our Medical Affairs team
- 2. Drive protocolized adoption of Cxbladder at the earliest point in the patient care pathway
- Increase event marketing, sponsorship and marketing communications to amplify our clinical evidence generation within the urology and oncology communities
- 4. Establish "in-network" or contracted relationships for the reimbursement of Cxbladder with government healthcare funders and private payors
- 5. Empower patients through patient awareness and patient advocacy initiatives through established societies and our Cxbladder website







CAPITALIZING ON EARLY MOMENTUM (1/2)

TARGET US RELATIONSHIPS

13,790Practicing urologists¹

1,900

Large urology
group practice
sites²

>2,000
Clinicians that
used Cxbladder
in FY22³

AMERICAS INITIATIVES

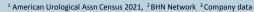
Direct Sales Force:

- Up to 9 additional Account Executives and 1
 Regional Sales Director to be added to the sales
 team taking the total to up to 40*
- New Marketing & Sales Support Managers (+2 FTE)*
- New Virtual Sales Team (up to +5 FTE)* to enhance the customer experience and streamline test ordering and results delivery
- Strategic Accounts Sales personnel (up to +2 FTE)

Medical Affairs Team:

- VP Medical Affairs, leading a team of Medical Science Liaison (MSL) (3-5 FTE)*
- MSLs are educators and experts on clinical, scientific and medical matters relevant to products and urology in general
- Drive Key Opinion Leader (KOL) engagement with speakers' bureaus, advisory boards and similar
- Targeting podium presentations of our clinical evidence at major conferences





^{*}All planned hires subject to achievement of business milestones.





CAPITALIZING ON EARLY MOMENTUM (2/2)

ENGAGING WITH CLINICIANS AND CUSTOMERS

Urology conferences across the US and APAC

4 + 36
Planned total
Sales Execs*

5 New virtual sales team members*

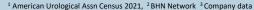
AMERICAS INITIATIVES

- Marketing Activities:
 - Conference podiums, presentations, posters
 - Conference advertising/sponsorship
 - Increased and targeted marcom activities
- Customer Experience:
 - Electronic Medical Records (EMR) integration streamlining customer ordering and reporting.
 - PIHSS continued promotion of our patient in-home sampling system
 - Managed Care focus on simplifying EOB, billing and claims processing

APAC INITIATIVES

- Adding remaining New Zealand DHBs, driving Cxbladder to primary care.
- Market development through clinical studies in Australia, Singapore
- Commencement of commercial revenue in Australia
- New APAC business development manager (+ 1FTE)





^{*36} Account Execs and 4 Regional Sales Directors. Executives All planned hires subject to achievement of business milestones.





PATIENTS: BUILDING THE CX BRAND AND ADVOCACY

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

The Bladder Cancer Advocacy Network (BCAN) represents the voice of the patient in the USA:

- Dedicated to advancing research and supporting those impacted by the disease
- Large and growing community of patients, caregivers, survivors, advocates, medical and research professionals
- Coordinate networking, knowledge sharing, and fundraising events throughout year
- Provide a range of educational resources and support services for patients and caregivers

Planned partnership activity:

- Sponsorship of Walk to End Bladder Cancer events around the country and thought leadership and networking events
- Co-development of leading patient resources

Evolution of Cxbladder.com as a resource hub for patients and caregivers:

 Growing library of clinical and care-focused articles designed to design to address topics of interest and common questions







PATIENTS: BUILDING THE CX BRAND AND ADVOCACY

APAC

Cancer Society New Zealand:

- New Zealand's leading organisation dedicated to reducing cancer incidence, and care
- Work closely with communities and decision makers to provide leadership around cancer control

Planned partnership activity:

 Collaboration on patient resources. Starting In May 2022 (Bladder Cancer Awareness Month) this will focus on educational video to promote awareness of bladder cancer symptoms and risk factors among high-risk groups

Evolution of Cxbladder.com as a resource hub for patients and caregivers:

 Growing library of clinical and care-focused articles designed to design to address topics of interest and common questions









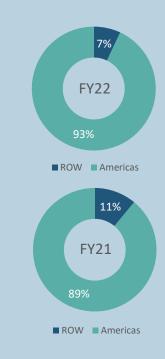


THE US AND TEST VOLUME GROWTH DRIVING REVENUES



- Operating revenue for FY22 49% up on the prior year to \$11.4m
- Seeing an acceleration in test volumes with new hires and easing of COVID restrictions (strong growth from March '22 to May '22)
- US continuing to contribute an increasing share of revenue

Regional Revenue Split







ACCELERATING INVESTMENT TO CAPTURE THE US OPPORTUNITY

Year to 31 March	2022 \$000	2021 \$000	Variance \$000	Change %
Operating revenue	11,445	7,701	3,744	49%
Total revenue	13,878	10,439	3,439	33%
Operating expenses	(33,666)	(24,662)	(9,004)	37%
Total comprehensive loss	(19,674)	(14,177)	(5,497)	39%
Cash receipts from customers	10,942	6,747	4,195	62%
Net operating cash outflow	(17,552)	(13,570)	(3,982)	29%
Net cash, cash equivalents and short-term deposits	105,412	23,129	82,283	356%

- Operating revenue growth of 49%
- Operating expenses up 37%, with sales and marketing making up 56% of this growth as we invest in future growth
- Cash receipts rise strongly year on year (up 62%), as reimbursement rates continue to increase
- Strong balance sheet following the \$103.5m capital raise in September / October 2021





OPERATING COSTS RISING IN LINE WITH CAPITAL RAISING PROGRAM

Operating Expenses Year to 31 March	2022 \$000	2021 \$000	Variance \$000	Change %
Laboratory Operations	6,498	5,466	1,032	19%
Research	5,135	4,584	551	12%
Sales and marketing	14,277	9,202	5,075	55%
General and administration	7,756	5,410	2,346	43%
Total operating expenses	33,666	24,662	9,004	37%

INVESTING IN FY23 TO DELIVER IN FY24

- Operating expenses increase 37% to \$33.7m
- Majority of expansion (56%) is in sales and marketing as we increase Account executives in the US, and COVID restrictions ease and face to face meetings recommence
- Laboratory operating expenses have increased in line with volumes
- R&D expenditure rising with clinical trial expansion and investment for long-term growth
- G&A up by \$2.3m with capital raising and ASX listing adding \$0.8m
- Expect increase in the coming year as investment for growth continues









- Pacific Edge expects its investment in innovation, evidence, people, and brand to drive growth in test volumes and revenue
- We also expect that the selling environment, including international travel will improve with COVID restrictions easing as the disease becomes endemic
- Consequently, Pacific Edge is excited and optimistic that the investment priorities outlined here are well aligned with longterm shareholder value, and we remain well-positioned to deliver that over the coming years





PACIFIC EDGE: A HISTORY OF RESEARCH-LED INNOVATION AND GROWTH Aug 2021 Cxbladder reaches 70% public healthcare coverage in NZ 2012 2001 O'Sullivan et al: Pacific Edge Oct 2021 **Cxbladder Detect** established Aug 2019 PEB raises \$103.5m performance validation Journal of Urology Konety et al: Clinical (~US\$72.5m) 2001-2006 2008 Utility of CxbD in The era of the Holyoake et al: Urine-Dec 2012 Nov 2016 adjudicating atypical Dec 2021 Microarray. Cancer based RNA detection Clinical trials cytology and First commercial Launch of Pacific Edge Dec 2014 biomarker panel sale of Cxbladder in of urothelial cancer Diagnostics USA and Launch of Cxbladder commence in equivocal cystoscopy exploration **European Urology** Australia Clin Cancer Res CxbD Singapore Triage 2007 2011 2013 2015 2018 2020 2001 2008 2012 2014 2016 2019 2021 2007 2011 Mar 2013 Mar 2015 Feb 2018 Apr 2020 PEDUSA receives Commercial Pacific Edge Kavalieris et al: CxbT adopted into Patient in-home sampling pivot to focus Diagnostics CLIA CxbT performance Canterbury initiated in the US on urothelial **New Zealand** accreditation validation BMC Community Health cancer (PEDNZ) Urology Pathways with Jun 2020 primary care diagnostics established May 2013 Kaiser Permanente. referral First commercial Dec 2015 approves commercial use sale (CxbD) for Launch of of Cxbladder PEDNZ **Cxbladder Monitor** Jul 2020 CMS confirms Mar 2013 reimbursement of First commercial Cxbladder at \$760/test sale (CxbD) for **PEDUSA**







CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022



Consolidated Financial Information

Company Directory	40
Independent Auditor's Report	36
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	7
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	6
Consolidated Balance Sheet	5
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	4
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	3

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 March 2022

	Notes	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)
REVENUE			
Operating Revenue	5	11,445	7,701
Total Operating Revenue		11,445	7,701
Other Income	5	1,691	2,386
Interest Income	9	549	351
Foreign Exchange Gain		193	1
Total Revenue and Other Income		13,878	10,439
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Laboratory Operations		6,498	5,466
Research	6	5,135	4,584
Sales and Marketing		14,277	9,202
General and Administration	7	7,756	5,410
Total Operating Expenses		33,666	24,662
NET LOSS BEFORE TAX		(19,788)	(14,223)
Income Tax Expense	16	-	-
LOSS FOR THE YEAR AFTER TAX		(19,788)	(14,223)
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Translation of Foreign Operations		114	46
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS attributable to equity holders of the Company		(19,674)	(14,177)
Earnings per share for loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company during the year	,		
Basic and Diluted Earnings per share	3	(0.026)	(0.020)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 March 2022

