### **Appendix 4G**

# Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

mame o	Name of entity			
WAGN	IERS HOLDING COMPAN	Y LIMITED		
ABN/AI	RBN		Financial year ended:	
49 622	2 632 848		30 JUNE 2023	
Our Co	rporate Governance State	ment <sup>1</sup> for the period above can be f	found at: <sup>2</sup>	
	These pages of our annual report:			
$\boxtimes$	This URL on our website:	https://investors.wagner.com.au/corporate-governance/		
	orporate Governance State ed by the board.	ment is accurate and up to date as	at 25 October 2023 and has been	
The an	nexure includes a key to w	here our corporate governance disc	closures can be located.3	
Date:	Date: 25 October, 2023			
Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement:		Karen Brown, Company Secretary		

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a Corporate Governance Statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The Corporate Governance Statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its Corporate Governance Statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its Corporate Governance Statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the Corporate Governance Statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Corporate Governance Statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's Corporate Governance Statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your Corporate Governance Statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

#### ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINC	CIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND O	VERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out:     (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and     (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at:  https://investors.wagner.com.au/media/1057/corporate-governance-charter-wagners-ipo.pdf and our Annual Report	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should:     (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and     (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "insert location" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your Corporate Governance Statement, you need only insert "our Corporate Governance Statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
1.5	A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a diversity policy;  (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and  (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:  (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;  (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and  (3) either:  (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or  (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.  If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at:  https://investors.wagner.com.au/media/1058/diversity-policy- wagners.pdf and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) at: our Corporate Governance Statement  and if we were included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period our measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board of not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	<ul> <li>□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
1.6	A listed entity should:     (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and     (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: our Corporate Governance Statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
1.7	A listed entity should:     (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and     (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: our Corporate Governance Statement  and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>
PRINCIP	LE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD	VALUE	
2.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a nomination committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:  https://investors.wagner.com.au/media/1057/corporate-governance-charter-wagners-ipo.pdf  and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:  Pages 21 to 24 of the Annual Report	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	and we have disclosed our board skills matrix at: [insert location]	<ul> <li>         ⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u>          □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable     </li> </ul>

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>
2.3	<ul> <li>A listed entity should disclose:</li> <li>(a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;</li> <li>(b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and</li> <li>(c) the length of service of each director.</li> </ul>	and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors at: our Corporate Governance Statement  and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) at: our Corporate Governance Statement and the length of service of each director at: page 8 of our Annual Report and <a href="https://investors.wagner.com.au/our-people/our-board/">https://investors.wagner.com.au/our-people/our-board/</a>	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpor	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>
PRINCI	PLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY	Y AND RESPONSIBLY	
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	and we have disclosed our values at: our Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should:     (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and     (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: <a href="https://investors.wagner.com.au/media/1057/corporate-governance-charter-wagners-ipo.pdf">https://investors.wagner.com.au/media/1057/corporate-governance-charter-wagners-ipo.pdf</a>	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and  (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: <a href="https://investors.wagner.com.au/media/1060/whistleblower-policy-wagners.pdf">https://investors.wagner.com.au/media/1060/whistleblower-policy-wagners.pdf</a>	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and  (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: <a href="https://investors.wagner.com.au/media/1055/anti-bribery-and-anti-corruption-policy-wagners.pdf">https://investors.wagner.com.au/media/1055/anti-bribery-and-anti-corruption-policy-wagners.pdf</a>	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>
PRINCI	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORT	TS	
4.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have an audit committee which:  (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and  (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://investors.wagner.com.au/media/1057/corporate-governance-charter-wagners-ipo.pdf and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: Pages 21 to 24 of the Annual Report and at https://investors.wagner.com.au/our-people/our-board/	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

·		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>
PRINCIP	LE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: <a href="https://investors.wagner.com.au/media/1056/continuous-disclosure-policy-wagners-ipo.pdf">https://investors.wagner.com.au/media/1056/continuous-disclosure-policy-wagners-ipo.pdf</a>	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIP	LE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: <a href="https://investors.wagner.com.au/">https://investors.wagner.com.au/</a> /	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at: our Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIP	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:  https://investors.wagner.com.au/media/1057/corporate-governance-charter-wagners-ipo.pdf  and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:  Pages 21 to 24 of the Annual Report	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should:  (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and  (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period at: our Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
7.3	A listed entity should disclose:     (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or     (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes at:  our Corporate Governance Statement	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks at: our Corporate Governance Statement and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks at: our Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

