

26 October 2022

The Manager – Listings
Australian Securities Exchange Limited
Exchange Centre
20 Bridge Street
Sydney NSW 2000

2022 AGM Notice of Meeting and Proxy

COG Financial Services Limited (COG) attaches the following documents in relation to the FY2022 Annual General Meeting (AGM):

- · AGM Notice of Meeting; and
- Proxy Form.

Announcement authorised by: Andrew Bennett, Chief Executive Officer

For further information please contact:

Andrew Bennett Chief Executive Officer M 0405 380 241

Who we are:

COG Financial Services Limited (COG) has two complementary businesses:

- 1. Finance Broking & Aggregation: Through its membership group of independent and equity owned brokers (brokers in which COG has invested), COG is Australia's largest asset finance group, representing over \$6 billion per annum of Net Assets Finance (NAF). Further growth is being achieved through organic growth in equipment finance, insurance broking, novated leasing, and through equity investment in brokers.
- 2. Funds Management & Lending: Through broker distribution, COG provides equipment finance to SMEs, and real property loans via its subsidiary Westlawn Finance Limited. Growth in Funds Management is a key focus, and through its subsidiary Westlawn, COG has approximately \$680m currently under management, including mortgage-backed lending arrangements.

In both businesses COG's market share is small relative to the market size in which it operates, and there are significant growth opportunities through consolidation and organic growth.

COG Financial Services Limited

Level 5, 126 Phillip Street, Sydney NSW 2000 ACN: 100 854 788 www.coglimited.com.au



COG FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

Notice of 2022 Annual General Meeting

Explanatory Statement | Proxy Form

Friday, 25 November 2022

3:30PM AEDT

As a **Hybrid** Meeting

Held at:

Level 5 126 Phillip Street Sydney NSW 2000

as a virtual meeting at

https://us02web.zoom.us/webinar/register/WN YUUVZQVBRMaajgWmt93aWw

This Notice of Meeting should be read in its entirety. If Shareholders are in doubt as to how they should vote, they should seek advice from their professional advisers prior to voting.

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Important Information for Shareholders about the Company's 2022 AGM

This Notice is given based on circumstances as at 18 October 2022. Should circumstances change, the Company will make an announcement on the ASX market announcements platform and on the Company's website at https://cogfs.com.au/. Shareholders are urged to monitor the ASX announcements platform and the Company's website.

Venue and Voting Information

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders to which this Notice of Meeting relates will be held as a <u>hybrid meeting</u> at 3:30PM AEDT on Friday, 25 November 2022 at the Automic Group Offices, Level 5, 126 Phillip Street, Sydney, NSW 2000 and as a **virtual meeting**.

If you wish to virtually attend the AGM (which will be broadcast as a live webinar), please **<u>pre-register</u>** in advance for the virtual meeting here:

https://us02web.zoom.us/webinar/register/WN YUUVZQVBRMaaigWmt93aWw

After registering, you will receive a confirmation containing information on how to attend the virtual meeting on the day of the AGM.

Shareholders will be able to vote (see the "Voting virtually at the Meeting" section of this Notice of Meeting below) and ask questions at the virtual meeting.

Shareholders are also encouraged to submit questions in advance of the Meeting to the Company.

Questions must be submitted in writing to David Franks at david.franks@automicgroup.com.au at least 5 business days before the AGM.

The Company will also provide Shareholders with the opportunity to ask questions during the Meeting in respect to the formal items of business as well as general questions in respect to the Company and its business.

Your vote is important

The business of the Annual General Meeting affects your shareholding, and your vote is important.

Voting virtually at the Meeting

Shareholders who wish to vote virtually on the day of the AGM will need to login to the online meeting platform powered by Automic.

Shareholders who do not have an account with Automic are strongly encouraged to register for an account **as soon as possible and well in advance of the Meeting** to avoid any delays on the day of the Meeting. An account can be created via the following link <u>investor.automic.com.au</u> and then clicking on "register" and following the prompts. Shareholders will require their holder number (Securityholder Reference Number (SRN) or Holder Identification Number (HIN)) to create an account with Automic.

To access the virtual meeting on the day:

- 1. Open your internet browser and go to <u>investor.automic.com.au</u>
- 2. Login with your username and password or click "register" if you haven't already created an account. Shareholders are encouraged to create an account prior to the start of the meeting to ensure there is no delay in attending the virtual meeting
- 3. After logging in, a banner will display at the bottom of your screen to indicate that the meeting is open for registration, click on "**Register**" when this appears. Alternatively, click on "**Meetings**" on the left-hand menu bar to access registration.
- 4. Click on "Register" and follow the steps
- 5. Once the Chair of the Meeting has declared the poll open for voting click on "Refresh" to be taken to the voting screen
- 6. Select your voting direction and click "confirm" to submit your vote. Note that you cannot amend your vote after it has been submitted

For further information on the live voting process please see the **Registration and Voting Guide** at https://www.automicgroup.com.au/virtual-agms/.

Voting by proxy

To vote by proxy, please use one of the following methods:

Online	Lodge the Proxy Form online at https://investor.automic.com.au/#/loginsah by following the instructions: Login to the Automic website using the holding details as shown on the Proxy Form. Click on 'View Meetings' – 'Vote'. To use the online lodgement facility, Shareholders will need their holder number (Securityholder Reference Number (SRN) or Holder Identification Number (HIN)) as shown on the front of the Proxy Form.
	For further information on the online proxy lodgment process please see the Online Proxy Lodgment Guide at https://www.automicgroup.com.au/virtual-agms/
By post	Completing the enclosed Proxy Form and posting it to: Automic, GPO Box 5193, Sydney NSW 2001
By hand	Completing the enclosed Proxy Form and delivering it by hand to: Automic, Level 5, 126 Phillip Street, Sydney NSW 2000
By email	Completing the enclosed Proxy Form and emailing it to: meetings@automicgroup.com.au

Your Proxy instruction must be received not later than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.

Proxy Forms received later than this time will be invalid.

Power of Attorney

If the proxy form is signed under a power of attorney on behalf of a shareholder, then the attorney must make sure that either the original power of attorney or a certified copy is sent with the proxy form, unless the power of attorney has already provided it to the Share Registry.

Corporate Representatives

If a representative of a corporate shareholder or a corporate proxy will be attending the Meeting, the representative should bring to the Meeting adequate evidence of their appointment, unless this has previously been provided to the Share Registry.

Asking Questions

We encourage you to submit questions in advance of the Meeting on any matter that may be relevant to the Meeting. You can do this by sending your question to the Company Secretary by email to david.franks@automicgroup.com.au

To allow time to collate questions and prepare answers, you must submit any questions by 3:30PM AEDT on Friday, 18 November 2022.

Questions will be collated and, during the Meeting, the Chair of the Meeting will seek to address as many of the more frequently raised topics as possible. However, there may not be sufficient time available at the Meeting to address all topics raised. Please note that individual responses will not be sent to shareholders.

Shareholders and proxy holders will also have the ability to listen to the discussion at the Meeting and ask questions during the Meeting via the online meeting platform.

Technical difficulties

Technical difficulties may arise during the course of the Annual General Meeting. The Chair has discretion as to whether and how the Meeting should proceed in the event that a technical difficulty arises. In exercising his discretion, the Chair will have regard to the number of Shareholders impacted and the extent to which participation in the business of the Meeting is affected. Where he considers it appropriate, the Chair may continue to hold the Meeting and transact business, including conducting a poll and voting in accordance with valid proxy instructions. For this reason, Shareholders are encouraged to lodge a proxy not later than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.

Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that an Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of COG Financial Services Limited ACN 100 854 788 will be held at held as a <u>hybrid meeting</u> at 3:30PM AEDT on Friday, 25 November 2022 at the Automic Group Offices, Level 5, 126 Phillip Street, Sydney, NSW 2000 and as a **virtual meeting**.

The Explanatory Statement to this Notice of Meeting provides additional information on matters to be considered at the Annual General Meeting. The Explanatory Statement and the Proxy Form forms part of this Notice of Meeting.

The Directors have determined pursuant to Regulation 7.11.37 of the *Corporations Regulations 2001* (Cth) that the persons eligible to vote at the Annual General Meeting are those who are registered Shareholders at 7:00PM AEDT on Wednesday, 23 November 2022.

In accordance with clause 5.7(b) of the Company's Constitution, the Chair intends to call a poll on each of the resolutions proposed at the AGM. Each resolution considered at the AGM will therefore be conducted by a poll, rather than on a show of hands. The Chair considers voting by poll to be in the interests of the shareholders as a whole and is a way to ensure the views of as many shareholders as possible are represented at the meeting.

Terms and abbreviations used in this Notice of Meeting and Explanatory Statement are defined in the Glossary.

Agenda

Ordinary business

Financial statements and reports

"To receive and to consider the Annual Financial Report of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 together with the declaration of the Directors, the Directors' Report, the Remuneration Report and the Auditor's Report for that financial year."

Note: This item of ordinary business is for discussion only and is not a resolution.

Pursuant to the Corporations Act, Shareholders will be given a reasonable opportunity at the Meeting to ask questions about, or make comments in relation to, each of the aforementioned reports during consideration of these items.

Resolutions

Remuneration Report

1. **Resolution 1** – Adoption of Remuneration Report

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"That, for the purpose of Section 250R(2) of the Corporations Act and for all other purposes, approval is given for the adoption of the Remuneration Report as contained in the Company's Annual Financial Report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022."

Note: The vote on this Resolution is advisory only and does not bind the Directors or the Company.

Voting Exclusion Statement: In accordance with the Corporations Act, the Company will disregard any votes cast on Resolution 1 by or on behalf of a member of the Company's key management personnel (including the Directors), whose remuneration details are included in the Remuneration Report (**KMP**), or any of that person's Closely Related Parties (such as close family members and any controlled companies of those persons) (collectively referred to as Restricted Voter). However, the Company need not disregard a vote if:

- (a) it is cast by a person as a proxy appointed in writing that specifies how the proxy is to vote on Resolution 1; and
- (b) it is not cast on behalf of a Restricted Voter.

If you appoint the person chairing the Meeting (**Chair**) and you are not a Restricted Voter, by submitting the Proxy Form you authorise the person chairing the Meeting to exercise the proxy even though Resolution 1 is connected directly or indirectly with the remuneration of a KMP, and you will be taken to have directed the Chair to vote in accordance with his or her stated intention to vote in favour of Resolution 1. If you do not want your vote exercised in favour of Resolution 1, you should direct the person chairing the Meeting to vote "against", or to abstain from voting on, this Resolution.

Re-election of Directors

2. **Resolution 2** – Re-election of Mr Patrick Tuttle as Director

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"That Mr Patrick Tuttle, a Director who retires by rotation in accordance with the Company's Constitution and ASX Listing Rule 14.5, and being eligible offers himself for re-election as a Director of the Company, effective immediately."

3. **Resolution 3** – Re-election of Mr Peter Rollason as Director

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"That Mr Peter Rollason, a Director who retires by rotation in accordance with the Company's Constitution and ASX Listing Rule 14.5, and being eligible offers himself for re-election as a Director of the Company, effective immediately."

Amendments to the Company Constitution

4. **Resolution 4** – Amendments to the Company Constitution

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without amendment, the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"That, for the purposes of section 136(2) of the Corporations Act and for all other purposes, the constitution of the Company be repealed and replaced with a constitution in the form of the document tabled at this Meeting and signed by the Chair for the purposes of identification, effective immediately."

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

David Franks

Company Secretary

18 October 2022

Explanatory Statement

This Explanatory Statement has been prepared for the information of the Shareholders in connection with the business to be conducted at the Annual General Meeting to be held as a <u>hybrid meeting</u> at 3:30PM AEDT on Friday, 25 November 2022 at the Automic Group Offices, Level 5, 126 Phillip Street, Sydney, NSW 2000 and as a **virtual meeting**.

The purpose of this Explanatory Statement is to provide information which the Directors believe to be material to Shareholders in deciding whether or not to pass the Resolutions in the Notice of Meeting.

If you are in any doubt about what to do in relation to the Resolutions contemplated in the Notice of Meeting and this Explanatory Statement, it is recommended that you seek advice from an accountant, solicitor or other professional advisor.

Full details of the business to be considered at the Annual General Meeting are set out below.

Agenda

Ordinary business

Financial statements and reports

In accordance with the Constitution and the Corporations Act, the business of the Annual General Meeting will include receipt and consideration of the Annual Financial Report of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 together with the declaration of the Directors, the Director's Report, the Remuneration Report and the Auditor's Report.

In accordance with the amendments to the Corporations Act, the Company is no longer required to provide a hard copy of the Company's Annual Financial Report to Shareholders unless a Shareholder has specifically elected to receive a printed copy.

Whilst the Company will not provide a hard copy of the Company's Annual Financial Report unless specifically requested to do so, Shareholders may view the Company Annual Financial Report on its website at https://cogfs.com.au/annual-report/.

No resolution is required for this item, but Shareholders will be given the opportunity to ask questions and to make comments on the management and performance of the Company.

The Company's auditor will be present at the Meeting. During the discussion of this item, the auditor will be available to answer questions on the:

- Conduct of the audit:
- Preparation and content of the Auditor's Report;
- Accounting policies adopted by the Company in relation to the preparation of the financial statements; and
- Independence of the auditor in relation to the conduct of the audit.

