

Wednesday, 11 October 2023

KANMANTOO DEEPS EXPLORATION TARGET UPDATE - RESTATED

Further to the ASX Release on 11 October 2023, the Kanmantoo Exploration Target has been restated to include the Cautionary Statement and a grade range within Table 1.

HIGHLIGHTS

- Hillgrove has completed a 3D AMT/MT resistivity survey at the northern extension of their Kanmantoo copper-gold mine which has estimated resistivity to a depth of 1700 metres below surface.
- Multiple 3D Inversion models of the resistivity data have identified a strong low resistivity (high conductivity) zone that is to the north of the existing underground mine development
- The conductivity target is along strike of the existing Kavanagh Cu-Au mineralised zone and is interpreted to be the faulted extension of the main Kavanagh Cu-Au system.
- The conductivity target is coincident with strong gravity and magnetic anomalies, both are geophysical attributes of the Kavanagh Cu-Au mineralisation.
- The centre of the conductivity target at 610mRL (590 metres below surface), is located approximately 400 metres to the north of the planned end of the Kavanagh decline.
- The volume of the conductivity zone at Kanmantoo Deeps has been reduced by 50% to suggest that there is a target of between 50 and 80 million tonnes with grades similar to those at Kavanagh mineral zone 400 metres to the south that warrants drill testing.
- The Company has revised its total Kanmantoo Exploration Target to incorporate this new discovery and is now reported as between 60 and 100 million tonnes with a target grade of 0.9% to 1.2% Cu and 0.1 g/t to 0.2 g/t Au. The Exploration Target is conceptual in nature as there has been insufficient exploration to define a Mineral Resource. It is uncertain if further exploration will result in the determination of a Mineral Resource under the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves, the JORC Code" (JORC 2012). The Exploration Target is not being reported as part of any Mineral Resource or Ore Reserve.

The Board of Hillgrove Resources Ltd (the "Company" or "Hillgrove") is pleased to announce that they have updated the magnitude of the opportunity for near-mine growth in the down dip and along strike continuation of the Kanmantoo copper systems with the discovery of a coincident conductivity, gravity, magnetic target that is 400 metres along strike of the known Kanmantoo Cu-Au mineralisation and may represent a repeat of the entire Kanmantoo Cu-Au deposit.

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Hillgrove's recent drilling at Emily Star of 35.1m @ 1.29% Cu (30/06/2023) and at Spitfire of 45.4m @ 1.19% Cu (28/08/2023) has confirmed the location of Cu-Au mineralisation proximal to the existing underground mine plan as anticipated in previous Exploration Target compilations (23/03/2023). The successful drill confirmation of the previous Exploration Target to identify Cu-Au mineralisation has given Hillgrove the confidence to continue with exploration to expand the Company's copper production profile and mine life within the Mine Lease area.

As a result of the success of the geophysical processes identifying the Kanmantoo Deeps zone as a possible repeat of the Kavanagh Cu-Au mineral system. The next stage is to drill test the coincident conductivity, gravity, magnetic, Cu-Au mineralised zone at Kanmantoo Deeps.

Table 1 Summary of the Exploration Target by zone

Exploration Target				
Deposit	Max RL Depth	Tonnage Range (Mt)	Grade Range (Cu %)	Grade Range (Au g/t)
Kavanagh	400	4 - 6	1.0 - 1.4	0.1 - 0.3
Nugent	600	2 - 4	0.8 - 1.3	0.3 - 0.5
Emily Star	600	1 - 4	0.8 - 1.2	0.1 - 0.2
Paringa	600	1 - 2	0.8 - 1.2	0.2 - 0.3
North Kavanagh	600	1 - 2	0.8 - 1.2	0.1 - 0.2
Coopers	600	1 - 2	0.8 - 1.2	0.1 - 0.2
Kanmantoo Deeps	600 - 000	50 - 80	0.8 - 1.2	0.1 - 0.2
TOTAL MINE LEASE		60 - 100	0.9 - 1.2	0.1 - 0.2
South Kanmantoo (EL6526)	600	2 - 4	0.8 - 1.2	0.1 - 0.3
Stella (EL 6526)	600	2 - 4	0.8 - 1.2	0.1 - 0.3

Hillgrove has approximated an Exploration Target at the Kanmantoo Copper Mine (Table 1 and Figures 1 to 3) of between sixty and one hundred million tonnes with a target grade of between 0.9% and 1.2% Cu and 0.1 g/t to 0.2 g/t Au.

