Papyrus Australia Ltd

ABN 63 110 868 409

Statutory Accounts

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

Papyrus Australia Ltd

ABN 63 110 868 409

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Corporate Information

This annual report covers Papyrus Australia Ltd (ABN 63 110 868 409), and its subsidiaries (the consolidated group or 'Group'). The Group's functional and presentation currency is Australian dollars.

A description of the Group's operations and of its principal activities is included in the review of operations and activities in the directors' report on pages 10 to 20. The directors' report is not part of the financial report.

Directors
Mr Edward Byrt (Chairman)
Mr Ramy Azer (Managing Director)
Mr David Attias (Non-Executive Director)
Ms Kerry Chikarovski (Executive Director)
Mr Pascal Gouel (Executive Director)
Mr Vincent Peter Rigano (Non-Executive Director)

Company Secretary
Mr Vincent Peter Rigano

Registered Office
C/- V P Rigano & Co Pty Ltd
Level 2, 2 Peel Street
ADELAIDE SA 5000

Principal place of business
C/- V P Rigano & Co Pty Ltd
Level 2, 2 Peel Street
ADELAIDE SA 5000

Share Registry
Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd
Level 5, 115 Grenfell Street
ADELAIDE SA 5000

Auditors
BDO Audit (SA) Pty Ltd
Level 7, BDO Centre
420 King William Street
ADELAIDE SA 5000

Papyrus Australia Ltd
ABN 63 110 868 409
Corporate Governance Statement
30 June 2022

Introduction
Papyrus Australia Limited (the Company) and the Board are committed to achieving and demonstrating the highest standards of corporate governance. The Board continues to review the framework and practices to ensure they meet the interests of shareholders. The Company and its controlled entities together are referred to as the Group in this statement.

The Group details below the corporate governance practices in place at the end of the financial year, all of which comply with the principles and recommendations of the ASX corporate governance council unless otherwise stated. Some of the charters and policies that form the basis of the corporate governance practices of the Group may be located on the Group's website, http://www.papyrusaustralia.com.au/

On 27 February 2019, the ASX Corporate Governance Council released the 4th Edition of its Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition Recommendations). The Group reviewed its corporate governance and reporting practices under these principles and the disclosures in this Corporate Governance Statement reflect this. As at the date of this statement, the Group complies with the 4th Edition Recommendations (unless otherwise stated).
Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

The relationship between the Board and senior management is critical to the Group's long-term success. The Directors are responsible to the shareholders for the performance of the group in both the short and the longer term and seek to balance objectives in the best interests of the group as a whole. Their focus is to enhance the interests of shareholders and other key stakeholders and to ensure the Group is properly managed.

The responsibilities of the Board include:
- providing strategic guidance to the Group including contributing to the development of and approving the corporate strategy;
- reviewing and approving business plans, the annual budget and financial plans including available resources and major capital expenditure initiatives;
- overseeing and monitoring the organisational performance and the achievement of the Group's strategic goals and objectives;
- monitoring financial performance including approval of the annual and half-year financial reports and liaison with the Company's auditors;
- appointment and performance assessment of the Managing Director (MD);
- ratifying the appointment and/or removal and contributing to the performance assessment for the members of the senior management team, including the Company Secretary;
- ensuring there are effective management processes in place and approving major corporate initiatives;
- enhancing and protecting the reputation of the organisation;
- overseeing the operation of the Group's system for compliance and risk management reporting to shareholders; and
- ensuring appropriate resources are available to senior management.

Due to the size of the Group, the day to day management of the Group's affairs and the implementation of the corporate strategy and policy initiatives are managed by the Board.

The Board has not publicly disclosed a statement of matters reserved for the Board, or the Board charter. Given the size of the Company at this time, the Board does not consider the formation of a Board charter necessary.

The Board is presently responsible for evaluating Board candidates and recommending individuals for appointment to the Board. The Board evaluates prospective candidates against a range of criteria including the skills, experience, expertise and diversity that will best complement Board effectiveness at the time. The Board undertakes appropriate background and screening checks prior to nominating a director for election by shareholders, and provides to shareholders all material information in its possession concerning the director standing for election or re-election in the explanatory notes accompanying the notice of meeting.

A written agreement has not been executed with each director setting out the terms of their appointment; therefore the Group does not comply with recommendation 1.3 of the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations. The Company believes that due to their size and nature of operations that this is acceptable, however will ensure written agreements are executed with future directors and senior executives.

The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board. The Company Secretary is responsible for maintaining the information systems and processes that are appropriate for the Board to fulfill its role and to achieve the objective of the Company. The Company Secretary is also responsible for ensuring that the Board procedures are complied with and advising the Board on governance matters. All Directors and Committees have access to the Company Secretary for advice and services. Independent advisory services are retained by the Company Secretary at the request of the Board or Committees.

The Company does not have a diversity policy, which formally documents the principles and commitment in relation to maintaining a diverse group of employees within the Company, and therefore has not complied with recommendation 1.5(b) of the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations. However the Board continually assesses the composition of the Board. The Company believes this to be appropriate at this time, but notes it uses diversity as a driver for staff recruitment.

The total proportion of men and women on the board, in senior positions (being Key Management Personal and decision makers of the Company) and across the whole organisation is listed below:

Category	Men	Women
Board	5	1
Senior Management	2	-
Whole Organisation	7	-

The Group has not disclosed in this Corporate Governance Statement its measureable objectives for achieving gender diversity and therefore has not complied with recommendation 1.5(a) of the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations. Due to the size of the Company and its number of employees, the Board does not consider it appropriate, at this time, to formally set measurable objectives for gender diversity.

The Board will at least annually evaluate its performance and the performance of its committees and individual directors to determine whether or not it is functioning effectively by reference to the current best practices. The Board continually evaluates the composition of the Board, however a formal evaluation of its performance and the performance of its committees and individual directors is yet to be conducted. Due to the size of the Company, the Board has determined that this is appropriate at Company's stage to date, however it does recognise that ongoing performance evaluation is important to ensure that the Board, committees and individual director's remain relevant and committed to the Company's business operations and changing business requirements. At the date of this report, the Company has not complied with recommendation 1.6(b) of the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations.

The Group currently has three senior executives and has no formal process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives.

Principle 2: Structure the board to add value

The Board has not established a nomination committee, and thus not complied with recommendation 2.1(a) of the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations. The Directors takes ultimate responsibility in addressing board succession issues and to ensure the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively. The Board closely assesses diversity criteria when considering Board candidates.

The Group's desired mix of skills and competence is listed below. The Board considers its current composition adequately meets these required competencies.

Area	Competence
Leadership	Business Leadership, Public Listed Company Experience
Business, Finance and Legal	Accounting, Audit, Business Strategy, Competitive Business Analysis, Corporate Financing, Financial Literacy, Legal, Mergers and Acquisitions, Risk Management, Tax – International
Sustainability and Stakeholder Management	Community Relations, Corporate Governance, Health & Safety, Human Resources, Remuneration
Engineering and Technical	Engineering qualifications

At the date of this statement the Board consists of the following directors:

Mr Edward Byrt, Non-Executive Chairman, Mr Ramy Azer, Managing Director, Mr David Attias Non-Executive Director, Ms Kerry Chikarovski Executive Director, Mr Pascal Gouel Executive Director, Mr Vincent Rigano, Non-Executive Director/Company Secretary.

The Board considers this to be an appropriate composition given the size and development of the Group at the present time and continually assesses the composition of the Board to ensure its membership maintains a combination of skills and experience that ensure the Board has the expertise to meet both its responsibilities to stakeholders and its strategic objectives. The names of directors including details of their qualifications and experience are set out in the Directors' Report of the Annual Report and also available on the Company's website: www.papyrusaustralia.com.au

Independence
The Board is conscious of the need for independence and ensures that where a conflict of interest may arise, the relevant Director(s) leave the meeting to ensure a full and frank discussion of the matter(s) under consideration by the rest of the Board. Those Directors who have interests in specific transactions or potential transactions do not receive Board papers related to those transactions or potential transactions, do not participate in any part of a Directors' meeting which considers those transactions or potential transactions, are not involved in the decision making process in respect of those transactions or potential transactions, and are asked not to discuss those transactions or potential transactions with other Directors.

Directors of the Company are considered to be independent when they are independent of management and free from any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with, the exercise of their unfettered and independent judgment.

The Board has accepted the following definition of an independent Director:

An independent director is a director who is not a member of management, is a Non-Executive Director and who:
- is not, or has not been, employed in an executive capacity by the Group and there has been a period of at least three years between ceasing such employment and serving on the Board;
- is not, or has not within the last three years been, a partner, director or senior employee of a provider of material professional services to the Group;
- is not, or has not within the last three years been, in a material business relationship (e.g. as a supplier or customer) with the Group, or an officer or, or otherwise associated with, someone with such a relationship;
- is not a substantial security holder of the entity or an officer of, or otherwise associated with, a substantial security holder of the entity;
- does not have a material contractual relationship with the Group other than as a director; or
- has not been a director of the entity for such a period that his or her independence may have been compromised.

Mr David Attias and Mr Vincent Rigano are Non-Executive Directors and have no other material relationships with the Group other than their directorship. Mr Rigano has some shareholding in the Group, he is not a substantial security holder. As such, the Group assesses that it has two independent directors during the year as those relationships are defined.

The Board considers its current structure to be an appropriate composition of the required skills and experience, given the experience of the individual Directors and the size and development of the Company at the present time. Each individual member of the Board is satisfied that whilst the Company may not comply with Recommendation 2.4, all Directors bring an independent judgment to bear on Board decisions.

The Company's Chairman, Mr Edward Byrt is not an independent director, due to his shareholding, but he does not fulfil the role of CEO. The Company therefore has not complied with recommendation 2.5 of the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations. The Company believes this to be appropriate at this time given the size and nature of the Company's operations, but will continue to consider the composition of the board in the future.

The Company does not maintain a formal program for inducting new Directors, however the Company Secretary ensures all new directors receive adequate information and documentation on appointment. The Company also ensures that appropriate professional development opportunities are provided to directors to ensure they develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

Principle 3: Act lawfully, ethically and responsibly

The Company has developed a Code of conduct (the Code) which has been fully endorsed by the Board and applies to all directors and employees. The Code is regularly reviewed and updated as necessary to ensure it reflects the highest standards of behaviour and professionalism and the practices necessary to maintain confidence in the group's integrity and to take into account legal obligations and reasonable expectations of the Company's stakeholders.

In summary, the Code requires that at all times all Company personnel act with the utmost integrity, objectivity and in compliance with the letter and the spirit of the law and company policies.

Principle 4: Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

Audit Committee (the Committee)
The Committee consists of the following directors:

Mr Vincent Rigano (Committee Chair) (Non-Executive Director) Mr Edward Byrt (Non-Executive Chairman), Mr David Attias (Non-Executive Director) and Mr Ramy Azer (Managing Director)

Mr Vincent Rigano is an independent member as discussed above in Principle 4 and the Chair of the Committee. The chair of the Committee is not the chair of the Board; however, the independent members do not comprise the majority of the Committee, therefore the Group does not comply with recommendation 4.1(a) (1) of the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations. As three out of six Directors are members of the audit committee, and given the size of the Company, the Board deems the composition of the Committee appropriate at this time.