Written questions of the auditor

If you would like to submit a written question about the content of the Auditor's Report or the conduct of the audit of the Annual Financial Report of the Company's auditor, please send your question to the Company Secretary. A list of qualifying questions will be made available at the Meeting.

Please note that all written questions must be received at least five business days before the Meeting, which is by 3:30PM AEDT on Friday, 18 November 2022.

Resolutions

Remuneration Report

Resolution 1 – Adoption of Remuneration Report

In accordance with section 250R(2) of the Corporations Act, the Company is required to present to its Shareholders the Remuneration Report as disclosed in the Company's Annual Financial Report.

The vote on the Resolution is advisory only and does not bind the Directors or the Company. The Remuneration Report is set out in the Company's Annual Financial Report and is also available on the Company's website at https://cogfs.com.au/annual-report/.

However, if at least 25% of the votes cast are against the adoption of the Remuneration Report at the Meeting (subject of this Notice of Meeting), and then again at the 2023 Annual General Meeting (2023 AGM), the Company will be required to put to the vote a resolution (Spill Resolution) at the 2023 AGM to approve the calling of a further meeting (Spill Meeting). If more than 50% of Shareholders vote in favour of the Spill Resolution, the Company must convene the Spill Meeting within 90 days of the 2023 AGM. All of the Directors who were in office when the 2023 Directors' Report was approved, other than the Managing Director, will (if desired) need to stand for reelection at the Spill Meeting.

The Remuneration Report explains the Board's policies in relation to the nature and level of remuneration paid to KMPs (including Directors) and sets out remuneration details, service agreements and the details of any share-based compensation.

Voting

Note that a voting exclusion applies to Resolution 1 in the terms set out in the Notice of Meeting. In particular, the Directors and other Restricted Voters must not vote on this Resolution and must not cast a vote as proxy, unless the appointment gives a direction on how to vote, or the proxy is given to the Chair and you submit the Proxy Form, authorising the Chair to exercise the proxy even though Resolution 1 is connected directly or indirectly with the remuneration of a KMP and that in doing so you will be taken to have directed the Chair to vote in accordance with the Chair's stated intention to vote in favour of Resolution 1.

Shareholders are urged to read carefully the Proxy Form and to provide a direction to the proxy on how to vote on this Resolution.

Directors' recommendation

The Directors have not made a recommend for this Resolution.

The Chair intends to vote in favour of this resolution.

Re-election of Directors

Resolution 2 – Re-election of Mr Patrick Tuttle as Director

Rule 6.7(b) of the Company's Constitution requires that at every general meeting, one third of the Directors, or if their number is not a multiple of 3 then the number nearest to one third (rounded up to the nearest whole number) must retire from office and be eligible for re-election. Rule 6.7(d) of the Company's Constitution provides that a director must not hold office without re-election past the third annual general meeting following the Director's appointment, or three years, whichever is the longer.

ASX Listing Rule 14.5 also provides that an entity which has Directors must hold an election of Directors at each annual general meeting.

Mr Patrick Tuttle was appointed as a Director of the Company on 3 October 2018 and was last reelected as a Director at the 2020 AGM.

Under this Resolution, Mr Tuttle has elected to retire by rotation, and being eligible, seeks reelection as a Director of the Company at this AGM.

Experience and Expertise

Mr Tuttle has more than 35 years' experience in the financial services sector, having initially qualified as a Chartered Accountant with Price Waterhouse. Prior to joining Pepper Group Limited in 2001 as finance director, he was a divisional finance director for a range of operating businesses within Macquarie Bank Limited (ASX: MBL), including the Banking & Property, Corporate Finance, and Project & Structured Finance Groups.

As finance director for Pepper Group, Mr Tuttle was responsible for all aspects of the non-bank lender's financial, treasury, wholesale funding and securitisation activities. In 2008 he became CEO of Pepper's Australian mortgage lending and asset finance business, before being appointed as Co-Group CEO of the group's global consumer lending and asset management activities in 2012, spanning eight countries (including the UK, Ireland, Spain, South Korea, and China) with assets under management (AUM) in excess of \$50 billion and over 2,000 employees.

Mr Tuttle is a former Deputy Chairman of the Australian Securitisation Forum, Inc. and was recognised as a Lifetime Member (Fellow) of the ASF in 2014 in recognition of services to the Australian securitisation industry. He was also awarded Australian Financial Services Executive of the Year (2014) by CEO Magazine.

Directors' recommendation

The Directors (excluding Mr Tuttle) recommend that Shareholders vote for this Resolution.

The Chair intends to vote in favour of this resolution.

Resolution 3 – Re-election of Mr Peter Rollason as Director

Rule 6.7(b) of the Company's Constitution requires that at every general meeting, one third of the Directors, or if their number is not a multiple of 3 then the number nearest to one third (rounded up to the nearest whole number) must retire from office and be eligible for re-election. Rule 6.7(d) of the Company's Constitution provides that a director must not hold office without re-election past the third annual general meeting following the Director's appointment, or three years, whichever is the longer.

ASX Listing Rule 14.5 also provides that an entity which has Directors must hold an election of Directors at each annual general meeting.

Mr Peter Rollason was appointed as a Director of the Company on 16 September 2020 and was last re-elected as a Director at the 2020 AGM.

Under this Resolution, Mr Rollason has elected to retire by rotation, and being eligible, seeks reelection as a Director of the Company at this AGM.

Experience and Expertise

Mr Rollason qualified as a Chartered Accountant in the UK and has 35 years' experience in senior leadership roles in a number of global banking and non-bank financial institutions.

More recently, Mr Rollason was with Liberty Financial, one of Australia's largest non-bank financial institutions where he was a member of the senior management team and board director responsible for strategy, business development and marketing in addition to heading the New Zealand operations which included loan origination, the Mike Pero branded broking network and a successful debenture funding program.

Prior to joining Liberty Financial, Mr Rollason was a partner at Deloitte where he advised on buy and sell-side M&A transactions, capital raising and securitisation facilities to range of banks and non-banks.

Mr Rollason was also a member of the Deloitte Top 40 Leadership group representing the Financial Services Industry (FSI) sector.

Directors' recommendation

The Directors (excluding Mr Rollason) recommend that Shareholders vote for this Resolution.

The Chair intends to vote in favour of this resolution.

Amendments to the Company Constitution

Resolution 4 – Amendments to the Company Constitution

The Company's current constitution was adopted by the Company following receipt of Shareholder approval on 13 April 2017.

The Company has recently undertaken a review of the Constitution and proposes modifications to reflect certain changes to the Corporations Act 2001 primarily to achieve efficient and flexible administration of the Company and relations with Shareholders, and to facilitate fully virtual general meetings.

Accordingly, the Company has prepared an updated Constitution (**New Constitution**) which incorporates the following key amendment:

Use of Technology at General Meetings

A number of amendments are proposed to be made to facilitate the use of virtual meetings by the Company, with the law having recently changed to allow the use of virtual or hybrid meetings. The changes include clarifying that Directors may determine that a meeting be held by means of virtual meeting technology or other communication facilities that gives the members as a whole a reasonable opportunity to participate and vote, and providing the Directors with additional powers to postpone, cancel or adjourn a meeting in particular circumstances (eg due to public health orders).

Prior to the Meeting, a copy of the New Constitution is available for review by Shareholders as follows:

- (a) a copy of the New Constitution is set out in Annexure A of this Notice of Meeting;
- (b) prior to the Meeting, a copy of the New Constitution is available for review by Shareholders at the Company's registered office during normal business hours; and
- (c) a copy of the New Constitution can also be sent to Shareholders of the Company upon a request being made to the Company Secretary at david.franks@automicgroup.com.au.

A complete signed copy of the New Constitution will be tabled at the Meeting.

Pursuant to section 136(2) of the Corporations Act, a modification to the Company's Constitution can only be effected by way of a Special Resolution passed by its Shareholders. Therefore, this Resolution is a Special Resolution that can only be passed if at least 75% of the total votes cast by Shareholders entitled to vote on this Resolution are voted in its favour.

Professional Advice

If you have any doubt or do not understand this Resolution, it is strongly recommended that you seek advice from a solicitor or other professional advisor.

Directors' Recommendation

The Board of Directors recommend Shareholders vote for this Resolution.

The Chair intends to vote in favour of this resolution.

Enquiries

Shareholders are asked to contact the Company Secretary, Mr David Franks, on +612 8072 1400 if they have any queries in respect of the matters set out in these documents.

Glossary

AEDT means Australian Eastern Daylight Time as observed in Sydney, New South Wales.

Annual Financial Report means the 2022 Annual Report to Shareholders for the period ended 30 June 2022 dated and lodged by the Company with ASX on 26 August 2022.

Annual General Meeting or **AGM** or **Meeting** means an Annual General Meeting of the Company and, unless otherwise indicated, means the meeting of the Company's members convened by this Notice of Meeting.

ASIC means Australian Securities and Investment Commission.

Associate has the meaning given to it by the ASX Listing Rules.

ASX means ASX Limited ACN 008 624 691 or the financial market operated by it, as the context requires, of 20 Bridge Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

ASX Listing Rules or **Listing Rules** means the official ASX Listing Rules of the ASX and any other rules of the ASX which are applicable while the Company is admitted to the official list of the ASX, as amended or replaced from time to time, except to the extent of any express written waiver by the ASX.

Auditor's Report means the auditor's report of BDO Audit Pty Ltd dated 26 August 2022 as included in the Annual Financial Report.

Board means the current board of Directors of the Company.

Business Day means a day on which trading takes place on the stock market of ASX.

Chair means the person chairing the Meeting.

Closely Related Party of a member of the KMP means:

- (a) a spouse or child of the member;
- (b) a child of the member's spouse;
- (c) a dependant of the member or of the member's spouse;
- (d) anyone else who is one of the member's family and may be expected to influence the member, or be influenced by the member, in the member's dealings with the Company;
- (e) a company the member controls; or
- (f) a person prescribed by the *Corporation Regulations 2001* (Cth).

Company means COG Financial Services Limited ACN: 100 854 788

Constitution means the Company's constitution.

Corporations Act means the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) as amended or replaced from time to time.

Director means a current director of the Company.

Directors' Report means the report of Directors as included in the Annual Financial Report.

Dollar or "\$" means Australian dollars.

Explanatory Statement means the explanatory statement accompanying this Notice of Meeting.

KMP means key management personnel (including the Directors) whose remuneration details are included in the Remuneration Report.

Notice of Meeting or **Notice of Annual General Meeting** means this notice of annual general meeting dated 18 October 2022 including the Explanatory Statement.

Ordinary Resolution means a resolution that can only be passed if at least 50% of the total votes cast by Shareholders entitled to vote on the resolution are voted in its favour at the meeting.

Performance Right means a performance right which, subject to its terms, could convert to a Share.

Proxy Form means the proxy form attached to this Notice of Meeting.

Remuneration Report means the remuneration report as set out in the Annual Financial Report.

Resolutions means the resolutions set out in this Notice of Meeting, or any one of them, as the context requires.

Restricted Voter means a member of the Company's KMP and any Closely Related Parties of those members.

Securities mean Shares and/or Options (as the context requires).

Share means a fully paid ordinary share in the capital of the Company.

Shareholder means a holder of a Share.

Share Registry means Automic Pty Ltd.

Special Resolution means a resolution that can only be passed if at least 75% of the total votes cast by Shareholders entitled to vote on the resolution are voted in its favour at the meeting.

Spill Meeting means the meeting that will be convened within 90 days of the 2023 AGM if a threshold of votes is cast against the adoption of the Remuneration Report at the Meeting and the 2023 AGM.

Spill Resolution means the resolution required to be put to Shareholders at the 2023 AGM if a threshold of votes is cast against the adoption of the Remuneration Report at the Meeting and the 2023 AGM.

Trading Day has the meaning given to that term in ASX Listing Rule 19.12.

VWAP means the volume weighted average market (closing) price, with respects to the price of Shares.

Annexure A – Proposed Constitution

Constitution of COG Financial Services Limited

PROPOSED CONSTITUTION SUBJECT TO SHAREHOLDER ARPROVAL

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CONSTITUTION

OF

COG FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED (ACN 100 854 788)

A company limited by shares

Part 1 – Preliminary

1.1 Name

The name of the Company is COG Financial Services Limited (ACN 100 854 788), subject to shareholder approval).

1.2 Definitions

(a) In this Constitution:

Act means the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth);

Alternate Director means a person appointed as an alternate Director in accordance with Rule 6.14;

ASX Settlement Operating Rules means the business rules of the clearing and settlement facility maintained by ASX Settlement Pty Limited (ABN 49 008 504 532);

Business Day has the meaning given to that term in the Listing Rules;

CHESS Approved has the meaning given to that term in the Listing Rules;

Director means:

- (i) a person appointed and acting in the position of a Director of the Company; or
- (ii) an Alternate Director appointed in accordance with this Constitution acting in the capacity of a Director of the Company:

Divestment Notice is a notice given under Rule 13.1 to a Small Holder or a New Small Holder;

dividend includes interim dividend;

Exchange means the securities exchange operated by the ASX Limited and includes, without limitation, any successor;

ITS means the Exchange's integrated trading system as amended from time to time;

Listed Company means a company admitted to, and not removed from, the official list of entities of the Exchange;

Listing Rules means the Listing Rules of the Exchange and any other rules of the Exchange which are applicable while the Company is admitted to the Official List of the Exchange, each as amended or replaced from time to time, except to the extent of any express written waiver by the Exchange;

Managing Director means a Director appointed as managing director in accordance with Rule 6.19;

Market Value in relation to a share is the closing price on ITS;

New Small Holder is a member who is the holder or a joint holder of a New Small Holding.

