

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD
Appendix 4E Preliminary Final Report
For the year ended 30 June 2022

Details of Reporting Period

Current: Year ended 30 June 2022

Previous: Year ended 30 June 2021

Results announcement to the market

	\$	movement	% movement
Loss from ordinary activities	(11,728)	down	-163%
Loss from ordinary activities before tax attributable to members	(13,442)	down	-195%
Loss from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members	(9,189)	down	-192%

Dividends

In light of current market conditions the company will not be declaring a final dividend this year. The company is committed to the current dividend policy, and as such the company will return to declaring fully franked dividends as soon as market conditions allow.

Net tangible assets

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
Net Tangible Assets (per share) backing before tax	0.9964	1.4449
Net Tangible Assets (per share) backing after tax	1.0534	1.3460

Financial Reports

This report is based on the financial reports of the Company. All the documents comprise the information required by listing rule 4.3A. The audited accounts have now been released on 26 August 2022.

Annual General Meeting (AGM)

The 2022 AGM of members of Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund Ltd will be held at 2.30pm (Sydney time) on 24 November 2022 at Level 3, 22 Market Street, Sydney NSW 2000

Signed on behalf of Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund Ltd



Michael Gallagher
Chairman

Sydney, NSW
26 August 2022

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD

ACN 615 414 849

Financial Report

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD
FINANCIAL REPORT

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FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD
CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Directors:	Michael Gallagher Katrina Vanstone Angus Geddes
Company Secretary:	Brett Crowley
Investment Manager:	Fat Prophets Funds Management Pty Limited
Auditor:	PKF(NS) Audit & Assurance Limited Partnership Level 8, 1 O'Connell Street SYDNEY NSW 2000
Country of Incorporation:	Australia
Registered Office:	Level 3 22 Market Street SYDNEY NSW 2000
Share Registry:	Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited Yarra Falls, 452 Johnston Street ABBOTSFORD VIC 3067
ASX Code :	FPC
ACN:	615 414 849
Website:	www.fpcontrarian.com.au
Corporate Governance Statement:	http://fpcontrarian.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2017/08/Corporate-Governance-Statement.pdf

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD
ACN 615 414 849
DIRECTORS' REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

The directors present their report on Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Directors' Experience and Other Directorships

The following persons were directors of the Company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report (unless otherwise stated):

Michael Gallagher (appointed 19 October 2016)

Chairman and Non-executive director
Director - Alternative Investment Management Association
Director - Spinnaker Investment Management

Michael Gallagher is the Non-Executive Chair of the ASX listed Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund, having held this position since FPC listed. Michael is also the Director of The Australian branch of the Alternative Investment management association (AIMA) having been appointed in 2014. He is a director of the Alternative Future Foundation, a key industry charity supporting many charitable causes for over 19 years. Michael also Chairs Australian Students Asset management, a university student funds management programme designed to align students and industry. Prior to AIMA, Michael was CEO and Co-Founder of Kima Capital in Australia and Hong Kong. He has also held positions as Australasian Head of Equities for Rand Merchant Bank and was a Divisional Director in Equity Derivatives at Macquarie Bank in Australia, South Africa and the UK. Michael holds a BComm in Econometrics and Finance from UNSW.

Katrina Vanstone (appointed 19 October 2016)

Non-executive director

Katrina has worked in financial markets for over 30 years, both in Australia and offshore, including such leading organisations as HSBC and Deutsche Bank. Katrina has extensive experience in foreign exchange, interest rates and credit markets across asset and liability portfolios. She has held roles in trading, sales and syndication. She has extensive experience in the wholesale debt and derivative markets with strong product knowledge across capital structures and debt raisings, risk management and hedging, and cash and currency management. Katrina has a Bachelor of Economics and an Advanced Diploma in Financial Planning. Katrina is a member of the Financial Planning Association of Australia Ltd and is registered as a Tax (financial) adviser with the Tax Practitioners Board of Australia.

Angus Geddes (appointed 19 October 2016)

Executive director

Angus is the Chief Investment Officer at Fat Prophets, the portfolio manager of the Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund, with primary responsibility for the investment decisions of the Company. Angus founded Fat Prophets, an independent advisory and funds management business more than 20 years ago. He oversees the investment management activities of the firm, as well as overseeing the publication of the Fat Prophets daily investment blog. During his career, Angus has worked as a money market dealer in New Zealand, and a financial consultant in the United Kingdom and the United States. Moving to Australia in 1996, Angus worked for five years as a stockbroker at Bankers Trust and JB Were before co-founding Fat Prophets in June 2000.

Attendance at Meetings

Board of Directors Meetings

Director	Meetings Held and Entitled to Attend	Meetings Attended
Michael Gallagher	9	9
Katrina Vanstone	9	9
Angus Geddes	9	9

Audit Committee Meetings

Director	Meetings Held and Entitled to Attend	Meetings Attended
Michael Gallagher	2	2
Katrina Vanstone	2	2

Directors' Interests in Shares and Options

The relevant interests of the directors and their related entities in the securities of the Company as at 30 June 2022 were:

Directors and officers	Number of Shares	Number of Options
Michael Gallagher	53,372	-
Katrina Vanstone	24,551	-
Angus Geddes	305,440	-
Fat Prophets Pty Ltd (controlled by Angus Geddes)	2,087,935	-
Brett Crowley	-	-

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD
ACN 615 414 849
DIRECTORS' REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Principal Activities of the Company

The Company's principal activity is to invest predominantly in a concentrated portfolio of listed securities from global equity markets, with the objective of providing long-term capital growth.

Review of Operations

The performance of the Company, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended 30 June 2022	Year ended 30 June 2021
	\$'000	\$'000
(Loss)/Profit before income tax	(13,442)	14,163
Income tax benefit/(expense)	4,253	(4,186)
(Loss)/Profit for the year attributable to shareholders	<u>(9,189)</u>	<u>9,977</u>

Please refer to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for further details.

