McGrath

ASX ANNOUNCEMENT

22 August 2022

ASX Markets Announcement Office Exchange Centre 20 Bridge Street Sydney NSW 2000

BY ELECTRONIC LODGEMENT

Corporate Governence Statement and Appendix 4G

Please find attached for release to the market, McGrath Limited's Corporate Governence Statement and Appendix 4G - Key to Disclosures - Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations for the year ended 30 June 2022.

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This Announcement was authorised for release by McGrath Limited's Board of Directors.

About McGrath:

McGrath Limited (ASX: MEA) has grown to be an integrated real estate services business, offering agency sales, property management, mortgage broking and career training services. McGrath Estate Agents currently has 111 offices located throughout the East Coast of Australia. For further information, please visit www.mcgrath.com.au.

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Corporate Governance Statement

McGrath Limited ACN 608 153 779 For the year ended 30 June 2022 Adopted by the Board on 22 August 2022 This Corporate Governance Statement sets out the key features of McGrath Limited's (**McGrath** or the **Company**) and its related bodies corporate's (**Group**) governance framework and reports against the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th edition) (**ASX Guidelines**). Unless otherwise noted, the Company has followed all of the best practice recommendations set out in the ASX Guidelines at all times during the year. This Corporate Governance Statement is current as of 22 August 2022 and has been approved by the Board of directors of the Company (**Board**).

The Board is committed to conducting the Company's business in accordance with high standards of corporate governance. The Board has adopted an appropriate system of internal controls, risk management framework and corporate governance policies and practices.

The Company's corporate governance Policies and its Board and Board Committee Charters may be found on the Company's website at www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre in accordance with Recommendation 6.1 of the ASX Guidelines.

Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

A listed entity should clearly delineate the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management and regularly review their performance.

Recommendation 1.1

A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out:

- (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and
- (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.

The Board of directors

The Board is accountable to shareholders for the performance of the McGrath Group. The primary objective of the Board is to build long-term value for shareholders, with due regard to the legitimate interests of the Company's other stakeholders including clients, employees, creditors, suppliers, and the communities in which the Company operates.

The Board has ultimate responsibility for providing good governance and sound strategic guidance for the Group and for effective oversight of management's performance, including management's implementation of the Company's strategic objectives and maintenance of the Company's values.

The Board has in place a formal *Board Charter* for the effective operation of the Board. The charter sets out:

- the composition of the Board;
- the Board's criteria for assessing director independence;
- the roles and responsibilities of the Board;
- the duties of directors;
- the authority delegated to the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and the Senior Management Team and Management's role;
- details of the Board Committees;
- details of the Board process;
- the role of the Board Chair and Company Secretary
- details of the education, development and performance evaluation of directors; and
- other administrative provisions.

The Board is responsible for:

- (a) providing leadership and setting and reviewing the Group's objectives, goals and strategic direction, and assessing performance against these benchmarks;
- (b) approving major investments and monitors the returns achieved;
- (c) approving the Group's Statement of Values and Code of Conduct;
- (d) overseeing the business and affairs of the Group, including its control and accountability systems;

For the year ended 30 June 2022

- (e) overseeing the integrity of the Company's accounting and corporate reporting systems, including the external audit;
- (f) appointing the Chair;
- (g) appointing a Chief Executive Officer (CEO) or equivalent (if any);
- (h) approving the appointment of the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and the Company Secretary;
- (i) if necessary, approving the replacement of, and replacing, the CEO or equivalent (if any), the CFO, Company Secretary or other senior executives;
- (j) monitoring senior executives' performance, implementation of the Company's objectives and instilling of the Company's values against measurable and qualitative indicators, encouraging enhanced effectiveness and ensuring that appropriate resources are available;
- (k) monitoring executive succession plans and ensuring a process of evaluating and rewarding key executives;
- (I) requiring that management supplies the Board with accurate, timely and clear information to enable the Board to perform its responsibilities;
- (m) regularly reviewing the Board skills matrix to ensure it covers the skills needed to address existing and emerging business and governance issues relating to the Company;
- establishing and maintaining a diversity policy outlining the Company's commitment to diversity in the workplace and reviewing and approving measurable objectives for diversity, including gender diversity, across, and at various levels of, the Company;
- (o) monitoring the Company's workplace health and safety performance;
- (p) providing input into and final approval of management's development of corporate strategy and performance objectives;
- (q) approving and monitoring the progress of major capital expenditure, capital management and acquisitions and divestitures;
- (r) overseeing the Company's process for making timely and balanced disclosure of all material information concerning the Company that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities;
- (s) ensuring that the Company's financial results are appropriately and accurately reported on a timely basis;
- (t) monitoring significant litigation involving the Company;
- (u) seeking to promote effective engagement with shareholders and providing them with appropriate information and facilities to allow them to exercise their rights as shareholders effectively;
- (v) approving budgets;
- (w) satisfying itself that the Company has in place an appropriate risk management framework (for both financial and non-financial risks) and setting the risk appetite within the board expects to operate;
- (x) whenever required, challenging Management and holding it to account;
- (y) satisfying itself that the Company's remuneration policies are aligned with the Company's purpose, values, objectives and risk appetite;
- (z) monitoring the effectiveness of the Company's governance practices; and
- (aa) performing such other functions as are prescribed by law or are assigned to the Board.

The Board has delegated to the CEO and the Senior Management Team, responsibility for managing the business of the Company in compliance with Board policies, legal requirements and the fundamental standards of ethics and integrity reflected in the Company's *Code of Conduct*. The Board's Charter and approved policies set clear thresholds for management authority and ensure accountability to, and oversight by, the Board and/or its Committees for the approval of specific matters, including remuneration of senior executives, declaration of dividends, the Company's annual operating budget, material acquisitions and divestitures and changes to corporate strategy. Delegations are periodically reviewed by the Board and may be changed by the Board at any time.

MCGRATH LIMITED

Day-to-day management and operations of the Company are delegated to the CEO and the Senior Management Team. The CEO has the authority to exercise all necessary powers, discretions, and delegations authorised from time to time by the Board. The CEO's responsibilities are set out in the *Board Charter*. The CEO is supported by the Senior Management Team, details of whom are set out on the Company's website at https://www.mcgrath.com.au/about#MeetOurBoard.

Board processes

The Board meets at least 10 times a year and convenes additional meetings as required. Certain senior executives participate in Board and Board Committee meetings to provide the directors with access to key operating, financial and compliance personnel on a regular basis. In addition, the directors have access to other Company employees in Board and Board Committee meetings and in other settings.

Details about the number of times the Board met throughout the financial year ended 30 June 2022 and the attendance of each director at those meetings can be found under the heading *Attendance at meetings* on page 9 of the Company's 2022 Annual Report, a copy of which is available on the Company's website at https://www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre.

Recommendation 1.2

A listed entity should:

- (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and
- (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee assists the Board:

- a) to determine its size and composition, subject to the terms of the Company's Constitution; and
- b) with respect to succession planning and the assessment of director candidates, having regard to ensuring that the Board is comprised of directors with the appropriate balance of skills, experience, diversity, and expertise.