New Small Holding is a holding of shares created after the date on which this Constitution came into effect by the transfer of a parcel of shares the aggregate Market Value of which at the time a proper ASX Settlement Operating Rules transfer was initiated or a paper based transfer was lodged, was less than a marketable parcel of shares as provided under the Listing Rules.

Official List has the same meaning as that term under the Listing Rules;

present in person means present in person, by proxy, by attorney and, in the case of a corporation, by representative and, in the case of an individual envisaged in Rule 4.4 and 5.8(f), by legal personal representative, committee, trustee or other proper appointee;

register means any register of members of the Company wherever located;

Relevant Period is the period specified in a Divestment Notice under Rules 13.1 and 13.2;

Relevant Shares are the shares specified in a Divestment Notice;

Secretary means any person appointed to perform the duties of a secretary of the Company;

Small Holder is a member who is the holder or a joint holder of a Small Holding; and

Small Holding is a holding of shares the aggregate Market Value of which at the relevant date is less than a marketable parcel of shares as provided under the Listing Rules.

(b) Except in so far as a contrary intention appears in this Constitution, an expression has, in a provision of this Constitution which deals with a particular provision of the Act, the same meaning as in that provision of the Act.

1.3 Application of Act and Listing Rules

- (a) This Constitution is to be interpreted subject to the Act and while the Company is a Listed Company, the Listing Rules.
- (b) The Company and the Directors must, notwithstanding any contrary provision in this Constitution, comply with the obligations imposed on them under the Act and while the Company is a Listed Company, the Listing Rules.
- (c) The Company and the Directors must, while the Company is a Listed Company, exercise their powers in such a way to ensure that the Listing Rules are complied with unless to do so would be unlawful or a breach of duty. This obligation does not detract or alter the power of the Company and its Directors to cause the Company to cease to be a Listed Company.
- (d) Unless the contrary intention appears, an expression in a clause which is defined by or that deals with a matter dealt with by:
 - a provision of the Act has the meaning given to that expression in that provision of the Act; or
 - (ii) a provision of Listing Rules has the meaning given to that expression in that provision of the Listing Rules.
- (e) For so long as the Company is a Listed Company, the following clauses apply:
 - (i) notwithstanding anything contained in this Constitution, if the Listing Rules prohibit an act being done, the act must not be done;
 - (ii) nothing contained in this Constitution prevents an act being done that the Listing Rules require to be done:

- (iii) if the Listing Rules require an act to be done or not to be done, authority is given for that act to be done or not to be done (as the case may be);
- (iv) if the Listing Rules require this Constitution to contain a provision and it does not contain such a provision, this Constitution is deemed to contain that provision;
- (v) if the Listing Rules require this Constitution not to contain a provision and it contains such a provision, this Constitution is deemed not to contain that provision; and
- (vi) if any provision of this Constitution is or becomes inconsistent with the Listing Rules, this Constitution is deemed not to contain that provision to the extent of the inconsistency.
- (f) While any of the securities in the Company are CHESS Approved, the Company must comply with the ASX Settlement Operating Rules.

1.4 Exercise of Powers

The Company may exercise any power which under the Act a company limited by shares may exercise if authorised by its constitution.

1.5 Exclusion of Replaceable Rules

The replaceable rules applicable to a public company contained in the Act do not apply to the Company.

1.6 Interpretation

In this Constitution, unless the contrary intention appears:

- (a) a reference to a Rule is a reference to a rule of this Constitution;
- (b) a reference to a statute, ordinance, code or other law includes without limitation regulations and other instruments under it and consolidations, amendments, re-enactments or replacements of it;
- (c) the singular includes without limitation the plural and visa versa;
- (d) the word "**person**" includes without limitation a firm, a body corporate and an unincorporated association or an authority;
- (e) a reference to a **"person**" includes without limitation a reference to the person's executors, administrators, successors, substitutes and assigns;
- (f) other parts of speech and grammatical forms of a word defined in this Constitution have a corresponding meaning;
- (g) if any action under this Constitution must be completed on a Business Day, it must be completed before 5:00pm (Sydney time) on that Business Day;
- (h) a reference in a Rule relating to partly paid shares to a call or an amount called in respect of a share includes a reference to a sum that, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable on allotment or at a fixed date; and
- (i) headings and cross references to legislation are inserted for convenience and do not affect the interpretation of this Constitution.

1.7 Transitional

This constitution has the effect that:

- (a) every director, alternate director, senior manager and secretary in office as at the date this constitution is adopted continues in office, subject to, and is taken to have been appointed or elected under, this constitution;
- (b) any register maintained by the Company immediately before the date this constitution is adopted is taken to be a register maintained under this constitution;
- (c) any seal adopted by the Company before the date this constitution is adopted is taken to be a seal until another seal is adopted by the Company under this constitution; and
- (d) unless a contrary intention appears in this constitution, all persons, things, agreements and circumstances appointed, approved, created or delegated by or under the previous constitution continue to have the same status, operation and effect as if they had occurred under this constitution on and after the date this constitution is adopted.

1.8 Formalities Omitted

If some formality required by this constitution is inadvertently omitted or is not carried out, the omission does not invalidate anything, including any resolution, which but for the omission would have been valid unless it is proved to the satisfaction of the directors that the omission has directly prejudiced any member financially. The decision of the directors is final and binding on all members.

Part 2 - Share Capital

2.1 Power of Directors to issue shares, options and other securities

Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any existing shares or class of shares, but subject to this Constitution, the Act and the Listing Rules, the Directors may issue or grant shares or options over shares in and other securities of the Company with such preferred, deferred or other special rights or such restrictions, whether with regard to dividend, voting, return of capital, payment of calls or otherwise, as the Directors determine.

2.2 Preference shares

The Company may issue preference shares from time to time. Preference shares have the following rights and restrictions:

- (a) **repayment of capital:** the right in priority to any other class of share to repayment of the amount of the share:
 - (i) in a winding up or reduction of capital; and
 - (ii) in the case of a redeemable preference share, on redemption.
- (b) **dividends:** the right to payment out of the profits of the Company or any other amounts available for distribution as dividends of the Company, as a preferential dividend in priority to the payment of a dividend on any other class of shares, accruing from day to day and payable on the amount paid on the share at the times and at the rate, which may be fixed or variable, specified at the time of issue;
- (c) **accrued dividends:** the right in priority to any other class of shares to the amount of any dividend accrued but unpaid on the share:
 - (i) in a winding up or reduction of capital; and
 - (ii) in the case of a redeemable preference share, on redemption;
- (d) participation in surplus assets and profits: no rights to participate in the profits or property of the Company other than as set out in this Rule 2.2 whether on a winding up, reduction of capital or redemption in the case of a redeemable preference share;

- (e) attending general meetings and receiving documents: the same right as the holder of an ordinary share to:
 - (i) receive notice of a general meeting;
 - (ii) attend the general meeting; and
 - (iii) receive notices, reports and audited accounts;
- (f) **voting:** the right to vote in the following circumstances and in no other circumstances:
 - (i) on a proposal to wind up the Company or reduce the share capital of the Company or to dispose of all the property, business and undertaking of the Company;
 - (ii) during the period during which a dividend or part of a dividend in respect of the preference share is in arrears;
 - (iii) on a resolution to approve the terms of a buy-back agreement;
 - (iv) on a proposal that affects rights attached to the share; or
 - (v) during the winding up of the Company;
- (g) **redemption:** in the case of a redeemable preference share, the right to require the Company to redeem the preference share at the time and place specified in the certificate for the preference share; and
- (h) **restrictions:** the restrictions, if any, specified in the certificate for the preference share.

2.3 Classes of shares

- (a) Whenever the capital by reason of the issue of preference shares or otherwise is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the rights and privileges attached to each class may be varied by agreement between the Company and any person purporting to contract on behalf of that class provided such agreement is ratified in writing by the holders of at least three-fourths of the number of issued shares of the class or is confirmed by a resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of shares of that class and all the provisions of this Constitution as to general meetings apply so far as they can to every such meeting but so that the quorum will be members present in person holding three-fourths of the number of the issued shares of the class.
- (b) Any shares of a class may be converted to shares of any other class by agreement between the Company and all the holders of the shares to be converted on such terms as the Directors determine.
- (c) Any issue of securities ranking in priority, or any conversion of existing securities to securities ranking equally or in priority, to an existing class of preference shares is a variation of the rights attached to that existing class of preference shares.
- (d) Any issue of securities ranking in priority, or any conversion of existing securities to securities ranking equally or in priority, to an existing class of shares (other than preference shares) does not constitute a variation of the rights attached to that existing class of ordinary shares.

2.4 Brokerage and commission

- (a) The Company may exercise the powers to pay brokerage or commission conferred by the Act in the manner provided by the Act.
- (b) The brokerage or commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly by the payment of cash and partly by the allotment of fully or partly paid shares.

2.5 Recognition of third party interests

- (a) Except as required by law or provided by this Constitution, the Company is entitled to treat the registered holder of a share as the absolute owner of that share and must not recognise a person as holding a share upon any trust.
- (b) The Company:
 - (i) is not compelled in any way to recognise (whether or not it has notice of the interest or rights concerned) any equitable, contingent, future or partial claim to or interest in any share or unit of a share; or
 - (ii) is not compelled to recognise any other right in respect of a share except an absolute right of ownership in the registered holder,

even if the Company has notice of that claim or interest.

2.6 Certificates

- (a) The Directors may determine:
 - (i) not to issue a certificate for a share or option; or
 - (ii) to cancel a certificate for a share or option, without issuing a replacement certificate,

if it is not contrary to the Act, and, if applicable, the Listing Rules and the ASX Settlement Operating Rules.

- (b) Where the Directors have determined under Rule 2.6(a) not to issue a certificate or to cancel a certificate, a member is entitled to receive a statement of the holdings of the member setting out the number of shares and the issue price and any other matter which the Company is required to give under this Constitution and the Act and, if applicable, the Listing Rules and the ASX Settlement Operating Rules.
- (c) Each member is entitled without payment to receive a certificate for shares issued as required under the Act unless that member's shares are held as an uncertificated holding.

2.7 Power to alter capital

The Company may by resolution passed in general meeting alter its share capital:

- (a) by consolidating and dividing all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
- (b) by subdividing all or any of its shares into shares of smaller amounts, but so that, in the subdivision, the proportion between the amount paid and the amount (if any) unpaid on each share of a smaller amount is the same as it was in the case of the share from which the share of a smaller amount is derived;
- by cancelling shares that, at the date of the passing of the resolution to that effect, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person or that have been forfeited and by reducing its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled; and
- (d) by reclassifying or converting unissued shares from 1 class to another.

2.8 Employee share plan

The Directors may:

(a) implement an employee share and/or option plan on such terms as they think fit under which securities of the Company or of a related body corporate may be issued or otherwise provided to or for the benefit of any officer (including, without limitation, any Director) of the Company

- or of a related body corporate or to a relative of that officer or to an entity in which that officer or a relative of that officer has an interest;
- (b) amend, suspend or terminate any employee share and/or option plan implemented by them;
 and
- (c) give financial assistance in connection with the acquisition of securities of the Company or of a related body corporate under any employee share and/or option plan in any matter permitted by the Act.

Part 3 - Calls, Forfeiture, Indemnity and Lien

3.1 Calls

- (a) Subject to Section 254P of the Act, the Listing Rules and the terms of issue of the shares, the Directors may make calls on the members in respect of any money unpaid on the shares of the members (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the terms of issue of those shares made payable at fixed times.
- (b) On receiving at least 10 Business Days' notice specifying the amount of the call, the time and place of payment, each member must pay to the Company the amount called on his shares at the time and place so specified.
- (c) A call is taken to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed.
- (d) A call may be required to be paid by instalments.
- (e) The joint holders of a share are jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect of that share.
- (f) The Directors may revoke or postpone a call or extend the time for payment.
- (g) The non-receipt of a notice of a call by, or the accidental omission to give notice of a call to, any member does not invalidate a call.
- (h) Any shares on which a call is unpaid at the end of 10 Business Days after the day for its payment are immediately forfeited without any resolution of Directors or other proceedings and the Company must then comply with Section 254Q of the Act.
- (i) Subject to the Act, if a sum called or otherwise payable to the Company in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment of the sum, the person from whom the sum is due must pay interest on the sum from the due date to the time of actual payment, at the rate of 6% per annum or such other rate as the Directors may determine. The Directors may waive payment of that interest wholly or in part.
- (j) Any sum that, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable on allotment or at a fixed date, for the purposes of this Constitution is taken to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue the sum becomes payable and, in the case of non-payment, all the relevant provisions of this Constitution as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise apply as if that sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.
- (k) On the issue of shares, the Directors may differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.

3.2 Prepayments of calls

(a) The Directors may accept from a member the whole or a part of the amount unpaid on a share although no part of that amount has been called up.

- (b) The Directors may authorise payment by the Company of interest on the whole or any part of an amount so accepted, until the amount becomes payable, at such rate, not exceeding the prescribed rate, as is agreed between the Directors and the member paying the sum.
- (c) For the purposes of Rule 3.2(b), the prescribed rate of interest is:
 - (i) if the Company has fixed a rate by resolution the rate so fixed; and
 - (ii) in any other case 10% per annum.

