

ASX Announcement 03 APRIL 2023

Hudson Investment Group Limited Annual Report 31 December 2022

Hudson Investment Group Limited (**HGL**) advises that the following amendments have been made to the HGL Annual Report 31 December 2022 released to the market last Friday 31st March 2023:

Page 4 – Chairman's Report 2022 wording amended as follows

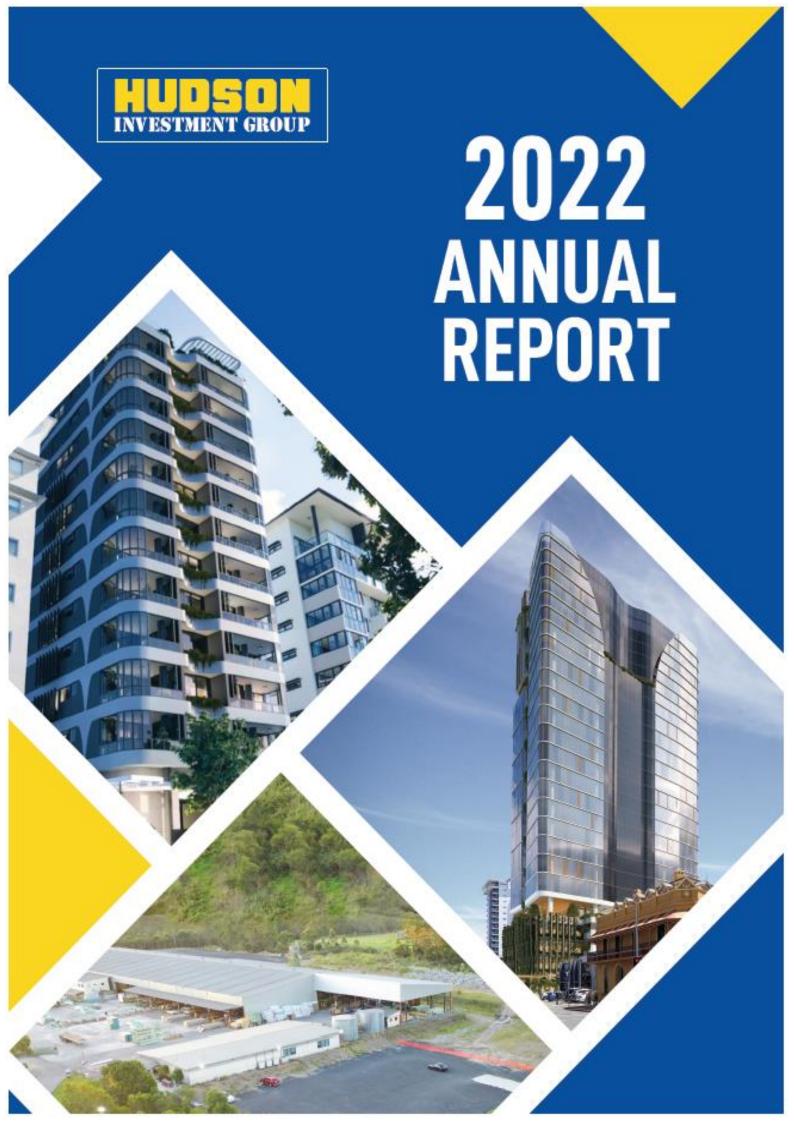
"The net loss after tax is attributable to auditor impairment in the value of the Company's property portfolio, based on NPV of discounted future cashflow at this time rather than market value. However ..."

• Page 5 – Review of Operations Corporate Highlights removal of the first bullet point statement that "The Company has recorded a consolidated net profit after tax of \$1.80 million for the year ended 31 December 2022."

Attached is a copy of the amended HGL Annual Report 31 December 2022 which is also available on the Company website.

For further information, please contact:

Alan Beasley – Managing Director Telephone: + 61 2 9251 7177 Email: <u>abeasley@higl.com.au</u>



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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Hudson Investment Group Limited

ACN 004 683 729 ABN 25 004 683 729

Registered and Corporate Office

Level 5 52 Phillip Street Sydney NSW 2000

Telephone: +61 2 9251 7177

Fax: +61 2 9251 7500

Email: corporate@higl.com.au

Website: www.higl.com.au

Auditors

K.S. Black & Co Level 1 251 Elizabeth Street Sydney NSW 2000

Telephone: +61 2 8839 3000

Lawyers

Piper Alderman Level 23, Governor Macquarie Tower 1 Farrer Place Sydney NSW 2000

Telephone: +61 2 9253 9999

Bankers

Commonwealth Bank of Australia Corporate Financial Services Business & Private Banking Level 9, Darling Park 1 201 Sussex Street Sydney NSW 2000

Telephone: +61 2 9118 7031

St George Bank Limited Level 14, 182 George St Sydney NSW 2000

Telephone: +61 2 9236 2230

Board of Directors

John W Farey (Non-Executive Chairman)
Alan Beasley (Managing Director)
Wei Huang (Executive Director)
John J Foley
Dr Cheng Fong Han
Pin Chua
Warren Wen-Shih Choo (Alternate Director)

Joint Company Secretaries

Henry Kinstlinger Mona Esapournoori

Chief Financial Officer

Francis Choy

Risk & Compliance Allan Scadden

/ illair Scaaacii

Share Registry

Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited GPO Box 2975 Melbourne VIC 3001

Telephone: 1300 850 505 (within Australia)

ASX Code - HGL

Hudson Investment Group Limited shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange.

This financial report covers the Consolidated Entity consisting of Hudson Investment Group Limited and its controlled entities.

Hudson Investment Group Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

CHAIRMAN'S REPORT 2022

I present to you the Annual Report for Hudson Investment Group Limited ASX: HGL, **(the Company)** for the twelve months to 31 December 2022. The Company recorded a consolidated net loss after tax of \$2.39 million for the year ending 31 December 2022.

The net loss after tax is attributable to auditor impairment in the value of the Company's property portfolio, based on NPV of discounted future cashflow at this time rather than market value. However, through the Company's wholly owned subsidiary Hudson Bowen Hills Pty Ltd exploring potential Residential Development Application (DA) to unlock more options for the Company. In addition, the approval of the strata subdivision of the Warnervale property has allowed for more flexibility for the Company to further develop and add value to its assets.

Looking to the future, the focus of the Company is to continually develop its property portfolio to achieve its dual objectives of capital appreciation and to increase revenue to strengthen its strategic positioning for future growth.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to thank the Company's management team and staff for their contributions and dedication. Their loyal support together with the continuing involvement of shareholders of the Company is both highly valued and appreciated.

John W Farey

Non-Executive Chairman

30 March 2023

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

ABOUT HUDSON INVESTMENT GROUP LTD

Hudson Investment Group Ltd (**HGL**) is an ASX-listed Company focusing on industrial, residential and commercial property development, and currently owns the following properties:

- Unit 2, 171-175 Sparks Road, Halloran, New South Wales
- 59 Mountain Road, Halloran, New South Wales (both collectively the Warnervale Properties);
- 47 Brookes Street, Bowen Hills, Queensland
- 41-43 Brookes Street, Bowen Hills Queensland (both collectively the Bowen Hills Properties); and
- 43 Regent Street, Woolloongabba, Queensland (the Regent Street Property)

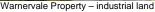
CORPORATE HIGHLIGHTS

- HGL had paid over \$1 million in capital expenditures on the Warnervale properties to increase the asset portfolio value.
- HGL has increased lease income and a long-term tenant for Unit 2, 171-175 Sparks Road, Halloran New South Wales.
- Exploring potential Residential Development Application (**DA**) for the Bowen Hills QLD properties in addition to the mix use DA, approved in 2021, to provide the Company with additional options with regard to the best use development of the property.
- Mr Pin Chua was appointed a non-executive director of HGL on 27th September 2022.

WARNERVALE PROPERTY

- Bunnings Frame and Truss business has leased the Warnervale site for over 20 years. Bunnings have a strong reputation in the construction industry and there are plans to expand operations. HGL has sufficient additional land to satisfy Bunnings growth ambitions
- Strata subdivision was approved for the Warnervale Properties in December 2021 which provides additional options for further development of the land







BOWEN HILLS PROPERTIES

- The site is located in Brisbane CBD fringe suburb of Bowen Hills
- In April 2021, DA for a 24-storey mixed use building was approved by the Minister for Economic Development Queensland (EDQ). HGL is currently exploring potential Residential DA in addition to the approved mix use DA to provide further opportunities and options for development.
- Land size 2,022m²
- Brookes Street frontage 40.2 metres approximately
- Exhibition Street 40.2 metres approximately



Conceptual Commercial Design

REGENT STREET PROPERTY

- HGL fully owns the Regent Street Property after exercising the Option to purchase the remaining 70% in February 2022
- The property currently has a DA for the construction of 54 apartments over 11 levels



Development Approved Project Design

COMPANY FOCUS

HGL is focused on:

- Consistent revenue streams through leased income with long term blue chip tenants;
- Further revenue and capital appreciation over currently light industrial zoned land;
- The opportunity for further potential capital appreciation through rezoning and development; and
- The opportunity for further medium and high-density commercial development.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your Directors present their report together with the financial statements on the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the **Group**) consisting of Hudson Investment Group Limited (the **Company**) and the entities it controlled at the end of or during the year ended 31 December 2022.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Group during the financial year were investment and development of properties in Australia.

Operating results

The consolidated net loss after tax for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 was \$2.39 million compared to a net profit after tax of \$0.76 million for the previous corresponding financial year.

Total Shareholders' Funds as at 31 December 2022 were \$22.95 million (2021: \$25.71 million) and the Net Asset Value per share is 38.6 cents (2021:43.3 cents).

Review of Operations Information on the operations of the Group and its business strategies and prospects is disclosed in both the Chairman's Report and the Review of Operations contained on pages 5 to 6 of this Annual Report.

Dividends

The Directors of the Company do not recommend that any amount be paid by way of dividend (2021: nil).

Meetings of Directors The number of Directors' Meetings and Directors' Committee Meetings held, and the number of these meetings attended by each of the directors of the Company during the financial year were:

	Directors N	leetings	Remunerat Committee	_	Audit Comn Meetings	nittee
Director	Attended	Held Whilst in Office	Attended	Held Whilst in Office	Attended	Held Whilst in Office
J Farey	9	9	-	-	2	2
A Beasley	9	9	-	-	2	2
Wei Huang	8	9	-	-	2	2
J Foley	9	9	-	-	2	2
Dr Cheng Fong Han	8	9	-	-	2	2
Warren Choo	1	9	-	-	-	-
*Pin Chua	2	2	-	-	-	-

^{*}Pin Chua was appointed as director on 27 September 2022

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS AND MANAGEMENT

DIRECTORS

The following persons held office as Directors of the Company at any time during or since the end of the financial year:

John W Farey Non-Executive Chairman Alan P Beasley **Managing Director** Wei Huang **Executive Director** John J Foley Non-Executive Director Dr Cheng Fong Han Non-Executive Director

Pin Chua Non-Executive Director Appointed 27 September 2022

Nil

All Directors have been in office since the commencement of the financial year unless otherwise stated.

John Farey, B. Com, FAIM, FAICD

Non-Executive Chairman - appointed on 1 February 2002

John W Farey has over 45 years' experience in financial services including **Experience and Expertise** merchant and investment banking. **Other Current Directorships of** Nil **Listed Companies**

Former Directorships in the Last **Three Years of Listed Companies**

Special Responsibilities

Chairman of the Board

Member of the Audit Committee Direct interest in 1,000 shares

Interests in Shares and Options

Alan Beasley, B.Ec, CPA, FGIA, FAICD

Managing Director - appointed on 19 January 2015

Experience and Expertise Mr Beasley is a Non-Executive Director and former Director of a number of publicly listed and unlisted companies. Mr Beasley was educated at the University of New England (BEc) and Stanford Graduate Business School, USA. Other Current Directorships of Epsilon Healthcare Limited (ASX: EPN)

Listed Companies

Former Directorships in the Last **Three Years of Listed Companies**

Special Responsibilities

Interests in Shares and Options

AFT Corporation Limited (ASX: AFT)

E3SIXTY Ltd (ASX: E3S) **Managing Director**

Member of the Audit Committee Indirect interest in 160,000 shares.

Wei Huang, B.Ec, MComm

Executive Director - appointed on 4 June 2019

Experience and Expertise	Wei Huang graduated with Bachelor of Economics from Macquarie
	University and a Master of Commerce from the University of New South
	Wales. He is a member of CPA Australia and has experience in financial
	control, new business start-ups and development within the textile, retail,
	financial services, construction and mining sectors in Australia and
	internationally.
Other Current Directorships of	Nil

Listed Companies

Former Directorships in the Last **Three Years of Listed Companies**

Special Responsibilities

Nil

Member of the Audit Committee

Interests in Shares and Options

Indirect interest in 6,000,000 shares

John Foley BD., LL.B., B.L. (Dub), KHS., F.A.I.C.D. Non-Executive Director - appointed on 6 August 2014

Experience and Expertise	Mr Foley has wide-ranging experience in resources, industrial, manufacturing, legal, financial and investment related industries. His commercial and legal background provides knowledge and experience to the Company.
Other Current Directorships of Listed Companies	Citigold Corporation Limited
Former Directorships in the Last Three Years of Listed Companies	Nil
Special Responsibilities	Member of Audit Committee Chair of the Remuneration Committee
Interests in Shares and Options	Nil

Dr Cheng Fong Han BSc. PhD.