The invested position of the Company as at 30 June 2022 was 86% (2021: 104%) in equity securities and 9% (2021: 4%) in cash and cash equivalents and interest bearing liabilities. The invested position is recognised on the balance sheet in cash and cash equivalents, financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss, and interest bearing liabilities.

Note the Company has not incurred any Covid-19 adverse impacts. The Company has continued normal operations throughout this period and does not forecast any disruptions at this time.

Dividends

An interim fully franked dividend of 3.0 cents per share was paid on 21 June 2022. The Ex-Dividend date was 7 June 2022, and the Record Date was 8 June 2022.

Net Assets

As at 30 June 2022 the net assets of the Company were \$41,710,000 (2021: \$58,013,000). Please refer to the Statement of Financial Position for further details.

State of Affairs

During the financial year there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company.

Events Subsequent to Balance Date

No matter or circumstance has arisen since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the result of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial years.

Indemnification of Officers

The Company has indemnified directors and officers for any actions that may arise as a result of acting in their capacity as directors and officers of the Company in respect of:

- a) Liability to third parties when acting in good faith; and
- b) Costs and expenses of defending legal proceedings and ancillary matters.

The terms of the policy preclude disclosure of the premium.

Environmental Regulations

The Company's operations are not subject to any significant environmental regulations.

Remuneration Report

This remuneration report sets out information about the remuneration of the Company's directors for the year ended 30 June 2022, under the requirements of Section 300A(1) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Key management personnel

The directors and other key management personnel of the Company during the whole of the financial year, and up to the date of this report are (unless otherwise indicated):

Michael Gallagher	Chairman
Katrina Vanstone	Director
Angus Geddes	Director and Chief Investment Officer
Simon Wheatley	Investment Portfolio Manager
Robert Dardano	Chief Financial Officer

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD
ACN 615 414 849
DIRECTORS' REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Remuneration Report (continued)

Directors' Remuneration

The Company has a Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee which reviews and advises the Board on the composition of the Board and its committees.

Directors' base fees are set out in the Constitution at a maximum of \$125,000 combined per annum.

Directors' remuneration received or receivable for the period ended 30 June 2022 was:

Director	Directors' fees \$	Superannuation \$	Total \$
Michael Gallagher	44,000	-	44,000
Katrina Vanstone	33,000	-	33,000
Angus Geddes	-	-	-
	77,000	-	77,000

Directors' remuneration received or receivable for the period ended 30 June 2021 was:

Director	Directors' fees \$	Superannuation \$	Total \$
Michael Gallagher	44,000	-	44,000
Katrina Vanstone	33,000	-	33,000
Angus Geddes	-	-	-
	77,000	-	77,000

Proceedings on behalf of the Company

There are no proceedings that the directors have brought, or intervened in, on behalf of the Company.

Non-Audit Services

Details of amount paid or payable to the auditor for non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor are outlined in Note 9(b) to the financial statements. The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the year by the auditor is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Rounding of amounts

Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases to the nearest dollar in accordance with *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial / Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, unless otherwise indicated.

Signed at Sydney this 26 August 2022, in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors by:



Chairman

Auditors' Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the Directors of Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund Ltd

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2022, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



PKF



PAUL PEARMAN
PARTNER

26 AUGUST 2022
SYDNEY, NSW

PKF (NS) Audit & Assurance Limited Partnership
ABN 91 850 861 839

Liability limited by a scheme approved
under Professional Standards Legislation

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PKF (NS) Audit & Assurance Limited Partnership is a member firm of the PKF International Limited family of separately owned firms and does not accept any responsibility or liability for the actions or inactions of any individual member or correspondent firm or firms.

For our office locations visit www.pkf.com.au

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD
ACN 615 414 849
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	Year ended 30 June 2022 \$'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 \$'000
Investment income			
Interest		90	-
Dividends		1,517	728
(Losses)/Gains on investments held at fair value through profit or loss		(13,816)	15,680
Gains on foreign exchange		480	2,206
Other income		1	2
Total (loss)/revenue		(11,728)	18,616
Expenses			
Management fees	9 (a)	697	724
Performance fees	9 (a)	-	2,594
Interest expense		323	316
Directors' fees		77	78
ASX fees		61	83
Insurance		50	52
Audit fees	9 (b)	32	24
Transaction costs	12	268	356
Legal and tax advice		28	24
Share registry fees		53	70
Other operating expenses		125	132
Total expenses		1,714	4,453
(Loss)/Profit before income tax		(13,442)	14,163
Income tax benefit/(expense)	7 (a)	4,253	(4,186)
(Loss)/Profit after income tax		(9,189)	9,977
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to shareholders		(9,189)	9,977
Basic (losses)/earnings per share (cents)	10	(21.75)	24.56
Diluted (losses)/earnings per share (cents)	10	(21.75)	24.56

This Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the notes to the Financial Statements which follow.

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD
ACN 615 414 849
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	As at 30 June 2022 \$'000	As at 30 June 2021 \$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	23,577	47,256
Receivables	5	210	58
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	2(e)	35,722	61,639
Current tax asset		424	-
Deferred tax assets	7(c)	1,882	306
TOTAL ASSETS		61,815	109,259
Liabilities			
Interest bearing liabilities	4	19,743	46,200
Payables	6	223	444
Current tax liability		-	1,785
Deferred tax liabilities	7 (c)	139	2,817
TOTAL LIABILITIES		20,105	51,246
NET ASSETS		41,710	58,013
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital	8	44,249	48,232
Retained (losses)/profits		(2,559)	9,761
Profits reserve		20	20
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		41,710	58,013

*This Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with
the notes to the Financial Statements which follow.*