3.3 Redemption of Forfeited Shares

If a member complies with Section 254R of the Act on or before the last Business Day before the sale of their shares in accordance with Rule 3.1(h), then the member is entitled to the share as if the forfeiture had not occurred.

3.4 Powers of Directors

Subject to Sections 254Q and 254R of the Act, a forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Directors think fit and, at any time before a sale or disposition, the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit.

3.5 Transfers after forfeiture and sale

- (a) The Company may receive the consideration (if any) given for a forfeited share on any sale or disposition of the share and may execute or effect a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of.
- (b) On the execution of the transfer, the transferee must be registered as the holder of the share and is not bound to see to the application of any money paid as consideration.
- (c) The title of the transferee to the share is not affected by any irregularity or invalidity in connection with the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.

3.6 Lien on shares

- (a) The Company has a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all money called and due but unpaid in respect of that share.
- (b) The Directors may at any time exempt a share wholly or in part from the provisions of this Rule 3.6.
- (c) The Company's lien (if any) on a share extends to all dividends payable and entitlements deriving in respect of the share. The Directors may retain any dividends or entitlements and may apply them in or towards satisfaction of all money due to the Company in respect of which the lien exists.
- (d) No person is entitled to exercise any rights or privileges as a member in respect of a share until he has paid all calls and instalments of calls for the time being payable in respect of that share.

3.7 Exercise of lien

- (a) Subject to Rule 3.7(b), the Company may sell any shares on which the Company has a lien in such manner as the Directors think fit.
- (b) A share on which the Company has a lien may not be sold unless:
 - (i) a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; and
 - (ii) not less than 10 Business Days before the date of the sale the Company has given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled to the

share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the registered holder a notice in writing setting out and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable.

3.8 Completion of sale

- (a) For the purpose of giving effect to a sale pursuant to Rule 3.7, the Directors may authorise a person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser of the shares.
- (b) Subject to the Listing Rules, the Company must register the purchaser as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer, whereupon the validity of the sale may not be impeached by any person, and the Company is not bound to see to the application of the purchase money.
- (c) The title of the purchaser to the shares is not affected by any irregularity or invalidity in connection with the sale.
- (d) The remedy of any person aggrieved by any such sale is in damages only and against the Company exclusively.

3.9 Application of proceeds of sale

The Company must apply the proceeds of a sale mentioned in Rule 3.7 in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable and the residue (if any) (subject to any like lien for sums not presently payable that existed upon the shares before the sale) must be paid to the person entitled to the shares immediately prior to the sale.

3.10 Indemnity for Taxation

If any law, regulation, order or other directive for the time being of any place (international, national, state or local) imposes or purports to impose any immediate, future or possible liability on the Company to make any payment or empowers any government (international, national, state or local), government official or taxing or other government authority to require the Company to make any payment in respect of any shares registered in the name of the member in the register (whether solely or jointly with others) or in respect of any dividends, interest, bonuses or other moneys or distributions paid or payable or entitlements derived or deriving in respect of any such shares or for or on account or in respect of any member (whether in consequence of the death of that member, the non-payment of any income or other tax by that member, the non-payment of any estate, probate, succession, death, stamp or other duty by the member or by the executor or administrator of the estate of that member or otherwise):

- (a) that member or his estate must fully indemnify the Company from and against all liability;
- (b) the Company has a lien on the shares registered in the name of that member for all moneys paid or payable by the Company in respect of those shares under or in consequence of any such law, regulation, order or other directive; and
- (c) the Company may recover, as a debt due from that member or his estate, any such sum (together with interest on the sum from the day of payment of the sum by the Company to the time of actual repayment by the member or his estate, at such rate not exceeding 12% per annum as the Directors determine. The Directors may waive payment of that interest wholly or in part).

Nothing in this Rule 3.10 prejudices or affects any right or remedy which may be conferred on the Company at law.

Part 4 - Transfer and Transmission of Shares

4.1 Transferability of shares

- (a) Subject to this Constitution and the Act, a member may transfer all or any of his shares by a transfer document in any form approved by the Exchange or in any other form that the Directors approve.
- (b) The Company may not charge a fee on the transfer of any shares.
- (c) A transferor of shares remains the holder of the shares transferred until the transfer is:
 - (i) effected in accordance with the ASX Settlement Operating Rules; or
 - (ii) registered and the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect of the shares.
- (d) An instrument of transfer must be signed by or on behalf of both the transferor and the transferee unless the transfer:
 - (i) relates only to fully paid shares and signature by the transferee has been dispensed with by the Directors; or
 - (ii) is a sufficient transfer of marketable securities for the purposes of the Act.
- (e) An instrument of transfer must be duly stamped if required by the Act to be stamped.

4.2 Registration of transfers

- (a) A transfer document must be left for registration at the registered office of the Company or at the address where the register is kept on which the shares to which such transfer relates are registered (or such other place as the Directors may determine) together with the certificate (if any) for the shares to which it relates and such other information as the Directors properly require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer.
- (b) Subject to this Constitution, on compliance with Rule 4.2(a) the Directors must register the transferee as a member.
- (c) The Directors may decline to register a transfer of shares which are not CHESS Approved securities if the Listing Rules provide or would require that registration of the transfer may or should be refused.
- (d) In relation to securities of the Company which are CHESS Approved:
 - (i) subject to Rules 4.2(d)(ii) to 4.2(d)(iv), the Company must not prevent, delay or in any way interfere with the registration of a proper ASX Settlement Operating Rules transfer;
 - (ii) the Company may require a holding lock to be applied to specified CHESS Approved securities where permitted to do so by the Listing Rules;
 - (iii) the Company may refuse to register a transfer where permitted to do so by the Listing Rules and must refuse to register a transfer if required to do so by the Listing Rules; and
 - (iv) the Company may refuse to register a transfer where the transfer is not in registrable form.
- (e) If the Company refuses to register any transfer of shares, it must give to the transferee and to the stockbroker (if any) by whom the transfer was lodged for registration, written notice within

5 Business Days after the transfer was lodged with the Company, stating that the Company has so refused and the reasons for the refusal.

4.3 Suspension of transfers

Subject to the ASX Settlement Operating Rules, the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Directors from time to time decide provided that such suspension does not exceed in aggregate 30 days in any calendar year.

4.4 Transmission of Shares

- (a) In the case of the death of a member, the survivor or survivors, where the deceased was a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the deceased, where he was a sole holder, are the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares.
- (b) This Rule does not release the estate of a deceased holder from any liability in respect of a share that had been held by him solely or jointly with other persons.
- (c) Subject to the Bankruptcy Act 1966, a person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may, on the production of such information as is properly required by the Directors, elect either to be registered as holder of the share or to have some other nominated person registered as the transferee of the share.
- (d) If a person becoming entitled elects to be registered himself, he must deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects. If he elects to have another person registered, he must execute a transfer of the share to that other person.
- (e) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of this Constitution relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfer of shares are applicable to any such notice or transfer as if the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.
- (f) Where the registered holder of a share dies or becomes bankrupt, his legal personal representative or the trustee of his estate, as the case may be, on the production of such information as is properly required by the Directors is entitled to the same dividends, entitlements and other advantages and to the same rights (whether in relation to meetings of the Company or to voting or otherwise) as the registered holder would have been entitled to if he had not died or become bankrupt.
- (g) Where 2 or more persons are jointly entitled to any share in consequence of the death of the registered holder, for the purpose of this Constitution they are taken to be joint holders of the share.

Part 5 - General Meetings

5.1 Convening of General Meetings

- (a) A general meeting may be convened by:
 - (i) a Director;
 - (ii) the Directors by resolution of the board; or
 - (iii) members of the Company in accordance with Sections 249F and 249G of the Act.
- (b) A general meeting must be convened by the Directors in accordance with Section 249D of the Act.
- (c) The Directors may, by notice to the Exchange, postpone, cancel or change the venue for a general meeting, but a general meeting convened under Section 249D of the Act may not be

postponed beyond the date by which Section 249D requires it to be held and may not be cancelled without the consent of the member or members who requested it.

- (d) Subject to the Act, Listing Rules and any applicable law:
 - (i) a general meeting may be held at one or more venues using any technology that gives the members as a whole a reasonable opportunity to participate;
 - (ii) a general meeting may be hybrid (virtual and in-person), held at one or more venues using any technology that gives the members as a whole a reasonable opportunity to participate; or
 - (iii) a general meeting may be held virtually only, using any technology that gives the members as a whole a reasonable opportunity to participate.
- (e) If, before or during a general meeting, any technical difficulty occurs, such that the members as a whole do not have a reasonable opportunity to participate, the chairperson of a general meeting may:
 - (i) adjourn the general meeting until the technical difficulty is remedied; or
 - (ii) where a quorum remains present (either at the place at which the chairperson is present or by technology contemplated by Rule 5.1(d)) and able to participate, subject to the Act, continue the general meeting (in which case no member may object to the general meeting being held or continuing).

5.2 Notice of General Meetings

- (a) Subject to this Constitution and to the rights or restrictions attached to any shares or class of shares, notice of a general meeting must be given within the time limits prescribed by the Act and in the manner authorised by Rule 9.1 to each person who is at the date of the notice:
 - (i) a member;
 - (ii) entitled under this Constitution either to be registered as the holder, or to the transfer, of any shares who has satisfied the Directors of that person's right to be registered as the holder of, or the transferee of, the shares;
 - (iii) a Director; or
 - (iv) an auditor of the Company,

and, while the Company is a Listed Company, notice must be given to the Exchange within the time limits prescribed by the Listing Rules.

- (b) All notices convening general meetings must specify the place, or places, date and hour of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting and any other matters required by the Act.
- The non-receipt of a notice convening a general meeting by or the accidental omission to give such notice to any person entitled to receive such notice does not invalidate the proceedings at or any resolution (ordinary, special or otherwise) passed at any such meeting.
- (d) A person's attendance at a general meeting:
 - waives any objection that person may have to a failure to give notice, or the giving of a defective notice, of the meeting unless the person at the beginning of the meeting objects to the holding of the meeting; and

(ii) waives any objection that person may have to the consideration of a particular matter at the meeting which is not within the business referred to in the notice of the meeting, unless the person objects to considering the matter when it is presented.

5.3 Admission to General Meetings

The chairperson of a general meeting may refuse admission to or require to leave and remain out of the general meeting, any person:

- (a) in possession of a pictorial-recording or sound-recording device;
- (b) in possession of a placard or banner;
- (c) in possession of an article considered by the chairperson of the meeting to be dangerous, offensive or liable to cause disruption;
- (d) who refuses to produce or to permit examination of any article, or the contents of any article, in the person's possession;
- (e) who behaves or threatens to behave in a dangerous, offensive or disruptive manner; or
- (f) who is not a member, Director or auditor of the Company,

or any other person at the absolute discretion of the chairperson of the meeting.

5.4 Quorum

- (a) No business may be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, the lesser (by number) of:
 - (i) 3 members present in person; of
 - (ii) members present in person representing at least 10% of the voting shares,

constitutes a quorum.

- (b) If a quorum is not present within 30 minutes from the time appointed for the meeting:
 - (i) where the meeting was convened on the requisition of members, the meeting must be dissolved; or
 - (ii) in any other case:
 - (A) the meeting stands adjourned to such day and at such time and place as the Directors determine or, if no determination is made by the Directors, to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and
 - (B) if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within 30 minutes from the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting must be dissolved.

5.5 Chairperson of General Meetings

- (a) If the Directors have elected 1 of their number as chairperson of their meetings, he or, in his absence, the deputy chairperson must preside as chairperson at every general meeting.
- (b) Where a general meeting is held and:
 - (i) a chairperson has not been elected as provided by Rule 5.5(a); or
 - (ii) the chairperson is not present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or is unwilling to act,

the Directors present may choose 1 of their number or, in the absence of all Directors or if the Directors present are unwilling so to act, the members present in person must elect 1 of their number to be chairperson of the meeting.

5.6 Adjournments

- (a) The chairperson may with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present and may if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business may be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place and new business of which notice is given in accordance with Rule 5.2.
- (b) When a meeting is adjourned for 30 days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting must be given as in the case of an original meeting.
- (c) Except as provided by Rule 5.6(b), it is not necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

5.7 Voting at General Meetings

- (a) Except in the case of any resolution which as a matter of law requires a special majority, questions arising at a general meeting must be decided by a majority of votes cast by the members present in person at the meeting and any such decision is for all purposes a decision of the members.
- (b) At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded:
 - (i) by the chairperson;
 - (ii) by at least 3 members present in person and having the right to vote on the resolution; or
 - (iii) by members present in person and representing not less than 5% of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote on the resolution on a poll.
- (c) Unless a poll is so demanded, a declaration by the chairperson that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously or by a particular majority or lost and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company, is conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.
- (d) A demand for a poll may be withdrawn.
- (e) If a poll is properly demanded, it must be taken in such manner and either at once or after an interval or adjournment or otherwise as the chairperson directs and the result of the poll is the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
- A poll may not be demanded on the election of a chairperson or on a question of adjournment.
- (g) The demand of a poll does not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business, other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.
- (h) In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairperson of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded, has a casting vote except that where the chairperson is also a member of the Company he does not have a casting vote in addition to his deliberative vote.

(i) If a poll has been taken the chairperson of the meeting may close the meeting, provided that the results of any such poll must be declared by announcement to the Exchange within 2 Business Days of closure of the meeting.

5.8 Representation and Voting of Members

Subject to this Constitution (other than Rule 5.10) and any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class of shares:

- (a) at meetings of members or classes of members each member entitled to attend and vote may attend and vote in person or by proxy, representative or attorney or by other appointee envisaged in Rule 4.4 or 5.8(f);
- (b) on a show of hands, every member present in person (whether or not in 1 or more capacities) has 1 vote:
- (c) where a person present at a general meeting represents personally or by proxy, attorney or representative more than 1 member on a show of hands:
 - (i) the person is entitled to 1 vote only despite the number of members the person represents;
 - that vote will be taken as having been cast for all the members the person represents;
 - (iii) for a person who has been appointed as a proxy under 2 or more instruments that specify different ways to vote on a resolution, the person may not vote as a proxy on a show of hands, however, if the person is a member, the person may vote on a show of hands without regard to the proxy the person holds;
- (d) on a poll, every member present in person has the following voting rights:
 - (i) in the case of fully paid shares, 1 vote for each share held by the member; and
 - (ii) in the case of partly paid shares, for each share, a fraction of a vote equivalent to the proportion which the amount paid up bears to the total issue price for the share;
- (e) in the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, representative or attorney, may be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders and, for this purpose, seniority of joint holders will be decided by the order in which the names stand in the register;
- (f) if a member is of unsound mind or is a person whose person or estate is liable to be dealt with in any way under the law relating to mental health or is a minor, his committee or trustee or such other person as properly has the management or guardianship of his estate may exercise any rights of the member in relation to a general meeting as if the committee, trustee or other person were the member;
- (g) a member is not entitled to vote at a general meeting in respect of a share in the Company held by him unless all calls and other sums presently payable by him in respect of that share in the Company have been paid; and
- (h) an objection may be raised to the qualification of a voter only at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered. Any such objection must be referred to the chairperson of the meeting, whose decision is final. A vote not disallowed pursuant to such an objection is valid for all purposes.

5.9 Direct Voting

(a) The Directors may determine that, for any general meeting or class meeting, a member who is entitled to attend and vote at that meeting may submit a direct vote.

- (b) The Directors may determine the members rights attaching to a "direct vote" for the purposes of any general meeting or class meeting.
- (c) A "direct vote" includes a vote delivered to the Company by post, fax or any other electronic means approved by the Directors.
- (d) The Directors may specify the form, method and timing of giving a "direct vote" in respect of any general meeting or class meeting, and any other requirements, in order for a direct vote to be valid at that meeting.

5.10 Proxies

- (a) A member who is entitled to attend and vote at a general meeting may appoint not more than 2 proxies, neither of whom need be a member.
- (b) An instrument appointing a proxy must be in writing under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointor is a corporation, either under seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised, or otherwise authenticated by the member making the appointment and contains the information required by Section 250A(1) of the Act.
- (c) For the purpose of Rule 5.10(b), an appointment received at an electronic address, including internet-based voting, will be taken to be signed or authenticated by the member if:
 - (i) a personal identification code allocated by the Company to the member has been input into the appointment; or
 - (ii) the appointment has been verified in another manner approved by the Directors or otherwise as permitted under the *Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth)*.
- (d) An instrument appointing a proxy may specify the manner in which the proxy is to vote in respect of a particular resolution and, where an instrument of proxy does:
 - (i) the proxy need not vote on a show of hands, but if the proxy does so, the proxy must vote that way;
 - (ii) if the proxy has 2 or more appointments that specify different ways to vote on the resolution the proxy must vote on a show of hands;
 - (iii) if the proxy is the chairperson the proxy must vote on a poll and must vote that way; and
 - (iv) if the proxy is not the chairperson the proxy need not vote on a poll, but if the proxy does so, the proxy must vote that way.
- (e) An instrument appointing a proxy confers authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.
- (f) An instrument appointing a proxy must be in the form which accompanies the relevant notice of meeting or in such other form as the Directors accept.
- (g) Notwithstanding Rule 5.8(e), where an instrument of proxy is signed by all of the joint holders of any shares, the votes of the proxy so appointed must be accepted in respect of those shares to the exclusion of any votes tendered by a proxy for any 1 of those joint holders.
- (h) An instrument appointing a proxy is not valid unless the instrument and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which the instrument is signed or a copy of that power or authority is or are deposited, not less than 48 hours (or such lesser period as the Directors may permit) before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote and, in the case of a poll, not less than 48 hours (or such lesser period as the Directors may permit) before the time appointed for the taking of the poll:

- (i) at such place within Australia as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the relevant meeting or a facsimile number or electronic address, including internet-based voting, specified for the purpose in the notice of meeting;
- (ii) at the Company's registered office; or
- (iii) a facsimile number at the Company's registered office.

For the purposes of this Rule, any document a facsimile of which is received upon a telephonic facsimile machine installed at a place is deemed to be deposited in accordance with this Rule and is taken to be received at that place at the time when the facsimile is properly received on the machine.

For the purposes of this Rule, any document received at an electronic address, including internet-based voting, as specified for that purpose in the notice convening the relevant meeting, is deemed to be deposited in accordance with this Rule and is taken to be received at that place at the time when the document given by those means is received by the Company.

- (i) A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy or of a power of attorney or other relevant instrument of appointment is valid notwithstanding the previous death or unsoundness of mind of the principal, the revocation of the instrument (or of the authority under which the instrument was executed) or of the power or the transfer of the share in respect of which the instrument or power is given, if no intimation in writing of the death, unsoundness of mind, revocation or transfer has been received by the Company at a place referred to in Rule 5.10(h) before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the instrument is used or the power is exercised.
- (j) No instrument appointing a proxy is invalid merely because it does not contain the address of the appointor or of a proxy or is not dated or does not contain in relation to any or all resolutions an indication of the manner in which the proxy is to vote and, in any case where the instrument does not contain the name of a proxy, the instrument is not for that reason invalid and is taken to be given in favour of the chairperson of the meeting.

5.11 Rights of Officers and Advisers to Attend General Meeting

- (a) A Director who is not a member, is entitled to be present and to speak at any general meeting.
- (b) A Secretary who is not a member is entitled to be present and to speak at any general meeting.
- (c) The auditor of the Company from time to time and any assistant of the auditor who is not a member, is entitled to be present and to speak at any general meeting on any part of the meeting's business that concerns the auditor in the capacity as auditor of the Company.
- (d) Any professional adviser of the Company (including, without limitation, a solicitor, or financial adviser), at the request of any Director, is entitled to be present and, at the request of the chairperson, to speak at any general meeting. However, subject to the Act and this Constitution, the Company is not obliged to send a notice of meeting to any such professional adviser.

Part 6 - Directors and Officers

6.1 Number of Directors

- (a) Subject to Rule 6.1(c), the number of Directors (excluding Alternate Directors) will be the number determined by the Directors from time to time and must not be less than 3 nor more than 10.
- (b) The Directors must not determine a maximum which is less than the number of Directors in office at that time.

(c) Subject to the Act, the Company may, by resolution increase the minimum number of Directors or increase or reduce the maximum number of Directors.

6.2 Appointment of Directors

- (a) The Company may from time to time by resolution:
 - (i) remove any Director from office; or
 - (ii) appoint an additional Director or additional Directors.
- (b) The Directors may at any time appoint any person to be a Director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Directors, but so that the total number of Directors does not at any time exceed the maximum number determined in accordance with this Constitution. Any Director so appointed holds office only until the end of the next following general meeting and is eligible for re-election at that meeting.
- (c) No share qualification is required by a Director.

6.3 Procedure for Appointment of Directors at General Meetings

A person may only be elected as a Director at a general meeting if that person is eligible to be a Director under Rule 6.4 and if:

- (a) he is a Director retiring from office under Rule 6.2(b) or Rule 6.7 and is standing for reelection at that meeting;
- (b) he has been nominated by a majority of the Directors for election at that meeting;
- (c) where the person is a member, the member has, at least 40 Business Days before the meeting, given to the Company a notice signed by the member stating his consent to be a candidate for election at that meeting; or
- (d) where the person is not a member, a member intending to nominate him or her for election at that meeting has, at least 40 Business Days before the meeting, given to the Company a notice signed by the member stating the member's intention to nominate the person for election, together with a notice signed by the person and stating his consent to be a candidate for election at that meeting.

6.4 Qualification of Directors

A person is not eligible to be a Director if the person:

- (a) is a minor;
- (b) is an undischarged bankrupt, has applied in the last 5 years to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, in the last 5 years has compounded with his or her creditors, or in the last 5 years has made an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit;
- is prohibited from being a director or officer of a body corporate by the Act or any other law for a reason other than the person's age;
- (d) has been convicted in the last 10 years:
 - (i) of any indictable offence;
 - (ii) of any offence involving fraud or dishonesty; or
 - (iii) of any offence in relation to the promotion, formation or management of a body corporate;

- (e) has not provided a declaration in such form as the Board may reasonably require:
 - (i) as to the person's eligibility for appointment or election as a Director under Rules 6.4(a) to 6.4(d);
 - (ii) as to whether the person has any interest in a contract or a proposed contact with the Company, or holds an office or has an interest in property, whereby, whether directly or indirectly, duties or interests may be created that could conflict with a Director's duties; and
 - (iii) as to all necessary particulars relating to the person for inclusion in the register of Directors kept by the Company.

6.5 Remuneration

- (a) Subject to Rule 6.12(c), the Directors (other than any Managing Director or Director who is a salaried officer) may be paid such remuneration determined from time to time by the Company in general meeting.
- (b) That remuneration accrues from day to day.
- (c) The remuneration payable by the Company to the Directors under Rule 6.5(a) may not be increased without the prior approval of the Company in general meeting. The notice convening the meeting must include the amount of the proposed increase and the maximum sum that may be paid.
- (d) The fixed sum so determined by the Company in respect of a particular financial year must be divided among the Directors (other than any Managing Director or Director who is a salaried officer) in the proportions they agree and, in default of agreement, equally among the Directors (other than any Managing Director or Director who is a salaried officer).
- (e) The Directors may also be paid all travelling and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the Directors or any committee of the Directors or general meetings of the Company or otherwise in connection with the business or affairs of the Company or its subsidiaries.
- (f) If any Director with the concurrence of the Directors performs extra services or makes any special exertions for the benefit of the Company, the Directors may cause that Director to be paid out of the property of the Company such special and additional remuneration (not including a commission on or percentage of profits or operating revenue or turnover) as the Directors think fit having regard to the value to the Company of the extra services or special exertions.
- (g) A Director may hold any other office or place of profit (other than auditor) in or of the Company in conjunction with his Directorship and may be appointed to that office on such terms as to remuneration, tenure of office and otherwise as may be agreed by the Directors.
- (h) Subject to Rule 6.19(d), a Director must not be paid a commission on or percentage of profits or operating revenue.
- The Directors may pay to a Director or a former Director a retiring allowance as consideration for or in connection with his retirement provided:
 - (i) that Director is or that former Director was, at the date of retirement, a non-executive Director; and
 - (ii) the payment is permitted by applicable law.
- (j) The Directors may, on the death of a non-executive Director, pay to the legal personal representative of that deceased Director an amount up to, but not exceeding, the amount permitted by applicable law.

6.6 Superannuation Contribution

If required by law, the Company may make contributions to a fund for the purpose of making provision for or obtaining superannuation benefits for a Director.

6.7 Retirement at each annual general meeting

- (a) The following Rule 6.7 applies only while the Company is a Listed Company:
- (b) Subject to Rule 6.19(c), at every annual general meeting after the general meeting at which this Constitution was adopted by the Company, 1/3 of the Directors or, if their number is not a multiple of 3, then, subject to the Listing Rules, the number nearest to 1/3 (rounded up to the nearest whole number), must retire from office and be eligible for re-election.
- (c) The Directors to retire in every year are the Directors longest in office since last being elected or re-elected. Between Directors who were elected on the same day, the Director to retire, if they cannot otherwise agree, must be determined by lot. A retiring Director is eligible for re-election without needing to give any prior notice of his intention to submit himself for re-election and acts as Director throughout the meeting at which he retires. A Director appointed and vacating office under Rule 6.2(b) must not be taken into account in determining either the number or identity of the Directors to retire by rotation.
- (d) Notwithstanding Rule 6.4(b) and subject to Rule 6.19(c), a Director must not hold office without re-election past the third annual general meeting following the Director's appointment, or three years, whichever is the longer.

6.8 Vacation of office

The office of a Director becomes vacant:

- (a) in the circumstances prescribed by the Act
- (b) by virtue of this Constitution:
 - (i) if the Director becomes of unsound mind or a person whose person or estate is liable to be dealt with in any way under the law relating to mental health;
 - (ii) if the Director resigns his office by notice in writing to the Company; or
 - (iii) if the Director is absent from all meetings of the Directors held during a period of 3 months without the consent of the Directors.

6.9 Powers of Directors

- (a) Subject to the Act and this Constitution, the business of the Company must be managed by the Directors who may pay all expenses incurred in promoting and forming the Company and may exercise all powers of the Company as are not, by the Act, the Listing Rules or this Constitution, required to be exercised by the Company in general meeting.
- (b) Without limiting the generality of Rule 6.9(a), the Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money, to charge any property or business of the Company or all or any of its uncalled capital and to issue debentures or give any other security for a debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any other person.
- (c) The Directors may, by power of attorney, appoint any person or persons to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes, with such powers, authorities and discretions (being powers, authorities and discretions vested in or exercisable by the Directors), for such period and subject to such conditions as they think fit.
- (d) Any power of attorney granted under Rule 6.9(c) may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with the attorney as the Directors think fit and

- may also authorise the attorney to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.
- (e) All cheques, promissory notes, bankers drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments must be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, by such persons and in such manner as the Directors decide and, unless so decided, by any 2 Directors.

6.10 Proceedings of Directors

- (a) The Directors may meet together either in person or otherwise for the dispatch of business and adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit.
- (b) A Director may at any time and, on the request of a Director, a Secretary must convene a meeting of the Directors.
- (c) Reasonable notice must be given to every Director at his place of residence or business of the place, date and hour of every meeting of the Directors but, where any Director is for the time being outside of Australia, notice may be given to any Alternate Director in Australia whose appointment by him is for the time being in force. Such notice may be given orally.
- (d) Where, through a link established by means of any system of telephone, audio, audio-visual, or any electronic communication approved by the Directors and made known to each Director for the purpose of any meeting of the Directors, 1 or more of the Directors absent from the place appointed for the meeting can hear and be heard by not only one another (if more than 1), but also the Directors in attendance at that place for the purpose of being present at the meeting, such of those absent Directors and the Directors so in attendance as are able to hear and be heard by one another, for the purpose of every provision of this Constitution concerning meetings of the Directors, is taken to be assembled together at a meeting held at that place and all proceedings of those Directors conducted with the aid of the link is as valid and effectual as if conducted at a meeting at which all of them were present.
- (e) Subject to this Constitution, questions arising at a meeting of Directors must be decided by a majority of votes of Directors present and voting and any such decision is taken to be a decision of the Directors.
- (f) Subject to Rule 6.10(g), in the case of an equality of votes, the chairperson of the meeting has a casting vote in addition to his deliberative vote.
- (g) The chairperson of a meeting does not have a casting vote either where 2 Directors form a quorum and only 2 Directors are present at the relevant meeting or where only 2 Directors are competent to vote on the question at issue.

6.11 Quorum at Directors meetings

- (a) At a meeting of Directors, the number of Directors whose presence is necessary to constitute a quorum is the number determined by the Directors and, unless so determined, is 2. For the purpose of determining the quorum only, a Director will be considered to be present at a meeting despite a temporary absence due to the Director leaving the room or experiencing a technical disruption.
- (b) Notwithstanding any interest on his part a Director must be counted in a quorum.

6.12 Chairperson of meetings

- (a) The Directors may elect 1 of their number as chairperson of their meetings and may decide the period for which he is to hold such office.
- (b) Where a meeting is held and:
 - (i) a chairperson has not been elected as provided by Rule 6.12(a); or

- (ii) the chairperson is not present within 10 minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or is unwilling to act, the Directors present may elect 1 of their number to be the chairperson of the meeting.
- (c) The remuneration of the chairperson may be determined by the Directors.

6.13 Disclosure of interests

- (a) A Director is not disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company in any capacity whatsoever.
- (b) A contract or arrangement made by the Company with a Director or in which a Director is in any way, directly or indirectly, interested is not avoided merely because the Director is a party to or interested in it.
- (c) Provided that a Director has duly declared in accordance with the Act the nature of his interest in any contract or arrangement of the kind mentioned in Rule 6.13(b), the Director, subject to the Act:
 - (i) may vote as a Director at any meeting of the Directors in respect of that contract or arrangement;
 - (ii) is not, merely because of his office as Director or the fiduciary relationship it entails, liable to account to the Company for any profit derived by him from the contract or arrangement.
- (d) So long as the provisions of this Rule have been observed by any Director with regard to any contract or arrangement in which the Director is in any way interested, the fact that the Director signed the document evidencing the contract or arrangement does not in any way affect the validity of it.
- (e) For the purposes of this Rule, whether a Director is in any way, directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or proposed contract must be determined in the same manner in all respects as if that question had arisen under the provisions of the Act relating to the declaration by Directors of their interests in contracts.
- (f) A Director may hold any office of employment or profit in the Company (other than auditor) in addition to holding office as a Director.

6.14 Alternate Directors

- (a) A Director may appoint a person (whether a member of the Company or not) to be an Alternate Director in his place during any period that he thinks fit.
- (b) An Alternate Director is entitled to notice of meetings of the Directors and, if the appointor is not present at a meeting, is entitled to attend and vote in his stead.
- (c) An Alternate Director may exercise any powers that the appointor may exercise and the exercise of any power by the Alternate Director (including, without limitation, executing a document) is taken to be the exercise of the power by the appointor. Where the Alternate Director is another Director, that Director is entitled to cast a deliberative vote on his own account and on account of each person by whom he has been appointed as an Alternate Director.
- (d) The appointment of an Alternate Director may be terminated at any time by the appointor notwithstanding that the period of the appointment of the Alternate Director has not expired and terminates in any event if the appointor vacates office as a Director.
- (e) An appointment or the termination of an appointment of an Alternate Director must be effected (in the case of an appointment, subject to Rule 6.14(a)) by service on the Company of a notice in writing signed by the Director who makes or made the appointment.

(f) Except with the approval of the Directors, but subject to Rule 6.5, an Alternate Director is not entitled to any remuneration from the Company in respect of holding that position.

6.15 Vacancies

In the event of a vacancy or vacancies in the office of a Director, the remaining Directors may act but, notwithstanding Rule 6.11, if the number of remaining Directors is not sufficient to constitute a quorum at a meeting of Directors, they or, if 1 only, he may act only for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to the minimum number sufficient both to comply with Rule 6.1(a) and to constitute such a quorum or for the purpose of convening a general meeting of the Company.

6.16 Delegations to committees

- (a) The Directors may delegate any of their powers to a committee or committees consisting of such of their number as they think fit and may authorise the delegate to sub-delegate all or any of the powers so delegated.
- (b) A committee to which any powers have been so delegated may exercise the powers delegated in accordance with any directions of the Directors and a power so exercised is taken to have been exercised by the Directors.
- (c) The members of such a committee may elect 1 of their number as chairperson of their meetings.
- (d) Where a meeting is held and:
 - (i) a chairperson has not been elected as provided by Rule 6.16(c); or
 - (ii) the chairperson is not present within 10 minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or is unwilling to act,

the members present may elect 1 of their number to be chairperson of the meeting.

- (e) A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit.
- (f) Questions arising at a meeting of a committee must be determined by a majority of votes of the members present and voting.
- (g) The chairperson of any committee does not have a casting vote in addition to his deliberative vote.
- (h) Minutes of all the proceedings and determinations of every committee must be made, entered and signed in the same manner in all respects as minutes of proceedings of the Directors are required by the Act to be made, entered and signed.
- (i) Where a committee consists of 1 Director only, a document signed by him and recording a determination of that committee is as valid and effectual as a determination made under Rule 6.16(f) at a meeting of that committee and that document constitutes, for the purposes of Rule 6.16(h), a minute of that determination.

6.17 Circular resolutions

- (a) If a document containing a statement to the effect that the signatories to it are in favour of a resolution in the terms set out or otherwise identified in the document has been signed by all the Directors (excluding each Director, if any, who would not be entitled to vote on that resolution at a meeting of the Directors), a resolution in those terms is taken to have been passed at a meeting of the Directors held on the day on which and at the time at which the document was last signed by a Director.
- (b) For the purposes of Rule 6.17(a):

- (i) 2 or more separate documents containing statements in identical terms each of which is signed by 1 or more Directors together constitute 1 document containing a statement in those terms signed by those Directors on the respective days on which they signed the separate documents;
- (ii) a reference to all the Directors does not include a reference to an Alternate Director whose appointor has signed the document, but an Alternate Director may sign the document in the place of his appointor; and
- (iii) a telex, telegram, facsimile, e-mail message, electronic transmission or communication delivered by any other form of electronic means which is received by the Company and which is expressed to have been sent for or on behalf of a Director or Alternate Director is taken to be signed by that Director or Alternate Director at the time of receipt of the telex, telegram, facsimile, e-mail message, electronic transmission or communication delivered by any other form of electronic means by the Company.

6.18 Defects in appointments

Notwithstanding that it is afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of a person to be a Director or a member of a committee or to act as a Director or that a person so appointed was disqualified, all acts done by any meeting of the Directors or of a committee of Directors or by any person acting as a Director are as valid as if the person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director or to be a member of the committee.

6.19 Managing Director

- (a) The Directors may from time to time appoint 1 or 2 of their number to the office of Managing Directors for such period and on such terms as they think fit and, subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in a particular case, may revoke any such appointments.
- (b) A Managing Director's appointment automatically terminates if he ceases for any reason to be a Director.
- (c) The provisions of Rule 6.7 do not apply to a Managing Director. If there are two Managing Directors appointed in accordance with Rule 6.19(a), only one of the Managing Directors will be exempt from the provisions of Rule 6.7, with the Directors to determine by resolution which Managing Director is exempt. If the Directors can not make such a determination, the two Managing Directors shall draw lots to determine which Managing Director is exempt from the provisions of Rule 6.7.
- (d) Subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in a particular case, a Managing Director may receive such remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission or participation in profits or partly in 1 way and partly in another) as the Directors decide.
- (e) The Directors may confer upon a Managing Director any of the powers exercisable by them on such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think fit.
- (f) Subject to Rule 6.19(g), any powers conferred may be concurrent with the powers of the Directors.
- (g) The Directors may at any time withdraw or vary any of the powers conferred on a Managing Director.

6.20 Secretary

- (a) A Secretary holds office on such terms and conditions, as to remuneration and otherwise, as the Directors determine.
- (b) The Directors may at any time terminate the appointment of a Secretary.

6.21 Other officers

- (a) The Directors may from time to time create any other position in the Company (including, without limitation, the offices of Chief Executive and Deputy Chief Executive) with such powers and responsibilities as the Directors may from time to time confer and the Directors may appoint any person, whether or not a Director, to any such position or positions.
- (b) The Directors may at any time terminate the appointment of a person holding such a position and may abolish the position.

6.22 Associate Directors

- (a) The Directors may from time to time appoint any person to be an associate Director and may from time to time terminate any such appointment.
- (b) The Directors may from time to time determine the powers, duties and remuneration of any person so appointed.
- (c) A person so appointed does not have, except by the invitation and with the consent of the Directors, any right to attend or vote at any meeting of Directors.

Part 7 – Execution and Inspection of Documents

7.1 Execution of documents

The Company may execute a document (including, without limitation, a deed) if the document is signed by:

- (a) 2 Directors;
- (b) a Director and a Secretary;
- (c) an authorised representative as approved by resolution of Directors;
- (d) an attorney duly appointed by the Company in accordance with this Constitution; or
- (e) any other method permitted by law.

7.2 Copy of documents executed

The Company must keep a copy of documents it executes in accordance with Section 127 of the Act.

7.3 Signing of certificates

The Directors may determine either generally or in a particular case that the signature of any Director or Secretary is to be affixed to any certificate for securities in the Company by some mechanical or other means.

7.4 Inspection of records

- (a) The Directors may decide whether and to what extent, at what time and places and under what conditions, the accounting records and other documents of the Company or any of them will be open to the inspection of members (other than those who are Directors).
- (b) A member other than a Director does not have the right to inspect any document of the Company except as provided by law or if authorised by the Directors or by the Company in general meeting.

Part 8 - Distributions

8.1 Powers to declare and pay dividends

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Constitution, the Directors can determine, declare or procure the payment of a dividend as and when permitted by the Act.
- (b) Without limiting Rule 8.1(a), the Directors may by resolution do one or more of the following:
 - (i) determine that a dividend is payable;
 - (ii) declare a dividend;
 - (iii) fix the amount, time and method of payment; and
 - (iv) subject to the Listing Rules, fix a record date in respect of a dividend.
- (c) If the Directors determine that a dividend is payable under Rule 8.1(a), the Directors may, subject to the Listing Rules, resolve to amend or revoke the determination to pay the dividend at any time before the record date fixed in respect of that dividend.
- (d) Subject to the Act, the Directors may procure that the Company pay to members such interim dividends as and when permitted under the Act.
- (e) Subject to Rule 8.1(f), no dividend bears interest against the Company.
- (f) Where any shares in the Company are issued for the purposes of raising money to defray the expenses of the construction of any works or buildings or the provision of any plant that cannot be made profitable for a long period, the Company may, at the discretion of the Directors but subject to the Act, pay interest on so much of that share capital as is for the time being paid up and charge the interest so paid to capital as part of the construction or provision.
- (g) A transfer of shares does not pass the right to any dividend declared on the shares unless the transfer is registered or left with the Company for registration in accordance with this Constitution on or before:
 - (i) where the Directors have fixed a record date in respect of that dividend, that date; or
 - (ii) where the Directors have not fixed a record date in respect of that dividend, the date the dividend was declared.
- (h) The Directors may deduct from any dividend payable to a member all sums of money (if any) presently payable by the member to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to shares in the Company.
- (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Constitution, during a breach of the Listing Rules relating to shares which are Restricted Securities or a breach of a restriction agreement, the holder of the relevant securities is not entitled to any dividend in respect of those securities.