The relevant qualifications and experience of each of the members of the Committee can be found in the director profiles contained within the Company's Annual Report and on the Company's website at: www.papyrusaustralia.com.au. All members of the Audit Committee are financially literate and have an appropriate understanding of the industries in which the group operates.

The number of times the Committee met throughout the period and the individual attendance of the members at those meetings are outlined within the Annual Report.

The Audit Committee does not have a formal charter and has therefore not complied with recommendation 4.1(3) of the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations. The Board believes this is appropriate given the size of the Company and the composition of the Committee.

The Audit Committee has authority, within the scope of its responsibilities, to seek any information it requires from any employee or external party.

The Managing Director and Company Secretary have certified to the Board that the financial statements are founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects. This declaration is provided to the Board before it approves the Company's financial statements for a financial period, and declares that in their opinion, the financial records of the Company have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give and true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity.

External auditors
The Company and Board Policy, is to appoint external auditors who clearly demonstrate quality and independence. The performance of the external auditor is reviewed annually and applications for tender of external audit services are requested as deemed appropriate, taking into consideration assessment of performance, existing value and tender costs. BDO Audit (SA) Pty Ltd ('BDO') was appointed as the external auditor at the Company's AGM in 2021. It is BDO's policy to rotate audit engagement partners on listed companies in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001, which is generally after five years, subject to certain exceptions.

The amount of fees paid to the external auditors is provided in a note to the financial statements. It is the policy of the external auditors to provide an annual declaration of their independence to the Committee.

The external auditor will attend the Annual General Meeting and be available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the audit report.

Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure

Continuous disclosure
The Company has a policy that all the Company Shareholders and investors have equal access to the Company's information. The Board will ensure that all price sensitive information is disclosed to the ASX in accordance with the continuous disclosure requirements of the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules.

The Board strives to ensure that security holders are provided with sufficient information to assess the performance of the Group and its Directors and to made well-informed investment decisions. The Company provides all information about itself and its corporate governance via its website at: www.papyrusaustralia.com.a10u

Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders

Investor relations and member participation
The Company does not have a formal shareholder communication policy which is not in compliance with recommendation 6.2 of the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations.

Shareholders are encouraged to participate at all Annual General Meetings and other General Meetings of the Company. Upon the dispatch of any notice of meeting to Shareholders, the Company Secretary shall send out material with that notice of meeting stating that all Shareholders are encouraged to participate at the meeting. The meetings shall also be conducted to allow questions and feedback to the Board and management of the Company.

The Company aims to promote effective communication to and from shareholders. At this time Members of the Company cannot register to receive email notifications when an announcement is made by the Company to the ASX, which is a departure from recommendation 6.3 of the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations; however Members are encouraged to contact the company via their website or directly to the registered office. Members are also encouraged to register with the Company's share register to communicate electronically.

Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk

The Board has identified the significant areas of potential business and legal risk of the Company.

The identification, monitoring and, where appropriate, the reduction of significant risk to the Company is the responsibility of the Board. The Board has also established an Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee which addresses the risks to the Company.

The Board will review and monitor the parameters under which such risks will be managed. Management accounts will be prepared and reviewed at Board meetings. Budgets will be prepared and compared against actual results.

The Board is responsible for satisfying itself annually, or more frequently as required, that management has developed and implemented a sound system of risk management and internal control, a review took place during the reporting period.

The Company does not have an internal audit function due to the size and nature of the Group, however the Audit, Business Risk and Compliance Committee is responsible for ensuring there are adequate policies in relation to risk management, compliance and internal control systems. They monitor the Company's risk management by overseeing management's actions in the evaluation, management, monitoring and reporting of material operational, financial, compliance and strategic risks. In providing this oversight, the Audit Committee and the Board:

- reviews the framework and methodology for risk identification, the degree of risk the Company is willing to accept, the management of risk and the processes for auditing and evaluating the Company's risk management system;
- reviews group-wide objectives in the context of the abovementioned categories of corporate risk;
- reviews and, where necessary, approves guidelines and policies governing the identification, assessment and management of the Company's exposure to risk;
- reviews and approves the delegations of financial authorities and addresses any need to update these authorities on an annual basis, and
- reviews compliance with agreed policies.

The Committee recommends any actions it deems appropriate to the board for its consideration.

Management is responsible for designing, implementing and reporting on the adequacy of the Company's risk management and internal control system and has to report to the Board on the effectiveness of:

- the risk management and internal control system during the year, and
- the company's management of its material business risks.

Securities Trading Policy
The Company has established a policy concerning trading in the Company's shares by the Company's officers, employees and contractors and consultants to the Company while engaged in work for the Company ("Representatives").

This policy provides that it is the responsibility of each Representative to ensure they do not breach the insider trading prohibition in the Corporations Act. Breaches of the insider trading prohibition will result in disciplinary action being taken by the Company.

Management is responsible for designing, implementing and reporting on the adequacy of the Company's risk management and internal control system and has to report to the Board on the effectiveness of:

- the risk management and internal control system during the year, and
- the company's management of its material business risks.

Representatives must also obtain written consent from the Chairman (or, in the case of the Chairman, from the Board) prior to trading in the Company's securities.

Subject to these restrictions, the policy provides that Directors, the Company Secretary and employees of, or contractors to, the Company that have access to the Company's financial information are permitted to trade in the Company's securities throughout the year except during the following periods:

a) the period between the end of the March and September quarters and the release of the Company's quarterly report to ASX for so long as the Company is required by the Listing Rules to lodge quarterly reports;
b) the period between the end of the June quarter and the release of the Company's annual report to ASX; and
c) the period between the end of the December quarter and the release of the Company's half year report to ASX.

In exceptional circumstances the Board may waive the requirements of the Share Trading Policy to allow Representatives to trade in the shares of the Company, provided to do so would not be illegal.

Directors must advise the Company Secretary of changes to their shareholdings in the Company within two business days of the change.

The Securities Trading Policy can be viewed on the ASX announcements tab at www.asx.com.au.

Exposure to material economic, environmental and social sustainability risk
The Company's policy is to identify and manage potential or apparent business, economic, environmental and social sustainability risks (if appropriate). The Company at present has not identified specific material risk exposure in these categories. Review of the Company's risk management policy is conducted at least annually and reports are continually created by management on the efficiency and effectiveness of the Company's risk management framework and associated internal compliance and control procedures.

Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

The Chairman and the Directors are entitled to draw Directors fees and receive reimbursement of reasonable expenses for attendance at meetings. The Company is required to disclose in its annual report details of remuneration to Directors. The maximum aggregate annual remuneration which may be paid to Non-Executive Directors is $300,000. This amount cannot be increased without Shareholder approval.

The Board has not established a Remuneration Committee, as given the size of the Group and number of employees, it is not considered that this is required at this time. The Board therefore fulfils the duties of the committee.

Every employee of the Group signs a formal employment contract at the time of their appointment covering a range of matters including their duties, rights, responsibilities and any entitlements on termination.

Further information on directors' and executives' remuneration, including principles used to determine remuneration, is set out in the directors' report under the heading 'Remuneration report' included within the Annual Report. In accordance with Group policy, participants in equity-based remuneration plans are not permitted to enter into any transactions that would limit the economic risk of options or other unvested entitlements.

Papyrus Australia Ltd

ABN 63 110 868 409

Directors' Report

30 June 2022

The Directors present their report, together with the financial statements of the Group, being Papyrus Australia Ltd (the Group) and its controlled entities, for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

DIRECTORS
The names and details of the company's directors in office during the financial year and until the date of this report are as follows. Directors were in office for this entire period unless otherwise stated.

Mr Edward Byrt, Chairman
Mr Ramy Azer, Managing Director
Mr David Attias, Non-Executive Director
Ms Kerry Chikarovski, Executive Director (appointed 1 November 2021)
Mr Pascal Gouel, Executive Director (appointed 29 July 2022)
Mr Vincent Peter Rigano, Non-Executive Director

Edward Byrt, LLB (Non-Executive Chairman)

Ted Byrt is a company director with over 30 years' experience in commerce, corporate governance and international business. He is a specialist strategic advisor for major development and infrastructure projects within Australia and offshore.

Ted is a business advisor and Board member of several leading organisations in South Australia. He was until March 2017 Presiding Member of the Development Assessment Commission, he is Chairman of the China Cluster, The Australian Advanced Manufacturing Centre Pty Ltd, Red Chip Photonics Pty Ltd and Arkwright Technologies Pty Ltd, he was until December 2017 a Director of Treyo Leisure & Entertainment Ltd (ASX listed) and he is a Board member of the Aboriginal Foundation of South Australia Inc. He is also a member of the Company's Audit committee and has been a Director of the Company since 2004.

Ted is not (currently or in the previous 3 years) a director of any other listed companies.

Ramy Azer, MSTC, MSc (Eng), Grad Dip Bus, Bachelor of Engineering (Mechanical), (Managing Director)

Ramy Azer is the founder and developed the Company's technology. He has been a regular guest lecturer and speaker on issues including sustainable business development and innovation. Ramy has been Managing Director since 2005 and prior to that had 10 years' experience with Papyrus Technology Pty Ltd.

Ramy is not (currently or in the previous 3 years) a director of any other listed companies.

David Attias, MBA Banking and Finance (Non-Executive Director)

Driven by business opportunity, David brings a solid financial, analytical and technological background to the Papyrus Team. David is a serial entrepreneur, having founded and successfully managed e-commerce and hospitality businesses.
He is currently a director of L39 Capital, a non-executive director of Creative Food Australia, and has held a prior funds management position in a Blockchain Technology Investment Fund. David's experience is ultimately a reflection of his passion for property investment and portfolio management.

David is not (currently or in the previous 3 years) a director of any other listed companies.

Kerry Chikarovski BA Economics and BA Laws, (Executive Director) (Appointed on 1 November 2021)

Kerry established Chikarovski & Associates – government relations firm working with organisations, not for profits and industry associations, to help them understand the processes of government and work successfully with bureaucrats and politicians at local, state and federal levels of government; advising clients across a range of industry sectors on policy and regulatory issues, as well as in relation to major projects and procurement, including banking and finance, infrastructure, construction and property, transport, energy , health, sport, and manufacturing.

An experienced political and media commentator, across a variety of programs including Sky News PM Agenda, Lunch Agenda, ABCNews24, The Drum, ABC 702 and RN Drive.

She is Chairperson of NSW Women's Rugby Union; Director, Humpty Dumpty Foundation, and of Our Watch; Ambassador, for the Australian Indigenous Education Foundation; former Trustee of the Sydney Cricket & Sports Ground Trust; former NSW Leader of the Liberal Party in NSW & Leader of the Opposition. Kerry was previously a Solicitor and Lecturer in Law.

Kerry is not (currently or in the previous 3 years) a director of any other listed companies.

Pascal Gouel B.Ch.E, Master of Engineering management, MBA (Executive Director) (Appointed on 29 July 2022)

Pascal is an accomplished professional with over 25 years global experience in operations, top tier management consulting and investment management including 10 years spent working in the Middle East in Egypt, Kuwait, KSA and UAE. Pascal has worked for firms such as Booz Allen, Qantas, British American Tobacco as well as number of Family Offices out of Kuwait and Germany.