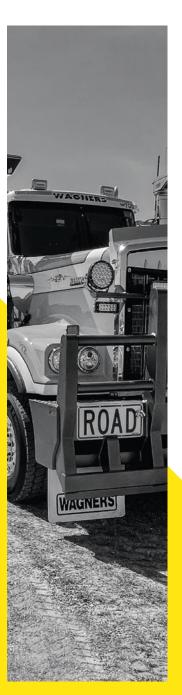
Corporat	e Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>
PRINCIP	LE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a remuneration committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:  https://investors.wagner.com.au/media/1057/corporate-governance-charter-wagners-ipo.pdf  and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:  Pages 21 to 24 of the Annual Report	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at: <a href="https://investors.wagner.com.au/media/1057/corporate-governance-charter-wagners-ipo.pdf">https://investors.wagner.com.au/media/1057/corporate-governance-charter-wagners-ipo.pdf</a> and page 32 of the Annual Report	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:  (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and  (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at: in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, 4 we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	reco	re a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the mmendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our ons for not doing so are:5		
ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES						
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	and we have disclosed information about the processes in place at: [insert location]		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable		
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.			set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable		
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.			set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable		
ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED LISTED ENTITIES						
	Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities:  The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose:  (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and  (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) at:		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement		

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>
-	Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities:  An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	and we have disclosed the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity at:	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
		[insert location]	







Wagners Holding Company Limited ACN 622 632 848



Wagners Holding Company Limited is committed to achieving and demonstrating the effective and high standards of corporate governance. Wagners Holding Company Limited has reviewed its corporate governance practices against the *Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4<sup>th</sup> edition)* published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council (**Recommendations**). A description of Wagners Holding Company Limited's current corporate governance practices is set out in the Wagners Holding Company Limited's corporate governance statement, which can be viewed on the Wagners website at <a href="https://investors.wagner.com.au/corporate-governance">https://investors.wagner.com.au/corporate-governance</a>.

The 2023 Corporate Governance Statement was approved by the board and is current as at 25 October 2023. It reflects the corporate governance practices in place throughout the 2023 financial year. The Company will update its corporate governance practices as required and will continue to measure against the *Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4<sup>th</sup> edition)* in future financial years.

The following statement explains how Wagners Holding Company Limited complies with the Recommendations and any reasons where there may be non-compliance. The Board is of the opinion that except as otherwise detailed in this statement, it complies with the Recommendations.

### **PRINCIPLE 1**

#### LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

#### PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### WAGNERS' PRACTICE WITH REFERENCE TO RECOMMENDATION

- 1.1 A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out:
  - (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management;
  - (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.

The Board is responsible for the overall corporate governance of Wagners.

The role of the Board and delegation to management are formalised in the corporate governance charter which outlines the main corporate governance practices at Wagners. The Charter sets out the matters specifically reserved for the Board and the powers delegated to its management. The Board and each Director are committed to the charter. The Board delegates responsibility for day-to-day management of Wagners to the CEO but retains responsibility for the overall strategy and risk profile of Wagners.

The conduct of the Board and management is also governed by Wagners' constitution, and where there is inconsistency with that document, the constitution prevails to the extent of the inconsistency. The charter will be reviewed and amended from time to time as appropriate taking into consideration practical experience gained in operating as a listed company.

- 1.2 A listed entity should undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person as a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director, and provide security holders with all material information relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.
- Wagners has completed police checks, insolvency and banned Director searches in relation to the existing Directors. Wagners has a policy that before any senior executive is appointed, appropriate police, insolvency and any other appropriate checks are undertaken.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for providing recommendations to the Board regarding the appointment of a new Director. The Nomination Committee is responsible for ensuring appropriate checks are conducted for future appointments prior to any recommendation being made.

Wagners provides its security holders with information relevant to a shareholder's decision to appoint or re-elect a Director in the Notice of Meeting for Wagners Annual General Meeting.