8.2 Differential dividends

- (a) Subject to Rule 8.1(a), except where the resolution for the payment of the dividend otherwise directs, every dividend must:
 - be paid in respect of all shares (if the resolution for the payment of the dividend otherwise directs, it must be paid in respect of some shares to the exclusion of others);
 - (ii) be paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect of which it is to be paid (if the resolution for the payment of the dividend otherwise

- directs, it must be paid at different rates or in different amounts upon the shares in respect of which it is to be paid); and
- (iii) be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect of which the dividend is to be paid during any part or parts of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid (unless a share is issued on terms providing that it will rank for dividend as from a particular date, in which case the share ranks for dividends from that date only).
- (b) An amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of a call must not be taken for the purposes of Rule 8.2(a) to be paid or credited as paid on the share.
- (c) Subject to Rules 8.1(a) and 8.2(a) and the Listing Rules, but otherwise in their absolute discretion, the Directors may from time to time resolve that dividends (to be paid by the Company in accordance with this Constitution) are to be paid out of a particular source or particular sources as permitted under the Act.
- (d) Where the Directors have resolved that a dividend is to be paid out of a particular source or sources, the Directors may, in their absolute discretion:
 - (i) allow each or any member of the Company to elect from which specified sources (profits or otherwise) that particular member's dividend may be paid by the Company; and
 - (ii) where such elections are permitted and any member fails to make such an election, the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, identify the particular source from which dividends will be payable.

8.3 Reserves

- (a) Subject to the Act, the Directors may, before declaring any dividend or at any other time, set aside such amounts as they think proper as reserves which at the discretion of the Directors, may be applied for any purpose to which those amounts may be properly applied.
- (b) Pending any such application, the reserves may, at the discretion of the Directors, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments as the Directors may from time to time think fit.
- (c) The Directors may, without placing these amounts to a reserve, carry forward any amounts which they may think prudent not to divide.

8.4 Distribution in specie

- (a) When declaring a dividend or resolving to make another distribution to members including, without limitation, a return of capital, the Directors may resolve that the dividend or distribution be paid wholly or partly by the distribution of specific assets, including, without limitation, fully paid shares or other securities of any other body corporate.
- (b) Where a dividend or distribution is to be paid wholly or partly by the distribution of shares or other securities of another body corporate:
 - (i) the members are deemed to have agreed to become members of that body corporate and to be bound by the constitution of that body corporate; and
 - (ii) each of the members appoints each Director as its agent to execute any transfer of shares or other securities, or any other document required to give effect to the distribution of shares or other securities to that member.
- (c) Where a difficulty arises in regard to such a distribution, the Directors may:
 - (i) settle the matter as they consider expedient;

- (ii) fix the value for distribution of the specific assets or any part of those assets;
- (iii) determine that cash payments will be made to any members on the basis of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties; and
- (iv) vest any such specific assets in trustees; or
- (v) as the Directors consider expedient.
- (d) If a distribution of specific assets to a member or group of members is illegal or, in the Directors' opinion, impracticable, the Directors may make a cash distribution to the relevant member or members equal to the cash value of the proposed distribution of specific assets.

8.5 Election to reinvest or forgo dividend

- (a) The Directors may from time to time, in respect of any dividend declared by the Directors, resolve that each member, to the extent his shares are fully paid, may have an option:
 - (i) to elect to have his dividend reinvested by subscription for fully paid shares; or
 - (ii) to elect to forgo his right to receive such dividend and to receive instead an issue of fully paid shares,

in each case, to the extent and within the limits and on such terms and conditions as the Directors may from time to time determine, but subject to this Rule 8.5.

- (b) The Directors may from time to time:
 - (i) establish 1 or more dividend reinvestment or share bonus plans whereby some or all members may elect 1 or more of the following for a period or periods as provided in the plan:
 - (A) that dividends to be paid in respect of some or all of the shares from time to time held by the member will be satisfied by the issue of fully paid shares of the same class:
 - (B) that dividends will not be declared or paid in respect of some or all of the shares from time to time held by the member, but that the member will receive an issue of fully paid shares of the same class as the shares so held in accordance with the plan; or
 - (C) if the plan allows for members to make elections under each paragraph (A) and paragraph (B), that paragraph (A) will apply to certain shares held by the member and paragraph (B) will apply to certain other shares held by the member;

upon or after establishment of any such plan, extend participation in it, in whole or in part, to some or all of the holders of debentures, notes, bonds or other debt obligations of the Company in respect of interest upon such debentures, notes, bonds or other debt obligations in like manner as if that interest were dividends; and

- (iii) vary, suspend or terminate any such plan.
- (c) If the Directors establish a plan under Rule 8.5(b), the plan will have effect in accordance with its terms and the Directors must do (and have authority under this Constitution to do) all things necessary and convenient for the purpose of implementing the plan, including, without limitation, the making of each necessary allotment of shares and of each necessary appropriation, capitalisation, application, payment and distribution of funds which may lawfully be appropriated, capitalised, applied, paid or distributed for the purpose of the allotment.

(d) For the purpose of giving effect to any such plan, appropriations, capitalisations, applications, payments and distributions may be made and the powers of the Directors pursuant to Rule 8.7 apply and may be exercised (with such adjustments as may be required) on the basis and notwithstanding that only some of the members or holders of shares of any class participate in the appropriation, capitalisation, application, payment or distribution.

8.6 Payment of distributions

- (a) Any dividend, interest or other money payable by the Company to the member may be paid:
 - (i) by cheque sent through the post, at the sole risk of the intended recipient, directed to:
 - (A) the address of the holder as shown in the register or, in the case of joint holders, to the address shown in the register as the address of the joint holder first named in that register; or
 - (B) to such other address as the holder or joint holders in writing directs or direct; or
 - (ii) by electronic funds transfer to an account with a bank or other financial institution nominated by the member and acceptable to the Directors; or
 - (iii) by any other means determined by the Directors.
- (b) Any 1 of 2 or more joint holders may give effectual receipts for any dividends, interest or other money payable in respect of the shares held by them as joint holders.

8.7 Capitalisation of profits

- (a) Subject to any rights and restrictions attaching to any shares or any class of shares and subject to the Act, the Directors may resolve to:
 - (i) capitalise any sum, being the whole or a part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any reserve account or profit or other account of the Company; and
 - (ii) apply that amount for the benefit of members who would have been entitled to participate had the capitalised amount been distributed by way of a dividend or return of capital in full satisfaction of their interest in the capitalised amount in the proportions to which those members would have been entitled in a distribution of that sum by way of dividend or return on capital, unless the Directors determine in a particular case that the capitalisation should not be pro rata.
- (b) The Directors may resolve to apply a capitalised amount pursuant to Rule 8.7(a) in any or all of the following ways:
 - in paying up any amounts unpaid on securities already on issue to the member; or
 - (ii) in paying up in full unissued securities to be issued to members fully paid; or
 - (iii) partly in the way described in Rule 8.7(b)(i) and partly in the way described in Rule 8.7(b)(ii).

8.8 Ancillary powers

For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution for the satisfaction of a dividend by the distribution of specific assets or the capitalisation of any amount under this Constitution, the Directors may:

(a) settle as they think expedient any difficulty that may arise in making the distribution or capitalisation and, in particular, determine that amounts or fractions of less than a particular

value determined by the Directors may be disregarded in order to adjust the rights of all parties;

- (b) fix the value for distribution of any specific assets;
- (c) pay cash or issue debentures to any members in order to adjust the rights of all parties;
- (d) vest any such specific assets or cash or debentures in trustees on such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend or capitalised amount as may seem expedient to the Directors; and
- (e) authorise any person to make, on behalf of all the members entitled to any further shares or other securities as a result of the distribution or capitalisation, an agreement with the Company or another body corporate providing:
 - (i) for the issue to them of such further shares or other securities; or
 - (ii) for the payment by the Company on their behalf of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their shares by the application of their respective proportions of the sum resolved to be capitalised.

8.9 Unclaimed money

All dividends or other amounts payable to members which are unclaimed for 1 year after:

- (a) in the case of a dividend, the declaration date; and
- (b) in any other case, the time for payment has passed,
- (c) may be invested by the Directors as they think fit for the benefit of the Company until claimed or until required to be dealt with in accordance with any law relating to unclaimed money.

8.10 Bonus share plan

The Directors may:

- (a) implement a bonus share plan on such terms as they think fit under which participants may elect to forego the whole or any part of any dividend due to them on their shares and, in lieu of that dividend, be issued bonus shares in the Company; and
- (b) amend, suspend or terminate any bonus share plan so implemented.

Part 9 - Notices

9.1 Notices generally

- (a) A notice may be given by the Company to any member either by:
 - serving it on him personally; or
 - (ii) sending it by post or courier to him at his address as shown in the register or the address supplied by him to the Company for the giving of notices to him; or
 - (iii) sending a facsimile transmission to the facsimile number supplied by him to the Company for the giving of notices to him; or
 - (iv) sending an electronic notification to the electronic address supplied by him to the Company for the giving of notices to him or by any other electronic means nominated by him to the Company for the giving of notices;
 - (v) by advertisement in a newspaper circulating generally in the capital city of any 1 State or Territory in which is situated a register or branch register on which shares in his name are registered; or

- (vi) when it is a notice of meeting, by giving it in accordance with Section 249J(3) of the
- (b) Notice to a member whose address for notices is outside Australia must be sent by airmail, by facsimile or by other electronic notification or electronic means.
- (c) Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice is taken to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying and posting a letter containing the notice and to have been effected 1 day after the date of its posting.
- (d) Where a notice is sent by facsimile or electronic notification or by other electronic means, service of the notice is taken to be effected by properly addressing and sending the notice and to have been effected on the business day after it is sent.
- (e) Where a notice is given by newspaper advertisement, service of the notice is taken to be effected on the date of publication of the newspaper in the relevant capital city.
- (f) A notice may be given by the Company to the joint holders of a share by giving the notice to the joint holder first named in the register in respect of the share.
- (g) A notice may be given by the Company to a person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by serving it on him in accordance with Rules 9.1(a) and 9.1(b), and if those details have not been supplied, at the nominated address in accordance with Rules 9.1(a) and 9.1(b) to which the notice might have been sent if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.
- (h) Despite Rule 9.1(g), a notice sent in accordance with Rules 9.1(a) and 9.1(b) is deemed to have been served on the member notwithstanding that the member has died or has become bankrupt, whether or not the Company has notice of his death or bankruptcy.
- (i) Subject to the provisions of the Act relating to special and other resolutions, at least 28 days' notice of every general meeting must be given in the manner provided by this Rule 9.1 provided that, subject to the Act, a meeting may be called by shorter notice.

9.2 Notices to "lost" members

- (a) If:
 - (i) on 2 or more consecutive occasions a notice posted to a member is returned unclaimed or with an indication that the member is not known at the address to which it was sent; or
 - (ii) the Directors believe on other reasonable grounds that a member is not at the address shown in the Register,

the Company may give effective notice and future notices to that member by exhibiting the notice at the Company's registered office for a least 48 hours.

(b) This Rule ceases to apply if the member gives the Company notice of a new address.

9.3 Joint holders

A document may be given by the Company to the joint holders of a share by giving it to the joint holder first named in the register in respect of the share.

Part 10 - Winding Up

10.1 Winding up

(a) If the Company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution, divide among the members in kind the whole or any part of the property of the Company and may for that purpose set such value as he considers fair upon any property to be so divided

- and may determine how the division is to be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.
- (b) The liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution, vest the whole or any part of any such property in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator thinks fit, but so that no member is compelled to accept any shares or other securities in respect of which there is any liability.

Part 11 – Protection of Certain Officers

11.1 Indemnity

- (a) Every person who is or has been a Director or other officer of the Company is to be indemnified, to the maximum extent permitted by law, out of the property of the Company against any liabilities for costs and expenses incurred by the person in defending any proceedings (whether civil or criminal) relating to that person's position with the Company in which judgment is given in that person's favour or in which that person is acquitted or which are withdrawn before judgment, in connection with any administrative proceedings relating to that person's position with the Company except proceedings which give rise to proceedings (whether civil or criminal) against that person in which judgment is not given in that person's favour or in which that person is not acquitted or which arise out of conduct involving a lack of good faith or in connection with any application in relation to any proceedings (whether civil or criminal) relating to that person's position with the Company in which relief is granted to that person under the Act by the court.
- (b) Every person who is or has been a Director or other officer of the Company is to be indemnified, to the maximum extent permitted by law, out of the property of the Company against any liabilities to another person (other than the Company or its related bodies corporate) as such an officer unless the liabilities arise out of conduct involving a lack of good faith.
- (c) The Company may pay a premium for a contract insuring a person who is or has been a Director or officer of the Company or its related bodies corporate against:
 - (i) any liability incurred by that person as such a Director or officer which does not arise out of conduct involving a wilful breach of duty in relation to the Company or a contravention of Sections 182 to 184 of the Act; and
 - (ii) any liability for costs and expenses incurred by that person in defending proceedings (whether civil or criminal) relating to that person's position with the Company and whatever their outcome.
- (d) Amounts paid by the Company by way of indemnity or premium in accordance with this Rule 11.1 do not form part of the remuneration of the relevant Director or officer for the purposes of this Constitution (including, without limitation, Rule 6.5).
- (e) The indemnity in Rule 11.1 does not apply in respect of liability incurred by a person in his capacity as an employee of the Company.
- Subject to Rule 11.1 and the Act, if any Director or other officer of the Company becomes personally liable for the payment of any sum primarily due from the Company, the Directors may, notwithstanding the interest (if any) of the Director or any of them, execute or cause to be executed a mortgage, charge or security over or affecting the whole or any part of the assets or undertaking of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Director or other officer so becoming liable from any loss in respect of that liability.