Non-Executive Director - appointed on 1 June 2017

Experience and Expertise	Dr Han is the current Executive Chairman of Hua Xia International
	Investments Ltd. He has previously held appointments as Group CEO and
	Managing Director of Fraser and Neave Limited and DBS Land Limited,
	Deputy Managing Director of Petrochemical Corporation of Singapore,
	and Chairman of Australand Holdings Ltd (1996-2000). Dr Han has also
	served as Permanent Secretary to the Ministry of Manpower (Singapore)
	(1978-1984).
	Aud .
Other Current Directorships of	Nil
Listed Companies	
Former Directorships in the Last	Nil
Three Years of Listed Companies	
Timee Tears of Listed Companies	
Special Responsibilities	Member of the Audit Committee
Interests in Shares and Options	Nil

Mr Warren Wen-Shih Choo BSc.

Alternate Director to Dr Cheng Fong Han – appointed on 1 June 2017

Fynerience and Fynerise Mr Choo currently serves as As

Experience and Expertise	Mr Choo currently serves as Assistant General Manager of Tridex Pte Ltd. Mr Choo has a background in engineering.
Other Current Directorships of Listed Companies	Nil
Former Directorships in the Last Three Years of Listed Companies	Nil
Special Responsibilities	Nil
Interests in Shares and Options	Nil

Mr Pin Chua BBA

Non-Executive Director - appointed on 27 September 2022

Experience and Expertise Mr. Chua previously held p

Mr. Chua previously held positions as senior manager in corporate, investment and enterprise banking in Singapore, Malaysia, and Indonesia and has the experience, expertise, and knowledge to contribute to the

Company.

Other Current Directorships of Listed Companies

Former Directorships in the Last Three Years of Listed Companies

Nil

Special Responsibilities

Interests in Shares and Options

Nil

MANAGEMENT

Vincent Tan

Executive Director – Controlled entities

Experience and Expertise

Vincent Tan is a chartered accountant and has over the past 40 years worked in a range of industries, including insurance, securities trading, finance and property.

Mr Tan has held senior management positions in a number of public and non-government organisations and has broad experience in corporate structuring.

Henry Kinstlinger

Joint Company Secretary - Appointed 16 March 2016

Experience and Expertise

Henry Kinstlinger has, for the past thirty years, been actively involved in the financial and corporate management in several public companies and non-governmental organisations. He is currently the Company Secretary of ABX Group Limited. He is a corporate consultant with broad experience in investor and community relations and corporate and statutory compliance.

Mona Esapournoori

Joint Company Secretary - appointed 5 June 2018

Experience and Expertise

Mona Esapournoori holds a Bachelor of Law from Western Sydney University. She is admitted as a solicitor with the Law Society of New South Wales.

Francis Choy MCom MBA FCPA (HK) FCPA CA Chief Financial Officer

Experience and Expertise

Francis Choy has held a number of senior positions in corporate financial management roles throughout Australia and South East Asia. He has extensive experience in project finance, compliance, acquisition and investment appraisals.

He has been involved in project finance, financial management of property development and telecommunication projects in South East Asia.

He held senior financial roles for numerous public listed companies both in Hong Kong and Australia.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS

Information on likely developments in the operations of the Group, known at the date of this report has been covered generally within the report. In the opinion of the Directors providing further information would prejudice the interests of the Group.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board is responsible for ensuring that risks, and also opportunities, are identified on a timely basis and that activities are aligned with the risks and opportunities identified by the Board.

The Company believes that it is crucial for all Board members to be a part of this process, and as such the Board has not established a separate risk management committee.

The Board has a number of mechanisms in place to ensure that management's objectives and activities are aligned with the risks identified by the Board. These include the following:

- Board approval of a strategic plan, which encompasses strategy statements designed to meet stakeholders' needs and manage business risk.
- Implementation of Board approved operating plans and budgets and Board monitoring of progress against these budgets.

MATTERS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE DATE

At the date of this report there are no other matters or circumstances that have arisen since 31 December 2022 that have significantly affected or may significantly affect:

- The operations, in financial years subsequent to 31 December 2022 of the Group;
- The results of those operations; or
- The state of affairs, in financial years subsequent to 31 December 2022 of the Group.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS

There has been no breach of environmental regulations during the financial year or in the period subsequent to the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report.

The Company aims to ensure that the highest standard of environmental care is achieved, and that it complies with all relevant environmental legislation. The Directors are mindful of the regulatory regime in relation to the impact of the Company's activities on the environment.

To the best of the Directors' knowledge, the Group has adequate systems in place to ensure compliance with the requirements of all environmental legislation described above and is not aware of any breach of those requirements during the financial year and up to the date of the Directors' Report.

REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED

The information provided in this Remuneration Report has been audited as required by Section 308 (3c) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

This report outlines the remuneration arrangements in place for Directors and Executives of the Company.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee reviews and approves policy for determining Executives' remuneration and any amendments to that policy.

The whole board sits as the Remuneration Committee which makes recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of Executive Directors (including base salary, incentive payments, equity awards and service contracts) and remuneration issues for Non-Executive Directors.

The Committee meets as often as required but not less than once per year.

The Committee met during the period and the Committee members attendance record is disclosed in the table of Directors Meetings shown on page 7.

Options granted to directors and key management personnel do not have performance conditions. As such the Group does not have a policy for directors and key management personnel removing the "at risk" aspect of options granted to them as part of their remuneration.

DIRECTORS' AND OTHER KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL REMUNERATION

The following persons were Directors of the Company during the financial year unless otherwise stated:

John W Farey
 Alan P Beasley
 Wei Huang
 John J Foley
 Dr Cheng Fong Han
 Warren Wen-Shih Choo
 Non-Executive Director
 Non-Executive Director
 Alternate Director

Pin Chua
 Non-Executive Director appointed 27 September 2022

The following persons were other key management personnel of Hudson Investment Group Limited during the financial year:

Vincent Tan
 Executive Director of controlled entities

Henry Kinstlinger Joint Company Secretary
 Mona Esapournoori Joint Company Secretary
 Francis Choy Chief Financial Officer

Executives' remuneration and other terms of employment are reviewed annually having regard to relevant comparative information and independent expert advice. As well as basic salary, remuneration packages include superannuation. Directors are also able to participate in an Employee Share Plan.

Remuneration packages are set at levels that are intended to attract and retain executives capable of managing the Group's operations. Consideration is also given to reasonableness, acceptability to shareholders and appropriateness for the current level of operations.

Remuneration of Non-Executive Directors is determined by the Board based on recommendations from the Remuneration Committee and the maximum amount approved by shareholders from time to time.

PERFORMANCE CONDITIONS

The elements of remuneration as detailed within the Remuneration Report are dependent on the satisfaction of the individual's performance and Hudson Investment Group's financial performance.

The Board undertakes an annual review of its performance and the performance of the Board Committees.

Details of the nature and amount of each element of the remuneration of each Director of the Company and each specified executive of the Company are set out in the following tables. The remuneration amounts are the same for the Company and the Group.

Directors and Other Key Management Personnel of Hudson Investment Group Limited

	Short Term Employee Benefits		Post-Employment Benefits	Long Term Benefits	
	Salary and other fees	Non-Monetary Benefits	Superannuation	Long Service Leave	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Consolidated					
2022					
Directors					
Alan P Beasley	150,000	-	-	-	150,000
John W Farey	12,000	-	-	-	12,000
Wei Huang **	210,000	-	-	-	210,000
John J Foley	-	-	-	-	-
Dr Cheng Fong Han	-	-	-	-	-
Pin Chua***		-	-	-	
Director - Total	372,000	-	-	-	372,000
KMP					
Vincent Tan	90,000	-	-	-	90,000
Henry Kinstlinger	-	-	-	-	-
Mona Esapournoori	12,000	-	1,230	200	13,430
Francis Choy	120,000	-	12,300	1,985	134,285
KMP - Total	222,000	-	13,530	2,185	237,715
2021					
Directors					
Alan P Beasley*	170,000	-	-	-	170,000
John W Farey	12,000	-	-	-	12,000
Wei Huang**	210,000	-	-	-	210,000
John J Foley	-	-	-	-	-
Dr Cheng Fong Han	_	-	-	-	_
Director - Total	392,000	-	-	-	392,000
КМР					
Vincent Tan	120,000	-	-	-	120,000
Henry Kinstlinger	-	-	-	-	-
Mona Esapournoori	2,000	-	200	32	2,232
Francis Choy	120,000	-	11,700	1,984	133,684
KMP - Total	242,000	-	11,900	2,016	255,916

The amounts reported represent the total remuneration paid by entities in the Group in relation to managing the affairs of all the entities within the Group. The remuneration has not been allocated between the individual entities within the Group as this would not be practicable.

There are no performance conditions related to any of the above payments. There is no other element of Directors and other Key Management Personnel remuneration.

^{*}Mr Beasley received director fee \$150,000 and consulting fee \$20,000

^{**}Mr Huang received director fee \$150,000 and consultancy fee \$60,000 via related entity

^{***}Mr Pin Chua - appointed 27 September 2022

EXECUTIVE SERVICE AGREEMENTS

There was one service agreement in place formalising the terms of remuneration of Mr Beasley. The agreement has no specific term, remunerated in \$150,000 p.a and may be terminated by either party upon reasonable notice. The Company may terminate the agreement in the event of serious misconduct by either party without any compensatory payment.

There are two service agreements in place formalising the terms of remuneration of Mr Huang. The agreement has no specific term, remunerated in \$150,000 p.a and \$60,000 p.a respectively and may be terminated by either party upon reasonable notice. The Company may terminate the agreement in the event of serious misconduct by either party without any compensatory payment.

There was one service agreement in place formalising the terms of remuneration of Mr Choy. The agreement has no specific term, remunerated in \$120,000 p.a and may be terminated by either party upon reasonable notice. The Company may terminate the agreement in the event of serious misconduct by either party without any compensatory payment.

There was one service agreement in place formalising the terms of remuneration of Ms Esapournoori. The agreement has no specific term, remunerated in \$10,000 p.a and may be terminated by either party upon reasonable notice. The Company may terminate the agreement in the event of serious misconduct by either party without any compensatory payment.

There was one service agreement in place formalising the terms of remuneration of Mr Tan. The agreement has no specific term, remunerated \$90,000 (2021: \$120,000 p.a) and has been terminated during the year.

CORPORATE SERVICE AGREEMENTS

The Company has entered into a Corporate Service Agreement with Hudson Asset Management Pty Limited pursuant to which Hudson Asset Management Pty Limited has agreed to provide its management, registered office, administrative, accounting CFO and secretarial services.

The term of the Corporate Services Agreement has no fixed expiry term and the fee payable is that amount agreed between the parties from time to time. The monthly corporate services fee was agreed and reduced from \$20,000 p.m to \$10,000 p.m; the CFO services was paid to Mr Choy directly. The terms of the Corporate Services Agreement provide that Hudson Asset Management Pty Limited shall act in accordance with the directions of the Board.

SHARE OPTIONS GRANTED TO DIRECTORS AND OTHER KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

There were no options granted during or since the end of the financial year to any of the Directors or other Key Management Personnel of the Company and the Group as part of their remuneration. At the date of this report there were no unissued shares under option to Directors or other Key Management Personnel of the Company.

End of Remuneration Report

DIRECTORS' INTEREST

The relevant interest of each Director in the share capital of the Company as shown in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings as at the date of this report is:

Directors' Interest in shares and options of the Company and related bodies corporate

Ordinary Shares (Number)	Direct Interest	Employee Share Plan	Indirect Interest	Total
Director				
John Farey	1,000	-	-	1,000
Alan Beasley	-	-	160,000	160,000
Wei Huang	-	-	6,000,000	6,000,000
John J Foley	-	-	-	-
Dr Cheng Fong Han	-	-	-	-
Pin Chua	-	-	-	-

Please refer to Note 24 of the financial statements for details.

SHARES UNDER OPTION

No options over issued shares or interests in the Company were granted during or since the end of the financial year and there were no options outstanding at the date of this report.

LOANS TO DIRECTORS AND OTHER KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

No loans were made to Directors or specified Executives of the Company and the Group under the Employee Share Plan during the financial year. Please refer to Note 24 for details.

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' INDEMNITIES AND INSURANCE

During the financial year the Company paid an insurance premium, insuring the Company's Directors, (as named in this report), Company Secretary, Executive officers and employees against liabilities not prohibited from insurance by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

A confidentiality clause in the insurance contract prohibits disclosure of the amount of the premium and the nature of insured liabilities.

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

Other than the matter referred to in the Directors' Report no person has applied to the Court under Section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purposes of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in or on behalf of the Company with leave of the Court under Section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

ROUNDING OF AMOUNTS

The Company is of a kind referred to in Class Order 98/0100, issued by the Australian Securities & Investments Commission, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the Directors' Report. Amounts in the Directors' Report have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases, to the nearest dollar.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

The Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under Section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* has been received and is set out on page 17.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

The Company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the Group are important.

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor K.S. Black & Co for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out below.

The Board of Directors has considered the position and, in accordance with advice received from the audit committee, is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out below, did not compromise the auditor's independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor.
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the Auditor of the parent entity, its related practices and non-related audit firms:

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Audit services:		
Amounts paid or payable to auditors for audit and review of		
the financial report for the entity or any entity in the Group		
Review services fee	9,725	9,245
Audit fee	16,225	15,445
Taxation and other advisory services:		
Amounts paid or payable to the Auditor for non-audit		
taxation services for the entity or any entity in the Group		
Taxation services	3,145	2,995
Advisory services	-	-
Total	29,095	27,685

AUDITOR

K.S. Black & Co continues in office in accordance with Section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

This Directors' Report, incorporating the Remuneration Report, is signed in accordance with a Resolution of the Board of Directors.

