

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

This Corporate Governance Statement is current as of 27 March 2024 and has been approved by the Board of Advanced Metals Limited on that date.

This Corporate Governance Statement discloses the extent to which the Company follows the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council in its publication "Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations" 4th edition (**Recommendations**). The Recommendations are not mandatory, however, the Recommendations that will not be followed have been identified and reasons provided for not following them along with what (if any) alternative governance practices the Company intends to adopt in lieu of the recommendation.

The Company has adopted a Corporate Governance Plan that provides the written terms of reference for the Company's corporate governance duties that is available on the Company's website at www.advancemetals.com.au. Under the explanation section below it has been crossed referenced to the Corporate Governance Charter on the company website.

In light of the Company's size and nature, the Board considers that the current corporate governance regime is a fit-for-purpose, efficient, practical and cost-effective method of directing and managing the Company. As the Company's activities develop in scale and complexity, the implementation of additional corporate governance policies and structures will be considered.

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION		
Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight				
Recommendation 1.1 A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management.	YES	The Company has adopted a Board Charter that sets out the specific roles and responsibilities of the Board, the Chairman and management and includes a description of those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management. The Board Charter sets out the specific responsibility of the Board, requirements as to the Board's composition, the roles and responsibilities of the Chairman and Company Secretary, the establishment, operation and management of Board Committees, Directors' access to Company records and information, details of the Board's relationship with management, details of the Board's performance review and details of the Board's disclosure policy. A copy of the Company's Board Charter, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website.		

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Recommendation 1.2 A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election, as a Director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director.	YES	 (a) The Company has guidelines for the appointment and selection of the Board in its Corporate Governance Plan and has the appropriate checks (including checks in respect of character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history (as appropriate)) are undertaken before appointing a person or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a Director. (b) The Company will provide all material information relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director to security holders in the Notice of Meeting containing the resolution to elect or re-elect a Director.
Recommendation 1.3 A listed entity should have a written agreement with each Director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	YES	The Board is to ensure that each Director and senior executive is a party to a written agreement/letter with the Company which sets out the terms of that Director's or senior executive's appointment. The Company has written agreements with each of its Directors and senior executives.
Recommendation 1.4 The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.	YES	The Board Charter outlines the roles, responsibility and accountability of the Company Secretary. In accordance with this, the Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairman, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.
Recommendation 1.5 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (i) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;	PARTIALLY	 (a) The Company has adopted a Diversity Policy which provides a framework for the Company to establish and achieve measurable diversity objectives, including in respect of gender diversity. The Diversity Policy allows the Board to set measurable gender diversity objectives if considered appropriate and to assess annually both the objectives and the Company's progress in achieving them. (b) The Company has one woman on its Board and no women in senior executive positions. (c) The Company is not a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act 2012.
(ii) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and		(d) Refer Section H of the Corporate Governance Charter.

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 (iii) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators" as defined and published under that Act. 		(d) Given the current size, nature and exploration stage of the Company, the Company considers the current gender mix to be acceptable.
Recommendation 1.6 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual Directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	YES	 (a) The Board undertakes self-assessment of its collective performance. Individual performance is evaluated by the full Board. (b) The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Company to disclose whether performance evaluations were conducted during the relevant reporting period. The Company has not carried out any performance evaluation during the year ended 31 December 2023. (c) Refer to Section D of the Corporate Governance Charter on the website
Recommendation 1.7 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	YES	 (a) The Company's Board is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Company's senior executive on an annual basis. The Company's Remuneration Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) is responsible for evaluating the remuneration of the Company's senior executive on an annual basis. A senior executive, for these purposes, means key management personnel (as defined in the Corporations Act) other than a non-executive Director. The applicable processes for these evaluations can be found in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, which is available on the Company's website. (b) The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Company to disclose whether performance evaluations were conducted during the relevant reporting period. The Company did not carry out any performance evaluations in respect of the senior executives (if any) for the financial year ended 31 December 2023. (c) Also refer to Recommendation 1.6

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Principle 2: Structure the Board to be effective and add value		
Recommendation 2.1 The Board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent Director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address Board succession issues and to ensure that the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge,	No	 (a) The Company does have have a Nomination Committee. (b) The Company considers that the structure of the Company is cost effective and practical for the Company's size to this function to be carried out by the full board. (c) The Board will ensure that it has the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence, and knowledge of the entity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively: (i) devoting time at least annually to discuss Board succession issues and updating the Company's Board skills matrix; and (ii) all Board members being involved in the Company's nomination process, to the maximum extent permitted under the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules. (d) Refer to Section E of the Corporate Government Charter.
experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.		
Recommendation 2.2 A listed entity should have and disclose a Board skill matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the Board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	No	The Company does not have a Board skills matrix. The Company's 2023 Annual Report discloses the skills and diversity of the Company's Board members.
Recommendation 2.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the Directors considered by the Board to be independent Directors;	YES	 (a) The Board Charter requires the disclosure of the names of Directors considered by the Board to be independent. The Company will disclose those Directors it considers to be independent in its Annual Report and on its ASX website. The Board considers that two of the current Directors are independent. (b) There are two independent Directors who fall into this category. The Company will disclose in its Annual Report and ASX website any instances where this applies and

