

Product Disclosure Statement



Incorporating Fund Supplements

27 MARCH 2024

Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF (GXAI) ARSN: 661 601 190

Global X Copper Miners ETF (WIRE) ARSN: 661 604 655

Global X Cybersecurity ETF (BUGG) ARSN: 661 603 809

Global X Uranium ETF (ATOM) ARSN: 661 601 878

ISSUER AND RESPONSIBLE ENTITY:

GLOBAL X MANAGEMENT (AUS) LIMITED ACN 150 433 828 AFSL NO. 466778

Important Information

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO RECIPIENT

About this document

This Product Disclosure Statement (“PDS”) is dated 27 March 2024 and has been prepared by Global X Management (AUS) Limited ACN 150 433 828 AFSL number 466778 (“Global X”) or (the “Responsible Entity”) who is responsible for its content.

This PDS sets out information and is an offer document for each of Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF, Global X Copper Miners ETF, Global X Cybersecurity ETF and Global X Uranium ETF (each a “Fund” and together the “Funds”). Each of the Funds is a registered managed investment scheme and a copy of this PDS has been filed with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (“ASIC”).

Investments in Units in the Funds are subject to investment risk, including possible delays in repayment and loss of income and principal invested. Neither Global X nor any other member of the Mirae Asset Global Investments Group guarantees the performance of any product issued by Global X or the repayment of capital or any particular rate of return therefrom. None of the Indices were created by or are managed by a Related Body Corporate of the Responsible Entity.

As at the date of this document units in the Funds are quoted for trading on the AQUA market of the ASX under the AQUA Rules, except for the Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF, as an application has been made for Units in the Fund to be quoted for trading on the ASX. A copy of this PDS has been lodged with both ASIC and ASX. No responsibility as to the contents of this PDS is taken by ASIC or ASX. No applications for Units in the Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF offered pursuant to this PDS will be accepted until the exposure period has expired. The exposure period expires seven days after lodgement of this PDS with ASIC, subject to possible extension by ASIC for a further period of up to seven days.

About the Offer

Creation Requests for Units of a Fund are only available to Authorised Participants who have been authorised as ‘trading participants’ under the ASX Operating Rules. The offer contained within this PDS is therefore made to Authorised Participants only.

Any other investors may not apply for Units in a Fund via this PDS, however Units can be purchased in the secondary market on the ASX via a broker, investment advisor or ASX participant. Although non-Authorised

Participants cannot submit Creation Requests under this PDS, the PDS may be used for information purposes.

This PDS does not constitute an offer or invitation in relation to a Fund in any place in which, or to any person to whom, it would not be lawful to make that offer or invitation. The distribution of this PDS may be restricted by laws of places where it is distributed and therefore persons into whose possession this PDS comes (including nominees, trustees or custodians) should seek advice on and observe those restrictions. Failure to comply with relevant restrictions may violate those laws. No cooling off period applies to investment in a Fund.

Information in this document is subject to change from time to time. To the extent that the change is not materially adverse to Holders, it may be updated by the Responsible Entity posting a notice of the change on its website at www.globalxetfs.com.au. In addition, any material updates will also be notified to Holders through the Market Announcements Platform on the ASX. The Responsible Entity will provide to Holders, free of charge, a paper copy of the updated information upon request. Please refer to the “Corporate Directory” at Section 13 of this PDS for contact details of the Responsible Entity.

Continuous offer notice

The Offer (being the invitation made to Authorised Participants under this PDS) is a continuous offer made during the term of this PDS. Authorised Participants may only apply for Units totalling at least one Creation Unit.

As at the date of this document an application has been made to the ASX for Units in the Funds to be quoted for trading on the AQUA market of the ASX under the AQUA Rules. Copies of documents lodged with ASIC in relation to each Fund may be obtained from, or inspected at, an ASIC office. People have the right to obtain a copy of the following documents:

- the annual financial report most recently lodged with ASIC by each Fund (if any);
- any half-year financial report lodged with ASIC by each Fund after lodgement of that annual financial report; and
- any continuous disclosure notices given by each Fund after the lodgement of that annual financial report.

Such information may be obtained from, or inspected at, an ASIC office and shall also be available for download free of charge from the Responsible Entity's website www.globalxetfs.com.au. Upon request, each Fund shall also make a hard copy of the documents available free of charge to anyone who asks.

AQUA market on the ASX

As at the date of this document units in the Funds are quoted for trading on the AQUA market of the ASX under the AQUA Rules, except for the Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF, as an application has been made for Units in that Fund to be quoted for trading on the ASX. The AQUA Rules form part of the ASX Operating Rules. The Units will not be listed on the ASX under the ASX Listing Rules.

The AQUA Rules have been designed to offer greater flexibility and are specifically designed for managed funds, exchange-traded funds, and structured products.

Since an investor may be more familiar with the ASX Listing Rules, it is important they familiarise themselves with the main differences between the AQUA Rules and the ASX Listing Rules.

AQUA Rules: fundamental difference

The key distinction between products admitted under the ASX Listing Rules and those quoted under the AQUA Rules is the level of control and influence that an issuer has over the value of the underlying assets of the entity.

Under the ASX Listing Rules, listed equity securities typically reflect the value of the business operated by the issuer. By contrast, the value of a product quoted on AQUA typically reflects the performance of the underlying assets.

Key specific differences between the ASX Listing Rules and the AQUA Rules

Due to the different nature of shares quoted under the ASX Listing Rules and AQUA Products quoted under the AQUA Rules, the requirements relating to AQUA Products differ from those relating to products listed under the ASX Listing Rules. The key differences for AQUA Products are as follows:

1. **Continuous disclosure** – the continuous disclosure requirements for AQUA Product issuers are different to those under the ASX Listing Rules because of the nature and regulation of the underlying asset. There is a requirement under the AQUA Rules that an AQUA Product issuer provide the ASX with any

information the non-disclosure of which may lead to the establishment of a false market in the products or which would materially affect the price of its products. The Funds must also disclose information about net tangible assets or net asset value, dividends and distributions to the ASX and must make disclosure to the ASX and market participants using the Market Announcements Platform of the ASX at the same time information is disclosed to ASIC. The Responsible Entity also intends to post any such information on its website <http://www.globalxetfs.com.au> at the same time.

2. **Periodic disclosure** – AQUA Product issuers are not required to disclose half yearly and annual financial information or annual reports to the ASX. However, periodic financial reports relating to the AQUA Product must be disclosed to the ASX at the same time they are lodged with ASIC under Chapter 2M of the Corporations Act.
3. **Spread requirements** – The requirements under the ASX Listing Rules that issuers satisfy certain minimum spread requirements (i.e. a minimum number of Holders each having a minimum parcel size) do not apply to AQUA Products. Under the AQUA Rules, unless and until a suitable spread of Holders is achieved, an AQUA Product issuer must ensure a bid/ask spread and volume requirement is maintained for the AQUA Product on the ASX, generally through the appointment of a market maker, or must have in place other arrangements which meet ASX's requirements for providing liquidity.
4. **Corporate control** – the ASX requirements in relation to matters such as takeover bids, share buy-backs, change of capital, new issues, restricted securities, disclosure of directors' interests and substantial holdings are not relevant and do not apply to AQUA Products. The Responsible Entity and each Fund is subject to general Corporations Act requirements in respect of some of these matters in some circumstances. Unlike the responsible entity of a managed investment scheme listed under the Listing Rules, the Responsible Entity can only be replaced by a resolution passed by the votes of at least 50% of all the votes eligible to be cast.

The Corporations Act provisions that apply to takeovers and substantial shareholding requirements for listed managed investment schemes do not apply to AQUA Products.

Important Information

5. **Related party transactions** – ASX requirements relating to transactions between an entity and persons in a position to influence the entity, do not apply to AQUA Products. However, Corporations Act requirements (i.e. Chapter 2E) applicable to public companies will still apply to the issuer.
6. **Auditor rotation obligations** – AQUA Product issuers, including the Responsible Entity and each of the Funds, will not be subject to the requirements in Division 5 of Part 2M.4 of the Corporations Act in relation to auditor rotation, however the Responsible Entity is required to undertake an independent audit of the compliance plan for each Fund.

More information about the AQUA Rules is available from the ASX's website: www.asx.com.au.

Disclaimers

It is impossible in a document of this type to take into account the investment objectives, financial situation and particular needs of each potential investor.

Accordingly, nothing in this PDS is a recommendation by the Responsible Entity, or any other person, concerning investments in the Units. Potential investors should not rely on this PDS as the sole basis for any investment decision and should seek independent professional investment and taxation advice before making a decision whether to invest in the Units. Prospective investors should read the entire PDS before making any decisions to invest in the Units. If prospective investors have any doubt as to their course of action they should consult their stockbroker, solicitor, accountant or other professional adviser.

This PDS has been prepared by Global X Management (AUS) Limited from sources which Global X Management (AUS) Limited believes to be correct. However, none of Global X Management (AUS) Limited nor any other member of the Global X or Mirae Asset Global Investments Group of companies, nor any of their employees or agents make any representation or warranty as to or assume any responsibility or liability for the accuracy or completeness of, or any errors or omissions in, any information, statement or opinion contained in this PDS or in any accompanying, previous or subsequent material or presentation and each of those persons disclaim all and any responsibility or liability for any loss or damage which may be suffered by any person relying upon any information contained in, or any omissions from, this PDS.

Selling restrictions

New Zealand

Each Fund is offered to persons in New Zealand who are “wholesale investors” under clause 3(2) or 3(3) (a) of Schedule 1 of the FMCA, or who are otherwise not required to receive disclosure under Part 3 of the FMCA, only.

Those persons not familiar with the provisions of the FMCA, or who require further assistance and / or information, should consult their professional adviser.

Singapore

This PDS has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. This PDS and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the Units may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the Units be offered or sold, or be made the subject of any invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore except to an institutional investor as defined in the Securities and Futures Act, Cap. 289 (the “Act”), or otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provisions of the Act.

United States

This PDS and the Units offered under this PDS have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended or any US state or other securities laws. Accordingly, the Units offered in this PDS may not be granted to or taken up by, and the Units may not be offered or sold to, any person that is in the United States or that is, or is acting for the account or benefit of, a US person.

Defined terms

Certain terms used in this PDS are defined in Section 12 (Glossary). This PDS should be read in conjunction with these defined terms.

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1. Key features

1.1 Overview

Each of the Funds is a registered managed investment scheme which has its Units quoted on the AQUA market of the ASX under the AQUA Rules, except for the Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF, as an application has been made for Units in the Fund to be quoted for trading on the ASX. The Funds are each exchange traded funds (“ETFs”) which aim to provide investors with a return that tracks (before fees and expenses) the performance of a published index (an “Index”). Details of the applicable Index in respect of a Fund are set out in the relevant Fund Supplement.

The following table summarises the key features of the Funds offered in this PDS. Any decision to invest in the Units of a Fund should be based upon the PDS in its entirety and investors should seek professional advice before making any decision with respect to an investment in the Funds.

Key features of the Funds

Fund names	Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF Global X Copper Miners ETF Global X Cybersecurity ETF Global X Uranium ETF
Responsible Entity	Global X Management (AUS) Limited is the Responsible Entity and trustee of each of the Funds and the issuer of this PDS.
Investment objective	The investment objective of each Fund is to provide investors a return (before fees and expenses) that tracks the performance of the relevant Index. The specific investment objective of each Fund and further information about the applicable Index is set out in the relevant Fund Supplement.
Investment type	The Funds are unit trust managed investment schemes. Units in the Fund (“Units”) will be able to be traded on the AQUA market of the ASX. The issue of Units is covered by the Responsible Entity’s Australian financial services licence.
Index tracking	As at the date of this PDS, each Fund will attempt to meet its investment objective by investing substantially all its assets in either the securities comprising the relevant Index or in an Underlying Fund as set out in the relevant Fund Supplement. Each Fund is managed according to a passive approach and either directly holds the securities or a sample of the securities comprising the Index with the aim of providing the most representative exposure to the Index; or otherwise holds interests in a relevant Underlying Fund. A Underlying Fund, where relevant, will directly holds the securities or a sample of the securities comprising the Index with the aim of providing the most representative exposure to the Index based on the relevant Underlying Fund Manager’s evaluation of the securities against factors including, but not limited to, the correlation of the securities to the Index and the exposure, liquidity and risk of the securities. The relevant Fund or Underlying Fund will only use the sampling strategy in extreme circumstances, for example, where the replication strategy might be detrimental to shareholders, such as when there are practical difficulties, substantial costs involved in compiling a portfolio of equity securities to follow the Index, in instances in which a security in the Index becomes temporarily illiquid, unavailable, or less liquid or as a result of legal restrictions or limitations that apply to the Fund or an Underlying Fund, but not the Index. Any changes in the composition of an Index, whether due to scheduled rebalancing or other unscheduled events (e.g., corporate actions), will generally be reflected in the portfolio of securities held by a Fund or an Underlying Fund as soon as practically possible.

<p>Index tracking (continued)</p>	<p>To assist investors, each Fund's full portfolio holdings will be published on a daily basis on www.globalxetfs.com.au at the same time that Authorised Participants and market makers are provided with portfolio composition files. Each Fund or Underlying Fund's portfolio holdings will also be published daily on www.globalxetfs.com.au</p> <p>Whilst it is expected that each Fund's assets will materially consist of exchange traded shares or an exposure to such assets via investment in an Underlying Fund. Each Fund may hold other investments aside from interests in the relevant Underlying Fund from time to time, provided that such other investments satisfy the requirements of the AQUA Rules. These other investments may include for example:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • cash or short term deposits; • direct investment in securities that comprise the relevant Index or offer similar exposures to the relevant Index (in circumstances where a Fund's assets materially consist of interests in an Underlying Fund); • related securities such as tradable rights resulting from corporate actions undertaken by Index constituents; • depository receipts or other securities that may be substituted for Index constituents that are impractical or costly to trade; and • futures, options, swaps or other ETFs with similar exposures to the Index that may help minimise deviations from the Index, where appropriate. <p>Derivatives held by each Fund will not be used to achieve gearing or leverage.</p> <p>As at the date of this PDS, it is not the intention of the Responsible Entity that any of the Funds will engage in securities lending over its assets. An Underlying Fund may, however, engage in securities lending.</p> <p>The Responsible Entity may change the investment objective or investment strategy of each Fund or may change how each Fund's investment objective is achieved or investment strategy is implemented. For example, the Responsible Entity may, at a future time, choose to exit its investment in an Underlying Fund and instead invest directly into the securities comprising the relevant Index or may choose to invest in additional underlying funds or other securities, and may exit any such investments, provided that any such investments satisfy the requirements of the AQUA Rules. Investors will be notified of any such change, including any fee changes, in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Corporations Act.</p>
<p>Currency exposure</p>	<p>Where the relevant Index for a Fund is denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars, there is a risk that as a result of movements in the Australian dollar value that gains or losses achieved by each Fund will be affected by exchange rate movements.</p> <p>The Responsible Entity does not intend to hedge such currency exposure.</p>
<p>Net Asset Value (NAV)</p>	<p>The Net Asset Value for each Fund shall be determined by the Responsible Entity at the Valuation Time on each Dealing Day (or at such other time as the Responsible Entity may determine) by valuing the assets of the relevant Fund and deducting the Liabilities of the relevant Fund (including, without limitation, management costs). Please refer to Section 7 (Valuation and Unit Pricing) for more detail.</p>
<p>Fees and expenses</p>	<p>Fees and costs as described in Section 8 (Fees and other costs) apply.</p>

1. Key features

<p>Trading in Units of the Fund</p>	<p>As at the date of this document, units in the Funds are quoted for trading on the AQUA market of the ASX under the AQUA Rules, except for the Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF, as an application has been made for Units in the Fund to be quoted for trading on the ASX. It is expected that most investors will buy and sell their Units through trading on this secondary market where they can be bought and sold like any other stocks. Investment in Units through transactions on the ASX are not governed by the terms of this PDS.</p> <p>Creation Requests and Redemption Requests made directly to a Fund may generally only be made by Authorised Participants.</p>
<p>Creations</p>	<p>The offer of Units in the Funds under this PDS is made to Authorised Participants only and only Authorised Participants may apply to the Funds for Units.</p> <p>Creation Requests for Units may be submitted on any Dealing Day during the term of this PDS. Creation Requests will be settled by the Authorised Participants delivering either the Portfolio Deposit to the Responsible Entity or cash.</p> <p>Authorised Participants may submit Creation Requests in respect of whole multiples of Creation Units. In respect of a particular Fund, the Creation Unit is a number of Units of that Fund as set out in the applicable Fund Supplement.</p> <p>The Responsible Entity may reject any Creation Request in its discretion.</p>
<p>Redemptions</p>	<p>Generally, only Authorised Participants may submit Redemption Requests in respect of some or all of their holdings in a Fund.</p> <p>Creation Requests for Units may be submitted on any Dealing Day during the term of this PDS. Creation Requests will be settled by the Authorised Participants delivering either the Portfolio Deposit to the Responsible Entity or cash.</p> <p>Redemption Requests will be settled by the Authorised Participant delivering the relevant Units in return for delivery by the relevant Fund of the Portfolio Deposit or (ii) cash.</p> <p>Please refer to Section 6 (Trading of Units) for more detail.</p>
<p>Distributions</p>	<p>To the extent that there is any income received by a Fund, it is expected that it will be distributed to Holders as set out in the relevant Fund Supplement. There is no guarantee that a Fund will make any distributions.</p> <p>Holders can choose to have their distributions paid directly into a nominated bank account in cash (via electronic funds transfer) or participate in the Distribution Reinvestment Plan.</p> <p>Further information in respect of distributions is set out in Section 9 (Distributions) of this PDS.</p>
<p>Distribution Reinvestment Plan</p>	<p>A Distribution Reinvestment Plan is available to eligible Holders. Participation in the Distribution Reinvestment Plan is subject to the rules of the Distribution Reinvestment Plan policy document available from the Responsible Entity's website www.globalxetfs.com.au. Pursuant to the Distribution Reinvestment Plan all distributions made to a Holder in respect of a Fund are reinvested in additional Units in the same Fund. Partial reinvestment will not be available.</p>
<p>Key risks</p>	<p>Past performance is not an indication of future performance and the investment performance of the Units could be volatile. An investment in the Funds involves a significant degree of risk. The following is just a summary of some of the risk factors which should be carefully considered by prospective investors before deciding whether to invest in the Units.</p> <p>Risks in relation to an Index:</p> <p>Factors affecting the performance of Indices may adversely affect the value of Units of the Funds including:</p>

Key risks

- **Market Risk** – Indices comprise a synthetic portfolio of shares or other assets and, as such, the performance of an Index is dependent upon the macroeconomic factors relating to the securities or other components that comprise such Index;
- **Differing Returns** – the return generated on the Units may not reflect the return an investor would realise if he or she actually owned the relevant shares or other components comprising the Index;
- **Loss of dividends** – the rules governing the composition and calculation of the relevant Index might stipulate that dividends distributed on its components do not lead to a rise in the Index level; and
- **Index Event Risk** – there may be adjustments to the Index due to certain events. The Index methodology may change, the Index may be suspended or cancelled or the Responsible Entity's license to use the Index may be terminated.

Risks in relation to a Fund:

An investment in a Fund will expose investors to risks inherent in holding the exposure to the Index via a Unit. These include:

- **Index Tracking Risk** – the return generated by a Fund may differ from the return generated by the Index due to, for example, fees payable to that Fund, trading restrictions or investment decisions made by the Responsible Entity or the relevant Underlying Fund Manager;
- **Currency Risk** – Units in each Fund and distributions paid by each Fund are denominated in Australian dollars. The Australian dollar value of the gains or losses achieved by each Fund will be affected by exchange rate movements. If the value of a foreign currency depreciates relative to the Australian dollar, then the value of the Fund's assets will decrease in Australian dollar terms, assuming no other changes (and vice versa). The Responsible Entity does not intend to hedge such currency exposure.
- **Traded Price vs Net Asset Value** – in some circumstances the price of Units traded on the ASX may trade at a discount or premium to its Net Asset Value;
- **Liquidity Risk** – although it is expected the Units will be admitted to trading status on the AQUA market of the ASX there is no guarantee that there will be a liquid market for the Units. Furthermore, in certain circumstances the ASX may suspend trading of the Units or remove the Units from quotation on the AQUA market. There are also certain circumstances where the Responsible Entity may limit, reject, scale or delay redemptions;
- **Regulatory Risk** – changes in regulations or laws may adversely affect the performance of a Fund or the ability of a Fund to continue to meet its investment objectives. Similarly, changes in taxation regulations or laws may impact the after-tax returns of a Fund;
- **Operational Risk** – the occurrence of operational risk events such as system break downs or operational failures may impact the day to day operations of a Fund;
- **Redemption Risk** – there are certain circumstances in which an early redemption of Units may be imposed on investors, which may result in an investment in Units being redeemed earlier than desired. There are also certain circumstances where the Responsible Entity may limit, reject, scale or delay redemptions. Please see Sections 6.10 (Compulsory Redemption) and 10.2(a) (Trust Deeds of the Funds) for more information; and

1. Key features

Key risks (continued)

- **Counterparty Credit Risk** – where a Fund or Underlying Fund is owed obligations by third parties under derivatives or other contractual relationships, a failure by the relevant counterparty to perform their obligations may impact that Fund.

Risks in relation to the Underlying Fund:

Where a Fund gains its exposure to the relevant Index by investing in the relevant Underlying Fund. Prospective investors should be aware that each of the risks noted above are also applicable in relation to an Underlying Fund. The following key risks are particularly relevant:

- **Traded Price vs Net Asset Value** – in some circumstances the price of interests in an Underlying Fund quoted on the relevant market may trade at a discount or premium to the net asset value of the relevant Underlying Fund;
- **Liquidity Risk** – it is possible that an active trading market in interests in an Underlying Fund may not be maintained. Such trading may be suspended or the interests may be removed from quotation;
- **Securities lending** – it is possible that an Underlying Fund may engage in securities lending. This involves the risk that the Underlying Fund may incur a loss because the borrower of the loaned securities fails to return the securities in a timely manner, or at all. Each Underlying Fund could also incur a loss if the value of collateral provided in relation to loaned securities declines. If the borrower of the securities experiences an insolvency event, then the Underlying Fund may experience delays in recovering the securities or exercising its rights in the collateral. Any Underlying Fund that engages in securities lending is subject to all investment risks associated with the reinvestment of any cash collateral received, including, but not limited to, interest rate, credit and liquidity risk associated with such investments. To the extent the value or return of an Underlying Fund's investments of the cash collateral declines below the amount owed to a borrower, an Underlying Fund may incur losses that exceed the amount it earned on lending the security. If the borrower defaults on its obligation to return securities lent because of insolvency, short selling or other reasons, an Underlying Fund could experience delays and costs in recovering the securities lent or gaining access to collateral. If an Underlying Fund is not able to recover securities lent, an Underlying Fund may sell the collateral and purchase a replacement investment in the market, incurring the risk that the value of the replacement security is greater than the value of the collateral. However, loans will be made only to borrowers selected by an Underlying Fund's delegate after a commercially reasonable review of relevant facts and circumstances, including the creditworthiness of the borrower;
- **Index licence** – the Index Provider may terminate the arrangements by which the Underlying Fund is entitled to use the relevant Index or may stop publishing the Index. Investors should note that the ability of each Fund to track the relevant Index depends on the continuation in force of the Index Licence Agreement in respect of the Index or a suitable replacement; and
- **Currency Risk** – the Underlying Fund may invest in securities denominated in foreign currencies. Because the Underlying Fund's NAV is denominated in U.S. dollars, the Underlying Fund's NAV could decline if currencies of the underlying securities depreciate against the U.S. dollar or if there are delays or limits on repatriation of such currencies. Currency exchange rates can be very volatile and can change quickly and unpredictably. As a result, the Underlying Fund's NAV may change quickly and without warning, which could have a significant negative impact on the Fund.

Key risks (continued)	<p>These risks could have the effect of reducing the value of each Fund's investment in the relevant Underlying Fund, causing trading of interests in the Underlying Fund (or Units in the Fund) to be suspended, or reducing the liquidity of Units in the Fund on ASX</p> <p>This is not an exhaustive list of risks in the relation to an investment in Units. Prospective investors should read 5 (Risks) of this PDS in relation to the risks of an investment in Units and consider the specific and general risks of an investment in Units. Prospective investors should also consult with their financial adviser prior to making any investment.</p>
Reporting	<p>Information relating to each Fund including their Net Asset Values and the performance of each Index will be published on the website of the Responsible Entity at www.globalxetfs.com.au.</p>
No leverage	<p>None of the Funds will use leverage to achieve their investment objectives.</p>
Registrar	<p>Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited will maintain the Register of the Units of each Fund in Sydney.</p>
Transaction documents	<p>The documents which, in addition to this PDS, set out the terms and conditions relating to the Funds comprise:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the Trust Deed; • the Custodian Agreement; • the Registrar Agreement; and • the Master Services Agreement. <p>Please refer to Sections 6.10 (Compulsory Redemption) and 10.2 (Summary of Material Documents) for a Summary of Material Documents.</p>

2. Frequently Asked Questions

This section is intended to answer some of the questions which a prospective investor may have when considering an investment in a Fund. It is not intended to be a summary of or a complete description of the information contained in this PDS and an investment in Units should only be made after careful consideration of this PDS.