Recently, he was an Investment Committee member of an Industry Superannuation Fund, responsible for deal origination, due diligence and execution of various global private equity deals and has held a number of operational and investment roles in his career including Chief Investment Officer, General Manager, Director level roles and a number of operational roles within various industries and sectors.

Pascal is not (currently or in the previous 3 years) a director of any other listed companies.

Vincent Peter Rigano, BA Accounting, CPA (Non-Executive Director and Company Secretary)
Vince is a CPA with over 25 years' experience in corporate accounting, management consulting and company secretarial. Vince has been company secretary for a number of years for Papyrus.

Vince provides management accounting and consulting services to a variety of industry sectors including start-ups. He is also a member of the Company's Audit Committee.
Vince is not (currently or in the previous 3 years) a director of any other listed companies.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

The Group's commercialisation strategy remains focused on being a technology licensing Group assisting suitable entities to establish banana veneering and panel production factories in locations worldwide where bananas are grown.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of those activities during the year.

OPERATING RESULTS

The loss of the consolidated group after providing for income tax amounted to $1,176,771 (2021: $90,783).

INTERESTS IN THE SHARES AND OPTIONS OF THE COMPANY AND RELATED BODIES CORPORATE

As at the date of this report, the interests of the directors in the shares and options of Papyrus Australia Ltd were:

	Number of Ordinary Shares		Number of Options over Ordinary Shares
	Direct interest	**Indirect interest**	
Edward Byrt	25,799,481	140,000	-
Ramy Azer	48,613,253	-	-
David Attias		10,433,064	-
Kerry Chikarovski (appointed 1 November 2021) *	100,000	-	4,000,000
Pascal Gouel (appointed 29 July 2022)	-	-	-
Vincent Peter Rigano	12,830,445	642,884	-

* Ms Chikarovski was issued 4,000,000 unlisted options upon the appointment to the Board during the year.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends were paid or declared since the start of the financial year. No recommendation for payment of dividends has been made.

OPERATIONS REVIEW

The 2021/2022 financial year has seen significant development towards commercialisation of the Papyrus Australia Ltd (Papyrus) technology. This year Papyrus has focused on the following key areas:
- Continued improvement and development of the suite of technologies
- Refining and narrowing the range of end products to target for initial commercialisation
- Developing the business commercialisation model.

OPERATIONS REVIEW (continued)

- Developing key customer relationships for early adoption of the technologies and development of the banana plantation waste processing industry

This has built a platform for the future growth plans for Papyrus and delivered the following key results in financial year 2021/2022.

Key Highlights:
- Initial selection of two key end products to support the drive for commercialisation:
  1. Banana plantation waste fibre for moulded food packaging
  2. Liquid fertiliser (Musa)
- Refining the technology, process and equipment to manufacture the two key end products identified at the Papyrus Egypt factory in Sohag and leased factory in Sharqiah Egypt.
- Development of the business model with two main operating and revenue pillars:
  1. Equipment manufacturing, sales and licencing
  2. Products trading to connect producers to users
- Secured Grant funding from the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development to develop the commercialisation plan and five-year business plan
- Secured two cornerstone business partners and customers for the initial adoption of the technology outside our demonstration plant:
  1. Egyptian Government
  2. Al Ahram for Plastics Manufacturing (Al Ahram)

The Technology
As the world confronts the growing threat of climate change, there is an increasing demand for innovations to reduce our global impact, which continues to drive Papyrus Australia.

Papyrus' world-first, patented technologies displace plastic packaging by providing alternatives from banana fibre. This is done via a zero-waste process that is fully sustainable, does not consume any chemicals or water during manufacture and does not contribute to the destruction of the environment, addressing growing environmental uncertainty. The global impact of this technology on banana producing countries has the potential to address economic and social disadvantage and significantly reduce the environmental degradation from banana plantation waste.

In September 2021, Papyrus lodged the Australian patent application for banana fibre production process for moulded food packaging. This Australian patent was an important first step in the Company acquiring broad-ranging international patent protection for this state-of-the-art zero waste, dewatering and fibre production process.

<u>Dewatering process</u>
The market success of the Papyrus fertiliser product 'MUSA', led to the registration of this trademark product in Egypt and as 'MUZA' in Australia. With continued high demand, trials to increase Musa production from the dewatering plant demonstrated positive results with the capability of doubling its output.

<u>Fibre production process</u>
The significant commercial value of this process was proven in a series of trials undertaken this year, in which the Company successfully produced commercial quantities of high-quality biodegradable moulded food packaging using off-the-shelf moulding machines.

Future market opportunity also exists from the valuation of emissions reduction from banana tree waste stockpiles.

Engineering Development
In the second half of the financial year, on the back of selecting two end products to focus on, Papyrus has been able to refine the process design to five key stages of production:

1. Shredding
2. Crushing and dewatering
3. Liquid fertiliser production
4. Refining
5. Moulding

Upon completing the process design the team has also completed the proposed plant layout and equipment design for the process. Papyrus has completed the prefeasibility estimate for the sale of processing equipment from the Equipment Manufacturing arm of its business. This will form the foundation for initial equipment sales to prospective customers. Papyrus has developed the initial equipment supply chain model and commenced engagement of key suppliers for each of key components.

OPERATIONS REVIEW (continued)

Papyrus Egypt Joint Venture
Fiber Production Demonstration Plant (Sohag, Egypt)
An increase in demand for Papyrus products in Egypt earlier this year led to the upscale of the production capacity in our operations in Sohag. The upscaling along with the mechanical improvements in the dewatering of the fibre resulted in more Musa and other agri-products being produced and improvements in the quality of the fibre and pulp produced. These were important to the overall technology improvement and has led to increased sales and revenues.

Fiber Moulding Plant (Sharqiah, Egypt)
Increased production enabled the Papyrus' joint venture company, Papyrus Egypt to lease a fully operational moulded fibre packaging facility in Sharqiah Egypt from November 2021. This enabled the Company to fast-track testing and production of products such as the world first 100% banana fibre burger clam shell. The plant is producing at scale and selling moulded egg trays utilising fibre produced at the Sohag factory.

It is also important to note that Papyrus Australia has increased its equity in the Egyptian Banana Fibre Company to 39.22% which gives it a direct and indirect interest in Papyrus Egypt of 69.61%.

Business Development
Al Ahram for Plastics Manufacturing
The success at the Sharqiah facility led to the signing of a partnering agreement with the long established and successful Sohag based Egyptian corporation Al Ahram, to enable their transition from plastic packaging to banana fibre-based food packaging. This first such transition worldwide, marks the beginning of a new era of sustainable and compostable 100% banana fibre packaging products in Egypt that will propel the Papyrus technology onto the world stage.

Egyptian Government
Of significant note to showcase our philosophy and technology is the Co-operation Protocol and Roadmap Agreement that Papyrus has signed with the Egyptian Government via the National Authority for Military Production (The Ministry). This agreement is to establish a national industry in Egypt to process banana plantation waste, as part of the national waste retrieval and repurposing program.

The Egyptian Government through the implementation of Papyrus Technology will be enabled to
- build facilities to convert banana tree waste into useable products such as liquid fertiliser and refined fibre
- create local employment by expanding across Egypt
- use the agri-waste productively and reduce methane emissions, and
- replace plastics and industrially produced fertilizers.

This agreement will see Papyrus build its first scale production facility with a strategic partner and creating a model for future expansion.

In the exclusive licence agreement with the Egyptian Government, Papyrus will supply technology and IP, the integrated control systems, specialised components and technical support. The Ministry will operate the facility under commercial agreement and Papyrus will be the sole distributor of the output of the factories. It is estimated there is the potential for up to 40 banana waste processing factories in Egypt based on the current area of banana plantations.

In a second phase of the agreement, Papyrus will provide a further license to The Ministry to allow it to fabricate certain parts of the production line for future factories in Egypt, in order to increase the local origin parts.

This project will substantially benefit Papyrus' Egyptian business and help propel this innovative Australian technology onto the world stage, as it promotes a circular economy and produces valuable product from waste material with a process that has no negative environmental impact.

Grant funding from the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development

A substantial opportunity for Papyrus arose at the end of the financial year, when the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) agreed to provide funding support for the development of a five-year business plan. This business plan will address the full commercialisation of the Papyrus production facility in Sohag, Egypt and the anticipated expansion of Papyrus in Egypt.

The EBRD funded business plan which will look at key factors including growth over the next five years, the profitable utilisation of production facilities in Egypt, employment in local communities and the reduction of agricultural waste and its negative impact on the surrounding environment.

OPERATIONS REVIEW (continued)

This plan will underpin the Company's expansion in Egypt which produces an estimated 6.7 million tonnes of banana plantation waste each year. It also provides a model for expansion into Africa, which has an estimated annual 1.5 billion tonnes of banana plantation* waste that could be processed using the Papyrus technology.

Building Capability
In November 2021 Papyrus appointed Kerry Chikarovski AM as Executive Director – Government Relations to facilitate the Company's strategic objectives in the Australian market. As a former MP and leader of the New South Wales Liberal Party from 1999 to 2002, Ms Chikarovski brings highly valuable firsthand government knowledge and extensive community and stakeholder relations expertise to the Company.

In January 2022 Daniel Schmidt joined the Papyrus executive team to support the next stage of commercialising the business. Daniel brings over 15 years' experience in senior roles in the mining and metals industry, specifically focused on the management of processing operations, supply chains and procurement. In his role as Chief Operating Officer, Daniel will draw upon his experience in project management and delivering organisational change to support the commercialisation of Papyrus.

Outlook
The selection of two key end products and securing the Egyptian Government and Al Ahram as initial adopters of the technology has tightened the focus for the business going forward and established a framework to commence the initial commercialisation in line with the business model. The proposed sale of fibre processing equipment and implementing the business model with the Egyptian Government provides a critical platform and launchpad for sales of the fibre processing technology in the region and more significantly, into the African market, where 60% of the global banana and plantain plantations* exist. The establishment of a dedicated banana waste fibre moulding line with Al Ahram producing finished moulded food packaging will also be a significant step to realising commercialisation of the technology. The successful establishment of these factories with our partners this coming year is the final step in realising the value of the technology at a commercial scale.

Papyrus continues to receive strong interest in its technology from many banana growing regions around the world including Australia, Philippines, Thailand, Indonesia, Africa and South America. With approximately 10 million hectares of banana plantation worldwide producing an estimated 2.2 billion tonnes of agri-waste annually that is mostly unutilised and readily accessible, there is a significant future potential to license and sell the Papyrus technology to growing regions throughout the world.

In November 2021, Ms Kerry Chikarovski was appointed as an Executive Director – Government Relations.
The Non-Executive Directors continued to forego their remuneration during the year.

The Annual General Meeting of the Company was held on 26 November 2021, where the Chairman and Managing Director gave a comprehensive review of Company's operations and strategic activities including the introduction of UPE director Siew Hong Koh and the team from L39 Capital.