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD
ACN 615 414 849
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	Share Capital \$'000	Retained Profits/ (Losses) \$'000	Profits Reserve \$'000	Total Equity \$'000
Balance at 30 June 2020		45,934	1,071	-	47,005
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	9,977	-	9,977
Subtotal		-	9,977	-	9,977
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners					
Ordinary shares issued under Share Purchase Plan (SPP)	8	5,550	-	-	5,550
Distributions paid		-	(1,287)	-	(1,287)
Shares acquired under buy-back	8	(3,252)	-	-	(3,252)
Subtotal		2,298	(1,287)	-	1,011
Transfer to profit reserve		-	-	-	-
Change in tax effect of listing costs due to tax rate change from 27.5% to 30%		-	-	20	20
		-	-	20	20
Balance at 30 June 2021		48,232	9,761	20	58,013
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-	(9,189)	-	(9,189)
Subtotal		-	(9,189)	-	(9,189)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners					
Distributions paid		-	(3,131)	-	(3,131)
Shares acquired under buy-back	8	(3,983)	-	-	(3,983)
Subtotal		(3,983)	(3,131)	-	(7,114)
Transfer to profit reserve		-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2022		44,249	(2,559)	20	41,710

*This Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with
the notes to the Financial Statements which follow.*

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD
ACN 615 414 849
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	Year ended 30 June 2022 \$'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Purchase of investments		(68,228)	(130,493)
Proceeds from sale of investments		80,329	147,330
Dividends received		1,514	752
Realised FX gains/losses		138	3,155
Management fees paid		(737)	(635)
Performance fees paid		(156)	(2,438)
Interest paid		(360)	(293)
Other income received		1	2
Income tax paid		(2,210)	(1)
Other operating expenses		(741)	(777)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	11	9,550	16,602
Cash flows from financing activities			
Payment for shares buy-back including transaction costs		(3,983)	(3,252)
Distributions paid		(3,131)	(1,287)
Proceeds from share issue		-	5,550
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from financing activities		(7,114)	1,011
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		342	(949)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,778	16,664
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		1,056	(15,608)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	4	3,834	1,056

*This Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with
the notes to the Financial Statements which follow.*

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD
ACN 615 414 849
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

1. General information and summary of significant accounting policies

Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund Limited ("the Company") is a listed investment company incorporated in Australia. The Company was incorporated on 19 October 2016. The registered office and principal place of business of the Company is Level 3, 22 Market Street, Sydney NSW 2000.

These general purpose financial statements are for the year ended 30 June 2022, and were authorised for issue by the directors on 26 August 2022.

The Company will be managed in accordance with the Constitution and investment objectives as detailed in the Replacement Prospectus dated 16 January 2017. The Manager is Fat Prophets Funds Management Pty Ltd, ACN 615 545 537, an Authorised Representative of Fat Prophets Pty Ltd (AFSL 229183).

A summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the Company in the preparation of the financial statements is set out as below:

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB") and the *Corporations Act 2001*. For the purposes of preparing financial statements, the Company is a for-profit entity.

The financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the historical cost convention except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months, except for investments in financial assets and liabilities.

The Company manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at reporting date.

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

The Company's investments are classified at fair value through profit or loss. They comprise:

- Financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition

These include financial assets and liabilities that are not held for trading purposes and which may be sold. These are investments in listed equity securities. The fair value through profit or loss classification is available for the majority of financial assets held by the Company and the financial liabilities arising from the units must be fair valued.

Financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception are those managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Company's documented investment strategy as outlined in the Prospectus. The Company's policy is for the Investment Manager to evaluate information about these financial instruments on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

The Company recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in the fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities from this date. Other financial assets and liabilities are recognised on the date they originated.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation under the liabilities are discharged.

(iii) Measurement

- Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

- Receivables

Loans and receivables are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs and are subsequently amortised if meet the SPPI and business model test, using the effective interest rate method, less impairment losses, if any. Such assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment.

At each reporting date, the Company shall measure the loss allowance on receivables at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses.

- Other financial assets and liabilities

Management considers that the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, other receivables and amounts due from brokers approximate fair value.

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD
ACN 615 414 849
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

1. General information and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Investments

(iii) Measurement (continued)

Fair value in an active market

The Company values listed investments at last quoted sale price. However, at balance date it assesses the difference between that price and the last bid/(ask) price for each long/(short) quoted investment, to determine whether another price within the bid/(ask) price spread is more representative of fair value.

Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market

The fair value of investments that are not traded in an active market are determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation techniques that provide a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

(d) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Company's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Company competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Company's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Transactions during the period denominated in foreign currency have been translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date. Overseas investments and currency, together with any accrued income, are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the balance date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions, and from the translation at balance date exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, are recognised in profit or loss. Net exchange gains and losses arising on the revaluation of investments are included in gains on investments.

Hedging may be undertaken in order to minimise possible adverse financial effects of movements in exchange rates. Hedging gains or losses are included as part of gains/(losses) on foreign exchange.

(e) Revenue/income recognition

Interest income and expenses, including interest income and expenses from non-derivative financial assets, are recognised through profit or loss as they accrue, as per the effective interest rate method of the instrument calculated at the acquisition date. Interest income includes the amortisation of any discount or premium, transaction costs or other differences between the initial carrying amount of an interest-bearing instrument and its amount at maturity on an effective interest rate basis. Interest income is recognised on a gross basis, including any withholding tax, if applicable.

Dividend income relating to exchange traded equity is to be recognised through profit or loss on the ex-dividend date with any related foreign withholding tax recognised as an expense.

Trust distributions (including distributions from cash management trusts) are recognised on a present entitlement basis through profit or loss on the day distributions are announced.

(f) Expenses

All expenses, including performance fees and investment management fees, are recognised through profit or loss on an accruals basis.

(g) Dividend policy

The Company may pay dividends to Shareholders from earnings generated from its operating activities to the extent permitted by law and in accordance with prudent business practices. Such dividends will be franked to the extent that available imputation credits permit.

(h) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Company is subject to income tax at 30% on taxable income. A capital gains tax concession may be available to investors where certain requirements are met.