When appointing new directors, the Board, with the assistance of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee, will review the skills and experience represented by directors on the Board and determine whether the Board has the appropriate mix of skills, experience, expertise, independence, knowledge and diversity to guide McGrath and assist the CEO and the Senior Management Team to achieve the strategic objectives set by the Board, subject to limits imposed by the Company's Constitution and the terms served by existing non-executive directors.

At the commencement of the director selection process, McGrath aims to undertake appropriate checks on potential candidates to consider their suitability to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or for election as a director.

Prior to appointment, candidates are required to provide the Board Chair with details of other commitments, an indication of time involved, and to acknowledge that they will have adequate time to fulfil their responsibilities as a non-executive director of McGrath.

Directors available for election or re-election at the Annual General Meeting (**AGM**) are also reviewed by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee and a recommendation is made to the Board. Directors are re-elected in accordance with the Company's Constitution and ASX Listing Rules.

Shareholders will be provided with details about each director for re-election including the relevant director's skills, experience, and independence in the AGM Notice of Meeting to enable Shareholders to decide about a director's election.

Recommendation 1.3

A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.

Upon appointment, non-executive directors are given an appointment letter setting out the terms of appointment. The letter details the director's obligations, including to:

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- act in the best interests of the Company at all times;
- submit to re-election from time to time as required by the Company's Constitution;
- notify the Chair of any change in circumstances that might prevent the director from being regarded as independent;
- comply with the Company's Constitution, governance policies and all applicable legal requirements, including the Company's Securities Trading Policy;
- devote sufficient time to prepare for and attend Board meetings and otherwise to discharge the director's duties;
- keep confidential, and not use for the benefit of any person or party other than the Company, any confidential information of the Company; and
- disclose any directorships, business interests or circumstances that might represent conflicts of interests or reasonably be perceived to interfere with the exercise of the director's independent judgment or have an adverse impact on the Company's reputation or public profile.

The appointment letter also confers certain benefits and rights upon the director, including indemnities and insurance coverage for liabilities arising out of the discharge of the director's duties and unfettered access to papers, information, and employees of the Company. In addition, directors may, with the approval of the Chair, consult with professional advisors.

Recommendation 1.4

The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.

All directors have direct access to the Company Secretary who is responsible to the Board, via the Chair, on all matters relating to the conduct and function of the Board and the Board Committees. The Company Secretary is responsible for Board business, including monitoring dispatch of board papers, minutes, communication with regulatory bodies and ASX, and all statutory and other filings which is set out in the Board Charter.

Recommendation 1.5

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a diversity policy;
- (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives, and workforce generally; and
- (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:
 - (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;
 - (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and
 - (3) either:
 - (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or
 - (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.

Diversity Policy

McGrath values a strong and diverse workforce and is committed to promoting a corporate culture that embraces diversity.

The Board has adopted a *Diversity Policy* in order to facilitate an appropriate level of diversity within the Company across a range of factors including gender, ethnicity and cultural background, disability, age, and educational experience. A copy of the Diversity Policy is available on McGrath's website at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre.

The Diversity Policy is required to be reviewed at least biennially by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee.

This includes:

- reviewing the effectiveness of the Diversity Policy by assessing McGrath's progress towards the
 achievement of the measurable objectives (if available) as set by the Board each year, and any
 strategies aimed at achieving those objectives:
- reviewing the relative proportion of women and men on the Board, in management positions and in the workforce at all levels of McGrath;
- reviewing the division of responsibilities and accountability for developing and implementing diversity initiatives across the organisation; and
- reporting to the Board on its findings, including any recommendations for changes to any measurable objectives and strategies or the way in which they are implemented.

McGrath did not have measurable objectives in place during period. Due to the size and position of the Company, the Company has not at this stage set measurable objectives. However, the Company will continue to recruit and manage employees on the basis of competence and performance, irrespective of their backgrounds and individual circumstances.

The Company continues to make progress where possible in addressing impediments to gender diversity within its workplace. This includes provisions for parental leave, job sharing, working from home, and part-time and flexible working arrangements.

The Company also hosts an annual McGrath women's leadership forum, which provides a specific opportunity for professional and leadership development and networking for McGrath's female real estate agents. McGrath believes that these measures assist in the promotion of gender diversity throughout its business.

McGrath's workforce diversity as at 30 June 2022 is as follows:

	Female			Male
Role	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Board	1 (2021: 0)	20% (2021: 0%)	4 (2021: 5)	80% (2021: 100%)
Management Team	1 (2021: 2)	12.5% (2021: 22.2%	7 (2021: 7)	87.5% (2021: 77.8%)
Other Roles	160 (2021: 170)	61.5% (2021: 63.2%)	100 (2021: 99)	38.5% (2021: 36.8%)
Overall, for McGrath	162 (2021: 172)	59.3% (2021: 60.8%)	111(2020: 111)	40.7% (2021: 39.2%)

As at the date of this Corporate Governance Statement, the:

- a) Board currently comprises Peter Lewis, John McGrath, Wayne Mo, Juliana Nguyen and Shane Smollen;
- b) Senior Management team includes John McGrath (MD&CEO), Howard Herman (CFO), Anthony Meaker (Commercial Director), Christopher Mourd (Head of Franchise), Michael Murray (Head of Company Sales), Rob Fearnley (Head of Company Owned Property Management) and Nicola Byrne (General Manager of TRET).

Recommendation 1.6

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees, and individual directors; and
- (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.

Performance review of the Board

The Board regularly monitors its performance and the performance of the directors and committees throughout the year and conducts a review of their performance on an annual basis. The Board's formal assessment process includes performance assessments of the Board, Board Committees and individual directors. As part of the assessment process, each director and certain executives complete a questionnaire on the operation of the Board and its Committees and the performance and contributions of the directors.

The results of the questionnaires are compiled by the Board Chair. Board and Board Committee performance evaluations were completed in the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

Recommendation 1.7

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and
- (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.

Performance review of Executives

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing and recommending remuneration arrangements for the CEO and the Senior Management Team, including contract terms, annual remuneration and participation in McGrath's short and long-term incentive plans.

The Company employs a structured performance evaluation process to ensure that senior executives are motivated to deliver shareholder value and are always accountable to the Board. The process commences each financial year when the Board establishes and approves corporate performance objectives, as well as individual performance objectives for the CEO and the Senior Management Team. The Company continuously monitors its remuneration plans and arrangements to ensure they remain appropriate for its executives, directors, and shareholders.

Senior executive performance evaluations were conducted for the year ended 30 June 2022 and details of the results of these evaluations, and their impact on executive remuneration, can be found in the Remuneration Report, on pages 11-21 of the Company's 2022 Annual Report (2022 Remuneration Report). Performance against strategic objectives and key performance indicators (KPIs) impacts the potential incentive an executive may receive under the Company's short-term incentive plan and long-term incentive plan, which also sets corporate financial performance.

Principle 2: Structure the board to be effective and add value

The board of a listed entity should be of an appropriate size and collectively have the skills, commitment and knowledge of the entity and the industry in which it operates, to enable it to discharge its duties effectively and to add value.

Recommendation 2.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a nomination committee which:
 - (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:
 - (3) the charter of the committee;
 - (4) the members of the committee; and
 - (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (a) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.