2.1 What are the significant risks of acquiring a Unit?

An investment in the Units involves a significant degree of risk. Past performance is not an indication of future performance and the investment performance of the Units could be volatile. Prospective investors should read Section 5 (Risks) of this PDS in relation to the risks of an investment in Units and consider the specific and general risks of an investment in Units. Prospective investors should also consult with their financial adviser prior to making any investment.

2.2 How can I apply for Units?

The offer of Units in the Funds under this PDS is made to Authorised Participants only and only Authorised Participants may apply to the Funds for Units. Units may be created at any time during the term of this PDS.

2.3 What is an Authorised Participant?

Authorised Participants are financial institutions which meet certain eligibility criteria and who have been appointed by the Responsible Entity. Authorised Participants may, but do not have to, act as market makers for the Units by buying and selling Units to and from investors either on exchange or in over-the-counter transactions.

2.4 If I am not an Authorised Participant, how can I acquire Units?

As at the date of this PDS, Units in the Funds are quoted on the AQUA market of the ASX, except for the Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF, as an application has been made for Units in that Fund to be quoted for trading on the ASX. It is expected that most investors (other than Authorised Participants) will buy and sell their Units through trading on this secondary market where they can be bought and sold like any other securities.

You should note that your broker, investment advisor or ASX participant may charge you brokerage or other fees in relation to your transaction.

2.5 Can I buy Units at their Net Asset Value on the ASX?

The cash value at which the Units will trade on exchange is expected to be close to the Net Asset Value per Unit but may not be exactly the same as the Net Asset Value per Unit, because the market on exchange is subject to factors beyond the value of the assets of a Fund.

The value of an investment in Units on the ASX will depend on the bid and offer prices quoted by market makers at the particular time an investor attempts to sell their Units. Any purchases of Units will generally be done at a “bid price” and any sales of Units will generally be done at an “offer price”. The bid and offer prices of Units will not match exactly the Net Asset Value per Unit because bid and offer prices also take account of other market conditions such as market liquidity (supply and demand) at the time that the investor is looking to buy or sell their Units.

You should also note the amount you receive in respect of any sales on the ASX will be net of any brokerage or other fees charged by your broker.

2.6 How do I realise my investment in Units?

As noted above, it is expected that any Holders who are not Authorised Participants will generally realise their investment in Units in the secondary market on the AQUA market of the ASX. Please note the above information in relation to pricing of such transactions on the ASX.

All Holders who are not Authorised Participants may redeem their Units directly with a Fund in limited circumstances, including where there are no Authorised Participants, or where the Responsible Entity has announced that they may do so.

2.7 Can I lose all of my initial investment?

Yes, an investor may lose all of their initial investment. Please refer to Section 5 (Risks) for more information about the risks associated with the Units.

2.8 What is the minimum investment?

Authorised Participants may only apply for Units totalling at least one Creation Unit.

2.9 What are the tax consequences of holding a Unit?

Please see Section 11 (Taxation Considerations) of this PDS for a general discussion of some of the significant tax consequences of acquiring a Unit. You should be aware the tax summary does not take into account an investor's specific circumstances. All investors should seek their own independent tax advice on the tax consequences of acquiring Units in a Fund having regard to the Fund's specific terms and the investor's individual circumstances.

2.10 Who is the Registrar?

Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited act as Registrar of each of the Funds and maintain the Registers in Sydney, Australia.

2.11 Is there a cooling off period?

No cooling off period applies in relation to an investment in Units.

3. About the Responsible Entity

3.1 About Global X Management (AUS) Limited

Global X Management (AUS) Limited (the “Responsible Entity”) is a company formed in the Commonwealth of Australia ACN 150 433 828. The Responsible Entity holds an Australian financial service licence (AFSL No. 466778) and is regulated by ASIC.

The business purpose of Global X Management (AUS) Limited is the establishment and management of an investment scheme platform to issue and offer exchange traded fund interests in Australia. These Units are quoted on the AQUA Market of the ASX.

The Responsible Entity is a subsidiary of Mirae Asset Global ETFs Holding Ltd and Global X Management Company, Inc. Both companies are subsidiaries of Mirae Asset Global Investments Co., Ltd and members of the Mirae Asset Global Investments Group. As at the date of this PDS, the Responsible Entity operates 31 managed investment schemes, including each of the Funds and manages over \$7 billion in assets. The Responsible Entity draws on the experience and expertise from its parent company.

The Responsible Entity is responsible for the overall management of the Funds in accordance with its duties to Holders, and to implement the investment strategy and manage administration of the investment structure. The Responsible Entity has the power to delegate investment management and administrative services to other entities, however, retains ultimate responsibility for these functions. The Responsible Entity has appointed The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Sydney Branch as the Custodian and Administrator, and Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited as the unit registry (Unit Registry). A summary of the services provider arrangements are set out in 10.2.

4. Investment Objectives and Strategy of the Funds

4.1 Investment objectives of the Funds

Each Fund aims to provide investors with a return (before fees and other costs) that tracks the performance of the relevant Index. The specific investment objectives of each Fund and further information about each relevant Index are set out in the relevant Fund Supplement.

There is no guarantee that the returns provided by a Fund will meet this objective.

4.2 Investment strategy

As at the date of this PDS, each Fund will attempt to meet its investment objective by investing substantially all of its assets in either the securities comprising the relevant Index or in an Underlying Fund as set out in the relevant Fund Supplement.

Each Fund is managed according to a passive approach and either directly holds the securities or a sample of the securities comprising the Index with the aim of providing the most representative exposure to the Index or otherwise holds interests in a relevant Underlying Fund. An Underlying Fund, where relevant, will directly hold the securities or a sample of securities comprising the Index with the aim of providing the most representative exposure to the Index based on the relevant Underlying Fund Manager's evaluation of the securities against factors including, but not limited to, the correlation of the securities to the Index and the exposure, liquidity and risk of the securities.

The relevant Fund or Underlying Fund will only use the sampling strategy in extreme circumstances, for example, where the replication strategy might be detrimental to shareholders, such as when there are practical difficulties, substantial costs involved in compiling a portfolio of equity securities to follow the Index, in instances in which a security in the Index becomes temporarily illiquid, unavailable, or less liquid or as a result of legal restrictions or limitations that apply to the Fund or an Underlying Fund, but not the Index.

Any changes in the composition of an Index, whether due to scheduled rebalancing or other unscheduled events (e.g. corporate actions), will generally be reflected in the portfolio of securities held by a Fund or an Underlying Fund as soon as practically possible.

To assist investors, each Fund's full portfolio holdings will be published daily on www.globalxetfs.com.au at

the same time that Authorised Participants and market makers are provided with portfolio composition files. The relevant Underlying Fund's portfolio holdings will also be published daily on www.globalxetfs.com.au.

Whilst it is expected that each Fund's assets will materially consist of exchange traded shares or an exposure to such assets via investment in an Underlying Fund. Each Fund may hold other investments aside from interests in the relevant Underlying Fund from time to time, provided that such other investments satisfy the requirements of the AQUA Rules. These other investments may include for example:

- cash or short term deposits;
- direct investment in securities that comprise the relevant Index or offer similar exposures to the relevant Index (in circumstances where a Fund's assets materially consist of interests in an Underlying Fund);
- related securities such as tradable rights resulting from corporate actions undertaken by Index constituents;
- depository receipts or other securities that may be substituted for Index constituents that are impractical or costly to trade; and
- futures, options, swaps or other ETFs with similar exposures to the Index that may help minimise deviations from the Index, where appropriate.

Derivatives held by a Fund will not be used to achieve gearing or leverage.

The Responsible Entity does not take into account labour standards or environmental, social or ethical considerations in the selection, retention or realisation of an investment.

The Funds do not pursue a sustainable investment strategy or have a sustainable investment objective, nor will they be marketed as a sustainability-related product. The Funds are not designed for investors who wish to screen out particular types of companies or investments or are looking for funds that meet specific environmental, social (which includes labour standards) and governance goals.

There may be circumstances in which it is not possible or efficient for a Fund to invest in some of the assets comprising the relevant Index. For example, this may include (but is not limited to) circumstances in which it is not practicable to make a direct investment as the assets are subject to restrictions in investment.

4. Investment Objectives and Strategy of the Funds

As at the date of this PDS, it is not the intention of the Responsible Entity that any of the Funds will engage in securities lending over its assets. If, in the future, the Responsible Entity wishes to engage in securities lending activity in connection with the assets of any of the Funds, Holders would be notified by way of an announcement through the ASX Market Announcements Platform giving at least 30 days' notice of such change in policy. A supplementary or new PDS would also be published.

An Underlying Fund may, however, engage in securities lending for a variety of reasons. Where permitted under the terms of the relevant Underlying Fund, that Underlying Fund may enter into securities lending to generate additional income and offset part of its costs. By undertaking securities lending, an Underlying Fund attempts to increase its net investment income through the receipt of interest on the loan. Any gain or loss in the market price of the securities loaned that might occur during the term of the loan would belong to the Underlying Fund.

The exposure limit of Underlying Funds in respect of securities lending depends on the terms of the relevant Underlying Fund, however, in some cases an Underlying Fund may enter into securities lending transactions for up to 50 percent of its assets without distinction per asset classes.

Where an Underlying Fund engages in securities lending, it will receive collateral, which may vary depending on the policies of the relevant Underlying Fund which has engaged in securities lending. The types of collateral that an Underlying Fund may receive include, but are not limited to:

- liquid assets such as cash, short term bank deposits, money market instruments, letters of credit and guarantees at first demand issued by a first class credit institution not affiliated to the counterparty;
- bonds issued or guaranteed by an OECD member state or their local authorities or supranational institutions and bodies of a community, regional or world-wide scope;
- shares or units issued by money market-type UCIs calculating a daily net asset value and having a rating of AAA or its equivalent;

- bonds issued or guaranteed by first class issuers offering an adequate liquidity; or
- shares admitted to or dealt with on a regulated market of a EU Member State or on a stock exchange of an OECD Member State, provided that these shares are included in a main index.

An Underlying Fund may pay reasonable fees in connection with loaned securities, pursuant to written contracts, including fees paid to an Underlying Fund's custodian and fees paid to a securities lending agent.

An Underlying Fund may earn fees in connection with loaned securities, such fees are distributed between the lending agent and investors in a Fund. No fees earned in connection with loaned securities are retained by the Responsible Entity or the Underlying Fund Manager.

All assets of each Fund will be held in segregated accounts with the Custodian. Further details relating to the Custodian can be found in Section 10 (Additional Information).

The Responsible Entity may change the investment objective or investment strategy of a Fund, or may change how a Fund's investment objective is achieved or investment strategy is implemented. For example, the Responsible Entity may, at a future time, choose to exit its investment in an Underlying Fund and instead invest directly into the securities comprising the relevant Index or may choose to invest in additional underlying funds or other securities, and may exit any such investments, provided that any such investments satisfy the requirements of the AQUA Rules. Investors will be notified of any such change, including any fee changes, in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Corporations Act.

4.3 Performance

Details of the performance of each Fund and how its performance compares to the performance of the relevant Index will be published on the website of the Responsible Entity www.globalxetfs.com.au. Past performance data in respect of that Fund is available and information relating to the past performance of the Indices can be found on the website of the Responsible Entity www.globalxetfs.com.au. Investors should note that past performance is not an indicator or guarantee of future performance of a Fund.

An investment in any of the Funds will involve a degree of financial and investment risk. Investors should carefully consider the risks in this section, as well as the other information contained in this PDS, before making an investment in any of the Funds. The key risks of an investment in the Funds are set out in Section 5 (Risks) below. However, these are not the only risks and investors should speak to their financial, legal and tax advisers to determine if an investment in a Fund is appropriate for their particular circumstances and to understand the risks involved before investing.

The return of capital and the performance of any of the Funds is not guaranteed by any person or organisation, including the Responsible Entity. Investors should be aware that there is no guarantee that the investment strategy used will meet the investment objectives of the Funds or that the process will not result in losses.

5. Risks

The most common risks associated with investing in the Funds are described below, but there could be other risks that affect the performance of the Fund. The discussion below is general in nature. Prospective investors should also consult with their financial adviser prior to making any investment.

5.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the Net Asset Value of a Fund will fluctuate as a result of changes in the market prices of the securities held by a Fund and the financial markets as a whole. The return of a Fund may be adversely impacted by the performance of individual companies or securities, industry-wide events and overall market risk.

The performance of an Index and therefore of the relevant Fund will also be affected by a number of market variables that change daily, such as, interest rates, dividend payments, currency developments, the trading liquidity of the constituent securities held by the Underlying Funds, prevailing and anticipated economic conditions, technological, legal or political conditions and other inter-related factors which affect the performance of markets.

The return of a Fund may be lower than a return generated for other investments or funds under similar market conditions.

5.2 Investment objective risk

There is no guarantee that a Fund's investment objective will be achieved, or that an investment in a Fund will make any positive returns. In addition, there is a risk of the loss of capital invested in a Fund.

5.3 Index event risk

There may be adjustments to an Index due to certain events. The Index methodology may change, the Index calculation may be suspended or cancelled or the Index rebalance postponed or cancelled or the Responsible Entity's or Underlying Fund Manager's license to use the Index may be terminated.

Each Index comprises a synthetic portfolio of securities or other assets and, as such, the performance of an Index is dependent upon the macroeconomic factors relating to the securities or other assets that comprise such Index, which may include interest rates, anticipated volatilities and price levels in the capital markets, currency developments,

political factors and company-specific factors that impact prospects such as earnings positions, market position, risk situation, capital structure and distribution policy.

Each Index Provider can determine to add, delete or substitute the components of an Index or make other methodological changes that could change the level of one or more components. The modification of components of an Index may affect the level of such Index, as a newly added component may perform significantly worse or better than the component it replaces, which in turn may affect the performance of the relevant Fund.

In exceptional circumstances, an Index Provider may also determine to discontinue or suspend calculation or dissemination of such Index and may cancel an Index rebalance.

An Index Provider may take any actions in respect of such Index without regard to the interests of the investors in the relevant Fund, and any of these actions could adversely affect the market value of the Fund or the ability of the Responsible Entity to track the performance of the Index.

In the event that an Index Provider suspends or ceases to publish an Index, the Responsible Entity may, subject to any approvals required by the ASX Operating Rules, elect a successor Index Provider or successor Index in respect of the affected Fund. Any change in the composition or calculation of the Index or the designation of any successor Index or Index Provider may have an adverse effect on the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

5.4 Credit risk

In the case that a Fund or Underlying Fund transacts in derivatives or holds cash on deposit with a financial institution, the relevant Fund, Underlying Fund, and the Holders in such Fund may be exposed to the credit risk of that financial institution. If that financial institution fails or becomes insolvent, the relevant Fund may lose some or all of its investments.

Nothing in this PDS is, or may be relied upon as being, a representation as to any future event or a promise as to the future of the ability of any institution with which any Fund or Underlying Fund transacts to perform its obligations.

The Responsible Entity is not responsible for the credit worthiness of any financial institution with which it deals on behalf of the Funds. The Responsible Entity will undertake reasonable due diligence on any counterparties as part of its risk management and compliance system and will only transact with a counterparty where it meets the Responsible Entity's criteria, from time to time.

5.5 Index tracking risk

Whilst the investment objective of each Fund is to track (before fees and expenses) the performance of an Index and each Fund is passively managed to closely replicate the composition of the Index, there is no guarantee that the Funds will produce returns that are the same as or similar to the relevant Index. The Funds should not be expected to fully track the relevant Index at all times as its performance will be impacted by, not only the performance of the assets held by the Fund, but also, for example, by the fees and expenses incurred by the Fund including the Management Fee, operating expenses and the costs of buying and selling the assets held by the Fund.

The ability of a Fund to track the relevant Index may depend upon the ability of the relevant Underlying Fund to track the Index therefore on the ability and performance of the Underlying Fund Manager. The Underlying Fund Manager makes no representations and does not directly act with regard to the interests of Holders of a Fund.

Additionally, if any abnormal expenses or liabilities are incurred by the Fund, the Net Asset Value will be reduced and the Fund's ability to closely track the performance of the Index will be impacted.

5.6 Currency

The assets held by a Fund or the relevant Underlying Fund may be denominated in a currency other than the AUD and a change in the exchange rate between AUD and the currency of the asset may lead to a depreciation of the value of the relevant Fund's investments expressed in AUD. Units in each Fund and distributions paid by the Fund are denominated in Australian dollars. The Australian dollar value of the gains or losses achieved by a Fund will be affected by exchange rate movements. If the value of the US dollar depreciates relative to the Australian dollar, then the value of the Fund's assets will decrease in

Australian dollar terms, assuming no other changes (and vice versa).

Performance of a Fund may be strongly influenced by movements in foreign exchange rates.

5.7 Use of derivatives

Each Fund or Underlying Fund may utilise derivatives for efficient portfolio management and investment purposes from time to time when the Responsible Entity or Underlying Fund Manager believes this to be appropriate. There is, however, no assurance that the objective sought to be obtained from the use of derivatives will be achieved. While the prudent use of derivatives can be beneficial, derivatives also involve risks different from and, in certain cases, greater than the risks presented by more traditional investments.

Risks in using derivatives include lack of liquidity, dependence on the ability to predict movements in the prices of securities on which the derivatives are based, the risk of mispricing or improper valuation of derivatives and imperfect correlation between the price of a derivative and the prices of the corresponding securities.

Improper valuations can result in increased cash payment requirements to counterparties or a loss of value to a Fund. Consequently, the Responsible Entity's use of derivatives may not always be an effective means of, and sometimes could be counterproductive to, furthering a Fund's investment objective. To the extent that a Fund invests in derivatives, that Fund may take a credit risk with regard to parties with whom it trades and may bear the risk of settlement default. Use of derivatives by the Responsible Entity will be limited to a counterparty credit exposure of no more than 5% of the total of funds under management of each Fund.

Many derivatives are bilateral transactions where market prices may be less transparent, and terms are individually negotiated and may be less standardised than would be the case for an on-exchange transaction. The Responsible Entity may not always be able to find a counterparty that is prepared to contract on its preferred terms and may have to accept less favourable pricing or other terms. The ability to unwind such a transaction, and the price for so doing, may be subject to similar factors.

5. Risks

5.8 Tracking risk

At any time, the price at which Units of a Fund trade on the ASX may not reflect accurately the Net Asset Value of each such Unit. The Creation and Redemption procedures for Units and the role of market-makers are intended to minimise this potential difference or “tracking error”. However, the market price of Units of a Fund will be a function of supply and demand amongst investors wishing to buy and sell such Units and the bid-offer spread that market-makers are willing to quote for those Units.

5.9 Liquidity risk

Although it is expected that all of the Units of each Fund will be admitted to trading status on the AQUA market of the ASX, and a market maker has been appointed, there is no guarantee that there will be a liquid market for the Units. Investors are dependent on there being market makers making a market in Units or another appropriate arrangement to help maintain liquidity. If a market maker does not provide the market making services, the liquidity of the market for Units may be adversely affected. In these circumstances, the Responsible Entity will assume the obligations of a market maker and will seek to appoint another market maker.

Furthermore, in certain circumstances the ASX may suspend trading of the Units or remove the Units from quotation on the AQUA market, and the Responsible Entity may suspend Creations or Redemptions of a particular Fund in certain circumstances, which may or may not coincide with a trading suspension by the ASX. If during such a suspension those Units continue to trade on the AQUA market of the ASX, it is likely that the trading price for Units would differ from that Fund’s Net Asset Value.

5.10 Regulatory and tax risk

Changes in regulations or laws may adversely affect the performance of a Fund or the ability of the Fund to continue to meet its investment objectives. Similarly, changes in taxation regulations or laws may impact the after-tax returns of a Fund. A general summary of the treatment of the holding of Units is set out in Section 11 (Taxation Considerations).

We recommend that all investors seek independent advice before investing in the Fund. None of the Responsible Entity, Global X (AUS) Pty Limited, nor any member of the Mirae Asset Global Investments

Group provides tax advice to investors and, does not take any responsibility for, the taxation implications in respect of an investment in the Fund.

The operation of each Fund and the offer of the Units and investments therein are subject to various laws and regulations which may change during the term of a Holder’s investment.

5.11 Operational risk

The occurrence of operational risk events such as system break downs or operational failures may impact the day to day operations of a Fund.

5.12 Redemption risk

There are certain circumstances in which an early redemption of Units may be imposed on investors, which may result in an investment in Units being redeemed earlier than desired. There are also certain circumstances where the Responsible Entity may limit, reject, scale or delay redemptions. Please see Sections 6.10 (Compulsory Redemption) and 10.2(a) (Trust Deeds of the Funds) for more information.

5.13 Counterparty credit risk

Where a Fund is owed obligations by third parties under derivatives or other contractual relationships, a failure by the relevant counterparty to perform their obligations may impact the Fund.

Nothing in this PDS is, or may be relied upon as being, a representation as to any future event or a promise as to the future of the ability of any institution with which any Fund transacts to perform its obligations.

The Responsible Entity is not responsible for the credit worthiness of any financial institution with which it deals on behalf of a Fund. The Responsible Entity will undertake reasonable due diligence on any counterparties as part of its risk management and compliance system and will only transact with a counterparty where it meets the Responsible Entity’s criteria, from time to time.

5.14 Underlying Fund risk

Each Fund may gain its exposure to the relevant Index by investing in the Underlying Fund. Prospective investors should be aware that each of the risks noted above are also applicable in relation to the relevant Underlying Fund. The following risks are particularly relevant:

- **Traded Price vs Net Asset Value** – in some circumstances the price of interests in the Underlying Fund quoted on the relevant market may trade at a discount or premium to the net asset value of the Underlying Fund;
- **Liquidity Risk** – it is possible that an active trading market in interests in the Underlying Fund may not be maintained. Such trading may be suspended or the interests may be removed from quotation;
- **Securities lending** – it is possible that the Underlying Fund may engage in securities lending. This involves the risk that the Underlying Fund may incur a loss because the borrower of the loaned securities fails to return the securities in a timely manner, or at all. The Underlying Fund could also incur a loss if the value of collateral provided in relation to loaned securities declines. If the borrower of the securities experiences an insolvency event, then the Underlying Fund may experience delays in recovering the securities or exercising its rights in the collateral. Any Underlying Fund that engages in securities lending is subject to all investment risks associated with the reinvestment of any cash collateral received, including, but not limited to, interest rate, credit and liquidity risk associated with such investments. To the extent the value or return of an Underlying Fund's investments of the cash collateral declines below the amount owed to a borrower, an Underlying Fund may incur losses that exceed the amount it earned on lending the security. If the borrower defaults on its obligation to return securities lent because of insolvency, short selling or other reasons, an Underlying Fund could experience delays and costs in recovering the securities lent or gaining access to collateral. If an Underlying Fund is not able to recover securities lent, an Underlying Fund may sell the collateral and purchase a replacement investment in the market, incurring the risk that the value of the replacement security is greater than the value of the collateral. However, loans will be made only to borrowers selected by an Underlying Fund's delegate after a commercially reasonable review of relevant facts and circumstances, including the creditworthiness of the borrower.
- **Index licence** – an Index Provider may terminate the arrangements by which an Underlying Fund is entitled to use an Index, or may stop publishing the Index. Investors should note that the ability of a Fund to track an Index depends on the continuation in force of the Index Licence Agreement in respect of the Index or a suitable replacement.
- **No investigation or review of assets held by an Underlying Fund** – no review has been undertaken by the Responsible Entity of the securities included in each Index (or any other assets), which are held by the relevant Underlying Fund, on behalf of any investor.
- **Lack of discretion** – each Underlying Fund follows a passive approach and is not “actively managed”. Accordingly, no adjustments will be made to the assets of an Underlying Fund except (where relevant) in order to seek to closely correspond to the relevant Index. The Underlying Funds do not try to ‘beat’ the market they reflect, and do not seek temporary defensive positions when markets decline or are judged to be overvalued. Accordingly, a fall in an Index may result in a corresponding fall in the value of the assets held by the relevant Underlying Fund.
- **Termination of the Index** – an Underlying Fund may be terminated if the relevant Index ceases to be managed, compiled or published and there is no replacement for the Index that, uses the same or a substantially similar formula, calculation method or strategy as used in the calculation of the Index.
- **Sector Risk** – investments in the constituents of an Index are exposed to risks relating to particular sectors. As each Underlying Fund invests in a narrow range of sectors, the performance of the Underlying Fund may not reflect changes in broad securities markets. Furthermore, the Underlying Funds are likely to be more susceptible to greater price volatility when compared to a more diverse funds as they only have exposure to a limited number of sectors. This could lead to a greater risk of loss to the value of your investment.
- **Rebalancing Frequency and Costs** – each investor should consider the rebalancing frequency of the relevant Index with reference to their investment strategy. Investors should note that rebalancing allows the Index to adjust its constituent weightings to ensure it is accurately reflecting the market(s) it is aiming to represent. The costs of rebalancing may be reflected in the level of the Index, which will thus be reflected in the net asset value of the Underlying Fund.