The Company may incur withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded net of withholding tax in profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on the corporate tax rate. The relevant tax rate is applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

The carrying amount of recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed each reporting date. Deferred tax assets recognised are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that future taxable profits will be available for the carrying amount to be recovered. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that there are future taxable profits available to recover the asset.

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD
ACN 615 414 849
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

1. General information and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(i) Goods and services tax ("GST")

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australia Taxation Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivables or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

(j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position.

(k) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest and securities sold. Dividends are receivable when they have been declared and are legally payable. Interest is accrued at the balance date from the time of last payment. Amounts receivable for securities sold are recorded when a sale has occurred.

(l) Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for amounts owing by the Company at period end which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(m) Derivative financial instruments

The Company may invest in financial derivatives. Derivative financial instruments are accounted for on the same basis as the underlying investment exposure. Gains and losses relating to financial derivatives are included in profit or loss as part of gains/(losses) on investments.

(n) Amounts due/to from brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by period end. Trades are recorded on trade date, and normally settled within two business days. A provision for impairment of amounts due from brokers is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due from the relevant broker. Indicators that the amount due from brokers is impaired include significant financial difficulties of the broker, and the probability that the broker will enter into bankruptcy or financial reorganisation and default in payments.

(o) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

(p) Share option reserve

The share option reserve includes the amount received on issue of options, net of option issue costs. This reserve is adjusted, with a corresponding entry to share capital, on exercise of options. At the expiration of the option period, the portion of the reserve relating to unexercised options is transferred to share capital.

(q) Earnings per share

Undiluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the period from the date of listing to balance date.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and potential ordinary shares (options) outstanding during the year.

(r) Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, management of the Company is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of some assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are considered to be relevant, and reasonable under the circumstance. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The methods used in the valuation of investments are set out in Note 1(c) to these financial statements.

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1. General information and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(s) New and amended standards adopted by the Company

There were no new standards, interpretations or amendments to existing accounting standards that are mandatory for the reporting period ending 30 June 2022 that are material to the financial statements.

(t) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2022, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Company.

(u) Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

The Company is an entity of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191* relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

2. Financial risk management

(a) Objectives, strategies, policies and processes

The Company's Investment Strategy is to construct a leveraged portfolio made up of a concentrated number of positions across a range of asset classes using the most appropriate investment instrument. The Company should not be seen as a predictable, low risk investment. The Company's investments will be concentrated across a small number of positions, the value of which will fluctuate on a daily basis and the Company is therefore considered to have a higher risk profile than cash assets.

The Company's activities are exposed to different types of financial risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, and price risk) and credit risk. The Company may employ derivative financial instruments to hedge these risk exposures in order to minimise the effects of these risks. The use of derivatives is an essential part of proper portfolio management and is not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset of the Company against a fluctuation in market values or foreign exchange rates or to reduce volatility;
- as a substitute for physical securities;
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy;
- adjusting the duration or the weighted average maturity of fixed interest portfolios.

The use of short selling and derivatives may indirectly leverage the Portfolio on a gross basis.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate. These fluctuations can be caused by market volatility, interest rates, economic cycles, political events and levels of economic growth, both global and domestic. The Company is materially exposed to two different types of market risks, namely foreign currency risk and price risk. Market risk exposures are assessed and minimised through employing established investment strategies.

The Company has a focused portfolio and, due to the concentrated nature of the Company's investments, considerable short term volatility may be experienced. The Company may also short specific securities that, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, are overvalued. All of the portfolio positions are subject to research and peer group review and if appropriate opportunities cannot be found the Company will hold cash until new opportunities arise.

(i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial commitment, recognised asset or liability will fluctuate due to changes in foreign currency rates.

The Company holds assets denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar (the functional currency) and is therefore exposed to foreign currency risk when the value of assets denominated in other currencies fluctuates due to movements in exchange rates.

The Company may enter into foreign exchange forward contracts both to hedge the foreign exchange risk implicit in the value of portfolio securities denominated in foreign currency and to secure a particular exchange rate for a planned purchase or sale of securities. The terms and conditions of these contracts rarely exceed one period and the level of hedging will depend on the Investment Manager's expectation of future currency exchange rate movements.

As the nature of these contracts is to hedge the international investment activities of the Company, they are accounted for by marking to market at balance date in a manner consistent with the valuation of the underlying securities. The currency position of the Company is monitored on an ongoing basis by the Investment Manager.

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

2. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(i) Foreign currency risk (continued)

The Company's portfolio in different currencies at balance date is summarised below:

	Australian Dollars A\$'000	US Dollars A\$'000	Euros A\$'000	Japanese Yen A\$'000	Hong Kong Dollars A\$'000	Other Currencies A\$'000	Total A\$'000
2022							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	23,565	-	-	-	-	12	23,577
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:							
Listed securities	19,834	6,299	-	5,654	1,561	2,374	35,722
Receivables	199	10	-	-	-	1	210
Current tax asset	424	-	-	-	-	-	424
Deferred tax assets	1,882	-	-	-	-	-	1,882
Total assets	45,904	6,309	-	5,654	1,561	2,387	61,815
Liabilities							
Interest bearing liabilities	-	8,831	-	5,578	1,621	3,713	19,743
Payables	215	-	-	5	3	-	223
Deferred tax liabilities	139	-	-	-	-	-	139
Total liabilities	354	8,831	-	5,583	1,624	3,713	20,105
Net assets	45,550	(2,522)	-	71	(63)	(1,326)	41,710
2021							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	38,163	-	-	-	-	9,093	47,256
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:							
Listed securities	23,114	14,658	-	9,519	9,832	3,144	60,267
Swaps	-	191	-	-	-	-	191
Receivables	52	6	-	-	-	-	58
Deferred tax assets	306	-	-	-	-	-	306
Total assets	61,635	14,855	-	9,519	9,832	12,237	108,078
Liabilities							
Interest bearing liabilities	-	26,377	31	8,745	9,873	1,174	46,200
Payables	410	14	-	5	6	9	444
Current tax liability	1,785	-	-	-	-	-	1,785
Deferred tax liabilities	2,817	-	-	-	-	-	2,817
Total liabilities	5,012	26,391	31	8,750	9,879	1,183	51,246
Net assets	56,623	(11,536)	(31)	769	(47)	11,054	56,832