Board Committees

The Board has established an Audit and Risk Committee and a Remuneration and Nomination Committee. Each Board Committee has been delegated certain powers by the Board to assist it in discharging its functions which are set out in the relevant Board Committee Charter, copies of which are available on the Company's website at www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre. Each of the Board Committees may obtain information from and consult with the Senior Management Team and external advisers, as considered appropriate.

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For details of the number of committee meetings and the attendance of each director at those meetings can be found under the heading *Attendance at meetings* on page 9 of the Company's 2022 Annual Report.

Non-executive directors are required to inform the Board Chair and the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Chair before accepting any new appointment as a director of another listed entity, another material directorship or other position with a significant time commitment attached to ensure that it doesn't impede upon the director's obligations to or other position with a significant time commitment attached to ensure that it doesn't impede upon the director's obligations to McGrath.

Remuneration and Nomination Committee

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee has four members, two of whom are independent non-executive directors, and thereby does not comprise a majority of independent directors. The Remuneration and Nomination Committee comprises Peter Lewis (Chair), Wayne Mo, Juliana Nguyen and Shane Smollen. Peter Lewis was considered to be the most suitable director for the role of Remuneration and Nomination Committee Chair. The Board considers the current composition of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee to be appropriate for the size and position of the Company and each director brings a unique set of skills to the Committee.

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee:

- has a <u>Charter</u>, which is available on the McGrath website at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre;
- meets as often as the Remuneration and Nomination Committee deems necessary in order to fulfil
 their role, however it is intended that the Remuneration and Nomination Committee will meet at least
 three times a year; and
- in its function as a nomination committee, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee is to review and consider the structure and balance of the Board and make recommendations regarding director appointments and re-elections. In particular, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee is to:
 - identify and recommend to the Board, candidates for the Board after considering the necessary and desirable competencies of potential new Board members, the range and depth of skills, experience, expertise, independence, knowledge and diversity of the Board and consideration of the time required;
 - review induction procedures to assist new Board members to fully discharge their responsibilities; and
 - o review succession plans for the Board with a view to maintaining an appropriate balance of skills, experience, expertise, independence, knowledge and diversity on the Board.

Further detail in relation to the Remuneration and Nomination Committee's function as a remuneration committee is available within this Corporate Governance Statement under Principle 8.

Details regarding the number of Remuneration and Nomination Committee meetings and the attendance of each director at those meetings, can be found under the heading *Attendance at meetings* on page 9 of the Company's 2022 Annual Report.

Audit and Risk Committee

Details of the Audit and Risk Committee are contained in the disclosure within this Corporate Governance Statement under Principles 4 and 7.

Recommendation 2.2

A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.

Board Skills Matrix

The composition of the Board is reviewed on an annual basis by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee to ensure that the Board has the appropriate mix of skills, experience, expertise, independence, knowledge and diversity to guide McGrath and assist management to achieve the strategic objectives set by the Board.

The annual review is facilitated by considering a *Board Skills Matrix*, which looks at the current skills and diversity of the Board and its needs going forward.

The Board continually reviews and considers the composition of the Board to ensure it is aligned with ASX best practice and that it comprises the necessary skills, knowledge and experience to establish and deliver upon the Company's short, medium and long term strategic objectives.

The Board, with the assistance of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee has developed a Board Skills Matrix which is provided below. The Board considers that it currently is the right size and that there is an appropriate mix of skills, diversity, knowledge, and experience on the Board, considering the scale and nature of McGrath's operations and its strategic objectives going forward.

The mix of skills and experience in the current Board, and that the Board would look to maintain, and build on are as follows:

Skills and Experience	Overview	The extent to which these skills & experience are present amongst directors
Commercial Capability	Deep experience at a Board or executive level with a listed company(ies) in Australia or Overseas, with an understanding of capital raising, takeovers, continuous disclosure and corporate governance.	Strong
Contribution	Ability to constructively contribute to Board discussions and communicate effectively with Management and other Directors.	Very Strong
Diversity	Adequate diversity to bring different perspectives to Board discussions (e.g., age, gender, background, nationality).	Competent
Economics	Understanding of key macro and micro economic indicators and market cycles and their impact on McGrath and the environment in which it operates	Very Strong
Ethics & Integrity	Understands the role as Director and a commitment to continuing professional development, maintenance of Board confidentiality and any declarations of potential conflicts.	Expert
Financial Acumen	Experience in accounting and finance to analyse statements, critically assess financial viability and performance, contribute to financial planning, monitor operating and capital expenditure budgets and monitor debt and funding arrangements.	Strong
Industry Experience	Good understanding of the real estate sector, property and other sectors in which the Company operates.	Very Strong
Information Technology & Innovation	Good understanding of IT strategies and infrastructure, networks; and latest innovations in data security and storage.	Competent
Leadership & Culture	Make decisions and take necessary actions in the best interest of the Company and represent the Company favourably.	Very Strong
Legal & Governance	Ability to review legal, regulatory and governance developments and compliance and assess the impact on the Company.	Competent
Marketing and communications	Experience in marketing strategies (including social media and emerging digital channels), customer segmentation, stakeholder management, internal and external communications, public and media relations.	Very Strong
Mergers & Acquisitions	Experience in identifying and managing the process for mergers and acquisitions, including integration.	Competent
People	Experience in managing human capital, remuneration and reward, industrial relations, workplace health and safety and strategic workforce planning	Competent
Remuneration	Ability to review and make recommendations regarding remuneration structures, including equity incentives.	Strong
Risk Management	Ability to identify or recognise key risks to McGrath across its various operations and monitor risk management frameworks.	Competent
Senior Executive Experience	Experience in evaluating performance of the CEO and Senior Management and oversee strategic human capital planning.	Very Strong
Strategy	Ability to think strategically and identify and critically assess strategic opportunities and potential threats to the Company and develop effective strategies to meet McGrath's identified objectives.	Very Strong
Sustainability	Demonstrates an understanding of health and safety practices and understands the risks and opportunities regarding climate change.	Competent

Recommendation 2.3

A listed entity should disclose:

- (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;
- (b) if a director has an interest, position or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 (of the ASX Guidelines), but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and
- (c) the length of service of each director.

Composition of the Board

The directors of McGrath bring to the Board relevant skills, experience, expertise, independence, knowledge and diversity, including in the areas of the Australian real estate sector, building, construction and property, international retail and fast-moving consumer goods, entrepreneurial and technology based businesses, investment banking and financial services, strategic media and telecommunications advisory, government relations, operational excellence, corporate strategy and corporate governance.

The Board currently comprises four non-executive directors and one executive director. The Company's Constitution provides for a minimum of three and maximum of eight directors. The Board continues to hold a diverse range of skills and experiences to act effectively and in the best interests of the Company's shareholders. The Company's current executive director is Mr John McGrath, Founder and Managing Director & CEO.