In summary, Papyrus has achieved a significant shift in capability, capacity, and operational performance this year and with a strong and energetic commitment to purpose, is scaling up the commercialisation of Papyrus technology in response to market demand. We are continuing to invest in growth to achieve greater outcomes for economies, communities, and our environment.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company during the year ended 30 June 2022.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

The Company continues to investigate new opportunities for approval by the Company's shareholders and the ASX if required. The outcome of these investigations cannot be predicted at this time. The Group may require further capital to sustain its activities.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The Group's operations are not subject to any significant environmental regulations under either Commonwealth or State legislation. The Group however believes that it has adequate systems in place for the management of any future environmental regulations.

MATTERS SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

On 29 July 2022 the Company appointed Mr. Pascal Gouel as Executive Director – International Business Development.

There have been no other significant matters subsequent to the end of the financial year.

Shares under option
At the date of this report, the following options to acquire ordinary shares in the Company were on issue:

Issue Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Vesting date	Net Issued /(Exercised or expired) during year	Number under option at the date of this report
11/11/2020	11/11/2022	$0.05		750,000	750,000
17/11/2020	17/05/2022	$0.015		(41,666,667)	-
4/05/2021	4/05/2026	$0.20		250,000	250,000
4/05/2021	4/05/2026	$0.40	4/05/2023	250,000	250,000
30/08/2021	30/08/2022	$0.06		(20,000,000)	-
4/11/2021	4/11/2022	$0.10		4,000,000	4,000,000
29/03/2022	29/03/2023	$0.10		1,000,000	1,000,000
1/04/2022	1/04/2025	$0.10		250,000	250,000

Shares issued as a result of the exercise of options
As a result of the exercise of options by L39, 41,666,667 shares were issued on various dates during the year ended 30 June 2022 (23,000,000 options were exercised during 2021 financial year).

Options Expired
20,000,000 options expired on the 30 August 2022.

New options issued
On 30 August 2021 the Company entered into a deed with Sydney based BPE Investments Pty Ltd and Union Pacific Investments Pty Ltd to promote the Company to potential users of its environmentally friendly technology, improve the Company's opportunities and profile in Australia and internationally and increase value to shareholders. As a result of the deed execution, the Company issued 20,000,000 unlisted options at a purchase price of $0.0005, exercisable at $0.06 per option, and expiring in 12 months from the date of issue, these options subsequently expired on the 30 August 2022.

4,000,000 unlisted options exercisable at $0.10 per option and with an expiry date of one year from date of issue, being 4 November 2022 were issued on the appointment of Kerry Chikarovski as a director.

1,000,000 unlisted options exercisable at $0.10 per option and with an expiry date of one year from date of issue, being 29 March 2023 were issued under an independent services deed executed with Sydney-based Markson Sparks Pty Ltd ("MS") to assist the Company with its promotional activities.

250,000 unlisted options exercisable at $0.10 per option and with an expiry date of three years from date of issue, being 1 April 2025 were issued, for outstanding services rendered by the general manager of Papyrus Egypt.

Option holders do not have any rights to participate in any issues of shares or other interests of the company or any other entity. There have been no other options granted over unissued shares or interests of any control entity within the Group during or since the end of the reporting period. For details of options issued to directors and executives as remuneration, refer to the remuneration report.

INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

To the extent permitted by law, the Company has not indemnified (un-insured) each director and the secretary of the Company. The liabilities insured include costs and expenses that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings (that may be brought) against the officers in their capacity as officers of the Company or a related body, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the officers in connection with such proceedings, other than where such liabilities arise out of conduct involving a willful breach of duty by the officers or the improper use by the officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for themselves or someone else or to cause detriment to the Company.

REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED

This report outlines the remuneration arrangements in place for key management personnel of Papyrus Australia Ltd.

Remuneration philosophy

The Board is responsible for determining remuneration policies applicable to Directors and senior executives of the entity. The broad policy is to ensure that remuneration properly reflects the individuals' duties and responsibilities and that remuneration is competitive in attracting, retaining and motivating people with appropriate skills and experience. At the time of determining remuneration, consideration is given by the Board to the Group's financial performance.

Employment contracts

The employment conditions of the Managing Director, Mr Ramy Azer, are formalised in a one year service contract between his related entity Ramy Azer (an incorporated Egyptian entity BRN 4294) and Papyrus Australia Ltd and his fee is $250,000 per annum (exclusive of GST) and a displacement allowance of $50,000 payable by the joint venture company Papyrus Egypt. The Company may terminate the services contract without cause by providing one (1) month's written notice or making payment in lieu of notice, based on the annual fee. Termination payments are generally not payable on resignation or dismissal for serious misconduct. In the instance of serious misconduct the Company can terminate employment at any time. It is noted that this contract expired on the 30 November 2021 and was extended for a further 12 months period to November 2022.

The Company has employment contracts with the following:

- Mr Daniel Schmidt, Chief Operations Officer with a remuneration of $205,000 per annum plus superannuation. The contract has no fixed term with each party can terminate the contract with 3 months' notice in writing.
- Mr Peter Rostig, Manager – Engineering & Business Development with a remuneration of $135,000 per annum plus superannuation. The contract has no fixed term with each party can terminate the contract with 3 months' notice in writing.

The Company has consultancy contracts with the following executive directors:

- On the 1st November 2021, the Company entered into a services deed with Chikarovski and Associates to provide services with a remuneration of $30,000 per annum. The deed had no fixed term and may be terminated by either party with 30 days' notice in writing.

Key management personnel remuneration and equity holdings

The Board currently determines the nature and amount of remuneration for key management personnel of the Group. The policy is to align key management personnel objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long-term incentives.

The non-executive directors and other executives receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the government, which is currently 10.5%, and do not receive any other retirement benefits. Some individuals, however, may choose to sacrifice part of their salary to increase payments towards superannuation. All remuneration paid to key management personnel is expensed as incurred. Executives are also entitled to participate in the Group share option scheme. Options are valued using the Black-Scholes methodology.

The Board policy is to remunerate non-executive Directors at market rates based on comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Board determines payments to non-executive directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required.

Non-executive Directors' fees are determined within an aggregate director's fee pool limit, which is periodically recommended for approval by shareholders. The pool does not include the remuneration payable to the Managing Director Mr Ramy Azer. The maximum currently stands at $300,000 per annum and was approved by shareholders prior to the Company listing in April 2005. It should be noted that other than the Managing Director, no other directors have received any remuneration during the 2022 financial year.

USE OF REMUNERATION CONSULTANTS

During the financial year, there were no remuneration recommendations made in relation to key management personnel for the Company by any remuneration consultants. The Company did not use any remuneration consultation during financial year 2022.

REMUNERATION REPORT CONTINUED- AUDITED

VOTING AND COMMENTS MADE AT THE COMPANY'S 2021 ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
Papyrus Australia Ltd motion in relation to the approval of 2021 remuneration report passed with a vote total of more than 95%. The Company did not receive any specific feedback at the AGM on its remuneration report.

DETAILS OF REMUNERATION

Amounts of remuneration
Detail of the remuneration of key management personnel of the Group are set out in the following tables.

They key management personnel of the Group consisted of the following directors Papyrus Australia Limited: Mr Edward Byrt, Chairman
Mr Ramy Azer, Managing Director
Mr David Attias, Non-Executive Director
Ms Kerry Chikarovski Executive Director (Appointed 1 November 2021)
Mr Vincent Peter Rigano, Non-Executive Director

And the following person:
Mr Daniel Schmidt (Appointed 6 January 2022) – General Manager
Mr Peter Rostig – Manager – Engineering & Business Development

There has been no change to the key management personnel of the group since the end of the reporting period.

Table 1: Directors' remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021

	Primary Benefit	**Post-Employment**	**Share-based Payments**	**Primary Benefit**
	Salary & Fees $	**Superannuation $**	**Options $**	**$**
Mr Ramy Azer				
2022(*)	250,000	-	-	250,000
2021	145,833	-	-	145,833
Mr Edward Byrt				
2022	-	-	-	-
2021	-	-	-	-
Mr David Attias				
2022	-	-	-	-
2021	-	-	-	-
Ms Kerry Chikarovski (appointed 1 November 2021)				
2022(**)	22,000	-	64,832	22,000
2021	-	-	-	-
Mr Vincent Rigano				
2022	-	-	-	-
2021	-	-	-	-
Total				
2022	**272,000**	**-**	**64,832**	**272,000**
2021	**145,833**	**-**	**-**	**145,833**

(*) Represents remuneration to Mr Azer under the service contract discussed above from July 2021. The remuneration above doesn't included benefits paid to Mr Azer by Papyrus Egypt, the entity that the Company has joint control over and accounts for using equity method. These benefits are displacement allowance and an amount of $50,000 and $29,167 were payable to Mr Azer for the year ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021 respectively.
(**) Represents the payments made to Ms Chikarovski under the consultancy contract as discussed above and the incentive package remunerated to Ms Chikarovski upon her appointment as Director of the Company in November 2021, over which shareholder approval will be obtained at 2022 AGM.

Papyrus Australia Ltd

ABN 63 110 868 409

Directors' Report

30 June 2022

REMUNERATION REPORT CONTINUED- AUDITED

DETAILS OF REMUNERATION CONTINUED

Table 2: Remuneration of key management personnel for the year ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021

	Primary Benefit	**Post-Employment**	**Share-based Payments**	**Primary Benefit**
	Salary & Fees $	**Superannuation $**	**Options $**	**$**
Mr Peter Rostig				
2022 (****)	108,555	9,163	13,155	117,718
2021	17,318	1,645	2,192	21,155
Mr Daniel Schmidt ((appointed				
2022(***)	41,394	4,139	-	45,533
2021	-	-	-	-
Total				
2022	**149,949**	**13,302**	**13,155**	**163,251**
2021	**17,318**	**1,645**	**2,192**	**18,963**

(***) Represents remuneration to Mr Schmidt under the service contract discussed above. Mr Schmidt commenced on a as needs bases from January 2022 and commenced fulltime employment during June 2022.
(****) Mr Rostig under the service contract discussed above, a sign-on incentive was provided to Mr Rostig as part of his appointment with the Company. 500,000 unlisted options under a contract of employment were issued 4 May 2021, of these 250,000 vested on 4 May 2022 have an exercise price of $0.20 per option and expire on 4 May 2026. The remaining 250,000 options will vest on 4 May 2023 if Mr Rostig remains in employment with the Company, have an exercise price of $0.40 per option and an expiry date of 4 May 2026.

All remuneration for both 2022 and 2021 for key management personnel was fixed and not linked to performance.

Options holdings of Directors and Key Management Personnel

	Balance at 1 July 2021	**Granted as remuneration**	**Other Changes - Exercised**	**Other Changes - Issued**	**Balance at 30 June 2022**	**Vested and Exercisable at 30 June 2022**
K Chikarovski (*)	-	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000	4,000,000
P Rostig (**)	500,000	-	-	-	500,000	250,000
Total	**500,000**	**4,000,000**	**-**	**-**	**4,500,000**	**4,2500,000**

(*) 4,000,000 unlisted options exercisable at $0.10 per option were issued to Ms Chikarovski with an expiry date of one year from the date of issue, being 4 November 2021 shareholder approval for the issue will be obtained at the 2022 AGM. The options had a fair value of$64,832 at the grant date, determined using Black Scholes valuation model.

(**) 500,000 unlisted options under a contract of employment were issued 4 May 2021, of these 250,000 vested on 4 May 2022 as Mr Rostig remained in employment with the Company at that time, have an exercise price of $0.20 per option and expire on 4 May 2026. The remaining 250,000 options will vest on 4 May 2023 if Mr Rostig remains in employment with the Company, have an exercise price of $0.40 per option and an expiry date of 4 May 2026. The options had a fair value of $8,868 and $8,573 at the grant date, determined using Black Scholes valuation model respectively.

REMUNERATION REPORT CONTINUED - AUDITED

DETAILS OF REMUNERATION CONTINUED

Key Management Personnel (Direct) Shareholdings

	Balance at 1 July 2021	Other Changes	Balance at 30 June 2022
R Azer	48,613,253	-	48,613,253
E Byrt	25,779,481	-	25,779,481
D Attias	-	-	-
K Chikarovski (*)	-	100,000	100,000
V Rigano	12,830,445	-	12,830,445
Total	**87,223,179**	**100,000**	**87,323,179**

* During the year Mrs Chikarovski purchased 100,000 shares on market prior to joining the board.

Other transactions with key management personnel

The Company has an unsecured loan representing a draw down facility provided by Talisker (SA) Pty Ltd ("Talisker"), an entity associated with the Company's Managing Director, Mr Ramy Azer. The loan is unsecured and repayable from future revenues or proceeds from future equity raisings, subject to not materially prejudicing the ability of the Company to repay its creditors. The balance of the loan at 30 June 2022 is $0 (2021: $0). As at 30 June 2022, the accrued interest of $61,700 associated with the loan historically is still outstanding. The interest was agreed between the parties to be paid only when the group makes sufficient profit. This interest portion was presented in the financial statement of the Group within the 'Trade and other payables' a current liability.

The Company had unsecured payable owing to with V Rigano. The payable was short-term in nature and no interest is charged on this. The balance of the loan is as follows:

	Balance at 30 June 2021	Balance at 30 June 2022
V Rigano	-	1,033

END OF AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT.

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The number of meetings of directors (including meetings of committees of directors) held during the year and the number of meetings attended by each director were as follows:

	Directors' Meetings		**Audit Committee**	
Number of meetings held	14		2	
Number of meetings attended:	**Number eligible to attend**	**Number attended**	**Number eligible to attend**	**Number attended**
Mr Edward Byrt	14	14	2	2
Mr Ramy Azer	14	14	2	-
Mr David Attias	14	14	2	2
Mrs Kerry Chikarovski	10	8	-	-
Mr Vincent Rigano	14	14	2	2

Members acting on the audit committee of the Board are:

Vincent Rigano	Non-executive director
Edward Byrt	Non-executive director
David Attias	Non-executive director
Ramy Azer	Managing director

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

The Group was not a party to any proceedings during the year.

NON AUDIT SERVICES

BDO Audit (SA) Pty Ltd, in its capacity as auditor for Papyrus Australia Ltd, has not provided any non-audit services throughout the reporting period.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

The auditor's independence declaration for the year ended 30 June 2022 as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 has been received and can be found on page 21.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Mr Ramy Azer
Managing Director
Dated this 26th day of September 2022

Tel: +61 8 7324 6000
Fax: +61 8 7324 6111
www.bdo.com.au

BDO Centre
Level 7, 420 King William Street
Adelaide SA 5000
GPO Box 2018 Adelaide SA 5001
Australia

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE
BY ANDREW TICKLE
TO THE DIRECTORS OF PAPYRUS AUSTRALIA LIMITED

As lead auditor of Papyrus Australia Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Papyrus Australia Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

Andrew Tickle
Director

BDO Audit (SA) Pty Ltd

Adelaide, 26 September 2022

Papyrus Australia Ltd

ABN 63 110 868 409

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

	Note	Consolidated Group	
		30 June 2022	**30 June 2021**
		$	**$**
Other income	**2 (a)**	-	-
Share based payment expense		(97,685)	(36,856)
Consultancy expenses / Salaries and Wages		(391,941)	(149,483)
Depreciation expense		(212)	-
Employee benefits expenses	**2 (b)**	(163,251)	(18,963)
Other expenses	**2 (c)**	(276,346)	(311,680)
Share of net profits of associate and joint venture		(247,336)	426,199
Loss before income tax benefit		(1,176,771)	(90,783)
Income tax benefit	**3**	-	-
Loss for the period		(1,176,771)	(90,783)
Other compressive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		(1,176,771)	(90,783)
Loss attributable to the parent		(1,176,771)	(90,783)
Loss for the year		(1,176,771)	(90,783)
Total comprehensive income attributable to the parent		(1,176,771)	(90,783)
Total comprehensive income attributable to members of the parent entity		(1,176,771)	(90,783)

Earnings per share:		*Cents*	*Cents*
Basic earnings per share	**4**	(0.27)	(0.02)
Diluted earnings per share	**4**	(0.27)	(0.02)

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Papyrus Australia Ltd

ABN 63 110 868 409

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
As At 30 June 2022

	Note	Consolidated Group 30 June 2022 $	30 June 2021 $
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	**5**	1,376,268	2,071,640
Trade and other receivables	**6**	1,045,373	452,634
Prepayments	**7**	-	9
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		2,421,641	2,524,283
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	8	2,960	-
Investments accounted for using the equity method	**9**	1,052,242	1,299,578
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		1,055,202	1,299,578
TOTAL ASSETS		3,476,843	3,823,861
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	**10**	203,984	121,916
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		203,985	121,916
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other non-current liabilities		-	-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		203,984	121,916
NET ASSETS / (LIABILITIES)		3,272,859	3,701,945
EQUITY			
Issued capital	**11**	25,672,581	25,032,581
Reserves	**12**	1,060,263	952,578
Accumulated losses		(23,459,985)	(22,283,214)
Total attributable to owners of parent		3,272,859	3,701,945
TOTAL EQUITY / (DEFICIT)		3,272,859	3,701,945

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Papyrus Australia Ltd

ABN 63 110 868 409

Consolidated Statement of changes in equity
For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

	Note	Issued Capital	Earnings/ (Accumulated losses)	Share Option Reserve	Total
		Consolidated Group			
		$	$	$	$
Balance at 1 July 2020		21,395,581	(22,192,431)	915,722	118,872
Comprehensive income					
Loss for the year		-	(90,783)	-	(90,783)
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	(90,783)	-	(90,783)
transactions with owners, in their capacity as owners, and other transactions					
Shares issued via exercise of options on 20 August 2020		30,000	-	-	30,000
Shares issued via private placement on 17 October 2020		132,000	-	-	132,000
Shares issued via exercise of options on 17 November 2020		230,000	-	-	230,000
Shares issued as a result of 2020 AGM on 17 November 2020		367,000	-	-	367,000
Shares issued via private placement on 4 December 2020		735,000	-	-	735,000
Shares issued via private placement on 10 December 2020		2,142,000	-	-	2,142,000
Issue of Share options		-	-	36,856	36,856
Total transactions with owners and other transactions	11	3,637,000	-	36,856	3,673,856
Balance at 30 June 2021		25,032,581	(22,283,214)	952,578	3,701,945

	Note	Issued Capital	Earnings/ (Accumulated losses)	Share Option Reserve	Total
Balance at 1 July 2021		25,032,581	(22,283,214)	952,578	3,701,945
Comprehensive income					
Loss for the year		-	(1,176,771)	-	(1,176,771)
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	(1,176,771)	-	(1,176,771)
transactions with owners, in their capacity as owners, and other transactions					
Shares Issued via exercise of options on 19 January 2022		75,000	-	-	75,000
Shares issued via exercise of options on 24 January 2022		150,000	-	-	150,000
Shares issued via exercise of options on 30 March 2022		75,000	-	-	75,000
Shares issued via private placement on 1 April 2022		15,000	-	-	15,000
Shares issued via exercise of options on 29 April 2022		150,000	-	-	150,000
Shares issued via exercise of options on 11 May 2022		175,000	-	-	175,000
Share based payments		-	-	97,685	97,685
Unlisted Options issued to sophisticated investor on 20 August 2021		-	-	10,000	10,000
Total transactions with owners and other transactions	11	640,000	-	107,685	747,685
Balance at 30 June 2022		25,672,581	(23,459,985)	1,060,263	3,272,859

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Papyrus Australia Ltd

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Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

	Note	Consolidated Group 30 June 2022 $	30 June 2021 $
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers		-	-
Payments to suppliers and employees		(750,760)	(498,381)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	**13**	(750,760)	(498,381)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase property, plant & equipment		(3,172)	-
Purchase of investment in equity accounting investments		-	(613,379)
Loans made to joint venture entity		(576,440)	(449,232)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(579,612)	(1,062,611)
Proceeds from issue of shares		625,000	3,637,000
Proceeds from issue of options		10,000	-
Repayment of borrowings		-	(32,510)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		635,000	3,604,490
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(695,372)	2,043,498
Cash at the beginning of the financial year		2,071,640	28,142
CASH AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	**5(a)**	1,376,268	2,071,640

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

This financial report covers the consolidated financial statements and notes of Papyrus Australia Ltd ('the Company') as an Individual entity and the consolidated Group comprising Papyrus Australia Ltd and its Controlled Entities ('the Group'). Papyrus Australia Ltd is a for- profit Group limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia, whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange. The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 September 2022.

Each of the entities within the Group prepare their financial statements based on the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (functional currency). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency.

The separate financial statements and notes of the parent entity, Papyrus Australia Ltd, have not been presented within this financial report as permitted by amendments made to the Corporations Act 2001.

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001. The Group is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

These financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation and presentation of these financial statements are provided below and are consistent with prior reporting periods unless otherwise stated.

Except for the cash flow information, the financial statements are prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, except for the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

(b) Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial position and performance of controlled entities from the date on which control is obtained until the date that control is lost.

Intragroup assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities in the consolidated entity have been eliminated in full for the purpose of these financial statements.

Appropriate adjustments have been made to a controlled entity's financial position, performance and cash flows where the accounting policies used by that entity were different from those adopted by the consolidated entity. All controlled entities have a June financial year end.

A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 16 to the financial statements.

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the parent has control. Control is established when the parent is exposed to or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity.

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Business combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. Cost is measured as the fair value of the assets given, shares issued, or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange. Costs directly attributable to the combination are expensed as incurred. Where equity instruments are issued in a business combination, the fair value of the instruments is their published market price as at the date of exchange unless, in rare circumstances, it can be demonstrated that the published price at the date of exchange is an unreliable indicator of fair value, and that other evidence and valuation methods provide a more reliable measure of fair value. Transaction costs arising on the issue of equity instruments are recognised directly in equity.

Except for non-current assets or disposal groups classified as held for sale (which are measured at fair value less costs to sell), all identifiable assets acquired, liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of the business combination over the net fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recognised as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable net assets of the subsidiary, the difference is recognised as a gain in the income statement, but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired.

(d) Revenue and other income

Revenue is recognised when the amount of the revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and specific criteria relating to the type of revenue has been satisfied.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is presented net of returns, discounts and rebates.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

Interest revenue

Interest is recognised using the effective interest method.