		Share Capital	Accumulated Losses	Share Based Payments Reserve	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Total Equity
	Notes	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)
Balance as at 31 March 2020		165,423	(156,242)	4,542	781	14,504
Loss after tax		-	(14,223)	-	-	(14,223)
Other Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	46	46
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS attributable to equity holders of the Company		-	(14,223)	-	46	(14,177)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:						
Issue of Share Capital	18	21,962	-	-	-	21,962
Share Based Payments - Employee Remuneration	8	284	-	-	-	284
Share Based Payment - Employee Share Options	8	2,636	404	(504)	-	2,536
Balance as at 31 March 2021		190,305	(170,061)	4,038	827	25,109
Balance as at 31 March 2021		190,305	(170,061)	4,038	827	25,109
Loss after tax		-	(19,788)	-	-	(19,788)
Other Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	114	114
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS attributable to equity holders of the Company		-	(19,788)	-	114	(19,674)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:						
Issue of Share Capital	18	99,622	-	-	-	99,622
Share Based Payments - Employee Remuneration	8	172	-	-	-	172
Share Based Payment - Employee Share Options	8	4,040	-	(893)	-	3,147
Balance as at 31 March 2022		294,139	(189,849)	3,145	941	108,376

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 March 2022

	Notes	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)
CURRENT ASSETS		(4000)	(+000)
Cash and Cash Equivalents	9	35,412	4,129
Short Term Deposits	9	70,000	19,000
Receivables	10	4,012	2,866
Inventory	11	1,007	790
Other Assets	12	1,183	557
Total Current Assets		111,614	27,342
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, Plant and Equipment	13	1,404	688
Right of Use Assets	23	1,830	2,977
Intangible Assets	14	434	177
Total Non-Current Assets		3,668	3,842
TOTAL ASSETS		115,282	31,184
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Payables and Accruals	17	4,983	3,197
Lease Liabilities	23	1,072	1,098
Total Current Liabilities		6,055	4,295
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease Liabilities	23	851	1,780
Total Current Liabilities		851	1,780
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,906	6,075
NET ASSETS		108,376	25,109
Represented by:			
EQUITY			
Share Capital	18	294,139	190,305
Accumulated Losses		(189,849)	(170,061)
Share Based Payments Reserve		3,145	4,038
Foreign Translation Reserve		941	827
TOTAL EQUITY		108,376	25,109
FURTHER INFORMATION			
Net Tangible Assets per share (\$)		0.133	0.034

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors dated the 25th day of May 2022:

Director Director

pwc

Salah NEark

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

	Notes	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)
CASH FLOWS TO OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Notes	(\$000)	(4000)
Cash was provided from:			
Receipts from Customers		10,942	6,747
Receipts from Grant Providers		1,413	1,059
Interest Received		365	271
		12,720	8,077
Cash was disbursed to:			
Payments to Suppliers and Employees		30,198	21,643
Net GST cash outflow		74	4
		30,272	21,647
Net Cash Flows To Operating Activities	20	(17,552)	(13,570)
CASH FLOWS TO INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash was provided from:			
Proceeds from Short Term Deposits		51,837	23,081
		51,837	23,081
Cash was disbursed to:			
Purchase of Short Term Deposits		102,837	29,052
Capital Expenditure on Plant and Equipment		713	270
Capital Expenditure on Intangible Assets		413	108
		103,963	29,430
Net Cash Flows To Investing Activities		(52,126)	(6,349)
The Cash Flows to investing Activities		(32,120)	(0,040)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash was received from:			
Ordinary Shares Issued	18	103,488	22,000
Exercising of Share Options		2,306	1,500
		105,794	23,500
Cash was disbursed to:			
Repayment of Leases - Principal	23	1,147	1,143
Repayment of Leases - Interest	23	126	107
Issue Expenses	18	3,865	38
·		5,138	1,288
Net Cash Flows From Financing Activities		100,656	22,212
Net increase in Cash Held		30,978	2,293
Add Opening Cash Brought Forward		4,129	1,755
Effect of exchange rate changes on net cash		305	81

Note: These Financial Statements are to be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2022

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements (hereafter referred to as the 'financial statements') presented for the year ended 31 March 2022 are for Pacific Edge Limited (the 'Company') and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the 'Group'). The Group's purpose is to research, develop and commercialise new diagnostic and prognostic tools for the early detection and management of cancers.

Pacific Edge Limited is registered in New Zealand under the Companies Act 1993 and is a Financial Markets Conduct (FMC) reporting entity under Part 7 of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013. The financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 and the NZX Listing Rules. The financial statements presented are those of the Group, consisting of the Parent entity, Pacific Edge Limited and its subsidiaries. The Company is dual listed, with its primary listing of ordinary shares quoted in New Zealand on the NZX Main Board, and a secondary listing in Australia as a Foreign Exempt Entity on the ASX.

These financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on the 25th May 2022.

Basis of Preparation

These financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in New Zealand (NZ GAAP). The Group is a for-profit entity for the purposes of complying with NZ GAAP. The financial statements comply with New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (NZ IFRS), other New Zealand accounting standards and authoritative notices that are applicable to entities that apply NZ IFRS. The financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand Dollars, which is the Company's functional currency and Group's presentation currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$000). The accounting principles recognised as appropriate for the measurement and reporting of earnings, cash flows and financial position on a historical cost basis have been used.

The Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows have been prepared so that all components are stated net of GST. All items in the Consolidated Balance Sheet are stated net of GST, with the exception of receivables and payables.

Management of Capital

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity raised by the issue of ordinary shares in the Company. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders, provide benefit for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to support the development of its business. The Company meets these objectives through closely managing revenue and expenditure, and where required issues new shares. As part of meeting these objectives, the Company completed a Share Placement in September 2021 (issuing 59,259,259 shares at \$1.35) and a further Retail Offer in October 2021 (issuing 17,398,099 shares at \$1.35 per share). Refer to Note 18 for further details on the capital raising activity during FY22.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Basis of Consolidation

The following entities and the basis of their inclusion for consolidation in these Financial Statements are as follows:

	Place of		Ownership Interests & Voting Rights		
Name of Subsidiary	Incorporation (or registration) & Operation	Principal Activity	31 March 2022 %	31 March 2021 %	
Pacific Edge Diagnostics New Zealand Limited	New Zealand	Commercial Sales and Diagnostic Laboratory Operation	100	100	
Pacific Edge (Australia) Pty Limited	Australia	Biotechnology Research & Development	100	100	
Pacific Edge Diagnostics USA Limited	USA	Commercial Sales and Diagnostic Laboratory Operation	100	100	
Pacific Edge Diagnostics Singapore Pte Limited	Singapore	Commercial Sales and Biotechnology Research & Development	100	100	
Pacific Edge Analytical Services Limited	New Zealand	Dormant Company	100	100	

The financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of all subsidiaries of Pacific Edge Limited as at 31 March 2022 and for the year then ended. All subsidiaries have the same balance date as the Company of 31 March.

Pacific Edge Limited consolidates all entities over which Pacific Edge Limited has control. Control is achieved when the Group:

- Has power to direct the activities of the entity;
- Is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from involvement with the entity; and
- Has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

Subsidiaries which form part of the Group are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interest issued by the Group.

The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets. Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Critical Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

In preparing these financial statements, the Group made estimates and assumptions concerning the future. These estimates and assumptions may differ from the subsequent actual results. Estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors including expectations or future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

All significant accounting policies have been applied on a basis consistent with those used in the audited financial statements of Pacific Edge Limited for the year ended 31 March 2021.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

2. **NEW STANDARDS**

New and Amended Standards Adopted by the Group

There are no new standards or interpretations material to the Group to be applied during the year.

New Standards and Interpretations Not Yet Adopted by the Group

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 31 March 2022 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the Group. These standards are not expected to have a material impact on the entity in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

3. **EARNINGS PER SHARE**

(a)

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit (or loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares on issue during the year excluding ordinary shares purchased by the Company (Note 18).

	GROUP			
	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)		
Loss attributable to equity holders of the Company	(19,788)	(14,223)		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares on issue	767,924	714,031		
Earnings per share	(0.026)	(0.020)		

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Group's dilutive potential ordinary shares are in the form of share options. As the Group made a loss during the current year and losses cannot be diluted, basic and diluted earnings per share are the same.

LABORATORY THROUGHPUT AND COMMERCIAL TESTS -4. NON-GAAP REPORTING

Laboratory Throughput is a key metric for the Group: Laboratory Throughput provides evidence of the usage of Cxbladder products globally and the rates of adoption between different customer segments. The inclusion of this non-GAAP reporting is considered helpful to readers of these accounts, as it allows readers to compare the current period to prior periods and assess usage trends on a consistent basis. Total laboratory throughput includes commercial tests, which are invoiced to customers (including tests for patients covered by the US government's medical program through the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)), and tests which are not considered to be commercial as these tests relate to Research Tests or other nonchargeable activities.

