

Redflow Strategy Update

March 2024

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Redflow profile



Financial overview

Ticker	RFX.ASX
Share price ¹	\$0.155
Shares on issue ¹	237.1m
Market cap ¹	\$36.7m
Cash and cash equivalents ²	\$6.9m
Debt ²	Zero



Operational overview¹

Headquarters	Brisbane
Employees (Aus, US, Thailand)	110
Manufacturing	Thailand
Active deployments	~ 270
Storage capacity delivered	> 3.2 GWh
Cumulative operating hours	> 24 million





Board

Brett Johnson

Independent Non-Executive Chairman

- 1. As at 8 March 2024
- 2. As at 29 February 2024

3. As at 12 February 2024

Adele Fraser

Independent Non-Executive Director

John Lindsay

Independent Non-Executive Director

David Brant

Independent Non-Executive Director

Tim Harris

CEO & Managing Director

Board members and Senior Executives listed in Appendix



Executive summary



Vision

To be a global leader in clean energy storage, paving the way to a sustainable future.



Product

Redflow manufactures zinc-bromine flow batteries, a technology that plays a key role in the clean energy transition due to its ability to store energy for extended durations, and because it is amongst the most fire-safe and sustainable batteries on the market.



Addressable market

Global decarbonisation efforts and the growing penetration of renewables is accelerating the need for energy storage. Our opportunity set is huge with over 85 TWh of LDES demand required by 2040¹. Queensland alone requires over 48 GWh of LDES capacity by 2035².

Quality customers















Drivers of success

- 1. Commercialised technology with millions of hours of operational experience, with quality customers.
- 2. Strong pipeline of demand from large utility and government counterparties.
- 3. Market intelligence and insight into commercial, product and scale requirements of energy storage users, from deep customer engagement on projects.
- 4. Our plan positions us to succeed for customers and shareholders.

Catalysts

Commercial – convert near-term pipeline.

Manufacturing – maximise Thailand factory output and complete feasibility study for new advanced manufacturing facility in Queensland.

Product evolution – design, specifications and tooling for the new X10 battery designed for ease of deployment and low costs in utility-scale installations – the natural product evolution from our current system.

Finance – progress discussions with Government grant and finance agencies.



- . Cumulative energy installed capacity from LDES Council: Net Zero Power, 2021
- 2. Queensland SuperGrid Infrastructure Blueprint, September 2022 using 8-hour duration for GWh

Clear and consistent strategy

Will continue to deliver growth in FY24 and beyond



- Solar/wind + storage, renewables integration.
- Medium to long duration focus 8+ hours.
- Industries and applications where safety paramount (e.g. mining).
- Leverage hibernation and duration attributes.



- + Small C&I deployments 1+ MWh.
- + Medium to larger C&I deployments behind the meter focus 2 50 MWh.
- Promote unique fire safety vs lithium.
- Basis to move into grid-scale opportunities – 50 MWh+.



- US California and other markets with large LDES energy storage needs and drive for diversification.
- Queensland Government energy storage strategy supporting acceleration of ambition.
- + Continued growth of opportunities in the broader Australian market.
- Pursue deals in other markets where opportunity is compelling.



Our strategy has enabled our transition to a credible multi-MWh technology in some of the most exciting global LDES markets

Redflow Battery Installations, 2016–2026, current view¹



Small – Med. kWh 500 kWh – 2 MWh Multi MWh



Sources: Company information.

Note that installations are based on deployed systems to 30th August 2023 and the current expected deployment schedule of announced projects. The specific delivery timetable of announced projects is subject to final contracting, implementation, production, logistics timetables and other factors outside our control and therefore may be subject to change

Key projects on track for delivery and revenue

				Financial impact ¹
	ENERGY COMMISSION	Paskenta Microgrid project 15 MWh	Phase One adjusted based on final budget allocation. Final notice to proceed received Feb 24. Kick off deployment meeting early March 2024	~\$12.5m in FY25²
	Energy Queensland	Energy Queensland project 4 MWh	Engineering and design continuing with signing of the MSA expected March 2024. Target installation remains on track to be in H1 FY25.	~\$2.5m in FY24/25³
	acciona	Acciona project 200 kWh	BESS has been delivered to Acciona site in Spain. Commissioning underway and expected to be complete in late March 2024	~\$150k in FY24²
•	TOP DELIGIES OF THE PROPERTY O	US DOD Microgrid project 1.2 - 1.4 MWh	Engineering and design on track to meet the US DOD milestones. System delivery and commissioning expected in Q3 2024.	~\$1.7m in FY25²
	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY	US DOE Valley Childrens Hospital project ~34 MWh	Negotiations across all parties continuing. Expect final contracting to be finalised in H1 FY25. Engineering and design is progressing, with the delivery timetable expected over FY26/7.	~\$25m in FY26/7³
,	TO A STATE OF THE	Barona LDES project 6.6 MWh	Project team contract negotiation is continuing with CEC. Final contracting anticipated in H1 FY25. Expected delivery timetable FY26.	~\$5m in CY25/263