The Exploration Target herein replaces the Company's previous Exploration Target releases and does not include the 2022 Mineral Resource Estimates (MRE's) at Nugent and Kavanagh.

Figure 1 Plan view of the Exploration Targets by zone

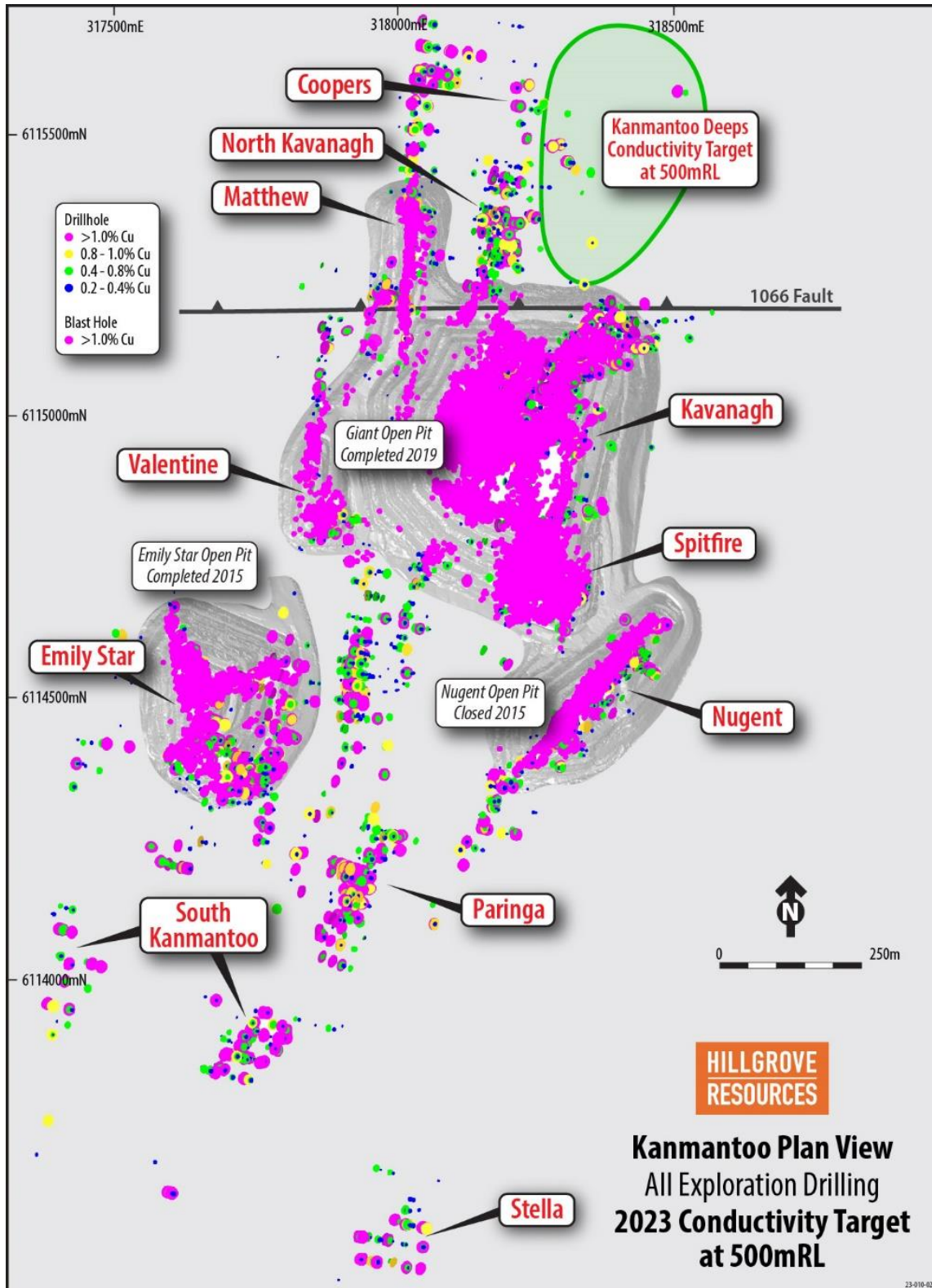
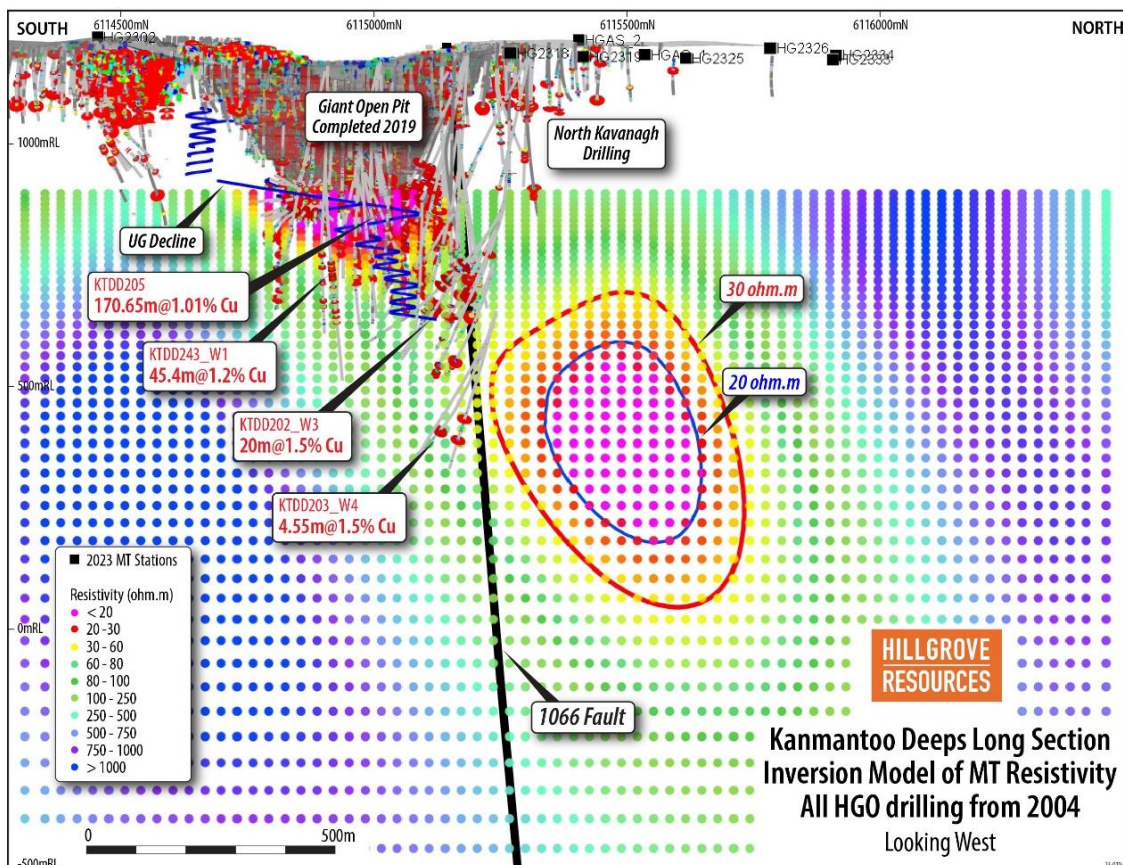