Commercial Test numbers are also a key metric for the Group: Commercial Tests are those tests for which the Company is actively seeking reimbursement and cash receipts, and tests performed at no charge in order to gain new customers. The inclusion of this non-GAAP reporting is considered helpful to readers of these accounts as it allows readers to compare the current period to prior periods and assess trends on a consistent basis.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Laboratory Throughput and Commercial Tests per financial year are shown below.

	FY22	FY21
Total Laboratory Throughput (tests)	23,086	15,814
Change in Total Laboratory Throughput (%)	46%	(6%)
Change in Throughput from previous year (tests)	7,272	(1,047)
Total Commercial Tests (tests)	19,196	12,976
Commercial Tests as a percentage of Total Laboratory Throughput (%)	83%	82%
Change in Commercial Tests from previous year (%)	48%	(5%)

5. REVENUE

Background information on US customers and the payment process

A physician orders a Cxbladder test when a patient presents to their clinic with symptoms that indicate the possibility of bladder cancer. The most common and significant symptom is haematuria or blood in their urine. A urine sample is collected from the patient and sent in the Cxbladder Urine Sampling System to the Group's laboratory in the US or in New Zealand. The Group receives and processes the urine sample and returns the results of the test back to the ordering physician. The individual patient is the Group's customer, however typically in the US market, the patient's insurer may pay the Group for some or all of the cost of the test.

When a physician orders a Cxbladder test, the Group has an obligation to perform the test and report the results to the ordering physician irrespective of the patient's insurance contract. A patient may have private insurance cover, be covered by the US government's medical program through CMS, self cover or have no insurance cover.

Once the Cxbladder test has been completed, all information required for insurance purposes is sent to the Group's billing and reimbursement agent to begin the process to collect reimbursement from any applicable insurance company/ies for the Cxbladder test performed.

For patients with private insurance cover, the relevant patient and test order information will be sent to their insurance provider. When the Group does not have an individual agreement with that insurance provider to pay for Cxbladder tests ("out of network"), the insurance provider will assess that individual patient's test for medical necessity and the level of insurance cover (if any) available to cover the cost of the test. This process of assessment can take many months to work through before the Group receives payments (if any) from the insurance company. The Group does have agreements with some insurance providers but these currently cover a small proportion of the Group's customers.

For patients covered by CMS, invoices are sent to CMS. Prior to 3 July 2020, Pacific Edge was not included in the Local Coverage Determination (LCD) and as a result, did not normally receive any amounts for tests performed for patients covered by CMS. On 3 July 2020, Pacific Edge received notice of inclusion in the LCD, resulting in the Company receiving reimbursement for Cxbladder Monitor and Detect tests performed after 1 July 2020 for patients covered by the CMS across the US that are deemed medically necessary.

For uninsured patients, the Group has no certainty of when or if the patient will pay.

Rest of World Customers

Revenue from Rest of World customers is primarily from the District Health Boards (DHBs) in New Zealand. In all Rest Of World locations, there is a clearly defined contract with the customer meeting the requirements of NZ IFRS 15. Pacific Edge Diagnostics New Zealand Limited has individual contracts with DHBs across New Zealand and revenue is recognised as described on the following pages.

Critical Accounting Estimate

The application of NZ IFRS 15: Revenue from contracts with customers (NZ IFRS 15) requires the application of significant judgement in determining whether the Group meets the five key criteria identified in NZ IFRS 15, which must be met before revenue may be recognised as performance obligations are satisfied. For the Group this would result in some revenue recognised in advance of the receipt of cash.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

The significant judgements adopted by the Group relate to:

- Determining if a contract with the customer exists;
- Identifying the rights of each party;
- Identifying the payment terms;
- Ensuring the contract has commercial substance; and
- Determining whether it is probable that the Group will collect the consideration to which it is entitled.

While there has been significant judgement applied to all five criteria, there are two criteria that have higher levels of uncertainty, requiring increased levels of judgement. The significant judgements applied to determine the Transaction Price and determining the probability of collecting consideration are detailed in the Accounting Policy relating to Revenue from Cxbladder Tests.

ACCOUNTING POLICY

Revenue from Cxbladder tests

The Group performs Cxbladder tests when requested by a patient's physician. At the point the test results are returned to the physician, the Group has satisfied its performance obligation and has the right to issue an invoice. The Group has determined a contract exists, and payment terms are identified, the contract has commercial substance and the rights of each party have been identified.

On the 3 July 2020, Pacific Edge received notice of inclusion in the LCD, resulting in the Company receiving reimbursement for Cxbladder Monitor and Detect tests performed after 1 July 2020 for patients covered by the CMS across the US that are deemed medically necessary. Reimbursement for these tests is at the already determined national CMS price for Cxbladder of US\$760 per test.

Since Cxbladder's inclusion in the LCD, based on historical data, the Group has been able to reliably estimate both the probability and size of payment received from the CMS. The inclusion within LCD combined with the growing support for the use of Cxbladder within the US has also allowed the Group to reliably estimate both the probability and size of payment received from customers covered by Medicare Advantage policies provided by private insurers.

Tests performed for patients covered by other private policies, or tests performed for those with no insurance cover continue to be recognised as revenue when cash is received due to not being able to reliably estimate both probability and size of payment received.

The Group have concluded that the contracts with the CMS and customers covered by Medicare Advantage include variable consideration because the amounts paid by Medicare or the commercial health insurance carriers that provide Medicare Advantage may be paid at less than our standard rates or not paid at all, with such differences considered implicit price concessions. Variable consideration attributable to these price concessions is measured at the expected value, and are determined by historical average collection rates by test type and payor category taking into consideration the range of possible outcomes, the predictive value of our past experiences. Such variable consideration is included in the transaction price only to the extent it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur.

A provision of \$143,000 has been included to allow for tests that have been paid to the group and recognised as revenue for the period to 31 March 2022, which are subsequently required to be refunded back to the payer after the 31 March 2022 as a result of internal reviews undertaken by that payer. The estimation of the appropriate allowance has been made by reviewing historical data of the Group.

As a result of the Significant Judgements applied, the Group have determined the criteria under NZ IFRS 15 which allows revenue to be recognised in advance of the receipt of cash have been met, and the Group has recognised revenue for tests which were performed from 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022 for which payment has not been received by 31 March 2022 for CMS and Medicare Advantage.

Rest of World revenue recognition from tests performed

There has been no change in accounting policy or estimates for Operating Revenue for the Rest of World.

The Group performs Cxbladder tests when requested by a patient's physician in New Zealand, Australia and Singapore. At the point the test results are returned to the physician, the Group has satisfied its performance obligations have been met. At the end of the month an invoice is issued to the cutomer based on the number of tests performed. Revenue is recognised when the test is returned.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

OTHER INCOME

Grant Income

Government Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be received. Government Grants are recognised in Other Income in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises the related costs as expenses for which the grants are intended to compensate.

The Company receives grants from Callaghan Innovation for postgraduate internships and summer students.

New Zealand Trade and Enterprise awarded the Company an International Growth Fund grant, to support the growth of the Group's commercial and marketing operations in the US. The grant commenced on 17 August 2020 and runs until 16 August 2023. New Zealand Trade and Enterprise reimburses the Company for 50 percent of eligible expenditure, up to a maximum of NZ\$600,000, which was reached during the year ended 31 March 2022.

All conditions of the grants have been complied with.

Research Rebates and Tax Incentives

- New Zealand R&D Tax Incentive (RDTI)

The New Zealand RDTI is a 15% tax credit on the money invested in eligible research and development (R&D) that has occurred in New Zealand. As the New Zealand companies are in a tax loss position, the Group is eligible for the Tax Incentive to be refunded.

The RDTI is recognised at its fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the credit will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

All conditions of the New Zealand RDTI have been complied with. Payment will be received after submission of each annual research and development tax claim.

- Australia Cxbladder Research Rebate

A Cxbladder research programme is administered by Pacific Edge Pty Limited and tax rebates are received as a result of this programme.

The Cxbladder research rebate is recognised at its fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the rebate will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

All conditions of the research rebate have been complied with. Payment will be received after submission of each annual research and development tax claim.

Covid-19 Support

During the previous year ended 31 March 2021, the Group received Covid-19 support in the countries in which it operates. No support was received during the year ended 31 March 2022.

REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)
Cxbladder Sales		
- US - Accrual Accounting	9,687	5,549
- US - Cash Accounting	953	1,339
- Total US Sales	10,640	6,888
- Rest Of World	805	813
Total Operating Revenue	11,445	7,701
Other Income		
Grant Revenue	321	322
Research Rebates and Tax Incentives	1,370	952
Covid-19 Support		1,112
Total Other Income	1,691	2,386

For the year ended 31 March 2022

PREVIOUSLY UNRECOGNISED REVENUE

Approximately 40% of Cxbladder tests performed by the Group in the US up to 30 June 2020 relate to patients covered by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). The Group invoiced CMS for tests performed for all patients with CMS coverage, however no revenue from these 22,634 tests has been recognised in the past.

In previous Financial Statements the Group reported that while no revenue has been received or recognised on these 22,634 tests, the Group still noted the potential of future receipt as negotiations continued. Negotiations have concluded and no further avenue is available for the Group to obtain reimbursement.

6. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COSTS

ACCOUNTING POLICY

Research is the original and planned investigation undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific knowledge and understanding. This includes: direct and overhead expenses for diagnostic and prognostic biomarker discovery and research; pre-clinical trials; and costs associated with clinical trial activities. All research costs are expensed when incurred.

Development is the application of research findings to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved processes or products prior to the commencement of commercial production.

When a project reaches the stage where it is probable that future expenditure can be recovered through the process or products produced, expenditure that is directly attributed or reasonably allocated to that project is recognised as a development asset within intangible assets. If the expenditure also benefits processes or products for which it cannot be recovered, it will be expensed. The asset will be amortised from the date of commencement of commercial production of the product to which it relates on a straight-line basis over the period of expected benefit. Development assets are reviewed annually for any impairment in their carrying value.

	GROUP			
	Notes	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)	
Research Expenses		5,135	4,584	
Includes:				
Employee Benefits	8	2,664	2,423	

For the year ended 31 March 2022

7. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

			GR	OUP
		Notes	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)
Amortisation		14	78	55
Auditors Remuneration	: PricewaterhouseCoopers New Zealand			
	Group year end financial statementsHalf year review of financial statementSingapore Statutory financial stateme		172 28 12	155 29 11
Auditors Remuneration	: PricewaterhouseCoopers Singapore			
	- Statutory financial statements		12	12
Depreciation		13	132	94
Depreciation on Right of	of Use Assets	23	176	225
Directors Fees			413	278
Employee Benefits		8	3,216	2,507
Insurance			418	273
Interest on Lease Liabil	ities	23	23	39
NZX, ASX and Registry	Fees		901	121
Other Operating Expen	ses		2,175	1,611
			7,756	5,410

^{*} In addition to the Auditors Remuneration in the General and Administration Expenses, \$NZ42,000 was paid to PwC Australia for the review of the proforma financials related to the ASX Listing and Capital Raise and has been included in Issue Expenses within Share Capital.

Note: Amounts displayed for Amortisation, Depreciation and Employee Benefits are only the General and Administration Expenses component of the total expenses. Refer to relevant notes for full expense disclosure.

Other Operating Expenses

The major categories of expenditure which make up General and Administration Expenses, but are not disclosed separately above are Information Technology costs, Compliance and Regulatory costs, Investor Relations costs, Consultants and Contractors.

8. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

		GRO	DUP
	Notes	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)
Represented by:			
Employee Benefits:			
Employee Benefits in Lab Operations		2,145	1,879
Employee Benefits in Research	6	2,664	2,423
Employee Benefits in Sales and Marketing		9,848	6,616
Employee Benefits in General and Administration	7	3,216	2,507
Total Employee Benefits		17,873	13,425

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Employee Share Scheme

The Company has an Employee Share Scheme where ordinary shares in the Company may be issued to selected employees to recognise performance or a significant contribution to the Company. These shares may be issued in lieu of a cash bonus or in addition to the employee's remuneration. The ordinary shares are issued directly to the employee and the Company accounts for the cost of the shares. The shares are allocated to the employee on the date that the Board approves the issue of the share capital. All employees who hold ordinary shares in the Company must comply with the Company's Share Trading Policy.

The issuance of ordinary shares to employees is treated as equity settled share-based payments. Equity-settled share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date based on the market price at the time of issuance. The fair value of shares granted is recognised as an employee expense in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income when the shares are issued. During the 2022 financial year, 123,000 (2021: 645,000) ordinary shares were issued to employees as part of the Employee Share Scheme. The associated non-cash cost of these shares was \$172,000 (2021: \$284,000). Refer to Note 18 for further details on the shares issued during the financial year.

Employee Share Option Scheme

The Board believes that the issue of share options provides an appropriate incentive for participating employees to grow the total shareholder return of the Company. Share options are issued to selected employees to recognise performance or contribution to the Company or as a long-term component of remuneration in accordance with the Group's remuneration policy.

The Company has two categories of Share Options which are outlined below:

Performance Options

Performance Options are issued to selected employees to recognise performance or a significant contribution to the Company. Performance Options entitle the holder, on payment of the exercise price, to one ordinary share of the Company. The exercise price of the granted options is determined using the fair value of the Company's share price at the time of the options being granted. Performance Options vest immediately and there is no service requirement linked to the options or any other vesting conditions. The term in which options may be exercised, and ultimately lapse if not exercised, is up to ten years.

Incentive Options

Incentive Options are issued to selected employees as a long-term component of remuneration in accordance with the Group's remuneration policy. Incentive Options entitle the holder, on payment of the exercise price, to one ordinary share of the Company.

The exercise price of the granted options is determined using the fair value of the Company's share price at the time of the options being granted. Incentive Options vest over three years and there is a requirement to remain as an employee of the Company in order for the options to vest. Tranches of options are exercisable over four to ten years from the relevant vesting date. No options can be exercised later than the tenth anniversary of the final vesting date.

ACCOUNTING POLICY

All options are accounted for as equity settled share based payments as the Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle any awards in cash. The fair value of all options granted is recognised as an expense in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income over their vesting period, with a corresponding increase in the employee share option reserve.

The fair value is determined at the grant date of the options and expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revisits its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the share based payments reserve.

During the year, there were 5,527,000 (2021: 3,636,000) share options exercised resulting in an increase in share capital of \$4,040,000 (2021: \$2,636,000). Refer to note 18 for further details on the share options that were exercised.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Movements in the number of options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

	GROUP			
	202	2	202	1
	Weighted average exercise price \$	Options #	Weighted average exercise price \$	Options #
Outstanding at 1 April	0.42	15,952,289	0.42	18,137,598
Granted	1.23	3,682,500	0.30	2,493,836
Forfeited	0.32	(246,076)	0.23	(277,490)
Exercised*	0.42	(5,527,394)	0.41	(3,635,838)
Expired	-	-	0.80	(765,817)
Outstanding at 31 March	0.60	13,861,319	0.39	15,952,289
Exercisable at 31 March	0.27	9,908,171	0.31	12,765,384

^{*} The weighted average share price at the date of options exercised during the year ended 31 March 2022 was NZ\$1.35 (2021: NZ\$0.92).

The Group used the Black-Scholes valuation model to determine the fair value of the equity instruments granted. The Black-Scholes valuation model has been determined as the most appropriate method as it estimates the theoretical value of derivatives taking into account the impact of time and other risk factors. The significant inputs into the Black-Scholes valuation model were the market share price at grant date, the exercise price shown below, the expected annualised volatility of 50-70%, a dividend yield of 0%, an expected option life of between one and ten years and an annual risk-free interest rate of between 0.65% and 4.71%.

The volatility measured is the standard deviation of continuously compounded share returns and is based on a statistical analysis of daily share prices in the past one to ten years.

Share options outstanding at the end of the reporting periods have the following expiry dates, vesting dates and exercise prices:

Expiry Month	Vesting Date	Exercise Price \$	31 March 2022 Options #	31 March 2021 Options #
September 2021	September 2017	0.80	-	750,000
September 2024	September 2014	0.69	95,000	180,000 *
April 2025	April 2015	0.69	6,666	6,666
July 2025	July 2015	0.69	12,498	12,498
August 2025	August 2015	0.72	4,166	4,166
September 2025	September 2015	0.72	14,998	14,998
September 2025	September 2015	0.69	15,000	15,000
September 2025	September 2015	0.50	85,000	190,000 *
November 2025	November 2015	0.72	83,333	83,333
January 2026	January 2016	0.72	17,498	17,498
April 2026	April 2016	0.69	6,667	6,667
July 2026	July 2016	0.69	12,501	12,501
July 2026	July 2016	0.50	8,332	8,332
August 2026	August 2016	0.72	2,866	2,866
August 2026	August 2016	0.50	8,332	8,332
September 2026	September 2016	0.72	15,001	15,001
September 2026	September 2016	0.69	15,000	15,000

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Expiry Month	Vesting Date	Exercise Price \$	31 March 2022 Options #	31 March 2021 Options #
September 2026	September 2016	0.50	85,333	85,333
November 2026	November 2016	0.72	83,333	83,333
November 2026	November 2016	0.60	8,332	8,332
November 2026	November 2016	0.48	10,000	30,000 *
December 2026	December 2016	0.60	10,832	10,832
January 2027	January 2017	0.72	10,834	10,834
February 2027	February 2023	1.15	600,000	-
March 2027	March 2017	0.60	4,166	4,166
April 2027	April 2017	0.69	6,667	6,667
April 2027	April 2017	0.60	75,000	75,000
July 2027	July 2017	0.69	10,012	343,346
July 2027	July 2017	0.50	4,190	4,190
August 2027	August 2017	0.50	8,334	8,334
August 2027	August 2017	0.48	4,166	4,166
September 2027	September 2017	0.72	10,594	10,594
September 2027	September 2017	0.69	15,000	15,000
September 2027	September 2017	0.50	79,168	79,168
September 2027	September 2017	0.48	6,666	6,666
November 2027	November 2017	0.72	83,334	83,334
November 2027	November 2017	0.60	8,334	8,334
December 2027	December 2017	0.60	3,790	3,790
December 2027	December 2017	0.51	4,166	4,166
January 2028	January 2018	0.72	7,473	7,473
January 2028	January 2018	0.51	12,498	12,498
February 2028	February 2024	1.25	600,000	-
March 2028	March 2018	0.60	4,167	4,167
April 2028	April 2018	0.60	75,000	75,000
May 2028	May 2018	0.51	836,664	1,319,994
May 2028	May 2018	0.28	6,666	6,666
July 2028	July 2018	0.50	2,671	2,671
August 2028	August 2018	0.50	4,315	4,315
August 2028	August 2018	0.48	3,916	3,916
September 2028	September 2018	0.50	219	219
September 2028	September 2018	0.48	4,128	4,128
October 2028	October 2018	0.48	_	30,000
October 2028	October 2018	0.28	8,332	8,332
November 2028	November 2018	0.60	6,816	6,816
December 2028	December 2018	0.51	4,167	4,167
January 2029	January 2019	0.51	6,416	6,416
February 2029	February 2019	0.28	6,666	6,666