- 1.3 A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.
- Wagners has entered into written agreements with each Director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.

#### PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### WAGNERS' PRACTICE WITH REFERENCE TO RECOMMENDATION

- 1.4 The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.
- This is consistent with the charter and corporate structure of Wagners. Wagners' company secretary has a direct relationship with the Board, through the Chairman, on all matters to do with the proper function of the board and operates independently of the executive.
- 1.5 A listed entity should:
  - (a) have and disclose a diversity policy and disclose the policy.
  - (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and
  - (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:
    - (1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or
    - (2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.

Wagners' Board has adopted a Diversity Policy (a copy of which is on Wagners' website). The Diversity Policy requires the Board to set measurable objectives for obtaining diversity goals. The Board reviews and measures the diversity statistics obtained through its gender reporting requirements and will use that information to improve diversity. The objectives are implemented by internal review and regular reporting to the Board of the engagement of staff with difference divisions of the Company.

Wagners has complied with its reporting requirements as a relevant employer under the *Workplace Gender Equality Act 2012* (Cth) with the most recent indicators available on the Workplace Gender Equality Agency's website.

1. 6 A listed entity should have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors and, at the end of each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period. At least once per year, performance of the Board, committees and individual directors is reviewed and assessed. The requirement for these reviews is set out in the Corporate Governance Charter. The Chairman, with assistance from the Nomination Committee, annually assesses the performance of Directors. The Chairman's performance is assessed by the other Directors.

1.7 A listed entity should have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and disclose for each reporting period whether such performance evaluation was undertaken in that period. The Board's broad functions are to formulate strategy and set financial targets for Wagners, monitor the implementation and execution of strategy and performance against financial targets, appoint and oversee the performance of executive management, and generally take an effective leadership role in relation to Wagners. The Chairman, with assistance from the Nomination Committee, annually assesses the performance of senior executives.

The Managing Director is responsible for evaluation of the performance of senior executives, based on a number of key performance objectives as considered by the Remuneration Committee. The Managing Director has evaluated the performance of these executives in line with the set objectives.

The performance evaluation process will continue for future reporting periods and Wagners will ensure that appropriate disclosures in the remuneration report are made in relation to each reporting period as to the reviews that were undertaken and the processes followed.

### **PRINCIPLE 2**

#### STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE

#### PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 2.1 The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) The company should have a nomination committee, which:
  - (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
  - (2) is chaired by an independent director.

#### and disclose

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- (4) the members of the committee; and
- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.

#### WAGNERS' PRACTICE WITH REFERENCE TO RECOMMENDATION

The Board has established a Nomination Committee which is responsible for assisting the Board to fulfil its corporate governance responsibilities regarding nomination matters.

The committee has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors. The committee is currently chaired by Denis Wagner, who is not an independent Director. However, having regard to Denis Wagner's background and history with the Company, the Board considers it appropriate that he act as Chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The Nomination Committee Charter outlines the committee's authority, duties, responsibility and relationship with the Board and is available on Wagners' Investor Website.

The 2023 Annual Report provides details on the members of the committee, the number of times the committee met throughout the relevant period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings.

#### PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### WAGNERS' PRACTICE WITH REFERENCE TO RECOMMENDATION

2.2 A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix, setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership. Wagners aims to have an appropriate mix of expertise and experience on its Board and Committees so that the Board can discharge its corporate governance and oversight responsibilities. Together, the Directors have a broad range of experience, expertise, skills, qualifications and contacts relevant to Wagners and its business. The Board has undertaken a process throughout the period to identify the mix of skills and an initial matrix has been prepared.

As at 30 June 2023, the Board comprised five directors from diverse backgrounds with a range of skills and experience, with a combination of experience in:

- corporate strategy
- business development
- corporate governance
- risk management
- construction materials and services
- manufacturing
- investor relations
- ▶ financial literacy
- capital raising and financing
- management and leadership
- legal.

More detailed information in relation to each of the individual director's skills and experience are available in Wagners FY23 Annual Report.

- 2.3 A listed entity should disclose:
  - (a) the names of the directors that the board considers to be independent directors;
  - (b) if a director has an interest, position or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and
  - (c) the length of service of each director.