Director independence

The Company recognises that a majority of its directors should be independent, and the Board reviews director independence at least annually. In assessing the independence of non-executive directors, the Board has considered the criteria detailed in the Board Charter and the ASX Guidelines including, whether a director:

- is, or has been, employed in an executive capacity by the entity or any of its child entities and there
 has not been a period of at least three years between ceasing such employment and serving on the
 board;
- receives performance-based remuneration (including options or performance rights) from, or participates in an employee incentive scheme of, the entity;
- is, or has been within the last three years, in a material business relationship (e.g. as a supplier, professional adviser, consultant or customer) with the entity or any of its child entities, or is an officer of, or otherwise associated with, someone with such a relationship;
- is, represents, or is or has been within the last three years an officer or employee of, or professional adviser to, a substantial holder;
- has close personal ties with any person who falls within any of the categories described above; or
- has been a director of the entity for such a period that their independence from management and substantial holders may have been compromised.

The Board annually assesses the independence of each director in accordance with the Board's independence criteria. The Board has determined that Peter Lewis and Juliana Nguyen are independent directors, and thereby the Board currently does not comprise a majority of independent directors.

Mr. Mo is not regarded as independent due to his current employment as CEO of AL Capital Holdings Pty Ltd, a significant shareholder in the Company. As Founder and executive director, Mr. McGrath is not considered independent, nor is Mr. Smollen as he currently holds approx. 7.88% of McGrath's issued capital and continues to advise McGrath's sales management team with a focus on productivity and revenue growth.

Recommendation 2.4

A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.

The majority of the Board is not currently considered to be independent. The Board considers the current composition of the Board to be appropriate for the size and position of the Company and each director brings a unique set of skills to the Board.

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Director	Independent status	Appointment date	Length of Service
Peter Lewis (Chair)	Independent non-executive director	19 February 2018	4 years, 4 months
John McGrath	Non independent executive director	10 September 2015	6 years, 9 months
Wayne Mo	Non independent non-executive director	27 June 2018	4 years
Juliana Nguyen	Independent non-executive director	28 January 2022	6 months
Shane Smollen	Non independent non-executive director	3 September 2020	1 year, 10 months

Each director is required to immediately disclose to the Board if a director is, or becomes aware of, any information, facts or circumstances that will or may affect the director's independence.

For details of the current directors, their qualifications, skills, and experience can be found under the heading *Board of directors* on pages 8 and 9 of the 2022 Annual Report.

Recommendation 2.5

The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.

Board Chair

In accordance with the Board Charter, the Board Chair is an independent director. The roles and responsibilities of the Board Chair are contained within the Board Charter and the role of the Board Chair and CEO are not exercised by the same individual.

Recommendation 2.6

A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

Induction and education

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee is responsible for the effective training and continuous education program for all new and existing directors, ensuring that McGrath provides appropriate professional development opportunities for directors.

The Company has an induction process for new directors to inform them of the nature of the Company's business, strategies, risks and issues, and expectations about director performance, including awareness of continuous disclosure principles. The Company's induction process also includes meetings with senior management, including the Heads of the Company's business units and administrative functions. The Company has completed its induction process for all of its current directors.

To ensure that existing directors maintain the skills and knowledge required to perform their role effectively, the Board regularly considers the skills and knowledge relevant to the Company, the industry in which the Company operates and the obligations of a listed company director and ensures that directors engage in continuing education in respect of these skills where gaps are identified. In addition, the Company occasionally engages professional advisors and other third parties to assist with the directors' awareness of regulatory developments and matters impacting on the discharge of their duties

Principle 3: Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly

A listed entity should instil and continually reinforce a culture across the organisation of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly.

Recommendation 3.1

A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.

Statement of Values

The Board has established a *Statement of Values*, which are the guiding principles and norms that define what type of organisation McGrath aspires to be and what the Board requires from its directors, senior executives, and employees to achieve that aspiration.

McGrath's Values create a link between the Company's purpose and its strategic goals, by expressing the standards and behaviours the Board expects from its directors, senior executives, and employees to fulfil its purpose and meet its goals.

There are **5 key values** that guide how we work are:

Integrity Owns the word "Integrity" in conducting themselves and in how they treat others,

communicates openly and honestly with colleagues and clients, takes responsibility for themselves and their actions, displays ethical behaviours that encourage others to do the same.

Passion Approaches every situation with intense enthusiasm and excitement.

Excellence Provides "Six Star Service", to meet and exceed the expectations of McGrath colleagues,

managers, and external clients, maintains quality despite pressure and time restraints.

Simplicity Remain uncomplicated and easy to understand. 'The quality of being simple'.

Community Collaborates with other McGrath team members to achieve the most desirable outcome for

all stakeholders, involved in the local community, gives 100% with little expectation of reward

in return.

We value technical excellence and innovation, and we aim to attract and retain the best people for jobs at all levels. We lead by example, supporting each other to act with integrity, be accountable, and consistently live our values every day. A copy of the McGrath's Statement of Values is available on McGrath's website at www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre.

Recommendation 3.2

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives, and employees; and
- (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code

Code of Conduct

The Board recognises the need to observe the highest standards of corporate practice and business conduct. Accordingly, the Board has adopted a *Code of Conduct*, which outlines how McGrath expects its representatives to behave and conduct business in the workplace, that covers compliance with applicable laws and guidelines on appropriate ethical standards.

The Code of Conduct sets out how the Code operates alongside other Company policies, the appropriate reporting procedures should a breach of the Code occur, protection for whistleblowers, dealing with conflicts of interest, privacy, public communications and disclosure, employment practices including anti-discrimination and workplace health and safety, as well as the proper use of Company property and information.

All employees of McGrath (including McGrath's directors, temporary employees, sales agents, and franchisees) must comply with the Code of Conduct. A copy of the Code of Conduct is available on the McGrath website at www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre.

Securities Trading Policy

McGrath has adopted a Securities Trading Policy that is intended to:

- explain the types of conduct in relation to dealings in securities that are prohibited under the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) (**Corporations Act**); and
- establish a best practice procedure for the buying and selling of securities that protects McGrath, directors, and employees against the misuse of unpublished information that could materially affect the value of securities.

The Securities Trading Policy applies to:

- all directors, senior executives, employees, agents, contractors and consultants of the Company and its related bodies corporate (McGrath Personnel);
- Designated Personnel who include all directors and senior executives of the Group, and any other
 persons identified by the board of directors of the Company (Board) or the Company Secretary from
 time to time;
- Associates of **McGrath Personnel** which include:
 - (a) their spouse or partner;
 - (b) their dependent children;
 - (c) any trustee of a trust or other fiduciary arrangement under which you, they, their spouse or partner, or their dependent children, is or may be a beneficiary;
 - (d) any company in which they hold (directly or indirectly) a majority of the shares or otherwise control (directly or indirectly); and
 - (e) any other entity in which you are a director, secretary, or executive officer, unless appropriate arrangements are in place within that company or body to ensure that they:
 - (i) take no part in the decision by that other company or body to purchase or sell the Securities; and
 - (ii) have not induced or encouraged that other company or body to purchase or sell the Securities.

collectively, Relevant Persons.

The Securities Trading Policy prohibits all Relevant Persons and all employees from dealing in the Company's securities where:

- they are in possession of price sensitive or 'inside' information; or
- the Company is in possession of price sensitive or 'inside' information and has notified Relevant Persons that they must not deal in securities (either for a specified period, or until the Company gives further notice).