For the year ended 31 March 2022

		Exercise Price	31 March 2022 Options	31 March 2021 Options
Expiry Month	Vesting Date	\$	#	. #
February 2029	February 2025	1.25	600,000	-
March 2029	March 2019	0.60	68	68
April 2029	April 2019	0.60	75,000	75,000
May 2029	May 2019	0.51	964,247	1,414,249
May 2029	May 2019	0.28	6,667	6,667
June 2029	June 2019	0.28	4,166	4,166
July 2029	July 2019	0.28	4,166	4,166
August 2029	August 2019	0.23	4,166	4,166
October 2029	October 2019	0.48	40,000	40,000
October 2029	October 2019	0.28	8,334	8,334
October 2029	October 2019	0.23	4,166	4,166
November 2029	November 2019	0.23	8,332	8,332
December 2029	December 2019	0.51	2,717	2,717
January 2030	January 2020	0.51	3,767	3,767
February 2030	February 2020	0.28	6,667	6,667
February 2030	February 2026	1.25	600,000	-
May 2030	May 2020	0.51	906,322	1,322,990
May 2030	May 2020	0.28	5,334	5,334
June 2030	June 2020	0.28	2,432	2,432
July 2030	July 2020	0.28	4,167	4,167
August 2030	August 2020	0.23	437,494	1,260,826
October 2030	October 2020	0.28	8,334	8,334
October 2030	October 2020	0.23	4,167	4,167
November 2030	November 2020	0.23	8,334	8,334
February 2031	February 2021	0.28	6,667	6,667
February 2031	February 2027	1.25	600,000	-
June 2031	June 2021	0.22	388,888	719,612
July 2031	July 2021	0.28	4,167	4,167
August 2031	August 2021	0.23	990,746	2,754,172
October 2031	October 2021	0.23	4,167	4,167
November 2031	November 2021	0.23	8,334	8,334
December 2031	December 2021	0.8	335,000	335,000
June 2032	June 2022	0.22	719,612	719,612
August 2032	August 2022	1.23	210,825	-
August 2032	August 2022	0.23	2,617,360	2,750,011
June 2033	June 2023	0.22	719,612	719,612
August 2033	August 2023	1.23	210,837	-
August 2034	August 2024	1.23	210,838	-
			13,861,319	15,952,290

^{*} Included within these tranches are 190,000 options (2021: 400,000 options) that vested immediately.



For the year ended 31 March 2022

9. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND SHORT TERM DEPOSITS

ACCOUNTING POLICY

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand and deposits held on call with banks, and bank overdrafts. Term deposits are also presented as cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less from acquisition date.

Short Term Deposits and Cash Equivalents include investments with ANZ, BNZ, Kiwibank and Westpac (2021: ANZ, BNZ and Heartland), with periods ranging up to 365 days. Funds held on term deposit with ANZ, BNZ Westpac and Kiwibank can be accessed with one month's notice at the request of the authorised bank signatories of Pacific Edge Limited.

	GROUP		
	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	35,412	4,129	
Short Term Deposits	70,000	19,000	
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents and Short Term Deposits	105,412	23,129	
NZD	84,517	22,513	
USD	18,601	578	
AUD	2,284	25	
EUR	1	1	
SGD	9	12	
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents and Short Term Deposits	105,412	23,129	

INTEREST INCOME

ACCOUNTING POLICY

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

Interest on the bank balances ranges from 0% to 1.89% (2021: 0% to 1.70%) per annum.

10. RECEIVABLES

ACCOUNTING POLICY

Receivables are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any provision for impairment. An allowance for impairment is made up of expected credit losses based on the assessment of the trade receivables debt at the individual level for impairment, plus an additional allowance on the remaining balance for potential credit losses not yet identified.

	GROUP		
	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)	
Trade Receivables	1,633	1,016	
Sundry Debtors	1,925	1,655	
Accrued Interest	337	152	
GST Refund Due / (Payable)	117	43	
Total Receivables	4,012	2,866	

For the year ended 31 March 2022

There is no provision for impairment relating to the revenue from Cxbladder sales in New Zealand. All outstanding sales are current and there are no expected credit losses on the amounts outstanding at balance date.

US Trade Receivables includes a provision for future refunds of \$143,000.

Sundry Debtors include accruals for grants and rebates that have not yet been paid. These are expected to be paid once the relevant claims have been submitted. The Company has met all conditions of the claims and there is no indication that there is impairment of these balances.

Included in trade receivables are the below amounts which were past due but not impaired. These relate to a number of customers for whom there is no history of default.

	GROUP	
	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)
3 to 6 Months	109	27
Total Overdue Trade Receivables	109	27

The foreign currency split of Receivables is:

	GROUP		
	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)	
NZD	1,579	1,310	
USD	1,550	935	
AUD	883	621	
Total Receivables	4,012	2,866	

11. INVENTORY

ACCOUNTING POLICY

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average formula.

	GROUP		
	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)	
Laboratory Supplies	1,007	790	
Total Inventory	1,007	790	

The major items of Inventory are laboratory reagents, chemicals and Cxbladder urine sampling systems.

Laboratory supplies used during the year of \$1,569,000 (2021: \$1,261,000) are included within the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income in Laboratory Operations and Research.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

12. OTHER ASSETS

	GROUP		
	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)	
Prepayments	1,014	398	
Security Deposits	169	159	
Total Other Assets	1,183	557	

Prepayments are largely made up of insurance, industry conferences, subscriptions and travel not used. Security deposits are paid to secure properties for lease in US and Singapore and to secure credit cards in the US.

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

ACCOUNTING POLICY

Property, Plant and Equipment are those assets held by the Group for the purpose of carrying on its business activities on an ongoing basis. All Property, Plant and Equipment is stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The cost of purchased assets includes the original purchase consideration given to acquire the assets, and the value of other directly attributable costs that have been incurred in bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for their intended service. This includes the laboratory equipment for the establishment of the laboratories.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the net proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income when they occur.

Depreciation

Depreciation of plant and equipment is based on writing off the assets over their useful lives, using the straight line (SL) and diminishing value (DV) basis.

Main rates used are:

Plant and Laboratory Equipment	5% to 40%	DV
Computer Equipment	5% to 67%	DV
Leasehold Improvements	6% to 10%	SL
Furniture and Fittings	5% to 25%	DV

The assets' useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

	Plant & Laboratory Equipment (\$000)	Computer Equipment (\$000)	Leasehold Improvements (\$000)	Furniture & Fittings (\$000)	Total (\$000)
Cost					
Balance at 1 April 2020	2,385	764	331	348	3,828
Additions	195	46	29	-	270
Disposals	(244)	(246)	(1)	(22)	(513)
Translation Difference	(143)	(52)	(22)	(27)	(244)
Balance at 31 March 2021	2,193	512	337	299	3,341
Balance at 1 April 2021	2,193	512	337	299	3,341
Additions	511	232	213	33	989
Disposals	(788)	(362)	(159)	(7)	(1,316)
Translation Difference	1	2	1	1	5
Balance at 31 March 2022	1,917	384	392	326	3,019
Accumulated Depreciation Balance at 1 April 2020 Depreciation Expense	2,073	677 49	149 18	277	3,176 189
Disposals	(237)	(241)	(1)	(20)	(499)
Translation Difference Balance at 31 March 2021	(130) 1,824	(46) 439	(11) 155	(26) 235	(213) 2,653
Balance at 1 April 2021	1,824	439	155	235	2,653
Depreciation Expense	150	89	14	10	263
Disposals	(787)	(355)	(71)	(91)	(1,304)
Translation Difference	2	1		-	3
Balance at 31 March 2022	1,189	174	98	154	1,615
Carrying Amounts	710	0.7	100	71	652
At 1 April 2020	312	87	182	71	652
At 31 March 2021	369	73	182	64	688
At 31 March 2022	728	210	294	172	1,404

14. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

ACCOUNTING POLICY

Intellectual Property

The costs of acquired Intellectual Property are recognised at cost. All Intellectual Property has a finite life. The carrying value of Intellectual Property is reviewed for impairment, where indicators of impairment exist. Amortisation is charged on a diminishing value basis over the estimated useful life of the intangible assets (1-20 years). The estimated useful life and amortisation method is reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

The following costs associated with Intellectual Property are expensed as incurred during the research phases of a project and are only capitalised when incurred as part of the development phase of a process or product within development assets: Internal Intellectual Property costs including the costs of patents and patent application.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Software Development Costs