The Corporate Governance Charter sets out the criteria adopted by the Board for considering if a director is independent. Ross Walker and Lynda O'Grady are considered independent Directors.

The Board notes the following Directors have a relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 and are deemed to be not independent for the purposes of the Guidelines:

- ▶ Denis Wagner (appointed 2 November 2017) Denis holds a substantial interest in the Company.
- John Wagner (appointed 2 November 2017) John holds a substantial interest in the Company.
- ▶ Cameron Coleman (appointed 1 July 2022) Cameron is employed in an executive capacity by the Company as the Managing Director.

The Board is of the opinion that Denis and John Wagners' positions as substantial holders of Wagners and Cameron Coleman's position as Managing Director of the Company aligns the interests of the directors with those of other security holders and does not compromise their capacity to bring an independent judgment to bear on issues before the Board. The Board believes that the current Board structure allows it to act in the best interests of the Company and all security holders.

2.4 A majority of the board should be independent directors.

As at 30 June 2023, the Company had a five member Board, of whom two (Ross Walker and Lynda O'Grady) are independent Non-Executive Directors. The Board considers that the structure of the board does not compromise the directors' ability to act in the best interest of the entity as a whole. Additionally, the independent non-executive directors confer periodically as required without non-independent directors and senior executives present.

2.5 The chair of the board should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity. The Chairman, Denis Wagner is not the CEO. While Denis Wagner is not an independent Director, having regard to his background and history with the Company, the Board considers it appropriate that he acts as Chairman.

#### PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### WAGNERS' PRACTICE WITH REFERENCE TO RECOMMENDATION

2.6 A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively. The Company has an induction program in place for new Directors. Directors are also given access to continuing education in relation to Wagners' business, its industry and any other information required by them to discharge the responsibilities of their office. This is consistent with the Corporate Governance Charter and process implemented by Wagners.

### **PRINCIPLE 3**

#### INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

#### PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### WAGNERS' PRACTICE WITH REFERENCE TO RECOMMENDATION

3.1 A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.

Wagners Guiding Principles underpin its entire operations which are published on its website. Wagners strives for intrepid progress to achieve beneficial outcomes. We,

- ▶ Deal with Integrity
- ▶ Work **T**ogether to overcome challenges
- ▶ Work in a **S**afe environment
- ▶ Be Family conscious
- ► Encourage and **A**cknowledge success
- ▶ Foster Innovation
- ▶ Require quality and excellence

#### "IT'S FAIR"

#### 3.2 A listed entity should:

- (a) Have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and
- (b) Ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.

Wagners has adopted a code of conduct, which sets out a framework to enable its Directors, senior executives and employees to achieve the highest possible standards in the discharge of their duties and to give a clear understanding of best practice in corporate governance.

The Board is made aware of any material breaches of the code.

#### 3.3 A listed entity should:

- (a) Have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and
- (b) Ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.

Wagners has adopted a Whistleblower Policy which manages whistleblower disclosures and provides clarity about how Wagners supports and protects whistleblowers when a disclosure is made, including the requirement to ensure the Board is informed of any material incidents reported. The Whistleblower Policy is available on Wagners' Investor website.

#### 3.4 A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and
- (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.

Wagners prohibits all forms of bribery and corruption and is committed to the prevention, detection and initiatives to eliminate bribery and corruption. The anti-bribery and anti-corruption policy is available on Wagners' Investor website. The policy explains the terms bribery and corruption and outlines employees' responsibilities, the importance of a compliance program and the reporting process where employees detect instances of bribery and corruption. The Board must be informed of any material breach of the policy.

### **PRINCIPLE 4**

#### SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS

#### PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 4.1 The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have an audit committee which:
  - (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and
  - (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not chair of the board.

#### and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and
- (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independents verify and safeguard the integrity of tis corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation o the audit engagement partner.

#### WAGNERS' PRACTICE WITH REFERENCE TO RECOMMENDATION

Wagners has established an Audit and Risk Management Committee.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee comprises of three Non-Executive Directors, the majority of which are independent directors. The chair of the Audit and Risk Management Committee is an independent Non-Executive Director. Wagners has an Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter which is available on Wagners' Investor Website.