The Securities Trading Policy sets out restrictions that apply to dealing with securities, including **Blackout Periods**, during which Designated Personnel are not permitted to deal in securities (except in exceptional circumstances) and a procedure under which directors, the CEO and senior executives (and their closely related parties) may deal in any other period subject to approval.

Relevant Persons are prohibited from dealing in McGrath's securities (subject to exceptional circumstances) during the following mandated Blackout Periods:

- (a) from the close of the ASX trading day on 31 May each year, until 10:00am AEST on the next ASX trading day following the day on which the Company's full year results are released to the ASX;
- (b) from the close of the ASX trading day on 30 November each year, until 10:00am AEDT on the next ASX trading day following the day on which the Company's half-yearly results are released to the ASX; and
- (c) any other period that the Board specifies from time to time

In addition, during any period other than a Blackout Period, and before any dealing in shares is undertaken, a Relevant Person seeking to trade must provide notification to and seek approval for any proposed dealing in the Company's securities from the person/s approving the trade as set out in the table below:

Relevant Person seeking to trade	Person/s approving the trade
Directors and officers of the Group (including the CEO)	Board Chair
Board Chair	Audit & Risk Committee Chair
The CEO's direct reports, their direct reports and any person	CEO
designated by the Board under clause 2 of the Securities	
Trading Policy	

A copy of the Securities Trading Policy is available on the McGrath website at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Recommendation 3.3

- A listed entity should:
- (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and
- (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.

Whistleblower Policy

The Board has adopted a *Whistleblower Policy*. The Board wishes to promote an organisational culture that values open, transparent, ethical, legal, compliant behaviour and does not tolerate behaviour that departs from the high standards expected of McGrath directors and employees.

This Policy is intended to reinforce that culture and to provide a safe, secure, confidential means whereby persons with concerns over any breaches including any unlawful conduct, misconduct, malpractices, violation of any legal or regulatory provisions that has, or may have occurred, can report it without fear of reprisal, discrimination or harassment of any kind. It is expected that the protected disclosures will be made in confidence and in the knowledge that it will be properly investigated and escalated to the appropriate level for it to be properly addressed. A copy of the Whistleblower Policy is available on the McGrath website at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre.

Recommendation 3.4

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and
- (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.

Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy

The Board has adopted an *Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy*. The purpose of the Policy is to provide clarity of expectations, which helps to reinforce and strengthen the understanding of our responsibilities as well as those with whom we engage and also provide guidance in dealing with incidents or suspected incidents of bribery and corruption, should they occur.

The Policy complements McGrath's other related policies, in particular, the Code of Conduct. The Policy harmonises with McGrath's Statement of Values that emphasises principles of fairness, imagination, reflection, togetherness and honesty in our relationships and business dealings with both our internal and external stakeholders.

Principle 4: Safeguard the integrity of corporate reports

A listed entity should have appropriate processes to verify the integrity of its corporate reports.

Recommendation 4.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have an audit committee which:
 - (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:
 - (3) the charter of the committee;
 - (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and
 - (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

Audit and Risk Committee

The Audit and Risk Committee is comprised of four members, two Independent non-executive directors, Peter Lewis and Juliana Nguyen, as well as Wayne Mo (Chair) and Shane Smollen, who are both non-Independent non-executive directors.

The Audit and Risk Committee:

- was chaired by an independent non-executive director for the reporting period up to the date of Andrew Robinson's resignation in February 2022;
- has a *Charter* that is available on the McGrath website at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre;
- meets as often as the Audit and Risk Committee considers is necessary, however it is intended that the committee will meet at least four times a year; and
- meets in-camera with the external auditor as appropriate.

In accordance with its Charter, it is intended that all members of the Audit and Risk Committee should be financially literate, and the Audit and Risk Committee Chair should have significant and relevant financial experience.

The primary role of the Audit and Risk Committee includes:

- overseeing the process of financial reporting (including to assist the CEO and CFO to provide their declaration under section 295A of the Corporations Act), internal control, continuous disclosure, financial and non-financial risk management and compliance and external audit;
- monitoring McGrath's compliance with laws and regulations and McGrath's own policies;
- encouraging effective relationships with, and communication between, the Board, management, and McGrath's external auditor; and
- evaluating and making recommendations in relation to the adequacy and effectiveness of McGrath's
 risk management and internal control processes established to identify and manage areas of potential
 risk and to seek to safeguard the assets of McGrath, noting that McGrath does not have a formal
 internal audit function.

The Audit and Risk Committee's role in relation to external audit includes reviewing and making recommendations to the Board in relation to:

- reporting of financial information;
- the appropriate application and amendment of accounting policies; and
- the appointment, independence, and remuneration of the external auditor.

Under the Audit and Risk Committee Charter, it is required that McGrath's external audit firm must be independent. The Audit and Risk Committee reviews and assesses the independence of the external auditor on an annual basis.

The Audit and Risk Committee may obtain information from, and consult with, management, the external auditor, and external advisers, as it considers appropriate. The Audit and Risk Committee also has access to the external auditor to discuss matters without management being present.

Details of the qualifications and experience of each Audit and Risk Committee can be found under the heading "Board of directors" on pages 8 and 9 of the 2022 Annual Report. Details regarding the number of Audit and Risk Committee meetings and the attendance of each director at those meetings, can be found under the heading "Attendance at meetings" on page 9 of the Company's 2022 Annual Report.

Further detail in relation to the Audit and Risk Committee's function as a risk committee is available within this Corporate Governance Statement under Principle 7.

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Recommendation 4.2

The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

CEO and CFO declaration

Prior to Board's approval of McGrath's half year and annual financial reports, the CEO and CFO must provide the Board with declarations required under section 295A of the Corporations Act and Recommendation 4.2 of the ASX Guidelines.

The declarations confirm that in the opinion of the CEO and CFO, the financial records of McGrath have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company.

For the half-year ended 31 December 2021 and the financial year ended 30 June 2022, the CEO and CFO made a declaration in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act.

The declaration was formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively. An equivalent declaration was made for the half year ended 31 December 2020.

Recommendation 4.3

A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.

McGrath's financial reports for the half-year ended 31 December and the full year ended 30 June are respectively reviewed and audited by KPMG, the Company's external auditor.

Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure

A listed entity should make timely and balanced disclosure of all matters concerning it that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of its securities.

Recommendation 5.1

A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.

Continuous Disclosure Policy

It is the intention of the Board to ensure that Shareholders are kept informed of all major developments affecting the state of affairs of McGrath.

McGrath has adopted a *Continuous Disclosure Policy* to ensure compliance with disclosure obligations under the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules.

The Board bears the primary responsibility for McGrath's compliance with its continuous disclosure obligations and is therefore responsible for overseeing and implementing this policy. The Board makes the ultimate decision on whether there is any materially price sensitive information that needs to be disclosed to the ASX. It is a standing agenda item at all Board meetings to consider any information that may be required to be disclosed to the ASX in accordance with the Company's continuous disclosure obligations.