Foreign currency sensitivity

A sensitivity of 10 per cent has been selected to account for the current level of exchange rate volatility observed in the market. As at reporting date, the Australian dollar to United States dollar (AUD/USD) exchange rate was 0.68765 (2021: 0.75075), Australian dollar to Hong Kong dollar (AUD/HKD) exchange rate was 5.395956 (2021: 5.830213) and Australian dollar to Japanese Yen (AUD/JPY) exchange rate was 93.420702 (2021: 83.325763). As the Hong Kong dollar and Japanese yen are pegged to the US dollar, any movement in the US dollar is likely to result in a movement of a similar proportion in the Hong Kong dollar and Japanese yen. As at reporting date, had the Australian dollar weakened/(strengthened) by 10% against the US dollar with all other variables held constant, assuming that the Hong Kong dollar and Japanese yen follows the US dollar, the net assets attributable to shareholders would have been \$274,130 higher/(\$518,443) lower (2021: \$10,476,955 higher/(\$12,807,140) lower).

(ii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate, whether those changes are specifically related to an individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Company is primarily exposed to price risk for its investments in listed securities. The price risk of securities is dependent upon the financial circumstances of the companies in which the securities are purchased, including their profits, earnings and cash flows. The return on a security's investment may also be affected by the quality of company management, the general health of the sector in which it operates and government policy.

In cases where financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar, future prices will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Refer to Note 2(b)(i) for the management of foreign currency risk. Some securities present a risk of loss of capital and, except where equities are sold short, the maximum exposure resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of those instruments. Potential losses from equities sold short can be unlimited.

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2. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Price risk (continued)

The Investment Manager's security selection process is fundamental to the management of price risk. When considering taking a position, whether long or short, the price at which it is established is a critical element within the overall process and includes the use of technical, peer group and market analysis together with adequate diversification to reduce the impact of a negative return on any one position.

The Company's overall market positions are monitored on an ongoing basis by the Investment Manager.

The Company's net equity exposure as at 30 June 2022 is set out below:

	As at 30 June 2022	As at 30 June 2021
Industry Groups		
Consumer services	27%	40%
Materials	19%	13%
Software and services	2%	1%
Banks	0%	0%
Energy	3%	0%
Media	5%	10%
Consumer Durables	0%	0%
Diversified Financials	22%	31%
Real Estate	3%	2%
Capital Goods	1%	1%
Communications	6%	0%
Insurance	9%	2%
Retailing	3%	0%
Technology	0%	0%
Commercial and Professional Services	0%	0%
Total	100%	100%

Price sensitivity

The directors of the Company believe that it is difficult to accurately estimate future returns. Equity market returns can be volatile and returns from period to period often have a wide variance. As such, the Company uses a long term performance average, rather than a short term performance number, when estimating sensitivity to price risk. The longer return average takes into consideration the full market cycle, whereas an estimate based solely on last period's performance is likely to be misleading when the market cycle shifts.

As at reporting date, if the listed security prices in the portfolio had increased/(decreased) by 1% with all other variables being constant, this would have increased/(decreased) the net assets attributable to shareholders by approximately +/- \$357,220. (2021: \$602,660). The impact of price movements in currency contracts is unlikely to have a significant impact on the Company.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will fail to perform contractual obligations (i.e. default in either whole or part) under a contract causing the Company to make a financial loss.

Market prices generally incorporate credit assessments into valuations and risk of loss is implicitly provided for in the carrying value of assets and liabilities as they are marked to market at balance date.

The Investment Manager minimises the Company's concentrations of credit risk by adopting a number of procedures, including the following:

- Undertaking transactions with a large number of counterparties on recognised and reputable exchanges;
- Ensuring that these counterparties together with the respective credit limits are approved.

The contractual credit risk of assets is represented by the net payments or receipts that remain outstanding, and the cost of replacing the derivative position in the event of a counterparty default. The Company does not hold any collateral as security or any other credit enhancements. There are no financial assets that are past due or impaired as at balance date.

The Company has appointed Deutsche Bank as Prime Broker to the Company. Deutsche Bank is subject to regulatory oversight and capital requirements imposed by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission. As at the date of this report, Deutsche Bank has a credit rating of A- (S&P) for long term and a rating of A-2 for short term debt.

The terms of the Prime Broker Agreement provide that the Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund utilise custodial assets for its own lending and financing purposes (including to borrow, lend, charge, re-hypothecate, and dispose of) up to, but not exceeding, 180% of the value of the Company's outstanding liabilities with Deutsche Bank. These assets are owned by Deutsche Bank in its Prime Broker capacity. Under the terms of the Prime Broker Agreement, Deutsche Bank is obliged to return to the Company the equivalent custodial assets irrespective of what transpires between it and any third party with whom the Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund has transacted.

Cash holdings with Deutsche Bank are not subject to this arrangement and are always considered to be held by Deutsche Bank in its Prime Broker capacity.

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

2. Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Credit risk (continued)

As at balance date, the maximum value of the Company's gross assets available to the Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund for its lending and financing activities is \$59.30 million (30 June 2021: \$108.90 million). Under the Prime Broker arrangements in place, the amount does not require disclosure by the Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund. The maximum net exposure to the Prime Broking activities of Deutsche Bank, after offsetting the Company's outstanding liabilities with \$19.74 million (30 June 2021: \$46.20 million) approximates \$39.56 million (30 June 2021: \$62.70 million) as at balance date. The credit position of the Company is monitored on an ongoing basis by the Investment Manager.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. This risk is controlled through the Company's investment in financial instruments, which under market conditions are readily convertible to cash. In addition, the Company maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet normal operating requirements. Accordingly, the entity is not considered to be exposed to material liquidity risks in relation to its financial instruments.