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 (b) if a Director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the Board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the Director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the Board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each Director 		 an explanation of the Board's opinion why the relevant Director is still considered to be independent. (c) The Company's Annual Report discloses the length of service of each Director, as at the end of each financial year.
Recommendation 2.4 A majority of the Board of a listed entity should be independent Directors.	YES	The Board Charter requires that, where practical, the majority of the Board must be independent. The board of Advance Metals Limited currently consist of 3 persons. Two of its Directors are considered independent. As such, independent Directors form a majority of the Board.
Recommendation 2.5 The Chair of the Board of a listed entity should be an independent Director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	PARTIAL	The Board Charter provides that, where practical, the Chairman of the Board should be an independent Director and should not be the CEO/Managing Director. The Chairman of the Company(Mr Hill) is not an independent Director. The Company does not have a Executive Director but has a CEO who is not Chairman of the Company.
Recommendation 2.6 A listed entity should have a program for inducting new Directors and and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as Directors effectively.	YES	The Company Secretary is responsible for the induction and continuing professional development programs and procedures for Directors to ensure that they can effectively discharge their responsibilities.
Principle 3: Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly		
Recommendation 3.1 A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.		The Company has a Code of Conduct which articulates and disclose its value. Refer Section G of the Corporate Governance Charter.
Recommendation 3.2 A listed entity should:	YES	(a) The Company's Corporate Code of Conduct applies to the Company's Directors, senior executives and employees.

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(a) have and disclose code of conduct for its Directors, senior executives and employees; and		(b) The Company's Corporate Code of Conduct (which forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website. Refer Section G.
(b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.		(c) Any material breaches of the Code are reported to the Board, and employees are encouraged to raise any matters of concern in good faith with the company secretary, without fear of retribution, to ensure such breaches are reported.
Recommendation 3.3	YES	This policy falls under the remit of the full Board.
A listed entity should:		There have been no material breaches during the reporting period.
(a) have and disclose a whisteleblower policy; and		Defer Section C of the Cornerate Covernment Charter
(b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.		Refer Section G of the Corporate Governance Charter.
Recommendation 3.4	YES	This policy falls under the remit of the full Board.
A listed entity should:		There have been no material breaches during the reporting period.
(a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and		Refer Section G of the Corporate Governance Charter.
(b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.		nere seed on a continue contin
Principle 4: Safeguard the integrity of corporate reports		
Recommendation 4.1		(a) The Company currently has an Audit Committee. The Committee has two
The Board of a listed entity should:	NO	members and one member is independent.
(a) have an audit committee which:		(b) Given the current size and the relatively modest complexity of the financial affairs of the Company, the board considers the audit committee to be comprised of the
 (i) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive Directors and a majority of whom are independent Directors; and 		most appropriate mix of skills and expertise in order to carry out the function of the audit committee.
(ii) is chaired by an independent Director, who is not the chairman of the Board,		(c) The Audit Committee Charter includes the following processes to independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its financial reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the
and disclose:		audit engagement partner:
(iii) the charter of the committee;		

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
 (iv) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (v) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its financial reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. Recommendation 4.2 The Board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that the financial records of the entity have been properly 	YES	(i) the Board devotes time at annual Board meetings to fulfilling the roles and responsibilities associated with maintaining the Company's arrangements with external auditors. The Company's Audit Committee Charter is incorporated into the Corporate Governance Charter. (Section C). The 2023 annual report discloses: (i) relevant qualification and experience of the members of the committee:and (ii) the number of times the committee met throughout the last reporting period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings. Item 4.1 (b) is not applicable As is required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), the Chief Executive Officer and the CFO make a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position
maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.		 and performance of the entity. The Company extended this declaration to include a declaration that: (a) The opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control, which is operating effectively: and (b) It is in respect of the Company's financial statements for any reporting period.
Recommendation 4.3 A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	YES	The Company undertakes significant review of period corporate reports, whether audited or unaudited, and is diligent in verifying the integrity of those reports prior to its release to the market. The Company's external auditor attends the Company's annual general meeting and is available to answer shareholders questions relevant to the audit.
Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure		
Recommendation 5.1 A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the listing rule 3.1.	YES	The Company has adopted a Shareholders Communications Policy for complying with its continuous obligations under the Listing Rules. This policy is incorporated into the Corporate Governance Charter. (Section I)

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Recommendation 5.2 A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made	YES	The Board of the Company reviews, considers and approves all material announcements prior to their release to the market, and receives a copy of the final announcement immediately upon its release to the market.
Recommendation 5.3 A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	YES	The Company's policy requires that materials of any new and substantive investor or analyst presentations are released on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation, and the Company confirms that it complied with this policy during the reporting period.
Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders		
Recommendation 6.1 A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	YES	The Company's website contains information abount the Company and its governance which can be found Information on the Company's website www.advancemetals.com.au
Recommendation 6.2 A listed entity should have an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	YES	See Recommendation 6.1 above. The Company's website allow investors to communicate with the Company. Contact details are also included in the Corporate Directory in the Company's 2023 Annual Report.
Recommendation 6.3 A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	YES	Shareholders are encouraged to participate at all EGMs and AGMs of the Company. Upon the despatch of any notice of meeting to Shareholders, the Company Secretary shall send out material in that notice of meeting stating that all Shareholders are encouraged to participate at the meeting. The Company also accommodates shareholders who are unable to attend general meetings in person by accepting votes by proxy.
		The Shareholder Communication Strategy states that, securityholders can register with the Company to receive email notifications of when an announcement is made by the Company to the ASX, including the release of the Annual Report, half yearly reports and quarterly reports.
		Refer to Section I of the Corporate Governance Charter.

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Recommendation 6.4 A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	YES	All substantive resolutions and all ASX listing rule resolutions at a meeting of security holders during the Reporting Period were decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands. Refer to Section I of the Corporate Governance Charter.
Recommendation 6.5 A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically. Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk	YES	Security holders are given the option to receive communications from, and send communication to, the Company and its share registry electronically. Refer to Section I of the Corporate Governance Charter.
Recommendation 7.1 The Board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent Director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the process it employs for overseeing	NO	 (a) The Company does not have a risk committee. The full Board is responsible for risk management. (b) The Company considers it is appropriate for the Board to be responsible for risk management, given the nature and size of the Company and the extensive knowledge of the Directord regarding the Company and its business. For this reason the Company takes the view that it is in the best interests of members that there is not a separate committee to oversea the Company's risk. (c) The Company has adopted a risk management policy which is incorporated into the Corporate Governance Charter (Section J).

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Recommendation 7.2 The Board or a committee of the Board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	YES	(a) At each Board meeting, the Board reviews the Company's risk management to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound.
Recommendation 7.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	YES	 (a) The Audit Committee (or in its absence, the Board) is to monitor the need for an internal audit function. (b) The Company does not have an internal audit function, however the audit committee overseas the risk management and internal control processes. The Company does not have a formal internal audit function due to its size.
Recommendation 7.4 A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	YES	The Company has exposure to economic risks. These include risks associated with regulatory and licencing requirements and compliance, legislative and regulatory changes, the Company's corporate strategy and management of future growth. How these risks are managed is reported in the Company's 2023 Annual Report. The Company has no material exposure to environmental and social sustainability risks. The Board reviews and oversees the operation of systems of risk management to ensure that the significant risks facing the Company are identified, that appropriate control, monitoring and reporting mechanisms are in place and that risk is appropriatelt dealt with.

Recommendation 8.1		The Company does have a Remuneration Committee. The Remuneration Committee
The Board of a listed entity should:	PARTIALLY	consists of two members with 50% of the committee is an independent Director. The two members of the Committee are Mr G Hill (Not independent) and Ms M Sanderson (
(a) have a remuneration committee which:		Independent).

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
 (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent Director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive. 		 (b) The Company considers that the structure of the Remuneration Committee to be comprised of the most appropriate mix of skills and expertise to carry out the function of the remuneration. Ultimate responsibility for remuneration policy rests with the full board. (c) The number of meetings held during the reporting period and the number attended by each member is disclosed in the Annual Report. (d) The Remuneration Committee Charter which is incorporated into the Corporate Governance Charter.
Recommendation 8.2 A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive Directors and the remuneration of executive Directors and other senior executives.	YES	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Board to disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive, executive and other senior Directors which is disclosed on the Company's website and annual report. Shareholders approve the maximum aggregate annual remuneration payable to non-executive directors, which is presently \$350,000 per annum from 1 January 2022. There are no contractual termination or retirement benefits for executive or non-executive directors.

Recommendation 8.3		
 A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it. 	YES	Employees entering into transactions tha would limit the economic risk of participating in the the ESOP is not permitted. Whilst the Company has an ESOP, there are Company ESOP equities outstanding.
Principle 9 Additional recommendations that apply only in certain cases		

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Recommendation 9.1		
A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	Not Applicable	
Recommendation 9.2		
A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	Not Applicable	
Recommendation 9.3		
A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	Not Applicable	