¹ Estimates only. Specific revenue and timing of recognising revenue to be confirmed at time of final contracting, and other factors such as production/delivery milestones.

^{2.} Expected revenue.

^{3.} Revenue opportunity...

High utilisation of our current battery and factory is our platform for continued success in the short term



Thailand factory is established, ISO 9001 accredited and has been manufacturing since 2019 with capacity to produce up to 40 MWh pa.

ZBM3 is the current core battery unit based on product evolution and commercial adoption over the past decade.

Pod200 is the commercial sales product, housing 20 ZBM3 batteries, iterated for scale to match each project sizing.



These established and current assets will continue to be the basis for our pipeline conversions in 2025-2026



The manufacturing and operation of these assets is established and ready to scale¹



Production is on-track with scale-up plans proceeding for 20 MWh pa and 40 MWh pa thresholds¹

Asset utilisation is a key objective to maximise efficiencies as we increase production



Scope to further increase beyond 40 MWh based on customer demand¹



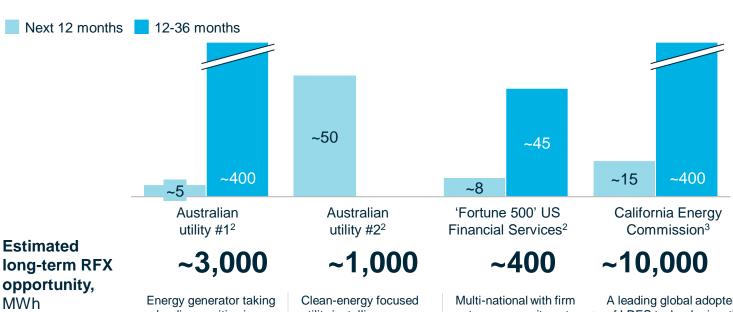
Utilise Thailand to test new X10 production techniques and product iterations

Redflow H1 Results Presentation

Near term opportunities support short term momentum and underpin large-scale demand

Large customers with significant storage needs looking to undertake initial projects

Key opportunities in discussion with key selected customers within indicative timeframes, MWh



a leading position in building capacity for renewables on a reliable electricity grid. utility installing an LDES capacity on the grid. Has specifically excluded Li-Ion from these projects.

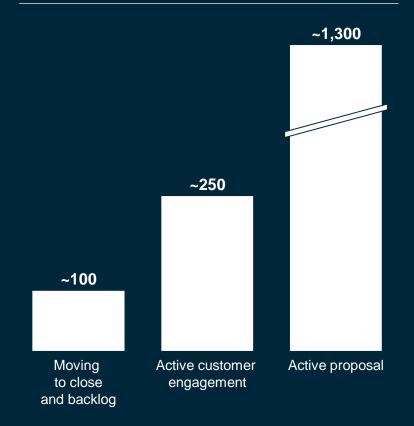
net-zero commitments. looking to add energy resilience and decarbonise their real estate footprint.

A leading global adopter of LDES technologies, the CEC is advancing projects it views as critical to the state achieving its decarbonisation goals.



Pipeline opportunities and direct customer engagements

Full project pipeline by development stage¹, excluding prospects, MWh



Pipeline opportunities and "RFI for LDES Demonstration Solicitation", CEC, February 16, 2024. Note: next 12 months figures includes announced projects

Our understanding of customer needs is core to our product evolution

Purchase Customers are telling us what they want		is aligned with Redflow's product evolution
Cost (CAPEX and LCOS)	Cost is at the forefront of decision-making	Market Competitive product CAPEX Competitive LCOS
Energy capacity	Scalability is key	Modular solution
Duration	8+ hours is the minimum	8+ hours and hibernation mode
Footprint/ Form factor	Constraint is the infrastructure or logistics needed	Energy-dense solution; form factor efficiency for optimal install cost
Technological risk	Technology needs to be operationally proven	Successful and extensive operational track record
Safety	Safety is a must	Compliance to baseline safety requirements; enhanced fire safety