5. Risks

- **Changes to the Index** – as the relevant Index Provider will typically retain discretion in relation to the methodology for an Index, there can be no assurance that any Index will continue to be calculated and published on the basis described in the rules or methodology published by the Index Provider or that the Index will not be amended significantly. Such changes may be made by the relevant Index Provider at short notice and therefore investors may not receive notice in advance of such a change becoming effective. Any changes to an Index, such as the composition and/or weighting of its constituent securities, may require the relevant Underlying Fund to make corresponding adjustments or rebalancings to its investment portfolio to conform to the relevant Index.

The above risks could have the effect of reducing the value of a Fund's investment in the relevant Underlying Fund, causing trading of interests in the Underlying Fund (or Units in the Fund) to be suspended, or reduce the liquidity of Units in the Fund on ASX.

5.15 Potential conflicts of interest

Members of the Responsible Entity's group of companies, the Mirae Asset Global Investments Group or related entities may conduct transactions as principal or as agent in various financial instruments, including securities held by a Fund. These activities, trading activities or any other activities may affect (positively or negatively) the value of a security at any point in time.

Further, the Authorised Participants or their Affiliates also trade in various sectors of the equity markets.

These activities could give rise to conflicts of interest which are adverse to the interests of Holders and could have a negative impact on the Net Asset Value of the Units of some or all of the Funds which could result in a loss to Holders. For example, a market maker in a financial instrument linked to the performance of an Index or related indices may expect to hedge some or all of its position in that financial instrument. Purchase (or selling) activity in the components of an Index in order to hedge the market maker's position in the financial instrument may affect the market price of the equities upon which the Index is based, which in turn would affect the value of that Index and the Net Asset Value of the Units of the relevant Fund.

With respect to any of the activities described above, no company in the Mirae Asset Global Investments Group, the Underlying Funds, the Index Providers, the Authorised Participants or their respective Affiliates has any obligation to the Funds to take the needs of any buyers, sellers or Holders into consideration at any time.

5.16 Compliance with FATCA and general reporting requirements

The US Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act resulted in the introduction of legislation in the US known as the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA"). Under FATCA, a 30 per cent withholding tax may be imposed on payments of US source income and certain payments of proceeds from the sale of property that could give rise to US source income, unless the Responsible Entity complies with requirements to report on an annual basis the identity of, and certain other information about, direct and indirect US Holders issued by a Fund to the US Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") or to the relevant Australian authority for onward transmission to the IRS. A Holder that fails to provide the required information to the Responsible Entity may be subject to the 30 per cent withholding tax with respect to any payments directly or indirectly attributable to US sources and the Responsible Entity might be required to redeem any Units held by such Holder.

Although the Responsible Entity will attempt to satisfy any obligations imposed on it to avoid the imposition of this withholding tax, no assurances can be given that the Responsible Entity will be able to satisfy such obligations. If a Fund becomes subject to a withholding tax as a result of FATCA, the return on some or all Units issued by that Fund may be materially and adversely affected. In certain circumstances, the Responsible Entity may compulsorily redeem some or all of the Units held by one or more Holders and/or may reduce the redemption proceeds payable to any Holder.

Additional reporting requirements may apply to the Responsible Entity in the future, due to the Australian Government's intended implementation of the Common Reporting Standard ("CRS") from 1 July 2017. CRS is a single global standard for the collection, reporting and exchange of financial account information on foreign tax residents. It is broadly based on the US specific FATCA reporting requirement, and may require the Responsible Entity to collect certain information from Holders.

5.17 Limited recourse

Upon Redemption, the Holder only has recourse to the redemption price of the redeemable Unit which is payable by the relevant Fund in the form of:

- (a) a specified basket of securities and cash; or
- (b) cash.

Should there be insufficient assets in a Fund, the Holder will have no recourse to any other assets of any of the other Funds or the Responsible Entity (except, in the case of the Responsible Entity, to the extent that the shortfall is due to fraud, wilful default or negligence of the Responsible Entity).

5.18 Compulsory early redemption of Units

The Funds may each, in certain circumstances, redeem all or a portion of a Holder's Units of a particular class or classes.

Circumstances which may result in a Fund redeeming a Holder's Units early, and the notice periods that apply to such redemptions are set out in Sections 6.10 and 10.2(a) (Trust Deeds of the Funds) of this PDS. In these circumstances, a Fund may elect to redeem the outstanding Units.

Consequently, an investment in Units may be redeemed earlier than desired by a Holder.

5.19 Performance by a Fund and parties to material contracts

The value of a Unit depends on the ability of a Fund to perform its obligations under the Trust Deed as well as the ability of various persons to perform their obligations under the material contracts summarised in Section 10.2 (Summary of Material Documents) of this PDS. These obligations are unsecured contractual obligations of each Fund or other third parties which will rank equally with other unsecured contractual obligations of these parties other than liabilities mandatorily preferred by law. Investors must make their own assessment of the ability of a Fund and any person involved in performing an obligation under the Transaction Documents in meeting their obligations concerning the Units.

This is not an exhaustive list of risks in the relation to an investment in Units. Prospective investors should consult with their financial adviser prior to making any investment and consider how an investment in Units may fit into their own portfolio in light of their objectives, circumstances and needs.

5.20 Errors or inaccuracies in an Index

There is a risk that there may be inaccuracies, errors, omissions or mistakes in the compilation or calculation of an Index, which may result in significant deviations between the Net Asset Value and the Index. Examples of the types of errors which might occur include the closing price of a constituent security of an Index on a given day not being accurately reflected in the Net Asset Value; a missed corporate event, a deviation from what is stated in the methodology document for an Index, or a late announcement in respect of a constituent security of an Index.

5.21 Licence to use the Index may be terminated

The Responsible Entity has been granted a licence by each Index Provider to use the relevant Index in connection with the operation, marketing and promotion of each Fund. There is a risk that a Fund may be terminated if the applicable Index Licence Agreement is terminated and the Responsible Entity is unable to identify or agree with the Index provider or any other index provider terms for the use of a suitable replacement index that gives, in the opinion of the Responsible Entity, the same or substantially similar exposure as the Index. Investors should note that the ability of a Fund to track the relevant Index depends on the continuation in force of the Index licence agreement in respect of an Index or a suitable replacement.

5. Risks

5.22 Responsible Entity risk

There is a risk that a Fund could terminate, that fees and expenses could change or that the Responsible Entity could be replaced as responsible entity of a Fund. Further, operational risks which arise as a result of carrying on a funds management business require the Responsible Entity and its external service providers to implement sophisticated systems and procedures. Some of these systems and procedures are specific to the operation of a Fund, and inadequacies within these systems and procedures or the people operating them could lead to a problem with a Fund's operation.

5.23 Change to investment strategy risk

There is a risk that the Responsible Entity may change the investment objective or investment strategy of a Fund, or may change how a Fund's investment objective is achieved or investment strategy is implemented. For example, the Responsible Entity may, at a future time, choose to exit its investment in an Underlying Fund and instead invest directly into the securities comprising the relevant Index. The Responsible Entity may choose to invest in additional underlying funds or other securities, and may exit any such investments. Investors will be notified of any such change, including any fee changes, in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act.

6. Trading of Units

6.1 Overview

An application for Units (a “**Creation Request**”) or a request to redeem Units (a “**Redemption Request**”) may only be made by an Authorised Participant and may only be made in integer multiples of Creation Units. Redemptions are generally further restricted to Authorised Participants who are resident in Australia.

Creations and Redemptions are offered both in cash and, where agreed to by the Responsible Entity, for in specie consideration. In specie Creations and Redemptions may be charged an additional fee by the Responsible Entity.

Please refer to Section 10 (Additional Information) for further information on the roles and responsibilities of Authorised Participants and how to become an Authorised Participant.

Other investors may purchase or sell Units on the ASX through their broker.

6.2 Submission of Creation Requests and Redemption Requests

Creation Requests and Redemption Requests in respect of a Fund must be made by the relevant Dealing Deadline for that Fund on any Dealing Day for processing that day. Requests submitted after that time or otherwise than on a Dealing Day will be processed on the following Dealing Day. The date of processing of the Creation Requests and Redemption Requests is known as the Effective Date.

The System

The Responsible Entity has implemented a system (the “**System**”) for enabling Authorised Participants to make Creation Requests and Redemption Requests by means of a secure website and has agreed terms and provisions with the Authorised Participants to enable use of such System in substitution for the lodging of forms.

It is expected that all Creations and Redemptions will be requested using the System.

In the event of a failure in the System, Creations and Redemptions may be requested using the forms and notices described below.

Forms

When the System is not in use, as notified to Authorised Participants by the Responsible Entity, Creation Requests and Redemption Requests must be submitted through the use of paper forms in such form as provided by the Responsible Entity, unless

such condition is waived by the Responsible Entity. Completed forms should be submitted by email (details below), with the originals to follow via courier to the Responsible Entity at the mailing address below.

Email address: primarymarkets@globalxetfs.com.au

Mailing address: Level 9, 115 Pitt Street,
Sydney, NSW 2000 Australia

All messages sent via email must contain a duly signed document as an attachment.

Notwithstanding the method of communication, the Responsible Entity and/or the Administrator reserve the right to ask for the production of original documents or other information to authenticate the communication. In the case of mis-receipt or corruption of any message, the Authorised Participant will be required to re-send the documents.

Each Authorised Participant will also be required to acknowledge in any Creation Request or Redemption Request that Responsible Entity and/or the Administrator may disclose to each other, to any other service provider for the Funds or to any regulatory body in any applicable jurisdiction to which any of the Responsible Entity and/or the Administrator is or may be subject, copies of the Authorised Participant’s Creation Requests or Redemption Requests and any information concerning the Authorised Participant in their respective possession, whether provided by the Authorised Participant to the Responsible Entity and/or the Administrator or otherwise, including details of that Authorised Participant’s holdings in the Funds, historical and pending transactions in the Units of any fund and the values thereof, and any such disclosure shall not be treated as a breach of any restriction upon the disclosure of information imposed on any such person by law or otherwise.

A binding commitment to apply for or redeem Units is irrevocable without the consent of the Responsible Entity. The Responsible Entity may reject a Creation Request for Units in whole or in part without giving any reason for the rejection.

6.3 Creation Requests

As at the date of this PDS, only Authorised Participants may apply for the creation of Units directly with the Responsible Entity. Creation Requests may generally be submitted on every Dealing Day (save during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended) at the Net Asset Value per Unit less any

6. Trading of Units

Transaction Costs which are payable on the Units to be created.

Units will be issued on the basis of the Net Asset Value calculated at the Valuation Time on the relevant Dealing Day. Creation Requests must be received by the Dealing Deadline.

Any Creation Requests received after that time will be held over until the next Dealing Day, unless accepted for dealing on the relevant Dealing Day at the discretion of the Responsible Entity or its delegates, provided they are received prior to the Valuation Time.

The minimum number of Units for Creation Requests is one Creation Unit, which minimum may be reduced in any case by the Responsible Entity in its discretion. Creation Requests must be in integer multiples of the particular Fund's Creation Unit, which minimum may be reduced in any case by the Responsible Entity in its discretion.

A Creation Fee will be charged to Authorised Participants in respect of all Creation Requests received for a particular Fund on a particular Dealing Day (which may be waived in whole or in part at the Responsible Entity's or their delegate's discretion). The Creation Fee applicable to a particular Fund is set out in the relevant Fund Supplement.

Creation Requests must be made before the Dealing Deadline in accordance with the specific procedures made available by the Responsible Entity. All Creation Requests will be binding and irrevocable.

The Responsible Entity may reject any Creation Request in its discretion.

The Responsible Entity must accept the Creation Request prior to any delivery instructions being issued to the Custodian in relation to the cash (in the case of Creations in cash) or in securities or cash in the Portfolio Deposit (in the case of Creations in specie).

Upon receipt of a valid Creation Request, the Responsible Entity will do everything necessary to deal with the Units in accordance with the Creation Request. A Creation Request is valid only if:

- (a) it contains all the information required by the Responsible Entity;
- (b) it specifies a whole number of Units to be created;
- (c) it is for at least one Creation Unit; and
- (d) it is lodged with the Responsible Entity by the Dealing Deadline on a Dealing Day.

Creations in cash

General

Authorised Participants may generally subscribe in cash in a Fund at any time.

The minimum number of Units for cash Creation Requests is one Creation Unit, which minimum may be reduced in any case by the Responsible Entity in its discretion. Cash Creation Requests must be in integer multiples of that Fund's Creation Unit.

Subscription price during the Initial Offer Period

The subscription price of Units subscribed for during an Initial Offer Period for a Fund is set out in the relevant Fund Supplement.

Subscription price following the Initial Offer Period

The subscription price of Units subscribed following an Initial Offer Period for a Fund will be the aggregate of (a) the Net Asset Value per Unit on the relevant Dealing Day of the Units and (b) if applicable, any Transaction Costs, which must be received by the Custodian on behalf of the Responsible Entity by the designated time. The Creation Fee will also be payable at this time and may be deducted by the Responsible Entity from the subscription amount.

Creations in specie

General

Authorised Participants may subscribe in specie in a Fund (i.e. by the transfer of assets or predominantly assets to that Fund) only when agreed in advance with the Responsible Entity.

The minimum number of Units for in specie Creation Requests is one Creation Unit, which minimum may be reduced in any case by the Responsible Entity in its discretion. In specie Creation Requests must be in integer multiples of that Fund's Creation Unit, which minimum may be reduced in any case by the Responsible Entity in its discretion.

Assets delivered in connection with in specie Creation Requests shall be valued in accordance with the provisions of this PDS and the Trust Deed of the relevant Fund. Units in the relevant Fund shall not be issued until the Portfolio Deposit, the In Specie Transaction Fee and, if applicable, Transaction Costs have been received by the Custodian. All assets contained within the Portfolio Deposit must comply with the investment objective, investment policy and restrictions of the relevant Fund.

Subscription price during the Initial Offer Period

The subscription price of Units subscribed for on an in specie basis during an Initial Offer Period for a Fund shall be set out in the relevant Fund Supplement.

Subscription price following the Initial Offer Period

The subscription price of Units subscribed for on an in specie basis following an Initial Offer Period for a Fund will be the aggregate of (a) the Net Asset Value per Unit on the relevant Dealing Day of the Units comprising the Creation Unit, (b) if applicable, any Transaction Costs, and (c) if applicable, any additional payments in the event of failure to deliver the Portfolio Deposit in the manner described below.

The subscription price per Creation Unit will be payable by transferring the Portfolio Deposit plus a cash amount equal to the relevant In Specie Transaction Fee, Creation Fee and any applicable Transaction Costs.

Notification of Cash Component, In Specie Transaction

Fee and Transaction Costs

On the Dealing Day following the Effective Date, the Responsible Entity will report to the applicant the amounts of the Cash Component, In Specie Transaction Fee, Creation Fee and Transaction Costs, if any, to be delivered by the applicant to the Custodian with the Portfolio Deposit, and in the case of the Cash Component if that is properly payable by the Authorised Participant or the Fund.

Settlement of Creations

Creation Requests received before the Dealing Deadline on a Dealing Day will generally be settled as follows:

Settlement in AUD

Creation of Units in return for AUD will generally be settled with an Authorised Participant in CHESS on the relevant Settlement Date on a delivery versus payment basis.

In the case of Creations this means delivery of the AUD representing the subscription price from the Authorised Participant in exchange for delivery by the relevant Fund of the Units the subject of the Creation Request.

Settlement in specie

In respect of a Fund which is not an In Specie DvP Fund, Creation of Units in return for the Portfolio Deposit will generally be delivered to an Authorised Participant in CHESS on the relevant Settlement Date on a free of payment basis provided that the Authorised Participant has delivered the Portfolio Deposit representing the subscription price to the relevant Fund by the relevant Delivery Deadline. In respect of an In Specie DvP Fund, Creation of Units in return for the Portfolio Deposit will generally be delivered to an Authorised Participant in CHESS on the relevant Settlement Date on a delivery versus payment basis.

Failure to deliver securities

In the event that an Authorised Participant fails to deliver to the Responsible Entity the amount of cash or securities required in relation to a Creation Request, the Responsible Entity or its delegate may reject the Creation Request, or may require the Authorised Participant to pay a fee at least equal to the closing value of such undelivered securities on the Dealing Day for the relevant Dealing Day. The Responsible Entity will have the right to sell or redeem all or part of the Authorised Participant's holding of Units in a Fund (or any other Fund) in order to meet some or all of these charges.

6.4 Redemption requests

As at the date of this PDS, only Authorised Representatives may request to redeem their Units directly with the Responsible Entity. Where a Fund is liquid, Units may generally be redeemed by Authorised Participants only on every Dealing Day (save during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended) at the Net Asset Value per Unit less any Transaction Costs and less any Redemption Dividend which is payable on the Units to be redeemed (see the heading entitled "Redemption Dividend" below). Other holders may redeem Units with the Responsible Entity directly only if there are no Authorised Participants or as otherwise announced by the Responsible Entity.

Units will be redeemed at the redemption price calculated at the Valuation Time on the relevant Dealing Day. Redemption Requests must normally be received by the Dealing Deadline. Any Redemption

6. Trading of Units

Requests received after that time will normally be held over until the next Dealing Day but may be accepted for dealing on the relevant Dealing Day, at the discretion of the Responsible Entity or its delegates, provided they are received prior to the Valuation Time.

Redemption payments will not be made to third parties and no redemption proceeds shall be paid until all anti-money laundering procedures have been completed.

The minimum number of Units for Redemption Requests is one Creation Unit, which minimum may be reduced in any case by the Responsible Entity in its discretion. Redemption Requests must be in integer multiples of that Fund's Creation Unit, which requirement may be waived or altered in any case by the Responsible Entity in its discretion.

In the event that that the Responsible Entity has notified Holders that an affected Fund is open for direct redemptions by Holders other than Authorised Participants, then the minimum number of Units referred to above will not apply.

Where the total Redemption Requests for the Fund represents 10% or more of the Net Asset Value of the Fund, the Responsible Entity may reduce each Redemption Request rateably so that the total number of Units of the Fund for redemption on that Dealing Day shall not exceed 10% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

A Redemption Fee will be charged to Authorised Participants in respect of all Redemption Requests received for a particular Fund on a particular Dealing Day (which may be waived in whole or in part at the Responsible Entity's or their delegate's discretion). The Redemption Fee applicable to a particular Fund is set out in the relevant Fund Supplement.

Redemption Requests must be made before the Dealing Deadline in accordance with the specific procedures made available by the Responsible Entity. All Redemption Requests will be binding and irrevocable.

The Responsible Entity must accept the Redemption Request prior to any delivery instructions being issued to the Custodian in relation to the cash (in the case of Redemptions in cash) or in securities or cash in the Portfolio Deposit (in the case of Redemptions in specie).

Units the subject of a Redemption Request cannot be transferred. Upon receipt of a valid Redemption Request, the Responsible Entity will do everything necessary to deal with the Units in accordance with the Redemption Request. A Redemption Request is valid only if:

- (a) it provides all information requested by the Responsible Entity including any information necessary to fully redeem Units;
- (b) it specifies a whole number of Units to be redeemed;
- (c) the Redemption Request is given by the person who, to the knowledge, or in the reasonable opinion of the Responsible Entity, was registered as the Holder of that Unit at the Dealing Deadline on the day on which the Redemption Request is received; and
- (d) it is made prior to the relevant Dealing Deadline for the relevant Fund.

Suspension of redemptions

The Trust Deed for each Fund allows the Responsible Entity, subject to the Corporations Act, to suspend the redemption or creation of Units for up to 28 days in certain circumstances, including, if:

- (a) it is impracticable for the Responsible Entity to calculate the Net Asset Value;
- (b) the redemption would cause the Responsible Entity to breach a law, regulation or obligation;
- (c) quotation of Units is suspended, halted or revoked or the Responsible Entity's approval as an AQUA Product issuer is suspended or revoked;
- (d) the investments of the Fund suspend, delay or restrict the redemption, issue or payment of redemption proceeds or are unable to provide a withdrawal price;
- (e) assets of the Fund cannot be realised at prices which would be obtained if they were realised in an orderly fashion over a reasonable period in a stable market;
- (f) the Responsible Entity reasonably estimates that it must sell 10% or more (by value) of the assets of a Fund to meet unmet Redemption Requests;
- (g) Holders who continue to hold Units may bear a disproportionate burden of capital gains tax or other expenses or would otherwise be at a disadvantage;

(h) as allowed by ASIC relief or the Responsible Entity considers that it is in the best interests of the Holders; or

(i) it is otherwise legally permitted.

Cash redemptions

Redemption price

Any Redemption Requests will be dealt with at the Net Asset Value per Unit next calculated after the Dealing Deadline, less any associated Transaction Costs, Redemption Fee or In Specie Transaction Fee and Redemption Dividend which is payable on the Units redeemed, as specified in the relevant Fund Supplement.

Redemption Requests for redemptions received by a Fund on any Dealing Day before the relevant Dealing Deadline will be processed on that Dealing Day by reference to the next calculated Net Asset Value per Unit. Any Redemption Requests received after that time will normally be held over until the next Dealing Day but may be accepted for dealing on the relevant Dealing Day (at the discretion of the Responsible Entity) provided that such Redemption Requests are received prior to the Valuation Time for such Dealing Day.

In specie Redemptions

Authorised Participants may only apply for Redemptions in specie when agreed in advance with the Responsible Entity.

Redemption Price

The redemption price for each Creation Unit will be equal to the aggregate of the Net Asset Value per Unit on the relevant Dealing Day of the Units comprising the Creation Unit less, in respect of each Creation Unit, any Transaction Costs, Redemption Fee or In Specie Transaction Fee and Redemption Dividend payable on the Units redeemed. The redemption price for an in-specie Redemption Request will be payable by transferring assets (which may include a cash component) equal in value to the redemption price to the Authorised Participant.

Notification of Cash Component, In Specie Transaction

Fee and Transaction Costs

On the Dealing Day following the Effective Date, the Responsible Entity will report to the Authorised Participant the amount of the Cash Component to

be delivered by the Custodian to the Authorised Participant with the Portfolio Deposit or deducted from the Redemption Price and the amounts of the In Specie Transaction Fee, Redemption Fee and Transaction Costs, if any, to be deducted by the Custodian from the redemption proceeds. The Administrator will identify the portion of such proceeds represented by any Redemption Dividend that is being paid to the redeeming Holder.

Partial Cash Settlement

The Responsible Entity may, in its absolute discretion, satisfy part of the in specie Redemption Request in cash, for example in cases in which it believes that a security held by a Fund is unavailable for delivery or where it believes that an insufficient amount of that security is held for delivery to the Authorised Participant for redemption in specie.

Settlement of Redemptions

Redemption Requests received before the Dealing Deadline on a Dealing Day will generally be settled as follows:

Settlement in specie

In respect of a Fund which is not an In Specie DvP Fund, Redemption of Units in return for the Portfolio Deposit will generally be settled on the relevant Settlement Date on a free of payment basis provided that the Authorised Participant has delivered the Units the subject of the Redemption Request to the relevant Fund in CHES. This means delivery by the Authorised Participant of the Units the subject of the Redemption Request to the Responsible Entity, following which the Responsible Entity will transfer the redemption proceeds (being the redemption price less the Transaction Costs) in the Portfolio Deposit to the account designated for such by the Authorised Participant.

In respect of an In Specie DvP Fund, Redemption of Units in return for the Portfolio Deposit will generally be settled on the relevant Settlement Date on a delivery versus payment basis in CHES. This means delivery by the Authorised Participant of the Units the subject of the Redemption Request in exchange for delivery by the relevant Fund of the redemption proceeds (being the redemption price less the Transaction Costs) in the Portfolio Deposit through CHES.

6. Trading of Units

Settlement in AUD

Redemption of Units in return for AUD will generally be settled with an Authorised Participant in CHESS on the relevant Settlement Date on a delivery versus payment basis.

This means delivery by the Authorised Participant of the Units the subject of the Redemption Request in exchange for delivery by the relevant Fund of the AUD.

Failure to Deliver Units

In the event that an Authorised Participant fails to deliver to the Responsible Entity the Units the subject of a Redemption Request, such Units will not be redeemed, and the Redemption Request will be deemed rejected by the Responsible Entity. In addition, the Responsible Entity may require the Authorised Participant to pay a fee at least equal to the costs or losses incurred by it or the relevant Fund in connection with the original Redemption Request.

Redemption Dividend

A Fund may pay a Redemption Dividend on any Units which are the subject of a valid Redemption Request. The Redemption Dividend will reflect accrued income in the Net Asset Value of the Units concerned, will become due immediately prior to the redemption of the Units and be paid to the Holder on the same day as the redemption proceeds (**Redemption Dividend**). The Redemption Dividend will be taken into account in determining the redemption price.