Grant revenue

Government grants are recognised at fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all grant conditions will be met. Grants relating to expense items are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match the grant to the costs they are compensating. Grants relating to assets are credited to deferred income at fair value and are credited to income over the expected useful life of the asset on a straight- line basis.

(e) Finance costs

Finance costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other finance costs are recognised in income in the period in which they are incurred.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits and short- term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Bank overdrafts also form part of cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows and are presented within current liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position.

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Trade and other receivables

For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating Expected Credit Losses (‘ECLs’) as allowed in accordance with AASB 9 Financial Instruments.

Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date.

(h) Income Tax

The tax expense recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income relates to current income tax expense plus deferred tax expense (being the movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities and unused tax losses during the year).

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable (recoverable) in respect of the taxable profit (tax loss) for the year and is measured at the amount expected to be paid to (recovered from) the taxation authorities, using the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences which are determined by comparing the carrying amounts of tax bases of assets and liabilities to the carrying amounts in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is not provided for the following:

The initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).

Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Temporary differences related to investment in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax consequences relating to a non- monetary asset carried at fair value are determined using the assumption that the carrying amount of the asset will be recovered through sale.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed a each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Income Tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where there is a legal right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Current and deferred tax is recognised as income or an expense and included in profit or loss for the period except where the tax arises from a transaction which is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity, in which case the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity respectively.

Tax consolidation legislation

Papyrus Australia Ltd and its wholly owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated group.

Each entity in the tax consolidated group accounts for their own current and deferred tax amounts. These tax amounts are measured using the 'stand-alone taxpayer' approach to allocation.

Current tax liabilities (assets) and deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and tax credits in the subsidiaries are immediately transferred to the parent entity.

(i) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payable are stated inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Cash flows in the consolidated statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Plant and Equipment

Each class of plant and equipment are measured using the cost model as specified below.

Where the cost model is used, the asset is carried at its cost less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Costs include purchase price, other directly attributable costs and the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and restoring the asset, where applicable.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all plant and equipment is depreciated on a straight- line and diminishing value basis from the date that management determine that the asset is available for use.

Assets held under a finance lease and leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the term of the lease and the assets useful life.

The estimated useful lives used for each class of depreciable asset are shown below:

Fixed asset class	Useful life
Plant and Equipment	2.5 - 20 years

At the end of each annual reporting period, the depreciation method, useful life and residual value of each asset is reviewed. Any revisions are accounted for prospectively as a change in estimate.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

(k) Financial instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(i) Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset’s contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group’s business model for managing them.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are ‘solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)’ on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Group’s business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Financial Statements (continued)

Subsequent measurement of financial assets at amortised cost
The Group measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets
The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Financial liabilities
Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and, where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs unless the Group designated a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss. Subsequently, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss (other than derivative financial instruments that are designated and effective as hedging instruments).

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of the new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

(l) Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group determines whether there is an evidence of an impairment indicator for non-financial assets.

Where this indicator exists and regardless for goodwill, indefinite life intangible assets and intangible assets not yet available for use, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated.

Where assets do not operate independently of other assets, the recoverable amount of the relevant cash- generating unit (CGU) is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset or cash- generating unit.

Where the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Reversal indicators are considered in subsequent periods for all assets which have suffered an impairment loss, except for goodwill.

(m) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are carried at amortised costs and represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Group becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services.

(n) Interest bearing loans and borrowings

All loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs.

After initial recognition, interest- bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(o) Equity settled compensation

Group provides benefits to employees of the Group in the form of share- based payments, whereby employees receive options incentives (equity- settled transactions).

There is currently one plan in place to provide these benefits, the Employee Share Option Plan (ESOP) which provides benefits to employees.

The cost of these equity- settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they were granted. The fair value is determined using the Black- Scholes option pricing model.

The cost of equity- settled transactions is recognised as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, together with a corresponding increase in the share option reserve, when the options are issued. However, where options have vesting terms attached, the cost of the transaction is amortised over the vesting period.

Upon the exercise of options, the balance of share-based payments reserve relating to those options is transferred to issued capital.

(p) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options which vest immediately are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

(q) Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share information for its ordinary shares.

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to members of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

In accordance with AASB 133 'Earnings per Share', as potential ordinary shares may only result in a situation where their conversion results in an increase in loss per share or decrease in profit per share from continuing operations, no dilutive effect has been taken into account in 2021 and 2022.

(r) Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial reports requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Except as described below, in preparing this report, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those applied to the consolidated financial report for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Key estimates Impairment of assets

The Group assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Group that may lead to an impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined.

1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(s) Investment in associate and joint venture

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operational policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a type of joint agreement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The considerations made in determining significant influence or joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over subsidiaries. The Group's investment in its associate and joint venture are accounted for using the equity method.

Under the equity method, the investment in an associate or joint venture is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of the net assets of the associate or joint venture since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the associate or joint venture is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment separately.

The Statement of profit or loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the associate or joint venture. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate or joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains or losses resulting from transactions between the Group and associate or joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate or joint venture.

The aggregate of the Group's share of the profit or loss of an associate and a joint venture is shown on the face of the statement of profit or loss outside operating profit and represents profit or loss after tax and non-controlling interest in the subsidiaries of the associate or joint venture.

The financial statements of the associate or joint venture are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. When necessary, adjustments are made to bring to account policies in line with those of the Group.

(t) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations

New Accounting Standards issued but not yet effective and not been adopted early by the Group

There are a number of standards, amendments to standards, and interpretations which have been issued by the IASB that are effective in future accounting periods that the group has decided not to adopt early. The Group has reviewed and assessed that none of these new accounting standards, used but not yet effective, are expected to have material impact on the group.

2 REVENUE AND EXPENSES

	Consolidated Group	
	30 June 2022 $	30 June 2021 $
REVENUE		
(a) Other income		
Other income	**-**	-
	-	-
EXPENSES		
(b) Employee benefit expenses		
Wages, salaries and other remuneration expenses	**163,251**	18,963
Total employee benefit expenses	**163,251**	18,963

Included in wages, salaries and other remuneration expenses were $13,302 defined contribution plan expense for the year ended 30 June 2022 (2021: $1,645)

	30 June 2022 $	30 June 2021 $
(c) Other expenses		
Audit and accounting fees	**122,024**	59,997
Legal fees	**(900)**	35,017
Professional services	**-**	57,292
Travel and accommodation	**51,473**	28,746
Governance and secretarial costs	**2,245**	6,080
Intellectual property expenses	**19,020**	11,395
Information technology	**4,825**	6,300
Share registry and ASX expenses	**66,564**	101,141
Other expenses	**11,095**	5,712
	276,346	311,680

3 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The major components of tax expense (income) comprise:

	Consolidated Group 30 June 2022 $	Consolidated Group 30 June 2021 $
Income tax expense	-	-

A reconciliation between tax expense and the product of accounting Loss before income tax multiplied by the Group's applicable income tax

Loss before income tax	**(1,176,771)**	(90,783)
At the Group's income tax rate of 25% (2021: 26%)	**(294,193)**	(23,603)
Share-based payments expensed during the year	**24,421**	9,583
Expenditure not allowable for income tax purposes	**83**	489
Tax losses not recognised due to not meeting recognition criteria	**269,689**	13,531
	-	-

The Group has tax losses arising in Australia of $13,846,024 (2021: $12,767,269).

No deferred tax asset has been recognised because it is not likely future assessable income is derived of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit to be realised.

4 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing net loss for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on the conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

In accordance with AASB 133 'Earnings per Share', as potential ordinary shares may only result in a situation where their conversion results in an increase in loss per share or decrease in profit per share from continuing operations, no dilutive effect has been taken into account in 2022 or 2021.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted earnings per share computations:

(a) Reconciliation of earnings to profit or loss from continuing operations

Net loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent	**(1,176,771)**	(90,783)

(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculating basic EPS

Weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic earnings per share	**438,836,237**	382,482,257
Effect of dilution		
Share options	**-**	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares adjusted for the effect of dilution	**438,836,237**	382,482,257

5 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Consolidated Group	
	30 June 2022 $	30 June 2021 $
Cash at bank and in hand	**1,376,268**	2,071,640
	1,376,268	2,071,640

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and six months, depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates.

(a) Reconciliation of cash

Cash and Cash equivalents reported in the consolidated statement of cash flows are reconciled to the equivalent items in the consolidated statement of financial position as follows:

Cash at bank and in hand	**1,376,268**	2,071,640
	1,376,268	2,071,640

6 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

CURRENT		
Other receivables	**1,039,623**	449,273
GST recoverable	**5,750**	3,361
	1,045,373	452,634

Other Receivable represent receivable from Papyrus Egypt, a joint venture company that the Group accounts for using equity method. No expected credit losses were recognized for the receivable for the year ended 30 June 2022 (2021: Nil) as there did not note a significant increase in credit risk. This amount is interest free and repayable on demand.

7 PREPAYMENTS

Prepayment for the investment in equity in Egypt Banana Fibre Company and Papyrus Egypt	**-**	9
Total	**-**	9

8 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Consolidated Group	
	30 June 2022	**30 June 2021**
	$	**$**
PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Plant and equipment at cost	**3,172**	-
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	**(212)**	-
(a) Movements in carrying amounts of plant and equipment	**2,960**	-

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current and previous financial years:

Consolidated	**Plant and Equipment $**
Year ended 30 June 2022	
Balance at the beginning of year	**-**
Additions	**3,172**
Depreciation expense	**(212)**
Balance at the end of the year	**2,960**

9 INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

Name	**Classification**	**Place of Business/ Incorporation**	**Proportion of Ordinary Share Interests/ Participating Shares**		**Measurement Method**	**Carrying amount**	
			2022	2021		2022	2021
Egyptian Banana Fibre Company	Associate	Sohag, Egypt	39.22 %	25.46 %	Equity method	1,052,242	1,299,578
Papyrus Egypt	Joint Venture	Sohag, Egypt	50%	-	Equity method	-	-

In 2021, Papyrus Australia Limited relinquished its entitlement to licencing fees and royalties in Papyrus Egypt in consideration for the reacquisition of 50% equity in Papyrus Egypt from Egyptian Banana Fibre Company.

As a result of the relinquishment of its entitlement to licensing fees and royalties, the Group progressively acquired 39.22% equity in Egyptian Banana Fibre Company for a total consideration of $1,052,242, which resulted in an indirect interest in Papyrus Egypt by 19.66%. No further acquisition was made during the year with regard to shareholding in Egyptian Banana Fibre Company. The increase in shareholding disclosed above was due to the finalization of share transfers during the 2022 financial years, for which payments were made in 2021 financial year. The goodwill balance relating to these transactions were included in the carrying amount of the investment.

As a result of the above transaction, Papyrus Egypt is a joint arrangement that is structured as an incorporated entity (company) with two principal members, Papyrus Australia Limited and Egyptian Banana Fibre Company. The primary purpose of the company is to operate the factory in Sohag, Egypt with Papyrus technology and explore Egypt and the Middle East market. The Group's intention is to acquire further shareholding in Egyptian Banana Fibre Company in the future to gain control over Papyrus Egypt. The Group has 50% economic interest in Papyrus Egypt and 50% of the voting rights in relation to the joint venture.

The Group has joint control, of Papyrus Egypt with the other party sharing the joint control being Egyptian Banana Fibre Company. As a result, Papyrus Egypt has been accounted for using the equity method in accordance with AASB 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures.

9 INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

Summarised Financial Position

	Consolidated Group	
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	$	$
Cash and cash equivalents	**96,028**	177,564
Total current assets	**196,046**	256,984
Total non-current assets	**1,646,995**	1,663,417
Total current liabilities	**1,035,195**	558,817
Total non-current liabilities	**-**	-
Net assets	**884,039**	1,361,584
Group's share (%)		
Direct shareholding	**50.00%**	50.00%
Indirect shareholding	**19.61%**	12.73%
Total shareholding	**69.61%**	62.73%
Group share of joint venture's net assets	**615,379**	854,108
Revenue	**186,684**	201,341
Depreciation	**91,116**	78,561
(Loss) for the year before income tax	**(355,317)**	(292,486)
Income tax expense	**-**	-
(Loss) for the year	**(355,317)**	(292,486)
Other comprehensive income	**-**	-
Total comprehensive income	**(355,317)**	(292,486)
Group's share (%)		
Direct shareholding	**50.00%**	50.00%
Indirect shareholding	**19.61%**	12.73%
Total shareholding	**69.61%**	62.73%
Group share of joint venture's net assets	**(247,336)**	(183,474)
Reconciliation to Carrying Amounts		
Investment at beginning of the year	**1,299,578**	-
Investments during the year	**-**	873,379
Excess of the entity's shares of net fair value of investee's identifiable assets and liabilities at transaction date	**-**	609,673
Share of the JV for the year	**(247,336)**	(183,474)
Closing carrying amount of investment	**1,052,242**	1,299,578

10 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Note	Consolidated Group 30 June 2022 $	Consolidated Group 30 June 2021 $
CURRENT			
Trade payables	10 (a)	**28,132**	3,224
Sundry payables and accrued expenses	10 (b)	**175,852**	118,693
		203,984	121,917

(a) Trade payables
Trade payables are non-interest bearing and normally settled on 60-day terms.

Information regarding the risks associated with current payables is set out in Note 18.

(b) Sundry payables and accrued expenses
Within Sundry payables and accrued expenses, $61,700 relates to accrued interest on the loan provided by Talisker (SA) Pty Ltd (an entity associated with the Managing Director Ramy Azer) repayable from future revenues or proceeds from future equity raisings, subject to not materially prejudicing the ability of the Company to repay its creditors.

Furthermore, included in Sundry payables and accrued expense was $1,033 payable to Mr V. Rigano, a Non-Executive Director. The payable was short-term in nature and no interest is payable.

11 ISSUED CAPITAL

469,627,333 fully paid ordinary shares (2021: 427,710,666)	**25,672,581**	25,032,561
Total issued capital	**25,672,581**	25,032,561

(a) Ordinary shares

	Consolidated 2022 Number	2022 $	2021 Number	2021 $
At the beginning of the reporting period	**427,710,666**	25,032,581	299,343,999	21,395,581
Issued via exercise of options 17 January 2022 (2021: 20 August 2020)	**5,000,000**	75,000	3,000,000	30,000
Issued pursuant to private placement 21 October 2021	**-**	-	11,075,000	132,900
Issued via exercise of options 24 January 2022 (2021: 17 November 2020)	**10,000,000**	150,000	23,000,000	230,000
Issued via exercise of options 30 March 2022	**5,000,000**	75,000	-	-
Issued pursuant to 2021 AGM resolution	**-**	-	30,591,667	367,100
issued pursuant to private placement 1 April 2022 (2021: 4 December 2020)	**250,000**	15,000	14,700,000	735,000
Issued pursuant via exercise of options 29 April 2022	**10,000,000**	150,000	-	-
Issued pursuant via exercise of options 11 May 2022	**11,666,667**	175,000	-	-
Shares issued pursuant to private placement on 10 December 2021	**-**	-	46,000,000	2,142,000
At the end of the reporting period	**469,627,333**	25,672,581	427,710,666	25,032,581

On 17 January 2022, the Company announced that it had raised $75,000 by way of a conversion of 5,000,000 options to ordinary fully paid shares at a price of $0.015 per new share, and the Company announced the conversion was completed.

On 24 January 2022, the Company announced that it had raised $75,000 by way of a conversion of 10,000,000 options to ordinary fully paid shares at a price of $0.015 per new share, and the Company announced the placement was completed.

11 ISSUED CAPITAL (continued)

On 30 March 2022, the Company announced that it had raised $75,000 by way of a conversion of 5,000,000 options to ordinary fully paid shares at a price of $0.015 per new share, and the Company announced the placement was completed.

On 1 April 2022, the Company announced that issued 250,000 ordinary fully paid shares at a price of $0.06 per new share for services rendered, the cost of this transaction was $15,000, and the Company announced the placement was completed.

On 29 April 2022, the Company announced that it had raised $150,000 by way of a conversion of 10,000,000 options to ordinary fully paid shares at a price of $0.015 per new share, and the Company announced the placement was completed.

On 11 May 2022, the Company announced that it had raised $175,000 by way of a conversion of 11,666,667 options to ordinary fully paid shares at a price of $0.015 per new share, and the Company announced the placement was completed.

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to participate in dividends (in the event when a dividend is declared) and the proceeds on winding up of the Group. Via a poll at meetings of the Group, each holder of ordinary shares has one vote per share held in person.

The Group does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its shares.

In the event of winding up the Company, ordinary shareholders rank after all creditors and are fully entitled to any net proceeds of liquidation.

(b) Capital Management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders.

The capital structure of the Group consists of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to equity holders of the parent, comprising issued capital, reserves and accumulated losses.

Proceeds from share issues are used to maintain and expand the Group's plant and equipment requirements, research and development activities and fund operating costs.

12 RESERVES

		Consolidated Group	
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	Note	$	$
Share Option Reserve			
Balance at beginning of financial year		**952,578**	915,722
Share based payments	12(a)	**97,685**	36,856
Unlisted options purchase payment	12(b)	**10,000**	-
Balance at end of the year		**1,060,263**	952,578

(a) Share option reserve

This reserve is used to record the value of equity benefits provided to employees and directors as part of their remuneration. Refer to Note 14 for further details of these plans. There were $97,685 share-based options were issued to employees or directors during the current year

(b) Unlisted options

On 30 August 2021 the Company issued 20,000,000 unlisted options to sophisticated investors exercisable at $0.06 per option converted with an expiry period of 12 months. The options were issued at a price of $0.0005 per option.

13 RECONCILIATION OF NET LOSS AFTER TAX TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATIONS

	Consolidated Group	
	30 June 2022	**30 June 2021**
	$	**$**
Net loss	**(1,176,771)**	(90,783)
Non-cash flow in loss*:*		
- Depreciation expense	**212**	-
- Share-based payment expense	**97,685**	36,856
- Non-cash share issued recognised as expense	**15,000**	-
- Share of net profit of associate & joint venture	**247,336**	(426,199)
Changes in assets and liabilities		
- Decrease/(Increase) in trade and other receivables	**(2,339)**	(3,377)
- Decrease/(Increase) in trade and other payables	**68,117**	(14,878)
Net cash (used in)/provided by operating activities	**(750,760)**	(498,381)

14 SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

Employee Share Option Plan

The Group established the Papyrus Australia Ltd Employee Share Option Plan and a summary of the Rules of the Plan are set out below:

- All employees (full and part time) will be eligible to participate in the Plan.
- Options are granted under the Plan at the discretion of the Board and if permitted by the Board, may be issued to an employee's nominee.
- If, prior to the expiry date of options, a person ceases to be an employee of the Group for any reason other than retirement at age 60 or more (or such earlier age as the Board permits), permanent disability, redundancy or death, the options held by that person (or that person's nominee) automatically lapse on the first to occur of a) the expiry of the period of 30 days from the date of such occurrence, and b) the expiry date. If a person dies, the options held by that person will be exercisable by that person's legal personal representative.
- Options can't be transferred other than to the legal personal representative of a deceased option holder.
- The Company will not apply for official quotation of any options issued under the plan.
- Option holders may only participate in new issues of securities by first exercising their options.

The Board may amend the Plan Rules subject to the requirements of the Listing Rules

The following table illustrates the number (No.) and weighted average exercise prices (WAEP) and movements in share options issued during the year:

A summary of the Group options issued is as follows:

2022 Exercise price WAEP	Start of the year No.	Granted during the year No.	Exercised during the year No.	Expired during the year No.	Balance at the end of the year No.	Vested and exercisable at the end of the year No.
0.05	750,000 (*)	-	-	-	750,000	750,000
0.015	41,666,667 (**)	-	(41,666,667)	-	-	-
0.20	250,000 (***)	-	-	-	250,000	250,000
0.40	250,000 (***)	-	-	-	250,000	-
0.10	-	5,250,000(****)	-	-	5,250,000	5,250,000
0.06	-	20,000,000(******)	-	-	20,000,000	20,000,000
	42,916,667	25,250,000	(41,666,667)	-	26,500,000	26,250,000

14 SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

(*) 750,000 unlisted exercisable at $005 per option were issued to Mr Steve Howes with an expiry date of two years from the date of issue, being 11 November 2020 when the shareholder approval was obtained. Mr Steve Howe was a director of the Company from 7 September 2020 to 1 January 2021 when he resigned from the Board.
(**) Unlisted options issued for the investors as part of the November capital raising, and as such this is not share-based payment within the scope of AASB 2.
(***) A sign-on incentive was provided to Mr P. Rostig as part of his appointment with the Company in prior year, according to which, 500,000 unlisted options under a contract of employment were issued 4 May 2021, of these 250,000 vested on 4 May 2022 have an exercise price of $0.20 per option and expire on 4 May 2026. The remaining 250,000 options will vest on 4 May 2023 if Mr Rostig remains in employment with the Company, have an exercise price of $0.40 per option and an expiry date of 4 May 2026.
(****) This comprised of:

1. 4,000,000 unlisted options exercisable at $0.10 per option were issued to Ms Chikarovski, a Director of the Company with an expiry date of one year from the date of issue, being 4 November 2021 shareholder approval for the issue will be obtained at the 2022 AGM. The options had a fair value of $64,832 at the grant date, determined using Black Scholes valuation model.
2. 1,000,000 unlisted options exercisable at $0.10 per option and with an expiry date of one year from date of issue, being 29 March 2023 were issued under an independent services deed executed with Sydney-based Markson Sparks Pty Ltd ("MS") to assist the Company with its promotional activities. The options had a fair value of $14,181 at the grant date, determined using Black Scholes valuation model.
3. 250,000 unlisted options exercisable at $0.10 per option and with an expiry date of three years from date of issue, being 1 April 2025 were issued, for outstanding services rendered by the general manager of Papyrus Egypt. The options had a fair value of $6,995 at the grant date, determined using Black Scholes valuation model.

(******) Unlisted options issued to sophisticated investor on 20 August 2021, and as such, this is not share-based payment within the scope of AASB 2.