Wei Huang Executive Director

Signed at Sydney 30 March 2023

Alan Beasley Managing Director

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

Level 6 350 Kent Street SYDNEY NSW 2000

75 Lyons Road DRUMMOYNE NSW 2047



20 Grose Street North Parramatta NSW 2151

PO Box 2210 North Parramatta NSW 1750

Lead Auditors' Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the Members of Hudson Investment Group Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 31 December 2022 there has been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

The entities are in respect of Hudson Investment Group Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

KS Black & Co

Chartered Accountants

Phillip Jones

Partner

Dated in Sydney on this 3/s/day of March

2023

Fex

02 8639 3055





CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Corporate Governance Plan

The Company has adopted this Corporate Governance Plan, which forms the basis of a comprehensive system of control and accountability for the administration of corporate governance. The Board is committed to administering the policies and procedures with openness and integrity, pursuing the true spirit of corporate governance commensurate with the Company's needs.

To the extent they are applicable to the Company, the Board has adopted the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations 4th Edition ("Principles and Recommendations").

In light of the Company's size and nature, the Board considers that the current board is a cost effective and practical method of directing and managing the Company. As the Company's activities develop in size and scope, the size of the board and the implementation of additional corporate governance policies and structures will be reviewed.

a) Board Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for corporate governance of the Company. The Board develops strategies for the Company, reviews strategic objectives and monitors performance against those objectives. The goals of the corporate governance processes are to:

- 1. maintain and increase Shareholder value;
- 2. ensure a prudential and ethical basis for the Company's conduct and activities;
- 3. ensure compliance with the Company's legal and regulatory objectives consistent with these goals, and to achieve this the Board assumes the following responsibilities:
- 4. developing initiatives for profit and asset growth;
 - reviewing the corporate, commercial and financial performance of the Company on a regular basis;
 - ii. acting on behalf of, and being accountable to, the Shareholders; and
 - iii. identifying business risks and implementing actions to manage those risks and corporate systems to assure quality.

The Company is committed to the circulating of relevant materials to Directors in a timely manner to facilitate Directors' participation in the Board discussions on a fully-informed basis.

b) Composition of the Board

Election of Board members is substantially the province of the Shareholders in general meeting. However, subject thereto, the Company is committed to the following principles:

- 1. the Board is to comprise persons with a blend of skills, experience and attributes appropriate for the Company and its businesses; and
- 2. the principal criteria for the appointment of new Directors are their ability to add value to the Company and its business. All incumbent Directors bring an independent judgement to bear in deliberations and the current representation is considered adequate given the stage of the Company's development. The names, qualifications and relevant experience of each Director will be set out in the Annual Reports of the Company.

c) Code of Conduct

As part of its commitment to recognising the legitimate expectations of stakeholders and promoting practices necessary to maintain confidence in the Company's integrity, the Company has an established Code of Conduct (the Code) to guide compliance with legal, ethical and other obligations to legitimate stakeholders and the responsibility and accountability required of the Company's personnel for reporting and investigating unethical practices or circumstances where there are breaches of the Code. These stakeholders include employees, clients, customers, government authorities, creditors and the community as a whole. This Code governs all of the Company's commercial operations and the conduct of Directors, employees, consultants, contractors an all other people when they represent the Company. This Code also governs the responsibility and accountability required of the Company's personnel for reporting and investigating unethical practices.

The Board, management and all employees of the Company are committed to implementing this Code and each individual is accountable for such compliance. A copy of the Code is given to all employees, contractors and relevant personnel, including directors.

d) Diversity Policy

The Board has adopted a diversity policy which provides a framework for the Company to achieve, among other things, a diverse and skilled workforce, a workplace culture characterised by inclusive practices and behaviours for the benefit of all staff, improved employment and career development opportunities for women and a work environment that values and utilises the contributions of employees with diverse backgrounds, experiences and perspectives.

e) Continuous Disclosure

The Board has adopted a diversity policy which provides a framework for the Company to achieve, among other things, a diverse and skilled workforce, a workplace culture characterised by inclusive practices and behaviours for the benefit of all staff, improved employment and career development opportunities for women and a work environment that values and utilises the contributions of employees with diverse backgrounds, experiences and perspectives.

f) Whistle-blower policy

HGL is committed to the highest standards of conduct and ethical behaviour in all of our business activities, and to promoting and supporting a culture of honest and ethical behaviour, corporate compliance and good corporate governance.

HGL encourages the reporting of any instances of suspected unethical, illegal, fraudulent or undesirable conduct involving HGL's businesses, and will ensure that those persons who make a report shall do so without fear of intimidation, disadvantage or reprisal.

g) Anti-bribery and corruption policy

HGL has zero tolerance for bribery and corruption and are committed to identifying and preventing bribery and corruption. Any breach will be treated seriously and may result in disciplinary action, dismissal or termination of contract.

h) Audit Committee and Management of Risk

The Board has established an Audit and Risk Committee comprised of the full board. The Company is not of a size that justifies having a separate committee to oversee risk, so matters typically considered by such a committee are dealt with by the full Board.

The Board has established an Audit and Risk Committee Charter governing the Audit and Risk Committee which is available on the Company's website (under "Corporate Governance").

i) Remuneration Arrangements

The Board will decide the remuneration of an executive Director, without the affected executive Director participating in that decision-making process.

The constitution of the Company provides that Directors are entitled to remuneration as the Directors determine, but the remuneration of the non-executive Directors must not exceed, in aggregate, a maximum amount fixed by the Company in general meeting of Shareholders for that purpose. This amount has been set at \$200,000.

A Director may be paid fees or other amounts (subject to any necessary Shareholder approval) (for example, non-cash performance incentives such as Options) as determined by the Board where a Director performs special duties or otherwise performs services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director.

Directors are also entitled to be paid reasonable travelling, hotel and other expenses incurred by them respectively in or about the performance of their duties as Directors. The Board reviews and approves the remuneration policy to enable the Company to attract and retain executives and Directors who will create value for Shareholders having consideration to the amount considered to be commensurate for a company of its size and level of activity as well as the relevant Directors' time, commitment and responsibility. The Board is also responsible for reviewing any employee incentive and equity-based plans including the appropriateness of performance hurdles and total payments proposed.

j) Shareholder Communications

The Board strives to ensure that Shareholders are provided with sufficient information to assess the performance of the Company and its Directors and to make well-informed investment decisions. Information is communicated to Shareholders through:

- 1. annual and half-yearly financial reports and quarterly reports;
- 2. annual and other general meetings convened for Shareholder review and approval of Board proposals;
- 3. continuous disclosure of material changes to ASX for open access to the public; and
- 4. the Company maintains a website where all ASX announcements, notices and financial reports are published as soon as possible after release to ASX.

The auditor is invited to attend the annual general meeting of Shareholders. The Chairman will permit Shareholders to ask questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the audit report.

k) Trading in HGL Shares

The Company's Share Trading Policy prohibits Directors from taking advantage of their position or information acquired, in the course of their duties, and the misuse of information for personal gain or to cause detriment to the Company.

Directors, senior executives and employees are required to advise the Company Secretary of their intentions prior to undertaking any transaction in the Company's securities.

If an employee, officer or director is considered to possess material non-public information, they will be precluded from making a security transaction until after the time of public release of that information.

A copy of the Company's Share Trading Policy is available on the Company's website (under "Corporate Governance").

I) Corporate Social Responsibility

The Company is committed to conducting its operations and activities in harmony with the environment and society, and wherever practicable to work in collaboration with communities and government institutions in decision-making and activities for effective, efficient and sustainable solutions.

A copy of the Company's Environmental and Social Charter is available on the Company's website (under "Corporate Governance").

m) Departures from Recommendations

The Company is required to report any departures from the recommendations in its annual financial report.

ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations

PRINCIPLE	Response
PRINCIPLE 1: LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEN	MENT AND OVERSIGHT
Recommendation 1.1	
The entity should have and disclose a charter, which sets out the the respective roles and responsibilities of the board, the Chair and management; and includes a description of those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management	Complies. The Company's Corporate Governance Plan includes a Board Charter, which discloses the specific responsibilities of the Board. The responsibilities delegated to the senior management team are set our in the Board Charter. The Board Charter can be viewed at the Company's
	website http://www.higl.com.au
Recommendation 1.2	
The entity should undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director.	Complies. The Company has conducted appropriate checks for all current Directors.
The entity should provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	The Company will undertake appropriate checks described in Guidance Note 1, paragraph 3.15 issued by the ASX before appointing a person, or putting forward to Shareholders a candidate for election, as a Director.
Recommendation 1.3	
The entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Complies.
Recommendation 1.4	
The company secretary of the entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	Complies. The Joint Company Secretaries have been appointed and are accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairperson, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.
Recommendation 1.5	
The entity should establish a policy concerning diversity and disclose the policy or a summary of that policy. The policy should include requirements for the board to establish measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity for the board to assess annually both the objectives and the progress in	Complies. The Board has established a Diversity Policy.
achieving them. The entity should disclose in its annual report the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board in accordance with the diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them.	The Diversity Policy is disclosed on the Company's website.
The entity should disclose in its annual report the proportion of women employees in the whole organisation, women in senior executive positions and women on the board.	Details of the Company's measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and its progress towards achieving them and the entity's gender diversity figures are set out in the Company's annual report.

Recommendation 1.6	
The entity should have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors and disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Will comply. The Company will disclose the process for evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual directors in its future annual reports. Details of the performance evaluations undertaken will be set out in future annual reports.
Recommendation 1.7	will be set out in ratare annual reports.
The entity should have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process	Complies. Senior executive key performance indicators are set annually, with performance appraised by the Board, and reviewed in detail by the Board.
	The internal review is to be conducted on an annual basis and if deemed necessary an independent third party will facilitate this internal review. Details of the performance evaluations undertaken
PRINCIPLE 2: STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE	will be set out in future annual reports.
Recommendation 2.1	
The entity's board should have a nomination committee which has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and is chaired by an independent director.	Does not comply. The Company does not have a nomination committed
The entity should disclose the charter of the committee, the members of the committee; and as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings.	Currently the role of the nomination committee is undertaken by the full Board. The Company intends to establish a nomination committee once the Company's operations are of sufficient magnitude.
If the entity does not have a nomination committee, it should disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	The Company does not have a nomination committee. The Board evaluates the skills, experience of its members and then determines whether additional members should be invited to the Board to complement or replace the existing members.
Recommendation 2.2	
The entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	Does not yet comply. The Company intends to develop a board skill matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity the Board has and requires. The skill matrix will be available at the Company's website once finalised.

Recommendation 2.3	
The entity should disclose the names of the directors	Complies.
considered by the board to be independent directors and the length of service of each director.	John Farey, John Foley and Dr Cheng Fong Han are the independent directors.
The entity should disclose if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendation (3 rd	The independence of the directors and length of service of each director are set out in the Company's annual report.
edition) but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion	Details of any relevant interest, position, association or relationship impacting upon a director's independence are set out in the Company's annual report.
Recommendation 2.4	
A majority of the board of the entity should be independent directors.	Complies
•	The Company has six directors. Four of these directors are independent directors.
Recommendation 2.5	
The chair of the board of the entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be	Complies
the same person as the CEO / Managing Director of the entity.	The Chairman is independent and is not the Managing Director. The Company does have a separate CEO/managing director.
Recommendation 2.6	, 5 5
The entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	Does not yet comply. Currently the induction of new directors and plan for professional development is managed informally by the full Board.
	The Company intends to develop a formal program for inducting new directors and providing appropriate professional development opportunities consistent with the development of the Company.
PRINCIPLE 3: ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY	war are development of the company.
Recommendation 3.1	
The entity should establish articulate and disclose its values	Complies.
	The Board has a Code of Conduct to guide compliance with legal, ethical and other obligations to legitimate stakeholders and the responsibility and accountability required of the Group's personnel for reporting and investigating unethical practices or circumstances where there are beaches of the Code.
	The Code of Conduct is available on the Company's website.

Recommendation 3.2	
A listed entity should:	Complies.
(a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its	·
directors, senior executives and employees; and	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan includes a
(b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board	Code of Conduct, which discloses the specific
is informed of any material breaches of that code by a	responsibility and accountability of HGL directors,
director or senior executive; and	senior executives and employees
(2) any other material breaches of that code that call	The Code of Conduct can be viewed at the Company's
into question the culture of the organisation.	website http://www.higl.com.au
Recommendation 3.3	
A listed entity should have and disclose a	Complies.
whistleblower policy and ensure that the board or a	
committee of the board is informed of any material	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan includes a
incidents reported under that policy.	whistleblower policy, which encourages promoting
	and supporting a culture of honest and ethical
	behaviour, corporate compliance and good corporate
	governance.
	The whistleblower policy can be viewed at the Company's website http://www.higl.com.au
Recommendation 3.4	Company's website <u>ittp://www.nigr.com.au</u>
Recommendation 5.4	
A listed entity should have and disclose an anti-	Complies.
bribery and corruption policy and ensure that the	
board or committee of the board is informed of any	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan includes a
material breaches of that policy.	anti-bribery and corruption policy, which outlines the
	Company's commitment to comply with the laws and
	regulations and acting in an ethical manner,
	consistent with the principles of honesty, integrity,
	fairness and respect.
	The anti-bribery and corruption policy can be viewed
	at the Company's website http://www.higl.com.au
PRINCIPLE 4: SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN FINANCIAL RE	
Recommendation 4.1	

The board of the entity should have an audit committee, which consists only of non-executive directors, a majority of which are independent directors and is chaired by an independent chair that is not the chair of the board.

The entity should disclose the charter of the committee, the members of the committee and as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings.

Partially complies.

The board has established an audit and risk committee Charter.

Members of the committee comprise the whole board of directors who have appropriate and relevant financial experience to act in this capacity.

A summary of the charter and details of the number of times the audit and risk committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings are set out in the Company's annual report.

The full audit and risk committee charter is available on the Company's website

Recommendation 4.2

The board should disclose whether it has, before approving the entity's financial statements for the financial period receive assurance from its Chief Executive Officer (or equivalent) and the Chief Financial Officer (or equivalent) a declaration that the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.

Complies.

The Board requires the Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer to provide such a statement before approving the entity's financial statements for a financial period.

Recommendation 4.3

A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.

Complies.

The Company goes through external auditor approval for its corporate reports. External auditor attends AGMs and is available to answer questions from Security Holders relevant to the audit.

PRINCIPLE 5: MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

Recommendation 5.1

The entity should establish written policies designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at senior executive level for that compliance and disclose those policies or a summary of those policies.

Complies.

The Company has a written policy on information disclosure. The focus of these policies and procedures is continuous disclosure and improving access to information for investors.

The Company's continuous disclosure policy can be viewed at the Company's website.

Recommendation 5.2

A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.

Complies.

Recommendation 5.3

A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.

Complies.

PRINCIPLE 6: RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SHAREHOLDERS

Recommendation 6.1

The entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.

Complies.

The Company has provided specific information about itself and its key personnel and has developed a comprehensive Corporate Governance Plan.

Details can be found at the Company's website.

Recommendation 6.2	
The entity should design and implement an investor	Complies.
relations program to facilitate effective two-way	
communication with investors.	The Company has established a Shareholder's
	Communication Policy. The Company recognises the
	importance of forthright communications and aims to
	ensure that the shareholders are informed of all
	major developments affecting the Company.
	Details of the Shareholder's Communication Policy
	can be found on the Company's website.
Recommendation 6.3	
The entity should disclose the policies and processes	Complies.
it has in place to facilitate and encourage	
participation at meetings of security holders.	The Shareholder's Communication Policy is available
	on the Company's website and details are set out in
	the Company's annual report.
Recommendation 6.4	
A listed entity should ensure that all substantive	Complies
resolutions at a meeting of security holders are	
decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	
Recommendation 6.5	
A listed entity should give security holders the option	Complies.
to receive communications from, and send	
communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	
•	
PRINCIPLE 7: RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK	

Recommendation 7.1

The board of a listed entity should have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors and is chaired by an independent director.

The entity should disclose the charter of the committee, the members of the committee and at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings.

Complies.

The Board has established an audit and risk committee to oversee risk which is comprised of the whole Board.

Complies

The Company's charter for the audit and risk committee is available at the Company's website and the details of the number of times the committee met and the individual attendances is set out in the Company's annual report.

Recommendation 7.2

The board or board committee should review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound, to determine whether there have been any changes in the material business risk the entity faces and to ensure that they remain with the risk appetite set by the board.

The entity should also disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place

Complies.

The Company's Corporate Governance Plan includes a Risk Management Review Procedure and Compliance and Control policy.

The Board determines the Company's "risk profile" and is responsible for overseeing and approving risk management strategy and policies, internal compliance and internal control.

The Board has delegated to the audit and risk committee the responsibility for implementing the risk management system.

Details of the number of times the committee conducted a risk management review in relation to each reporting period will be disclosed in its annual reports.

Recommendation 7.3

The entity should disclose if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs. If the entity does not have an internal audit function, the entity should disclose that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.

Does not yet comply.

The Board has delegated the internal audit function to the audit and risk committee and intends to establish and implement the structure and role of the internal audit function.

The Company will disclose the details of the internal audit function in its future annual reports.

Recommendation 7.4

The entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

Complies.

The Company has an Audit and Risk committee appointed to manage economic sustainability and risk.

PRINCIPLE 8: REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

Recommendation 8.1

The board should establish a remuneration committee which has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors and is chaired by an independent director.

If the entity does not have a remuneration committee, the entity should disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

Does not yet comply due to the size of the Company. The entire board undertakes the functions normally delegated to a Remuneration Committee.

The Board has adopted a Remuneration Committee Charter.

However, the Company is not of a size that justifies having a separate Remuneration Committee so matters typically considered by such a committee are dealt with by the full Board.

The Board has reviewed, through independent sources, the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives to ensure that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

Recommendation 8.2	
The entity should separately disclose its policies and	Complies.
practices regarding the remuneration of non-	•
executive directors and the remuneration of	The Company distinguishes the structure of Non-
executive directors and other senior executives.	executive Directors' remuneration from Executive
executive un ectors and other semon executives.	Directors and senior executives.
	Directors and serior executives.
	Details of the policies and practices regarding
	remuneration are set out in the Company's annual
	report.
	Teport.
	The Remuneration Committee Charter is disclosed on
	the Company's website.
Recommendation 8.3	the company 5 website.
If the entity has an equity-based remuneration	Complies.
scheme it should have a policy on whether	Compiles.
participants are permitted to enter into transactions	The Company's Share Trading Policy prohibits
(whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise)	executive staff from undertaking hedging or other
which limit the economic risk of participating in the	strategies that could limit the economic risk
scheme; and disclose that policy or a summary of it.	associated with Company Securities issued under any
	equity-based remuneration scheme.
	The Chare Trading Policy can be viewed on the
	The Share Trading Policy can be viewed on the
PRINCIPLE 9: ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT	Company's website
PRINCIPLE 9: ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT Recommendation 9.1	Company's website
Recommendation 9.1	Company's website APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES
Recommendation 9.1 A listed entity with a director who does not speak the	APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES We do not have a director in this position and
Recommendation 9.1 A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings	Company's website APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES
Recommendation 9.1 A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written	APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES We do not have a director in this position and
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Recommendation 9.1 A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents. Recommendation 9.2 A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time. Recommendation 9.3 A listed entity established outside Australia, and an	Company's website APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES We do not have a director in this position and therefore this recommendation is not applicable. We do not have a director in this position and therefore this recommendation is not applicable. We do not have a director in this position and
Recommendation 9.1 A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents. Recommendation 9.2 A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time. Recommendation 9.3 A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM,	Company's website APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES We do not have a director in this position and therefore this recommendation is not applicable. We do not have a director in this position and therefore this recommendation is not applicable.
Recommendation 9.1 A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents. Recommendation 9.2 A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time. Recommendation 9.3 A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its	Company's website APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES We do not have a director in this position and therefore this recommendation is not applicable. We do not have a director in this position and therefore this recommendation is not applicable. We do not have a director in this position and
Recommendation 9.1 A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents. Recommendation 9.2 A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time. Recommendation 9.3 A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM,	Company's website APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES We do not have a director in this position and therefore this recommendation is not applicable. We do not have a director in this position and therefore this recommendation is not applicable. We do not have a director in this position and

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

		ted	
		2022	2021
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Revenue	4	1,768	1,709
Cost of services		(425)	(488)
Other income and expenses	5	(2,338)	600
Cost of providing services and administration expenses	6a	(1,027)	(856)
Finance income	6b	4	127
Finance expenses	6c	(375)	(328)
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX		(2,393)	764
Income tax	7	-	-
PROFIT AFTER TAX		(2,393)	764
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Tax expenses		-	-
Other comprehensive income after tax	_	-	
Total comprehensive income		(2,393)	764
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO			
MEMBERS OF THE PARENT ENTITY		(2,393)	764
Earnings per shares		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share (cents)	17	(4.03)	1.29
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	17 17	(4.03)	1.29
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	1/	(4.03)	1.29

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS Canal dash equivalents 8 112 301 Trade and other receivables 9 (23) 904 Asset available for sales 1 132 128 Other current assets 11 132 128 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 2 221 2,352 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 12 34,474 30,497 Investment properties 12 34,474 30,497 Investment properties 10 - 2,255 Other assets 10 - 2,255 Total NON-CURRENT ASSETS 34,497 32,754 TOTAL ASSETS 34,695 35,106 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES 13 530 25,56 Financial liabilities 14 4,685 - Accrued payable and provision 75 105 TOTAL LURENT LIABILITIES 4 4,00 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 4			Consolidated	
ASSETS Current ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents 8 112 30 Trade and other receivables 9 (23) 904 Asset available for sales 1 1,019 Other current assets 11 132 128 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 221 2,352 Investment properties 12 34,474 30,497 Investment properties 10 - 2,255 Other assets 10 - 2 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 34,474 32,754 TOTAL ASSETS 34,695 35,106 LIABILITIES 34,695 35,106 CURRENT LIABILITIES 1 6,885 - Financial liabilities 14 6,885 - Accrued payable and provision 2 7,490 361 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 14 4,200 8,985 Financial liabilities 4 4 4 4 Accrued payable and provision 4 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>2022</th> <th>2021</th>			2022	2021
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents 8 112 301 Trade and other receivables 9 (23) 904 Asset available for sales 11 132 128 Other current assets 11 132 128 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 221 2,352 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 12 34,474 30,497 Investment properties 12 34,474 30,497 Investment properties 10 2 2,255 Other assets 10 2 2 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 34,695 35,106 TOTAL ASSETS 34,695 35,106 CURRENT LIABILITIES 13 530 256 Financial liabilities 14 6,885 - Accrued payable and provision 75 105 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 14 4,00 8,985 Financial liabilities 4 4 4 4 Accrued payable and provision 4 4		Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents 8 112 301 Trade and other receivables 9 (23) 904 Asset available for sales - 1,019 Other current assets 11 132 128 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 221 2,352 Investment properties 12 34,474 30,497 Investment - 2,255 Other assets 10 - 2 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 34,474 32,754 TOTAL ASSETS 34,695 35,106 LIABILITIES 34,695 35,106 CURRENT LIABILITIES 13 530 256 Financial liabilities 14 6,885 - Accrued payable and provision 7,490 361 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 7,490 361 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL LONGUERENT LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 TOTAL LIABILITIES	ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables 9 (23) 904 Asset available for sales - 1,019 Other current assets 11 132 128 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS - 221 2,352 NON-CURRENT ASSETS - 2,255 Investment properties 12 34,474 30,497 Investment - 2,255 Other assets 10 - 2 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 34,474 32,754 TOTAL ASSETS 34,695 35,106 LIABILITIES - 34,695 35,106 CURRENT LIABILITIES 13 530 256 Financial liabilities 14 6,885 - Accrued payable and provision 75 105 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 4 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 4 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 4 4,247 9,029 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 14 4,247	CURRENT ASSETS			
Asset available for sales	Cash and cash equivalents	8	112	301
Other current assets 11 132 128 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 221 2,352 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 34,474 30,497 Investment properties 12 34,474 30,497 Investment - 2,255 Other assets 10 - 2 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 34,695 35,106 TOTAL ASSETS 34,695 35,106 CURRENT LIABILITIES 530 256 Financial liabilities 13 530 256 Financial liabilities 14 6,885 - Accrued payable and provision 75 105 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 7,490 361 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL LONO-CURRENT LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 Financial liabilities 14 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL LURGUET LIABILITIES 22,		9	(23)	904
NON-CURRENT ASSETS 221 2,352 Investment properties 12 34,474 30,497 Investment 2 2,255 Other assets 10 - 2 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 34,695 35,106 CURRENT LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES 3 530 256 Financial liabilities 13 530 256 Financial liabilities 14 6,885 - Accrued payable and provision 75 105 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 7,490 361 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 47 44 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 22,958 25,716 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 45,700	Asset available for sales		-	1,019
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Investment properties 12 34,474 30,497 Investment - 2,255 Other assets 10 - 2 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 34,695 35,106 CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 13 530 256 Financial liabilities 14 6,885 - Accrued payable and provision 75 105 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 7,490 361 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 22,958 25,716 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 (45,700) (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the	Other current assets	11 _	132	128
Investment properties 12 34,474 30,497 Investment - 2,255 Other assets 10 - 2 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 34,474 32,754 TOTAL ASSETS 34,695 35,106 LIABILITIES STrade and other payables 13 530 256 Financial liabilities 14 6,885 - Accrued payable and provision 75 105 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 7,490 361 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 22,958 25,716 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 (45,700) (43,307) <th>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</th> <th>_</th> <th>221</th> <th>2,352</th>	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	221	2,352
Investment - 2,255 Other assets 10 - 2 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 34,474 32,754 TOTAL ASSETS 34,695 35,106 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES S Trade and other payables 13 530 256 Financial liabilities 14 6,885 - Accrued payable and provision 7,490 361 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 14 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 42 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 TOTAL SON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 TOTAL LIABILITIES 63,397 63,397 REQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 45,700 (43,307) Total eq	NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Other assets 10 - 2 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 34,474 32,754 TOTAL ASSETS 34,695 35,106 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 13 530 256 Financial liabilities 14 6,885 - Accrued payable and provision 7,490 361 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 11,737 9,390 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 45,700 (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716	Investment properties	12	34,474	30,497
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 34,474 32,754 TOTAL ASSETS 34,695 35,106 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 13 530 256 Financial liabilities 14 6,885 - Accrued payable and provision 7,490 361 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 7,490 361 Financial liabilities 14 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 22,958 25,716 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 (45,700) (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716	Investment		-	2,255
TOTAL ASSETS 34,695 35,106 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 13 530 256 Financial liabilities 14 6,885 - Accrued payable and provision 7,490 361 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 7,490 8,985 Financial liabilities 14 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 22,958 25,716 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 (45,700) (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716 Non-controlling interest - - -	Other assets	10	-	2
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 13 530 256 Financial liabilities 14 6,885 - Accrued payable and provision 75 105 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 7,490 361 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 14 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 22,958 25,716 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 (45,700) (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716 Non-controlling interest - - - -	TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		34,474	32,754
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 13 530 256 Financial liabilities 14 6,885 - Accrued payable and provision 75 105 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 7,490 361 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 14 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 11,737 9,390 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 45,700) (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716 Non-controlling interest - - -	TOTAL ASSETS	_	34,695	35,106
Trade and other payables 13 530 256 Financial liabilities 14 6,885 - Accrued payable and provision 75 105 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 7,490 361 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 14 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 22,958 25,716 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 (45,700) (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716 Non-controlling interest - - -	LIABILITIES			
Financial liabilities 14 6,885 - Accrued payable and provision 75 105 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 7,490 361 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 14 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 22,958 25,716 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 45,700) (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716 Non-controlling interest - - -	CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accrued payable and provision 75 105 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 7,490 361 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 14 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 22,958 25,716 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 45,700) (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716 Non-controlling interest - - -	Trade and other payables	13	530	256
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 7,490 361 Financial liabilities 14 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 22,958 25,716 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 (45,700) (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716 Non-controlling interest - - -	Financial liabilities	14	6,885	-
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Financial liabilities 14 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 22,958 25,716 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 (45,700) (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716 Non-controlling interest - - -	Accrued payable and provision		75	105
Financial liabilities 14 4,200 8,985 Accrued payable and provision 47 44 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 22,958 25,716 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 (45,700) (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716 Non-controlling interest - - -	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	7,490	361
Accrued payable and provision4744TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES4,2479,029TOTAL LIABILITIES11,7379,390NET ASSETS22,95825,716EQUITYEQUITYIssued Capital1563,39763,397Reserves165,2615,626Accumulated losses16(45,700)(43,307)Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity22,95825,716Non-controlling interest	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 4,247 9,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 22,958 25,716 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 (45,700) (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716 Non-controlling interest - - -	Financial liabilities	14	4,200	8,985
TOTAL LIABILITIES 11,737 9,390 NET ASSETS 22,958 25,716 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 (45,700) (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716 Non-controlling interest - - -	Accrued payable and provision		47	44
NET ASSETS 22,958 25,716 EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 (45,700) (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716 Non-controlling interest - - -	TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		4,247	9,029
EQUITY Issued Capital 15 63,397 63,397 Reserves 16 5,261 5,626 Accumulated losses 16 (45,700) (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716 Non-controlling interest	TOTAL LIABILITIES		11,737	9,390
Issued Capital1563,39763,397Reserves165,2615,626Accumulated losses16(45,700)(43,307)Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity22,95825,716Non-controlling interest	NET ASSETS	-	22,958	25,716
Reserves165,2615,626Accumulated losses16(45,700)(43,307)Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity22,95825,716Non-controlling interest	EQUITY			
Accumulated losses 16 (45,700) (43,307) Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716 Non-controlling interest	Issued Capital	15	63,397	63,397
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity 22,958 25,716 Non-controlling interest	Reserves	16	5,261	5,626
Non-controlling interest	Accumulated losses	16	(45,700)	(43,307)
	Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent entity		22,958	25,716
TOTAL EQUITY 22,958 25,716	Non-controlling interest			
	TOTAL EQUITY		22,958	25,716

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Consolidated	Notes	Issued Capital	Reserves	Accumulated Losses	Total Equity
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2022	15	63,397	5,626	(43,307)	25,716
Share issued		-	-	-	-
Share issuing costs		-	-	-	-
Profit for the year		-	-	(2,393)	(2,393)
Business combination		-	(365)	-	(365)
Balance at 31 December 2022	15	63,397	5,261	(45,700)	22,958
Balance at 1 January 2021		63,397	5,626	(44,071)	24,952
Share issued		-	-	-	-
Share issuing costs		-	-	-	-
Profit for the year		-	-	764	764
Balance at 31 December 2021	15	63,397	5,626	(43,307)	25,716

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Notes 2022	2024
Notes 2022	2021
\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities	
Receipts from customers 1,378	1,522
Payments to suppliers, employees and service providers (902)	L,531)
Interest received 6	10
Interest paid (373)	(295)
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities 19 109	(294)
Cash flows from investing activities	
	4 000
-,	4,800
Payments for investment properties improvements (1,025)	(125)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	L,318)
Payments for property, plant and equipment -	
Repayment / (Advance) to other entities 408	(408)
Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities (2,398)	2,949
Cash flows from financing activities	
Proceeds from issuing share -	_
Share issuing cost -	_
	2,540)
Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities 2,100 (2	2,540)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (189)	115
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 301	186
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 8 112	301

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The consolidated financial statements and notes of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors and covers Hudson Investment Group Limited (the **Company**) as the parent entity as well as the group consisting of Hudson Investment Group Limited and its subsidiaries as required by the *Corporations Act 2001* (the **Group**).

The consolidated financial statements and notes are presented in Australian currency.

Hudson Investment Group Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in Australia whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange.

2. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Basis of preparation

This general-purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accountancy Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Statement of Compliance

Australian Accounting Standards ('AASBs') include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial report of Hudson Investment Group Limited also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Details of critical accounting estimates and assumptions about the future made by management at reporting date are set out below:

Impairment of assets

The Company assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Group that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates.

Critical judgements

Management have made the following judgements when applying the Group's accounting policies:

Recognition of deferred tax assets

In line with the Group's accounting policy (Note 2f) and as disclosed in Note 7, deferred tax assets have not been recognised.

Going Concern

This financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of business activities and the realisation of assets and payments of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The directors believe the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due and to fund near term anticipated activities.

2. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on the historical cost convention except for where noted in these accounting policies.

Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

ASIC Class Order 98/100

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Class Order 98/100, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the 'rounding off' of amounts in the financial report. Amounts in the financial report have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases, the nearest dollar.

b. Principles of consolidation

Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Hudson Investment Group Limited ("**the parent entity**") as at the reporting date and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. Hudson Investment Group Limited and its subsidiaries together are referred to in this financial report as the Group.

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from the entity's activities, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases. The financial performance of those entities is included only for the period of the year that they were controlled.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Minority interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income and Statement of Financial Position respectively.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost in the individual financial statements of Hudson Investment Group Limited.

c. Segment reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different to those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment and is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments. Reporting to management by segments is on this basis.

d. Foreign currency transactions and balances

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Hudson Investment Group Limited's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

(iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each Statement of Financial Position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that Statement of Financial Position;
- income and expenses for each Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions);
- retained earnings are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of transactions; and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to shareholders' equity. When a foreign operation is sold, or borrowings repaid a proportionate share of such exchange differences are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as part of the gain or loss on the sale where applicable.

e. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at the fair value of consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances and duties and taxes paid. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of Goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have passed to the buyer and can be reliably measured. Risks and rewards are considered passed to buyer when goods have been delivered to the customer.

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised as it accrues taking into account the effective yield on the financial asset.

Rental Income

Rental income on investment properties is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the periods when they are earned.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

f. Income tax

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

The Company and its wholly owned entities are part of a tax-consolidated group under Australian taxation law. Hudson Investment Group Limited is the head entity in the tax-consolidated group. Tax expense/income, deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences of the members of the tax-consolidated group are recognised in the separate financial statements of the members of the tax-consolidated group using the 'separate taxpayer within group' approach. Current tax liabilities and assets and deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and tax credits of the members of the tax-consolidated group are recognised by the Company (as head entity in the tax-consolidated group).

The amounts receivable/payable under tax funding arrangements are due upon notification by the entity which is issued soon after the end of each financial year. Interim funding notices may also be issued by the head entity to its wholly owned subsidiaries. These amounts are recognised as current inter-company receivables or payables.

g. Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- where the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are included in Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis except for the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority, are classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

h. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash and cash equivalents on hand and at call deposits with banks or financial institutions, investment in money market instruments maturing within less than 3 months, net of bank overdrafts.

i. Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less provision for doubtful debts. Trade receivables are due for settlement no more than 60 days from the date of recognition.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. A provision for doubtful receivables is established when there is objective evidence that entities in the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables.

j. Inventories

Inventories include raw materials, work in progress and finished goods.

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on the basis of weighted average costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

k. Impairment of assets

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units).

Non-financial assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting period.

I. Financial instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the company commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit or loss', in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Finance instruments are subsequently measured at either of fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, or cost. Fair value represents the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Amortised cost is calculated as:

- (a) the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition;
- (b) less principal repayments;
- (c) plus or minus the cumulative amortisation of the difference, if any, between the amount initially recognised and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest method; and
- (d) less any reduction for impairment.

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense in profit or loss.

The Group does not designate any interests in subsidiaries, associates or joint venture entities as being subject to the requirements of accounting standards specifically applicable to financial instruments.

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified at 'fair value through profit or loss' when they are either held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking, derivatives not held for hedging purposes, or when they are designated as such to avoid an accounting mismatch or to enable performance evaluation where a group of financial assets is managed by key management personnel on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in carrying value being included in profit or loss.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Loans and receivables are included in current assets, except for those which are not expected to mature within 12 months after reporting date. (All other loans and receivables are classified as non-current assets.)

(iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the Group's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Held-to-maturity investments are included in non-current assets, except for those which are expected to mature within 12 months after reporting date. (All other investments are classified as current assets.)

If during the period the Group sold or reclassified more than an insignificant amount of the held-to-maturity investments before maturity, the entire held-to-maturity investments category would be tainted and reclassified as available-for-sale.

(iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either not suitable to be classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature, or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

Available-for-sale financial assets are included in non-current assets, except for those which are expected to be disposed of within 12 months after reporting date. (All other financial assets are classified as current assets.)

(v) Financial Liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

De-recognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

m. Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the Statement of Financial Position date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by entities in the Group is the current bid price; the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current ask price.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. Entities in the Group use a variety of methods and make assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance date. Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments are used for long-term debt instruments held. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to entities in the Group for similar financial instruments.

n. Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings are shown at fair value, based on periodic valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the re-valued amount of the asset. All other plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to the asset revaluation reserve in equity. A revaluation surplus is credited to the asset revaluation reserve included within shareholder's equity unless it reverses a revaluation decrease on the same asset previously recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. A revaluation deficit is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income unless it directly offsets a previous revaluation surplus on the same asset in the asset revaluation reserve. On disposal, any revaluation reserve relating to sold assets is transferred to retained earnings. Independent valuations are performed regularly to ensure the carrying amounts of land and buildings do not differ materially from the fair value at the Statement of Financial Position date.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight line, over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Plant and equipment 10 years (depreciation rate 10%)
 Buildings 20 years (depreciation rate 5%)

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each Statement of Financial Position date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 2 (m)).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

o. Investment property

Investment property is held for long-term rental yields and is not occupied by the Group. Investment property is carried at fair value, which is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices in less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. These valuations are reviewed annually. Changes in fair values are recorded in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as part of other income.

p. Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

q. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and the outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

r. Other liabilities

Other liabilities comprise non-current amounts due to related parties that do not bear interest and are repayable within one year of Statement of Financial Position date.

s. Employee benefits

Wages, Salaries and Annual Leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and annual leave expected to be settled within one year of Statement of Financial Position date are recognised in other liabilities in respect of employees' services rendered up to Statement of Financial Position date and are measured at amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Long Service Leave

The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.

In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may satisfy resting requirements. Those cash flows are discounted using market yields on national government bonds with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cash flows.

t. Issued capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown as a deduction from the equity proceeds, net of any income tax benefit.

u. Share-based payments

Ownership-based remuneration is provided to employees via an employee share option plan and employee share plan.

Share-based compensation is recognised as an expense in respect of the services received, measured on a fair value basis.

The fair value of the options at grant date is independently determined using a Black Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the vesting and performance criteria, the impact of dilution, the non-tradeable nature of the option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option.

The fair value of the options granted excludes the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. At each Statement of Financial Position date, the Group revises its estimate of the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. The employee benefit expense recognised each period takes into account the most recent estimate.

Upon the exercise of options, the balance of the share-based payments reserve relating to those options is transferred to share capital.

v. Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS is calculated as net profit attributable to members, adjusted to exclude costs of servicing equity (other than dividends), divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

Diluted EPS is calculated as net profit attributable to members, adjusted for costs of servicing equity (other than dividends), the after tax effect of dividends and interest associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares that have been recognised as expenses; and other non-discretionary changes in revenues or expenses during the period that would result from the dilution of potential ordinary shares; divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive potential ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

w. New Accounting Standards for Application

The AASB has issued new and amended accounting standards and interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods. The group has decided against early adoption of these standards. We have reviewed these standards and interpretations and there are none having any material effect.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

General objectives, policies and processes

In common with all other businesses, the Group is exposed to risks that arise from its use of financial instruments. This note describes the Group's objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks and the methods used to measure them. Further quantitative information in respect of these risks is presented throughout these financial statements.

There have been no substantive changes in the Group's exposure to financial instrument risks, its objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks or the methods used to measure them from previous periods unless otherwise stated in this note.

The Board has overall responsibility for the determination of the Group's risk management objectives and policies and, whilst retaining ultimate responsibility for them, it has delegated the authority for designing and operating processes that ensure the effective implementation of the objectives and policies to the Group's finance function. The Groups' risk management policies and objectives are therefore designed to minimise the potential impacts of these risks on the results of the Group where such impacts may be material. The Board receives reports from the Chief Financial Officer through which it reviews the effectiveness of the processes put in place and the appropriateness of the objectives and policies it sets. The Group's finance function also reviews the risk management policies and processes and report their findings to the Audit Committee.

The overall objective of the Board is to set policies that seek to reduce risk as far as possible without unduly affecting the Group's competitiveness and flexibility.

Further details regarding these policies are set out below.

The Group and the parent entity hold the following financial instruments:

	Consolidat	ed
	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	112	301
Trade and other receivables	(23)	904
Investment		1,019
	89	2,224
Financial liabilities Current		
Trade and other payables	530	256
Financial liabilities	6,885	-
Non-current		
Financial liabilities	4,200	8,985
	11,615	9,241

b. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the other party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge their obligation resulting in the Group incurring a financial loss. This usually occurs when debtors or counterparties to derivative contracts fail to settle their obligations owing to the Group excluding the available for sale financial assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date is the carrying amount of the financial assets, excluding the available for sale financial assets, as summarised under note(a) above.

For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties are accepted and each deposit account is kept to under \$0.25 million to ensure that it is covered by the Governments bank deposit guarantee scheme.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date by country is as follows:

	Consolidated	Consolidated	
	2022	2021	
	\$'000 \$	3'000	
Australia	278 1	L,188	
	278 1	l,188	

c. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group may encounter difficulties raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments that is, borrowing repayments. Bank loans are detailed below. The funds were provided by bankers for the Group and the Parent Company. It is the policy of the Board of Directors that treasury reviews and maintains adequate committed credit facilities and the ability to close-out market positions.

Maturity Analysis of financial assets

Consolidated 2022	Carrying Amount \$'000	Contractual Cash flows \$'000	< 6 mths \$'000	6- 12 mths \$'000	1-3 years \$'000	> 3 years \$'000
Current Cash and cash equivalent Trade and other	112	112	112	-	-	-
receivables Investment	(23)	(23)	- -	- -	-	- -
Total financial assets	89	89	112	-	-	
2021						
Current Cash and cash						
equivalent Trade and other	301	301	301	-	-	-
receivables	904	904	400	504	-	-
Investment	1,019	1,019	1,019	-	-	
Total financial assets	2,224	2,224	1,720	504	-	

Maturity Analysis of financial liabilities

	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash flows	< 6 mths	6- 12 mths	1-3 years	> 3 years
Consolidated 2022	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current Trade and other	530	530	530	_	_	_
payables Financial liabilities	6,885	6,885	-	6,885	-	-
Non-current Financial Liabilities	4,200	4,200	-	-	4,200	
Total financial liabilities at amortised cost	11,615	11,615	530	6,885	4,200	
2021						
Current Trade and other payables Financial liabilities	256 -	256	256	-	-	- -
Non-current Financial Liabilities	8,985	8,985	-	-	8,985	
Total financial liabilities at amortised cost	9,241	9,241	256	-	8,985	

d. Market risk

Market risk arises from the use of interest bearing, tradable and foreign currency financial instruments. It is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in interest rates (interest rate risk), foreign exchange rates (currency risk) or other market factors (other price risk).

(i) Interest rate risk

The Group does not apply hedge accounting.

The Group is constantly monitoring its exposure to trends and fluctuations in interest rates in order to manage interest rate risk.

For further details of exposure to interest rate risk refer Note 14 Financial Liabilities.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to reasonably possible changes in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit after tax (through the impact on floating rate borrowings). There is no impact on the Group's equity.

	Carrying Amount	+1% Interest Rate	-1% Interest Rate
Consolidated 2022	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial Liabilities	11,085	(111)	111
Tax charge of 25%		28	(28)
After tax increase/(decrease)	11,085	(83)	83
2021 Financial Liabilities	8,985	(90)	90
Tax charge of 26%		23	(23)
After tax increase/(decrease)	8,985	(67)	67

(ii) Currency risk

The Group's policy is, where possible, to allow group entities to settle liabilities denominated in their functional currency (AUD) with the cash generated from their own operations in that currency. Where group entities have liabilities denominated in a currency other than their functional currency (and have insufficient reserves of that currency to settle them) cash already denominated in that currency will, where possible, be transferred from elsewhere within the Group.

In order to monitor the continuing effectiveness of this policy, the Group receives forecast, analysed by the major currencies held by the Group, of liabilities due for settlement and expected cash reserve.

There is no foreign currency loan as at reporting date (2021: Nil).

Capital risk management

In managing its capital, the Group's primary objectives are to pay dividends and maintain liquidity. These objectives dictate any adjustments to capital structure. Rather than set policies, advice is taken from professional advisors as to how to achieve these objectives. There has been no change in either of these objectives, or what is considered capital in the year.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistently with others in the industry, the Group and the parent entity monitor capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including 'Financial liabilities' and 'trade and other payables' as shown in the Statement of Financial Position) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the Statement of Financial Position (including minority interest) plus net debt.

It is the Group's policy to maintain its gearing ratio at a healthy and manageable level. The Group's gearing ratio at the Statement of Financial Position date is as follows:

Gearing ratios	Consolidat	ted
	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Total borrowings	11,085	8,985
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(112)	(301)
Net borrowings	10,973	8,684
Total equity	22,958	25,716
Total capital – equity and borrowings	33,931	34,400
Gearing Ratio	32%	25%

There have been no other significant changes to the Group's capital management objectives, policies and processes in the year nor has there been any change in what the Group considers to be its capital.

4

(2)

(375)

127

(295)

(33) (328)

4. REVENUE

4.	REV	ENUE		
			Consolidate	ed
			2022	2021
			\$'000	\$'000
	Ren	tal Income	1,766	1,699
	Fee	Income	2	10
			1,768	1,709
5.	ОТН	ER INCOME AND EXPENSES		
			Consolidate	ed
			2022	2021
			\$'000	\$'000
	Cha	nge in fair value of investment properties	(1,860)	442
	Cha	nge in fair value of investment properties project	2	(135)
		fit on disposal of properties	-	473
	Dou	btful debt provision and others	(480)	(180)
			(2,338)	600
6.	EXP	ENSES		
			Consolidate	4
			2022	u 2021
			\$'000	\$'000
		The profit/(loss) before income tax is arrived after (charging)/crediting the following specific amounts:	,	,
	a.	Cost of providing services and administration expenses		
		Consulting and professional expenses	(323)	(259)
		Director and Employee on costs	(336)	(317)
		Legal expenses	(113)	(27)
		Other administration expenses	(255)	(253)
			(1,027)	(856)
	b.	Finance income		

c.	Finance expenses	
	Interest paid – bank loan	(373)

Finance income Interest received

Others

7. INCOME TAX

a. Income tax expense	Consolid	ated
	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Income tax expense		
Current tax expense	-	-
Deferred tax expense	-	-
Total income tax expense/(benefit)	-	-
Deferred tax expense		
Increase in deferred tax expense/(benefit)	<u>-</u>	
b. Numerical reconciliation of income tax to prima facie tax payable		
Profit from continuing operations before income tax expense	(2,393)	764
Income tax expense (benefit) calculated @ 25% (2021:25%) Deferred tax expenses relating to partly owned subsidiaries outside of the tax consolidated group	(598)	191
Temporary differences not brought to account	428	(97)
Recoupment of prior year tax losses not previously brought to account	-	(94)
Tax losses not brought to account	170	<u>-</u>
Income tax expense/(benefit) at effective tax rate of 25% (2021: 25%)	_	
Aggregate current and deferred tax arising during the reporting period and not recognised in profit and loss but directly debited or credited to equity: Current income tax Current income tax on transaction costs of issuing equity instruments	- -	<u>-</u> -

7. INCOME TAX continued

d. Unrecognised deferred tax assets and liabilities

		Consolidate	ed
		2022	2021
		\$'000	\$'000
	The unrecognised deferred tax assets of the Group include \$4,087,515 (2021: \$3,425,613) in relation to carried forward tax losses and \$5,540,341 (2021: \$5,540,341) in relation to carried forward capital losses. Deferred tax assets and liabilities have not been recognised in the statement of financial position for the following items: Prior year unrecognised tax losses now ineligible due to		
	change in tax consolidation group		
	Other deductible temporary differences/permanent differences and tax losses	681	<u> </u>
		681	
	Potential benefit/(expense) at 25% (2021: 25%)	170	-
e.	Deferred tax assets		
	Deferred tax assets comprise temporary differences attributable to: Amounts recognised in profit and loss		
	Tax losses	-	-
	Amounts recognised directly in equity		
	Share issue expenses	-	-
		-	-
f.	Deferred tax liabilities		
	Deferred tax liabilities comprise temporary differences attributable to:		
	Amounts recognised directly in equity Revaluations of land and buildings Amounts recognised in profit and loss	-	-
	Capitalised development costs		
			-
		·	

8. CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Consc	olidated
	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash at bank and on hand	112	301
Cash held in trust accounts	112	301
Weighted average interest rates	0.00%	0.00%

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Trade receivables (note a)	178	274
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(258)	(258)
	(80)	16
Deposit	100	114
Provision	(100)	-
Other receivables (note b)	57	364
Advance to other entities (note c)	-	410
	(23)	904

a. Trade receivables past due but not impaired

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Up to 3 months	(87)	(39)
3 to 6 months	265	313
	178	274

b. Other receivables

These amounts relate to receivables for GST and deposit paid.

c. Advance to other entities and parties

One interest bearing secured loan of \$nil million (2021: \$0.41 million) was advanced to a related entity, Hudson Marketing Pty Ltd. The loan was fully settled in January 2022. None were written down during the year.

Refer to note 25 for details.

d. Advances to controlled entities

There are no advances to controlled entities that are past due but not impaired as measurement is tied to recoverability. The advances are non-interest bearing and with no securities.

e. Fair value and credit risk

Current trade and other receivables

Due to the short-term nature of these receivables their carrying amount is assumed to approximate their fair value

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of each class of receivables mentioned above.

10. OTHER ASSETS

	Consolida	Consolidated	
	2022		
	\$ ′000	\$'000	
Non-Current			
Development cost - investment in acquiring one property			
and related costs	-	1,387	
Provision for diminution in value	_	(1,385)	
		2	

11.	OTHER CURRENT ASSETS	Consolida	Consolidated		
		2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000		
	Prepayments Others	132	128		
	Officia	132	128		

12. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Consolid	Consolidated		
	2022	2021		
	\$'000	\$'000		
Non-current				
Investment properties at fair value	34,474	30,497		
	34,474	30,497		

a. Valuation basis

The basis of the valuation of investment properties is fair value being the amounts for which the properties could be exchanged between willing parties in an arm's length transaction, based on current prices in an active market for similar properties in the same location and condition and subject to similar leases. The revaluations were based on a combination of independent assessments made by a member of the Australian Property Institute and directors' valuations.

	Consolidated		
	2022 2021		
	\$'000	\$'000	
Investment properties at fair value			
Independent valuation	41,875	30,425	
Director valuation	-	450	
Acquisition cost	4,000	-	
Capital works improvements and capitalised costs	2,671	254	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment provision	(14,072)	(632)	
	34,474	30,497	

b. Reconciliation

A reconciliation of the carrying amount of investment properties at the beginning and end of the current financial year is set out below:

	Consolidated		
	2022 202		
	\$'000	\$'000	
At fair value			
Balance at beginning of year	30,497	34,181	
Acquisition of property	4,000	-	
Disposal of land and building	-	(4,148)	
Capital Works and improvement	1,837	22	
Change in fair value	(1,860)	442	
Carrying amount at end of the year	34,474	30,497	

c. Amounts recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for investment properties

	Consolidated		
	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000	
Rental and services income	1,766	1,699	
Property running expenses	425	488	

d. Non-current assets pledged as security

Refer to Note 14 for information on non-current assets pledged as security by the parent entity or its controlled entities.

Consolidated

13. **TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES**

	Consolidated		
	2022	2021	
Current	\$'000	\$'000	
Unsecured			
Trade and other creditors	483	201	
Other payables	47	55	
	530	256	
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES			

14. F

	consonatea	
	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Secured		
Lease and hire purchase liabilities	-	-
Bank loan	6,885	
Total Current	6,885	

Non-Current Secured

Lease and hire purchase liabilities	-	-
Bank loan	4,200	8,985
Total Non-Current	4,200	8,985

Security for borrowings

Bank loan is secured by first mortgages over the Group's land and properties and fixed charges over assets of the Group. The loans are repayable in 2023 and 2024. The interest rate is at 4.9% (2021: 2.3%).

The facilities are subject to an annual review and compliance of financial covenants.

Assets pledged as security

The carrying amounts of non-current assets pledged as security are:

	Consolidated		
	2022	2021	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Land and Investment Properties	31,403	30,497	
	31,403	30,497	

The fair value of borrowings is equivalent to the carrying amounts of loans liabilities.

Risk exposure

Information about the Group's exposure to interest rate changes is provided in Note 3.

15. ISSUED CAPITAL

		Consolidated and Parent Entity		Consolidated and Parent Entity	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
		Shares	Shares		
		Number	Number	\$'000	\$'000
Sha	re capital				
Ordinary shares		59,359,935	59,359,935	63,397	63,397
a.	Movement during the year				
	Balance at beginning of the year	59,359,935	59,359,935	63,397	63,397
	Share issued	-	-	-	-
	Share issuing cost		-	-	
	Balance at the end of the year	59,359,935	59,359,935	63,397	63,397

b. Terms and conditions

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the parent entity in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

c. Options

There are no unissued ordinary shares of the Company under option at the date of this report.

d. Performance Options

No options were granted and issued during this year.

16. RESERVES AND ACCUMULATED LOSSES

a. Reserves

	Consolidated		
	2022	2021	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Asset revaluation reserve	1,141	1,141	
Capital reserve	5,386	5,751	
Foreign currency translation reserve	(1,266)	(1,266)	
	5,261	5,626	
Movements in reserves			
Asset revaluation reserve			
Balance at start of period	1,141	1,141	
Business combination movement			
Balance at the end of period	1,141	1,141	
Capital Profits Reserve			
Balance at start of period	5,751	5,751	
Business combination movement	(365)		
Balance at the end of period	5,386	5,751	
Foreign currency translation reserve			
Balance at start of period	(1,266)	(1,266)	
Currency translation differences			
Balance at the end of period	(1,266)	(1,266)	

The asset revaluation reserve records increments and decrements on the revaluation of individual parcels of land and buildings. The balance standing to the credit of the reserve may be used to satisfy the distribution of bonus shares to shareholders and is only available for the payment of cash dividends in limited circumstances as permitted by law, net of capital gains tax payable.

The foreign currency translation reserve is used to record exchange differences on translation of foreign controlled subsidiaries. The reserve is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income when the investment is disposed of.

b. Accumulated losses

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	(43,307)	(44,071)
Profit for the year	(2,393)	764
Balance at the end of the year	(45,700)	(43,307)

17. EARNINGS / (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	2022 Cents (4.03) (4.03)	2021 Cents 1.29 1.29
Profit used in calculating basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share	2022 \$'000 (2,393)	2021 \$'000 764
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	2022 Shares 59,359,935	2021 Shares 59,359,935
Adjustments for calculation of diluted earnings per share		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share.	59,359,935	59,359,935

18. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Consolidated Entity's primary reporting format is business segments and its secondary reporting format is geographical segments.

Business segments

The Consolidated entity is organised into the following divisions by product and service type.

Property investment & development

Development and administration of industrial property in eastern Australia.

Geographical segments

All business segments operate principally within Australia.

Accounting policies

Segment revenues and expenses are those directly attributable to the segments and include any joint revenue and expenses where a reasonable basis of allocation exists. Segment assets include all assets used by a segment and consist principally of cash, receivables, inventories, intangibles and property, plant and equipment, net of allowances and accumulated depreciation and amortisation. While most assets can be directly attributed to individual segments, the carrying amount of certain assets used jointly by two or more segments is allocated to segments on a reasonable basis. Segment liabilities consist principally of payables, employee benefits, accrued expenses, provisions and borrowings.

Inter-segment transfers

Segment revenues, expenses and results include transfers between segments. All other intersegment transfers are priced on an "arm's-length" basis and are eliminated on consolidation.

18. OPERATING SEGMENTS continued

Primary reporting – business segments

	Property investment & development	Investment Services	Intersegment eliminations/ unallocated	Consolidated
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
2022 Sales to external customers Intersegment sales	1,768 -	-	-	1,768
Total sales revenue Other revenue	1,768 -	-	-	1,768 -
Total segment revenue =	1,768	-	-	1,768
Segment result				
Profit/(loss) before tax Tax expense	(2,393) -	-	-	(2,393) -
Net profit/(loss)	(2,393)	-	-	(2,393)
5	24.505			24.505
Segment assets Segment liabilities	34,695 11,737	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	34,695 11,737
Acquisition of non-current	11,737			11,737
assets	3,825	-	-	3,825
Depreciation and amortisation expense	-	-	-	
2021				
Sales to external customers	1,699	10	-	1,709
Intersegment sales Total sales revenue	- 1,699	- 10	-	- 1,709
Other revenue	-	-	-	<u> </u>
Total segment revenue	1,699	10		1,709
Segment result Profit/(loss) before income tax expense Tax expense	889 -	(125) -	- -	764 -
Net profit/(loss)	889	(125)	-	764
=		, ,		
Segment assets	31,832	3,274	-	35,106
Segment liabilities	9,390	-	-	9,390
Acquisition of non-current assets	125	1,318	-	1,443
Depreciation and amortisation expense	-	-	-	-

19. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

a. Reconciliation of net cash provided by/(used in) from operating activities

	Consolida	ated
	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(2,393)	764
Change in fair value of investment properties	1,860	(442)
Profit on disposal of investment properties	-	(473)
Doubtful debt and investment provision	480	315
Change in operating assets and liabilities: (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	(1,133)	(298)
(Increase)/decrease in other current assets	1,019	(69)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other creditors	276	(91)
(Increase) in deferred tax assets	-	-
Increase in deferred tax liabilities		-
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	109	(294)

b. Significant non-cash transactions

No other significant non-cash transactions occurred during the year.

20. CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Name of entity	Class of Share/unit	Equity Holding		Country of formation or incorporation
		2022	2021	
		%	%	
HTH Holdings Pty Limited	Ordinary	100	100	Australia
Hudson Property Group Limited	Ordinary	100	100	Australia
HSC Property Pty Limited	Ordinary	100	100	Australia
Hudson Land Pty Limited	Ordinary	100	100	Australia
Hudson Bowen Hill Pty Ltd	Ordinary	100	100	Australia
Hudson Regent Development Pty Ltd	Ordinary	100	30	Australia
Regent Property Trust	Ordinary	100	30	Australia
Halloran Properties Pty Ltd*	Ordinary	0	100	Australia
HSC Property 1 Pty Ltd*	Ordinary	0	100	Australia
Halloran Property 1 Pty Ltd*	Ordinary	0	100	Australia
Halloran Properties Unit Trust*	Ordinary	0	100	Australia
Halloran Properties 1 Unit Trust*	Ordinary	0	100	Australia

^{*}Inactive and dormant entities – deregistered during the year

21. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Deed of Cross Guarantee

As at 31 December 2022, Hudson Investment Group Limited, HTH Holdings Pty Ltd, Hudson Property Group Limited, HSC Property Pty Limited, Hudson Land Pty Ltd, Halloran Properties Pty Ltd and Hudson Bowen Hills Pty Ltd entered a Deed of Cross Guarantee under which each Company guarantees the debts of the others.

By entering into the deed, the wholly owned entities have been relieved from the requirement to prepare a financial report and Directors' report under Class Order 98/1418 (as amended by Class Order 98/2017) issued by the Australian Securities & Investments Commission.

The above companies represent a 'Closed Group' for the purposes of the Class Order, and as there are no other parties to the Deed of Cross Guarantee that are controlled by Hudson Investment Group Limited, they also represent the 'Extended Closed Group'. These consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 represent those of the "Closed Group".

22. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER BALANCE DATE

At the date of this report there are no other matters or circumstances, other than noted above, which have arisen since 31 December 2022 that have significantly affected or may significantly affect:

- The operations, in financial years subsequent to 31 December 2022 of the Group;
- The results of those operations; or
- The state of affairs in financial years subsequent to 31 December 2022 of the Group.

23. PARENT ENTITY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

a. Summary financial information

The individual financial statements for the parent entity show the following aggregate amounts:

	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Statement of Financial Position	Ş 000	\$ 000
Asset		
Current assets	62	692
Non-current asset	18,934	16,724
Total assets	18,996	17,416
-	10,550	17,410
Current liabilities	142	183
Non-Current liabilities	6,671	3,648
Total liabilities	6,813	3,831
	0,013	3,631
Shareholder's equity		
Issued Capital	63,397	63,397
Reserves	-	-
Accumulated losses	(51,214)	(49,812)
Total equity	12,183	13,585
Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income		
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(1,402)	(540)
Total comprehensive profit/(loss)	(1,402)	(540)

b. Guarantees entered into by the parent entity

Hudson Investment Group Limited has provided guarantees to several wholly owned controlled entities within the Group. No liability was recognised by Hudson Investment Group Limited in relation to these guarantees as the likelihood of payment is not probable.

c. Contingent liabilities of the parent entity

Refer to note 21.

d. Contractual commitments by the parent entity for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

There are no contractual commitments by the parent entity for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

24. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES

a. Directors

The following persons were Directors of Hudson Investment Group Limited during the financial year unless otherwise stated:

John W FareyNon-Executive DirectorAppointed 1 Feb 2002Alan P BeasleyManaging DirectorAppointed 19 Jan 2015Wei HuangExecutive DirectorAppointed 4 June 2019John J FoleyNon-Executive DirectorAppointed 6 Aug 2014Dr Cheng Fong HanNon-Executive DirectorAppointed 1 June 2017

Pin Chua Non-Executive Director Appointed 27 September 2022

b. Other key management personnel

The following persons were key management personnel of Hudson Investment Group Limited during the financial year:

Vincent Tan Director of controlled entity

Henry Kinstlinger Joint Company Secretary Appointed 16 March 2016 Mona Esapournoori Joint Company Secretary Appointed 5 June 2018

Francis Choy Chief Financial Officer

24. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES continued

c. Compensation of Directors and other key management personnel

	Short Term Bene	Employee efits	Post- Employment	Long Term Benefits	
_	Salary and other fees	Non- Monetary Benefits	Superannuation	Long Service Leave	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Consolidated					
2022					
Directors					
Alan P Beasley	150,000	-	-	-	150,000
John W Farey	12,000	-	-	-	12,000
Wei Huang **	210,000	-	-	-	210,000
John J Foley	-	-	-	-	-
Dr Cheng Fong Han	-	-	-	-	-
Pin Chua***	-	-	-	-	-
Director - Total	372,000	-	-	-	372,000
KMP					
Vincent Tan	90,000	-	-	-	90,000
Henry Kinstlinger	-	-	-	-	-
Mona Esapournoori	12,000	-	1,230	200	13,430
Francis Choy	120,000	-	12,300	1,985	134,285
KMP - Total	222,000	-	13,530	2,185	237,715
2021					
Directors					
Alan P Beasley*	170,000	-	-	-	170,000
John W Farey	12,000	-	-	-	12,000
Wei Huang**	210,000	-	-	-	210,000
John J Foley	-	-	-	-	-
Dr Cheng Fong Han	-	-	-	-	-
Director - Total	392,000	-	-	-	392,000
KMP					
Vincent Tan	120,000	-	-	-	120,000
Henry Kinstlinger	-	-	=	-	- -
Mona Esapournoori	2,000	-	200	32	2,232
Francis Choy	120,000	=	11,700	1,984	133,684
KMP - Total	242,000	-	11,900	2,016	255,916

The amounts reported represent the total remuneration paid by entities in the Group in relation to managing the affairs of all the entities within the Group. The remuneration has not been allocated between the individual entities within the Group as this would not be practicable.

There are no performance conditions related to any of the above payments. There is no other element of Directors and other Key Management Personnel remuneration.

^{*}Mr Beasley received director fee \$150,000 and consulting fee \$20,000

^{**}Mr Huang received director fee \$150,000 and consultancy fee \$60,000 via related entity

^{***}Mr Pin Chua - appointed 27 September 2022

24. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES CONTINUED

d. Shareholdings and option holdings of key management personnel

Shares held in Hudson Investment Group Limited

The numbers of shares in the Company held during the financial year by each director of Hudson Investment Group Limited and other key management personnel of the Group, including their personally related parties, are set out below. There were no shares granted during the reporting period as compensation.

Direct and indirect interest in ordinary shares

Ordinary Shares Direct Interest	Balance at start of year shares	Changes during the year shares	Balance at end of year shares
2022 Directors			
John W Farey	1,000	_	1,000
Alan P Beasley	-	_	-
Wei Huang	-	_	-
John J Foley	-	-	-
Dr. Cheng Fong Han	-	-	-
Pin Chua	-	-	-
2021			
Directors			
John W Farey	1,000	-	1,000
Alan P Beasley	160,000	(160,000)	-
Wei Huang	-	-	-
John J Foley	-	-	-
Dr. Cheng Fong Han	-	-	-
Ordinary Shares	Balance at start	Changes during	Balance at end
Ordinary Shares Indirect Interest	of year	the year	of year
Indirect Interest			
Indirect Interest 2022	of year	the year	of year
Indirect Interest 2022 Directors	of year	the year	of year
2022 Directors John W Farey	of year shares -	the year shares	of year shares -
2022 Directors John W Farey Alan P Beasley	of year shares - 160,000	the year shares	of year shares - 160,000
2022 Directors John W Farey Alan P Beasley Wei Huang	of year shares -	the year shares - -	of year shares -
2022 Directors John W Farey Alan P Beasley	of year shares - 160,000	the year shares - - -	of year shares - 160,000
Indirect Interest 2022 Directors John W Farey Alan P Beasley Wei Huang John J Foley	of year shares - 160,000	the year shares - - -	of year shares - 160,000
Indirect Interest 2022 Directors John W Farey Alan P Beasley Wei Huang John J Foley Dr. Cheng Fong Han	of year shares - 160,000	the year shares - - -	of year shares - 160,000
Indirect Interest 2022 Directors John W Farey Alan P Beasley Wei Huang John J Foley Dr. Cheng Fong Han Pin Chua 2021 Directors	of year shares - 160,000	the year shares - - -	of year shares - 160,000
Indirect Interest 2022 Directors John W Farey Alan P Beasley Wei Huang John J Foley Dr. Cheng Fong Han Pin Chua 2021 Directors John W Farey	of year shares - 160,000	the year shares	of year shares - 160,000 6,000,000 - -
Indirect Interest 2022 Directors John W Farey Alan P Beasley Wei Huang John J Foley Dr. Cheng Fong Han Pin Chua 2021 Directors John W Farey Alan P Beasley	of year shares - 160,000 6,000,000 - - -	the year shares - - -	of year shares - 160,000 6,000,000 - - - - 160,000
Indirect Interest 2022 Directors John W Farey Alan P Beasley Wei Huang John J Foley Dr. Cheng Fong Han Pin Chua 2021 Directors John W Farey Alan P Beasley Wei Huang	of year shares - 160,000	the year shares	of year shares - 160,000 6,000,000 - -
Indirect Interest 2022 Directors John W Farey Alan P Beasley Wei Huang John J Foley Dr. Cheng Fong Han Pin Chua 2021 Directors John W Farey Alan P Beasley	of year shares - 160,000 6,000,000 - - -	the year shares	of year shares - 160,000 6,000,000 - - - - 160,000

No options over unissued shares were granted during the year and no options have been granted in the period since the end of the financial year and to the date of this report. At the date of this report there were no unissued shares in the capital of the Company under option.

e. Loans to key management personnel

There was no loan made to Directors and other Key Management Personnel (**KMP**) of Hudson Investment Group Limited during the year.

25. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

a. Parent entities

The parent entity and ultimate Australian parent entity is Hudson Investment Group Limited (the Company).

b. Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 20.

c. Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation information is disclosed in Note 24.

d. Transactions with related parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties during the year

	Consoli	dated
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Corporate services fee paid		
 Paid to Hudson Asset Management Pty Ltd 	124,000	120,000
- Paid to Hudson Resources Ltd	-	80,000
Property Management fee paid		
- Paid to Hudson Asset Management Pty Ltd	636	8,621
Investment		
- Investment in Hudson Property Trust	-	1,019,078

Corporate services fee paid

The Group paid corporate services fee to Hudson Asset Management Pty Limited of \$124,000 (2021: \$120,000) as payment of recoveries for office rent and administration and running expenses incurred on behalf of the group under corporate service agreement.

The Group paid corporate services fee to Hudson Resources Limited of \$nil (2021: \$80,000) as payment of services rendered.

Property Management fee paid

The Group paid property management fee of \$636 (2021: \$8,602) to Hudson Asset Management Pty Limited for managing its Warnervale Industrial Property.

Investment

In 2021 the Group invested 4% in Hudson Property Trust (owner of Macquarie Street carpark) for \$1.09 million. The investment was disposed in January 2022.

25. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES CONTINUED

e. Outstanding balances

The following balances are outstanding at the reporting date in relation to transaction with related parties:

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
	\$000	\$000
Payable		
Related Entities	-	-
Receivable		
Related entity	1,929	1,567
Related entity	-	410
Related entity	-	60
Provision for doubtful debts	-	-

Hudson Investment Group Limited invested in Regent Property Trust interest bearing loan note \$1.929 million (2021: \$1.56 million). Hudson Investment Group Limited acquired remaining 70% of Regent Property Trust during the year. Regent Property Trust is fully consolidated within the Group. None was written down during the year.

Hudson Investment Group Limited advanced Hudson Marketing Pty Ltd interest bearing loan note \$nil million (2021: 0.41 million). The advance was fully repaid in January 2022. None was written down during the year.

The Group advanced Hudson Property Trust interest bearing loan note \$nil (2021: 0.06 million). None was written down during the year. The advance was fully repaid in early 2022.

f. Guarantees

No guarantees were given or received from related parties during the year.

g. Terms and conditions

All transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market interest rates, except that there are no fixed terms or repayment of loans between the parties.

26. REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
Audit services: Amounts paid or payable to auditors for audit and review of the financial report for the entity or any entity in the Group	\$	\$
Review services fee	9,725	9,245
Audit fee	16,225	15,445
Taxation and other advisory services: Amounts paid or payable to the Auditor for non-audit taxation services for the entity or any entity in the Group for review and lodgement of the income tax return		
Taxation services	3,145	2,995
Advisory services		-
Total	29,095	27,685

DECLARATION BY DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements, comprising the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of financial position, statement of cash flows, statement of changes in equity, accompanying notes, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and:
 - (a) comply with Accounting Standards which as stated in accounting policy note 1 to the financial statements, constitutes explicit and unreserved compliance with international Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); and
 - (b) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 December 2022 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Company and the Group.
- 2. In the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 3. The remuneration disclosures included on pages 12 to 14 of the Directors' Report (as part of audited Remuneration Report), for the year ended 31 December 2022, comply with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.
- 4. The directors have been given the declarations by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer required by section 295A.

The entities identified in Note 20 are parties to the deed of cross guarantee under which each company guarantees the debts of the others. At the date of this declaration there are reasonable grounds to believe that the companies which are parties to this deed of cross guarantee will as a Group be able to meet any obligations or liabilities to which they are, or may become, subject to, by virtue of the deed of cross guarantee described in Note 21.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors and is signed for and on behalf of the directors by:

Wei Huang

Executive Director

Alan Beasley

Managing Director

Sydney 30 March 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Level 6 350 Kent Street SYDNEY NSW 2000

75 Lyons Road DRUMMOYNE NSW 2047



20 Grose Street North Parramatta NSW 2151

PO Box 2210 North Parramatta NSW 1750

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Hudson Investment Group Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Hudson Investment Group Limited (the company and its subsidiaries (the Group)), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, the consolidated statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- glving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2022 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Phone Fax 08 8839 3000 09 8839 3055 Linbility Inited by a actions approved under Professional Standards Legislation continue.



Level 6 350 Kent Street SYDNEY NSW 2000

75 Lyons Road DRUMMOYNE NSW 2047



20 Grose Street North Parrametta NSW 2151

PO Box 2210 North Parramatta NSW 1750

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw your attention to note 14 in the financial report, 'Financial Liabilities', and note bank loans totalling \$11mll of which \$6.8mil relate to investment properties located at Warnervale NSW that is due to expire in August 2023,

We further note that gross rental income has decreased by approximately 30% due to the sale of land and buildings in a prior financial year.

The only remaining long term tenant is currently negotiating to renew its lease for a further five years and notwithstanding an agreement in principle to renew the lease, a formal lease agreement has not been signed.

We are at present uncertain of the bank's terms in relation to renewal of loan facility.

Therefore, the above circumstances give rise to a material uncertainty of going concern if the bank reduces the loan facility limit and/or puts in place other loan conditions.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key audit matters

In addition to the matter described in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section above, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Investment Properties

Refer to note 12 - Investment Properties.

At reporting date, the market capitalisation of the Group is less than the net tangible assets indicating impairment.

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- We have applied AASB 13 'fair value' and considered AASB 136 'Impairment' in forming our opinion.
- We have reviewed the independent valuation report prepared by Property Logic dated 30 June 2022 to establish the basis of valuation its Warnervale properties.

Phone

03 8836 3000





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The underlining assets of the group, that underpins the net tangible assets are commercial properties located at Warnervale NSW and Bowen Hill Queensland.

A number of factors including valuation (AASB 13), loan expiry, high interest rates and expiry/renewal of existing lease agreements are uncertainties and therefore a key audit matter.

- We have reviewed and applied sensitivity analysis to managements discount rate used in its cash flow projections that forms the basis of their valuation methodology adopted for the investment component.
- We have considered current interest rates, projected interest rates and current net rentals in undertaking our sensitivity analysis in determining fair value of the investment component in accordance with the income model pursuant to AASB 13.
- We have physically inspected the properties at Warnervale and adjoining properties with similar zoning and surrounding infrastructure to establish reasonableness of management valuation rates used to value surplus land.
- We have investigated management's use of comparative recent sales data of surplus land to relevant and comparative zonings.
- We have considered other local infrastructure changes and the Central Coast Reginal Plan 2036 in support of the Groups carrying amount.
- We have confirmed that the property located at 41-47 Bowen Hills Queensland has been recorded at cost and management's 'fair value' adjustments and carrying amounts through the examination of similar properties in the area.
- We have considered impairment pursuant to AASB 136 and concluded that the recoverable amount exceeds the carrying amount in the financial statements.
- We have confirmed the Group's ownership of the land and buildings and relevant zonings.
- . We have obtained and tested management representations relating their assessment of fair value and impairment, cash flows and inputs, discount rates, used in NPV calculation and comparative values for surplus land.

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Key audit matter

Financial Liabilities

Refer to note 14 — Financial Liabilities.

At 31 December 2022, the Group .
has financial liabilities total \$11mil.

The debt relates to two investment properties located at Warnervale NSW and Bowen Hill Queensland.

The debt related to the investment property at Warnervale NSW is \$6.8mil and has been disclosed as a current liability due the expiry of the loan in August 2023.

We note that total debt of the Group has increased by \$2.1mil during the financial year.

Uncertainties referred to in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section of the audit report, required that this is a key audit matter.

This is a key audit issue because the debt of \$11.524mil is due for payment in August 2023. In the event the Group is unable to extend the debt, the Group would need to repay loans via a capital raising, as the operating profits of the Group alone would not be sufficient to extinguish the debts.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- We have included this item as material uncertainty related to going concern in our audit report.
- We reviewed the loan documents and confirmed the expiry date of the debt facility is August 2023 and also confirmed that there have been no breaches of debt covenants.
- We have confirmed that the asset values that are used as security for the bank loans are in excess of the bank loans.
- We have not sighted any documentation from the bank demanding that the loan be repaid other than due to the original loan agreement expiry date of the loan.
- We have obtained representations from management confirming that there is no reason to suspect that the bank will not renew and/or refinance the existing debt facilities or that the bank has demanded repayment prior to the expiry of the loan.

Other matter - cash equivalent

We refer you to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, Cash from investing activities and note proceeds from sale of investment of \$1mil and payments for purchase of investment of \$2.8mil.

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Included in these amounts are the proceeds from the sale in an existing unlisted unit trust that purchased a controlling interest in another unlisted unit trust.

The Group has included these transactions in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows noting that for a material portion of the sum, the Group has classified as a cash equivalent.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2022, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal controls as the directors determine are necessary to enable the presentation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

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Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement individually or in the aggregate, that could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our representation of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at The Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on the Remuneration Report Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report include in pages 12 to 14 of the directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2020.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report for the year ended 31 December 2022 complies with section 300A of the Corporation Act 2001.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

KS Black & Co

Chartered Accountants

Phillip Jones

Partner

Dated: 37 March 2023

Sydney

Phone

02 8839 3055 02 8839 3055





SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

As at 28 February 2023

A. Substantial Holders

Those shareholders who have lodged notice advising substantial shareholding under the *Corporations Act 2001* are as follows:

Shareholder	No. of Shares	% held
RafflesCo Limited	9,020,000	15.20
Millennium Investment Group Pty Ltd	6,500,000	10.95
Waytex Australia Pty Ltd	6,000,000	10.11
Raffles Nominees Pty Limited	5,666,656	9.55
YLH Investment Pty Ltd	3,500,000	5.90
ZY Capital Pty Ltd	3,000,000	5.05

B. Distribution of Equity Securities

			% of Issued
Range	Total Holders	Units	Capital
1 - 1,000	264	64,517	0.11
1,001 - 5,000	84	217,254	0.37
5,001 - 10,000	28	227,094	0.38
10,001 - 100,000	37	1,350,530	2.28
100,001 and above	32	57,500,540	96.87
Rounding Total	445	59,359,935	100.00
C. Unmarketable Parcels			
	Minimum Parcel size	Holders	Units
Minimum \$500.00 parcel at \$0.2450 per unit	2,041	305	134,696

D. Twenty Largest Shareholders

The names of the twenty largest holders of quotes equity securities aggregated are listed below:

Rank	Name	Units	% Units
1	RAFFLESCO LIMITED	9,020,000	15.20
2	MILLENNIUM INVESTMENT GROUP PTY LTD	6,500,000	10.95
3	WAYTEX AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	6,000,000	10.11
4	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	5,719,345	9.64
5	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	5,712,393	9.62
6	RAFFLES NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	5,666,656	9.55
7	YLH INVESTMENT PTY LTD	3,500,000	5.90
8	ZY CAPITAL PTY LTD	3,000,000	5.05
9	JT CAPITAL PTY LTD	1,538,337	2.59
10	MR AARON LANGLEY	1,500,000	2.53
11	PACIFIC PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	1,259,839	2.12
12	G & H BRASHER PTY LTD <the a="" brasher="" c="" fund="" super=""></the>	1,200,000	2.02
13	MS KOON LIN VENUS CHIU	1,160,000	1.95
14	LIP KOON HWANG	1,000,000	1.68
15	JT CAPITAL HOLDINGS PTY LTD	555,766	0.94
16	MILLENNIUM PROPERTY INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	552,100	0.93
17	SEI HAN TAN	500,000	0.84
18	AZHAR HEWITTSEN ARIFFIN BIN IBRAHIM	442,500	0.75
19	MS RACHEL ZHI TING TAN	374,300	0.63
20	MR VINCENT SEE YIN TAN	341,795	0.58
	Totals: Top 20 holders of FULLY PAID SHARES	55,543,031	93.57



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