Costs associated with the development of software are held at cost. Amortisation is charged on a diminishing value basis over the estimated useful life of the intangible assets (2-10 years). The estimated useful life and amortisation method is reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

Cxblader Development Costs

Costs associated with the development of Cxbladder products are held at cost. Amortisation is charged on a diminishing value basis over the estimated useful life of the intangible assets (20 years). The estimated useful life and amortisation method is reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

	Software Development		Cxbladder Development	
	Costs (\$000)	Patents (\$000)	Costs (\$000)	Total (\$000)
Cost				
Balance at 1 April 2020	887	347	33	1,267
Additions	40	68	-	108
Foreign Translation Difference	(6)	-	-	(6)
Balance at 31 March 2021	921	415	33	1,369
Balance at 1 April 2021	921	415	33	1,369
Additions	278	135	-	413
Foreign Translation Difference	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2022	1,199	550	33	1,782
Accumulated Amortisation				
Balance at 1 April 2020	799	273	16	1,088
Amortisation Expense	53	55	2	110
Foreign Translation Difference	(6)	-	-	(6)
Balance at 31 March 2021	846	328	18	1,192
Balance at 1 April 2021	846	328	18	1,192
Amortisation Expense	87	67	2	156
Foreign Translation Difference	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2022	933	395	20	1,348
Carrying Amounts				
At 31 March 2020	88	74	17	179
At 31 March 2021	75	87	15	177
At 31 March 2022	266	155	13	434

15. SEGMENT INFORMATION

ACCOUNTING POLICY

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer who makes strategic decisions.

There are two operating segments at balance date:

- 1. Commercial: The sales, marketing, laboratory and support operations to run the commercial businesses worldwide.
- 2. Research: The research and development of diagnostic and prognostic products for human cancer.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

The reportable operating segment Commercial derives its revenue primarily from sales of Cxbladder tests and the reportable operating segment Research derives its revenue primarily from grant income. The Chief Executive Officer assesses the performance of the operating segments based on their net result for the period.

Segment income, expenses and profitability are presented on a gross basis excluding inter-segment eliminations to best represent the performance of each segment operating as independent business units. The segment information provided to the Chief Executive Officer for the reportable segment described above, for the year ended 31 March 2022, is shown below.

	Less:				
2022	Commercial (\$000)	Research (\$000)	Eliminations (\$000)	Total (\$000)	
Income					
Operating Revenue - External	11,445	-	-	11,445	
- Internal	-	-	-	-	
Other Income	437	2,187	(933)	1,691	
Interest Income	2	547	-	549	
Foreign Exchange Gain	-	193	-	193	
Total Income	11,884	2,927	(933)	13,878	
Expenses					
Expenses	20,378	12,737	(933)	32,182	
Depreciation & Amortisation	977	507	-	1,484	
Total Operating Expenses	21,355	13,244	(933)	33,666	
Loss Before Tax	(9,471)	(10,317)	-	(19,788)	
Income Tax Expense	-	-	-	-	
Loss After Tax	(9,471)	(10,317)	-	(19,788)	
Net Cash Flow to Operating Activities	(8,620)	(8,932)	_	(17,552)	

			Less:	
2021	Commercial (\$000)	Research (\$000)	Eliminations (\$000)	Total (\$000)
Income				
Operating Revenue - External	7,701	-	-	7,701
- Internal	-	-	-	-
Other Income	1,224	2,130	(968)	2,386
Interest Income	1	350	-	351
Foreign Exchange Gain	3	(2)	-	1
Total Income	8,929	2,478	(968)	10,439
Expenses				
Expenses	14,529	9,730	(968)	23,291
Depreciation and Amortisation	934	437	-	1,371
Total Operating Expenses	15,463	10,167	(968)	24,662
Loss Before Tax	(6,534)	(7,689)	-	(14,223)
Income Tax Expense	-	-	-	-
Loss After Tax	(6,534)	(7,689)	-	(14,223)
Net Cash Flow to Operating Activities	(6,438)	(7,132)	-	(13,570)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Eliminations

These are the intercompany transactions between the subsidiaries and the Parent. These are eliminated on consolidation of Group results. The Research segment of the business utilise consumables and other components that are purchased by the Commercial segments of the business, with the costs of these components allocated to the Research segment, and the Commercial segment recognising the revenue from the sale.

Segment Assets and Liabilities Information

2022	Commercial (\$000)	Research (\$000)	Total (\$000)
Total Assets	6,031	109,251	115,282
Total Liabilities	4,571	2,335	6,906

2021	Commercial (\$000)	Research (\$000)	Total (\$000)
Total Assets	5,477	25,707	31,184
Total Liabilities	4,529	1,546	6,075

Additions to Non Current Assets for the period include:

	Commercial (\$000)	Research (\$000)	Total (\$000)
Property, Plant and Equipment	823	166	989
Right of Use Assets	148	-	148
Intangible Assets	279	134	413
Total Additions to Non Current Assets	1,250	300	1,550

The amounts provided to the Chief Executive Officer with respect to total assets and total liabilities are measured in a manner consistent with that of the financial statements. These assets and liabilities are allocated based on the operation of the segment and the physical location of the asset.

There are no unallocated assets or liabilities.

Geographic Split of Revenue and Non-Current Assets

The Group generates most of the operating revenue from Commercial tests from the US and New Zealand, and also receives Grant revenue from Australia and New Zealand. Rest of World consists of Revenue from Australia and Singapore.

	2022	2021
	(\$000)	(\$000)
Operating and Grant Revenue		
US	10,640	7,677
New Zealand	1,729	2,133
Rest of World	767	277
Total Operating and Grant Revenue	13.136	10.087

	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)
Non-Current Assets		
US	1,611	2,201
New Zealand	2,057	1,618
Rest of World	-	23
Total Non-Current Assets	3,668	3,842

For the year ended 31 March 2022

16. INCOME TAX

ACCOUNTING POLICY

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements in accordance with NZ IAS 12. Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

The Company and Group has incurred an operating loss for the 2022 financial year and no income tax is payable.

	GROUP		
	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)	
Income Tax recognised in the profit or loss:			
Current tax expense	-	-	
Deferred Tax in respect of the current year	(4,258)	(6,291)	
Adjustments to deferred tax in respect to prior years	94	512	
Deferred tax assets not recognised	4,164	5,779	
Income tax expense	-	-	
The prima facie income tax on pre-tax accounting profit from operations reconciles to:			
Accounting loss before income tax	(19,788)	(14,223)	
At the statutory income tax rate of 28%	(5,541)	(3,982)	
Non-deductible expenditure	626	(2,760)	
Difference in US, Singapore and Australian income tax rates	657	451	
Prior period adjustment	94	512	
Deferred tax assets not recognised	4,164	5,779	
Income tax expense reported in Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	-	-	

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Tax Losses

The group has losses to carry forward of approximately \$112,330,000 (2021: \$94,400,000) with a potential tax benefit of \$25,694,000 (2021: \$21,500,000). The tax losses are split between the following jurisdictions:

	Tax Losses	Tax Effect	
	(\$000)	(\$000)	Rate
New Zealand	29,200	8,200	28%
Australia	1,200	400	30%
Singapore	1,500	200	17%
United States	80,300	16,900	21%

Tax losses are available to be carried forward and offset against future taxable income subject to the various conditions required by income tax legislation being complied with.

Deferred Research and Development Tax Expenditure:

The Group also has deferred research and development tax expenditure of \$45,846,000 (2021: \$42,200,000) to carry forward and claim for income tax purposes in New Zealand in the future. This has a tax effect of \$12,889,000 (2021: \$11,900,000). The deferred research and development tax expenditure can either be carried forward and offset against future income arising from the research and development, or subject to meeting the shareholder continuity requirements can be offset against future other taxable income.

Deferred Tax Assets:

The Group does not recognise a deferred tax asset in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Imputation Credit Account

The Group has imputation credits of Nil (2021: Nil).

17. PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

ACCOUNTING POLICY

Trade and Other Payables Due Within One Year

Trade payables are recognised at the value of the invoice received from a supplier. The carrying value of trade payables is considered to approximate fair value as amounts are unsecured and are usually paid by the 30th of the month following recognition.

	GR	OUP
	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)
Trade Creditors	1,906	818
Accrued Expenses	659	411
Employee Entitlements (refer below)	2,418	1,968
Total Payables and Accruals	4,983	3,197

Payables and accruals are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30 day terms, therefore their carrying value approximates their fair value.

The foreign currency split for Payables and Accruals is:

	GF	ROUP
	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)
NZD	2,161	1,025
AUD	131	126
USD	2,656	2,013
SGD	35	33
	4,983	3,197

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Employee Entitlements

Employee entitlements are measured at values based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date and annual leave earned to, but not yet taken at balance date.

	GROUP		
	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)	
Income Tax	214	361	
Holiday Pay	360	261	
Accrued Wages	1,844	1,346	
Total Employee Entitlements	2,418	1,968	

18. SHARE CAPITAL

ACCOUNTING POLICY

Ordinary shares are described as equity.

Issue expenses, including commission paid, relating to the issue of ordinary share capital, have been written off against the issued share price received and recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity.

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. Details regarding the determination of the fair value of equity-settled share based transactions are set out in Note 8.