6.5 The Secondary Market for Units

As at the date of this document units in the Funds are quoted for trading on the AQUA market of the ASX under the AQUA Rules, except for the Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF, as an application has been made for Units in the Fund to be quoted for trading on the ASX. Unitholders who are not Authorised Participants are generally expected to buy and sell their Units through trading on the AQUA market of the ASX. The ASX takes no responsibility for the contents of this PDS.

The Units are expected to be available for continuous trading throughout the day on the ASX, and will be quoted products traded in SEATS and settled via CHESS.

ASX quotation of the Units will be pursuant to the AQUA Rules. Each Fund and its Units will not be listed on the ASX pursuant to the ASX Listing Rules. The Units are quoted under the AQUA Rules because the value (or price) of the Units is dependent upon the performance of the constituents of the Index, which are held by the Underlying Funds, rather than the financial performance of a particular Fund. Accordingly, a great deal of the disclosure, corporate governance and corporate control rules in the ASX Market Rules for the shares of listed companies do not apply to the Units.

More information about the AQUA Rules is available from the ASX's website: www.asx.com.au. A summary of the main differences between a quotation on the AQUA market and a listing in accordance with the ASX Listing Rules is also set out at the front of this PDS.

Investors may be charged a brokerage or commission by their broker when buying and selling Units on the ASX. All investors should refer to their broker for further details on their fees and charges.

6.6 Holder redemptions in extraordinary circumstances

In certain exceptional circumstances, for example where there are no Authorised Participants, Holders who are not Authorised Participants may redeem their Units directly with the Funds by completing a Redemption Form. Holders redeeming in these circumstances will receive a cash amount equal to the Net Asset Value per Unit of the relevant Fund multiplied by the number of Units being redeemed less any applicable fees as described above.

Suspension of AQUA market trading

If Units are suspended from trading on the AQUA market for more than 5 consecutive trading days, Holders (including those Holders who are not Authorised Participants) have a right to withdraw from a Fund and receive payment for their interests in money within a reasonable time of request unless any of the following apply:

- (a) the relevant Fund is being wound-up;
- (b) the relevant Fund is not liquid as defined in subsection 601KA(4) of the Corporations Act; or
- (c) the Responsible Entity suspends withdrawals in accordance with the Trust Deed.

Illiquid Fund

If a Fund is not liquid (as defined in subsection 601KA(4) of the Corporations Act), Holders (including Authorised Participants) will have no right to redeem their Units and will only be able to redeem where the Responsible Entity makes a withdrawal offer to Holders in accordance with the Corporations Act. The Responsible Entity is not required to make any such offer.

6.7 Holding Locks

While any Fund is quoted and subject to the AQUA Rules, the Responsible Entity may request a Holding Lock be applied to any of its Units where:

- (a) the Responsible Entity has a lien on the Units the subject of the transfer;
- (b) the Responsible Entity is served with a court order that restricts a Holder's capacity to transfer the Unit;
- (c) registration of the transfer may break an Australian law and the ASX has agreed in writing to the application of a Holding Lock (which must not breach the Settlement Rules) or that the Responsible Entity may refuse to register a transfer;
- (d) if the transfer is paper-based, either a law related to stamp duty prohibits the Responsible Entity from registering it or the Responsible Entity is otherwise allowed to refuse to register it under the AQUA Rules;
- (e) if the transfer is paper-based, registration of the transfer will create a new holding which at the time the transfer is lodged is less than a 'marketable parcel' as defined in the AQUA Rules;
- (f) the Holder has lodged a Redemption Request, and for any reason whatsoever, the Units have not terminated;
- (g) the relevant Holder has agreed in writing to the application of a Holding Lock (which must not breach the Settlement Rules) or that the Responsible Entity may refuse to register a transfer; or
- (h) it is otherwise permitted under the AQUA Rules, and the Responsible Entity must do so if the AQUA Rules require, but must tell the Holder or the broker as the Corporations Act or the AQUA Rules require.

6.8 Publication

The Net Asset Value of each Fund will be published on each Business Day on the website of the Responsible Entity at www.globalxetfs.com.au.

In addition, each Fund's full portfolio holdings will be published on a daily basis on www.globalxetfs.com.au at the same time that Authorised Participants and market makers are provided with portfolio composition files.

6.9 CHESS

The Funds participate in the Clearing House Electronic Sub Register System ("CHESS"). The Funds will not issue certificates for Units to Authorised Participants who are issued Units. The Registrar, on behalf of the Funds, will provide each Holder with an uncertificated securities holding statement which will set out the Units issued or transferred to the Holder. If applicable, the holding statement will inform each Holder of their "Holder Identification Number" and the "Sponsoring Issuer Number" as used by CHESS.

6.10 Compulsory redemption

The Responsible Entity may in its absolute discretion, upon a minimum of 60 days' notice to a Holder, redeem all or a portion of Units of a Fund held by such Holder in its absolute discretion if:

- (a) the Responsible Entity believes that the Units are held in breach of prohibitions contained in the Trust Deed;
- (b) the Responsible Entity determines that the Fund is uneconomical to operate;
- (c) a Holder made a misrepresentation in acquiring its Units;
- (d) a Holder is a registered holder of Units having an aggregate value of less than the "Minimum Balance" (as that term is defined in the Trust Deed), provided that it does so in accordance with the terms of the Trust Deed, the Corporations Act (including any ASIC Relief) and the AQUA Rules (while the Fund is quoted on the AQUA market of the ASX); or
- (e) subject to the Corporations Act and the AQUA Rules, the Responsible Entity considers it to be in the best interests of members or in such other circumstances as the Responsible Entity determines in its absolute discretion.

6. Trading of Units

The Responsible Entity may in its absolute discretion, upon a minimum of 3 Business Days' notice to a Holder, redeem all or a portion of Units of a Fund held by such Holder in its absolute discretion if;

- (a) the Responsible Entity believes that the Units are held in circumstances which might result in a violation of an applicable law or regulation, or subject the Fund to taxation or otherwise adversely affect the Fund in any material respect; or
- (b) the Responsible Entity determines that the continued participation of a Holder might cause the Responsible Entity or any Holder to violate any law or if any litigation is commenced or threatened against the Responsible Entity or any Holder arising out of the participation of the Holder in the Fund.

6.11 Payment method

Any cash payments to be made to Holders (including Authorised Participants) may be paid in any manner the Responsible Entity determines, such as by electronic means.

7. Valuation and Unit Pricing

7.1 Net Asset Value

The amount per Unit payable from or to an Authorised Participant upon a Creation or Redemption is calculated by reference to the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund to which it relates. The Net Asset Value of a Fund is calculated by totalling the values of each of the assets of that Fund and deducting from such total all Liabilities attributable to the Relevant Fund.

The Net Asset Value per Unit will then be determined using the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{NET ASSET VALUE OF THE PARTICULAR FUND}}{\text{NUMBER OF UNITS OF THE PARTICULAR FUND ON ISSUE}}$$

with each input calculated as at the Valuation Time for that Fund. The Net Asset Value of each Fund will be an amount determined in AUD and will be published on the Responsible Entity's website at www.globalxetfs.com.au. The Net Asset Value will be calculated at the Valuation Time on each Dealing Day.

7.2 Indicative Net Asset Value per Unit

As at the date of this PDS, the Responsible Entity does not intend to make available an estimated indicative Net Asset Value per Unit ("iNAV") for all of the Funds. However, if the Responsible Entity decides to provide an indicative Net Asset Value per Unit ("iNAV") for a particular Fund it will publish the iNAV on the Responsible Entity's website (www.globalxetfs.com.au) on each Dealing Day. The iNAV will be calculated based upon information available to the Responsible Entity or its designate during the Dealing Day or any portion of the Dealing Day from time to time, and for informational purposes only. Any iNAV is not, and should not be taken to be or relied on as being, the value of a Unit or the price at which Units may be applied for or redeemed, or bought or sold on the ASX, and may not reflect the true value of a Unit. Investors interested in applying for or redeeming Units, or buying or selling Units on the ASX, should not rely on any iNAV which is made available in making investment decisions but should consider other market information and relevant economic factors. Neither the Responsible Entity nor any designate or other service provider to the Responsible Entity shall be liable to any person who relies on the iNAV. No assurance can be given that any iNAV will be published continuously, will be up to date or free from error.

7.3 Liabilities of the Funds

The Responsible Entity expects that the only liabilities that will be incurred by each Fund will be the Management Fees and certain expenses set out in Section 8 (Fees and other costs).

7.4 Valuation policy

It is expected that a Fund's assets will consist largely of a portfolio of securities and derivative contracts along with cash. Where relevant a Fund may also hold units in an Underlying Fund.

Each security will be valued at its official closing level on its primary exchange.

Units in an Underlying Fund will be valued at their official closing level on their primary exchange.

Cash will be valued at its notional value in AUD at the Valuation Time.

The value of derivative contracts will be valued by the counterparty, acting at arms-length. The valuations will depend on factors including the change in the level of the Index and/or the constituent shares, the time remaining to maturity, the volatility of the Index and/or the constituent shares and prevailing interest rates.

To the extent any of a Fund's assets are denominated in a currency other than AUD, their value shall be calculated in AUD using the prevailing exchange rate at the relevant Valuation Time, as determined by the Responsible Entity. In determining the Net Asset Value of a Fund and the Net Asset Value per Unit of a Fund, the Administrator will follow the valuation policy as set out above. For the purpose of calculating the Net Asset Value of a Fund, the Administrator shall, and shall be entitled to, rely on, and will not be responsible for the accuracy of, financial data furnished to it by the Responsible Entity, market makers and/or independent third-party pricing services. The Administrator may also use and rely on industry standard financial models in pricing any of a Fund's securities or other assets. If and to the extent that the Responsible Entity is responsible for or otherwise involved in the pricing of any of a Fund's portfolio securities or other assets, the Administrator may accept, use and rely on such prices in determining the Net Asset Value of a Fund and shall not be liable to a Fund or Holders and in so doing.

7. Valuation and Unit Pricing

The valuation methods applied by the Responsible Entity to value a Fund's assets and liabilities are consistent with applicable industry standards and result in Net Asset Value per Unit calculations that are independently verifiable. The Responsible Entity's Unit Pricing Policy contains further information about how it calculates the NAV per Unit.

This policy complies with ASIC requirements, and the Responsible Entity will observe this policy in relation to the calculation of the NAV per Unit and will record any exercise of discretion outside the scope of this policy. Investors can request a copy of the policy free of charge by contacting the Responsible Entity. Details of the daily Net Asset Value per Unit will be published by the Responsible Entity on its website at www.globalxetfs.com.au on each ASX Trading Day.

8. Fees and other costs

8.1 Consumer advisory warning

DID YOU KNOW?

Small differences in both investment performance and fees and costs can have a substantial impact on your long term returns. For example, total annual fees and costs of 2% of your investment balance rather than 1% could reduce your final return by up to 20% over a 30-year period (for example, reduce it from \$100,000 to \$80,000). You should consider whether features such as superior investment performance or the provision of better member services justify higher fees and costs. You may be able to negotiate to pay lower fees. Ask the fund or your financial adviser.

TO FIND OUT MORE

If you would like to find out more, or see the impact of the fees based on your own circumstances, the **Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC)** Moneysmart website (www.moneysmart.gov.au) has a managed funds fee calculator to help you check out different fee options.

This section shows fees and other costs that you may be charged.

These fees and costs may be deducted from your money, from the returns on your investment, or from the assets of the managed investment scheme as a whole. Taxes are set out in another part of this document.

You should read all the information about fees and costs because it is important to understand their impact on your investment.

8.2 Types of fees and costs

Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF, Global X Copper Miners ETF, Global X Cybersecurity ETF, and Global X Uranium ETF

Type of fee or cost ^{1,2}	Amount	How and when paid
Ongoing annual fees and costs³		
Management fees and costs The fees and costs for managing your investment. ¹	Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF Estimated to be 0.57% of the NAV of the Fund. Global X Copper Miners ETF Estimated to be 0.65% of the NAV of the Fund. Global X Cybersecurity ETF Estimated to be 0.47% of the NAV of the Fund. Global X Uranium ETF Estimated to be 0.69% of the NAV of the Fund.	The Management Fee is calculated and accrued daily and reflected in the daily Net Asset Value per Unit. The amount is deducted from the Fund's assets monthly in arrears after the end of the relevant month. Management fees and costs include indirect costs. Indirect costs are paid out of each Fund's assets or an interposed vehicle's assets as and when incurred. Any expenses normally incurred in operating each Fund are paid as and when they arise by the Responsible Entity out of the Responsible Entity's Management Fee and not from the assets of the Fund. Any extraordinary expenses are deducted from the Fund's assets as and when they arise.
Performance fees Amounts deducted from your investment in relation to the performance of the product.	Nil.	Not applicable.

8. Fees and other costs

Type of fee or cost ^{1,2}	Amount	How and when paid
Transaction costs The costs incurred by the scheme when buying or selling assets. ⁴	Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF Estimated transaction costs – 0.03% of the NAV of the Fund Global X Copper Miners ETF Estimated transaction costs – 0.02% of the NAV of the Fund Global X Cybersecurity ETF Estimated transaction costs – 0.08% p.a. of the NAV of the Fund Global X Uranium ETF Estimated transaction costs – 0.02% of the NAV of the Fund	Transaction Costs generally arise when the value of the assets of the relevant Fund are affected by the day-to-day trading of that Fund and are paid out of the assets of each Fund as and when incurred.
Member activity related fees and costs (fees for services or when your money moves in or out of the scheme)³		
Establishment fee The fee to open your investment.	Nil.	Not applicable.
Contribution fee The fee on each amount contributed to your investment.	Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF If you are not an Authorised Participant – \$0 If you are an Authorised Participant – up to \$1,520 plus (in the case of an in specie creation request) up to 0.5% of the aggregate subscription amount. Global X Copper Miners ETF If you are not an Authorised Participant – \$0 If you are an Authorised Participant – up to \$150 plus (in the case of an in specie creation request) up to 0.5% of the aggregate subscription amount. Global X Cybersecurity ETF If you are not an Authorised Participant – \$0 If you are an Authorised Participant – up to \$350 plus (in the case of an in specie creation request) up to 0.5% of the aggregate subscription amount. Global X Uranium ETF If you are not an Authorised Participant – \$0 If you are an Authorised Participant – up to \$150 plus (in the case of an in specie creation request) up to 0.5% of the aggregate subscription amount.	This fee is payable only by Authorised Participants The fee will be payable by Authorised Participants at the time of applying for units in each Fund.

Type of fee or cost ^{1,2}	Amount	How and when paid
<p>Withdrawal fee The fee on each amount you take out of your investment.⁶</p>	<p>Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF If you are not an Authorised Participant – \$0 If you are an Authorised Participant – up to \$1,520 plus (in the case of an in specie redemption request) up to 0.5% of the aggregate redemption amount.</p> <p>Global X Copper Miners ETF If you are not an Authorised Participant – \$0 If you are an Authorised Participant – up to \$150 plus (in the case of an in specie redemption request) up to 0.5% of the aggregate redemption amount.</p> <p>Global X Cybersecurity ETF If you are not an Authorised Participant – \$0 If you are an Authorised Participant – up to \$350 plus (in the case of an in specie redemption request) up to 0.5% of the aggregate redemption amount.</p> <p>Global X Uranium ETF If you are not an Authorised Participant – \$0 If you are an Authorised Participant – up to \$150 plus (in the case of an in specie redemption request) up to 0.5% of the aggregate redemption amount.</p>	<p>This fee is payable only by Authorised Participants.</p> <p>The fee will be deducted from the redemption amount at the time of Redemption for each Fund.</p>
<p>Buy-sell spread An amount deducted from your investment representing costs incurred in transactions by the scheme.⁵</p>	<p>Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF Estimated to be 0.04% of the application amount on application and 0.05% of the withdrawal amount on withdrawal.</p> <p>Global X Copper Miners ETF Estimated to be 0.04% of the application amount on application and 0.04% of the withdrawal amount on withdrawal.</p> <p>Global X Cybersecurity ETF Estimated to be 0.06% of the application amount on application and 0.06% of the withdrawal amount on withdrawal.</p> <p>Global X Uranium ETF Estimated to be 0.04% of the application amount on application and 0.04% of the withdrawal amount on withdrawal.</p>	<p>Buy/sell spreads may apply to a Fund. The buy/sell spread is reflected in the buy price and sell price respectively for units in each Fund and is not separately charged to the investor.</p>

8. Fees and other costs

Type of fee or cost ^{1,2}	Amount	How and when paid
Exit fee The fee to close your investment.	Nil.	Not applicable.
Switching fee The fee for changing investment options.	Nil.	Not applicable.

- 1 See Section 8.4 (Additional Explanation of Fees and Costs) for further details on fees and costs that may be payable. Unless otherwise stated, the fees and costs shown are inclusive of GST and net of any applicable input tax credits and reduced input tax credits, and are shown without any other adjustment in relation to any tax deduction available to the Responsible Entity.
- 2 Each fee set out in this table may in some cases be negotiated if you are a wholesale client pursuant to the Corporations Act. For further information refer to “Differential fees” in Section 8.4 (Additional Explanation of Fees and Costs) below.
- 3 All estimates of fees and costs in this section are based on information available as at the date of this PDS. All fees reflect the Responsible Entity's reasonable estimates of the typical fees for each Fund for the current financial year. As the Funds are newly established, the costs reflect the Responsible Entity's reasonable estimates at the date of this PDS of those costs that will apply for each Fund for the current financial year (adjusted to reflect a 12 month period). Please refer to section 8.4 (Additional Explanation of Fees and Costs) for more information on fees and costs that may be payable.
- 4 The Transaction Costs disclosed in this section are shown net of any recovery received by each Fund from any applicable buy/sell spread charged to transacting unitholders in each Fund. Please refer to Section 8.4 (Additional Explanation of Fees and Costs) for further details.
- 5 In estimating the buy/sell spread for each Fund, the Responsible Entity has assumed that the applications or withdrawals are made during normal market conditions, as in times of stressed or dislocated market conditions (which are not possible for the Responsible Entity to predict) the buy/sell spread may increase significantly and it is not possible to reasonably estimate the buy/sell spread that may be applied in such situations. The Responsible Entity may vary the buy/sell spreads for each Fund from time to time, including increasing these costs without notice when it is necessary to protect the interests of existing investors and if permitted by law. The updated information will be disclosed on our website. Please refer to Section 8.4 (Additional Explanation of Fees and Costs) for further details. These costs do NOT apply to investors buying or selling ETF units on the ASX. Investors buying or selling ETF units on the ASX may, however, be charged a buy/sell spread by their broker or adviser.
- 6 Other than in exceptional circumstances, investors other than Authorised Participants cannot redeem units of a Fund with the Responsible Entity, but may seek to sell ETF units on the ASX through their broker or adviser.

8.3 Examples of annual fees and costs

These tables gives examples of how the ongoing annual fees and costs for each Fund can affect your investment over a one year period. You should use these tables to compare the products with other products offered by managed investment schemes.

Example – Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF*		Balance of \$50,000 with a contribution of \$5,000¹ during year
Contribution fee	\$1,520 if you are an Authorised Participant; or \$0 if you are not an Authorised Participant	For every additional \$5,000 you put in, you will be charged: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$1,520 if you are an Authorised Participant; or • \$0 if you are not an Authorised Participant.
PLUS Management fees and costs^{3,4}	0.57% per annum of the NAV of the Fund	AND , for every \$50,000 you have in the Fund, you be charged or have deducted from your investment \$285 per year.
PLUS Performance fees	Nil	And , you will be charged or have deducted from your investment \$0 in performance fees each year.
PLUS Transaction costs³	0.03% per annum of the NAV of the Fund	And, you will be charged or have deducted from your investment \$15 in transaction costs.
EQUALS Cost of the Fund		If you had an investment of \$50,000 at the beginning of the year and you put in an additional \$5,000 during that year, you would be charged fees and costs of: \$300 (if you are not an Authorised Participant); or \$1,820 (if you are any Authorised Participant) ^{2,3} What it costs you will depend on the investment option you choose and the fees you negotiate.

* An Authorised Participant who redeems units directly will also be charged a withdrawal fee of up to \$1,520 (in Australian dollars) based on a balance of \$50,000. Please refer to section 8.4 (Additional Explanation of Fees and Costs) for further details.

Example – Global X Copper Miners ETF*		Balance of \$50,000 with a contribution of \$5,000¹ during year
Contribution fee	\$150 if you are an Authorised Participant; or \$0 if you are not an Authorised Participant	For every additional \$5,000 you put in, you will be charged: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$150 if you are an Authorised Participant; or • \$0 if you are not an Authorised Participant.
PLUS Management fees and costs^{3,4}	0.65% per annum of the NAV of the Fund	AND , for every \$50,000 you have in the Fund, you be charged or have deducted from your investment \$325 per year.
PLUS Performance fees	Nil	And , you will be charged or have deducted from your investment \$0 in performance fees each year.
PLUS Transaction costs³	0.02% per annum of the NAV of the Fund	And, you will be charged or have deducted from your investment \$10 in transaction costs.
EQUALS Cost of the Fund		If you had an investment of \$50,000 at the beginning of the year and you put in an additional \$5,000 during that year, you would be charged fees and costs of: \$335 (if you are not an Authorised Participant); or \$485 (if you are any Authorised Participant) ^{2,3} What it costs you will depend on the investment option you choose and the fees you negotiate.

* An Authorised Participant who redeems units directly will also be charged a withdrawal fee of up to \$150 (in Australian dollars) based on a balance of \$50,000. Please refer to section 8.4 (Additional Explanation of Fees and Costs) for further details.

8. Fees and other costs

Example – Global X Cybersecurity ETF*		Balance of \$50,000 with a contribution of \$5,000¹ during year
Contribution fee	\$350 if you are an Authorised Participant; or \$0 if you are not an Authorised Participant	For every additional \$5,000 you put in, you will be charged: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$350 if you are an Authorised Participant; or • \$0 if you are not an Authorised Participant.
PLUS Management fees and costs^{3,4}	0.47% per annum of the NAV of the Fund	AND , for every \$50,000 you have in the Fund, you be charged or have deducted from your investment \$235 per year.
PLUS Performance fees	Nil	And , you will be charged or have deducted from your investment \$0 in performance fees each year.
PLUS Transaction costs³	0.08% per annum of the NAV of the Fund	And, you will be charged or have deducted from your investment \$40 in transaction costs.
EQUALS Cost of the Fund		If you had an investment of \$50,000 at the beginning of the year and you put in an additional \$5,000 during that year, you would be charged fees and costs of: \$275 (if you are not an Authorised Participant); or \$625 (if you are any Authorised Participant) ^{2,3} What it costs you will depend on the investment option you choose and the fees you negotiate.

* An Authorised Participant who redeems units directly will also be charged a withdrawal fee of up to \$350 (in Australian dollars) based on a balance of \$50,000. Please refer to section 8.4 (Additional Explanation of Fees and Costs) for further details.

Example – Global X Uranium ETF*		Balance of \$50,000 with a contribution of \$5,000¹ during year
Contribution fee	\$150 if you are an Authorised Participant; or \$0 if you are not an Authorised Participant	For every additional \$5,000 you put in, you will be charged: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$150 if you are an Authorised Participant; or • \$0 if you are not an Authorised Participant.
PLUS Management fees and costs^{3,4}	0.69% per annum of the NAV of the Fund	AND , for every \$50,000 you have in the Fund, you be charged or have deducted from your investment \$345 per year.
PLUS Performance fees	Nil	And , you will be charged or have deducted from your investment \$0 in performance fees each year.
PLUS Transaction costs³	0.02% per annum of the NAV of the Fund	And, you will be charged or have deducted from your investment \$10 in transaction costs.
EQUALS Cost of the Fund		If you had an investment of \$50,000 at the beginning of the year and you put in an additional \$5,000 during that year, you would be charged fees and costs of: \$355 (if you are not an Authorised Participant); or \$505 (if you are any Authorised Participant) ^{2,3} What it costs you will depend on the investment option you choose and the fees you negotiate.

* An Authorised Participant who redeems units directly will also be charged a withdrawal fee of up to \$150 (in Australian dollars) based on a balance of \$50,000. Please refer to section 8.4 (Additional Explanation of Fees and Costs) for further details.

- 1 The additional management fees and costs will be on a pro-rata basis and will vary depending on when you have made the additional investment during the year. These examples are prescribed by the Corporations Act, and each is based on an assumption that the \$5,000 investment in a Fund occurs on the last business day of the year (and therefore, the management fees and costs are calculated using an investment balance of \$50,000 only). These examples also assume that the value of your investment in a Fund remains the same during the year. Please note that this is just an example. In practice, actual investment balances will vary daily and actual fees and costs charged are based on the value of each Fund, which also fluctuates daily.
- 2 Additional fees may apply. A minimum of one Creation Unit size applies for transactions by Authorised Participants in each Fund and a buy/sell spread may also apply to investments into and withdrawals from each Fund, which is not taken into account in this example. Please refer to section 8.4 (Additional Explanation of Fees and Costs) for further details. These do NOT apply to investors buying or selling ETF units in a Fund on the ASX.
- 3 All estimates of fees and costs in this section are based on information available as at the date of this PDS. All fees reflect the Responsible Entity's reasonable estimates of the typical fees for each Fund for the current financial year. As the Funds are newly established, the costs reflect the Responsible Entity's reasonable estimates at the date of this PDS of those costs that will apply for each Fund for the current financial year (adjusted to reflect a 12 month period). Please refer to section 8.4 (Additional Explanation of Fees and Costs) for further details.
- 4 The amount of the management fee may be negotiated if you are a wholesale client pursuant to the Corporations Act. For further information refer to "Differential fees" in section 8.4 (Additional Explanation of Fees and Costs) below.