Part 12 - Restricted Securities

12.1 Restricted securities

- (a) If the Company at any time has on issue share capital classified by the Exchange as restricted securities, the Company must refuse to acknowledge, deal with, accept or register any sale, assignment or transfer of those restricted securities which is or might be in breach of the Listing Rules or any escrow agreement entered into by the Company under the Listing Rules in relation to such restricted securities.
- (b) In the event of a breach of any escrow agreement entered into by the Company under the Listing Rules in relation to shares classified by the Listing Rules or by the Exchange as restricted securities, the member holding the shares in question, notwithstanding any right attached to such shares, ceases to be entitled to any dividends and to any voting rights in respect of those shares for so long as the breach subsists.

Part 13 - Small Holdings

13.1 Divestment Notice

If the Directors determine that a member is a Small Holder or a New Small Holder the Company may give the member a Divestment Notice to notify the member:

- (a) that the member is a Small Holder or a New Small Holder, the number of Shares making up and the Market Value of the Small Holding or New Small Holding and the date on which the Market Value was determined:
- (b) that the Company intends to sell the Relevant Shares in accordance with this rule after the end of the Relevant Period specified in the Divestment Notice;
- (c) if the member is a Small Holder, that the member may at any time before the end of the Relevant Period notify the Company in writing that the member desires to retain the Relevant Shares and that if the member does so the Company will not be entitled to sell the Relevant Shares under the Divestment Notice; and
- (d) after the end of the Relevant Period the Company may for the purpose of selling the Relevant Shares that are in a CHESS Holding initiate a Holding Adjustment to move those Shares from that CHESS Holding to an issuer sponsored or certificated holding.

If the ASX Settlement Operating Rules apply to the Relevant Shares, the Divestment Notice must comply with the ASX Settlement Operating Rules.

13.2 Relevant Period

For a Divestment Notice given to a Small Holder, the Relevant Period must be at least six weeks from the date the Divestment Notice was given. For a Divestment Notice given to a New Small Holder, the Relevant Period must be at least seven days from the date the Divestment Notice was given.

13.3 Company can sell Relevant Shares

At the end of the Relevant Period the Company is entitled to sell on-market or in any other way determined by the Directors:

- (a) the Relevant Shares of a member who is a Small Holder, unless that member has notified the Company in writing before the end of the Relevant Period that the member desires to retain the Relevant Shares, in which event the Company must not sell those Relevant Shares under the Divestment Notice; and
- (b) the Relevant Shares of a member who is a New Small Holder.

13.4 No obligation to sell

The Company is not bound to sell any Relevant Shares which it is entitled to sell under this Part 13 unless the Relevant Shares are sold within six weeks after the end of the Relevant Period the Company's right to sell the Relevant Shares under the Divestment Notice relating to those Shares lapses and it must notify the member to whom the Divestment Notice was given accordingly.

13.5 Company as member's attorney

To effect the sale and transfer by the Company of Relevant Shares of a member, the member appoints the Company and each Director and Secretary jointly and severally as the member's attorney in the member's name and on the member's behalf to do all acts and things which the Company considers necessary or appropriate to effect the sale or transfer of the Relevant Shares and, in particular:

- (a) to initiate a Holding Adjustment to move the Relevant Shares from a CHESS Holding to an issuer sponsored Holding or a certificated holding; and
- (b) to execute on behalf of the member all deeds instruments or other documents necessary to transfer the Relevant Shares and to deliver any such deeds, instruments or other documents to the purchaser.

13.6 Conclusive Evidence

A statement in writing by or on behalf of the Company under this Part 13 is binding on and conclusive against (in the absence of manifest error) a member. In particular, a statement that the Relevant Shares specified in the statement have been sold in accordance with this Part 13 is conclusive against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Relevant Shares and discharges the purchaser from all liability in respect of the Relevant Shares.

13.7 Registering the purchaser

The Company must register the purchaser of Relevant Shares as the holder of the Relevant Shares transferred to the purchaser under this Part 13. The purchaser is not bound to see to the application of any money paid as consideration. The title of the purchaser to the Relevant Shares transferred to the purchaser is not affected by an irregularity or invalidity in connection with the actions of the Company under this Part 13.

13.8 Payment of proceeds

Subject to Rule 13.9, where:

- (a) Relevant Shares of a member are sold by the Company on behalf of the member under this Part 13; and
- (b) the certificate for the Relevant Shares (unless the Company is satisfied that the certificate has been lost or destroyed or the Relevant Shares are uncertificated securities) has been received by the Company,

the Company must, within 60 days of the completion of the sale, send the proceeds of sale to the member entitled to those proceeds by sending a cheque payable to the member through the post to the address of the member shown in the register, or in the case of joint holders, to the address shown in the register as the address of the member whose name first appears in the register. Payment of any money under this Rule is at the risk of the member to whom it is sent.

13.9 Costs

In the case of a sale of the Relevant Shares of a New Small Holder in accordance with this Rule, the Company is entitled to deduct and retain from the proceeds of sale, the costs of the sale as determined by the Company. In any other case, the Company or a purchaser must bear the costs of sale of the Relevant Shares. The costs of sale include all stamp duty, brokerage and government

taxes and charges (except for tax on income or capital gains of the member) payable by the Company in connection with the sale and transfer of the Relevant Shares.

13.10 Remedy limited to damages

The remedy of a member to whom this Part 13 applies, in respect of the sale of the Relevant Shares of that member is expressly limited to a right of action in damages against the Company to the exclusion of any other right, remedy or relief against any other person.

13.11 Dividends and voting suspended

Unless the Directors determine otherwise, where a Divestment Notice is given to a New Small Holder in accordance with this Part 13, then despite any other provision in this Constitution, the rights to receive a payment of dividends and to vote attached to the Relevant Shares of that member are suspended until the Relevant Shares are transferred to a new holder or that member ceases to be New Small Holder. Any dividends that would, but for this Part 13, have been paid to that member must be held by the Company and paid to that member within 60 days after the earlier of the date the Relevant Shares of that member are transferred and the date that the Relevant Shares of that member cease to be subject to a Divestment Notice.

13.12 12 month limit

If it is a requirement of the Listing Rules, the Company must not give a Small Holder more than one Divestment Notice in any 12 month period (except as contemplated by Rule 13.13).

13.13 Effect of takeover

From the date of the announcement of a takeover bid for the shares until the close of the offers made under the takeover bid, the Company's power under this Part 13 to sell Relevant Shares of a member cease. After the close of the offers under the takeover bid, the Company may give a Divestment Notice to a member who is a Small Holder or a New Small Holder, despite Rule 13.12 and the fact that it may be less than 12 months since the Company gave a Divestment Notice to that member.



COG Financial Services Limited | 58 100 854 788

Proxy Voting Form

If you are attending the virtual Meeting please retain this Proxy Voting Form for online Securityholder registration.

Holder Number: [HolderNumber]

Your proxy voting instruction must be received by 3.30pm (AEDT) on Wednesday, 23 November 2022, being not later than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting. Any Proxy Voting instructions received after that time will not be valid for the scheduled Meeting.

SUBMIT YOUR PROXY

Complete the form overleaf in accordance with the instructions set out below.

YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS

The name and address shown above is as it appears on the Company's share register. If this information is incorrect, and you have an Issuer Sponsored holding, you can update your address through the investor portal: https://investor.automic.com.au/#/home Shareholders sponsored by a broker should advise their broker of any changes.

STEP 1 - APPOINT A PROXY

If you wish to appoint someone other than the Chair of the Meeting as your proxy, please write the name of that Individual or body corporate. A proxy need not be a Shareholder of the Company. Otherwise if you leave this box blank, the Chair of the Meeting will be appointed as your proxy by default.

DEFAULT TO THE CHAIR OF THE MEETING

Any directed proxies that are not voted on a poll at the Meeting will default to the Chair of the Meeting, who is required to vote these proxies as directed. Any undirected proxies that default to the Chair of the Meeting will be voted according to the instructions set out in this Proxy Voting Form, including where the Resolutions are connected directly or indirectly with the remuneration of KMP.

STEP 2 - VOTES ON ITEMS OF BUSINESS

You may direct your proxy how to vote by marking one of the boxes opposite each item of business. All your shares will be voted in accordance with such a direction unless you indicate only a portion of voting rights are to be voted on any item by inserting the percentage or number of shares you wish to vote in the appropriate box or boxes. If you do not mark any of the boxes on the items of business, your proxy may vote as he or she chooses. If you mark more than one box on an item your vote on that item will be invalid.

APPOINTMENT OF SECOND PROXY

You may appoint up to two proxies. If you appoint two proxies, you should complete two separate Proxy Voting Forms and specify the percentage or number each proxy may exercise. If you do not specify a percentage or number, each proxy may exercise half the votes. You must return both Proxy Voting Forms together. If you require an additional Proxy Voting Form, contact Automic Registry Services.

SIGNING INSTRUCTIONS

Individual: Where the holding is in one name, the Shareholder must sign.

Joint holding: Where the holding is in more than one name, all Shareholders should sign.

Power of attorney: If you have not already lodged the power of attorney with the registry, please attach a certified photocopy of the power of attorney to this Proxy Voting Form when you return it.

Companies: To be signed in accordance with your Constitution. Please sign in the appropriate box which indicates the office held by you.

Email Address: Please provide your email address in the space provided.

By providing your email address, you elect to receive all communications despatched by the Company electronically (where legally permissible) such as a Notice of Meeting, Proxy Voting Form and Annual Report via email.

CORPORATE REPRESENTATIVES

If a representative of the corporation is to attend the Meeting the appropriate 'Appointment of Corporate Representative' should be produced prior to admission. A form may be obtained from the Company's share registry online at https://automic.com.au.

Lodging your Proxy Voting Form:

Online:

Use your computer or smartphone to appoint a proxy at

https://investor.automic.com.au/#/loginsah

or scan the QR code below using uour smartphone

Login & Click on 'Meetings'. Use the Holder Number as shown at the top of this Proxy Voting Form.



BY MAIL:

Automic GPO Box 5193 Sydney NSW 2001

IN PERSON:

Automic Level 5, 126 Phillip Street Sydney NSW 2000

BY EMAIL:

 $\underline{meetings@automicgroup.com.au}$

BY FACSIMILE:

+61 2 8583 3040

All enquiries to Automic: WEBCHAT:

https://automicgroup.com.au/

PHONE: 1300 288 664 (Within Australia)

+61 2 9698 5414

(Overseas)

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STEP 1 - How to vote

APPOINT A PROXY:

I/We being a Shareholder entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting of COG Financial Services Limited, to be held virtually at 3.30pm (AEDT) on Friday , 25 November 2022 and at Level 5, 126 Phillip Street, Sydney, NSW 2000 hereby:

Appoint the Chair of the Meeting (Chair) OR if you are not appointing the Chair of the Meeting as your proxy, please write in the box provided below the name of the person or body corporate you are appointing as your proxy or failing the person so named or, if no person is named, the Chair, or the Chair's nominee, to vote in accordance with the following directions, or, if no directions have been given, and subject to the relevant laws as the proxy sees fit and at any adjournment thereof.

The Chair intends to vote undirected proxies in favour of all Resolutions in which the Chair is entitled to vote.

Unless indicated otherwise by ticking the "for"," against" or "abstain" box you will be authorising the Chair to vote in accordance with the Chair's voting intention.

AUTHORITY FOR CHAIR TO VOTE UNDIRECTED PROXIES ON REMUNERATION RELATED RESOLUTIONS

Where I/we have appointed the Chair as my/our proxy (or where the Chair becomes my/our proxy by default), I/we expressly authorise the Chair to exercise my/our proxy on Resolution 1 (except where I/we have indicated a different voting intention below) even though Resolution 1 is connected directly or indirectly with the remuneration of a member of the Key Management Personnel, which includes the Chair.

VIRTUAL PARTICIPATION AT THE AGM:

The company is pleased to provide shareholders with the opportunity to attend and participate in a virtual Meeting through an online meeting platform powered by Automic, where shareholders will be able to watch, listen, and vote online.

To access the virtual meeting:

- **1.** Open your internet browser and go to investor.automic.com.au
- Login with your username and password or click "register" if you haven't already created an account. Shareholders are encouraged to create an account prior to the start of the meeting to ensure there is no delay in attending the virtual meeting

Further information on how to do this is set out in the Notice of Meeting. The Explanatory Notes that accompany and form part of the Notice of Meeting describe the various matters to be considered.

of the Key Management Personnel, which includ		
STEP 2 – Your voting direction		
Resolutions		For Against Abstain
1. Adoption of Remuneration Report for th	ne Period Ended 30 June 2022	
2. Re-Election of Patrick Tuttle		
3. Re-Election of Peter Rollason		
4. Special Resolution Amendments to the Company Constitution		
STEP 3 – Signatures and contact d	letails	
Individual or Securityholder 1	Securityholder 2	Securityholder 3
Sole Director and Sole Company Secretary Contact Name:	Director	Director / Company Secretary
Email Address:		