Redflow provides a sophisticated and understood product that scales to the application.... Redflow is helping us pursue 24/7 Carbon Free Energy across our global portfolio

'Fortune 500' US Financial Services Company



Source: Customer interviews, customer feedback

X10 is the natural evolution of our current systems and designed for larger scale projects

External cooling system Optimising battery thermal management to improve system efficiency and reduce operating costs. **Auxiliary systems** X10 stack Re-designed electrical Optimally integrated and architecture to enhance scalable stack design, based system efficiency and on the natural evolution of the reduce system costs. current stack technology.

Key customer requirements met by X10

Natural **product evolution of Pod200/ZBM3**, e.g., chemistry and stack technology, which have extensive operational track record

Market Competitive product CAPEX

8h+ duration

MWh+ scale

Modular design for **rapid** scalability

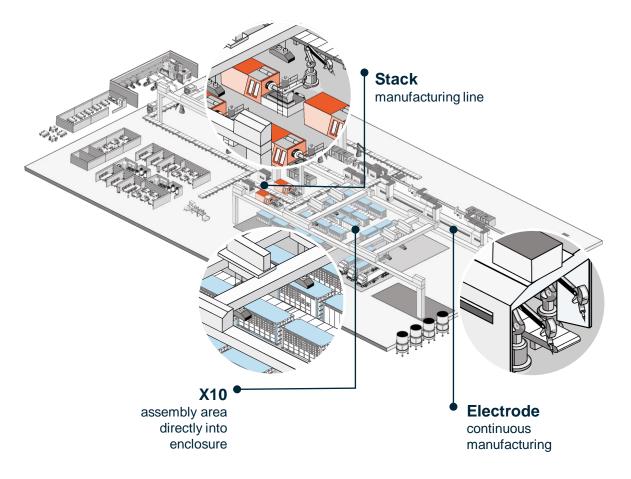
Designed and manufactured for ease of maintainability in the field for O&M efficiency

Turnkey solution for ease of transportation, field deployment and low installation costs – *key customer requirement*



Planning commenced for new advanced manufacturing facility

Preliminary QLD factory design





Source: Preliminary internal Redflow QLD factory employment projections; Preliminary internal Redflow QLD factory design / production plans

Redflow has advanced scoping plans to commission a **new manufacturing facility in 2026.** Commencing a jointly-funded feasibility study for a **Queensland-based facility** with the state government.

This facility will produce **Redflow's new X10 product**, adopting **highly automated manufacturing processes** to enable a **reduced cost and improved product life**

Queensland can serve as Redflow's **as a global hub**, centralising stack manufacturing for deployment to global assembly centres



500MWh+

annual production target



>10X
increase in Redflow's annua
production capacity



150+

Direct jobs generated in QLD

Subject to business plan approval

The energy transition in Queensland is a powerful example of Redflow's opportunity



Responsible for ~30% of national emissions, **Queensland's energy transition** will be critical to Australia meeting Paris Agreement obligations

In particular, Queensland holds a **strong foundation for our battery industry to grow**;



Largest national rooftop solar penetration



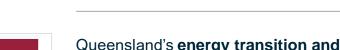
Existing mining and refining capabilities of critical battery minerals



Established local zinc ecosystem, e.g., multiple zinc mining and refining sites



National leader in large-scale firmed renewables and infrastructure



Queensland's energy transition and battery industry growth is expected to be accelerated by Queensland Government's \$62bn Energy and Jobs Plan and \$570M Battery Industry Strategy, which earmarked over 25GW of new and existing renewable energy by 2035

This will be enabled by:



~10 GW of energy storage planned by 2035



Retirement of entire coal fleet by FY35



~1500km of new high voltage backbone transmission



Smarter grid to support ~11GW of solar, ~6GW of batteries in homes / businesses



The Queensland Battery
Industry Strategy
establishes Queensland
as a global leader in
the flow batteries needed
to store renewable energy
and advanced battery
technologies.

Queensland Premier, Steven Miles



OUEENSLAND

BATTERY

INDUSTRY

STRATEGY

2024-2029



Redflow has a clear and focused plan to scale-up



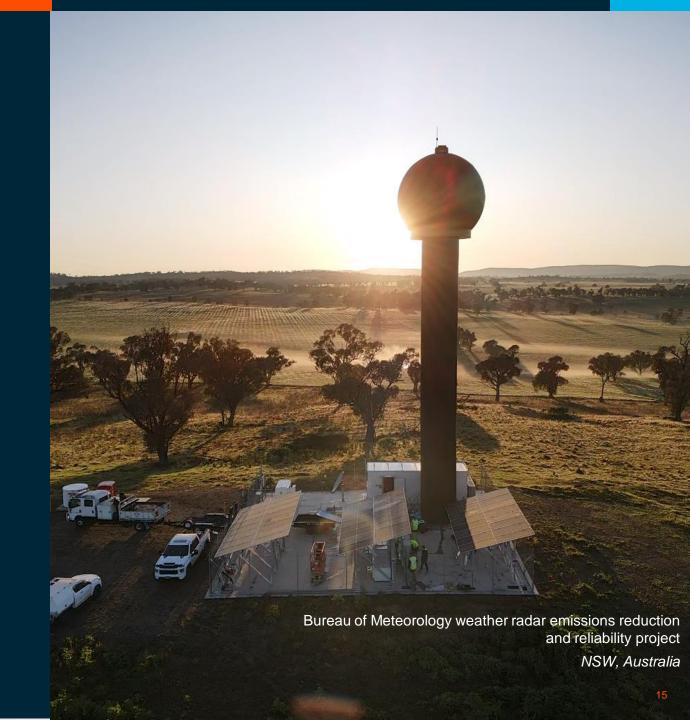
Delivered

- Filled production capacity out to early 2025 with customer orders.
- Detailed scale-up plan for Thailand factory to increase production capacity to 40 MWh/year.
- Design optimisation for cost of ZBM3.
- Preliminary design of new X10 product.
- Multi-MWh projects with option to further expand in project size.



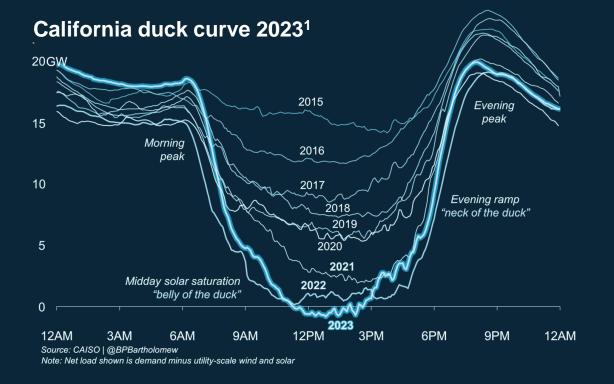
Next steps		
Manufacturing	Fi Fi	nance
Implement Thailand factory scale-up.		Progress discussions with government debt and export finance agencies.
Detailed design / planning of QLD factory (capital equipment, plant design, site selection, etc.).		Working capital financing solutions.
Ongoing supplier diversification and partnerships.		Drive progressive gains in product margin.
Design	S Co	ommercial
Implement design / process improvements in Thailand facility.		Lock in ZMB3 customer pipeline orders.
Finalise new X10 design.		Engage on X10 scaled future commitments.

Appendices



LDES increasingly seen as crucial to the energy transition

Renewables acceleration generates new challenges that LDES is best equipped to solve





"Long-duration energy storage is not a luxury, but a necessity. This is not an economic paradigm, it's a reliability paradigm." 3





- 1. CAISO
- Source: PTK analysis. Illustrative only
- PNNL.gov, Long-Duration Energy Storage: The Time Is Now, May 2023, Citing PNNL study in Journal of Energy Storage, Defining long duration energy storage, April 2023

Key LDES applications



Bulk energy shifting



Renewables integration



Energy arbitrage



Back up source

Redflow aligned to core LDES requirements



Use 100% energy



Flexible duration



Frequent cycling & long life



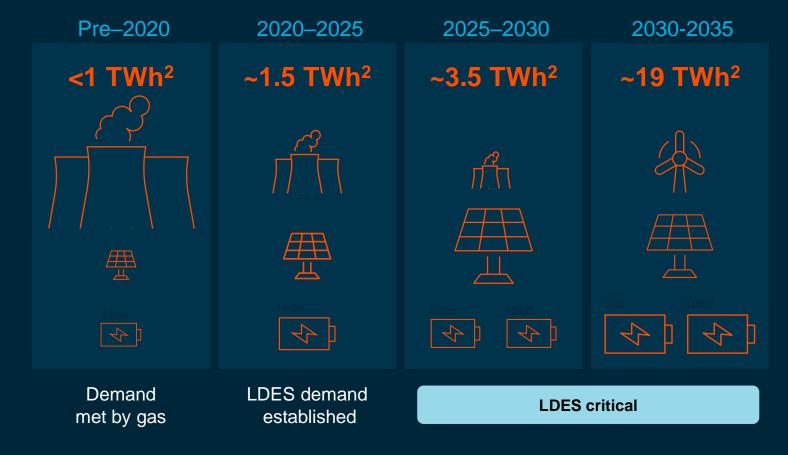
High temperature tolerance



Fully recyclable and no fire risk

Renewables penetration drives LDES adoption

Global need of 8-24-hour duration LDES: 38TWh+ by 20401



LDES penetration has been low in the past

- + High proportion of baseload from coal and gas.
- + Renewables supplemented the core grid.

Fossil fuels declining as source of baseload

- + Grids increasingly powered by renewables.
- + Coal and gas generation prevent climate goals.
- + Phasing out of coal and gas peakers.
- + Lithium for short term energy storage needs.

Renewables powered grids needs LDES

- + Renewables require LDES to shift power to match demand (intra-day, multi-day).
- + Growing demand for 24/7 renewable PPAs.
- + Total electricity demand increasing 2x³.

Market looking beyond lithium

- + Requirements for 8+ hour discharge capability.
- Lithium supply constraints and EV demand.
- + Customer concerns about lithium fire safety.
- LDES already viable for long-duration applications.



- 1. LDES Council: Net Zero Heat report, 2022
- 2. Cumulative energy installed capacity from LDES Council: Net Zero Heat, 2022
- c. Cornwall Insight https://www.cornwall-insight.com/press/evs-are-predicted-to-increase-electricity-demand-by-71-6twh/

Strong value proposition build on core advantages of Redflow's technology

Core chemistry, operational experience, low-cost deployment and unique features



Density

Highest across commercial flow batteries¹



Core chemistry

ZnBr one of the lowest \$/kWh chemistries²



Modularity

Flexible from 200 kWh to 100s MWh



Hibernation mode

Indefinite standby capability



Supply chain

Mature and abundant zinc supply chain



Deployment

Low cost, rapid drop-in deployment model



If you look past lithium ion, probably zinc is the next metal that's the most popular for energy storage, and it does appear to be able to provide performance equal to or better than lithium if given a chance

Mike Gravely, Californian Energy Commission³



- 1. Redflow analysis based on publicly available information and industry literature as of 30th August 2023
- 2. The Future of Energy Storage, MIT, 2022
 - Forbes, California Sees Zinc As Likely Successor To Lithium-Ion In Energy Storage, October 2022. Bold added for emphasis

Zinc-bromine chemistry has fundamental a cost advantage vs. other chemistries

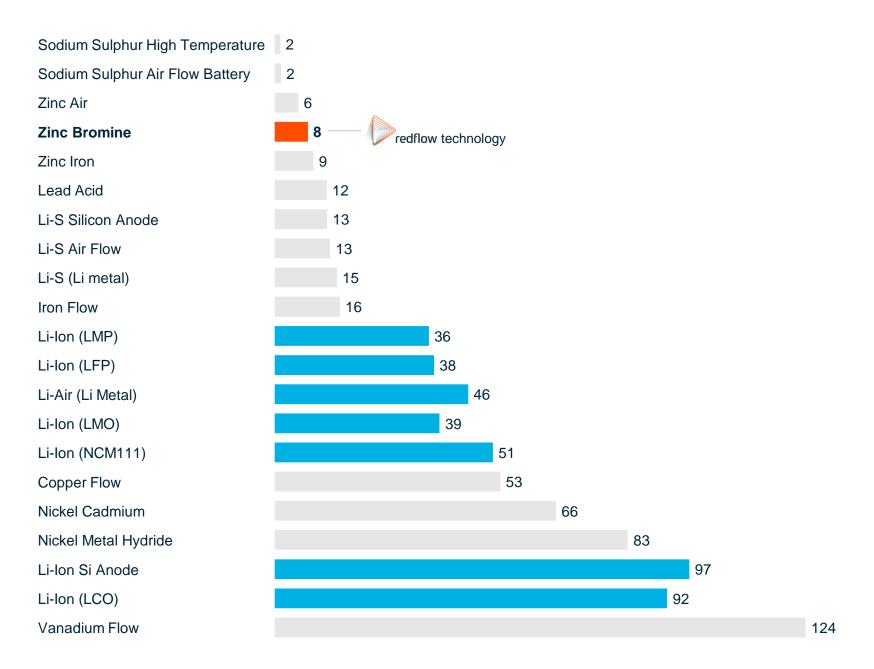
Estimated cost of raw material for different battery chemistries USD/kWh

- Li-Ion battery technology
- Other battery technologies

Note: This data indicates the estimated relative chemical cost of storage for Zinc Bromide chemistries. This is not a statement of Redflow's chemical cost of storage, which may differ from this data.

Source: MIT Future of Energy Storage study 2022

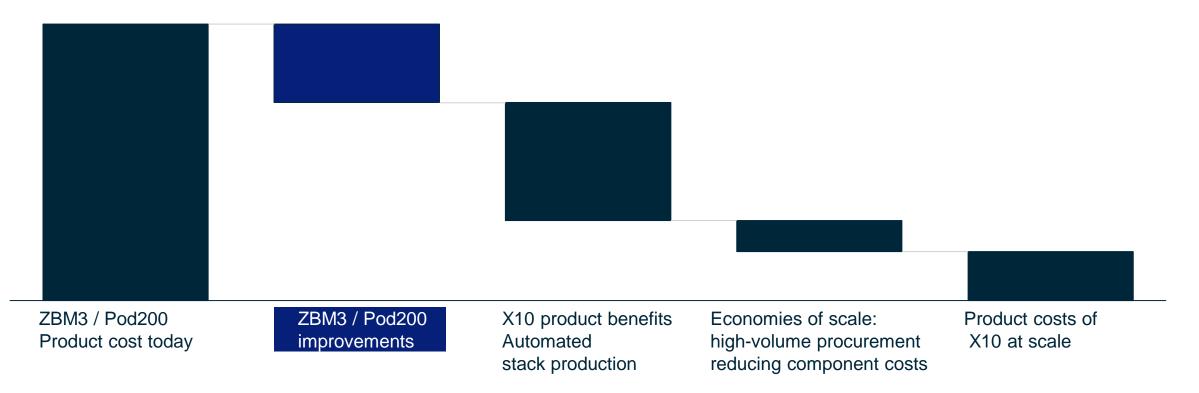




Our X10 and manufacturing scale up plan will allow us to achieve a step change in product costs¹ and competitiveness

Redflow's product cost down targets^{1,2,3}

USD/kWh, illustrative



¹ Product costs are the direct material and labour costs of manufacturing and installing at the customer's site an 8+ hour system. It excludes the cost of delivery from Redflow's factory to site and indirect costs. 2 Product costs including target cost reductions based on expected bill of materials, internal management estimates and external analysis.

³ Product cost reduction assumptions and actions required to achieve reductions described overleaf. Outcomes are not guaranteed and are subject to usual commercial risks including changes of a range of technical, operational and commercial factors.



Target product cost reduction initiatives

	~			110	E13 / E
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NON-EXHAUSTIVE			
Cost down levers	Key initiatives		
ZBM3 / Pod200	 Optimise electrolyte formulation, e.g., reducing 10% of electrolyte without compromising performances. Improve procurement of key components, e.g., DC-DC converters. 		
improvements			
	+ Eliminate stack cooling fans to reduce costs and enhance energy efficiency.		
X10 product benefits	Technical improvements specifically designed for efficient manufacture at scale and installation including:		
	+ Improve stack battery controller allowing the control of multiple stacks with one control unit.		
	+ Increase stack busbar voltage to reduce copper costs and increase electrical efficiency.		
	 Fit batteries directly into containerised enclosure with integrated cooling/heating systems allowing the elimination of redundancies within the current thermal management system. 		
	+ Design containerised enclosure to scale efficiencies in the installation process.		
	+ Iterate tank and pump assembly to improve operational efficiency of tank and pump system		
	+ Increase stack surface area and higher system energy density		
Automated stack production	Shift from manual stack manufacturing process to (semi-) automated assembly line resulting in:		
	+ Reduced materials quantity due to shift towards high precision manufacturing process vs manual process.		
	+ Higher production quality increasing factory yield and reducing scrap costs.		
	+ Increased plant utilisation through stack continuous production.		
Economies of scale: high-volume procurement reducing component	+ Procure large volume of the externally sourced components to achieve lowest unit cost.		



costs

Redflow considers that the target product cost reductions are reasonably achievable based on available information, internal management estimates and external third-party analysis.

However, outcomes are not guaranteed and are subject to usual commercial risks including the risk that a range of technical, operational and commercial parameters may change.

We see strong catalysts that the global LDES market & opportunity for Redflow will accelerate in the next 12 months

Catalyst

Key examples



Government / regulatory policies

Policies are being enacted or contemplated globally to foster LDES market growth



The Supercharging Battery Storage Initiative, led by the EC, Australia, US, and Canada, aims to reduce energy storage costs and establish a sustainable, transparent, diversified, and responsible supply chain¹



The US Department of Energy's Long Duration Storage Shot aims to decrease the cost of gridscale energy storage by 90% for 10+ hours of duration within ten years¹



The Battery Energy Storage System consortium aims at securing 5GW of battery storage deployments in low-middle income countries¹



Only Australia LDES battery on **US Department of Energy** project portfolio

Initial 4MWh contract with **Energy Queensland**

34 MWh contract with **California Energy Commission**

QLD Government jointly funded feasibility study



Investments

>US\$58b² in investments made by governments, funds and corporates in LDES projects around the world since 2019



~US\$10b venture capital funding³ made in energy storage start-ups in 2023

Redflow is actively engaged with a number of grant funding and export financing agencies in Australia with multiple NDAs signed



Demand for scale is growing

Customer demand has been driving large scale LDES deployments across the world



480MWh⁴ Mornington Battery Energy Storage System recently announced in Victoria, Australia

Thailand production capacity is full for 2024 and early 2025.

New manufacturing facility to be designed for scaled production.



Technological advancements



~25-50% decrease in LDES costs driven by technological advancements through 2040 will boost LDES adoption

X10 battery has been evolved for larger scale deployments and significantly lower storage costs



- 1. Respective agency website and press releases
- 2. Wood Mackenzie 'Long-duration energy storage report 2022
- Mercom Capital Funding and M&A Report for storage and grid 2023
- 4. QLD State development and Infrastructure website
- 5. Mornington BESS website
- 6. 2022 LDES Council Technology Benchmarking Results (N=26), page 25

We have a long-term plan for global manufacturing

Further global scale-up

















Engagement of global manufacturing partners, low-capex expansion.

GWh+/year production.

Highly automated end-to-end manufacturing, bulk procurement of materials, optimised supply chain.

Hyper-localised supply to take advantage of subsidies (e.g. IRA).

Localised assembly







Assembly of complete battery systems (with Australian produced stacks) in localised advanced facilities across key markets / manufacturing hubs (Australia, USA and Thailand).

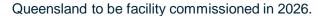
Supporting production of 500-1,000 MWh/year.

Highly efficient assembly processes.

Potential localised supply/assembly in delivery markets (e.g. USA) to take advantages of subsidies (e.g. IRA).

Australia: advanced stack manufacturing





Increased production to 500-1,000 MWh/year by 2030 (initial pilot line production of 175 MWh/year).

Highly automated stack production, improvements to manufacturing efficiency and quality.

















Government support for energy transition provides Redflow with multiple funding options

	Entity f	ocus	Latest update	
Australian Federal Government Entity #1		Support AUS scale up manufacturing / operations	+ NDA signed+ Initial discussions	
Australian Federal Government Entity #2 (renewables focus)		Support for initial prototype projects / facility	+ NDA signed+ Multiple discussions	
State government (misc.)		Scale up support and product development	 + NDA signed + Detailed discussions and initial due diligence scoping 	
Australian Federal Government Entity #3		Support AUS scale up manufacturing / operations	+ NDA signed+ Initial discussions	



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Redflow is part of our growing local ecosystem of battery technology companies and we are proud to support them to fast-track the development of their tech and potentially manufacturing their products right here in Queensland.

Deputy Premier, Treasurer and Minister for Trade and Investment, Cameron Dick¹

Feasibility study for QLD will allow us to rapidly advance our X10 and scale manufacturing modelling

- + The Queensland's Government's Queensland Critical Minerals and Battery Technology Fund (QCMBTF) has allocated \$1.12m in grant funding to Redflow. The grant will reimburse Redflow for part of the total \$3.2m project cost.
- + The funding is for the development and construction of a large-scale zinc-bromide flow battery prototype and a feasibility study for the establishment of a fully automated large-scale battery manufacturing facility in Queensland.
- + The \$100m QCMBTF fund provides for initial feasibility funding and scale up financing (debt or equity) of up to \$30m.
- + Anticipated to be completed by the end of CY2024.



Anchor demand



Endowment effects



Location based factors



Government stimulus & support



Redflow has a world-class team



Tim Harris Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director

Eric Chainet

General Manager











Mark Higgins

President, North America &

Chief Commercial Officer





Steve Hickey Chief Technology Officer







Tim MacTaggart **Chief Operating** Officer







Brett Johnson Independent Non-Executive Chairman



Adele Fraser Non-Executive Director



John Lindsay Non-Executive Director



David Brant Non-Executive Director



Michael Hipwood Chief Financial Officer









Juergen Reitz

Chief Engineer



REHRU

Profit & Loss

- + H1 FY24 revenue was affected by low production in the Thailand factory. This issue has been discussed in previous presentations and is now resolved.
- + Other income is primarily R&D tax rebate.
- + Raw materials and consumables used includes the increase in warranty provision \$3.4m.

A\$'000	H1 FY24	H1 FY23
Revenue	62.8	645.6
Other Income	1,153.5	2,344.3
Expenses		
Raw Materials and Consumables Used	(7,128.3)	(2,555.2)
Other Expenses	(6,967.3)	(6,647.4)
Profit/ (Loss) before Income Tax	(12,879.2)	(6,212.6)
Income Tax Expense	(8.1)	(12.1)
Profit/ (Loss) after Income Tax	(12,887.2)	(6,224.7)
Other Comprehensive Income	73.4	88.2
Total Comprehensive Loss	(12,813.8)	(6,136.5)

Sum of individual items may not equal total due to rounding effects



Balance Sheet

Net cash position of \$9.7m as of end Dec 23

Current assets

- + The \$11.6m raise contributed to the increase in cash.
- + Received R&D tax rebate 5 months ahead of previous period hence the decrease in trade and other receivables.

Current liabilities

+ The warranty provision was revised conservatively following management's assessment of the number of batteries sold under warranty, battery performance, potential contract exposure and the cost of meeting warranty obligations, based on historical experience and current knowledge.

A\$'000	31 Dec 23	30 June 23
Cash and cash equivalents	9,697.2	5,512.9
Trade and other receivables	1,144.3	2,563.9
Inventories	3,294.3	2,737.5
Other current assets	690.0	706.1
Total current assets	14,825.7	11,520.3
Property plant and equipment	1,333.0	1,633.3
Intangible assets	539.0	501.2
Right of use assets	173.4	249.5
Total non-current assets	2,045.3	2,384.0
Total assets	16,871.0	13,904.3
Trade and other payables	2,450.3	1,701.5
Other current liabilities	1,193.7	572.8
Provisions	5,621.5	2,190.3
Total current liabilities	9,265.5	4,464.7
Total non-current liabilities	200.0	324.2
Total liabilities	9,465.5	4,788.9
NET ASSETS	7,405.5	9,115.4

Sum of individual items may not equal total due to rounding effects



Cash Flow

- + As mentioned above, supplier quality issues impacted production of orders.
- + Payments to suppliers and employees increased in preparation of ramp up.
- + As discussed previously R&D tax grants paid earlier than historical trends.
- + Capital raising activities:
 - \$11.6m raised from successful entitlement offer and placement.

A\$'000	H1 FY24	H1 FY23
Cashflows from operating activities		
Receipts from customers	243.7	779.6
Payments to suppliers and employees	(9,132.7)	(8,081.0)
Grants R&D tax incentive received	2,456.8	36.6
Other	147.7	37.5
Net cash (outflows) from operating activities	(6,284.5)	(7,227.4)
Cashflows from investing activities		
Payment for property plant and equipment	(273.6)	(300.6)
Payments for intangible assets	(56.9)	(99.6)
Proceeds from sales of PP&E	-	9.2
Net cash (outflows) from investing activities	(330.5)	(391.0)
Cashflows from financing activities		
Proceeds from capital raising activities	11,642.7	10,621.6
Transaction costs related to equity issues	(752.8)	(540.3)
Principal elements of lease payments	(84.9)	(84.0)
Net cash (outflows) from financing activities	10,805.0	9,997.3
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4,190.0	2,379.0

Sum of individual items may not equal total due to rounding effects