2021 Exercise Price WAEP	Start of the year No.	Granted during the year No.	Exercised during the year No.	Expired during the year No.	Balance at the end of the year No.	Vested and exercisable at the end of the year No.
0.01	2,000,000	-	(2,000,000)	-	-	-
0.05	-	750,000	-	-	750,000	750,000
0.015	-	41,666,667	-	-	41,666,667	41,666,667
0.20	-	250,000	-	-	250,000	-
0.40	-	250,000	-	-	250,000	-
	2,000,000	42,916,667	(2,000,000)	-	42,916,667	42,416,667

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options outstanding at year end was 1.99 years (2021: 2.94 years).

The range of weighted average exercise prices for options outstanding at the end of the year was $0.158 (2021: $0.02)
For the options granted during the current financial year, the valuation model inputs used to determine the fair value at the grant date, are as follows:

Grant date	Expiry date	Share price at grant date	Exercise price	Expected volatility	Risk-free rate	Fair value at grant date
4 November 2021	4 November 2022	$0.057	$0.10	114.9%	2%	$0.162
29 March 2022	29 March 2023	$0.061	$0.10	148.9%	5%	$.0141
1 April 2022	1 April 2025	$0.061	$0.10	148.9%	5%	$0.028

15 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

On 28 January 2022, the Group entered into a Partnership agreement with AL Haram for Plastic Manufacturing with the intention of setting up a joint venture company to manufacture banana fibre packaging products. The agreement has a term of 20 years unless terminated earlier by mutually written consents by the parties. As at the reporting date, no financial contribution has been made by either party towards the set-up of the joint venture company and negotiation continues to finalise the relevant terms and conditions.

In the opinion of the Directors, the Group did not have any another commitment or contingencies at 30 June 2022 (2021: nil).

16 REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

During the financial year the following fees paid or payable for services provided by the Group's auditors and their network firms:

	Consolidated Group	
	30 June 2022	**30 June 2021**
	$	**$**
Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd		
Fee for the review of the financial report as at 31 December 2020	**-**	17,300
BDO Audit (SA) Pty Ltd		
Fee for the review of the financial report as at 31 December 2021	**17,000**	
Fee for the audit and review of the financial report	**50,000**	$32,500
BDO Khaled & Co (BDO network firm)		
Audit of Component financials	**-**	12,666
Total remuneration of auditors	**67,000**	62,466

No non - audit services have been provided.

17 INTEREST IN CONTROLLED ENTITIES AND JOINT VENTURES

Name of entity	Principal place of business / country of incorporation	Ownership Interest	
		2022	2021
		%	%
Parent entity			
Papyrus Australia Ltd (a)	Australia		
Subsidiaries			
Papyrus Technology Pty Ltd (b)	Australia	100	100
PPY Manufacturing Pty Ltd (b)	Australia	100	100
Australian Advanced Manufacturing Centre Pty Ltd (b)	Australia	100	100
Joint Venture			
Papyrus Egypt LLC	Egypt	50	50
Associate			
Egypt Banana Fiber Company	Egypt	39.22%	25.46%

*The percentage of ownership interest held is equivalent to the percentage voting rights for all subsidiaries.

a. Papyrus Australia Ltd is the head entity within the tax-consolidated group.
b. These companies are members of the tax-consolidated group.

18 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Categories of financial instruments
The totals for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with the Accounting Standards as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

		Consolidated Group	
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	Note	$	$
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	**1,376,268**	2,071,640
Trade and Other receivables	6	**1,045,373**	452,634
Total financial assets		**2,421,641**	2,524,274
Financial Liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost			
Trade and other payables	10	**203,984**	121,917
Total financial liabilities		**203,984**	121,917

Credit risk
Credit risk refers to the risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group.

The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from activities.

The Group does not have any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any Group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

18 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net of any allowances for losses, represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk.

Market risk

(i) Cash flow interest rate sensitivity

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk as it holds some bank deposits at floating rates.

The Group's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. Longer-term deposits are therefore usually at fixed rates. At the reporting date, the Group is exposed to changes in market interest rates through its short term bank deposits, which are subject to variable interest rates.

(ii) Financial instrument composition and maturity analysis

The Group is not materially exposed to any effects on changes in interest rates. The Group has no borrowings outstanding as at the reporting date 30 June 2022 (2021: nil). Trade payables are often settled within 30 day credit term and classified as current liabilities.

Liquidity risk
Liquidity risk arises from the Group's management of working capital and the finance charges and principal repayments on its debt instruments. It is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due.

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, whom have built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves.

19 RELATED PARTIES

(a) Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

Talisker (SA) Pty Ltd ("Talisker") an entity associated with the Company's Managing Director, Mr Ramy Azer in 2012 entered into an agreement with the Company to provide a draw down facility of $250,000. The unsecured loan during the year represents the draw down from the facility as at 2022: $0 (2021: $0). The loan is unsecured and repayable from future revenues or proceeds from future equity raisings, subject to not materially prejudicing the ability of the Company to repay its creditors. The is interest bearing at the rate of interest payable by the National Australia Bank Limited on 'Usaver savings accounts' or, '12 month term deposits'(whichever is greater) plus one percent (1%) and is considered payable at the time the loan is repaid.

As at 30 June 2022, the accrued interest of $61,700 associated with the loan historically is still outstanding. The interest was agreed between the parties to be paid only when the group makes sufficient profit. This interest portion was presented in the financial statement of the Group within the 'Trade and other payables' a current liability as disclosed at note 9(b).

Furthermore, included in Sundry payables and accrued expense was $1,033 payable to Mr V. Rigano, a Non-Executive Director. The payable was short-term in nature and no interest is payable.

On the 1st November 2021, the Company entered into a services deed with Chikarovski and Associates to provide services with a remuneration of $30,000 per annum. The deed had no fixed term and may be terminated by either party with 30 days' notice in writing.

19 RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

(b) Interests of Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity are considered key management personnel.

For details of Key Management Personnel's interests in shares and options of the Company, refer to Key Management Personnel disclosures in the Remuneration Report contained in the Directors' Report.

The following individuals are classified as key management personnel in accordance with AASB 124 'Related Party Disclosures'.

Mr Edward Byrt - Chairman
Mr Ramy Azer - Managing Director
Mr David Attias - Non-Executive Director
Ms Kerry Chikarovski - Executive Director
Mr Vincent Peter Rigano -Non-Executive Director and Company Secretary
Mr Daniel Schmidt – General Manager
Mr Peter Rostig – Manager Engineering & Business Development

20 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES

Totals of remuneration paid

Key management personnel remuneration included within employee expenses for the year is shown below:

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	$	$
Short- term employee benefits	**149,949**	17,318
Post-employment benefits	**13,302**	1,645
Share based payments	**13,155**	2,192
Total remuneration paid to key management personnel	**176,406**	21,155

During the year, the Group has a service contract with Mr Azer, the Managing Director and $250,000 has been remunerated to him in accordance with the contract (2021: $145,833). This was included in consultancy expense in the profit or loss.

During the year, the Group has a service deed with Chikarovski and Associates, an entity controlled by Ms Kerry Chkarovski, a Director of the Group, and a payment of $20,000 has been paid to this entity under service deed (2021: nil).

The audited remuneration report contained in the Directors' Report contains details of the remuneration paid or payable to each member of the Group's key management personnel for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Other key management personnel transactions

For details of other transactions with key management personnel, refer to Note 19: Related Parties.

21 PARENT ENTITY

The following information has been extracted from the books and records of the parent, Papyrus Australia Ltd and has been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards.

The financial information for the parent entity, Papyrus Australia Ltd has been prepared on the same basis as the consolidated financial statements except as disclosed below.

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture entities are accounted for at cost in the financial statements of the parent entity. Dividends received from associates are recognized in the parent entity profit or loss, rather than being deducted from the carrying amount of these investments.

	30 June 2022 $	30 June 2021 $
Statement of Financial position		
Assets		
Current assets	**2,421,600**	2,524,283
Non-current assets	**1,055,244**	1,299,578
Total Assets	**3,476,844**	3,823,861
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	**203,985**	121,917
Non-current liabilities	**-**	-
Total liabilities	**203,985**	121,917
Equity		
Issued capital	**25,672,581**	25,032,581
Accumulated losses	**(23,459,985)**	(22,192,431)
Reserves	**1,060,263**	952,578
Total equity (deficit)	**3,272,859**	3,792,727
Statement of Profit or Loss and other Comprehensive Income		
Total loss for the year	**(1,267,554)**	(90,783)
Other comprehensive loss	**-**	-
Total comprehensive loss	**(1,267,554)**	(90,783)

Contingent liabilities
Contingent liabilities of the parent entity have been incorporated into the Group information in Note 15. The contingent liabilities of the parent are consistent with that of the Group.

Contractual commitments
There are no contractual commitments of the parent entity at 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021: nil).

22 MATTERS SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

On 29 July 2022 the Company appointed Mr. Pascal Gouel as Executive Director – International Business Development.

There have been no other significant matters subsequent to the end of the financial year.

Papyrus Australia Ltd

ABN 63 110 868 409

Directors' Declaration

The directors of the Group declare that:

1. the financial statements and notes for the year ended 30 June 2022 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:

    a. comply with Australian Accounting Standards, which, as stated in accounting policy Note 1 to the financial statements, constitutes explicit and unreserved compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); and

    b. give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the consolidated group;

2. the Managing Director and Company Secretary have given the declarations required by Section 295A that:

    a. the financial records of the Group for the financial year have been properly maintained in accordance with section 286 of the Corporations Act 2001;

    b. the financial statements and notes for the financial year comply with the Accounting Standards; and

    c. the financial statements and notes for the financial year give a true and fair view.

3. In the director's opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable with the continuing support of creditors.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Mr Ramy Azer
Managing Director
Dated this 26th day of September 2022

Tel: +61 8 7324 6000
Fax: +61 8 7324 6111
www.bdo.com.au

BDO Centre
Level 7, 420 King William Street
Adelaide SA 5000
GPO Box 2018 Adelaide SA 5001
Australia

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF PAPYRUS AUSTRALIA LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Papyrus Australia Limited(the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including a summary of significant accounting policies and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of the Group, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

(i) Giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and

(ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Investment accounted for using the equity method

KEY AUDIT MATTER	HOW THE MATTER WAS ADDRESSED IN OUR AUDIT
As disclosed in Note 9, during the financial year ended 30 June 2022, the shareholding in Egyptian Banana Fibre Company has increased to 39.22% which gives the Group a total direct and indirect interest in Papyrus Egypt of 69.61%. This is a key audit matter because of the significant management judgement involved in the assessment of whether the Group has control over Papyrus Egypt and the consequential accounting implications.	Our audit procedures to address the matter included, amongst others: • Reviewing investment and shareholder documents. • Confirming the Group's interest in each investee entity. • Evaluating the Group's accounting for its investments for consistency with Australian Accounting Standards, including the appropriateness of the equity accounting method. • Assessing the appropriateness and accuracy of the disclosures to the financial statements in accordance with the applicable Accounting Standards.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2022, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website (http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx) at: https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar1_2020.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 16 to 19 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2022.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Papyrus Australia Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2022, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

BDO

BDO Audit (SA) Pty Ltd

Andrew Tickle
Director

Adelaide, 26 September 2022