Under the Continuous Disclosure Policy, the Board has appointed the Company Secretary with responsibility for compliance with McGrath's continuous disclosure obligations. The Board must approve:

- any release which relates to a matter which is both material and strategically important for McGrath;
- any other release considered under the Continuous Disclosure Policy which includes disclosure of a profit projection or forecast; and

MCGRATH LIMITED

 any decision to request a trading halt or voluntary suspension of trading pending an announcement, except where the disclosure or decision is urgent, and a meeting of the Board cannot be called at short notice.

Except as described above otherwise, the CEO or (where appropriate) the Board Chair, must approve and is accountable for the disclosure of material information to the market. The Company Secretary has primary responsibility for all communication with the ASX in relation to ASX Listing Rule matters. The Continuous Disclosure Policy is available on McGrath's website at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre.

Recommendation 5.2

A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.

Each director automatically receives a copy of each ASX Announcement directly from the ASX Market Announcements Platform as soon as it has been released by ASX.

Recommendation 5.3

A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation

In accordance with McGrath's Continuous Disclosure Policy, any presentation to a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation, is released on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.

Principle 6: Respect the right of security holders

A listed entity should provide its security holders with appropriate information and facilities to allow them to exercise their rights as security holders effectively.

Recommendation 6.1

A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.

Recommendation 6.2

A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.

Recommendation 6.3

A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.

Recommendation 6.4

A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.

McGrath respects the rights of its Shareholders and to facilitate the effective exercise of those rights, McGrath's policy is to promote effective two-way communication with Shareholders and other stakeholders so that they are fully informed of McGrath's business, governance, financial performance and prospects, and understand how to assess relevant information about McGrath and its corporate activities.

Company website

McGrath's website is at www.mcgrath.com.au and is regularly kept up to date to maintain effective communication with Shareholders and stakeholders.

The following information is available on McGrath's website:

- a profile of McGrath, its businesses, location of offices, and media stories;
- director and management profiles;

- Corporate governance overview including copies of the Company's Constitution, Board and Board committee charters and Board approved policies;
- all <u>ASX announcements</u> made to the market since listing on the ASX, including annual and half year
 financial results, are posted on McGrath's website as soon as they have been released by the ASX at
 <u>www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre</u>;
- half year and full year financial statements and McGrath's Annual Reports as well as notices of Shareholder meetings;
- investor services including a link to McGrath's share registry, managed by Link Market Services at registrars@linkmarketservices.com.au; and
- share price and tools and investor contact details.

Alternatively, McGrath ASX announcements can be accessed from the 'Announcements' section of the ASX website (ASX code: **MEA**) at www.asx.com.au/asx/statistics/announcements.

Investor relations program

It is the Company's current intention to hold its AGM in November 2021 and the Board Chair, CEO and CFO will engage with Shareholders in advance of the AGM, as appropriate.

McGrath has appointed the CEO (or in his absence, his delegate), as authorised spokespersons. Further details are contained in the Continuous Disclosure Policy.

Further, McGrath recognises the importance of its relationships with investors and analysts. Following the Company's release of its half year and annual financial statements, McGrath conducts investor briefings (via teleconference calls) and investor roadshows with institutional groups and analysts. Copies of these presentations are made available to all Shareholders on McGrath's website at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre.

Shareholder engagement and participation

The contact details of McGrath and its share registry (see below under the heading 'Electronic communications') are available to Shareholders to address and facilitate any Shareholder-related enquiries are contained on McGrath's website at: https://investor.mcgrath.com.au/Investor-Centre/?page=investor-contacts.

Electronic communications

McGrath's contact details are available on the McGrath website under Investor Centre at https://investor.mcgrath.com.au/Investor-Centre/?page=investor-contacts. Shareholders can email McGrath at investorcentre@mcgrath.com.au or contact its share registry, Link Market Services at: registrars@linkmarketservices.com.au.

Shareholders may elect to receive all Shareholder communications (including notification that the annual report is available to view, notices of meetings and any dividend payment statements) by email. Electronic communications have the added advantage of being timelier and more cost effective, which benefits all Shareholders. Shareholders should contact Link Market Services if they wish to elect to receive electronic communications.

Recommendation 6.5

A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.

At the 2020 Annual General Meeting held on 26 November 2020, which due to COVID-19 restrictions, was held as a Virtual Meeting, shareholders were encouraged to participate in our AGM by:

- joining the AGM in real time via our online platform;
- asking questions of the Board and our external auditor:
 - before the AGM, using the AGM Question Form enclosed with the Notice of Meeting or by lodging questions online at <u>www.linkmarketservices.com.au</u>;and/or
 - o during the AGM via the online platform; and

• voting on the resolutions to be considered at the AGM either by lodging the Proxy Form enclosed with the Notice of Meeting before the AGM or by direct voting during the online meeting,

or by a combination of these steps.

Further details of how to participate in the online meeting were set out in the *Notice of Meeting* and in the *Virtual Meeting Online Guide* that accompanied it. The Online Guide included details of how to ensure a shareholder's browsers was compatible with the online platform, and a step-by-step guide to logging in, navigating the site, and asking questions and voting at the online AGM.

Auditor at AGM

McGrath will ensure that its external auditor will be present at each of its Annual General Meetings (AGM) and available to answer Shareholder questions on the:

- conduct of the audit;
- preparation and content of the external auditor's report;
- accounting policies adopted by McGrath in relation to the preparation of the financial statements; and
- independence of the auditor in relation to the conduct of the audit.

McGrath held its 2020 AGM on 26 November 2020 at which its external auditor, KPMG, was present and available to answer questions.

Details relating to how Shareholders can ask questions of the external auditor at the AGM are provided in the disclosure under Principle 6 of this Corporate Governance Statement.

Presentations and speeches made by the Board Chair and CEO at the AGM will be made available on the ASX announcements platform, and McGrath's website before the commencement of the meeting. McGrath will also publish the results of the AGM to the ASX and on its website immediately following the conclusion of the AGM.

Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk

A listed entity should establish a sound risk management framework and periodically review the effectiveness of that framework.

Recommendation 7.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:
 - (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director,

and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- (4) the members of the committee; and
- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.

Audit and Risk Committee

In its function as a risk committee, the Audit and Risk Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its corporate governance responsibilities with regard to providing oversight and ensuring the soundness of McGrath's risk management framework and internal control systems.

McGrath considers risk management to be integral to the Company achieving and maintaining its operational and strategic objectives. The Board is responsible for approving the Company's risk management approach and reviewing and monitoring significant business risks and overseeing risk mitigation strategies. The Board has delegated to the Audit and Risk Committee the responsibility of reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the Company's overall risk profile and risk appetite.

McGrath's *Audit and Risk Committee Charter* sets out the requirements, roles, and responsibilities for managing risks across the McGrath Group. The Audit and Risk Committee Charter is available on the McGrath website at www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre.