8.4 Additional explanation of fees and costs

Management fees and costs

The management fees and costs for a Fund include all relevant ongoing fees and other costs involved in managing the Fund. The management fees and costs are made up of the Management Fee, estimated recoverable expenses and indirect costs (if any).

The management fees and costs do not include any extraordinary expenses, Transaction Costs (including for example brokerage, settlement costs, clearing costs, stamp duty or costs associated with investing in a Fund's underlying assets).

Management Fee

The Management Fee is charged by the Responsible Entity for overseeing each Funds' operations, providing access to each Fund, and managing their investment strategies. The Management Fee is calculated and accrues daily in the Net Asset Value of each Fund and is payable to the Responsible Entity in arrears after the end of the relevant month out of the assets of the relevant Fund. The Management Fee includes Goods and Services Tax (GST) after taking into account any expected input tax credits.

Indirect Costs

Indirect costs are any amounts that we know or reasonably ought to know, or where this is not the case, reasonably estimate has or will reduce, whether directly or indirectly, the return of a Fund or the amount or value of the income of, or assets attributable to a Fund or an interposed vehicle in which a Fund invests (other than the management

fee, recoverable expenses, and transactional and operational costs).

In particular indirect costs include the management fees and costs of interposed vehicles (for example, the management fee of an underlying investment trust or exchange traded fund) and certain costs of over-the-counter derivatives.

As the Funds are newly established, the indirect costs component set out in the fees and costs summary above for Fund reflects the Responsible Entity's reasonable estimate as at the date of this PDS of those costs that will apply for the Fund for the current financial year (adjusted to reflect a 12 month period).

Recoverable expenses

Normal operating expenses

The recoverable expenses represent the operating expenses incurred in the day to day operation of the Fund, and include for example custodian fees (excluding transaction based fees), accounting and audit fees, fund administration expenses. Each Fund's Constitution allows all properly incurred expenses to be recovered from the assets of the Fund and does not place any limit on the amount or types of expense that can be recovered.

As at the date of this PDS, any ordinary expenses that the Responsible Entity may recover from the Funds are paid out of the Management Fee and not from the assets of the Fund. Where the Management Fee is less than the normal operating costs, the Responsible Entity will meet these expenses out of its own resources and will not seek to recover these costs from the Fund.

8. Fees and other costs

Abnormal or extraordinary expenses

Extraordinary or abnormal expenses are expenses that are not normally incurred in the day to day operation of the each Fund and are not necessarily incurred in any given year. They may include:

- any costs, fees and expenses incurred in respect of any extraordinary matters relating to that Fund including without limitation any investigations, disputes, legal or arbitration proceedings, claims (other than the usual claims of undisputed subscription or redemption payments), any Holders' meetings convened in taking action to comply with additional regulatory requirements; and
- any costs, fees and expenses incurred in restricting or terminating the relevant Fund.

As the Funds have been newly established, the estimated recoverable expenses reflect the recoverable expenses that the Responsible Entity, as at the date of this PDS, reasonably estimates will apply for the current financial year (adjusted to reflect a 12 month period).

Transaction Costs

In addition to the management fees and costs, there are Transaction Costs incurred in managing the assets of the Funds such as brokerage, clearing costs, settlement costs, stamp duties and custody transaction costs, commissions. Transaction Costs also include costs incurred by an interposed vehicle that would be transaction costs if they have been incurred by the Funds. Other Transaction Costs, include expenses associated with rebalancing of the portfolios to track the Index.

Transaction Costs are paid out of each Fund's assets as and when incurred and are an additional cost and are not included in the management fees and costs. Where these costs arise as a result of applications and redemptions, these costs will generally be covered by the inclusion of a buy/sell spread in the application or redemption price. Please refer to the 'Buy-sell' spread section below for further details.

The estimated Transaction Costs disclosed in the fees and costs summary in this PDS are shown net of any amount recovered by the buy/sell spread charged by the Responsible Entity.

The estimated Transaction Costs figure set out in the fees and costs summary above for each Fund reflects the Responsible Entity's reasonable estimate at the date of this PDS of those Transaction Costs that will apply for each Fund for the current financial year (adjusted to reflect a 12 month period). The following table indicates the Responsible Entity's estimates of the total gross estimated Transaction Costs of each Fund as at the date of this PDS, that will apply for the current financial year (adjusted to reflect a 12 month period):

	Estimated gross transaction costs – % p.a. of the NAV of the Fund	Estimated net transaction costs – % p.a. of the NAV of the Fund
Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF	0.09% of the NAV of the Fund	0.03% of the NAV of the Fund
Global X Copper Miners ETF	0.06% of the NAV of the Fund	0.02% of the NAV of the Fund
Global X Cybersecurity ETF	0.13% of the NAV of the Fund	0.08% of the NAV of the Fund
Global X Uranium ETF	0.06% of the NAV of the Fund	0.02% of the NAV of the Fund

* The actual Transaction Costs may differ and will vary based on a number of factors including the volume of transactions undertaken and market conditions generally. This means that estimated and/or historical costs may not be an accurate indicator of the transaction costs an investor may pay in the future.

Buy-Sell Spread for Authorised Participants

The Responsible Entity may include a buy spread component in the purchase price and a sell spread component in the withdrawal price. The buy-sell spread for each Fund is the Responsible Entity's reasonable estimate of the transaction costs that the Fund may incur to buy and sell assets when investing applications and funding redemptions and is not separately charged to the investor. The buy-sell spread is paid to each Fund to meet the expenses and is not received by the Responsible Entity.

The purpose of the buy-sell spread is to protect investors from the costs generated by the transaction activity of other investors. Investors who invest into a Fund will pay the purchase price calculated by adding the buy spread to the Fund's NAV per unit. Investors

who withdraw from a Fund will receive the redemption price calculated by deducting the sell spread from the Fund's NAV per unit.

The amounts of the buy and sell spread currently charged by each Fund as at the date of this PDS is summarised in the table below:

	Buy spread	Sell spread
Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF	0.04% of the application amount	0.05% of the withdrawal amount
Global X Copper Miners ETF	0.04% of the application amount	0.04% of the withdrawal amount
Global X Cybersecurity ETF	0.06% of the application amount	0.06% of the withdrawal amount
Global X Uranium ETF	0.04% of the application amount	0.04% of the withdrawal amount

These amounts may change if, for example, transaction costs change.

The Responsible will provide details of the buy-sell spread to investors electronically on its website at www.globalxetfs.com.au. The Responsible Entity may vary the buy-sell spreads from time to time including increasing these without notice when it is necessary to protect the interests of existing investors and if permitted by law. The updated information will be provided to investors electronically on the Responsible Entity's website at www.globalxetfs.com.au.

Creation Fees and Redemption Fees for Authorised Participants

Separate Creation Fees and Redemption Fees will be charged to Authorised Participants in respect of all Creation Requests and Redemption Requests made to a Fund (subject to the discretion of the Responsible Entity to waive such fees in whole or in part). No Creation Fees or Redemption Fees are payable by investors who buy and sell Units on the ASX.

The applicable Creation Fees and Redemption Fees are set out in the table in section 8.1 above and are paid to the Responsible Entity out of the subscription amount or redemption amount. The Responsible Entity may waive or vary the Creation and Redemption Fees at any time provided that any increase in these fees shall only be done following 30 days' notice given to Authorised Participants announcement on the ASX Market Announcements Platform.

The Creation and Redemption Fees are not deducted from the assets of a Fund and do not therefore affect the Net Asset Value of the Funds.

Authorised Participants may also be charged an 'In Specie Transaction Fee' by the Responsible Entity upon receipt of an in specie Creation Request or in specie Redemption Request up to 0.5% of the aggregate subscription amount or redemption amount. The amount of this fee will be made available to Authorised Participants prior to transacting and will be paid out of the subscription amount or redemption amount.

Out of these fees, the Responsible Entity pays directly, or reimburses each Fund for, the estimated Transaction Costs associated with the Creation Request or Redemption Request. These fees payable by Authorised Participants seek to:

- ensure that other Holders in a Fund are not adversely affected by Transaction Costs in respect of the creation or redemption of new Units. As the level of the relevant Index does not reflect Transaction Costs in relation to executing the underlying basket (i.e. third party brokerage costs etc), an Authorised Participant must pay these costs to limit any tracking error arising from a Creation or Redemption; and
- take into account market movements and movement of foreign exchange rates during the Creation or Redemption process and ensure that the amount paid/ received reflects the true value of the Units.

Failure to Deliver Costs

As described in Section 6 (Trading of Units) an Authorised Participant that fails to deliver to the Responsible Entity the amount of cash or securities required in relation to a Creation Request may be required to pay a fee at least equal to the closing value of such undelivered securities on the relevant Dealing Day. The Responsible Entity will have the right to sell or redeem all or part of the Authorised Participant's holding of Units in a Fund (or any other Fund) in order to meet some or all of these charges.

Additionally, an Authorised Participant that fails to deliver to the Responsible Entity the Units the subject of a Redemption Request may be required to pay a fee at least equal to the costs or losses incurred by the Responsible Entity or the relevant Fund in connection with the original Redemption Request.

8. Fees and other costs

Out of these fees, the Responsible Entity pays directly, or reimburses each Fund for the estimated Transaction Costs associated with the Creation Request or Redemption Request. These fees payable by Authorised Participants seek to:

- ensure that other Holders in a Fund are not adversely affected by Transaction Costs in respect of the creation or redemption of new Units. As the level of the relevant Index does not reflect Transaction Costs in relation to executing the underlying basket (i.e. third party brokerage costs etc), an Authorised Participant must pay these costs to limit any tracking error arising from a Creation or Redemption; and
- take into account market movements and movement of foreign exchange rates during the Creation or Redemption process and ensure that the amount paid/ received reflects the true value of the Units.

Withdrawal fees for other investors

Investors in a Fund may have a right to redeem its units in a Fund, where for example the units in that Fund are suspended from trading on the AQUA market of the ASX for more than 5 consecutive trading days, unless the Fund is being wound up, the Fund is not liquid or the Responsible Entity suspends withdrawals in accordance with the Fund's constitution. Where an investor has a right to redeem units in a Fund, investors may be charged a withdrawal fee. The withdrawal fee per unit will not be greater than the withdrawal fee per unit that would be payable by an Authorised Participant receiving redemption proceeds in cash whilst units in the Fund are quoted when withdrawing the minimum parcel.

Brokerage and commissions

Investors who buy and sell Units through financial intermediaries or on the ASX may incur transaction, brokerage, administrative or other direct fees. Investors should contact their financial intermediaries or stockbroker for further details of these fees and charges.

Changes in fees and expenses

The fees and expenses associated with an investment in Units of a Fund may be changed without investor consent, except if required by the Corporations Act. Any increase in any fees will only be made following the expiry of 30 days' notice given to Holders by way of an announcement on the ASX Market Announcements Platform.

As at the date of this PDS, the Responsible Entity has no intention of changing any of the fees described herein.

Any estimates of fees and costs in this PDS are based on information available as at the date of this PDS. As such, the actual fees and costs may differ and are subject to change from time to time.

Government taxes and duties

Government taxes and duties may be applied as appropriate. In addition to the fees and costs described in this section, standard government fees, duties and bank charges may also apply such as stamp duties. Some of these charges may include additional GST and will apply to your investments and withdrawals as appropriate. Please refer to Section 11 (Taxation Considerations) of this PDS.

Differential Fees

The Responsible Entity may, from time to time, enter into arrangements to provide rebates to certain wholesale investors who invest sizeable amounts in a Fund. The payment and terms of rebates are negotiated with wholesale clients but are ultimately at the discretion of the Responsible Entity, subject to the Corporations Act and any relevant ASIC policies.

Wholesale investors who wish to discuss the waiver or rebating of fees should contact the Responsible Entity on +61 2 8311 3488.

Maximum Fees

The maximum fees that the Responsible Entity may charge under the Constitution of each Fund are as follows:

- In-Specie Transaction Fee – 2.0% of the subscription price or redemption price (as applicable);
- Creation Fee – \$3,500;
- Redemption Fee – \$3,500;
- User Pays Fees – an amount equal to any cost incurred in relation to: (a) an entitlement to a payment to or from the Fund in respect of an investor; or (ii) any act or omission of the Responsible Entity where the investor requested the Responsible Entity took such action or omitted to take such action, which the Responsible Entity considers should be borne by that investor; and
- Management Fee – 2% per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

These maximum fees would apply if the Responsible Entity chooses to increase the fees disclosed in this PDS to the maximums specified. Any such change would require prior 30 days notice to investors. Any waiver of any fee could be for the entire amount of the fee. Any such waiver would not apply if the investor is not eligible for, or has not negotiated and agreed such waiver with the Responsible Entity as outlined in Section 10.13 "ASIC Relief."

Despite these maximum fees, the fees payable by investors in relation to their investment are as otherwise disclosed in this Section 8, subject to agreement by the Responsible Entity to any fee waiver with any wholesale client, as outlined in Section 10.13 "ASIC Relief."

9. Distributions

9.1 Regular distributions of income

Holders in a Fund at the end of a distribution period are entitled to a pro-rata share of the distributable income of a Fund (including from any interests earned on the bank accounts of the Fund) based on the number of Units held at the end of the distribution period.

The frequency and timing of distributions for each Fund are set out in the relevant Fund Supplement. The amount of each distribution will vary depending on the income generated by the assets of a Fund and there may be periods when a Fund does not pay a distribution. There is no guarantee that any Fund will receive any income and make any distribution to Holders.

Distributions are expected to be paid to Holders within 30 days of the end of the distribution period.

Distributions may be reinvested under the Distribution Reinvestment Plans as described below.

9.2 Annual tax statement

At the end of each financial year the Responsible Entity will issue a tax statement to each Holder of a Fund entitled to distributable income during a financial year. The tax statement will detail the amount and composition of the taxable income of that Fund which has been attributed to the Holder for inclusion in the Holder's income tax return as well as any adjustments required to be made to the Holder's cost base.

9.3 Distribution Reinvestment Plan

A Distribution Reinvestment Plan is available to eligible Holders. Participation in the Distribution Reinvestment Plan is subject to the rules of the Distribution Reinvestment Plan policy document available from the website of the Responsible Entity www.globalxetfs.com.au. Holders can choose to:

- (a) participate in the Distribution Reinvestment Plan, where all distributions are reinvested in additional Units in the same Fund; or
- (b) have their distributions paid directly into a nominated bank account in cash (via electronic funds transfer).

Partial reinvestment will not be available.

Holders can notify the Registrar which of the above alternatives they wish to elect by completing the relevant forms. Details regarding when Holders' elections must be notified as above, for a particular distribution, will generally be announced via the ASX Market Announcements Platform.

If a Holder does not elect one of the above alternatives, distributions will automatically be paid in cash.

10. Additional information

10.1 Service providers to the Funds

(a) The Administrator

The Administrator will perform certain administrative, accounting, and other services to the Funds, subject to the overall supervision of the Responsible Entity.

Pursuant to the Master Services Agreement, the Administrator is responsible, subject to the Responsible Entity's overall supervision, for matters pertaining to the day-to-day administration of the Funds, namely: (i) calculating net asset value of each Fund and the net asset value per Unit of each Fund (as the case may be) in accordance with the relevant valuation policies and procedures; and (ii) maintaining each Fund's financial books and records so far as may be necessary to give a complete record of all transactions carried out by each Fund.

(b) The Registrar

Computershare Investors Services Pty Limited has been appointed as the Registrar of the Funds under the Registrar Agreement.

The services to be provided by the Registrar will include (i) verifying the identity of prospective investors in accordance with applicable anti-money laundering policies and procedures, (ii) maintaining each of the Fund's register of Holders, (iii) generally performing actions related to the issuance, transfer and redemption of the Units, (iv) furnishing annual financial statements and tax statements, and (v) performing certain other administrative and clerical services in connection with the Funds as agreed between the Responsible Entity and the Registrar.

(c) The Custodian

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Sydney Branch has been appointed as the Custodian of the assets of the Funds under the Custodian Agreement. The Custodian provides custodial services to the Responsible Entity, including the holding of the assets of each of the Funds.

(d) The Authorised Participants

Only Authorised Participants can create Units directly with a Fund. A person can only be an Authorised Participant if it:

- is a bank, securities house or other market professional approved by the Responsible Entity (in its absolute discretion); and

- has been approved by the Responsible Entity and entered into an Authorised Participant Agreement with the Responsible Entity.

The Authorised Participant Agreement sets out certain requirements which must be met by the Authorised Participant. These include participation in CHES, compliance with certain selling restrictions in respect of the Units, maintenance of all applicable registrations and qualifications required to meet its obligations under the Authorised Participant Agreement and compliance with the Corporations Act, Operating Rules, and other applicable laws.

If the relevant requirements cease to be met by any such entity, the Responsible Entity may take such steps as it believes necessary to seek to ensure that the interests of the relevant Funds and Holders therein as a whole are protected (which may include rejecting any further Creation Requests from such entity). Holders should contact the Responsible Entity to ascertain the requirements for becoming an Authorised Participant.

The Responsible Entity intends to encourage a number of market participants to sign up as Authorised Participants from time to time.

The current Authorised Participants, who have been approved by the Responsible Entity, are listed on its website www.globalxetfs.com.au. The terms in relation to each Authorised Participant may be amended from time to time and may include commitments for an Authorised Participant to:

- make markets on varying terms;
- maintain particular maximum spreads and minimum lot sizes;
- maintain an AFS Licence;
- comply with ASX Rules, the Law and applicable legislation and regulations; and
- satisfy the Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing program which the Responsible Entity has in place from time to time.

(e) The Index Providers

Each Index Provider has authorised the Responsible Entity to use each Index as the benchmarks for the Funds under the terms of an Index License Agreement granted to the Responsible Entity or the Underlying Fund Manager.

10. Additional information

(f) Market Maker

The role of a market maker is to facilitate an orderly and liquid market in the Funds and to satisfy supply and demand for Units on the ASX. They do this by:

- subject to certain conditions, providing liquidity to the market through acting as the buyer and seller of Units on the ASX during a significant part of the trading day; and
- creating and redeeming Units directly with the Funds, which helps to ensure the number of Units on issue matches supply and demand.

The Responsible Entity intends to appoint market makers that:

- have experience in making markets in exchange traded securities both in Australia and internationally;
- have the necessary skill, expertise and financial capacity to perform market making functions; and
- have appropriate contractual arrangements in place with the ASX to provide market making services.

To qualify for admission as an ASX participant, a firm must meet admission requirements set out in the ASX Operating Rules, which require the firm to hold an Australian financial services licence that authorises it to carry on its business as a market participant to satisfy ASX of various matters, including organisational competence and business integrity. The market maker(s) selected by the Responsible Entity from time to time will be listed on its website at www.globalxetfs.com.au.

The market making specifications to which the Responsible Entity is subject to may limit or exclude any liability on the part of the market maker.

Generally, arrangements with a market maker will specify certain permitted circumstances in which the market making obligations may be suspended (such as operational disruptions, market disruptions or unusual conditions, including those which make the market maker's ability to perform the market making function impossible, impracticable or unduly onerous such as a fast market, other events set out in the ASX Operating Rules, the suspension or rejection by the Responsible Entity of applications for Units or redemption requests, or the market maker not having ASIC relief to allow short selling of Units). There can be no assurances that there will be a liquid market for the Units. The Responsible Entity has in place

market making arrangements to assist in maintaining liquidity for the Fund on the ASX but the Responsible Entity cannot guarantee that a market maker will fulfil its obligations or that a market maker will continue to be appointed. The arrangements with the market maker may limit or exclude any liability on the part of the market maker. Subject to the AQUA Rules and agreements with market maker, the Responsible Entity may replace or terminate the market maker. The Responsible Entity may determine to no longer appoint market makers in respect of the Funds in circumstances where it is no longer required to do so under the AQUA Rules. A market maker will retain for its own account any trading profit and bear any loss which may be generated by its market making activities.

Difference between an Authorised Participant and market maker: An Authorised Participant is a person approved by the Responsible Entity in accordance with paragraph 10.1(d) above, which subject to certain terms and conditions has the ability to apply for and redeem Units directly with the Fund. A market maker agrees with the Funds to provide liquidity to the market through the Creation and Redemption of Units directly with the Funds, and the buying and selling of Units on the secondary market, in accordance with the terms of the market-making arrangement.

(g) Other Service Providers

As at the date of this PDS, the Responsible Entity has appointed the service providers listed in the Corporate Directory of this PDS to provide services to the Funds. The service providers may be changed, or added to, at any time without notice to Holders.

10.2 Summary of material documents

(a) Trust Deeds of the Funds

The operation of the Funds is governed under the Law and the Trust Deeds of the Funds which have been lodged with, and registered by the ASIC, as a managed investment scheme under Chapter 5C of the Corporations Act.

Each Trust Deed and the Corporations Act govern the rights and obligations of investors and the Responsible Entity. Each Trust Deed sets out the conditions under which each Fund will operate, terminate, and the rights, obligations and liability of the Responsible Entity.

Each Trust Deed also addresses matters such as Unit pricing, creations, redemptions and the transfer of Units, investors' rights, the Responsible Entity's powers to invest, borrow and generally manage the Funds, and the Responsible Entity's fee entitlement. Each Trust Deed provides that while the Units are quoted on the AQUA market of the ASX, Holders may generally make transfers in any manner permitted by CHES and the AQUA Rules.

A Unit confers a beneficial interest on the Holder in the assets of the relevant Fund but not an entitlement or interest in any particular part of each Fund or its assets. The Trust Deeds provide that the liability of each Holder is generally limited to the amount subscribed, or agreed to be subscribed by the Holder, for Units. Recourse of the Responsible Entity and a Fund's creditors is limited to the relevant Fund's assets.

The Responsible Entity may convene meetings of Holders at any time (e.g., to approve certain amendments to a Trust Deed or to wind up a Fund). Holders also have limited rights to call meetings and have the right to vote at any Holder meetings. Except where a Trust Deed provides otherwise, or the Corporations Act requires otherwise, a resolution of Holders must be passed by Holders who hold Units exceeding 50% of the value of the total value of all Units held by Holders who vote on the resolution. A resolution passed at a meeting of Holders held in accordance with a Trust Deed binds all Holders of the relevant Fund.

The Responsible Entity may alter a Trust Deed if it reasonably considers the amendments will not adversely affect investors' rights. Otherwise, the Responsible Entity must obtain investors' approval at a meeting of investors. Under each Trust Deed, if the Corporations Act or ASIC Relief (including ASIC Class Order) on which the Responsible Entity has determined it wishes to rely on or which is expressly applicable to the Funds and the Responsible Entity, requires a Trust Deed to contain certain provisions (the "**Regulatory Required Provisions**"), then to the extent Corporations Act allows, the Trust Deeds are taken to be amended so that the relevant Regulatory Required Provisions are included as separate provisions. The Holders authorise the Responsible Entity to make the amendments required in this respect in a deed and, if required, lodge it with ASIC. The Holders are deemed to agree that, subject to the Corporations Act, their rights under a Trust Deed do not include or extend to a right not to have that Trust

Deed amended to comply with the relevant regulatory requirements or to include the Regulatory Required Provisions.

The Responsible Entity may retire or be required to retire (if investors representing at least 50% of the total votes that may be cast vote for its removal). No Units in a Fund may be issued after the 80th anniversary of the date of the relevant Trust Deed. The Responsible Entity may exercise its right to terminate the Funds earlier. Following the winding up of a Fund, the net proceeds will be distributed to Holders in that Fund.

The Responsible Entity of the Funds is indemnified out of the assets of the Funds for any liability incurred by it in properly performing or exercising any of its duties in relation to the Funds. To the extent permitted by the Fund's Trust Deed and at law, this indemnity includes any liability incurred as a result of any act or omission of a delegate or agent appointed by the Responsible Entity. The Funds may retain and pay out of any money in its hands all sums necessary to affect such an indemnity. Holders can inspect a copy of each of the Funds' Trust Deeds at the head office of the Responsible Entity during normal business hours or it will provide Holders with a copy free of charge.

The Responsible Entity may in its absolute discretion, upon a minimum of 60 days' notice to a Holder, redeem all or a portion of Units of a Fund held by such Holder in its absolute discretion if:

- (a) the Responsible Entity believes that the Units are held in breach of prohibitions contained in the relevant Trust Deed;
- (b) the Responsible Entity determines that the relevant Fund is uneconomical to operate;
- (c) a Holder made a misrepresentation in acquiring its Units;
- (d) a Holder is a registered holder of Units having an aggregate value of less than the Minimum Holding (as that term is defined in each relevant Trust Deed), provided that it does so in accordance with the terms of the relevant Trust Deed, the Corporations Act (including any ASIC Relief) and the AQUA Rules (while a Fund is quoted on the AQUA market of the ASX); and
- (e) subject to the Corporations Act and the AQUA Rules, such other circumstances as the Responsible Entity determines in its absolute discretion.

10. Additional information

The Responsible Entity may in its absolute discretion, upon a minimum of 3 Business Days' notice to a Holder, redeem all or a portion of Units held by such Holder in its absolute discretion if:

- (a) the Responsible Entity believes that the Units are held in circumstances which might result in a violation of an applicable law or regulation, or subject a Fund to taxation or otherwise adversely affect a Fund in any material respect; or
- (b) the Responsible Entity determines that the continued participation of a Holder might cause the Responsible Entity or any Holder to violate any law or if any litigation is commenced or threatened against the Responsible Entity or any Holder arising out of the participation of the Holder in the relevant Fund.

If practicable, the Responsible Entity will provide the Holder with a notice of an early redemption, and Holders who are Authorised Participants may lodge a valid Redemption Request within such time as the Responsible Entity in its discretion may specify. However, the Responsible Entity is under no obligation to do so.

Each Trust Deed permits the Responsible Entity to convert the Funds into a dual access fund, where investors, subject to certain requirements, can enter a Fund either by applying for the Units directly with the Responsible Entity by lodging a Creation Request or, once the Units are quoted on the ASX, by buying Units on the ASX. As at the date of this PDS, the Responsible Entity has no intention of converting the Funds into dual access funds, however may determine to do so in the future.

(b) The Custodian Agreement

The Custodian Agreement between The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Sydney Branch and the Responsible Entity provides that the assets of each Fund will generally be held by the Custodian on trust for the Responsible Entity. The Custodian Agreement sets out the remainder of the terms and conditions upon which the assets of each Fund will be held. The Custodian Agreement complies with the regulatory requirements imposed in relation to custody of assets.

The Custodian Agreement has been entered into for an initial fixed term of 5 years. The Custodian is entitled to terminate the Custodian Agreement at any time upon 90 days' notice. The Custodian Agreement

may be terminated by either party at any time, with immediate effect, in the event of material breach by the other party, which is not remedied within 30 days of notice being provided, or upon insolvency of a party. Under the terms of the Custodian Agreement, the Custodian is entitled to charge fees for its services. Any such fees are payable by the Responsible Entity out of the Management Fee that it received from the Funds.

(c) The Registrar Agreement

The Registrar is appointed pursuant to the Registrar Agreement whereby the Registrar is responsible for supplying or procuring the supply of certain registrar services to the Funds as set out in the Registrar Agreement and for which the Responsible Entity agrees to pay the Registrar a fee out of its Management Fee.

Each of the Registrar and the Responsible Entity are entitled to terminate the Registrar Agreement after a fixed term of 2 years from the date of that agreement (or, in certain circumstances immediately upon written notice during such fixed term), in either case upon 6 months' written notice.

(d) The Master Services Agreement

The Master Services Agreement is between the Responsible Entity and The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Sydney Branch. It sets out terms on which the Administrator undertakes to provide administrative services to the Responsible Entity in connection with the Units.

The Master Services Agreement has been entered into for an initial fixed term of 5 years. The Administrator is entitled to terminate the Master Services Agreement at any time upon 90 days' notice. The Master Services Agreement may be terminated immediately by either party with immediate effect, in the event of material breach by the other party, which is not remedied within 30 days of notice being provided, or upon insolvency of a party. Under the terms of the Master Services Agreement the Administrator is entitled to charge a fee for its services. Any such fee is payable by the Responsible Entity out of the Management Fee which it receives from the Funds.

10.3 Compliance Committee and Compliance Plans

The Responsible Entity has established a compliance committee for each Fund with a majority of members that are external to the Responsible Entity. The compliance committee's functions include:

- monitoring the Responsible Entity's compliance with the compliance plan of the relevant Fund and reporting its findings to the Responsible Entity;
- reporting breaches of the Corporations Act or the Trust Deed of the relevant Fund to the Responsible Entity;
- reporting to ASIC if the committee is of the view that the Responsible Entity has not taken or does not propose to take appropriate actions to deal with breaches reported to it by the committee; and
- assessing the adequacy of the compliance plan, recommending any changes and reporting these to the Responsible Entity.

Each Fund has a Compliance Plan in place. The Compliance Plan sets out how the Responsible Entity will ensure compliance with both the Corporations Act and the Trust Deed when operating each of the Funds. Under the Compliance Plans, the Responsible Entity is required to manage, monitor, and report on the ongoing compliance of a Fund with the Corporations Act, the Trust Deed, and the PDS. In each Compliance Plan, the Responsible Entity is required to consider the following matters:

- the appointment and monitoring of counterparties;
- Fund investments and property arrangements;
- asset valuation and Net Asset Value;
- Fund records and financial reporting;
- related party transactions;
- complaints handling; and
- AFS licensing.

10.4 Amendment or withdrawal of the PDS

The Responsible Entity may supplement, amend or withdraw this PDS at any time and may reissue a new or amended PDS from time to time.

10.5 Other service providers

As at the date of this PDS, the Responsible Entity has appointed the service providers listed in the Corporate Directory of this PDS to provide services to the Funds. The service providers may be changed, or added to, at any time without notice to Holders.

10.6 Privacy and confidentiality

As required by law, the Responsible Entity has adopted privacy policies that governs the collection, storage, use and disclosure of personal information. Should an Authorised Participant apply for Units by lodging a Creation Request (only applies to Authorised Participant), by submitting the completed Creation Request, the Authorised Participant acknowledges and agrees to the Responsible Entity collecting, storing, using and disclosing the Authorised Participant's personal information in accordance with its privacy policies.

This includes using an Authorised Participant's personal information to process their Creation Request for the Units, issue Units, manage your investment and comply with relevant laws. It also includes using a Holder's personal information to process their Redemption Request, issue the proceeds and comply with relevant laws.

For example information may be used to:

- ensure compliance with all applicable regulatory or legal requirements. This includes the requirements of ASIC, ATO, AUSTRAC, ASX and other regulatory bodies or relevant exchanges including the requirements of the superannuation law; and
- ensure compliance with the AML/CTF Act.

If an Authorised Participant does not provide the personal information required, their Creation Request may not be processed. Furthermore, if a Holder does not provide the personal information required, their Redemption Request may not be processed.

The Responsible Entity may be required to disclose some or all of a Holder's personal information, for certain purposes (as described under the Privacy Act 1988 (Cth)) to:

- service providers, related bodies corporate or other third parties for the purpose of account maintenance and administration and the production and mailing of statements, such as share registries, custodians, auditors of the

10. Additional information

scheme and certain software providers related to the operational management and settlement of the Units;

- related bodies corporate that might not be governed by Australian laws for the purpose of account maintenance and administration; or
- to a Holder's financial adviser if they provide us with written consent to do so.

The Responsible Entity may also disclose a Holder's personal information to:

- market products and provide services to them; and
- to improve customer service (which may involve providing their personal information to other external service providers, including companies conducting market research).

This is to keep a Holder's financial adviser or broker (as notified to the Responsible Entity) informed so such adviser or broker can provide them with financial advice and ongoing service.

If any of the disclosures in the previous bullet points require transfer of a Holder's personal information outside of Australia, they consent to such transfer.

All personal information collected by the Responsible Entity will be collected, used, disclosed and stored by the Responsible Entity in accordance with its Privacy Policy, a copy of which will be made available to any Holder on request.

The Responsible Entity, Custodian, Administrator and Registrar respect the privacy of investors. Although Creation Requests are only accepted from Authorised Participants, if any other investor purchases Units in a Fund, their name may be placed on the Register and their personal information may be used to manage the Register and be disclosed under the Corporations Act.

10.7 Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006

Enacted by the Australian Government in December 2006, the *Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006* (Cth) ("**AML/CTF Act**") regulates financial services and transactions in a way that is designed to detect and prevent money laundering and terrorism financing. The AML/CTF Act is regulated by the Australian Transaction Reports and Analysis Centre ("**AUSTRAC**"). Under the AML/CTF Act, the Responsible Entity (or its agent) is required:

- to verify the identity of Authorised Participants before issuing Units to the Authorised Participant, and to re-identify the Authorised Participant if it considers it necessary to do so; and
- to keep a record of any identification documentation for 7 years.

Identification of Authorised Participants

By lodging a Creation Request, each Authorised Participant confirms that it is a reporting entity under the AML/CTF Act and undertakes to provide the Responsible Entity with evidence of identity required by the Responsible Entity pursuant to the AML/CTF Act at any time upon request.

No Creation Request will be accepted by the Responsible Entity unless such evidence of the Authorised Participant's identity satisfactory to the Responsible Entity and its agents has been provided. The Responsible Entity can accept or reject any Creation Request in its discretion and is not liable for any resulting loss.

Transaction Freezes

Transactions may be delayed, blocked, frozen or refused where the Responsible Entity has reasonable grounds to believe that the transaction breaches Australian law or sanctions or the law or sanctions of any other country. Where transactions are delayed, blocked, frozen or refused the Responsible Entity is not liable for any loss you may suffer (including consequential loss) as a result of its compliance with the AML/CTF Act.

Reporting Obligations to AUSTRAC

The Responsible Entity has certain reporting obligations pursuant to the AML/CTF Act. The legislation prevents the Responsible Entity from informing you that any such reporting has taken place. Where legally obliged to do so, the Responsible Entity and its agents may disclose the information gathered to regulatory and/or law enforcement agencies, including AUSTRAC and to other bodies, if required by law.

10.8 No cooling off period

No cooling off period is provided in respect of investments in a Fund.

Once lodged, a Creation Request or Redemption Request is irrevocable except as required by law.

10.9 Consents

Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited has given, and as at the date of this PDS not withdrawn its consent to be named as Registrar in the form and context in which it is named. Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited has had no involvement in the preparation of any part of this PDS other than being named as Registrar. Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited has not authorised, or caused the issue of and expressly disclaims and takes no responsibility for this PDS.

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited., Sydney Branch (“**HSBC**”) has given, and as at the date of this PDS not withdrawn, its consent to be named as Custodian and Administrator in respect of the Funds. This consent is given on the basis that HSBC has not authorised or caused the issue of the PDS and has not made any statement that is included in the PDS or any statement on which a statement made in the PDS is based. HSBC expressly disclaims and takes no responsibility for any statements in or omissions in the PDS. This applies to the maximum extent permitted by law and does not apply to any matter to the extent to which the consent is given above.

10.10 Reporting

Holders will receive the following regular reports:

- confirmations of all of their own Creations or Redemptions (issued following transactions and on request);
- contract notes from their broker (issued following all purchases or sales on the ASX).
- taxation statements issued annually after 30 June, providing Holders with taxation information including a summary of any Distributions; and
- annual report including audited financial statements of the Funds in which they are invested. These are available online at www.globalxetfs.com.au.

10.11 Ongoing disclosure

Where a Fund is a disclosing entity, the Responsible Entity will comply with the continuous disclosure requirements of the Act as if each Fund were an unlisted disclosing entity on the basis of ASIC’s best practice disclosure recommendations for continuous disclosure.

10.12 Complaints

While the Fund is Registered, if a Holder submits to the Responsible Entity a complaint in relation to the Fund or its operations, the Responsible Entity must, if the Holder is a Retail Client, comply with the requirements of section 912A(2) of the Corporations Act applicable to the complaint.

Complaints may be lodged by writing to the Responsible Entity at the address shown on the back cover of this PDS. The Responsible Entity will always acknowledge any complaint in writing and respond within 30 calendar days.

If the complainant remains unhappy, the complaint can then access an independent external dispute resolution scheme.

Complaints can be lodged with the Australian Financial Complaints Authority (“**AFCA**”) of which the Responsible Entity is a member. AFCA is the external dispute resolution scheme for complaints involving financial services and products. Contact details for AFCA are as follows:

Address: GPO Box 3, Melbourne VIC 3001
Telephone: 1800 921 678
Email: info@afca.org.au
Website: www.afca.org.au

If investing through an IDPS or IDPS-like service then enquiries and complaints about your investment through the IDPS or IDPS-like service should be directed to the operator of that service or the Responsible Entity. Complaints regarding the operation of an IDPS or IDPS-like service should be directed to the IDPS operator.

The Australian Securities and Investment Commission also has a free call Infoline on 1300 300 630 which Holders may use to make a complaint and obtain information about their rights.

10. Additional information

10.13 ASIC Relief

Ongoing Disclosure Relief

The Responsible Entity intends to rely upon the exemption in relation to ongoing disclosure requirements that is contained within ASIC Class Order [CO 13/721]. Under the terms of this exemption, a responsible entity of an AQUA exchange traded fund or a managed fund does not have to comply with section 1017B of the Corporations Act in relation to interests in a class of interests in the fund that are able to be traded on a financial market operated by ASX, for as long as the responsible entity complies with the provisions of the Corporations Act that apply to unlisted disclosing entities as if the Funds were an unlisted disclosing entity, and makes statements to this effect in the relevant PDS.

The Responsible Entity will comply with the continuous disclosure requirements of the Corporations Act with respect to each of the Funds, as if the Funds were an unlisted disclosing entity.

Unequal Treatment Relief

The Responsible Entity intends to rely upon an exemption in relation to unequal treatment in withdrawal from an AQUA exchange traded fund that is equivalent to that contained within ASIC Class Order [CO 13/721] granted by ASIC under Instrument [20-0666]. Under the terms of this exemption, a responsible entity of an AQUA exchange traded fund does not have to comply with section 601FC(1)(d) of the Corporations Act to the extent that it would prevent the responsible entity from permitting only authorised participants to withdraw from a fund.

The Responsible Entity intends to rely on this relief to the extent necessary to allow the Responsible Entity to restrict eligibility to submit Redemption Requests in relation to Units to Authorised Participants. The Responsible Entity satisfies the conditions of reliance upon this relief, including by allowing all Holders the right to withdraw from a Fund and receive payment for their interests in money when trading in the Units on the AQUA market is suspended for more than 5 consecutive trading days.

Differential Fee Treatment Relief

The Responsible Entity intends to rely upon the exemption in relation to differential fee treatment that is contained within ASIC Corporations (Registered Schemes: Differential Fees) Instrument 2017/40, to the extent that any fees are waived or discounted for certain Holders. Under the terms of this Class Order, a responsible entity may charge, rebate or waive a management fee charged to a member on a basis that differs from that applying to other members who hold interests of the same class, where such differential treatment is based on at least one of the specified circumstances. These circumstances include where the differential treatment is in response to an offer made to a member that is a wholesale client (as defined in the Corporations Act) and based upon individual negotiation between the responsible entity and that member.

Unequal Treatment in Provision of Information to Authorised Participants

As at the date of this PDS, the Responsible Entity does not intend to provide information about the Index of a Fund or assets of a Fund to Authorised Participants before other Holders. However, if the Responsible Entity decides to do so, it intends to rely upon the exemption in relation to unequal treatment in the provision of information to authorised participants that is contained within ASIC Class Order [CO 13/721]. Under the terms of this exemption, a responsible entity of an AQUA exchange traded fund does not have to comply with paragraph 601FC(1)(d) of the Corporations Act to the extent that it would prevent the responsible entity from providing information to Authorised Participants before other members about scheme property, provided that it complies with certain conditions, including the making of statements to this effect in the relevant PDS.

The Responsible Entity intends to provide information to Holders at the same time as when the disclosure is made to Authorised Participants.

11. Taxation considerations

Introduction

An investment in each of the Funds will have taxation consequences. The following taxation advice is a summary only and each investor is encouraged to seek their own independent tax advice.

The following discussion is based upon the Australian law and administrative practice in effect as at the date of this PDS. Investors should be aware that the ultimate interpretation of taxation law rests with the Courts and that the law, and the way the Federal Commissioner of Taxation (“**Commissioner**”) or a Commissioner of State Revenue administers the law, may change at any time. This statement is necessarily general in nature and does not take into account the specific taxation circumstances of each individual investor. Investors should seek independent professional advice in relation to their own particular circumstances before making any investment decision.

This summary only deals with the Australian tax and stamp duty considerations of potential investors and does not deal with tax consequences in relation to other jurisdictions.

The Funds are established as unit trusts. The effect of tax on the Funds, and hence an investor’s investment in the Funds, can vary depending on such factors as the type of investment, the timing of investment transactions, and entry and exit of other investors in the Funds.

The following has been prepared on the assumption that:

- the trustee of the Funds intends to elect for the Funds to be treated as an attribution managed investment trust (“**AMIT**”) within the meaning of section 995-1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*;
- the Funds are not a public trading trust under Division 6C of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936* (“**1936 Act**”); and
- the Funds intend to elect to treat gains and losses on the disposal of certain eligible investments (primarily shares, non-share equity in a company, units in a unit trust, land and rights or options to acquire or dispose of the above unless they are debt interests or are otherwise a relevant financial arrangement) as being on capital account.

The discussion below assumes that the investor has acquired their Units through trading on the secondary market (i.e. they have purchased their Units).

Australian investors – Distributions

The Funds are residents of Australia for tax purposes. Therefore, the Funds are required to determine their tax components for the income year. These components may include assessable income, exempt income, non-assessable non-exempt income, tax offsets and credits of different characters. Investors are required to include their share of the Funds’ assessable tax components in their assessable income. Investors are treated as having derived their share of the assessable tax components of the Fund directly on a flow through basis. In the case where a Fund makes a loss for tax purposes, the Fund cannot distribute the loss to investors. However, subject to the relevant Fund meeting certain conditions, that Fund may be able to take into account the losses in subsequent years.

The amounts attributed to an investor may include a number of different types of income which reflect the income derived by a Fund. These components may include:

1. capital gains;
2. Australian sourced income (such as interest and other income);
3. foreign income and foreign income tax offsets;
4. franked dividends/franking credits; and
5. non-assessable amounts.

An Australian investor’s share of the assessable tax components of a Fund for a year of income, including amounts received in a subsequent year or which are reinvested under the Distribution Reinvestment Plan, forms part of the investor’s assessable income of that year.

The investor will be provided with a statement for tax purposes after 30 June each year to assist the investor (and their adviser) in determining their tax position. This tax statement will advise the investor of the share of the tax components of the Fund (if any) attributed to them which are required to be included in the investor’s tax return as assessable income and are likely to include capital gains, franked dividends/franking credits and any foreign income/foreign income tax offsets. The tax statement will also include details of any adjustments required to the investor’s cost base.

The tax components from a Fund which are attributed to investors may include franked distributions. Subject to satisfying certain criteria, such franked distributions

11. Taxation considerations

generally entitle Australian resident investors to obtain a tax offset (the franking credit) that is available to offset against their income tax liability. Franked distributions and franking credits are included in a person's assessable income. If the franking credits exceed the tax payable on an investor's taxable income, the excess credits may be refundable to the investor if the investor is a resident individual or complying superannuation fund. Excess franking credits may generate tax losses if the investor is a corporate entity.

The amount of the tax components of a Fund which the investor is required to include in their assessable income may be different to the cash distributions received by an investor in respect of their Units. This is because the distributions received on the Units is determined by reference to the returns received in respect of the Fund, whereas the tax components of the Fund is determined by reference to the overall tax position of that Fund. An investor may be required to make, in certain circumstances, both upward and downward adjustments to the cost base of their unit holdings. This occurs where during an income year there is a difference between:

- (a) the total of the amounts (money or property) that an investor is entitled to from the relevant Fund and the tax offsets that are allocated to an investor in relation to the year; and
- (b) the tax components (including grossed up capital gains) included in that investor's assessable income or any non-assessable non-exempt income in relation to the year.

If the amount in (a) exceeds the amount in (b), the cost base of the investor's Units in the Fund should be reduced by the excess amount. This results in either an increased capital gain, or a reduced capital loss, upon the subsequent disposal of the investor's Units in the Fund. Should the cost base be reduced to below zero, the amount in excess of the cost base should be a capital gain that is to be included the investor's taxable income.

Conversely, where the amounts in (a) falls short of the amounts in (b) during an income year, the cost base of the investor's Units in the Fund should be increased by the shortfall amount. This results in a decreased capital gain, or an increased capital loss, upon subsequent disposal of the investor's Units in the Fund.

Australian investors – Disposal of Units

Where an investor sells their Unit, the income tax consequences vary depending on whether:

1. the investor holds the Unit on capital account or on revenue account; and
2. the investor is an Australian resident for tax purposes.

(a) Capital account

An Australian investor should make a capital gain on the disposal of the Unit if the capital proceeds received by the investor exceed the asset's cost base. If the capital proceeds received by an investor are less than the asset's reduced cost base, then the investor should make a capital loss. Capital losses may be offset against taxable capital gains made by an investor but not against other types of income.

The cost base that an investor has in a Unit is, broadly, the sum of:

1. the amount the investor paid to acquire the Unit;
2. incidental costs of acquisition and disposal;
3. the costs of ownership of the Unit (e.g. interest incurred by an investor as a result of borrowing funds to acquire the Unit where the interest is not otherwise allowable as a tax deduction); and
4. Any subsequent adjustments to the cost base as set out above.

In the case of Units acquired under the Distribution Reinvestment Plan, the cost base of the Unit acquired will include the amount of the distribution applied to acquire the Units.

The reduced cost base of a Unit includes 1, 2 and 4 but not 3 of the matters listed immediately above.

In addition, an investor may be required to make both upward and/or downward adjustments to the cost base of their unit holdings, very broadly, where there is a difference between the cash distribution received by an investor in respect of their Units plus offsets and the amount of the assessable tax components (including grossed up capital gains) of the Fund which the investor is required to include in their assessable income and any non-assessable non exempt income. Refer to the comments above under "Australian investors – Distributions".

In respect of a sale of a Unit, the capital proceeds which an investor receives should include the sale proceeds or other property the investor receives or is entitled to receive as a result of selling the Unit. An individual, trust or complying superannuation entity or a life insurance company that holds their Unit as a complying superannuation/FHSA asset may be able to claim the benefit of the CGT discount. A corporate investor cannot claim the benefit of the CGT discount.

Broadly, the CGT discount excludes a portion of the net capital gain from taxable income. For investors who are individuals or trusts this portion is 50%. For investors who are complying superannuation entities or life insurance companies who hold their Unit as a complying superannuation/FHSA asset, the portion is 33.33%.

Any available capital losses incurred by the investor reduce the capital gain before the remaining net capital gain is discounted in the hands of the investor. Capital losses can only be used to reduce capital gains under the CGT provisions.

(b) Revenue account

If an Australian resident investor acquires a Unit in the course of carrying on a business of dealing in securities or if the investor acquires the Unit as part of a profit-making scheme, then any gain made on the sale of the Unit should be included in the investor's assessable income as ordinary income. Similarly, a loss made on the sale should be deductible.

In the case of Units acquired under the Distribution Reinvestment Plan, the profit or loss on the disposal of the Unit should be determined by reference to the distribution applied to acquire the Units.

Non-resident investors – Distributions

The Responsible Entity will withhold tax from distributions and attributions of a Fund's Australian sourced taxable income that are paid to a non-resident investor.

The rate of withholding tax will depend on the type of income and the country of tax residence of the investor, and any double tax treaty or information exchange agreements. In the absence of any applicable treaty or agreement, tax of 30% will generally be withheld on unfranked dividends and other Australian sourced income including capital gains on taxable Australian property. To the extent that a Fund meets the definition of a Withholding

Managed Investment Trust, withholding on other Australian sourced income may be lowered to 15% where the payment is made to a foreign resident in a country which has an effective exchange of information agreement with Australia. Tax of 10% will be withheld on interest income. No withholding tax is applicable in respect of fully franked dividends.

In most cases, these withholding taxes are each a final tax. As a result, the non-resident investor should not be entitled to a credit in Australia for any withholding tax paid or be liable to further tax on income from which withholding tax has been withheld.

Any foreign sourced income attributed to a non-resident investor should not be subject to tax in Australia.

An investor may be required to make, in certain circumstances, both upward and downward adjustments to the cost base of their unit holdings. This occurs where during an income year there is a difference between:

- (a) the total of the amounts (money or property) that an investor is entitled to from the relevant Fund and the tax offsets that are allocated to an investor in relation to the year; and
- (b) the tax components (including grossed up capital gains) included in that investor's assessable income and any non-assessable non-exempt income in relation to the year.

If the amount in (a) exceeds the amount in (b), the cost base of the investor's Units in the Fund should be reduced by the excess amount. If the amount in (a) is less than the amount in (b) the cost base of the investor's Units in the Fund should be increased by the excess amount.

Non-resident investors – Disposal of Units

The tax consequences of the disposal of a Unit will depend upon whether the assets of a Fund consist wholly or principally of taxable Australian real property (including leasehold interests and rights to exploit or to explore the natural resources in Australia).

If the assets of a Fund consist wholly or principally of Australian real property, an investor may be required to include any gain made on the disposal of the Unit in their assessable income. The CGT discount would not be available in respect of any such gain. A non-resident investor who uses their Units in carrying

11. Taxation considerations

on a business through an Australian permanent establishment should also include any gain made on the disposal of their Units in their assessable income.

If the assets of a Fund do not consist principally of Australian real property and the non-resident investor holds their Unit on revenue account, then any profit made on the sale of their Unit should only be subject to Australian income tax if the profit has an Australian source. The issue of source is question of fact, of which the place where the contract to sell the Unit is concluded will be a relevant factor. If the investor is a resident of a jurisdiction which has entered a double tax treaty with Australia then the investor may not be subject to Australian tax on profits if the derivation of the profits is not attributable to any permanent establishment that they have in Australia. In these circumstances, the business profits article of the relevant double tax treaty may prevent Australia from taxing the gain.

It is strongly recommended that non-resident investors obtain their own tax advice when selling Units. It should also be noted that an investor may be subject to the tax laws in their country and should consult a taxation adviser before investing.

Foreign income and foreign income tax offsets

Where foreign tax has been paid by the Responsible Entity in respect of foreign investment of trust assets, the Responsible Entity will generally pass on any available corresponding foreign income tax offsets to resident investors so that investors can offset these income tax offsets against the Australian tax payable on their assessable foreign income.

Tax deferral provisions

A Fund may directly or indirectly hold interests in Controlled Foreign Companies ("CFC") at the end of a financial year. Under the CFC regime, resident investors may be assessed on their portion of the CFC's attributable income for the financial year, even though the income is not distributed.

Tax reforms

The expected tax implications of investing in a Fund described in this tax disclosure may change as a result of changes in the taxation laws and interpretation of them by the Courts and/or the Australian Tax Office.

For example, the AMIT tax regime has been introduced, which applies from 1 July 2016 (with individual managed investment trusts having the choice to apply the rules from 1 July 2015). Under this legislation, certain managed investment trusts may elect into the new attribution regime for the taxation of managed investment trusts which is intended to reduce complexity, increase certainty and minimise compliance costs. This attribution method of tax components is in lieu of the existing present entitlement to income method in Division 6 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936. This tax summary has been prepared on the basis that the Fund will elect to apply the AMIT regime.

Whether a Fund qualifies as an AMIT each year will depend on a number of factors, some of which are outside the control of the Fund, such as the profile of the ultimate beneficiaries. If a Fund does not qualify as an AMIT and/or does not make an election to apply the AMIT provisions, the existing present entitlement to income method in Division 6 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936 should apply.

It is recommended that investors obtain independent taxation advice that takes into account your specific circumstances regarding investing in the Fund and the potential application of any changes in the tax law.

TFN withholding

An investor need not quote a Tax File Number (“TFN”) to the trustee when acquiring Units. However, if a TFN is not quoted, or no appropriate TFN exemption information is provided then the trustee is required to withhold tax from any income distributions made to an investor. The applicable rate of withholding tax is 47% (for the income year ended 30 June 2022). An investor who invests in Units in the course of carrying on an enterprise, may quote their Australian Business Number instead to avoid this withholding tax. If this withholding tax applies it is noted that it is merely a collection mechanism and an investor may claim a credit in their annual income tax return in respect of the tax withheld.

GST

The supply of the Units should not be subject to GST, nor is GST applicable to distributions paid to investors. If GST is or becomes payable on any taxable supply made under, or in connection with this document, the recipient of the supply will be required to pay an additional amount to the supplier in relation to GST.

An investor may not be entitled to full input tax credits for GST paid on the acquisition of goods and services (for example, financial advisory services) relating to the issue of the Units and acquisition and/or subsequent sale of Units. Investors should obtain their own advice as to whether an input tax credit or reduced input tax credit is available for any GST amounts, as this will depend on the investor’s personal circumstances.

Stamp duty

No stamp duty should be payable on the issue or transfer of a Unit provided that:

- (a) all the Units remain quoted on the ASX at all relevant times; and
- (b) if a Fund is at any time a landholder for stamp duty purposes, the Units issued or transferred alone, or when aggregated with Units already held by the acquirer, a related person of the acquirer or acquired as part of one arrangement, do not represent 90% or more of the issued Units of any of the Funds.

If stamp duty becomes payable by a Fund in connection with the terms of this PDS or as consequence of, or in connection with the purchase, sale or transfer of the Units, then the Fund can under the terms of this PDS require an investor to pay such stamp duty.

General tax gross up

Neither the Responsible Entity nor any Fund is liable for any taxes, duty or other charges payable by you in relation to or in connection with these terms or payable by the Fund or any other person on, as a consequence of, or in connection with, the purchase, sale or transfer of Units or rights, or any other supply under or in connection with these terms. The investor must pay all taxes (including GST) and other charges for which the investor becomes liable in relation to or in connection with these terms.

12. Glossary

Capitalised terms used in this PDS and the attached forms have the following defined meanings unless the context provides otherwise.

Administrator means The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Sydney Branch, being the counterparty to the Master Services Agreement with the Responsible Entity in respect of each Fund as may be amended or varied from time to time.

AFSL means an Australian Financial Services Licence issued by ASIC.

AMIT means the Attribution Managed Investment Trust tax regime that was introduced with effect from 1 July 2016.

AML/CTF Act means the Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006 (Cth), as supplemented, amended, varied or replaced from time to time.

AQUA Product has the meaning given in the Operating Rules and AQUA Products is to be construed accordingly.

AQUA Rules means:

- (a) Schedule 10A of the Operating Rules and Procedures;
- (b) such other rules that govern the quotation of AQUA Products; and
- (c) such other rules that govern the transfer of AQUA Products, as amended from time to time.

ASIC means the Australian Securities and Investments Commission or any Government Agency which replaces it or performs its functions.

ASX means ASX Limited (ACN 008 624 691) or the market operated by it as the context requires.

ASX Business Day has the meaning given to the term "Business Day" in the ASX Settlement Rules.

ASX Listing Rules means the ASX Listing Rules published by the ASX, as supplemented, amended, varied or replaced from time to time.

ASX Operating Rules means the ASX Operating Rules published by the ASX, as supplemented, amended, varied or replaced from time to time.

ASX Settlement Rules means the ASX Settlement Operating Rules published by ASX as supplemented, amended, varied or replaced from time to time.

ASX Trading Day means any day on which the ASX is open for trading.

ATO means the Australian Tax Office or any Government Agency which replaces it or performs its functions.

AUD means the lawful currency of the Commonwealth of Australia.

AUSTRAC means the Australian Transaction Reports and Analysis Centre or any Government Agency which replaces it or performs its functions.

Authorised Participant means a person that:

- (a) is a bank, securities house or other market professional approved by the Responsible Entity (in its absolute discretion); and
- (b) is approved by the Responsible Entity and has entered into an Authorised Participant Agreement with the Responsible Entity.

Authorised Participant Agreement means a written agreement between the Responsible Entity and another person under which such person is appointed to act as an 'Authorised Participant', distribution agent or in a substantially similar function in relation to Units and if such agreement is subject to conditions precedent, provided that such conditions have been satisfied or waived by the Responsible Entity.

Business Day means a day other than a Saturday or Sunday on which banks are open for general banking business in Sydney.

Cash Component means that part of the Portfolio Deposit that is composed of cash.

CHESS means the Clearing House Electronic Sub register System established and operated in accordance with the ACH Clearing Rules.

Commissioner means the Federal Commissioner of Taxation.

Compliance Plan means the arrangement that sets out how the Responsible Entity will ensure compliance with both the Corporations Act and the Trust Deed when operating each Fund.

Corporations Act means the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) as amended or varied from time to time.

Counterparty Credit Risk means a failure by a relevant counterparty to perform their obligations that may impact a Fund, where a Fund is owed obligations by third parties under derivatives or other contractual relationships.

Creation means the process by which a Unit is issued under the terms of this PDS and in accordance with the Trust Deed.

Creation Fee means the fee payable on Creation of a Unit as set out in Section 8 (Fees and other costs).

Creation Request means an offer by an Authorised Participant to the Responsible Entity to subscribe for Units, being an offer on terms referred to in the form prescribed from time to time by the Responsible Entity and this PDS including through the System.

Creation Unit means a number of Units of that Fund as set out in the applicable Fund Supplement.

CRS means the Common Reporting Standard adopted by the Australian Government from 1 July 2017. CRS is a single global standard for the collection, reporting and exchange of financial account information on foreign tax residents.

Custodian means the entity that provides custody services for the assets of the Funds under the Custodian Agreement as amended or varied from time to time and as at the date of this PDS means The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Sydney Branch.

Custodian Agreement means the agreement between the Responsible Entity and the Custodian dated 22 July 2021 (as may be amended or varied from time to time) pursuant to which the Custodian provides custody services for the assets of the Funds.

Dealing Day means in respect of a Fund as set out in the relevant Fund Supplement.

Dealing Deadline means the relevant time which a Creation Request or Redemption Request must be received by the Fund and in respect of a particular Fund has the meaning set out in the relevant Fund Supplement.

Delivery Deadline means in respect of a Creation to be made by way of transfer of the Portfolio Deposit, the time by which the Authorised Participant must deliver the Portfolio Deposit required in respect of such Creation and, in respect of a particular Fund, has the meaning set out in the relevant Fund Supplement.

Differing Returns means that the return generated on the Units may not reflect the return that an investor would realise if he or she actually owned the relevant shares or other components comprising the Index.

Distribution Reinvestment Plan means the plan described in Section 9.3.

Effective Date means the date of processing of the Creation Requests or the Redemption Requests, depending upon the context.

ETF means exchange traded fund.

FATCA means the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act, as supplemented, amended, varied or replaced from time to time.

FMCA means the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 (New Zealand), as supplemented, amended, varied or replaced from time to time.

Fund means each Fund created in accordance with the Trust Deed and managed by the Responsible Entity under this PDS, as specified in each Fund Supplement.

Fund Supplement means, in respect of a Fund, as set out at the back of this PDS.

Global X or Responsible Entity means Global X Management (AUS) Limited, the Responsible Entity under this PDS and in accordance with the Trust Deed.

Government or Government Agency means, whether foreign or domestic:

- (a) a government, whether federal, state, territorial or local or a department, office or minister of a government acting in that capacity; or
- (b) a commission, delegate, instrumentality, agency, board, or other government, semi-government, judicial, administrative, monetary or fiscal body, department, tribunal, entity or authority, whether statutory or not, and includes any self-regulatory organisation established under statute or any stock exchange.

GST means a goods and services tax, value added tax, consumption tax or a similar tax or a tax on services only, including without limitation, GST as defined in section 195-1 of the GST Act.

GST Act means the *A New Tax System (Goods and Services) Tax Act 1999* (Cth) as amended or varied from time to time.

Holders means:

- (a) where required by the Corporations Act, a person who holds an interest in a Fund (as contemplated in the definition of 'Member' in section 9 of the Corporations Act); and
- (b) upon the issue of the interest being registered, the holder of the interest means the person registered as a holder of relevant Units in a Fund (including persons jointly registered).

Holding Lock means, as defined by ASX from time to time, a facility that prevents securities from being deducted from, or entered into, a holding pursuant to a transfer or conversion.

12. Glossary

IDPS means Investor Directed Portfolio Services as set out in ASIC Regulatory Guide 148.

iNAV means an estimated indicative Net Asset Value per Unit.

Index means, in respect of a Fund, the Index set out in the relevant Fund Supplement, and **Indices** means all or some of them.

Index Constituent Settlement Day with respect to a Dealing Day means the day on which trades executed on the Dealing Day in an Index constituent are due to settle.

Index Constituent Trading Day means any day on which the primary exchange of an Index constituent is open for trading.

Index Event Risk means the risk that an adjustment may be made to the Index due to certain events, including for example due to the suspension, cancellation or postponement of the Index calculation and/or rebalance.

Index License Agreement means, in respect of an Index, the agreement between the Responsible Entity and the relevant Index Provider.

Index Methodology means the methodology used by the relevant Index as outlined in each applicable Fund Supplement.

Index Provider means, in respect of a Fund and an Index, the index providers as set out in the relevant Fund Supplement.

Initial Offer Period means the first day on which Creation Requests are received by the Responsible Entity in respect of a particular Fund.

In Specie Transaction Fee means a fee payable by an Authorised Participant as set out in Section 8 (Fees and other costs), upon request by the Authorised Participant for an in specie Creation Request or an in specie Redemption Request.

IRS means the U.S. Internal Revenue Service.

Liabilities means the liabilities of a Fund including any provision which the Responsible Entity decides should be taken into account in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable in Australia in determining the liabilities of a Fund, but excluding any liabilities:

- (a) to applicants for Units in respect of application money or property in respect of which Units have not yet been issued; or
- (b) to Holders, arising by virtue of the right of Holders to request redemption of their Units or

to participate in the distribution of the assets on termination of the Fund.

Liquid or **Liquidity** has the same meaning as in the Corporations Act.

Management Fee means the fees and costs charged by a Fund for the management of an investment in the Units, as set out in Section 8 (Fees and Other Costs).

Market Announcements Platform means the Market Announcements Platform of the ASX.

Master Services Agreement means the Master Services Agreement dated 22 July 2021 (as amended or varied from time to time) between the Responsible Entity and the Administrator pursuant to which the Administrator provides administrative services to the Responsible Entity in connection with the Units.

Mirae Asset Global Investments Group means the group of companies of which Mirae Asset Global Investments Co., Ltd is the parent.

Net Asset Value (or NAV) in relation to a Fund, means the net asset value of that Fund or, as the context may require, of a Unit of any class relating to that Fund calculated as set out in Section 8 (Fees and other costs).

Offer means the invitation made to the public under this PDS.

Operating Rules means the ASX Operating Rules published by the ASX.

Portfolio Deposit means the securities or securities and cash to be delivered by an Authorised Participant at settlement of a Creation Request.

Privacy Act 1988 (Cth) means the *Privacy Act 1988* (Cth) as supplemented, amended, varied or replaced from time to time.

Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) means this Product Disclosure Statement dated 27 March 2024.

Recipient means a qualifying applicant or investor to which this PDS is distributed in connection with the consideration of an investment in a Fund.

Redemption means the process of redeeming a Unit under the terms of this PDS and in accordance with the Trust Deed.

Redemption Date in respect of a valid Redemption Request, means the Dealing Day on which the next Valuation Time, following the latest of:

- (a) the time at which the Redemption Request is received by the Responsible Entity;

- (b) where the redemption of Units has been suspended, the resumption of the redemption of Units; and
- (c) where the Responsible Entity makes a determination to reduce Redemption Requests rateably so that the total number of Units of the Fund for redemption on that Dealing Day shall not exceed 10% of the NAV of the Fund, the Dealing Day to which the relevant portion of the Redemption Request is allocated.

Redemption Dividend has the meaning given to that term in paragraph 'Redemption Dividend' in Section 6.4 (Redemption Requests).

Redemption Fee means the fee payable on Redemption of a Unit as set out in Section 8 (Fees and other costs).

Redemption Request means a request to the Responsible Entity provided by the Holder either in writing or through an online system provided by the Responsible Entity to redeem Units which includes instructions provided by the Holder to the Responsible Entity which in the Trustee's reasonable opinion are sufficient to allow the Responsible Entity to effect the delivery or sale of the securities relating to the relevant Units.

Register means the register of holders kept by the Responsible Entity under the Corporations Act.

Registrar means Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited as appointed under the Registrar Agreement or such other registrar as may be appointed by the Responsible Entity from time to time to maintain the Registers.

Registrar Agreement means the Registry Services Agreement dated 31 March 2015 between the Registrar and the Responsible Entity.

Regulatory Required Provisions means certain provisions required in the Trust Deed for regulatory purposes.

Related Body Corporate has the meaning given in section 50 of the Corporations Act.

Responsible Entity means Global X Management (AUS) Limited being the responsible entity of the Funds under this PDS and in accordance with the Trust Deed.

Retail Client has the meaning given to it in the Corporations Act.

SEATS means the ASX Stock Exchange Automated Trading System.

Settlement Date has the meaning given in the relevant Fund Supplement.

System means the system implemented by the Responsible Entity for enabling Authorised Participants to make Creation Requests and Redemption Requests by means of a secure website.

Tax means all kinds of taxes, duties, imposts, deductions, withholding taxes and charges imposed by a government including GST or any amount recovered from the Responsible Entity by way of reimbursement of GST or any amount included either expressly or impliedly in an amount paid or payable by the trustee on account of GST, together with interest and penalties imposed or levied by a Government or Government agency.

TFN means Tax File Number.

Transaction Costs means the costs incurred by the Responsible Entity in managing the assets of a Fund, and include commissions, brokerage, clearing costs, custody transaction costs and slippage costs (for example, foreign exchange slippage costs, if any). Transaction Costs also include costs incurred by an interposed vehicle that would be transaction costs if they have been incurred by the Funds.

Transaction Documents means the documents which, in addition to this PDS, set out the terms and conditions relating to the Units as listed in Section 1.1 (Overview).

Trust Deed means the constitution of each of the Funds as amended or varied from time to time.

Underlying Fund means, in respect of a Fund, the underlying fund as set out in the relevant Fund Supplement.

Underlying Fund Manager means Global X Management Company LCC.

Units means a Unit issued under the terms of this PDS in accordance with the Trust Deed.

U.S. Securities Act means the U.S. Securities Act as supplemented, amended, varied or replaced from time to time.

USD means United States dollars.

Valuation Time means a time determined by the Responsible Entity at which the Responsible Entity calculates the Net Asset Value as set out in the relevant Fund Supplement.

13. Corporate directory

References in this PDS to a particular time, unless otherwise stated, are references to the time in Sydney, Australia. Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this PDS to any agreement or documents includes a reference to such agreement or document, as amended, varied, novated, supplemented or replaced from time to time and unless otherwise stated or the context otherwise requires references in this document to any statute or any provision of any statute include a reference to any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof or any statutory instrument, order or regulation made thereunder or any such modification or re-enactment, in each case in force as at the date of this PDS. No documents, including the contents of any websites or web pages referred to in this PDS, form part of this PDS.

Responsible Entity

Global X Management (AUS) Limited

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Australia

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AFSL: 466778

Email: info@globalxetfs.com.au

Phone: +61 2 8311 3488

Administrator and Custodian

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation
Limited, Sydney Branch

Level 36, Tower 1, International Towers Sydney
100 Barangaroo Avenue
Sydney NSW 2000
Australia

Registrar

Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited

Yarra Falls
452 Johnston Street
Abbotsford VIC 3067
Australia

Legal Advisers as to Australian Law

MinterEllison

Governor Macquarie Tower
1 Farrer Place
Sydney NSW 2000
Australia

Auditors

KPMG

Tower Three
International Towers Sydney
300 Barangaroo Avenue
Sydney NSW 2000
Australia

14. Fund supplements

Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF

This Fund Supplement relates to the Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF (in this Fund Supplement, the “Fund”) and supplements the more general information contained in the PDS in relation to an investment in the Units. Any decision to invest in the Units of the Fund should be based upon the PDS in its entirety and investors should seek professional advice before making any investment decision with respect to an investment in the Fund.

Key features of the Fund

Fund name	Global X Artificial Intelligence ETF
Fund Code	GXAI
Investment objective	The Fund aims to provide investors with a return that (before fees and expenses) tracks the performance of the Indxx Artificial Intelligence & Big Data Index.
Index	Indxx Artificial Intelligence & Big Data Index
Index Provider	Indxx Inc. The Index was not created by, and is not managed by, a Related Body Corporate of the Responsible Entity.
Fees and expenses	Fees and costs as described in Section 8 (Fees and other costs) apply.
Creations	Creation Unit 100,000 Units. Authorised Participants may submit Creation Requests in respect of whole multiples of Creation Units. Subscription price during Initial Offer Period AUD 10. This is the subscription price for Units subscribed for during the Initial Offer Period for both in specie and cash subscriptions.
Dealing Day	Any day that is both an ASX Trading Day and an Index Constituent Trading Day for all Index constituents or a sufficient number of Index constituents as determined by the Responsible Entity.
Dealing Deadline	For cash Creation Requests or Redemption Requests: 3 p.m. on a Dealing Day. For in specie Creation Requests or Redemption Requests: 4 p.m. on a Dealing Day.
Delivery Deadline	10:30 a.m. on a Settlement Date.
Valuation Time	4 p.m. on each Dealing Day.
Settlement Date	Means the second ASX Business Day following the Dealing Day on which the relevant Creation Request or Redemption Request was received.
In Specie DvP Fund	No.
Distributions	The Responsible Entity may make dividend distribution semi-annually in respect of periods ending 30 June and 31 December in each year.
Dividend reinvestment	Available. See Section 9.3 of the PDS for further information.

14. Fund supplements

Underlying Fund	Not applicable.
Index information	Index tickers: Bloomberg: IAIQ
	Constituents: 85
	Weighting factor: Free-float adjusted market capitalisation.
	Rebalancing frequency: Semi-annual
	Country/region: Global developed markets
Index objective	The Indxx Artificial Intelligence & Big Data Index is designed to track the performance of companies listed or incorporated in developed markets that are positioned to benefit from the development and utilisation of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in their products and services, as well as companies that produce hardware used in AI applied for the analysis of big data.
Index methodology	The methodology employed by Indxx in calculating the Index can be found at: https://www.indxx.com/ . Investors should review the Index Methodology on the Indxx website prior to making an investment.
Index specific risk factors	<p>The following risk factors apply to an investment in Units in the Fund in addition to the risk factors which are set out in Section 5 (Risks) of the PDS. Investors should consider all of the information and risk factors set out in this Fund Supplement and Section 5 (Risks) and seek professional advice before making any investment decision with respect to an investment in the Fund.</p> <p>Understanding of Index Constituents. Investors should ensure that they are familiar with and understand the benchmark and the objectives of the Index (and the Fund) outlined above prior to making any investment. In particular they should understand the assets which underlie the Index and the methodology by which the assets are selected, weighted and rebalanced.</p> <p>Concentration Risk. As the Index is only comprised of a maximum of 85 securities there is a risk that the Index, and therefore the Fund, will have a high concentration in a particular security. On each rebalancing of the Index, the components of the Index could change such that a security to which the Index had a high exposure previously is no longer included in the Index or that the Index is now highly exposed to a security to which it had no previous exposure. These concentrations to particular security could adversely impact the Net Asset Value of the Fund, in the case of decline in the value of any security to which the Index, and therefore the Fund, is exposed.</p> <p>No guarantee Index meets the stated objective. Although the Index Methodology is designed to meet the objective of generating returns from companies that are positioned to benefit from the development and utilisation of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in their products and services, as well as companies that produce hardware used in AI applied for the analysis of big data, there is no guarantee the Index will meet this objective. Investors should form their own view on the Index Methodology and the capacity of the Index to meet the stated objective.</p>

<p>Index specific risk factors (continued)</p>	<p>Currency Risk. The prices of the Index constituents are quoted and traded in their relevant domestic currencies whereas the Net Asset Value of the Fund and the price at which the Units will be quoted on the ASX is calculated in Australian dollars. This means that an investor is exposed to changes in the exchange rate between the Australian dollar and the currencies of each of the Index constituents. The value of a Unit may therefore change even if there is no change in the underlying price of the Index constituents. A positive movement in the underlying constituents may not result in an increase in a price of Units if the relevant exchange rate moves adversely.</p> <p>Sector Risk. The Fund invests primarily in the equity securities of companies whose business is focused on the utilisation of AI technologies and, as such, is particularly sensitive to risks associated with those technologies. These risks include, but are not limited to, small or limited markets for such securities, changes in business cycles, slow-downs in world economic growth and/or technological progress, rapid obsolescence, and government regulation. Rapid developments in artificial intelligence technologies that affect a company’s products could have a material adverse effect on such company’s operating results. Companies who utilise and develop AI technology products may rely on a combination of patents, copyrights, trademarks and trade secret laws to establish and protect their proprietary rights in their products and technologies. There can be no assurance that the steps taken by these companies to protect their proprietary rights will be adequate to prevent the misappropriation of their technology or that competitors will not independently develop technologies that are substantially equivalent or superior to such companies’ technology.</p> <p>The Fund is subject to the risk that market or economic factors impacting companies who utilise AI technologies and companies that rely heavily on AI technology advances could have a major effect on the value of the Fund’s investments. The value of stocks of companies who utilise artificial intelligence technologies and companies that rely heavily on developing technologies is particularly vulnerable to rapid changes in technology product cycles, rapid product obsolescence, government regulation and competition, both domestically and internationally, including competition from foreign competitors with lower production costs.</p> <p>Please refer to Section 5 (Risks) for general risk factors associated with an investment in the Fund.</p>
<p>Index disclaimer</p>	<p>Indxx makes no warranty, express or implied, as to the results to be obtained by any person or entity from the use of the Indxx Artificial Intelligence & Big Data Index (“Index”), trading based on the index, or any data included therein in connection with the products, or for any other use. Indxx makes no express or implied warranties, and expressly disclaims all warranties, of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or use with respect to the index or any data included therein.</p> <p>Indxx does not guarantee the accuracy and/or the completeness of any data supplied by it or any data included therein. Indxx makes no warranty, express or implied, as to results to be obtained by the fund, its shareholders or affiliates, or any other person or entity from the use of the data supplied by Indxx or any data included therein. Indxx makes no express or implied warranties, and expressly disclaims all warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or use with respect to the data supplied by Indxx or any data included therein. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall Indxx have any liability for any special, punitive, indirect, or consequential damages (including lost profits), even if notified of the possibility of such damages.</p>

14. Fund supplements

Global X Copper Miners ETF

This Fund Supplement relates to the Global X Copper Miners ETF (in this Fund Supplement, the “Fund”) and supplements the more general information contained in the PDS in relation to an investment in the Units. Any decision to invest in the Units of the Fund should be based upon the PDS in its entirety and investors should seek professional advice before making any investment decision with respect to an investment in the Fund.

Key features of the Fund

Fund name	Global X Copper Miners ETF
Fund Code	WIRE
Investment objective	The Fund aims to provide investors with a return that (before fees and expenses) tracks the performance of the Solactive Global Copper Miners Total Return Index.
Index	Solactive Global Copper Miners Total Return Index.
Index Provider	Solactive AG The Index was not created by, and is not managed by, a Related Body Corporate of the Responsible Entity.
Fees and expenses	Fees and costs as described in Section 8 (Fees and other costs) apply.
Creations	Creation Unit 100,000 Units. Authorised Participants may submit Creation Requests in respect of whole multiples of Creation Units. Subscription price during Initial Offer Period AUD 10. This is the subscription price for Units subscribed for during the Initial Offer Period for both in specie and cash subscriptions.
Dealing Day	Any day that is both an ASX Trading Day and an Index Constituent Trading Day for all Index constituents or a sufficient number of Index constituents as determined by the Responsible Entity.
Dealing Deadline	For cash Creation Requests or Redemption Requests: 3 p.m. on a Dealing Day. For in specie Creation Requests or Redemption Requests: 4 p.m. on a Dealing Day.
Delivery Deadline	10:30 a.m. on a Settlement Date.
Valuation Time	4 p.m. on each Dealing Day.
Settlement Date	Means the second ASX Business Day following the Dealing Day on which the relevant Creation Request or Redemption Request was received.
In Specie DvP Fund	No.
Distributions	The Responsible Entity may make dividend distribution semi-annually in respect of periods ending 30 June and 31 December in each year.
Dividend reinvestment	Available. See Section 9.3 of the PDS for further information.
Underlying Fund	Global X Copper Miners ETF (Ticker: COPX) (Exchange: NYSE Arca)

Index information	Index tickers:	Bloomberg:	SOLGLOCO
	Constituents:	20 – 40	
	Weighting factor:	Free-float adjusted market capitalisation.	
	Rebalancing frequency:	Semi-annual	
	Country/region:	Global	
Index objective	The Solactive Global Copper Miners Total Return Index is designed to provide investors with a return of international companies active in exploration, mining and/or refining of copper.		
Index methodology	<p>The methodology employed by Solactive in calculating the Index can be found at https://www.solactive.com/.</p> <p>The index comprises the 20 – 40 globally listed stocks which have significant operations in the copper mining industry; and significant revenues are generated or expected to be generated in the future either from copper mining or closely related activities (i.e., exploration and refining of copper).</p> <p>Investors should review the Index Methodology on the Solactive website prior to making an investment.</p>		
Index specific risk factors	<p>The following risk factors apply to an investment in Units in the Fund in addition to the risk factors which are set out in Section 5 (Risks) of the PDS. Investors should consider all of the information and risk factors set out in this Fund Supplement and Section 5 (Risks), and seek professional advice before making any investment decision with respect to an investment in the Fund.</p> <p>Understanding of Index Constituents. Investors should ensure that they are familiar with and understand the benchmark and the objectives of the Index (and the Fund) outlined above prior to making any investment. In particular they should understand the assets which underlie the Index and the methodology by which the assets are selected, weighted and rebalanced.</p> <p>Concentration Risk. As the Index is only comprised of a maximum of 40 securities there is a risk that the Index, and therefore the Fund, will have a high concentration in a particular security. On each rebalancing of the Index, the components of the Index could change such that a security to which the Index had a high exposure previously is no longer included in the Index or that the Index is now highly exposed to a security to which it had no previous exposure. These concentrations to particular security could adversely impact the Net Asset Value of the Fund, in the case of decline in the value of any security to which the Index, and therefore the Fund, is exposed.</p> <p>Comparison to other Copper mining Investments. Investors should understand the difference between the exposure to copper mining securities generated by the Index and other copper mining investments which may contain more or less constituents and have different allocation methodologies.</p> <p>No guarantee Index meets the stated objective. Although the Index Methodology is designed to meet the objective of generating returns from companies active in exploration, mining and/or refining of copper within the investment parameters, there is no guarantee the Index will meet this objective. Investors should form their own view on the Index Methodology and the capacity of the Index to meet the stated objective.</p>		

14. Fund supplements

<p>Index specific risk factors (continued)</p>	<p>Currency Risk. The prices of the Index constituents are quoted and traded in their relevant domestic currencies whereas the Net Asset Value of the Fund and the price at which the Units will be quoted on the ASX is calculated in Australian dollars. This means that an investor is exposed to changes in the exchange rate between the Australian dollar and the currencies of each of the Index constituents. The value of a Unit may therefore change even if there is no change in the underlying price of the Index constituents. A positive movement in the underlying constituents may not result in an increase in a price of Units if the relevant exchange rate moves adversely.</p> <p>Commodity Exposure Risks. The Underlying Fund invests in companies engaged in the copper mining industry, which may be susceptible to fluctuations in the underlying copper commodity market. Copper commodity prices may be influenced or characterised by unpredictable factors, including, where applicable, high volatility, changes in supply and demand relationships, weather, agriculture, trade, changes in interest rates and monetary and other governmental policies, action and inaction. Securities of companies held by the Fund that are dependent on a single commodity, or are concentrated on a single commodity sector, may typically exhibit even higher volatility attributable to commodity prices</p> <p>Commodity Price Relationship Risk. The Index measures the performance of companies involved in the copper industry and not the performance of the price of copper itself. The securities of companies involved in the copper industry may under or over-perform the price of copper over the short-term or the long-term.</p> <p>Sector Risk. The Fund invests primarily in the equity securities of companies whose business is focused on the copper mining industry and, as such, is particularly sensitive to risks to those types of companies. These risks include, but are not limited to, small or limited markets for such securities, commodities, changes in business cycles, slow-downs in world economic growth and/or technological progress, rapid obsolescence, and government regulation. The publicly traded securities of copper mining focused companies can be more volatile than securities of companies that do not rely heavily on copper mining. Rapid developments in technologies that affect a company's products could have a material adverse effect on such company's operating results. Copper mining companies may rely on a combination of patents, copyrights, trademarks and trade secret laws to establish and protect their proprietary rights in their products and technologies. There can be no assurance that the steps taken by these companies to protect their proprietary rights will be adequate to prevent the misappropriation of their technology or that competitors will not independently develop technologies that are substantially equivalent or superior to such Companies' technology.</p> <p>The Fund is subject to the risk that market or economic factors impacting copper mining companies and companies that rely heavily on technology advances could have a major effect on the value of the Fund's investments. The value of stocks of copper mining companies and companies that rely heavily on developing technologies is particularly vulnerable to rapid changes in technology product cycles, rapid product obsolescence, government regulation and competition, both domestically and internationally, including competition from foreign competitors with lower production costs.</p> <p>Please refer to Section 5 (Risks) for general risk factors associated with an investment in the Fund.</p>
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Index disclaimer

The financial instrument is not sponsored, promoted, sold or supported in any other manner by Solactive AG, nor does Solactive AG offer any express or implicit guarantee or assurance either with regard to the results of using Solactive Global Copper Miners Total Return Index (the “**Index**”) and/or Index trade mark or the Index price at any time or in any other respect. The Index is calculated and published by Solactive AG. Solactive AG uses its best efforts to ensure that the Index is calculated correctly. Irrespective of its obligations towards the Sponsor, Solactive AG has no obligation to point out errors in the Index to third parties including, but not limited to, investors and/or financial intermediaries of the financial instrument. Neither publication of the Index by Solactive AG, nor the licensing of the Index or Index for the purpose of use in connection with the financial instrument, constitutes a recommendation by Solactive AG to invest capital in said financial instrument nor does it in any way represent an assurance or opinion of Solactive AG with regard to any investment in this financial instrument.

14. Fund supplements

Global X Cybersecurity ETF

This Fund Supplement relates to the Global X Cybersecurity ETF (in this Fund Supplement, the “Fund”) and supplements the more general information contained in the PDS in relation to an investment in the Units. Any decision to invest in the Units of the Fund should be based upon the PDS in its entirety and investors should seek professional advice before making any investment decision with respect to an investment in the Fund.

Key features of the Fund

Fund name	Global X Cybersecurity ETF
Fund Code	BUGG
Investment objective	The Fund aims to provide investors with a return that (before fees and expenses) tracks the performance of the Indxx Cybersecurity Index.
Index	Indxx Cybersecurity Index
Index Provider	Indxx LLC. The Index was not created by, and is not managed by, a Related Body Corporate of the Responsible Entity.
Fees and expenses	Fees and costs as described in Section 8 (Fees and other costs) apply.
Creations	Creation Unit 100,000 Units. Authorised Participants may submit Creation Requests in respect of whole multiples of Creation Units. Subscription price during Initial Offer Period AUD 10. This is the subscription price for Units subscribed for during the Initial Offer Period for both in specie and cash subscriptions.
Dealing Day	Any day that is both an ASX Trading Day and an Index Constituent Trading Day for all Index constituents or a sufficient number of Index constituents as determined by the Responsible Entity.
Dealing Deadline	For cash Creation Requests and Redemption Requests: 4 p.m. Sydney time on a Dealing Day. For in specie Creation Requests and Redemption Requests: 4 p.m. Sydney time on a Dealing Day.
Delivery Deadline	10:30 a.m. on a Settlement Date.
Valuation Time	4 p.m., New York time on each Dealing Day.

Settlement Date	<p>In respect of a cash Creation Request means the ASX Business Day on or immediately preceding the earliest Index Constituent Settlement Day with respect to the Dealing Day on which the relevant Creation Request was received.</p> <p>In respect of a cash Redemption Request means the ASX Business Day immediately following the latest Index Constituent Settlement Day with respect to the Dealing Day on which the Redemption Request was received.</p> <p>In respect of an in specie Redemption Request means the ASX Business Day on or immediately following the earliest Index Constituent Settlement Day with respect to the Dealing Day on which the Redemption Request was received.</p>
In Specie DvP Fund	No.
Distributions	The Responsible Entity may make dividend distributions semi-annually in respect of periods ending 30 June and 31 December in each year.
Dividend reinvestment	Available. See Section 9.3 of the PDS for further information.
Underlying Fund	Not applicable.
Index information	Index tickers: Bloomberg: IBUGT
	Constituents: 26 as at the date of this PDS
	Weighting factor: Free-float adjusted market capitalisation.
	Rebalancing frequency: Semi-annually
	Country/region: Global
Index objective	<p>The Indxx Cybersecurity Index is designed to track the performance of companies that are positioned to benefit from increased adoption of cybersecurity technology, including but not limited to companies whose principle business is in the development and management of security protocols preventing intrusion and attacks to systems, networks, applications, computers and mobile devices.</p> <p>The Fund aims to provide investors with a return that tracks the performance of the Index.</p>
Index methodology	<p>The methodology employed by Indxx in calculating the Index can be found at: https://www.indxx.com/</p> <p>Investors should review the Index Methodology on the Indxx website prior to making an investment.</p>

14. Fund supplements

Index specific risk factors	<p>The following risk factors apply to an investment in Units in the Fund in addition to the risk factors which are set out in Section 5 (Risks) of the PDS. Investors should consider all of the information and risk factors set out in this Fund Supplement and Section 5 (Risks) and seek professional advice before making any investment decision with respect to an investment in the Fund.</p> <p>Associated risks related to investing in cybersecurity companies. Cybersecurity companies may have limited product lines, markets financial resources or personnel. These companies typically face intense competition and potentially rapid product obsolescence. Cybersecurity companies maybe adversely impacted by government regulations and actions, and maybe subject to additional regulatory oversight with regard to privacy concerns and cybersecurity risk. Cybersecurity companies may also be negatively affected by the decline or fluctuation of subjection renewals rates for their products and services, which may have an adverse effect on profit margins. These companies are also heavily dependent on intellectual property rights and may be adversely affected by loss or impairment of those rights. Cybersecurity companies, especially smaller companies, tend to be more volatile than companies that do not heavily rely on technology. The customers and/or suppliers of Cybersecurity companies may be concentrated in a particular country, region, or industry. Any adverse event affecting one of these countries regions or industries could have a negative impact on Cybersecurity companies. Confronting cyberthreats amid increasing remote work environments could result in challenges for cybersecurity companies.</p> <p>Understanding of Index Constituents. Investors should ensure that they are familiar with and understand the benchmark and the objectives of the Index (and the Fund) outlined above prior to making any investment. In particular they should understand the assets which underlie the Index and the methodology by which the assets are selected, weighted and rebalanced.</p> <p>Concentration Risk. As the Index is only comprised of 26 stocks there is a risk that the Index, and therefore the Fund, will have a high concentration in a particular stock. On each rebalancing of the Index, the components of the Index could change such that a stock to which the Index had a high exposure previously is no longer included in the Index or that the Index is now highly exposed to a stock to which it had no previous exposure. These concentrations to a particular stock could adversely impact the Net Asset Value of the Fund, in the case of decline in the value of any stock to which the Index, and therefore the Fund, is exposed.</p> <p>No guarantee Index meets the stated objective. Although the Index Methodology is designed to meet the objective of generating returns from companies that are involved in the cybersecurity industry, there is no guarantee the Index will meet this objective. Investors should form their own view on the Index Methodology and the capacity of the Index to meet the stated objective.</p> <p>Currency Risk. The prices of the Index constituents are quoted and traded in their relevant domestic currencies whereas the Net Asset Value of the Fund and the price at which the Units will be quoted on the ASX is calculated in Australian dollars. This means that an investor is exposed to changes in the exchange rate between the Australian dollar and the currencies of each of the Index constituents. The value of a Unit may therefore change even if there is no change in the underlying price of the Index constituents. A positive movement in the underlying constituents may not result in an increase in a price of Units if the relevant exchange rate moves adversely.</p>
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<p>Index specific risk factors (continued)</p>	<p>Sector Risk. The Fund invests primarily in the equity securities of companies whose business is focused on the cybersecurity industry and, as such, is particularly sensitive to risks to those types of companies. These risks include, but are not limited to, small or limited markets for such securities, changes in business cycles, slow-downs in world economic growth and/or technological progress, rapid obsolescence, and government regulation. Rapid developments in technologies that affect a company's products could have a material adverse effect on such company's operating results. Cybersecurity companies may rely on a combination of patents, copyrights, trademarks and trade secret laws to establish and protect their proprietary rights in their products and technologies. There can be no assurance that the steps taken by these companies to protect their proprietary rights will be adequate to prevent the misappropriation of their technology or that competitors will not independently develop technologies that are substantially equivalent or superior to such companies' technology.</p> <p>The Fund is subject to the risk that market or economic factors impacting cybersecurity companies and companies that rely heavily on technology advances could have a major effect on the value of the Fund's investments. The value of stocks of cybersecurity companies and companies that rely heavily on developing technologies is particularly vulnerable to rapid changes in technology product cycles, rapid product obsolescence, government regulation and competition, both domestically and internationally, including competition from foreign competitors with lower production costs.</p> <p>The Responsible Entity will not enter into any hedging transactions in relation to the foreign exchange risks of the Fund. Please refer to Section 5 (Risks) for general risk factors associated with an investment in the Fund.</p>
<p>Index disclaimer</p>	<p>Indxx makes no warranty, express or implied, as to the results to be obtained by any person or entity from the use of the Indxx Cybersecurity Index ("Index"), trading based on the Index, or any data included therein in connection with the products, or for any other use. Indxx expressly disclaims all warranties and conditions, express, statutory, or implied including warranties and conditions of merchantability, title, or fitness for a particular purpose or use with respect to the Index or any data included therein.</p> <p>Indxx does not guarantee the accuracy and/or the completeness of any data supplied by it or any data included therein. Indxx makes no warranty, express or implied, as to results to be obtained by the fund, its shareholders or affiliates, or any other person or entity from the use of the data supplied by Indxx or any data included therein.</p> <p>Indxx makes no express or implied warranties, and expressly disclaims all warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or use with respect to the data supplied by Indxx or any data included therein. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall Indxx have any liability for any special, punitive, indirect, or consequential damages (including lost profits), even if notified of the possibility of such damages.</p>

14. Fund supplements

Global X Uranium ETF

This Fund Supplement relates to the Global X Uranium ETF (in this Fund Supplement, the “Fund”) and supplements the more general information contained in the PDS in relation to an investment in the Units. Any decision to invest in the Units of the Fund should be based upon the PDS in its entirety and investors should seek professional advice before making any investment decision with respect to an investment in the Fund.

Key features of the Fund

Fund name	Global X Uranium ETF
Fund Code	ATOM
Investment objective	The Fund aims to provide investors with a return that (before fees and expenses) tracks the performance of the Solactive Global Uranium & Nuclear Components Total Return Index.
Index	Solactive Global Uranium & Nuclear Components Total Return Index
Index Provider	Solactive AG The Index was not created by, and is not managed by, a Related Body Corporate of the Responsible Entity.
Fees and expenses	Fees and costs as described in Section 8 (Fees and other costs) apply.
Creations	Creation Unit 100,000 Units. Authorised Participants may submit Creation Requests in respect of whole multiples of Creation Units. Subscription price during Initial Offer Period AUD 10. This is the subscription price for Units subscribed for during the Initial Offer Period for both in specie and cash subscriptions.
Dealing Day	Any day that is both an ASX Trading Day and an Index Constituent Trading Day for all Index constituents or a sufficient number of Index constituents as determined by the Responsible Entity.
Dealing Deadline	For cash Creation Requests and Redemption Requests: 4 p.m. Sydney time on a Dealing Day. For in specie Creation Requests and Redemption Requests: 4 p.m. Sydney time on a Dealing Day.
Delivery Deadline	10:30 a.m. on a Settlement Date.
Valuation Time	4 p.m., New York time on each Dealing Day.
Settlement Date	In respect of a cash Creation Request means the ASX Business Day on or immediately preceding the earliest Index Constituent Settlement Day with respect to the Dealing Day on which the relevant Creation Request was received. In respect of a cash Redemption Request means the ASX Business Day immediately following the latest Index Constituent Settlement Day with respect to the Dealing Day on which the Redemption Request was received. In respect of an in specie Redemption Request means the ASX Business Day on or immediately following the earliest Index Constituent Settlement Day with respect to the Dealing Day on which the Redemption Request was received.

In Specie DvP Fund	No.
Distributions	The Responsible Entity may make dividend distributions semi-annually in respect of periods ending 30 June and 31 December in each year.
Dividend reinvestment	Available. See Section 9.3 of the PDS for further information.
Underlying Fund	Global X Uranium ETF (Ticker: URA) (Exchange: NYSE Arca)
Index information	Index tickers: Bloomberg: SOLURANT
	Constituents: 46 as at the date of this PDS
	Weighting factor: Free-float adjusted market capitalisation.
	Rebalancing frequency: Quarterly
	Country/region: Global
Index objective	<p>The Solactive Global Uranium & Nuclear Components Total Return Index is designed to provide a representation of companies that have or are expected to have business operations or exposure in the uranium industry. This particularly includes uranium mining, exploration, uranium investments and technologies related to the uranium industry.</p> <p>The Fund aims to provide investors with a return that tracks the performance of the Index.</p>
Index methodology	<p>The methodology employed by Solactive in calculating the Index can be found at: https://www.solactive.com/</p> <p>Investors should review the Index Methodology on the Solactive website prior to making an investment.</p>
Index specific risk factors	<p>The following risk factors apply to an investment in Units in the Fund in addition to the risk factors which are set out in Section 5 (Risks) of the PDS. Investors should consider all of the information and risk factors set out in this Fund Supplement and Section 5 (Risks) and seek professional advice before making any investment decision with respect to an investment in the Fund.</p> <p>Understanding of Index Constituents. Investors should ensure that they are familiar with and understand the benchmark and the objectives of the Index (and the Fund) outlined above prior to making any investment. In particular they should understand the assets which underlie the Index and the methodology by which the assets are selected, weighted and rebalanced.</p> <p>Concentration Risk. As the Index is only comprised of 46 stocks there is a risk that the Index, and therefore the Fund, will have a high concentration in a particular stock. On each rebalancing of the Index, the components of the Index could change such that a stock to which the Index had a high exposure previously is no longer included in the Index or that the Index is now highly exposed to a stock to which it had no previous exposure. These concentrations to a particular stock could adversely impact the Net Asset Value of the Fund, in the case of decline in the value of any stock to which the Index, and therefore the Fund, is exposed.</p>

14. Fund supplements

<p>Index specific risk factors (continued)</p>	<p>Comparison to other Uranium mining Investments. Investors should understand the difference between the exposure to uranium mining securities generated by the Index and other uranium mining investments which may contain more or less constituents and have different allocation methodologies.</p> <p>No guarantee Index meets the stated objective. Although the Index Methodology is designed to meet the objective of generating returns from companies that have or are expected to have business operations or exposure in the uranium industry within the investment parameters, there is no guarantee the Index will meet this objective. Investors should form their own view on the Index Methodology and the capacity of the Index to meet the stated objective.</p> <p>Currency Risk. The prices of the Index constituents are quoted and traded in their relevant domestic currencies whereas the Net Asset Value of the Fund and the price at which the Units will be quoted on the ASX is calculated in Australian dollars. This means that an investor is exposed to changes in the exchange rate between the Australian dollar and the currencies of each of the Index constituents. The value of a Unit may therefore change even if there is no change in the underlying price of the Index constituents. A positive movement in the underlying constituents may not result in an increase in a price of Units if the relevant exchange rate moves adversely.</p> <p>Commodity Price Relationship Risk. The Index measures the performance of companies involved in the uranium industry and not the performance of the price of uranium itself. The securities of companies involved in the uranium industry may under- or over-perform the price of uranium over the short-term or the long-term.</p> <p>Commodity Exposure Risks. The Underlying Fund invests in companies engaged in the uranium mining industry, which may be susceptible to fluctuations in the underlying uranium commodity market. Uranium commodity prices may be influenced or characterised by unpredictable factors, including, where applicable, high volatility, changes in supply and demand relationships, weather, agriculture, trade, changes in interest rates and monetary and other governmental policies, action and inaction. Securities of companies held by the Fund that are dependent on a single commodity, or are concentrated on a single commodity sector, may typically exhibit even higher volatility attributable to commodity prices</p> <p>Sector Risk. The Fund invests primarily in the equity securities of companies whose business is focused on the uranium mining industry and, as such, is particularly sensitive to risks to those types of companies. These risks include, but are not limited to, small or limited markets for such securities, commodities, changes in business cycles, slow-downs in world economic growth and/or technological progress, rapid obsolescence, and government regulation. The publicly traded securities of uranium mining focused companies can be more volatile than securities of companies that do not rely heavily on uranium mining. Rapid developments in technologies that affect a company's products could have a material adverse effect on such company's operating results. Uranium mining companies may rely on a combination of patents, copyrights, trademarks and trade secret laws to establish and protect their proprietary rights in their products and technologies. There can be no assurance that the steps taken by these companies to protect their proprietary rights will be adequate to prevent the misappropriation of their technology or that competitors will not independently develop technologies that are substantially equivalent or superior to such companies' technology.</p>
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<p>Index specific risk factors (continued)</p>	<p>The Fund is subject to the risk that market or economic factors impacting uranium mining companies and companies that rely heavily on technology advances could have a major effect on the value of the Fund's investments. The value of stocks of uranium mining companies and companies that rely heavily on developing technologies is particularly vulnerable to rapid changes in technology product cycles, rapid product obsolescence, government regulation and competition, both domestically and internationally, including competition from foreign competitors with lower production costs.</p> <p>The Responsible Entity will not enter into any hedging transactions in relation to the foreign exchange risks of the Fund. Please refer to Section 5 (Risks) for general risk factors associated with an investment in the Fund.</p>
<p>Index disclaimer</p>	<p>The financial instrument is not sponsored, promoted, sold or supported in any other manner by Solactive AG, nor does Solactive AG offer any express or implicit guarantee or assurance either with regard to the results of using the Solactive Global Uranium & Nuclear Components Total Return Index (the "Index") and/or Index trademark or the Index price at any time or in any other respect. The Index is calculated and published by Solactive AG. Solactive AG uses its best efforts to ensure that the Index is calculated correctly. Irrespective of its obligations towards the Sponsor, Solactive AG has no obligation to point out errors in the Index to third parties including, but not limited to, investors and/or financial intermediaries of the financial instrument. Neither publication of the Index by Solactive AG, nor the licensing of the Index or Index trade mark for the purpose of use in connection with the financial instrument, constitutes a recommendation by Solactive AG to invest capital in said financial instrument nor does it in any way represent an assurance or opinion of Solactive AG with regard to any investment in this financial instrument.</p>