The primary objective of the committee is to ensure:

- effective management of financial and other material business risks;
- reliable management and financial reporting, including half and full year accounts;
- compliance with laws and regulations; and
- maintenance of an independent, effective and efficient audit.

The 2023 Annual Report provides details of:

- ▶ the members of the committee;
- the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee;
- the number of times the committee met throughout the relevant period; and
- ▶ the individual attendances of the members at those meetings.

4.2 The board should of a listed entity should, before it approves the financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

This is consistent with the approach adopted by the Audit and Risk Management Committee and Board. The Board requires and receives declarations and management representations in respect of the financial records and information of the business from the Managing Director and CFO for both the half-year and full-year results.

4.3 A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.

Wagners' external auditor audits and reviews any periodic corporate report that Wagners releases to the market.

## **PRINCIPLE 5**

### MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS	WAGNERS' PRACTICE WITH REFERENCE TO RECOMMENDATION	
5.1 A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	Wagners has a written Continuous Disclosure Policy which is designed to ensure that all material matters are appropriately disclosed in a balanced and timely manner and in accordance with the requirements of the ASX Listing Rules. The policy is available on Wagners' Investor Website. The Directors consider at each board meeting whether any continuous disclosure issues arose during the meeting.	
5.2 A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	Copies of all material market announcements are provided to the Board prior to or simultaneously with the release of the relevant announcement and are also advised of any market announcements following their disclosure.	
5.3 A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	Any new and substantive investor presentations are released on the ASX Market Announcement Platform ahead of the presentation. Wagners also provides dial-in-details and links to a live webcast to all security holders for investor presentations published on the ASX Announcements Platform. Wagners also provides security holders with dial-in-details and links to a live webcast for the Annual General Meeting.	

## **PRINCIPLE 6**

### RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS

PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS	WAGNERS' PRACTICE WITH REFERENCE TO RECOMMENDATION
6.1 A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its corporate website.	Wagners has a website ( <u>www.wagner.com.au</u> ) which provides information about the company, the Directors, executives, the corporate governance charter, other applicable policies and any other information relevant to its investors.
6.2 A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	Wagners aims to ensure that all security holders are well informed of all major developments affecting Wagners and is committed to facilitating effective communication with investors as a means of providing a better understanding of the Wagner business, governance and its financial performance. Key aspects of Wagners' investor relations framework includes:
	• facilitation of full participation by security holders at the Company's AGM;
	<ul> <li>two-way investor teleconferences and webcasts held on reporting half-year and full-year financial results;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>periodic investor relations road-shows for institutional investors; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>contact details provided on market announcements where investors can seek further information.</li> </ul>
6.3 A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	Wagners facilitates effective participation in the AGM and encourages security holders to attend and actively participate in the meeting including providing the ability to submit written questions ahead of the AGM. Wagners adopts appropriate technologies to facilitate the effective communication and conduct of general meetings on a hybrid basis, allowing security holders to participate in meetings either virtually or in person.

#### PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### WAGNERS' PRACTICE WITH REFERENCE TO RECOMMENDATION

- 6.4 A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.
- All substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll and not a show of hands.
- 6.5 A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the company and its security registry electronically.

Wagners has instructed its Share Registry to facilitate this option for investors, as well as future security holders at appropriate times. Throughout the period, Wagners has seen an increase in the number of security holders electing to receive all communications electronically.

Security holders may contact Computershare on 1300 850 505 (Australia) or +61 3 9415 4000 should they wish to elect to receive communications electronically. Alternatively, can make this election via Computershare's Investor Centre, which is accessible using the following link <a href="https://www.computershare.com/au.">https://www.computershare.com/au.</a>

### PRINCIPLE 7

#### RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

#### PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

### WAGNERS' PRACTICE WITH REFERENCE TO RECOMMENDATION

- 7.1 The board of a listed entity should:
  - (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:
    - has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
    - (2) is chaired by an independent director

#### and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee; and
- (4) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.

Wagners has an Audit and Risk Committee which is responsible for overseeing the Wagners risk management framework. The Audit and Risk Management Committee comprises of three Non-Executive Directors, two of whom are independent directors. The chair of the Audit and Risk Management Committee is an independent Non-Executive Director. Wagners has an Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter which is available on Wagners' Investor Website.