Figure 2 Longitudinal section of the location of all target zones



Figure 3 Long section of the location of the Kantmantoo Deeps target



Method of Assessment

The Exploration Targets fall into three regions (see Table 1).

Region A comprises six zones that are all located on the Mine Lease and are outside of the current Mineral Resource Estimates or outside of the past open pit mining operations. The identification and location of these six target zones is predominantly based upon depth and strike extensions of copper-gold zones that have been mined within the open pit or intersected by diamond drilling undertaken by Hillgrove. These zones include Kavanagh, Nugent, Emily Star, Paringa, North Kavanagh and Coopers. The Exploration Target for these zones has been previously described and reported and is unchanged (23/03/2023).

Region B are two zones that are located on the adjacent Exploration Licence at Kanmantoo that surrounds the Mine Lease. These zones are within 500m of the Mine Lease boundary and comprise South Kanmantoo and Stella. The identification of these two target zones is based upon depth and strike extensions of copper-gold zones that have been intersected by percussion and/or diamond drilling undertaken by Hillgrove. The Exploration Target for these two zones has been previously described and reported and is unchanged (23/03/2023).

Region C is the new **Kanmantoo Deeps** zone that has been identified by the recent 3D AMT/MT¹ geophysical survey at Kanmantoo. The resistivity survey was undertaken in 2023 by respected and experienced MT contractor/consultant Moombarriga Geoscience P/L. Details of the survey are provided in Appendix A.

Inversions of the MT resistivity data all identified a zone of high conductivity (<30 ohm.m) located around 400 metres north of the planned underground operation and along strike of the known Kavanagh Cu-Au mineral system. The recent drilling of the North Kavanagh Cu-Au zone (reported 27/02/2023) is now interpreted as the stringer mineralisation up-dip of the Kanmantoo Deeps conductivity zone.

Geophysically, the MT conductivity zone is coincident with the high gravity anomaly reported by HGO on 13/05/2015, and with a high magnetic zone as shown in the ASX release of 08/05/2018. These geophysical responses are all consistent with geology of the mineralisation where the Cu-Au is associated with pyrrhotite/chalcopyrite, magnetite and garnet alteration.

As shown in the long section in Figure 3 the zone of high conductivity is interpreted to be the faulted offset of the main Kavanagh Cu-Au mineralisation. Consequently, the volume of the Kanmantoo Deeps target takes into consideration the volume of the 30 ohm.m shell and modified to the total Cu endowment of the historical and current Kavanagh open pits and current mineral resources.

The Kanmantoo Deeps Exploration Target and is considered to be a high priority valid Exploration Target for drill testing.

Invested Infrastructure

The importance of the existing infrastructure at the Kanmantoo Copper Mine cannot be over-emphasised in assessing the economic materiality of this Exploration Target. In particular:

- The existing copper-gold processing plant at Kanmantoo that operates at a very efficient incremental rate of \$8.00/tonne milled.
- The risks associated with understanding copper and gold recovery and processing costs have been largely mitigated through the past 8 years of operation on the same ore types,
- The in-pit haul road that extends from surface to over 350 metres below surface enables access to a majority of the Exploration Target without the need for extensive capital and time invested in underground decline advance and ventilation costs,
- The extensive geotechnical database resulting from open pit mining since 2011,

¹ Magnetotellurics (MT) and Audio-frequency MT (AMT) are electro-magnetic survey and imaging techniques that use naturally-occurring ionospheric current sheets and lightning storms — passive energy sources — to map geologic structures to depths of 1500 meters or more.

- The existing fully constructed and permitted Tailings Storage Facility, and
- The existing granted Mining Lease and Environmental Permits

Exploration Activities

The intent is to drill test the Kanmantoo Deeps target in 2024, subject to finalisation of the drill program and approvals.

Authorised for release by the Board of Hillgrove Resources Limited.

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Competent Person's Statement

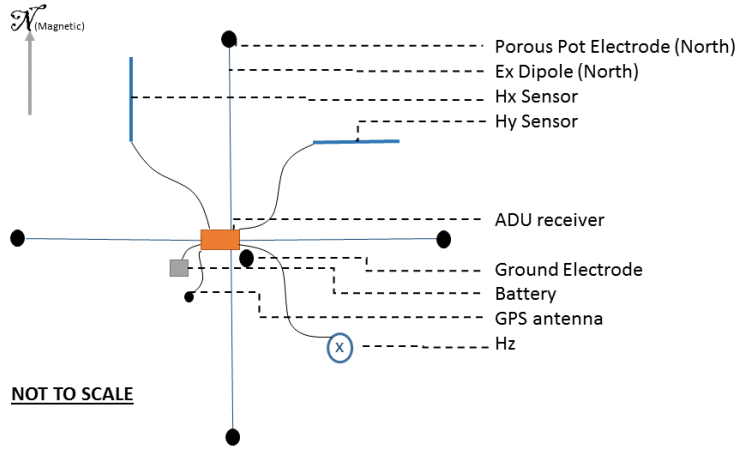
The information in this report that relates to Exploration Target and Exploration Results is based on and fairly represents information and supporting documentation compiled by Peter Rolley, a Competent Person, a full-time employee of Hillgrove Resources Limited, and a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Rolley has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Rolley consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Further information on the Kanmantoo UG Mineral Resources was released to the ASX on 11 May 2022 and 26 July 2022, which is also available on the Hillgrove Resources website at www.hillgroveresources.com.au