	GROUP		
	2022	2021	
	(\$000)	(\$000)	
Ordinary Shares Authorised	294,139	190,305	
Total Share Capital	294,139	190,305	

All fully paid shares in the Group are Authorised and have equal voting rights and equal rights to dividends. All Ordinary Shares are fully paid and have no par value.

Share Capital Group

	2022 Shares (000)	2022 (\$000)	2021 Shares (000)	2021 (\$000)
Opening Balance	727,779	190,305	689,652	165,423
Issue of Ordinary Shares - Placement ¹	76,657	103,487	33,846	22,000
Issue of Ordinary Shares - Exercise of share options ²	5,528	4,040	3,636	2,636
Issue of Ordinary Shares - Employee Remuneration ³	123	172	645	284
Less: Issue Expenses	-	(3,865)	-	(38)
Movement	82,308	103,834	38,127	24,882
Closing Balance	810,087	294,139	727,779	190,305

- 1) During the period 76,657,358 shares were issued under placements at \$1.35 per share. (2021: 33,846,154 at \$0.65)
- 2) During the period 5,527,391 share options were exercised at an average price of \$0.42 per share (2021: 3,635,835 at an average price of \$0.41)
- 3) During the period 123,086 shares were issued as part of employees remuneration in lieu of cash payments at an average price of \$1.40 per share. (2021: 645,182 at \$0.44)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

19. FOREIGN CURRENCY

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Foreign Currency Transactions

The individual financial statements of the Group are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the Group financial statements, the results and financial position of the Group entity are expressed in New Zealand dollars ('NZ\$'), which is the functional currency of the Parent and the presentation currency for the Group financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Non monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on the date the transaction occurs.

Exchange differences are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which they arise.

Foreign Operations

For the purpose of presenting the Group financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are expressed in New Zealand dollars using exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated as a separate component of equity in the Group's foreign currency translation reserve. Such exchange differences are reclassified from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

Foreign Currency Translation Reserve

Exchange differences relating to the translation from the functional currencies of the Group's foreign subsidiaries into New Zealand dollars are brought to account by entries made directly to the Foreign Currency Translation Reserve.

20. RECONCILIATION OF CASH FLOWS TO OPERATING ACTIVITIES WITH NET LOSS

	GR	OUP
	2022 (\$000)	2021 \$000
Net Loss for the Period	(19,788)	(14,223)
Add Non Cash Items:		
Depreciation	263	189
Loss on disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	11	13
Amortisation	156	110
Employee Share Options	839	1,035
Employee Bonuses paid in shares in lieu of cash	172	284
Depreciation on Right of Use Assets	1,064	1,073
Interest on finance leases shown in lease repayments	126	103
Total Non Cash Items	2,631	2,807
Add Movements in Other Working Capital items:		
Increase in Receivables and Other Assets	(1,772)	(2,088)
Increase (Decrease) in Inventory	(217)	6
Increase (Decrease) in Payables and Accruals	1,786	(71)
Effect of exchange rates on net cash	(192)	(1)
Total Movement in Other Working Capital	(395)	(2,154)
Net Cash Flows to Operating Activities	(17,552)	(13,570)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

21. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

ACCOUNTING POLICY

Foreign Currency Transactions

Financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, short term deposits, receivables, security deposits, finance lease liabilities and trade creditors. The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

Managing Financial Risk

The Group's activities expose it to the financial risks of changes in interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and foreign currency risk.

Management is of the opinion that the Company and Group's exposure to market risk during the period and at balance date is defined as:

Risk Factor	Description
(i) Currency risk	Financial assets and financial liabilities are denominated in NZD, USD, AUD, SGD and EUR currencies
(ii) Interest rate risk	Exposure to changes in Bank interest rates resulting in cashflow interest rate risk
(iii) Credit Risk	Risk of financial loss in counterparty fails to meet contractual obligations
(iv) Liquidity Risk	Risk the Group may not be able to meet its commitments as they fall due
(v) Other price risk	Not applicable as no securities are bought, sold or traded

(i) Foreign Currency Risk

The Group faces the risk of movements in foreign currency exchange rates in relation to the New Zealand dollar. The Group has significant operations in United States Dollars and less significant operations in Australian dollars, Euros and Singapore dollars. As a result of this, the financial performance and financial position are impacted by movements in exchange rates.

The Group manages foreign currency risk by purchasing overseas goods only when necessary. It will also purchase foreign currency to fund overseas operations based on cash flow forecasts where it can maximise value. There are no formal foreign currency hedges entered into.

A 10% increase or decrease in foreign currency against the NZD will reduce/increase the loss reported by approximately \$167,000 (2021: \$130,000) and increase/reduce equity by the same amount.

(ii) Interest Rate Risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises from its cash and equivalents, and short term deposits. Cash and equivalents comprise cash on hand and deposits at call with banks. Short term deposits comprise of term deposits placed with New Zealand banks on fixed rates for different periods of time.

Management regularly review its banking arrangements to ensure it achieves the best returns on its funds while maintaining access to necessary liquidity levels to service the Group's day-to-day activities. The mixture of bank deposits at floating interest rates and short term deposits at different rates over various periods of time mitigate the risk of interest rates being received at less than market rates. The Group does not enter into interest rate hedges.

A 1% increase or decrease in bank deposit interest rates will reduce/increase the loss reported by approximately \$1,041,000 and increase/reduce equity by the same amount (2021: \$219,000).

(iii) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Group incurs credit risk from:

- a) Cash and short term deposits;
- b) Receivables in the normal course of its business; and
- c) Other assets.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk other than bank deposits with 26.1% at Westpac, 25.4% at BNZ, 22.3% at ANZ, 17.4% at Kiwibank and 0.4% at Wells Fargo. The Group's cash and short term deposits are placed with high credit quality financial institutions including major banks who have at least a A+ credit rating

Regular monitoring of receivables is undertaken to ensure that the credit exposure remains within the Group's normal terms of trade. These receivables balances mainly relate to New Zealand customers, US customers, and the Australian Government. Refer to note 10 for further details on expected credit losses for receivables.

The Group continues to invoice for every billable test completed in the US, and the billing and reimbursement process continues to maximise the cash that is received by the Group. The Group has included an accrual for tests performed from 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022 for which payment has not been received by 31 March 2022.

Regular monitoring of other assets is undertaken to ensure that the credit exposure is limited. This is firstly done by determining the credit risk before making security deposits on leased properties and ensuring suppliers are not paid in advance where there is uncertainty in relation to their credit worthiness.

The carrying values of financial assets represent the maximum exposure to credit risk as represented below:

		GR	OUP
	Notes	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)
Cash and Cash Equivalents	9	35,412	4,129
Short Term Deposits	9	70,000	19,000
Trade and Other Receivables (excludes GST)	10	3,895	2,824
Other Assets (excludes prepayments)	12	169	159
		109,476	26,112

(iv) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group may encounter difficulty in raising funds at short notice to meet its commitments as they fall due. Management maintains sufficient cash balances and uses cash flow forecasts to determine future cash flow requirements. The Group does not have any external loans but does have four finance

Payables and Accruals totaling \$4,983,000 are due within 3 months of balance date (2021: \$3,197,000).

Fair Values

In the opinion of the Directors, the carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values at balance date.

22. **RELATED PARTIES**

A shareholder, the University of Otago, provided services, including rental space and car parking, to the Group to the value of \$361,000 (2021: \$340,000). The Group has commitments totaling \$269,000 (2021: \$267,000) with the University of Otago in the next financial year.

Key Management Compensation

Key management personnel comprise of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer (current and retired) of Pacific Edge Limited, and the Chief Executive Officer and Executive Chairman of Pacific Edge Diagnostics USA Limited.

Refer to Note 8 for details of the Incentive Plan that includes key management remuneration.

	GI	GROUP		
	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)		
Salaries and Other Short Term Employee Benefits	2,207	1,861		
Consulting Fees	105	-		
Share Options Benefits	445	313		
Total Employee Entitlements	2,757	2,174		

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Directors' Fees

The current total Directors' fee pool for non-executive Directors of Pacific Edge Limited, approved by the shareholders at the Annual Shareholders Meeting on the 29th July 2021 is \$465,000 per annum. During the year ended 31 March 2022, Tony Barclay was appointed to the board (21st March 2022) and David Darling ceased on the board (17th January 2022). The total amount of fees paid to Directors for the year ended 31 March 2022 was \$413,000.

The table below sets out the total fees approved for non-executive Directors of Pacific Edge Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 based on the positions held:

Position	Quantity 2022	Total Fees Approved 2022	Quantity 2021	Total Fees Approved 2021
Chair	1	\$115,000	1	\$80,000
Deputy Chair	1	\$70,000	1	\$50,000
Non-executive Directors	4	\$240,000	2	\$88,000
Chair Audit & Risk Committee	1	\$10,000	1	\$5,000
Special Governance Allocation		\$30,000		-
US-based non-executive Director		-	1	\$79,000
Total Fee Pool		\$465,000		\$302,000

23. FINANCE AND OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

ACCOUNTING POLICY

The group leases various properties and equipment. Rental contracts vary depending on the type of asset being leased. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices.

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income over the lease period to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

(i) Measurement basis

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- Fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- Variable lease payments that are based on an index or a rate;
- Amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- · The exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used. The incremental borrowing rate is the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- Where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third-party financing was received;
- Uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by Pacific Edge Limited, which does not have recent third-party financing; and
- Makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

The Group is exposed to potential future increases in variable lease payments based on an index or rate, which are not included in the lease liability until they take effect. When adjustments to lease payments based on an index or rate take effect, the lease liability is reassessed and adjusted against the right-of-use asset.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income over the lease period to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The 2021 comparative for lease repayments in the Consolidated Statement of Cashflows has been split between principal and interest to be comparable with the current year reporting.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;
- · Any initial direct costs; and
- · Restoration costs.

Right-of-Use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the Right-of-Use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets include IT equipment and small items of office furniture.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Right of Use Assets

	GROUP	
	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)
Cost		
Opening Balance	3,914	2,518
Additions	179	2,588
Removals (Leases Completed)	(366)	(1,227)
Foreign Currency Translation	(122)	35
Closing Balance	3,605	3,914
Accumulated Depreciation		
Opening Balance	937	937
Depreciation	1,064	1,083
Reversal of Accumulated Depreciation (Leases Completed)	(153)	(1,204)
Foreign Currency Translation	(73)	121
Closing Balance	1,775	937
Net Right of Use Assets Balance	1,830	2,977
Right of Use Assets Net Book Value		
Buildings	1,792	2,624
Computer Equipment	38	62
Plant and Equipment	-	291
	1,830	2,977
Depreciation		
Buildings	1,018	966
Computer Equipment	24	18
Plant and Equipment	22	99
	1,064	1,083
Expenses relating to Short Term and Low Value Leases	74	24
,		
Total Cash Outflow relating to Leases	1,273	1,250

For the year ended 31 March 2022

	GR	GROUP		
Lease Liability	2022 (\$000)	2021 (\$000)		
Opening Balance	2,878	1,554		
Additions	148	2,587		
Lease Terminated - Liability Reversed	-	(26)		
Lease Repayments	(1,230)	(1,262)		
Interest Charged	126	107		
Foreign Currency Translation	1	(82)		
Closing Balance	1,923	2,878		
Split by:				
Current Liability	1,072	1,098		
Non-Current Liability	851	1,780		
	1,923	2,878		
The maturity of the Lease Liabilities is as follows:				
Less than one year	1,072	1,103		
One to two years	671	999		
Two to three years	51	595		
More than three years	129	181		
	1,923	2,878		

24. OTHER COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

a) Contingent Liabilities

There were no known contingent liabilities at 31 March 2022 (March 2021: Nil). The Group has not granted any securities in respect of liabilities payable by any other party whatsoever.

b) Capital Commitments

There are no capital commitments at 31 March 2022 (March 2021: Nil).

25. COVID-19

Covid-19 continues to have had an impact on the throughput, revenue and expenses of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2022.

In the markets the Group operates in, measures have been employed by Governments in an attempt to limit the spread of the virus. This has restricted the ability for people to visit clinics and have tests performed.

While throughput quantities for the group for the year ended 31 March 2022 are up 46% on the prior year, the restricted access to clinics has offset some of the increase expected from the increased Sales and Marketing expenditure (up 55% on the prior year).

The benefits of the increased investment in Sales and Marketing are expected to be realised by the Group in the next 12 months as Covid-19 restrictions are relaxed and/or removed.

The Group has Cash, Cash Equivalents and Short Term Deposits of \$105,412,000, which provides confidence in the ability of the Group to manage any on-going impacts caused by Covid-19.

26. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There are no subsequent events.



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Pacific Edge Limited

Our opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Pacific Edge Limited (the Company), including its subsidiaries (the Group), present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2022, its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with New Zealand Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (NZ IFRS) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

What we have audited

The Group's consolidated financial statements comprise:

- the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2022;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) (ISAs (NZ)) and International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners (including International Independence Standards) (New Zealand) (PES 1) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Our firm carries out other services for the Group in the areas of half year review procedures and with providing other assurance services. The provision of these other services has not impaired our independence as auditor of the Group.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Westpac Building, 106 George Street, PO Box 5848, Dunedin 9058, New Zealand T: +64 3 470 3600, pwc.co.nz



Description of the key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Determining the timing of revenue recognition for US revenue

As disclosed in Note 5 of the consolidated financial statements, the timing of revenue recognition for US based revenue varies by revenue stream between completion of the Cxbladder test and receipt of cash.

The Company has two material United States (US) revenue streams:

- Coverage via Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), and
- 2. Private Insurance.

In July 2020, the Company received Local Coverage Determination ("LCD") for CMS. This determination created a set price for the Company's tests of US\$760 per test from July 2020. This established a clear transaction price for the tests. This transaction price, along with a history of payment, satisfies the NZ IFRS requirements for revenue recognition.

Accordingly, in the current year US derived revenue for tests performed for CMS and Medicare Advantage has been recognised in advance of cash being received. Revenue for these customers is recognised when the tests are performed.

All other US derived revenue is accounted for on a cash receipts basis as disclosed in Note 5.

Our audit procedures included the following: We obtained an understanding of management's processes and controls for the CMS and Private Insurance US revenue

and controls for the CMS and Private Insurance US revenue streams, including the relevant controls at the external billing reimbursement service organisation. We obtained the SOC1 System and Organisation Controls Report for the external billing reimbursement service organisation, and evaluated the evidence provided over the design and operating effectiveness of the relevant controls.

We evaluated management's determination of whether a contract with customers existed by:

- Assessing the data supporting revenue recognition for CMS and Medicare Advantage to confirm that the transaction price can be determined and collectability is probable;
- Assessing the data supporting revenue recognition for private insurance to confirm that the transaction price and collectability is only probable when cash is received;
- Performing subsequent receipt testing to validate the probability of collection of the year end receivable and performing look back procedures over the prior year receivable to test collection rates; and
- Evaluating the application of NZ IFRS 15 against technical guidance and the accounting standards.

We have no matters to report from the procedures performed above.

Our audit approach

Overview



Overall group materiality: \$467,000, which represents 2.5% of (loss)/earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA).

We chose earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) as the benchmark because, in our view, it is the benchmark against which the performance of the Group is most commonly measured by users, and is a generally accepted benchmark.

We tailored the scope of our audit in order to perform sufficient work to enable us to provide an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole, taking into account the structure of the Group, the accounting processes and controls, and the industry in which the Group operates.

As reported above, we have one key audit matter, being:

• Determining the timing of revenue recognition for US revenue.



As part of designing our audit, we determined materiality and assessed the risks of material misstatement in the consolidated financial statements. In particular, we considered where management made subjective judgements; for example, in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits, we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including among other matters, consideration of whether there was evidence of bias that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

Materiality

The scope of our audit was influenced by our application of materiality. An audit is designed to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the consolidated financial statements.

Based on our professional judgement, we determined certain quantitative thresholds for materiality, including the overall Group materiality for the consolidated financial statements as a whole as set out above. These, together with qualitative considerations, helped us to determine the scope of our audit, the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and to evaluate the effect of misstatements, both individually and in aggregate, on the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

How we tailored our group audit scope

We tailored the scope of our audit in order to perform sufficient work to enable us to provide an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole, taking into account the structure of the Group, the accounting processes and controls, and the industry in which the Group operates.

We selected transactions and balances to audit based on their materiality to the Group rather than determining the scope of procedures to perform by auditing only specific subsidiaries or business units.

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the other information not yet received, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to the Directors and use our professional judgement to determine the appropriate action to take.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the consolidated financial statements

The Directors are responsible, on behalf of the Company, for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with NZ IFRS and IFRS, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (NZ) and ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements is located at the External Reporting Board's website at:

https://www.xrb.govt.nz/assurance-standards/auditors-responsibilities/audit-report-1/

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Who we report to

This report is made solely to the Company's shareholders, as a body. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state those matters which we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's shareholders, as a body, for our audit work, for this report or for the opinions we have formed.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Maxwell John Dixon.

For and on behalf of:

Chartered Accountants 25 May 2022

Priewaterhouse Coopers

Dunedin

COMPANY DIRECTORY

As at 31 March 2022

Issued Capital

810,087,233 Ordinary Shares

Registered Office

Anderson Lloyd Level 10, Otago House

Cnr Moray Place and Princes Street

Dunedin

Directors

C. Gallaher - Chairman

A. Masfen

S. Park

B. Williams

A. Stove

M. Green (appointed 10 May 2021)

T. Barclay (appointed 21 March 2022)

D. Darling (ceased 17 January 2022)

Chief Executive Officer

Peter Meinties

Nature of Business

Research, develop and commercialise new diagnostic and prognostic tools for the early detection and management of cancers.

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Dunedin

Bankers

Bank of New Zealand

Dunedin

ANZ

Dunedin

Kiwibank

Dunedin

Westpac

Dunedin

Solicitors

Anderson Lloyd

Level 10, Otago House

Cnr Moray Place and Princes Street

Dunedin

Securities Registrar

Link Market Services Limited 138 Tancred Street Ashburton

Company Number

1119032

Date of Incorporation

27th February 2001

PACIFIC EDGE COMMUNICATIONS

Websites

www.pacificedgedx.com www.cxbladder.com

Facebook

www.facebook.com/PacificEdgeLtd www.facebook.com/Cxbladder

Twitter

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