Wagners also has a dedicated Risk Management Committee, which is a subcommittee of the Audit and Risk Management Committee. The role of both the Risk Committee and ultimately the Audit and Risk Committee is to review and make recommendations to the board in relation to:

- the adequacy of the entity's policies and processes for managing risk;
- any incident involving fraud or other break down of the entity's internal controls; and
- the entity's insurance program, having regard to the entity's business and the insurable risks associated with its business.

The 2023 Annual Report provides:

- ▶ the members of the committee;
- the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee;
- the number of times the committee met throughout the relevant period; and
- the individual attendances of the members at those meetings.

#### PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### WAGNERS' PRACTICE WITH REFERENCE TO RECOMMENDATION

- 7.2 The board or a committee of the board should:
  - (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and
  - (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.
- The Board with the assistance of the Audit and Risk Management Committee is responsible for the Company's risk management framework. The Audit and Risk Management Committee has endorsed the risk management framework and has reviewed the framework with management and will continue to undertake this review annually to satisfy itself that the framework continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the Board. The annual review for 2023 has commenced and will be completed prior to the end of the calendar year.
- 7.3 A listed entity should disclose:
  - (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs;
  - (b) or if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes the company employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.
- Wagners does not have a formal internal audit function, however it employs appropriate processes for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes as set out in the Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter.
- The Board believes it, and the Audit and Risk Committee, have appropriate oversight of the Company's existing operations and risks.
- 7.4 A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee evaluates, reports and provides assurance to the board in respect of any identified material exposure to environmental or social risks. In particular, the Audit and Risk Management Committee:

- identifies and manages relevant risks that are material to Wagners;
- complies with legal and regulatory requirements;
- reports to the Board on the effectiveness of any response to incidents, risks and hazards; and
- reports to the Board regarding the independent assurance and audit process and the outcomes of that process.

Wagners 2023 Annual Report provides all information that security holders would reasonably require to assess any material exposure to environmental or social risks that could adversely affect Wagners. As at the date of this statement, other than as otherwise disclosed, Wagners does not have any known material exposure to environmental or social risks.

### **PRINCIPLE 8**

#### REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

#### PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 8.1 The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a remuneration committee which:
  - (1) has at least three members; and
  - (2) is chaired by an independent director

#### and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- (4) the members of the committee; and
- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive

#### WAGNERS' PRACTICE WITH REFERENCE TO RECOMMENDATION

Wagners has a Remuneration Committee. The committee consists of three members, a majority being independent Directors, and the Committee is chaired by an independent Director.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for assisting the Board to fulfil its corporate governance responsibilities in regard to remuneration matters.

The Remuneration Committee Charter outlines the committee's authority, duties, responsibility and relationship with the Board and is available on Wagners' Investor Website.

The 2023 Annual Report provides:

- details on the members of the committee;
- the number of times the committee met throughout the relevant period; and
- ▶ the individual attendances of the members at those meetings.

8.2 A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors, and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.

Wagners has adopted remuneration policies which comply with the Guidelines including separately disclosing the remuneration of Non-Executive Directors, and the remuneration of executive Directors and other senior executives in the 2023 Annual Report.

No Director or senior executive is involved directly in deciding their own remuneration.

- 8.3 A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:
  - (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and
  - (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.

Wagners operates a Long Term Incentive Plan (LTI Plan), Exempt Plan and Short Term Incentive Plan (STI Plan). In accordance with Wagners' Securities Trading Policy participants are not permitted to enter into transactions which limit economic risk without written clearance. The Securities Trading Policy is available on the Wagners' Investor Website.

Wagners 2023 Annual Report provides a summary of the key terms of the LTI Plan and STI Plan.



#### **Postal Address**

PO Box 151 Drayton North Toowoomba QLD 4350, Australia

#### **Street Address**

11 Ballera Ct 1511 Toowoomba-Cecil Plains Rd Wellcamp QLD 4350

**Telephone** +61 7 4637 7777 **Fax** +61 7 4637 7778

**ACN** 622 632 848

www.wagner.com.au