The Audit and Risk Committee's primary role with respect to risk management is to:

- review and endorse McGrath's risk management framework and significant variations to it, including overseeing its effectiveness, enabling timely and effective identification of material risks to McGrath;
- receive and review reports concerning the appropriateness of the risk management framework and risk mitigation strategies and approve or vary as necessary;
- review and make recommendations to the Board on the Company's overall risk profile and risk appetite as well as the Company's risk profile in each risk area of market, liquidity, equity, credit, regulatory, and operational. There should also be a review of:
 - o developments in technologies and markets in which McGrath operates;
 - the appropriate level of insurance cover that McGrath should maintain, including the terms and conditions of any such insurances; and
 - experience in each risk category, providing confidence that McGrath's policies reflect and are consistent with experience;
- review and make recommendations to the Board on McGrath's capital management plan including information on McGrath's capital adequacy and economic capital model;
- review and approve risk matters requiring Board approval including significant variations to policies, limits, and delegations of authority where these have not been reviewed by the Board;
- review any matters that may involve breaches of delegated authority limitations or other policy breaches, in particular where there are implications for the risk management framework; and
- assess the risk management framework against the expectations of corporate regulators.

Management of risk is embedded in the culture of the Company's management with risk management practices in place across the business.

McGrath's risk management system explicitly identifies business risks and has measures and risk mitigation strategies in place to minimise those risks.

Recommendation 7.2

The board or a committee of the board should:

- (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and
- (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.

McGrath risk management framework accounts for key enterprise risks to be identified and categorised according to whether they are regulatory risk, strategic risk, operational risk, people risk or financial risk and identifies an owner of each risk.

Management has reported to the Board (through the Audit and Risk Committee) on the effectiveness of the management of the material risks faced by McGrath during the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

During the reporting period, the Board with the assistance of the Audit and Risk Committee, reviewed McGrath's risk management framework, its material risks and the relevant controls as identified on the risk register to ensure its currency and effectiveness.

Recommendation 7.3

A listed entity should disclose:

- (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or
- (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.

Internal audit

Given the size and scale of McGrath's current operations, McGrath has not established an internal audit function. Oversight of the effectiveness of McGrath's risk management and internal control processes currently form part of the responsibilities of management. As McGrath's business operations continue to develop, the Audit and Risk Committee may consider establishing an independent internal audit function.

Recommendation 7.4

A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

Economic, environmental, and social sustainability risks

As set out above, McGrath has a risk management framework which accounts for key enterprise risks to be identified and categorised according to whether they are regulatory risk, strategic risk, operational risk, people risk or financial risk.

McGrath's Prospectus dated 12 November 2015 (<u>Prospectus</u>), (a copy of which is available on the Company's website at https://investor.mcgrath.com.au/Investor-Centre under the 2015 page), outlines McGrath's exposure to a number of risks. The Board continues to monitor these risks and does not believe the risks outlined in the Prospectus have significantly changed. This includes the following economic risks as recognised by the Company:

- Australian residential real estate market McGrath generates the majority of its income from the
 Australian residential real estate market through commission revenue generated by agents on the sale
 of properties, property management commissions and commissions on the arranging of mortgages.
 The risk of a reduction in sales transaction volumes or prices is a material risk for McGrath and could
 be impacted by general economic conditions and factors beyond the Company's control such as
 housing affordability, employment, interest rates, domestic investor growth and demand, foreign
 investment and consumer confidence.
- **increased competition and disintermediation** McGrath operates in a highly competitive environment and constantly monitors the market and the competitive environment. McGrath is also potentially exposed to disintermediation whereby buyers and sellers are able to transact directly in private sale without using the services of an agent. McGrath prides itself on delivering exceptional client service and providing a market-leading experience.
- **digital disruption** McGrath focuses on five key service offerings including: (a) residential property sales, (b) property management; (c) mortgage broking; (d) auction services; and (e) career training. As technological advancements occur, there is a risk that new entrants into the market or larger established corporates that may offer alternative services and products to that of the traditional real estate service offerings. These may impact on McGrath's market share. McGrath continues to monitor the emergence of these disruptor technologies, and as part of its longer-term strategy, is placing additional emphasis on innovation and technology throughout the Group to add value to its existing service offerings.
- **loss of key agents** McGrath relies significantly on its agents to deliver its services to its clients and promote the reputation of the Company through their dealings with clients and there is a risk that McGrath may lose agents to competitors and/or other industries. The McGrath Future Program, a commission and incentive program, is designed to assist in attracting and retaining high performing residential sales agents. McGrath currently has in place the *Equity Incentive Plan* that provides McGrath with the ability to offer equity, subject to specific performance and vesting criteria, in the Company as an incentive and retention tool to continue to attract and retain professional, experienced and highly qualified agents.
- regulatory risks McGrath currently has business operations in three states and one territory within Australia, with regulations and legislation varying in each state and territory. McGrath relies on licences and approvals issued by various regulatory bodies to carry out its services. Non-compliance may result in penalties and a negative impact to McGrath's operations and reputation. Additionally, changes and developments in legislation and/or regulation and policy in different jurisdictions may impact McGrath's operations. McGrath mitigates regulatory risks through monitoring the regulatory and

legislative environment, providing appropriate staff training, and maintaining relationships with regulatory bodies or industry organisations. McGrath also participates in various industry events.

These risks are carefully managed by the Company, including by:

- Management regularly reviewing and monitoring the market and sales and any potential risks to McGrath's operations;
- expanding McGrath's footprint and increasing the geographic diversity of the Company to protect against losses suffered in particular regions as a result of adverse change in those particular regions;
- focussing on the performance and retention of high performing agents;
- focussing on continuing to deliver market leading service and exceptional customer experiences;
- continually testing and considering ways to diversify the business model; and
- continually assessing the Company's remuneration policy to ensure that it is market competitive and attracts and retains quality, experienced real estate agent professionals.

McGrath does not have material exposures to environmental and social sustainability risks, although McGrath's approach to managing these risks is outlined below.

McGrath has clearly defined values that include integrity, passion, excellence, simplicity, and community. A copy of the McGrath's Statement of Values is available on McGrath's website at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre.

All personnel are expected to uphold the Company's commitment to pursue good corporate citizenship while engaging in its corporate activity and the McGrath supports its team to actively contribute to the needs of the community.

McGrath is committed to doing business in an environmentally responsible manner and to identifying environmental risks that may arise out of its operations.

Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

A listed entity should pay director remuneration sufficient to attract and retain high quality directors and design its executive remuneration to attract, retain and motivate high quality senior executives and to align their interests with the creation of value for security holders and with the entity's values and risk appetite.

Recommendation 8.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a remuneration committee which:
 - (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director,

and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- (4) the members of the committee; and
- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

Remuneration and Nomination Committee

Details of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee are set out on pages 6 and 7 above.

Recommendation 8.2

A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its corporate governance responsibilities in regard to:

- assessing the remuneration policy and compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- reviewing material changes to the remuneration policy, including remuneration structure, retention, and termination policies for all staff;
- reviewing material changes to the recruitment policies, procedures, and remuneration approach for the Company's management;
- recommending performance-based (at-risk) components of remuneration and targets for the Company's financial performance as they relate to incentive plans, including equity-based payments; and
- assessing overall remuneration outcomes, including by gender.

Details of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee are contained in the disclosure within this Corporate Governance Statement under Principle 2. For details regarding of the number of Remuneration and Nomination Committee meetings and the attendance at those meetings, refer to the "Board of directors - Attendance at meetings" section contained within the Annual Report.