Maturity analysis for financial liabilities

Financial liabilities of the Company comprise trade and other payables which have no contractual maturities but are typically settled within 30 days.

(e) Fair value measurements

The Company measures and recognises financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

The Company has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (Level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

(i) *Fair value in an active market (Level 1)*

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and listed equity securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

(ii) *Recognised fair value measurements*

The table below presents the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at 30 June 2022:

	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
At 30 June 2022				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Listed securities	35,722	-	-	35,722
	35,722	-	-	35,722
At 30 June 2021				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Listed securities	60,267	-	-	60,267
Swaps	-	191	-	191
	60,267	191	-	60,458

(iii) *Transfer between levels*

Management's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period.

(iv) *Fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value*

The carrying value of trade receivables and trade payables approximate their fair value because of the short-term nature of the instruments and low credit risk.

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3. Segment information

Identification of reportable operating segments

The Company is organised into one main operating segment with the key function of the investment of funds internationally. AASB 8: Operating Segments requires disclosure of revenue by investment type and geographical location, which is outlined below:

	Year ended 30 June 2022 \$'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 \$'000
(a) Investment Income by investment type		
Equity securities - dividends	1,517	728
Total	1,517	728
(b) Investment Income by geographical area		
Oceania	1,048	343
Europe - Other	41	11
Hong Kong	13	62
Asia ex Hong Kong	363	213
North America	52	99
Total	1,517	728

4. Cash and cash equivalents and interest bearing liabilities

	As at 30 June 2022 \$'000	As at 30 June 2021 \$'000
<i>Cash and cash equivalents</i>		
Cash at bank (custodian) - AUD	23,565	38,163
Cash at bank (custodian) - other currencies	12	9,093
	23,577	47,256
<i>Interest bearing liabilities</i>		
Overdraft at custodian	(19,743)	(46,200)
	3,834	1,056

Overdraft at Custodian is a cash facility offered by the Custodian.

5. Receivables

	As at 30 June 2022 \$'000	As at 30 June 2021 \$'000
Dividends receivable	41	38
GST receivable	79	20
Interest receivable	90	-
	210	58

6. Payables

	As at 30 June 2022 \$'000	As at 30 June 2021 \$'000
Management fees payable	97	137
Performance fees payable	-	156
Recoverable fees payable	118	106
Interest payable	8	45
	223	444

7. Income tax

(a) Income tax expense

The aggregate amount of income tax attributable to the financial year differs from the amount of income tax that would be payable by the Company if its taxable income for the year were equal to the amount of the profit before income tax. The difference between these amounts is explained as follows:

	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
(Loss)/profit for the year before income tax expense	(13,442)	14,163
Prima facie income tax expense calculated at 30% (2021: 30%)	(4,033)	4,249
Tax impact of imputation credits and foreign tax credits	125	52
Imputation and foreign tax credits applied	(182)	(173)
Imputation credits converted to tax losses	(163)	-
Under provision in respect of prior years	-	58
Income tax expense/(benefit)	(4,253)	4,186
Income tax expense/benefit comprised of:		
Current tax liability		
Deferred tax (asset)/liability	(4,253)	4,186

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7. Income tax (continued)

(b) Tax effects of items credited to equity

Amounts credited to equity in relation to the income tax effect of amounts recognised in equity:

	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Initial public offering listing fee	234	234
	234	234

(c) Deferred tax

Deferred tax asset on costs associated with the IPO	-	3
Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) on unrealised investment gain	1,714	(2,805)
Deferred tax asset on unrealised foreign exchange loss	(103)	284
Deferred tax asset on tax losses	163	-
Deferred tax liability on dividends	(12)	(12)
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities) on interest	(24)	13
Deferred tax asset on accruals	5	6
Total deferred tax asset/(liability)	1,743	(2,511)

8. Share capital

Shares

There is a single class of ordinary shares on issue. For all shares issued in accordance with the Prospectus dated 16 January 2017 an option was also issued. The amount paid by each shareholder was allocated between the share and the option based on relative market prices on the first day of trading. Costs of fundraising were allocated between shares and options on the same basis.

Each Share confers on its holder equal voting rights and to share equally in dividends and any surplus on winding up.

Subject to the *Corporations Act 2001* and the Listing Rules, Shares are fully transferable.

The rights attaching to Shares may be varied with the approval of Shareholders in general meeting by special resolution.

There were no options issued in FY2021-2022.

Movements in share capital during the period are set out below:

	As at 30 June 2022 Shares	\$'000	As at 30 June 2021 Shares	\$'000
Ordinary shares - fully paid, net of IPO costs, net of tax	39,682,914	44,249	43,126,084	48,232

Movement in ordinary share capital

	Year ended 30 June 2022 Shares	\$'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 Shares	\$'000
Opening balance	43,126,084	48,232	41,784,743	45,934
Ordinary shares issued under Share Purchase Plan (SPP)	-	-	4,359,313	5,550
Shares acquired under buy-back	(3,443,170)	(3,983)	(3,017,972)	(3,252)
Sub-total	39,682,914	44,249	43,126,084	48,232
	39,682,914	44,249	43,126,084	48,232

Costs of shares issued in relation to the IPO, net of tax, transferred to equity

At 30 June 2022, the Company incurred the following fees in relation to the IPO that were transferred to equity:

	As at 30 June 2022 \$'000	As at 30 June 2021 \$'000
Listing Cost	780	780
Sub-total	780	780
Less current and future period tax deductions	(234)	(234)
Total costs of shares	546	546

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8. Share capital and share option reserve (continued)

Substantial share holders

The top twenty shareholders as at 30 June 2022 were:

Shareholder	As at 30 June 2022 Unitholding	As at 30 June 2021 Unitholding
1 HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited-Gsco Eca	4,492,508	4,727,508
2 Fat Prophets Pty Ltd	2,087,935	2,020,250
3 MR David Allen Parket + Mrs Helen Thirza Jane Parket <Parket Super Fund A/c>	1,000,000	1,000,000
4 Y B & S Investments Pty Ltd <Atf Prose Unit A/c>	457,612	457,612
5 Mr Colin Weekes	408,574	325,755
6 C J Magarey Pty Ltd <C J Magarey Super Fund A/c>	315,000	273,622
7 Mrs Danielle Gibson	307,309	363,600
8 HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited - A/c 2	305,440	223,150
9 Rational Research Pty Ltd < Rational Research S/F A/c>	258,622	218,622
10 Inmont Pty Ltd <Nicholas Galante A/c>	223,622	223,622
11 Dillmar Pty Ltd <Petmar Family Pen Plan A/c>	218,270	204,477
12 Citicorp Nominees Pty Ltd <DPSL A/c>	206,788	490,228
13 Ironwood Investments Pty Limited <Phillips Super Fund A/c>	200,000	-
14 Mr Nicholas James Galante + Mrs Kerry Maria Galante	180,000	180,000
15 H&S Stenning Pty Ltd <Stenning Family SF A/c>	175,314	200,000
16 M&S Kaushal Pty Ltd <Kaushal Fam SF A/c>	165,775	-
17 Mr Gregory James Blight & Mr Stephen Maxwell Blight <Gregory Blight S/F A/c>	163,622	163,622
18 Alison Jane McDonnell + Todd Andrew McDonnell	163,622	-
19 RASF Nominees Pty Ltd <McClean Superannuation A/c>	159,450	-
20 Rinella Super Pty Ltd <Rinella Family S/F A/c>	158,622	-

9. Expenses

(a) Fees paid to the Investment Manager

The Company has appointed Fat Prophets Funds Management Pty Limited as the Investment Manager. A summary of the fees (GST exclusive) charged by the Investment Manager is set out below.

(i) Management fee

The Investment Manager is entitled to be paid a management fee equal to 1.25% p.a. of the Portfolio Net Asset Value. The management fee is calculated and accrued on the last day of each month and paid within 20 days of the end of the month.

(ii) Performance fee

At the end of each quarter, the Investment Manager is entitled to receive a performance fee of 20% (plus GST) of the difference between the Net Portfolio Value at the end of the relevant period and highest Net Portfolio Value of any preceding period.

The formula for the Performance Fee is outlined below:

$$PF = 0.20 \times (CNPV - PNPV + D - NC)$$

Where:

PF = the amount of the Performance Fee;

CNPV is the Net Portfolio Value on the last business day of the relevant quarter;

PNPV is the higher of:

(i) the Net Portfolio Value on the last business day of the immediately preceding quarter; and

(ii) the previous highest Net Portfolio Value calculated under this formula;

D is the aggregate of all dividends or other distributions in respect of all Shares paid or payable to Shareholders, or the value of entitlements other than cash dividends or distributions where those other entitlements are given or due to Shareholders, on a pre-tax basis, where the Shares were quoted 'ex' dividend, distribution or other entitlement on the ASX in respect of such dividend, distribution or other entitlement at any time during the quarter;

NC is the aggregate dollar value of any new capital subscribed for Shares during the quarter (including dividend reinvestments and exercise of options), calculated at the subscription price for that new capital less the costs incurred in raising that new capital less the aggregate dollar value of any buy-back of Shares or capital reduction or capital return during the quarter.

If PF is a negative number, no Performance Fee is payable in respect of that quarter.

The Performance Fee shall be paid to the Manager within twenty (20) days of the end of each quarter.

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9. Expenses (continued)

(b) Auditor's remuneration

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by PKF, the auditor of the Company:

	Year ended 30 June 2022 \$	Year ended 30 June 2021 \$
Audit and review of the financial statements	26,500	23,500
Tax compliance services	6,000	5,000
	32,500	28,500

10. (Losses)/Earnings per share

	Year ended 30 June 2022	Year ended 30 June 2021
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share	42,259,302	40,615,127
Basic (losses)/earnings per share (cents)	(21.75)	24.56
Weighted average number of shares used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share	42,259,302	40,615,127
Diluted (losses)/earnings per share (cents)	(21.75)	24.56

In the calculation of diluted earnings per share, options are not considered to have a dilutive effect, as the average market price of ordinary shares of the Company during the period did not exceed the exercise price of the options.

11. Reconciliation of Net (loss)/profit after income tax to Cash Flow from Operating Activities:

	Year ended 30 June 2022 \$'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 \$'000
Net (loss)/profit after income tax	(9,189)	9,977
Purchase of investments	(68,228)	(130,493)
Proceeds from sale of investments	80,329	147,330
Net gains/(losses) on investment	13,816	(15,680)
Net gains/(losses) on foreign exchange	(342)	949
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase)/Decrease in receivables	(152)	17
(Increase)/Decrease in current tax assets	(424)	-
(Increase)/Decrease in deferred tax assets	(1,576)	743
(Decrease)/increase in current tax liability	(1,785)	606
(Decrease)/increase in deferred tax liabilities	(2,678)	2,817
(Decrease)/increase in payables	(221)	316
(Decrease)/increase in tax effect equity	-	20
Net cash inflow from operating activities	9,550	16,602

12. Investment transactions

The total number of securities transactions entered into the during the reporting year, together with total brokerage paid during the reporting year was:

Number of transactions - 229 (2021: 430)

Total brokerage paid - \$267,313 (\$109,963 on purchases and \$157,350 on sales) (2021: \$356,022 (\$157,080 on purchases and \$198,942 on sales)).

Brokerage is a function of trading turnover, turnover was lower in 2022 v 2021.

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13. Investment Portfolio

Investments by geographical region and currency:

	As at 30 June 2022 Fair Value A\$'000	As at 30 June 2021 Fair Value A\$'000
Australia	19,834	23,113
Europe - Other	2,374	3,144
Hong Kong	1,561	9,832
Japan	5,654	9,519
North America	6,299	14,850
Total	35,722	60,458

The top 10 holdings of the Fund as at 30 June 2022 are as follows:

Security	Domicile	As at 30 June 2022 A\$'000	% of portfolio
Collins Foods Ltd	Australia	3,955	11.07%
BHP Billiton Limited	Australia	2,262	6.33%
QBE Insurance Group Limited	Australia	2,071	5.80%
Telstra Corporation Limited	Australia	2,048	5.73%
Sands China	China	1,561	4.37%
Rio Tinto Limited	Australia	1,510	4.23%
Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group	Japan	1,480	4.14%
Domino's Pizza Limited	Australia	1,358	3.80%
Dai-ichi Life Holdings Inc	Japan	1,255	3.51%
Domino's Pizza Group PLC	Great Britain	1,060	2.97%

14. Related party transactions

All transactions with related parties are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions, and are as follows:

- The compensation arrangements with the Directors and Executive Directors (refer to Directors' Remuneration below);
- The interests in the Company held directly or indirectly by the Directors and Executive Directors (refer to remuneration report included in the directors' report); and
- The Management Agreement between the Company and the Investment Manager (refer to Note 9 for details of fees paid to the Investment Manager). Angus Geddes is Director of the Investment Manager.

Directors Remuneration

Directors' remuneration received or receivable for the year ended 30 June 2022 was:

Director	Directors' fees \$	Superannuation \$	Total \$
Michael Gallagher	44,000	-	44,000
Katrina Vanstone	33,000	-	33,000
Angus Geddes	-	-	-
	77,000	-	77,000

Directors' remuneration received or receivable for the period ended 30 June 2021 was:

Director	Directors' fees \$	Superannuation \$	Total \$
Michael Gallagher	44,000	-	44,000
Katrina Vanstone	33,000	-	33,000
Angus Geddes	-	-	-
	77,000	-	77,000

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD
ACN 615 414 849
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

15. Contingencies

As at the year end 30 June 2022, and as per the prior year end 30 June 2021, the Manager was not aware of any liabilities or gain or loss contingencies considered material, individually or in aggregate, that were required to be accrued or disclosed.

16. Commitments

As at the year end 30 June 2022, and as per the prior year end 30 June 2021, the Manager was not aware of any commitments considered material, individually or in aggregate, that were required to be accrued or disclosed.

17. Events subsequent to reporting date

No significant events have occurred since the reporting period which would impact on the financial position of the Company disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022 or on the results and cash flows of the Company for the year ended on that date.

18 Review of COVID-19 impact on continuing operations

Note the Company has not incurred any Covid-19 adverse impacts. The Company has continued normal operations throughout this period and does not forecast any disruptions at this time.

FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD
ACN 615 414 849
DIRECTORS' DECLARATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

1 In the directors' opinion:

(a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 22 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

(i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as disclosed in Note 1 (a), the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and

(ii) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and

(b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

2 The notes to the financial statements include a statement of compliance with Australian Financial Reporting Standards.

3 The directors have been given by the Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer the declarations for the year ended 30 June 2022 required by section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Chairman



Sydney, NSW
26 August 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF FAT PROPHETS GLOBAL CONTRARIAN FUND LTD

Report on the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund Ltd (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Directors' Declaration of the Company.

In our opinion, the financial report of Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund Ltd is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- i) Giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

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Key Audit Matters (cont'd)

1. Valuation and existence of investments

Why significant

As at 30 June 2022, the carrying value of financial assets was \$35.72m which represented 86% of the Company's Net Assets, as disclosed in Note 2(e) and Note 13 of the financial report.

The financial assets consist of Australian and International equities held at fair value through profit and loss. Accordingly, the fluctuations in investment valuation are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Given the nature and principal activity of the Company being to invest in listed securities, combined with the quantum of investments held, we have identified that the valuation and existence of these investments to be a KAM.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our work included, but was not limited to, the following procedures:

- Performing a reconciliation of the investments balance from the 30 June 2021 balance, taking into consideration purchases, sales and other relevant transactions and agreed the sum to the 30 June 2022 balance.
- Agreeing investment quantity holdings at 30 June 2022 to independent third party sources.
- Agreeing all the listed equities investment prices to independent market pricing sources as at 30 June 2022.
- Obtaining a report on whether the controls over investment purchases and sales transactions were suitably designed and operated effectively for the year and assessed the report.

2. Accuracy and completeness of management fees

Why significant

The management calculations are based on the portfolio Net Asset Value and made with related parties therefore heightening the inherent risk associated with these balances, as disclosed in Note 9(a) of the financial report. For the year ended 30 June 2022, the Company has recognised management fees of \$697K.

Given the nature of the various inputs and complexity of the management fee calculations, we have determined that the accuracy and completeness of this balance to be a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our work included, but was not limited to, the following procedures:

- Recalculating management fees recognised in accordance with the terms outlined in the prospectus.
- Testing key inputs used in the calculation of the management fees and performed an independent assessment.
- Assessing the adequacy of the disclosure of the management fees in the financial report.

Other Information

Other information is financial and non-financial information in the annual report of the Company which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The Directors are responsible for Other Information in the annual report.

The Other Information we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report was the Director's report. The remaining Other Information is expected to be made available to us after the date of the Auditor's Report.

Other Information (cont'd)

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, the auditor does not and will not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon, with the exception of the Remuneration Report.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information in the Financial Report and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Directors' Responsibilities for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the Directors also state, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial report complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using a going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individual or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report (cont'd)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and other related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2022.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Fat Prophets Global Contrarian Fund Ltd for the year ended 30 June 2022, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Responsibilities

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.



PKF



PAUL PEARMAN
PARTNER

26 AUGUST 2022
SYDNEY, NSW