Hillgrove Resources confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in that market announcement and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. Hillgrove Resources confirms that the form and context in which the findings of the Competent Persons (Peter Rolley in relation to the Exploration Target and to the Mineral Resource Estimates and Lachlan Wallace in relation to the Ore Reserve Estimates) are presented, have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

APPENDIX A – JORC Table 1

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

Criteria	Commentary
<i>Sampling techniques</i>	The resistivity responses have been sampled with AMT/MT technology by a competent user of the technology with more than 10 years experience in this field. In 2023 the 3D MT grid has 38 stations ~250 metres apart and every station recorded for >36 hours. After a review of the quality of data for every station the depth of the inversion model was restricted to 1700 metres below surface. The 2023 MT data was merged with the previously collected 2018 2D MT data set before inversion. 3D inversion software is via CCG software.
<i>Drilling techniques</i>	No new drilling reported so not applicable
<i>Drill sample recovery</i>	Not applicable
<i>Logging</i>	Moombarriga used the most recent Phoenix MT systems and coil magnetometers to log the resistivity responses. Layout of field sites  The diagram illustrates the layout of field sites for Moombarriga. It shows a central orange square representing the ADU receiver. Various sensors and equipment are connected to it via dashed lines. These include a Porous Pot Electrode (North), Ex Dipole (North), Hx Sensor, Hy Sensor, Ground Electrode, Battery, GPS antenna, and Hz. A magnetic north arrow is shown in the top left, and a 'NOT TO SCALE' label is at the bottom left.
<i>Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation</i>	Not applicable

Criteria	Commentary
<i>Data spacing and distribution</i>	As shown above
<i>Orientation of data in relation to geological structure</i>	- The 2018 2D lines were oriented at ~100deg east west, normal to the strike of the Kavanagh Cu zone - The 2023 MT survey was a staggered grid over the area of interest as shown above - The MT inversion grid is oriented to be normal to the average strike of the Kanmantoo Cu-Au mineralisation.
<i>Sample security</i>	All data electronically despatched to a private account of the Perth office of contractor each evening
<i>Audits or reviews</i>	No audits of Moombarriga's activities or inversion parameters.

Section 2 Reporting of Results

Criteria	Commentary
<i>Mineral tenement and land tenure status</i>	- The Kanmantoo Copper Deposit is situated 55kms south-east of Adelaide on Mining Lease (ML) 6345 and is owned 100% by Hillgrove Resources Limited (HGO). - The Mining Lease overlies freehold land also held by Hillgrove Resources. - There are no Native Title interests, nor are there any historical or environmental issues considered material to this Mineral Resource.
<i>Exploration done by other parties</i>	- The Kanmantoo Copper Deposit has a long history of exploration and mining dating back to the mid-19th century. - In 1962, Mines Exploration Pty Ltd discovered a number of strong geophysical anomalies which were quickly followed up by a large diamond drilling program of 15,800m. The results of this program led to a decision to begin open pit mining in 1968. - Hillgrove Resources commenced exploration drilling in 2004 and since then have completed a number of exploration drill campaigns which have resulted in extensions and additions to the known deposit. Open pit mining commenced in early 2011 and processing of open pit ore was completed in 2020. - Ground gravity survey in 2015 by Haines Surveys and modelled by D. McInnes of Montana G.I.S - Heli-borne magnetic survey by HGO in 2005.
<i>Geology</i>	Mineralisation occurs as a complex system of structurally controlled veins, with mineralisation typically forming veins and lenses of chalcopyrite, pyrrhotite, +/- pyrite, +/- magnetite, within a quartz + biotite + andalusite + garnet + chlorite schist host rock. Structural studies suggest the main controls on the mineralisation are north-south striking shear zones and north-north-east/north-east striking cross-shears and tension veins.
<i>Drill hole Information</i>	No new drill holes are quoted in this release.
<i>Data aggregation methods</i>	No data aggregation or equivalent calculations
<i>Mineralisation widths and intercept lengths</i>	No new intersections reported in this release.
<i>Diagrams</i>	Diagrams that are relevant to this release have been included in the body of the release.
<i>Balanced reporting</i>	All zones comprising the Exploration Target have been reported in this release.
<i>Other exploration data</i>	There is no other exploration data used in approximating the Exploration Target.
<i>Further work</i>	The Company is undertaking a drilling program to continue testing the Exploration Target.