Remuneration Report and remuneration policies

With the assistance of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee, the Board has established a remuneration philosophy to ensure that it remunerates its people fairly and responsibly. The remuneration philosophy is designed to ensure a competitive structure that is reasonable and appropriate for the results delivered, and which is aimed at attracting and retaining talented and motivated directors and employees, who the Board recognises are essential to delivering the long-term success of the Group.

Details about McGrath's remuneration philosophy, policies and practices are provided within the *Remuneration Report*, which is part of the Directors' Report within the Annual Report.

As detailed in the Remuneration Report, the structure of non-executive directors' remuneration and that of Executives is clearly distinguished.

Non-executive directors receive fees, including superannuation, that does not include any incentive payments that are linked to the performance of McGrath. This is to ensure that independence of thought on the Board is protected and maintained. The level of remuneration of directors' fees are set by the Board with the assistance of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee and within the remuneration pool as approved by Shareholders in general meeting.

Non-executive directors' fees are considered appropriate compensation for the time commitment each director spends in relation to their membership on the Board and any Board committees. McGrath will reimburse directors for reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with performance of their duties as a member of the Board. There are no retirement schemes for non-executive directors.

McGrath's executive director and management remuneration contains a mix of base fees plus short term and long-term incentives which include participation in incentive plans to align their interests with that of Shareholders, the details of which are provided in the Remuneration Report.

Equity-based remuneration scheme

McGrath has established the *McGrath Equity Incentive Plan*, that was approved by Shareholders at the Company's 2019 AGM, where Eligible Participants may receive:

- Options: an entitlement to receive shares on satisfaction of specified conditions and payment of a specified exercise price;
- Performance Share Rights: an entitlement to receive shares for no consideration on satisfaction of specified conditions; and
- **Restricted Shares:** are fully paid ordinary shares subject to a restriction on sale and that may be forfeited if certain performance hurdles are not met.

The Board will consider the use of equity-based remuneration to reward, motivate, and retain management.

Under the McGrath Equity Incentive Plan and Securities Trading Policy, participants in the Equity Incentive Plan are prohibited from entering into any arrangement, including any financial product that operates to limit (**Hedge**) the economic risk of the Options and Performance Share Rights, prior to vesting or becoming exercisable (as relevant), including where a holding lock has been applied.

Participants may be permitted to Hedge where all vesting conditions (if applicable) have been met, the equity instrument is not the subject of a holding lock, and the participant has complied with the provisions of the Securities Trading Policy, including having obtained the required internal approvals. Where a participant has entered into a hedging arrangement, the Company may disclose the fact and nature of the Hedge in its Annual Report or as an announcement to the ASX.

The terms and conditions of the McGrath Equity Incentive Plan are available in the 2019 AGM Notice of Meeting, on the 'Announcements' section of the ASX website for 'MEA' lodged on 28 October 2019, which was approved by Shareholders at the Company's 2019 AGM. Further details on the Securities Trading Policy are provided in the disclosure within this Corporate Governance Statement under Principle 3.

Recommendation 8.3

A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:

- (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and
- (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.

Securities Trading Policy

Details of the Company's Securities Trading Policy are set out on pages 11 and 12 above.

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

name	or entity		
McGra	ath Limited		
ABN			Financial year ended:
61 608	3 153 779		30 June 2022
Our co	rporate governance statem	ent ¹ for the period above can be fo	ound at: ²
	These pages of our annual report:		
\boxtimes	This URL on our website:	www.mcgrath.com.au/about/inves	<u>storcentre</u>
	orporate Governance State pproved by the board.	ment is accurate and up to date as	at 22 August 2022 and has
The an	nexure includes a key to w	here our corporate governance dis	closures can be located.3
Date:	Date: 22 August 2022		
Name of authorised officer Phil Mackey, Company Secretary authorising lodgement:			

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

^{1 &}quot;Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINC	IPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND O	/ERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out:		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u>
	(a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and	and a copy of our Board Charter is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
	(b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.		
1.2	A listed entity should:	\boxtimes	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u>
	(a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and	(a) undertaken for recruitment of Juliana Nguyen	□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
	(b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	(b) included in AGM Notice of Meeting	
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u>
	and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	A Letter of Appointment is issued to each director and an Employment Contract is issued to each senior executive	□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable	\boxtimes	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u>
	directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.		□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "insert location" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corpo	orate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	and a copy of our Diversity Policy is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre and we have not disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) - see next column and if we were included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period our measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board of not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	 ■ the reasons for not setting measurable objectives are set out on page 5 our Corporate Governance Statement OR ■ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) on page 5 of our Corporate Governance Statement, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process on page 5 of our Corporate Governance Statement, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) on page 6 of our Corporate Governance Statement, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process on page 6 of our Corporate Governance Statement, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporat	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	LE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD	VALUE	
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and a copy of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee charter is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraphs (a) (4) and (5) on page 9 of our Annual Report, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre (b) Not Applicable	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	and we have disclosed our board skills matrix on page 8 of our Corporate Governance Statement, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpor	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
2.3	 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director. 	and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors on page 10 of our Corporate Governance Statement, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) on page 10 of our Corporate Governance Statement, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre and the length of service of each director on page 10 of our Corporate Governance Statement, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		 ⊠ the reasons for not complying with this recommendation are set out on page 9 our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCI	PLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY	Y AND RESPONSIBLY	
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	and we have disclosed our values on page 11 of our Corporate Governance Statement and a copy of our Statement of Values is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	and a copy of our Code of Conduct is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	and a copy of our Whistleblower Policy is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	and a copy of our Anti-bribery and Corruption Policy is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	LE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORT	rs	
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and a copy of the Audit & Risk Committee Charter is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraphs (a) (4) and (5)) on page 9 of our Annual Report, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre (b) Not Applicable	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	A signed Declaration to the Board of Directors from the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, (containing the statements required by section 295A of the Corporations Act) and Recommendation 4.2 was proved for the half-year and the full-year financial statements	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	we have disclosed this information on page 15 of our Corporate Governance Statement, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCI	PLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	and a copy of our Continuous Disclosure Policy is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCI	PLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: https://www.mcgrath.com.au/about and www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders on pages 16 & 17 of our Corporate Governance Statement, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Notification to our shareholders of their rights to elect how to receive documents from McGrath is on our website at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	LE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	and a copy of the Audit & Risk Committee Charter is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre and the information referred to in paragraphs (a) (4) and (5) on page 9 of our Annual Report, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre (b) Not Applicable	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period on page 19 of our Corporate Governance Statement, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs in our Corporate Governance Statement at:	McGrath does not have an internal audit function as set out on page 20 of our Corporate Governance Statement, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks on pages 20 & 21 of our Corporate Governance Statement, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵		
PRINCIP	PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY				
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	and a copy of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre and the information referred to in paragraphs (a) (4) and (5)) on page 9 of our Annual Report, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre (b) Not Applicable	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable		
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives in the Company's Remuneration Report, which is contained in the Annual Report, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable		
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	and we have disclosed our policy on this issue in our Securities Trading Policy, a copy of which is available at: www.mcgrath.com.au/about/investorcentre	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable 		

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
ADDITIO	NAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CA	ASES	
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	and we have disclosed information about the processes in place at: [insert location]	 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.		 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.		 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable □ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable