



Capital Raising Presentation

July 2025

ampliatx.com | [@ampliatx](https://twitter.com/ampliatx)



IMPORTANT INFORMATION



This presentation (Presentation) has been prepared by Amplia Therapeutics Limited ACN 165 160 841 (the Company or Amplia) and is dated 23 July 2025. This Presentation has been prepared in relation to a proposed capital raising comprising a placement of new ordinary fully paid shares in Amplia (**New Shares**) to sophisticated and professional investors (**Placement** or **Offer**).

Summary Information: This Presentation contains summary information about Amplia and its activities as at the date of this Presentation. The information in this Presentation is of a general nature and does not purport to be complete or comprise all information which a shareholder or potential investor may require in order to determine whether to deal in Amplia shares or that would be required in a prospectus or product disclosure statement prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth). It should be read in conjunction with Amplia's other periodic and continuous disclosure announcements lodged with the Australian Securities Exchange, which are available at www.asx.com.au.

Restrictions: Any securities offered in connection with this Presentation have not been, and will not be, registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (US Securities Act) or the securities laws of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States, and may not be offered or sold in the United States except in transactions exempt from, or not subject to, registration under the US Securities Act and applicable US state securities laws. This Presentation may not be distributed in the United States, or any other jurisdiction, except in accordance with the legal requirements applicable in such jurisdiction. The distribution of this Presentation outside Australia may be restricted by law, and persons into whose possession this Presentation comes should observe any such restrictions. Any failure to comply with such restrictions may violate applicable securities laws.

Not financial product advice: This Presentation does not, and does not purport to, contain all information necessary to make an investment decision, is not intended as investment or financial advice (nor tax, accounting or legal advice) and must not be relied upon as such. This Presentation does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation or needs of any particular investor. Investors are encouraged to seek independent professional advice when deciding if an investment in the Company is appropriate. The Company is not licensed to provide financial product advice in respect of its own securities. This Presentation is not a prospectus, product disclosure statement or other offering document under Australian law (or any other law). It is not, and does not constitute, an invitation or offer of securities for subscription, purchase or sale in any jurisdiction.

Investment risk and past performance: An investment in Amplia shares is subject to known and unknown risks, some of which are beyond the control of the Company and its directors. The Company does not guarantee any particular rate of return or the performance of Amplia. Past performance is not, and should not be relied on as being, indicative of future performance. Investors should have regard to the 'Risks' section of this Presentation.

Future performance and forward-looking statements: This Presentation contains certain references to forecasts, estimates, assumptions and other forward-looking statements and statements regarding the intent, belief or current expectations of Amplia. The words "likely", "expect", "aim", "should", "could", "may", "anticipate", "predict", "believe", "plan" and other similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements, opinions and estimates provided in this Presentation are based on assumptions and contingencies which are subject to change without notice, as are statements about market and industry trends, which are based on interpretations of current market conditions. Forward-looking statements are provided as a general guide only and should not be relied upon as an indication or guarantee of future performance. This Presentation contains such statements, which are subject to risk factors associated with an investment in Amplia. The Company believes that these statements are reasonable, but they may be affected by a range of variables which could cause actual results or trends to differ materially. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions and other important factors that could cause actual results, performance or achievements of Amplia to be materially different from future results, performances or achievements expressed or implied by such statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Presentation.

Market and industry data: This Presentation contains data relating to the industries, segments and markets in which the Company operates (**Industry Data**). Unless otherwise stated, this information has been prepared by the Company using both publicly available data and its own internally generated data. The Company's internally generated data is based on estimates and assumptions that the directors and management of the Company believe are reasonable. In addition to the Industry Data, the Presentation contains third party market data, estimates and projections. There is no assurance regarding the accuracy of such information and the third party information, and the Industry Data, has not been independently verified by the Company.

Financial Information: All financial information disclosed in this Presentation is presented in Australian dollars unless otherwise noted and is based on financial information disclosed to ASX. Any discrepancies between totals and sums of components in tables and figures contained in this Presentation are due to rounding.

Disclaimer: No representation or warranty, express or implied, is made as to the fairness or correctness of the information, opinions and conclusions contained in this Presentation. To the maximum extent permitted by law Bell Potter Securities Limited (**Bell Potter**) and Amplia and their respective officers, directors, employees, agents and advisers: (1) disclaim all responsibility and liability (including, without limitation, any liability arising from fault, negligence or negligent misstatement) for any loss arising from this Presentation or reliance on anything contained in or omitted from it or otherwise arising in connection with this Presentation; (2) disclaim any obligation or undertaking to release any update or revision to the information in this Presentation to reflect any change in expectations or assumptions; and (3) do not make any representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy, reliability, completeness of the information in this Presentation or that this Presentation contains all material information about Amplia or that a prospective investor or purchaser may require in evaluating a possible investment in Amplia or acquisition of shares, or the likelihood of fulfilment of any forward-looking statement. Bell Potter and its advisers, affiliates, related bodies corporate, directors, officers, employees and agents (**BP Parties**) make no recommendations as to whether you should participate in the Offer nor do they make any representations or warranties to you concerning the Offer, and you represent, warrant and agree that you have not relied on any statements made by the BP Parties in relation to the Offer and you expressly disclaim any fiduciary duty with any of them.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Developing a pipeline of small molecule inhibitors of FAK – a validated cancer target



- Lead compound Narmafotinib is the best-in-class Focal Adhesion Kinase (FAK) inhibitor in development
- Promising clinical safety and tolerability positions Narmafotinib as the preferred agent to enhance activity of drugs for treatment of pancreatic cancer and other solid tumours
- Ongoing Phase 1b/2a ACCENT trial is evaluating Narmafotinib in combination with the chemotherapies gemcitabine and Abraxane® in patients with advanced pancreatic cancer
- Compelling pre-clinical data in ovarian cancer, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF) and other solid tumours
- Orphan Drug and Fast Track Designations granted by US FDA – eligible for accelerated approval and Priority Review Voucher

Ongoing Phase 2a ACCENT trial in pancreatic cancer has achieved superiority over chemotherapy alone



- Positive interim data released in May 2025 showed that Narmafotonib is well tolerated and promising efficacy materially exceeding the current standard of care
- Pathological complete response and complete response announced in June 2025 - extremely rare in advanced pancreatic cancer where the disease has metastasised
- Key milestone already achieved with 17 confirmed partial responses recorded, demonstrating that the combination of Narmafotinib and chemotherapy is superior to chemotherapy alone
- Trial is fully recruited with top-line data (PFS) expected in late July/early August 2025
- Further mature data is expected in 1H 2026



Partnership Ready

- Amplia's partnering interest from global pharmaceutical companies has materially increased following recent interim data and patient updates in the ACCENT clinical trial
- Management are in ongoing discussions with potential partners around regional licensing agreements



Other opportunities

- Amplicity Phase 2 trial currently recruiting under approved FDA IND - Narmafotinib in combination with FOLFIRINOX (standard-of-care therapy for advanced pancreatic cancer in US)
- Examining opportunities to combine Narmafotinib with KRAS inhibitors via a US investigator-initiated trial (IIT)
- Ovarian cancer combination trial with standard-of-care intended to commence in 1H26 - promising preclinical data and enthusiastic support from key opinion leaders in US

Strong period of expected upcoming news flow



- ACCENT top-line data (July/August 2025)
- Amplicity first patient dosed (Q3 2025)
- ACCENT request FDA type C meeting to discuss Phase 2b/3 pivotal trial design (Q3 2025)
- ACCENT mature data (1H2026)
- KRAS and Ovarian clinical trials commence (1H 2026)
- ACCENT ongoing patient updates, approximately 20 patients remain on trial
- ACCENT commence potential pivotal Phase 2b/3 trial (2H 2026)
- Potential updates on licensing/partnering discussions



Capital raising of approximately \$27.5 million

- Undertaking a capital raising of \$27.5 million via a two-tranche placement of \$25.0m and a \$2.5m share purchase plan
- The Amplia directors will subscribe for \$235,000 worth of shares (in total) under the placement, subject to shareholder approval
- Following the capital raising, the company will be funded into 2027

EXPERIENCED BOARD + MANAGEMENT

Combined >120 years of drug development experience bringing 4 FDA approved drugs to market

BOARD



Warwick Tong
MB ChB MPP GAICD
Chair



Robert Peach
PhD
Director



Jane Bell AM
LLB, LLM (Lond), FAICD
Director



Chris Burns*
PhD GAICD FAHMS
CEO and MD



* Co-recipient of 2024 PM's Prize for Innovation

SENIOR MANAGEMENT



Rhiannon Jones
PhD GAICD
COO



Jason Lickliter
MBBS FRACP
CMO



Tim Luscombe
BCom CA GIA(Cert)
CFO

Background on pancreatic cancer and Focal Adhesion Kinase (FAK)



PANCREATIC CANCER

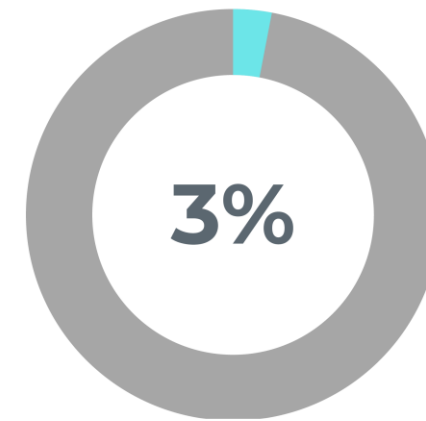
Increasing prevalence with limited innovation or new therapies approved beyond traditional chemotherapy in recent decades



Increasing Prevalence

Estimated 67,440 diagnoses and 51,980 deaths in US this year*

4,641 estimated diagnoses in AU in 2024**



5 year survival (advanced disease)

Difficult-to-treat: typically detected late in disease progression**



Market size

Global treatment market estimated at ~US\$2.65 billion in 2024[†]

Projected to grow to ~US\$9.57 billion by 2034[†]

* American Cancer Society: <https://cancerstatisticscenter.cancer.org/>

** Cancer Australia: <https://www.canceraustralia.gov.au/cancer-types/pancreatic-cancer/statistics>

[†] Towards Healthcare:

<https://www.towardshealthcare.com/insights/pancreatic-cancer-market>

CURRENT STANDARD OF CARE

Current standard-of-care for advanced pancreatic cancer remains chemotherapy. Amplia aims to demonstrate that addition of Narmafotinib will enhance durability of response

Chemotherapy	mPFS‡	mOS‡	Comments
Gemcitabine and nab-paclitaxel (Abraxane®)	5.5 months	8-9 months	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Regarded as better tolerated (lower adverse events), but durability less than FOLFIRINOX Abraxane® coming off patent soon – owned by Bristol Myers Squibb
FOLFIRINOX	7.2 months	11.1 months	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Regarded as more toxic and less well tolerated (more AE's*) , but more durable than gem/nab-P Off patent. New variant NALIRIFOX (Ipsen/Servier) has had poor uptake since approval

‡ mPFS = Median Progression free survival; mOS = Median Overall Survival

* AE's = Adverse Events

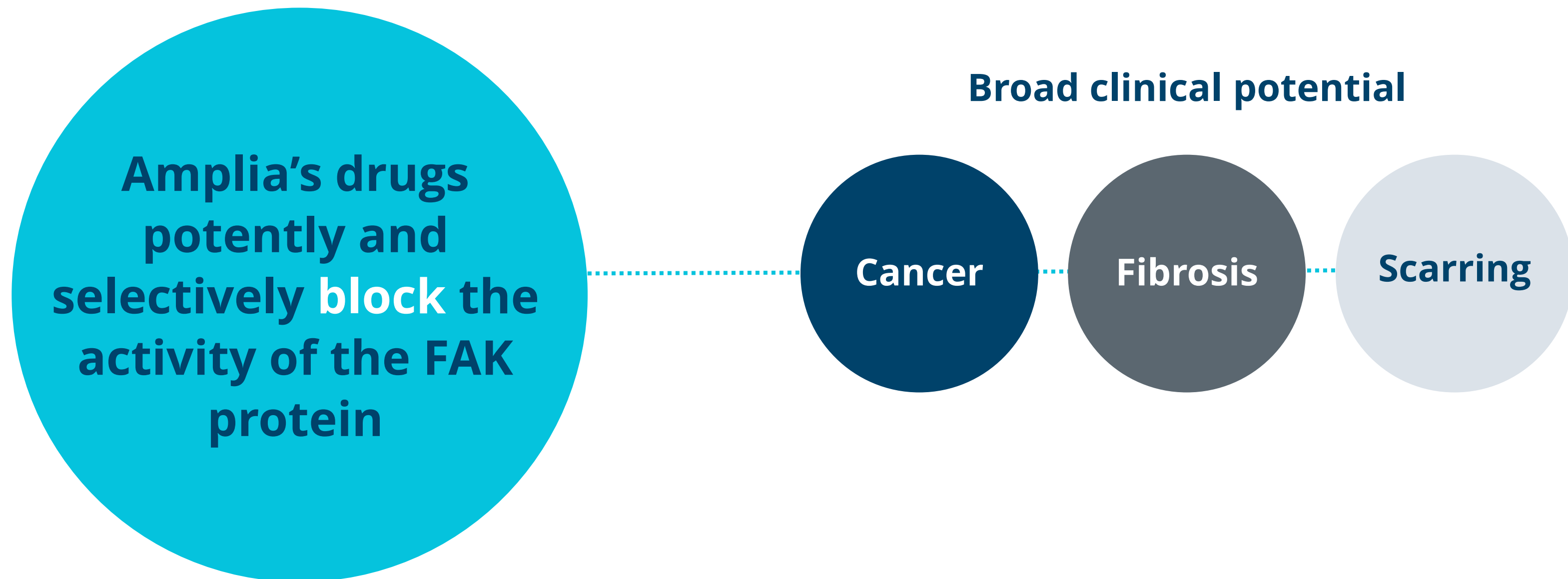
FOCAL ADHESION KINASE (FAK)

FAK is a key driver of cancer progression and fibrosis, offering broad clinical potential across multiple therapeutic areas

FAK is a critical protein in cancer growth and spread, and in formation of fibrotic (scar) tissue

Potential applications extend beyond pancreatic cancer

Capital raising to rapidly advance applications into other indications



FAK INHIBITION IN CANCER

FAK overactivation is driving poor patient outcomes — Narmafotinib delivers an effective targeted response

FAK over-expressed and over-active in many cancers

Higher FAK levels correlate with worse patient outcomes

Narmafotinib potently inhibits FAK and thereby reduces cancer growth

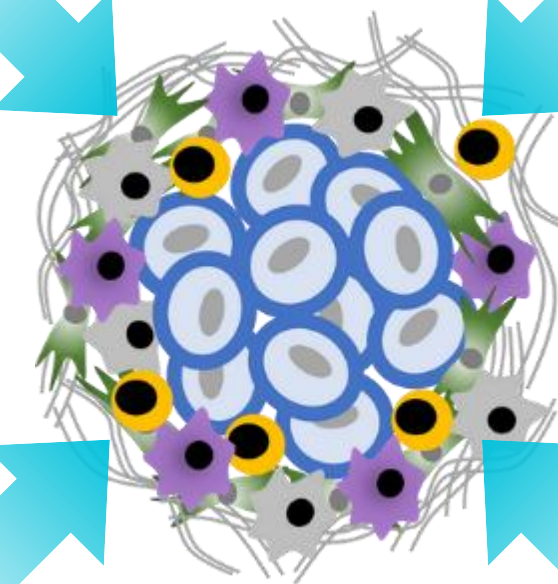
- within cancer cell
- in tumour microenvironment

Narmafotinib blocks critical pathways supporting tumour growth

Multi-action of Narmafotinib

Anti-proliferative
Reduces cells' ability to proliferate and migrate

Synergy with chemotherapies
Enhances activity of drugs and other therapies



Tumour (blue - cancer cells; green- fibroblasts; purple, grey and yellow - suppressive immune cells)

Anti-fibrotic
Reduces scar-tissue in TME, improving permeability to drugs

Immunomodulatory
Improves immune cell reactivity to tumour cells

LIMITED COMPETING FAK INHIBITORS

Amplia is one of only 3 companies with bona fide FAK inhibitors in development



Verastem

VSTM.NASDAQ, Mkt Cap ~US\$260m

- Co-development with a second drug (avutometinib)
- Targeting low-grade serous ovarian cancer (LGSOC) (~10% patients)
- **Accelerated FDA approval obtained in May 2025 following Phase 2 clinical trial**
- Confirmatory Phase 3 underway



Inxmed (private)

- Early data in high-grade serous ovarian cancer (HGSOC) study
- High percentage patients on trial presenting with proteinuria possibly indicating off-target drug effect to kidneys
- Phase 2 combination studies underway in Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC), Platinum-Resistant Ovarian Cancer (PROC), Colorectal Cancer (CRC) and Small Cell Lung Cancer (SCLC)

Narmafotinib has an excellent selectivity profile, improved PK and excellent tolerability in patients

ACCENT Trial in Advanced Pancreatic Cancer



PHASE 1B/2A TRIAL DESIGN

Fully recruited with top-line data expected in late July/early August 2025

An open-label trial of Narmafotinib in combination with gemcitabine + nab-paclitaxel in first-line patients with advanced pancreatic cancer

Trial Read-outs: Safety and Tolerability; Preliminary efficacy

Phase 1b

(Australia)

**Dose
Selected**

Phase 2a

(Australia and South Korea)

**Interim
Analysis**

≥6 PR

Phase 2a (cont)

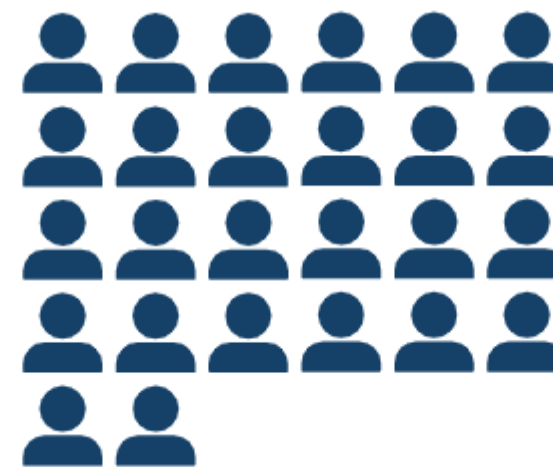
(Australia and South Korea)

14 patients



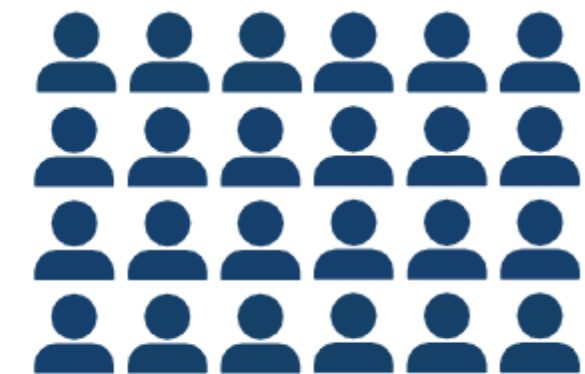
COMPLETED

26 patients



FULLY RECRUITED

24 patients



* Chosen dose for Phase 2a study

PHASE 1B – OCTOBER 2023

Excellent safety profile established, allowing highest dose to be selected for Phase 2A and positive efficacy signals

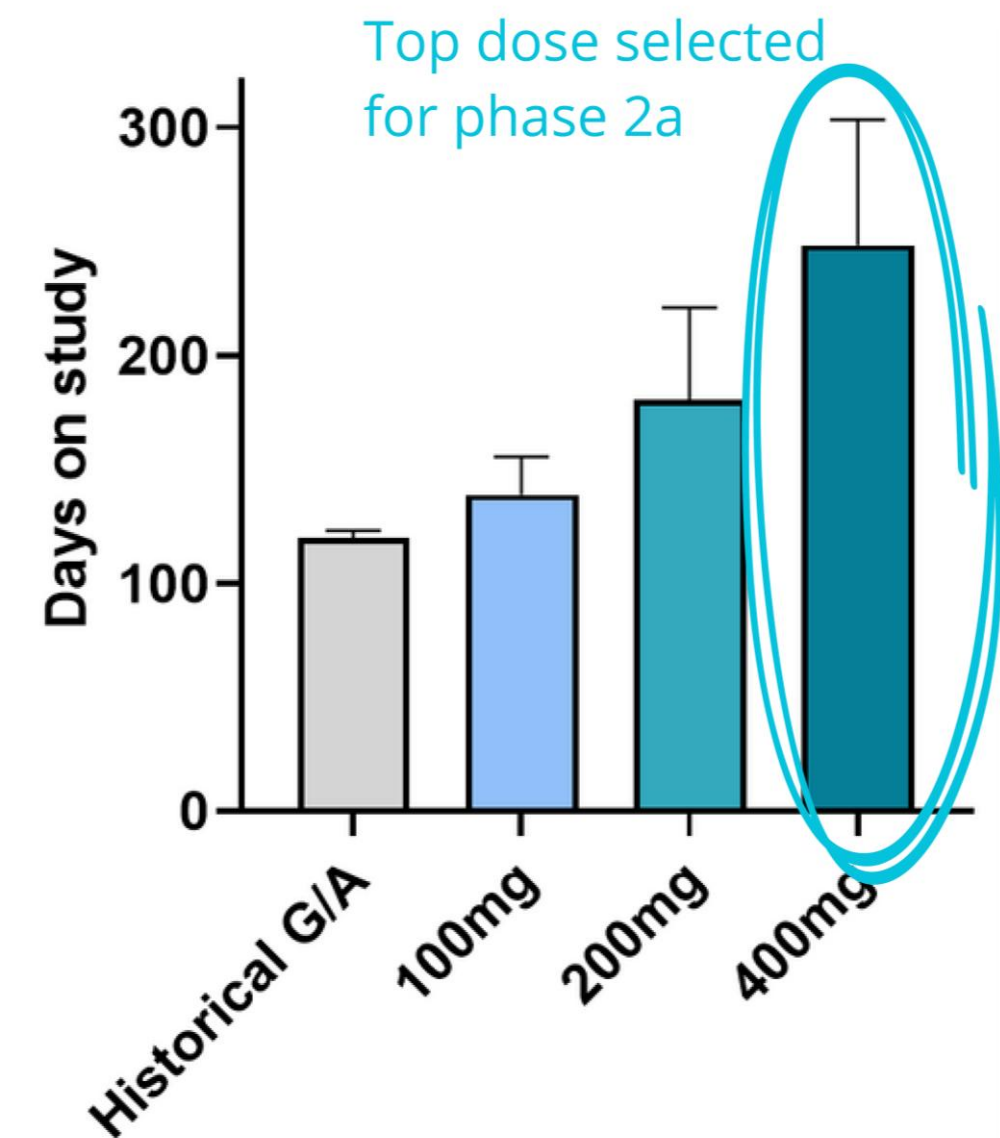
Release October 2023 - Narmafotinib safe and well tolerated

- All 14 patients elected to stay on drug post cycle 1
- One DLT*: uncontrolled nausea
- Fatigue (Grade 3 or below) in more than 1 patient likely drug related

Three dose levels examined

- Taken as capsule for 4 days prior to chemotherapy
 - Chemotherapy given i.v. (3 doses every month)
- Narmafotinib 400 mg dose (oral, once-a-day) identified as appropriate for Phase 2a study

Duration on trial

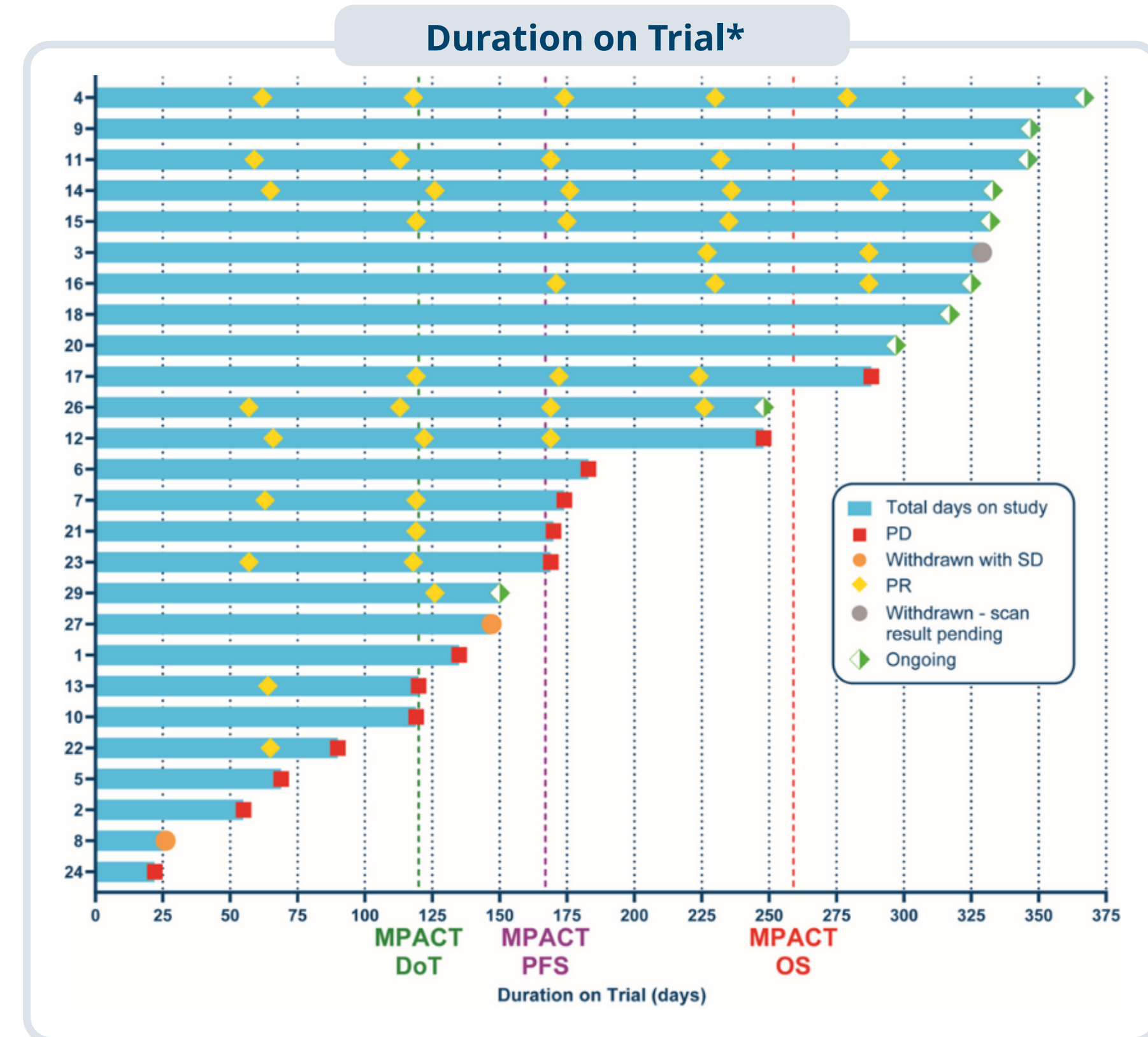


PHASE 2A INTERIM DATA – MARCH 2025

Released in March 2025. Showed longer duration and median survival than chemotherapy alone and no serious adverse events

High-level data (first 26 patients)*

- Duration on trial average ~7 months (208 days)
 - Historical median duration of treatment for gemcitabine + nab-paclitaxel: 3.9 - 4.1 months
- 10/26 patients on trial longer than historical mOS of 8.5-9.2 months for gem/Nab-P
 - Historical reference data based on MPACT and NAPOLI-3 phase 3 trials with Gem/Nab-P in mPDAC patients



*Based on data available March 7, 2025; responses are investigator read; analysis may change as data matures. PR = Partial response, SD = Stable Disease, PD = Progressive Disease.

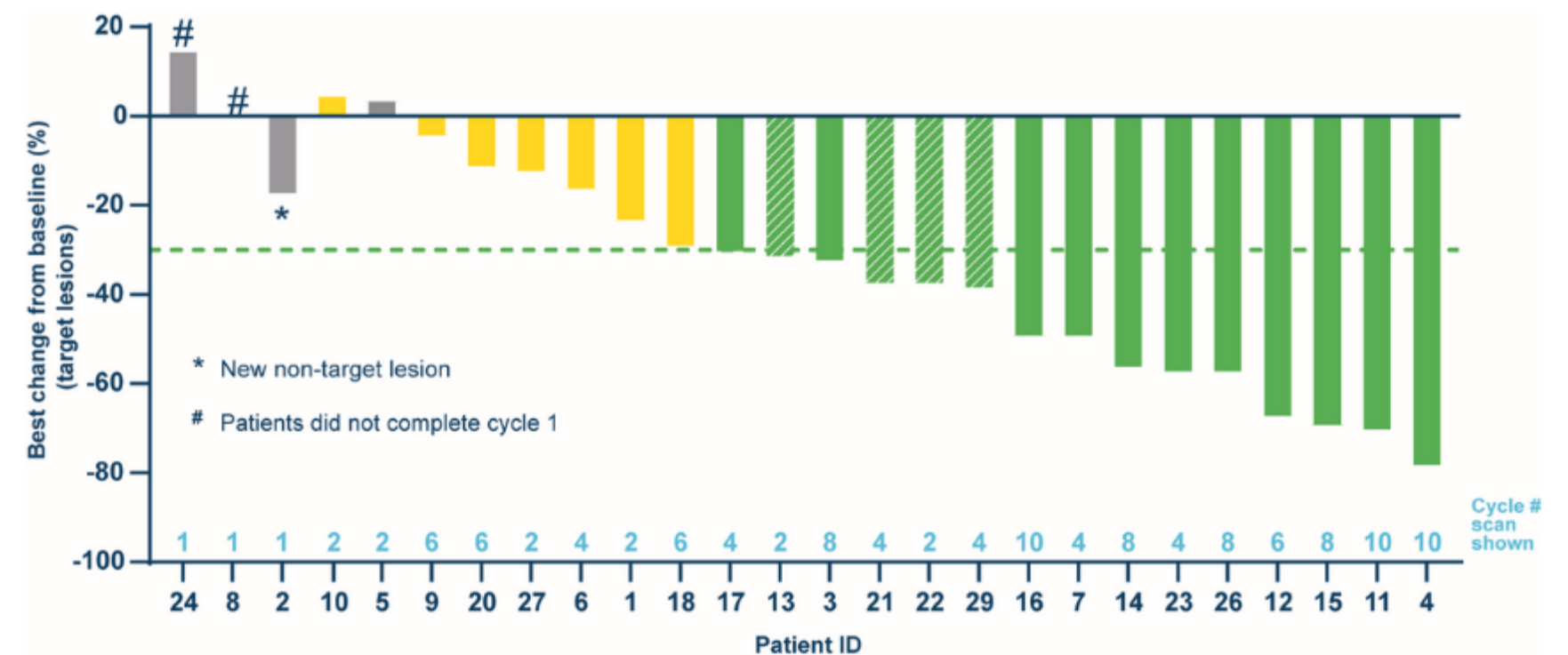
PHASE 2A INTERIM DATA – MARCH 2025

38% response rate compares favourably to other historical trials at 23%

Collated data of 'best response' at any scan indicates promising activity

- 26 evaluable patients
- 15 patients recorded decrease in tumor size >30%
- 11 as confirmed PRs (38% response rate)
 - Compares favorably to historical data of 23%

Best Response (evaluable patients)*



Color indicates best response by RECIST (target & non-target lesions): Grey = progressed; Yellow = stable disease; Green (hash) = PR (≥30% decrease from baseline); Green (solid) = confirmed PR

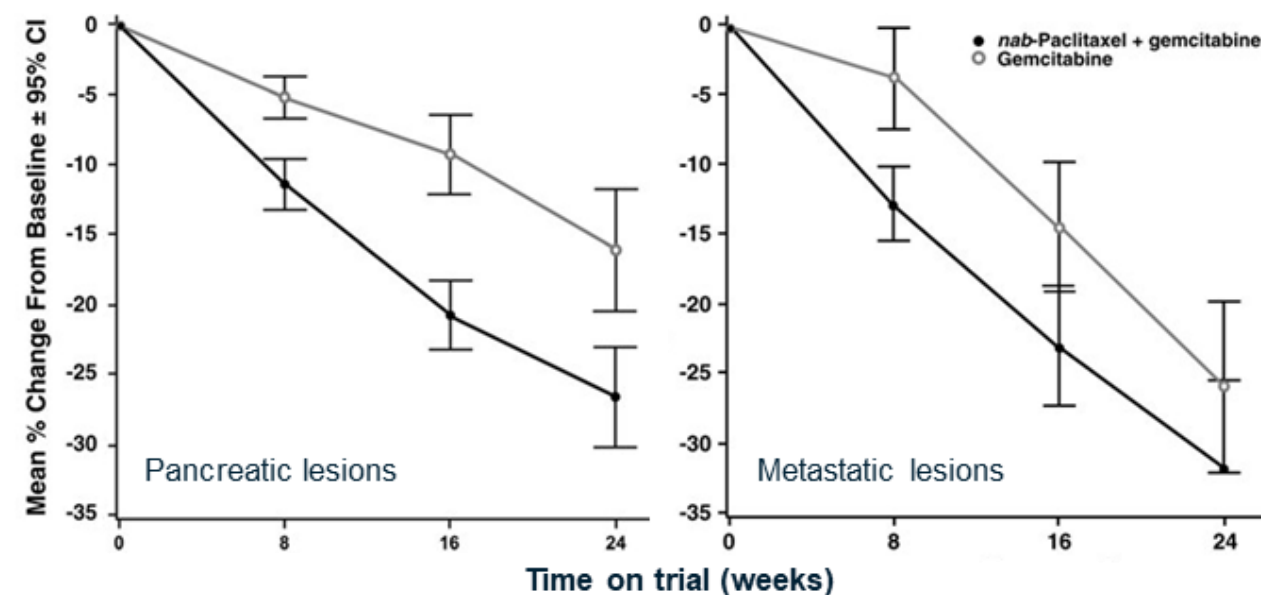
PHASE 2A INTERIM DATA – MARCH 2025

Combination with gem + Abraxane leads to faster and more sustained response. If approved as a combination therapy by FDA, it has the potential for Narmafotinib combination to become far more appealing

Comparison with historical gemcitabine+ Abraxane data suggests combination with Narmafotinib leads to:

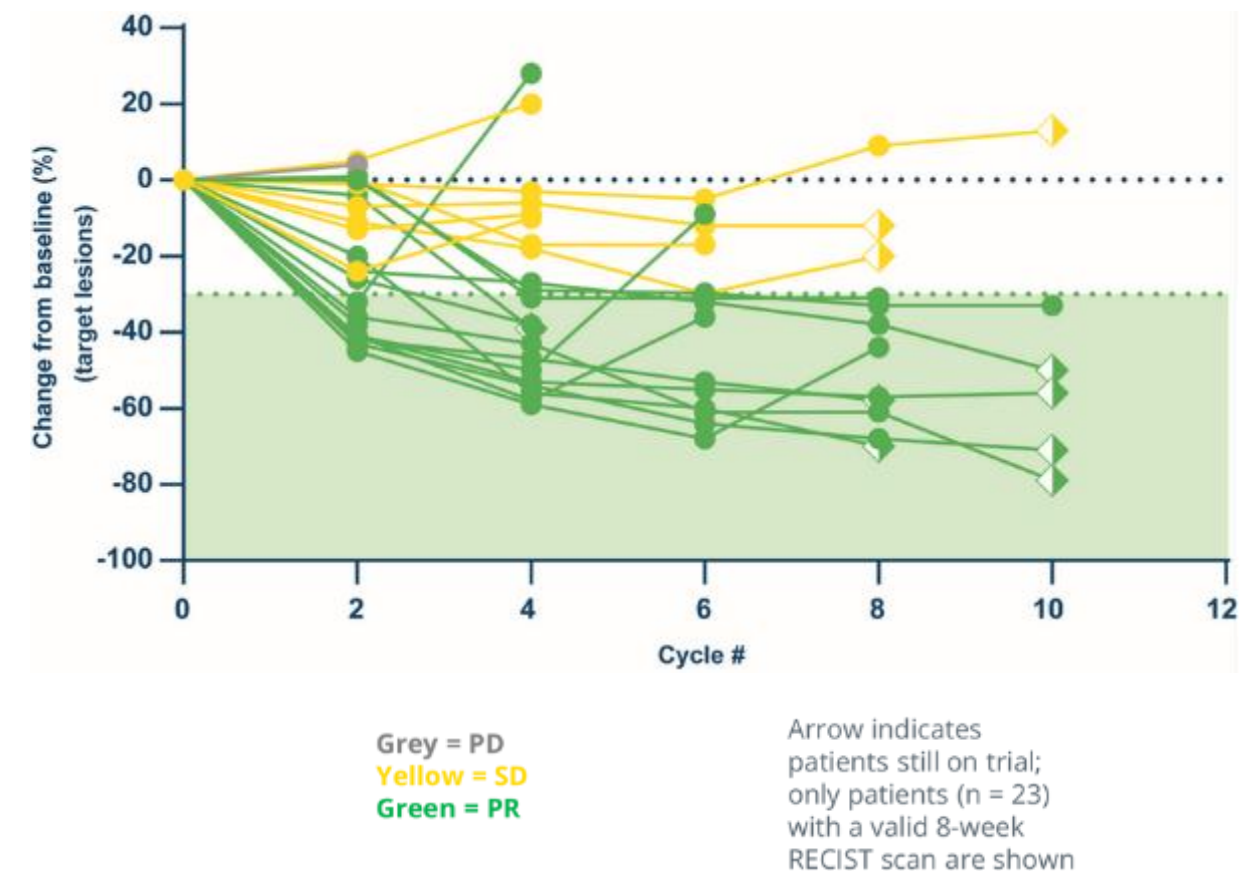
- Faster response
- Longer/sustained response

Historical gemcitabine+Abraxane data[§]



§ Pancreas 2017; 46; 203

Response over time (all lesions)*



PHASE 2A UPDATE – JUNE/JULY 2025

17 Partial Responses, including 2 Complete Responses, from 55 patients* with 20 patients remaining on trial and awaiting results

Response rate sufficient to demonstrate superiority of Narmafotinib combination over gem/Nab-P alone

- 17/55 patients (31%) better than 23% ORR in MPACT* study
- 20 patients still on study: anticipate additional PR

2 Complete Responses recorded

- 1 pathological CR - surgery followed by pathology of removed tissue
- 1 confirmed CR - by CT scan, over 2 months
- Both patients were existing PR patients; on trial >12 months
 - Confirmed CR patient remains on trial

Extremely rare in metastatic advanced cancer

- 1 CR from 431 patients in benchmark MPACT study†
- Pathological CRs occur in ~5% of locally advanced disease
 - Associated with improved overall survival

17 confirmed PRs recorded (as of July 2025)

- >30% reduction in tumor size sustained >2 months
- No new lesions

PFS to be reported end July

- Sufficient patients on study for >6 months

ACCENT

Home About Amplia Clinical Trial Contact us

Accent Clinical Trial Overview

Amplia Therapeutics is developing a class of drug called a FAK inhibitor.

ACCENT TRIAL

WHO WE ARE

About Amplia

Amplia is developing a class of drug called a FAK inhibitor which we hope will make cancers more vulnerable and responsive to currently used treatments. Amplia has successfully navigated vital research and development milestones to get to this stage. Our clinical trial sites in Australia and South Korea are active but no longer recruiting participants for our ACCENT trial as we test if narmafotinib in combination with standard of care drugs gemcitabine and nab-paclitaxel (also known as Abraxane®) is effective in treating cancer.

About the clinical trial

The ACCENT Clinical Trial (J04P945-PC-202) has strict entry criteria. All enquiries for involvement must be made via our clinical trial sites.

- The trial is active but not recruiting
- Clinical trial sites are located in Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne, Australia and South Korea. See below.
- The ACCENT trial will test if narmafotinib helps people with pancreatic cancer have a better response to standard of care chemotherapy, gemcitabine and nab-paclitaxel.
- Narmafotinib aims to break down the fibrotic tissue shield in pancreatic cancer to allow the chemotherapy to be more effective.

* The Phase 2a trial successfully recruited 55 patients in total, consisting of the primary 50-patient group and 5 additional participants to compensate for non-evaluable cases

† New England Journal of Medicine 2013; 369: 1691 – 703

PATIENT CASE STUDY

Rare pathological Complete Response in ACCENT study

Patient diagnosed with stage 4 pancreatic cancer and joined ACCENT study

Most patients who are diagnosed at this stage will not survive 12 months

After 12 months, patient's pancreatic tumour and liver metastases reduced in size

- Surgically resectable (able to be removed by surgery)
- No live cancer cells detected upon analysis

Patient has recovered from surgery

“I don’t know really what to say except that I’m just so happy... I was given the opportunity to have a go of it, and it’s actually worked”

Peter’s pancreatic marvel: meet the luckiest man in the country

EXCLUSIVE
Test results stunned doctors in Australia – and across the world

NATASHA ROBINSON
HEALTH EDITOR

Peter Moulding was recovering from surgery when his oncologist received the Melbourne trader's pathology results – and the doctor couldn't believe his eyes.

"I actually called the pathologist and said, 'Are you sure you're looking at the right specimen?'" says Prasad Cooray, an oncologist at the Jivanti Pancreatic Centre at the Epworth Hospital in Melbourne.

"Because I think all of us had difficulty believing this was true."

The "tumor specimens" were small slices of what had appeared as "shadows" on medical imaging of Mr Moulding's pancreas. Chemists had performed tumour resection surgery of these suspect tissues 12 months after Mr Moulding, a metastatic pancreatic cancer patient, had been signed up to a clinical trial testing a novel drug. But the shadow tumor was not cancer at all.

Mr Moulding is in remission from metastatic pancreatic cancer, having experienced what is known in medical terms as a pathological complete response to treatment. Tumours that once were no longer detectable. This is vanishingly rare in metastatic pancreatic cancer, so rare that Dr Cooray is confident no oncologist in Australia has witnessed such an event, such a phenomenon. In the scientific literature, doctors believe only one other case of a pathological complete response in a metastatic cancer patient has been recorded worldwide.

"I've never come across a case like Peter's where there is no residual cancer left," Dr Cooray says. "So this is a highly, highly unusual finding."

'Groundbreaking'

Mr Moulding was part of a clinical trial of a drug developed in Australia known as namplata, or AMP46, which has the potential to make chemotherapy much more effective because it breaks down a fibrous shield that surrounds cancer cells, making them difficult to penetrate.

This fibrous shield, built up around pancreatic cancer tumours largely owing to a protein known as focal adhesion kinase, which forms a protective environment around tumours that stops chemotherapy from reaching tumours. FAK can also act as a "survival switch" for cancer cells, switching on the activity of the FAK protein, which also contributes to the formation of the fibrous protective layer around tumours.

AMP46 may be able to turn off that switch, making the cancer cells easier to kill.

When Mr Moulding, a 67-year-old businessman from outer Melbourne, was given the opportunity to join the trial testing AMP46, he jumped at it. At the time, he didn't know the prognosis for pancreatic cancer patients was devastatingly poor. Only one in five of all patients is alive 12 months after diagnosis.

"I didn't know what stage four was, and I didn't ask," Mr Moulding says. "I just went along for the ride, basically. I just thought, well, I'll do what I've got to do, and hopefully they'll respond and fix it for me."

In fact, surgery for metastatic cancer patients – where the cancer has spread to other parts of the body – usually does not happen. Currently, the best these patients can hope for is that chemotherapy prolongs their life.

"It's the pancreatic cancer space that's really hasn't been any significant development in treatment for decades," Dr Cooray says. "Yes, there's been some improvement in chemotherapy drugs, but a drug that looks at the cancer from a different angle has not happened in pancreatic cancer ever. So if this drug proves to be effective, this will be a groundbreaking development in pancreatic cancer."

AMP46 was developed by Amplia Therapeutics under the umbrella of Australia's Cancer Therapeutics Co-operative Research Centre – set up by the federal government in 2010 to bridge the gap between research breakthroughs and commercialisation – in consultation with scientists from the nation's top universities and scientific institutions. The Garvan Institute of Medical Research has previously established that targeting FAK prior to treatment makes pancreatic cancer cells more sensitive to chemotherapy and reduces cancer spread by 50 per cent in mice. The drug has been shown in early studies to also have applications for ovarian cancer, which also involves fibrosis.

Reason for hope

Despite the promising results in animal studies, Amplia chief executive Chris Burns said the results of the human trial so far have exceeded his company's expectations.

"To see a pathological complete response was totally unexpected. We never thought it would happen," Dr Burns says.

He says the majority of patients in the trial have had some



I didn't know what stage four was, and I didn't ask. I just went along for the ride, basically

PETER MOULDING
PANCREATIC PATIENT SURVIVOR

Peter Moulding can now see the funny side after going into remission from pancreatic cancer, an almost unprecedented event



I've never come across a case like Peter's where there is no residual cancer left

I actually called the pathologist and said: 'Are you sure you're looking at the right specimen?'

PRASAD COORAY
ONCOLOGIST



To see a pathological complete response was totally unexpected. We never thought it would happen

CHRIS BURNS
AMPLIA CHIEF EXECUTIVE

oncologists – where the cancer has spread to other parts of the body – usually does not happen. Currently, the best these patients can hope for is that chemotherapy prolongs their life.

"It's the pancreatic cancer space that's really hasn't been any significant development in treatment for decades," Dr Cooray says. "Yes, there's been some improvement in chemotherapy drugs, but a drug that looks at the cancer from a different angle has not happened in pancreatic cancer ever. So if this drug proves to be effective, this will be a groundbreaking development in pancreatic cancer."

AMP46 was developed by Amplia Therapeutics under the umbrella of Australia's Cancer Therapeutics Co-operative Research Centre – set up by the federal government in 2010 to bridge the gap between research breakthroughs and commercialisation – in consultation with scientists from the nation's top universities and scientific institutions. The Garvan Institute of Medical Research has previously established that targeting FAK prior to treatment makes pancreatic cancer cells more sensitive to chemotherapy and reduces cancer spread by 50 per cent in mice. The drug has been shown in early studies to also have applications for ovarian cancer, which also involves fibrosis.

Reason for hope

Despite the promising results in animal studies, Amplia chief executive Chris Burns said the results of the human trial so far have exceeded his company's expectations.

"To see a pathological complete response was totally unexpected. We never thought it would happen," Dr Burns says.

He says the majority of patients in the trial have had some

cancer patients – where the cancer has spread to other parts of the body – usually does not happen. Currently, the best these patients can hope for is that chemotherapy prolongs their life.

"It's the pancreatic cancer space that's really hasn't been any significant development in treatment for decades," Dr Cooray says. "Yes, there's been some improvement in chemotherapy drugs, but a drug that looks at the cancer from a different angle has not happened in pancreatic cancer ever. So if this drug proves to be effective, this will be a groundbreaking development in pancreatic cancer."

AMP46 was developed by Amplia Therapeutics under the umbrella of Australia's Cancer Therapeutics Co-operative Research Centre – set up by the federal government in 2010 to bridge the gap between research breakthroughs and commercialisation – in consultation with scientists from the nation's top universities and scientific institutions. The Garvan Institute of Medical Research has previously established that targeting FAK prior to treatment makes pancreatic cancer cells more sensitive to chemotherapy and reduces cancer spread by 50 per cent in mice. The drug has been shown in early studies to also have applications for ovarian cancer, which also involves fibrosis.

Reason for hope

Despite the promising results in animal studies, Amplia chief executive Chris Burns said the results of the human trial so far have exceeded his company's expectations.

"To see a pathological complete response was totally unexpected. We never thought it would happen," Dr Burns says.

He says the majority of patients in the trial have had some

response, either. Every win we need to celebrate," he says. "This being the first pathological complete response is highly significant. I can definitely say that much. And in my career of close to 20 years, this is the first time I've come across that. And the only added variable in this case was the drug, the FAK inhibitor."

"I'm not saying all pancreatic patients will benefit from this drug. We know from other cancer types, when a targeted treatment works, there's some subgroup where it is more effective than in others... that is part of the puzzle."

Making plans

Allan Zimet, a medical oncologist at the Jivanti Pancreatic Centre, says Mr Moulding's case and that of other patients whose tumours have significantly shrunk may provide important clues as to why some patients respond to AMP46 and others don't.

Pancreatic cancer patients often have in their DNA what is known as KRAS mutations, which drive tumour mutation and progression. These mutations have been considered unchangeable but that may not be true.

"We're now in the era of per-

sonalised medicine," Dr Zimet says. "Genetic mutations may be driving the fibrosis in pancreatic cancer patients, and if you target the mutation and switch off the fibrosis, you may be able to improve the patient's outcome."

"This drug is still very much investigational, and so it's a potential pointer that this may be a good drug that may have particular activity, but it's a pointer at this stage. It's not a sort of 'lay down arms'. It's important people understand that we don't raise false hopes."

"But pancreatic cancer has been an orphan cancer in many ways, because people have been reluctant about the effects of treatment. There are not many patient advocates, because our patients are too unwell for that, and their survival is not good enough for them to be involved." "So I think that a good secondary like this will only help to stimulate medical research efforts further, and to look and to review and see what's special about this person who has had such a good response, and how we can we learn some deeper lessons from this."

As for Mr Moulding, the hard-working trader has realised he has no time to waste. He has worked as a small-business owner all of his life and always intended to go off travelling and taking time out of his retirement, but he is now fast-tracking his plans.

"I just want to do some things that are going to make me happy and enjoy what I've got left of my time, I suppose," he says. "I would be nice to actually get off my butt and do some travelling."

As patient zero, Mr Moulding has immense gratitude for the being part of the clinical trial. "I don't know really what to say except that I'm just so happy," he says. "I was given the opportunity to have a go of it, and it's actually worked."

* Source: The Australian July 5 2025

TOP-LINE DATA PREVIEW

Data comparison with previous gem/nab-P data from prior MPACT and NAPOLI-3 trials

**Full data expected to be available end of
July / early August 2025**

Aiming to see:

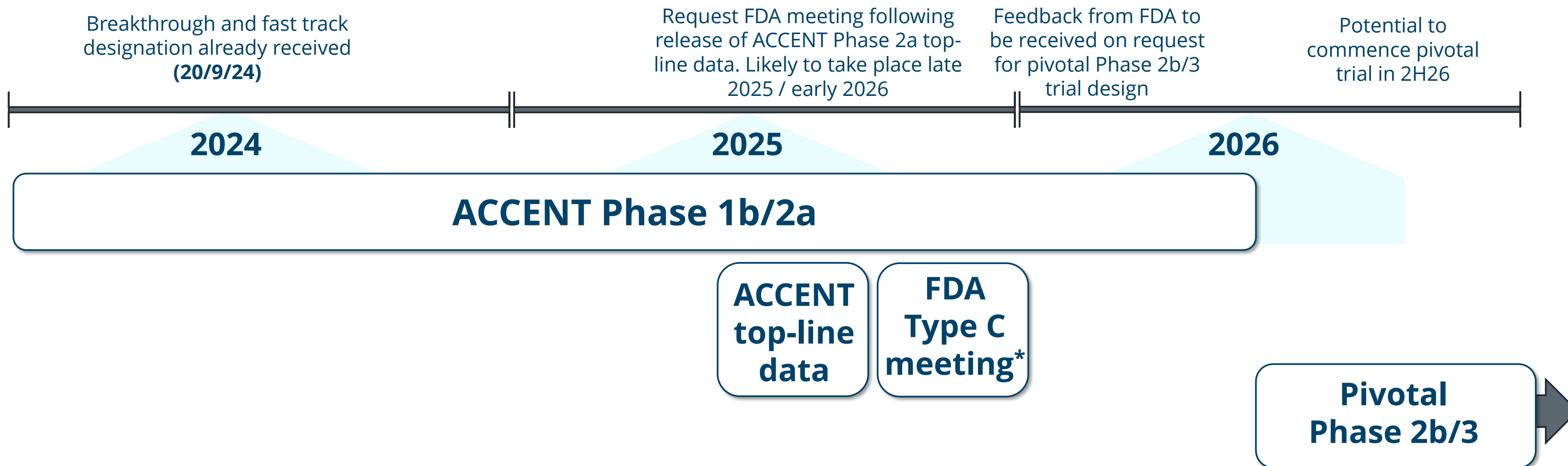
- Progression free survival (PFS) and Days on trial (DOT) superior to existing chemotherapy
- Continued positive safety and tolerability
- Similar or improved ORR and DCR

	MPACT (n=431)	NAPOLI (n=383)
Overall survival (mo)	8.5	9.2
Progression free survival (mo)	5.5	5.6
DOT (days)	117	123
CR	0.20%	0.30%
PR	23%	36%
SD	27%	26%
PD	20%	14.5%
Not evaluable	30%	23%
Confirmed Objective (Overall) response rate (ORR) (% CR, PR)	23%	36%
Confirmed Disease control rate (DCR) (% CR, PR, or SD)	48%	62%

Potential regulatory pathway

Potential for Narmafotinib to receive accelerated approval following a pivotal Phase 2b/3 clinical trial

- Amplia's Narmafotinib has potential for an accelerated path to market in advanced pancreatic cancer following a Phase 2b/3 pivotal trial – as per Verastem, Inc
- Verastem's FAK inhibitor received FDA approval from its 184 patient Phase 2 RAMP 201 trial in recurrent Low-Grade Serous Ovarian Cancer (LGSOC)
- Amplia intends to commence a Phase 2b/3 clinical trial in 2H 2026



* Type C, Type D or end-of-phase meeting

ADDITIONAL OPPORTUNITIES

 **mplia**
THERAPEUTICS



AMPLICITY TRIAL

Combining Narmafotinib with most common chemotherapy for advanced pancreatic cancer in US

Phase 2 clinical study of Narmafotinib in combination with FOLFIRINOX

- Strong pre-clinical evidence
- FDA has cleared IND
- Use modified FOLFIRINOX (better tolerability)
- Protocol revision cleared by FDA (Type D meeting)
 - Project Optimus* compliant dose-escalation and 2 dose expansion
 - Part A: is expected to include 20-27 patients and is already fully funded
 - Part B will include 40 patients (two cohorts of 20 patients)
- Part A commencing in Q3 2025



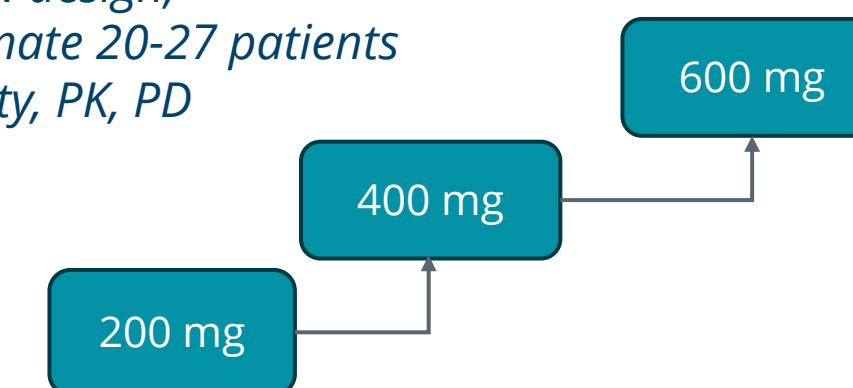
* www.fda.gov/about-fda/oncology-center-excellence/project-optimus

§ Maximum tolerated dose

Protocol design

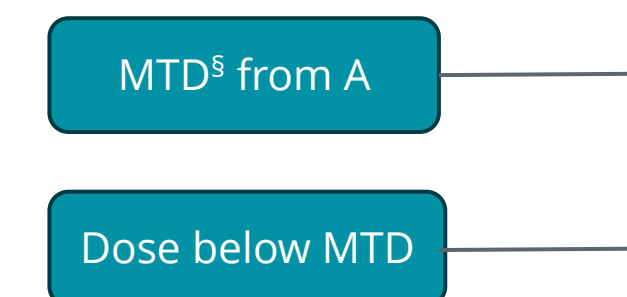
Part A:

- BOIN design;
estimate 20-27 patients
- Safety, PK, PD



Part B:

- 20 patients per cohort
- Safety and efficacy



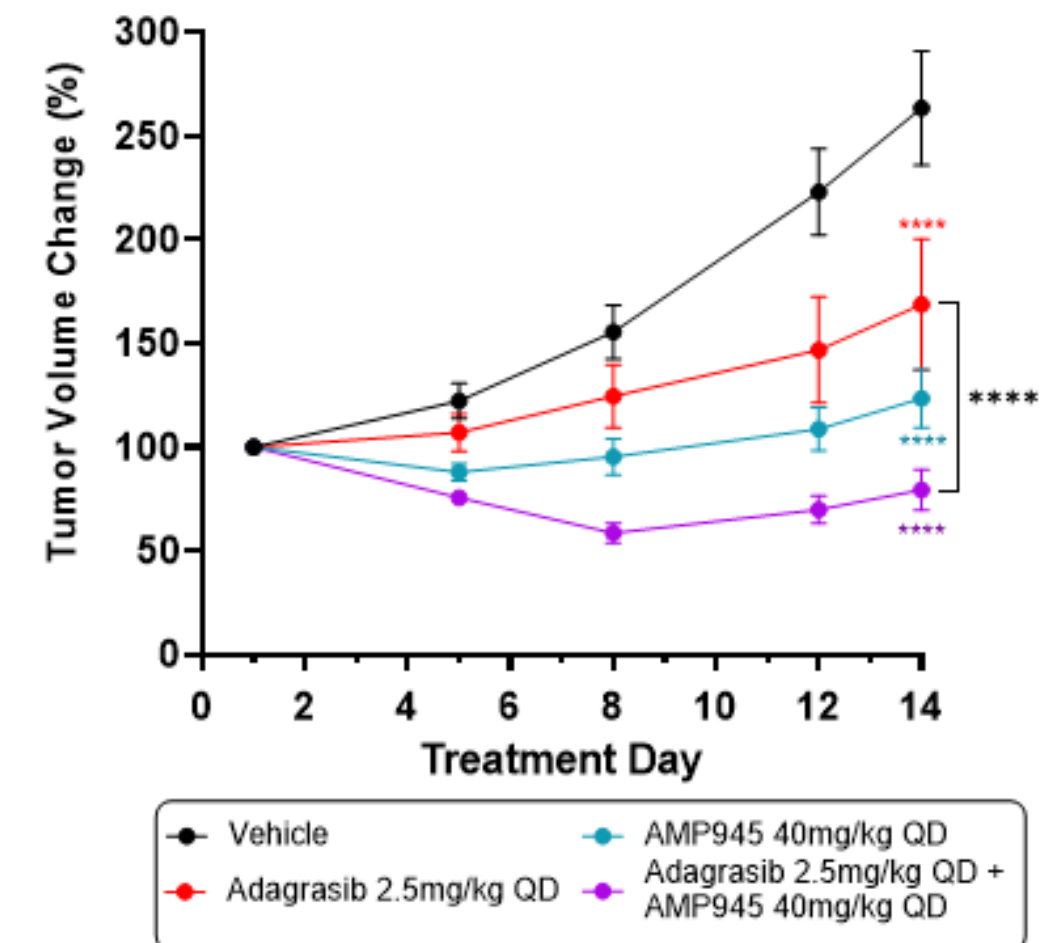
kRAS Inhibitor Combinations

Narmafotinib to be explored with selected kRAS inhibitor in pancreatic cancer trial

kRAS inhibitors represent exciting new drug class for pancreatic, lung and colorectal cancer

- Highly competitive - multiple drugs in clinical development by Pharma/Biotech worldwide
- Development of resistance and product differentiation are major concerns
- FAK inhibition enhances response to kRAS inhibitors in animal models (internal and published data)
- Verastem's 'AVMAPKI FAKZYNJA CO-PACK' is validation that FAK inhibition enhances Ras pathway inhibition in kRAS mutant cancer
- IIT* concepts in discussion with pancreatic specialists
- Clinical trial expected to commence in 1H 2026

FAK inhibition enhances efficacy of kRAS inhibitor



Mouse model of pancreatic cancer
Narmafotinib and Adagrasib (kRASi) alone and in combination

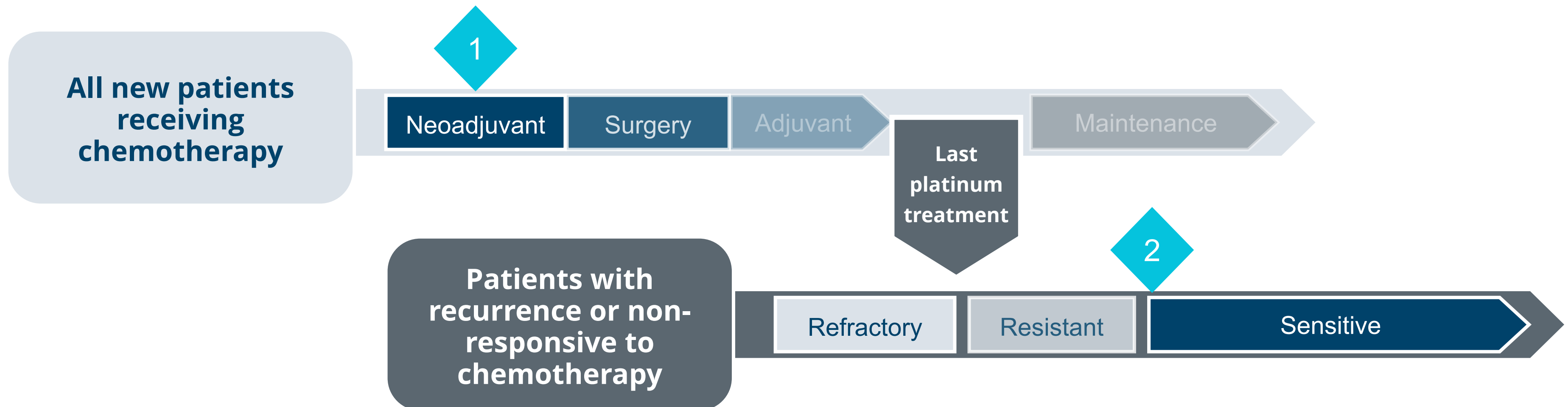
OVARIAN CANCER

IIT's for clinical study of Narmafotinib plus standard-of-care therapy in ovarian cancer submitted for funding and in discussion

Opportunities in:

- First-line therapy as a chemo-sensitiser in platinum-resistant cancer (neoadjuvant) **1**
- In recurrence and acquired resistance **2**
- In sub-type, ovarian clear cell carcinoma (~25% in Japan)

Investigator initiated trial (IIT) expected to commence in 1H 2026



Outlook & catalysts



PARTNERING OPPORTUNITIES

Significant new partnering interest following highly prospective ACCENT clinical trial data

- Amplia's partnering interest from global pharmaceutical companies has materially increased following recent interim data and patient updates in the ACCENT clinical trial
 - Heightened focus in Narmafotinib as the **best-in-class** Focal Adhesion Kinase (FAK) inhibitor in development
- Strengthened balance sheet following the capital raising will ensure the company retains flexibility to progress its clinical program and is in a position of strength when negotiating with potential license partners
- Amplia's management are in ongoing discussions with potential partners around regional licensing agreements, including:
 - Pharmaceutical companies with focus on orphan indications / GI cancer focus
 - Strategic partners with focus on drug development in precision medicine
 - Pharmaceutical companies with chemotherapy treatments coming off patent or seeking differentiation
- Preference is to work with license partners who have specialist knowledge and capability in Amplia's key modalities



UPCOMING CATALYSTS

Significant pipeline of expected news flow with key catalysts imminent

- **Q3 2025**

- ✓ ACCENT top-line data including progression free survival (**Late July/early August 2025**)
- ✓ ACCENT request FDA type C meeting to discuss Phase 2b/3 pivotal trial design
- ✓ Amplicity first patient dosed (part A dose escalation begins)
- ✓ ACCENT further patient updates

- **Q4 2025**

- ✓ ACCENT further patient updates
- ✓ Amplicity first safety and efficacy data
- ✓ FDA meeting and minutes on ACCENT trial pathway
- ✓ Possible EU regulatory filings (Prime, Orphan)

- **1H 2026**

- ✓ ACCENT further mature data
- ✓ Amplicity part A dose escalation completed and further data
- ✓ kRAS clinical trial commences
- ✓ Ovarian cancer investigator initiated trial (IIT) commences

- **2H 2026**

- ✓ Amplicity Part B commences and patient response updates
- ✓ ACCENT Phase 2b/3 trial commences

- **Potential updates on partnering / licensing agreements**





Capital raising overview

CAPITAL RAISING OVERVIEW

Amplia is undertaking a capital raising of \$27.5m via a placement and share purchase plan

Offer Structure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amplia is undertaking a capital raising (the “Offer”) of approximately \$27.5 million comprising: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> an institutional placement (“Tranche 1 Placement”) to raise approximately \$22.3 million utilising Amplia’s existing placement capacity under Listing Rules 7.1 and 7.1A; an institutional placement (“Tranche 2 Placement”) to raise approximately \$2.5 million subject to shareholder approval; a placement to Amplia’s Directors to raise a total of \$0.2 million, subject to shareholder approval (“Director Placement”, together the “Placement”); and a Share Purchase Plan (“SPP”) to be made available to certain eligible shareholders to raise approximately \$2.5 million, subject to shareholder approval. Up to approximately 119.6 million new fully paid ordinary shares in Amplia (“New Shares”) to be issued under the Offer, representing approximately 30.8% of Amplia’s current shares on issue.
Placement Price	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> New Shares issued under the Placement will be issued at a price of A\$0.23 per New Share (“Placement Price”). The Placement price represents a: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 19.3% discount to the last close price on Friday, 18 July 2025 of \$0.285 22.8% discount to 5 trading day VWAP on Friday, 18 July 2025 of \$0.298; and 0.6% premium to 30 trading day VWAP on Friday, 18 July 2025 of \$0.229;
Share Purchase Plan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A Share Purchase Plan (SPP) will also be offered to eligible shareholders, with Applications up to a maximum of \$100,000. Amplia is targeting to raise approximately \$2.5 million under the SPP. New Shares will be issued under the SPP at the lower of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Placement price of \$0.23 per New Share; or 5.0% discount to the VWAP of the Company’s shares traded on the ASX during the 5 trading days up to the closing date of the SPP, rounded to the nearest half cent. A transaction-specific prospectus (SPP Booklet) containing further details about the SPP, including the scale-back policy, will be made available to eligible shareholders. Record date for determining eligibility for the SPP is 7:00pm (AEST) on Tuesday, 22 July 2025. The Company has received binding commitments (“SPP Shortfall Commitment”) from institutional investors to subscribe for up to \$2.5 million of new, fully paid ordinary shares if the SPP is not fully subscribed by eligible shareholders, subject to shareholder approval. The Company reserves the right to accept over subscriptions under the SPP, subject to ASX Listing Rules and Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).
Director Placement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amplia’s directors have committed to subscribe for \$235,000 worth of New Shares pursuant to the Director Placement, as follows (subject to shareholder approval): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dr Robert Peach \$150,000 worth of New Shares; Dr Chris Burns - \$20,000 worth of New Shares; Dr Warwick Tong - \$35,000 worth of New Shares; and Jane Bell -\$30,000 worth of New Shares
Prospectus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The SPP will be undertaken pursuant to a transaction-specific prospectus.
Record Date	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Record Date for the SPP is 7pm (AEST), Tuesday 22 July 2025.
Ranking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All New Shares issued under the Offer will rank equally with existing Amplia shares from the date of issue.
Sole Lead Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bell Potter Securities Limited (“Bell Potter”) is acting as Sole Lead Manager and Bookrunner to the Offer.

SOURCES AND USE OF FUNDS

Following the capital raising, Amplia will be funded into 2027

SOURCES OF FUNDS	AUD (\$m)
Cash Balance (at 30 June 25) ¹	\$7.0
Expected FY25 and FY26 R&D Tax Refunds ²	\$8.2
Capital raise	\$27.5
Total Sources	\$42.7

¹ Unaudited – based on 31 March 2025 Appendix 4C and management accounts

² FY25 R&D tax refund expected August 2025 and FY26 R&D tax refund expected August 2026

PURPOSE	AUD (\$m)
ACCENT trial <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Completion of Phase 2a • Foundational work for Phase 2b/3 trial 	\$6.0
Amplicity trial <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dose escalation • 2 Dose comparison 	\$19.0
KRAS and/or OVARIAN trial	\$5.0
CMC (manufacturing)	\$6.0
Operations, preclinical, working capital and offer costs	\$6.7
Total Uses	\$42.7

OFFER TIMETABLE



Record Date for SPP	7.00pm (AEST), Tuesday, 22 July 2025
Trading resumes, Announcement of Capital Raising	Wednesday, 23 July 2025
Settlement of New Shares under Placement	Monday, 28 July 2025
Allotment of New Shares under Placement	Tuesday, 29 July 2025
SPP Opens	Friday, 1 August 2025
SPP Closes	Friday, 22 August 2025
Announcement of results of SPP	Tuesday, 26 August 2025
AGM to approve SPP and Director Placement	Wednesday, 27 August 2025
Commencement of trading of New Shares issued under the SPP and Director Placement	Monday, 1 September 2025

The timetable is indicative only and dates and times are subject to change without notice.



Amplia Therapeutics Limited

ABN 16 165 160 841

ASX: ATX

info@ampliatx.com

ampliatx.com

Appendix



COMPANY SUMMARY (ASX:ATX)



Founded in 2016

- Reverse-listed onto ASX in 2018

Developing assets discovered at Australian industry - academic collaboration

- CRC for Cancer Therapeutic



Based in Melbourne, Australia

- 8 local staff
- Worldwide network of collaborators, consultants and contractors

12 month share price chart

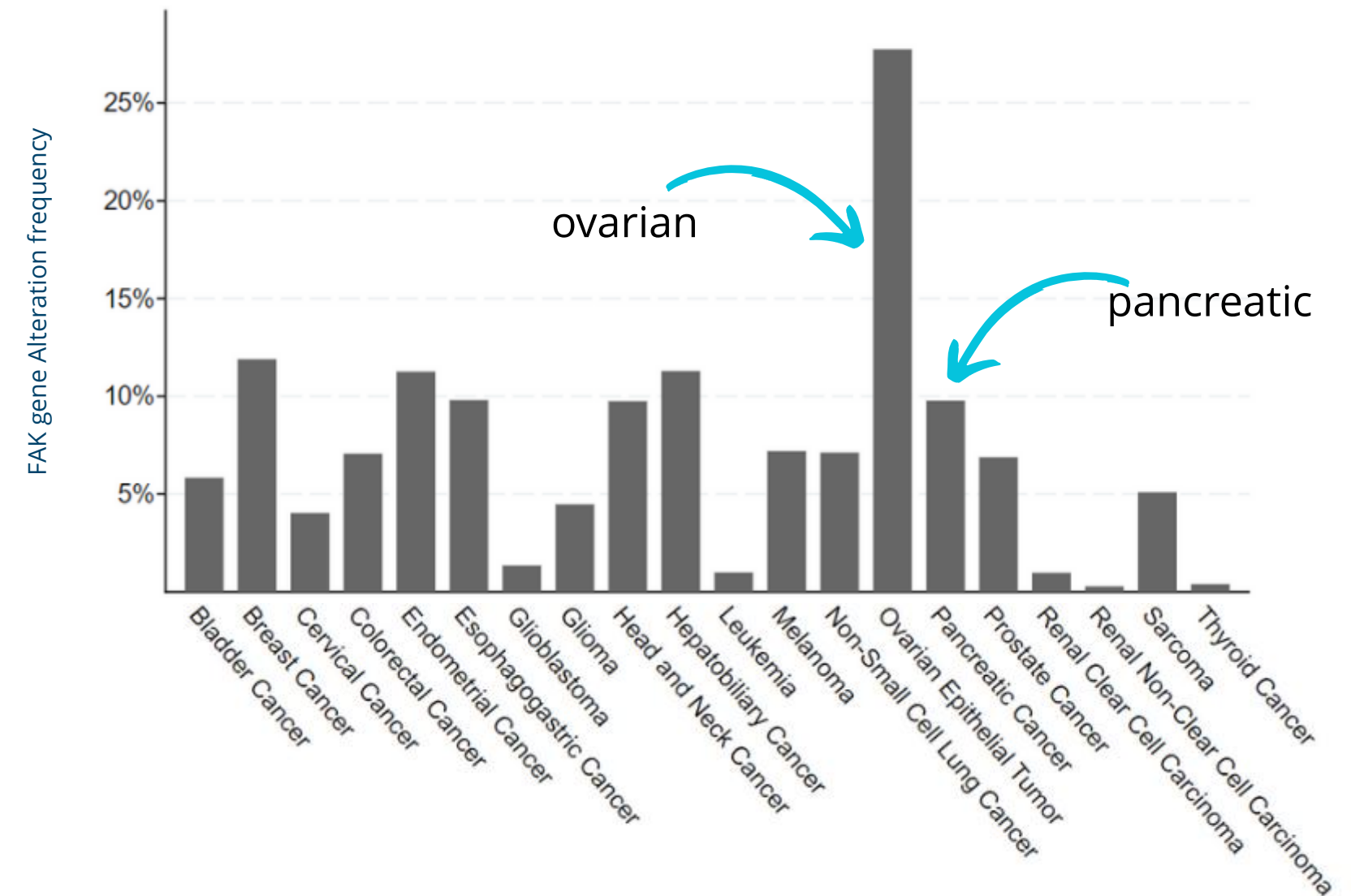


Share price (as at 18/07/25)	A\$0.285
Shares on issue	388.7m
Market cap (as at 18/07/25)	A\$110.8M
Cash (30-Jun-2025)	A\$7.0m
Large Shareholders	Platinum Investment Management Ltd (10.1%) Acorn Capital Ltd (9.2%) Blueflag Holdings Pty Ltd (5.1%) Pengana Capital (3.9%) Board + Management (5.8%)

FAK INHIBITION IN CANCER

FAK is over-expressed and over-active in many cancers

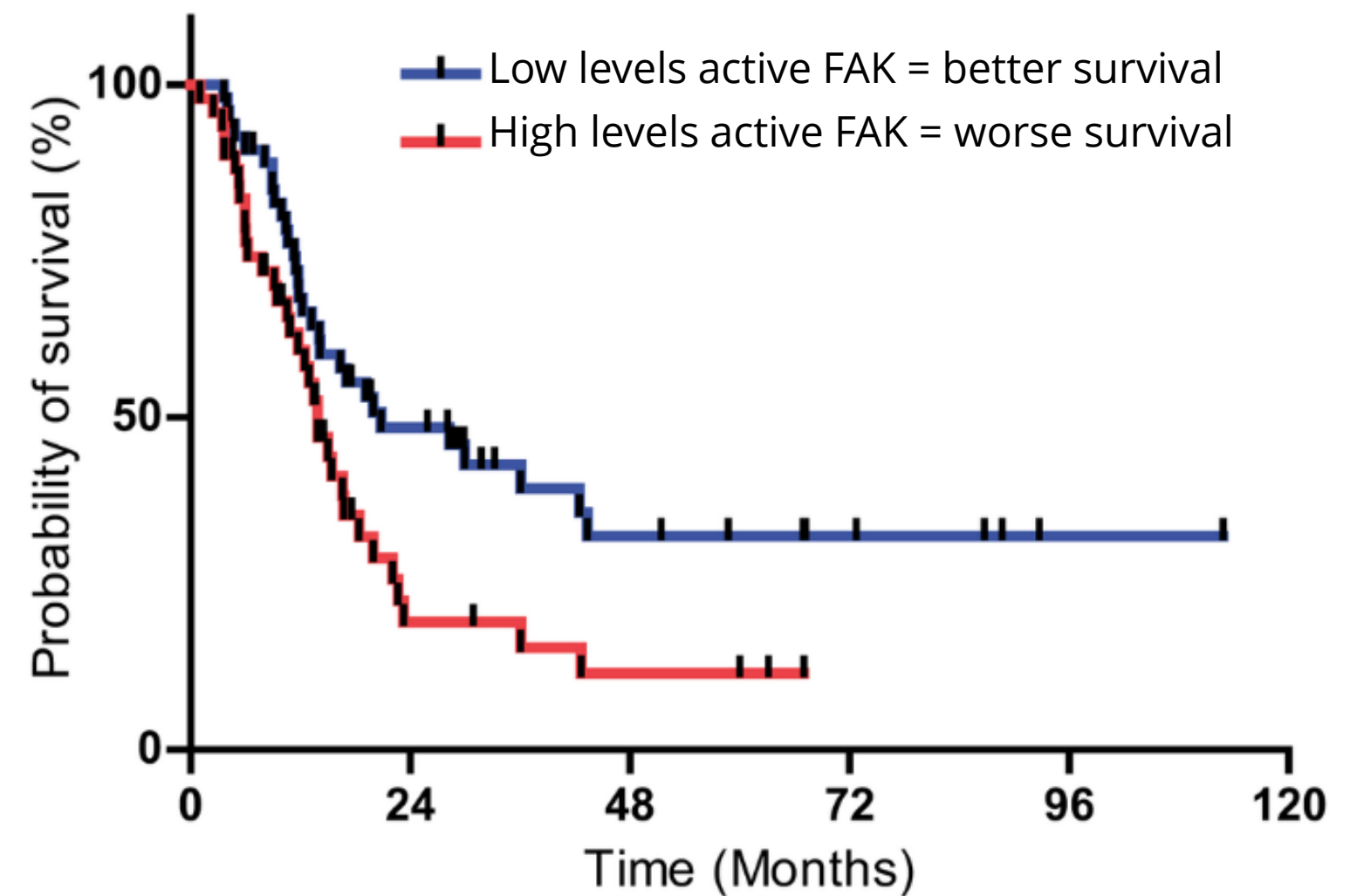
Over-expression and increased FAK activity



FAK INHIBITION IN CANCER

Higher FAK levels correlate with worse patient outcomes

FAK activity correlates with worse outcome



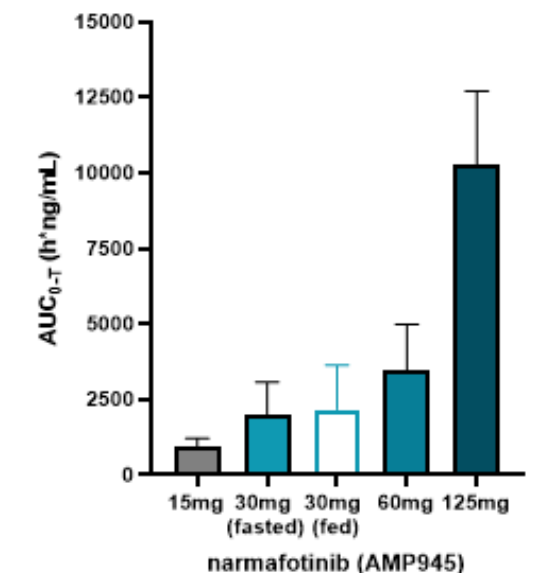
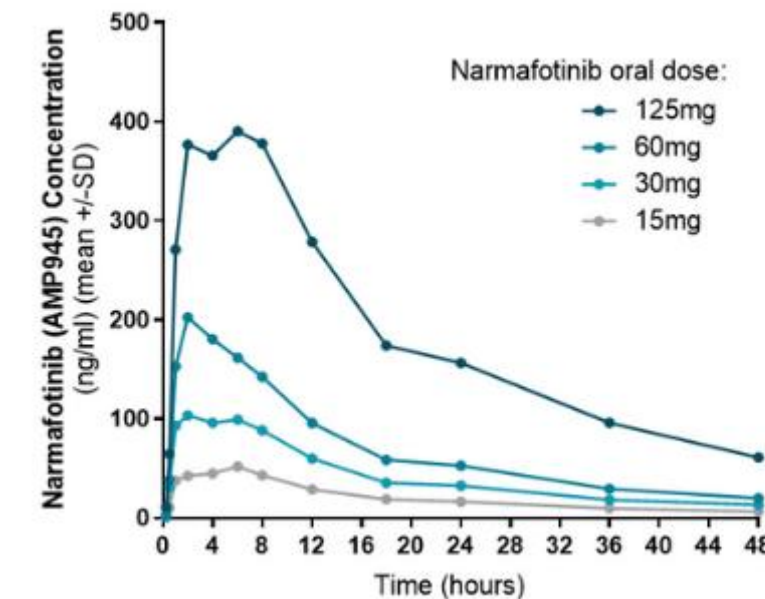
EMBO Mol Med 2020, 12, e12010

EARLY DEVELOPMENT RESULTS

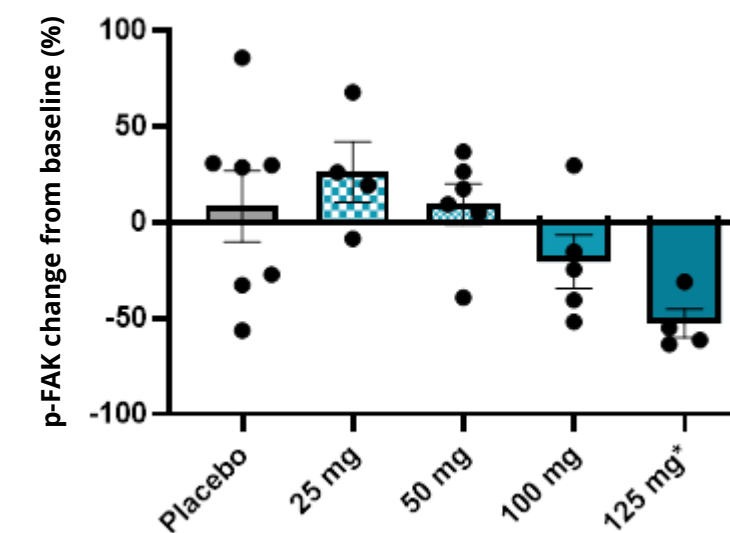
Healthy volunteer study demonstrated excellent clinical profile

- Safety and tolerability
- Once a day dosing
 - No effect of food on drug absorption
 - No accumulation
- Target engagement in skin-punch biopsies

Circulating Narmafotinib levels and FAK inhibition



Circulating levels of Narmafotinib show dose dependence, no food effect and a half life of approximately 20 hours



levels of activated FAK in skin biopsies decrease with increased dose

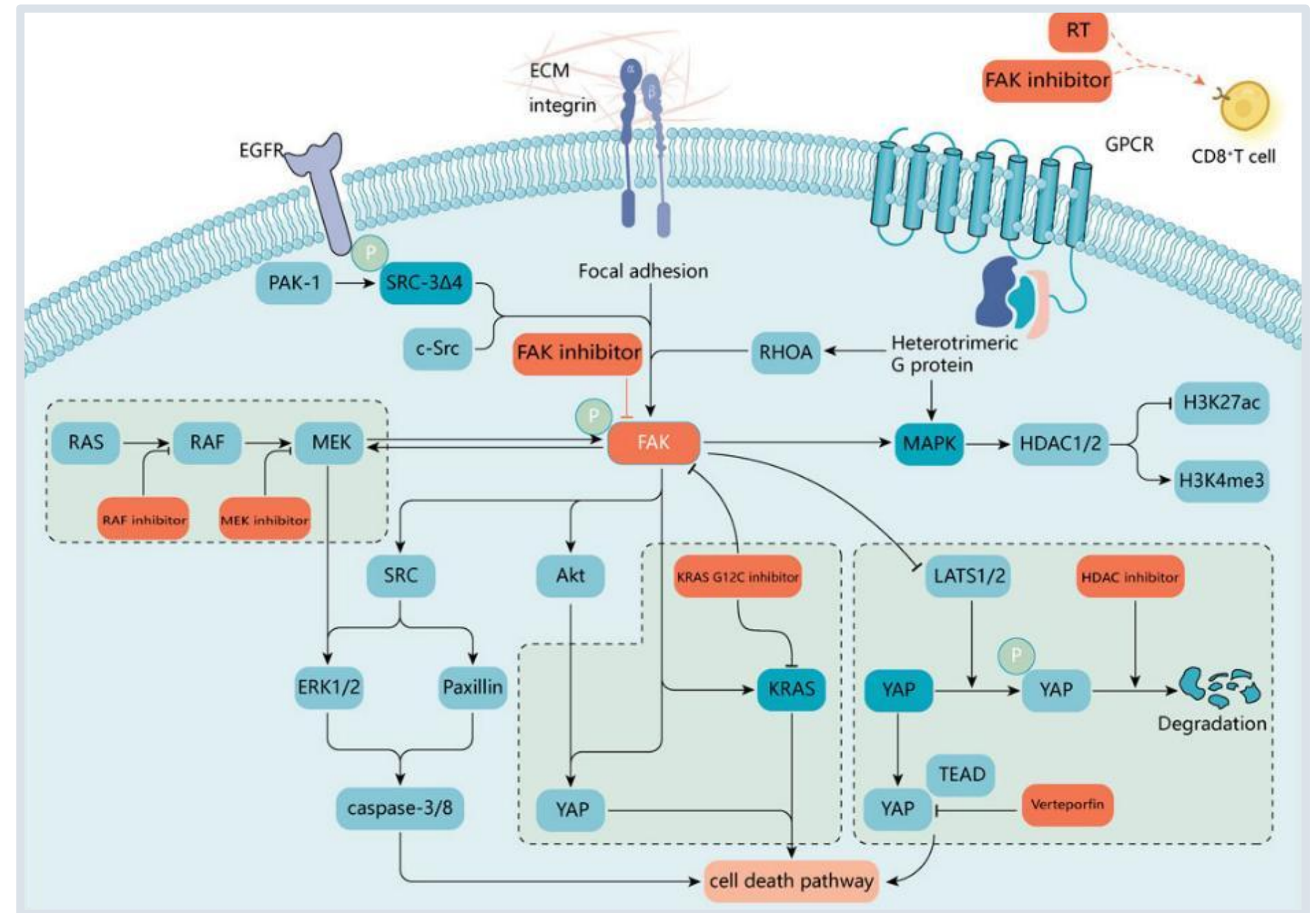
POTENTIAL FOR COMBINATION WITH OTHER THERAPEUTIC APPROACHES

Evidence for synergistic or additive combinations with:

- Raf/Mek and kRas inhibitors
- Wnt inhibitors
- Hippo Pathway inhibitors
- I/O agents
 - anti PD-1 and PD-L1
 - anti-TIGIT

Also:

- Antibody-Drug Conjugates
- Radiation and radiopharmaceuticals



Front. Cell Dev. Biol., 2022, 10

Background on Narmafotinib (AMP945)



PRECLINICAL DATA



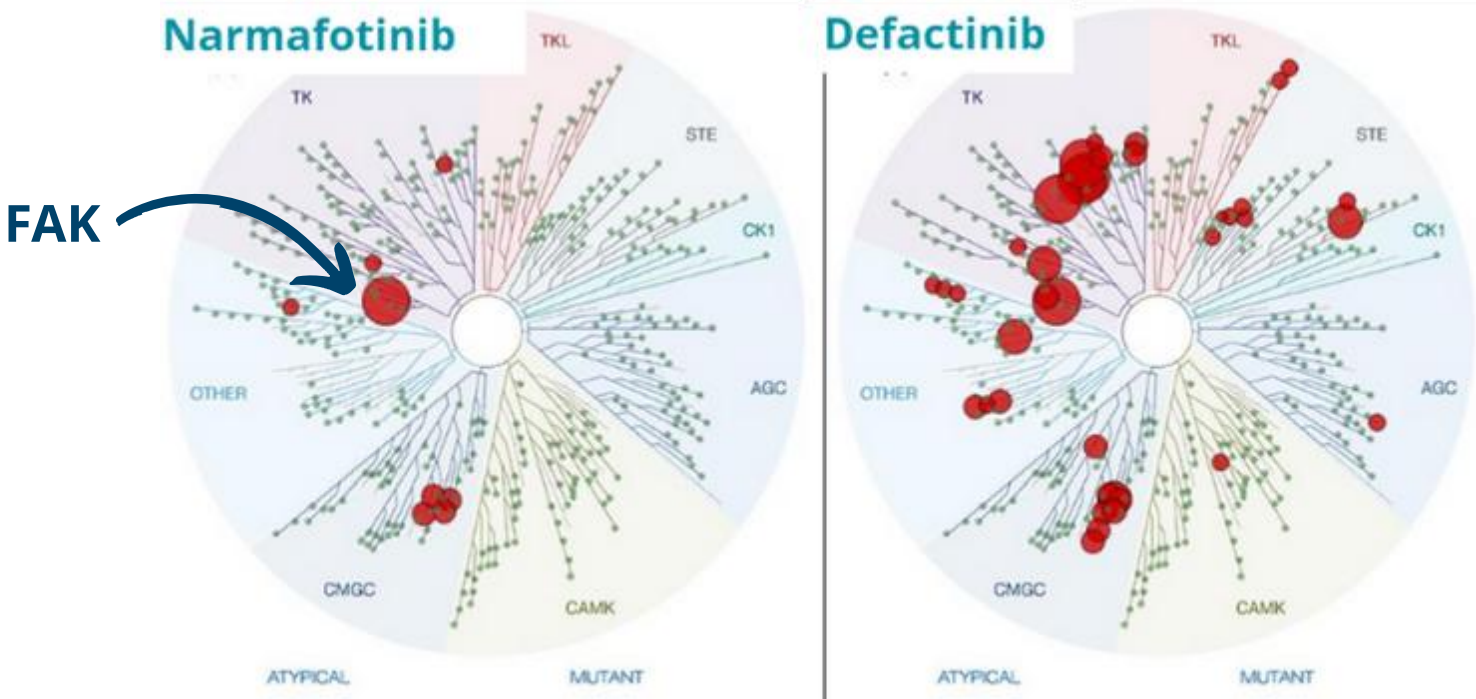
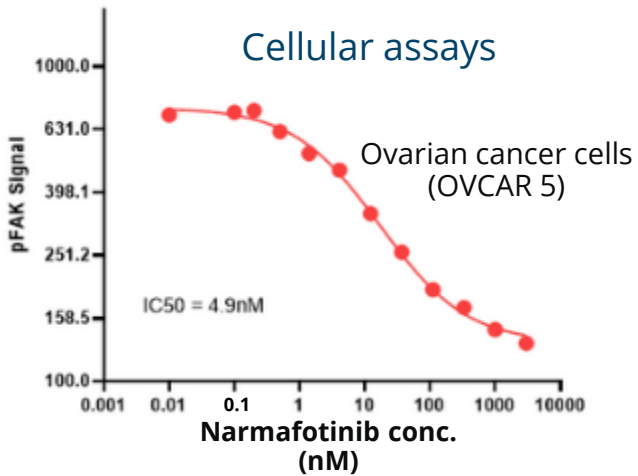
Narmafotinib displays excellent potency and selectivity

Preclinical profile of Narmafotinib

Biochemical/biophysical assays

IC ₅₀	2.2 nM
K _D	29 pM

Cellular assays

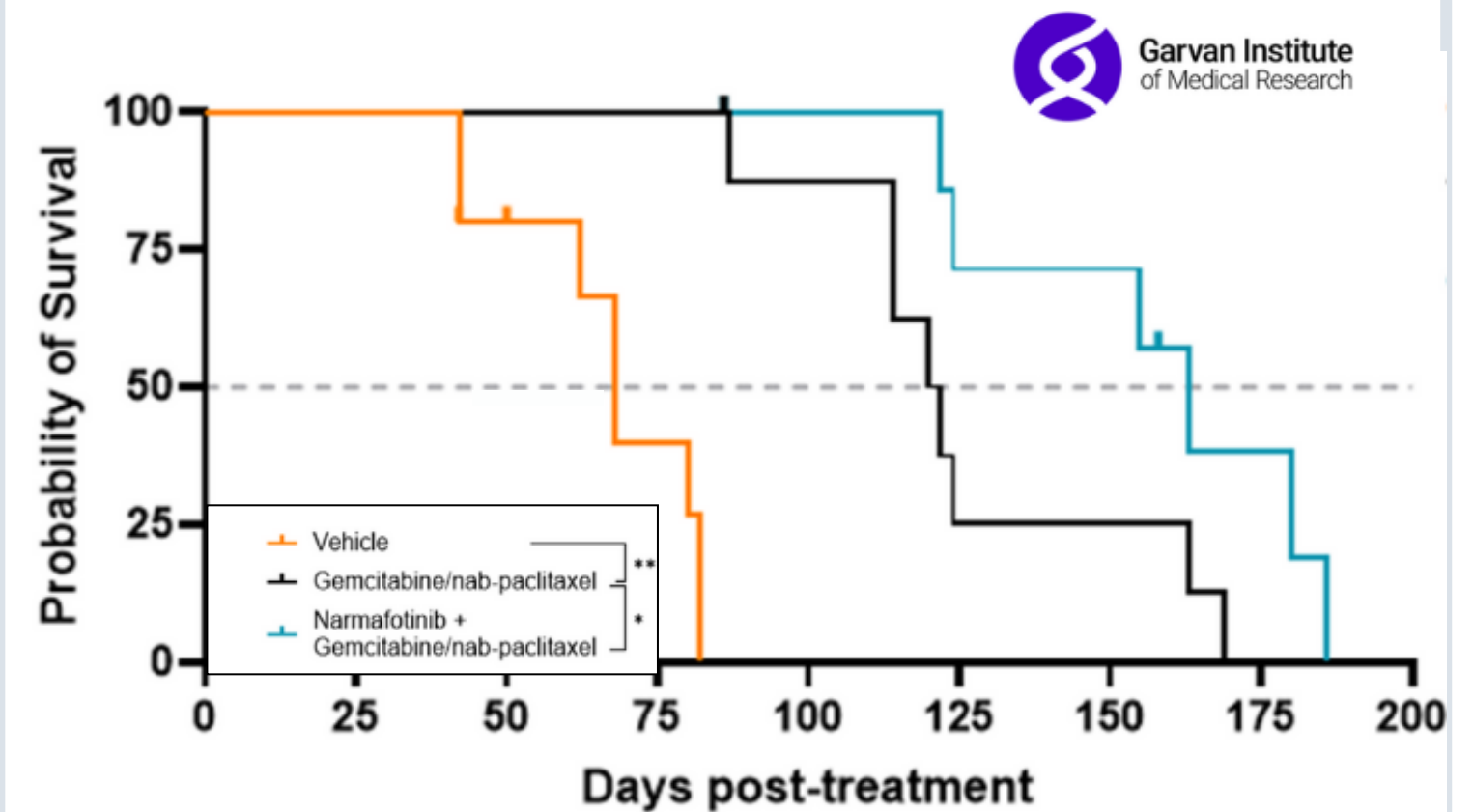


Red circles show inhibition of additional kinases. Size of circle shows extent of inhibition

PRECLINICAL DATA

Narmafotinib improves survival in pancreatic cancer models when dosed in combination with standard of care therapies

Efficacy with FAK inhibition in preclinical studies



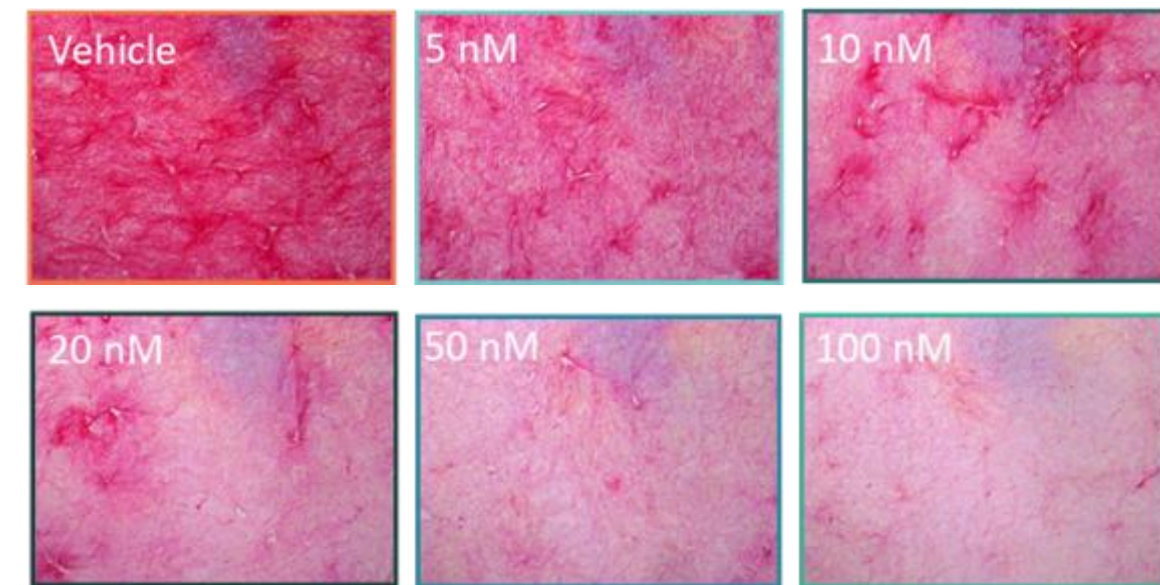
Survival plot from mouse model of human pancreatic cancer, comparing three groups of mice: (i) vehicle (orange), (ii) chemotherapy (black), and (iii) chemotherapy + narmafotinib (blue)

PRECLINICAL DATA

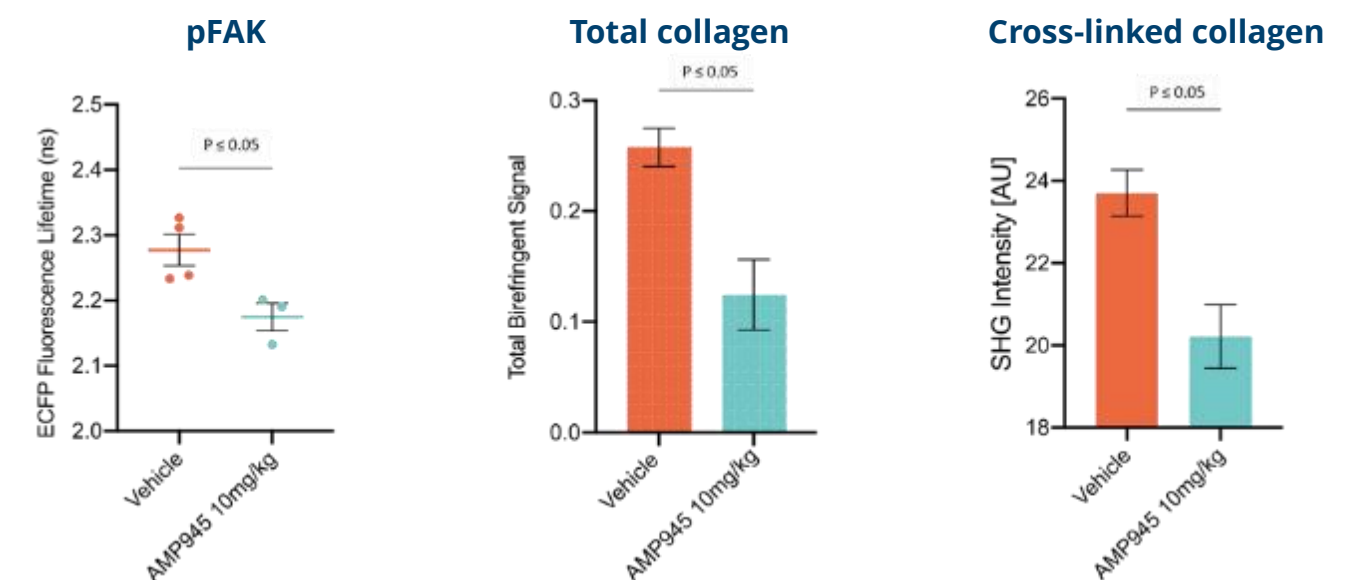
Narmafotinib reduces collagen deposition and cross-linking in vitro and in vivo

- No toxicity to fibroblasts
- Correlates with decreased pFAK
- Shorter collagen fibers

Anti-fibrotic effects of Narmafotinib



Fibroblasts treated with Narmafotinib, 7 days Picrosirius red staining for total collagen



Pancreatic cancer mouse model; Narmafotinib (10 mg/kg, b.i.d., 3 days)
Tumours excised day 4 for analysis

Narmafotinib IP POSITION

FDA Orphan Drug Designation for pancreatic cancer and idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

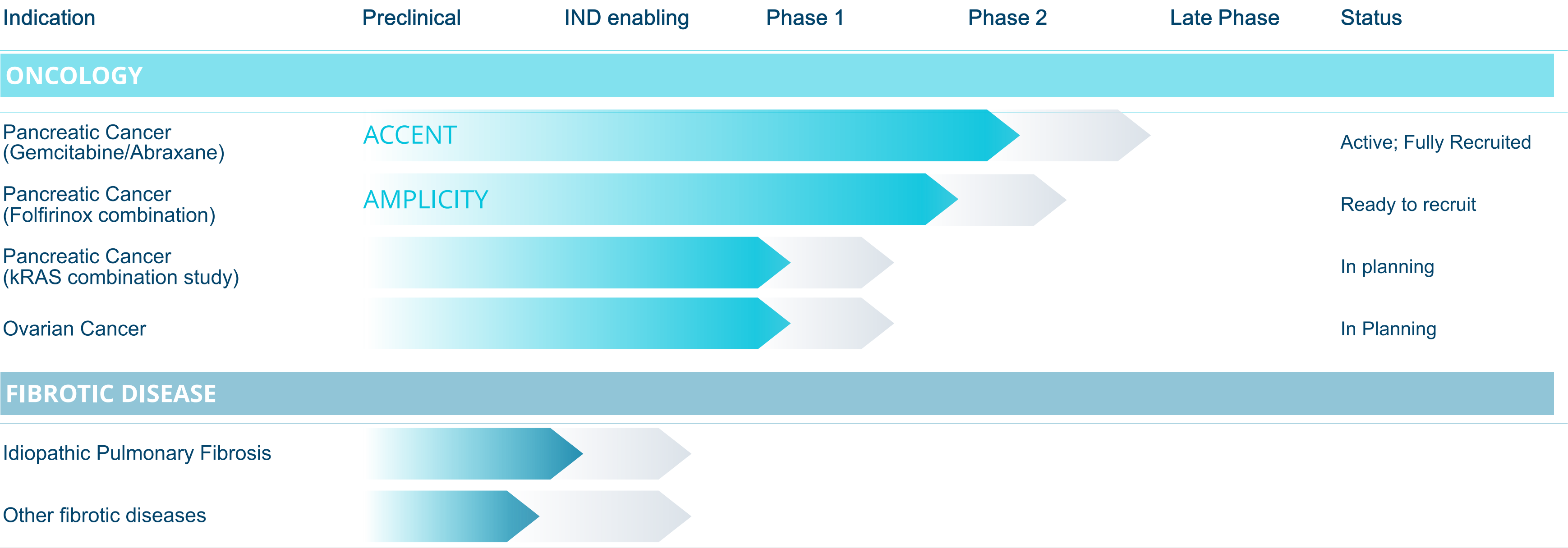


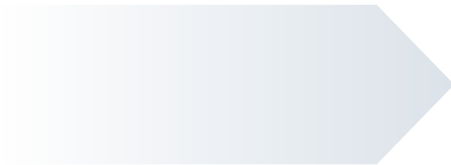
	Status	Filing Date
Composition of Matter	Granted	2012
Salt Form	Granted (JP, EU)	2020
Method of Use (IPF)	Filed	2021
Method of Use (PC)	Filed	2023
Additional Filings	Ongoing	

EXTENDED PIPELINE



Extensive pipeline, with lead asset in pancreatic cancer potentially heading towards a Phase 2 registrational trial



 Expected developments over the next 12 months



Key Risks

KEY RISKS



RISK	DESCRIPTION
Risks associated with the Offer	The Offer is not underwritten. Accordingly, the amount that will be raised under the Offer is uncertain and as such could be insufficient to meet all of the objectives outlined in the “Sources and Uses of Funds” slide above. If the Offer raises less than the targeted amount, the Company may need to raise additional capital to fund the objectives specified in the “Uses of Funds” outlined in this presentation. See also the “Additional requirements for capital” risk below.
Clinical development risk and risk of adverse mature data	The nature of clinical drug development has inherent risks, with many drug candidates entering clinical trial failing to be successfully developed into marketable products. The Company is currently undertaking a clinical trial with its lead drug Narmafotinib in advanced pancreatic cancer patients. Clinical trials have many associated risks which may impact commercial potential and therefore future profitability. Such trials may fail to recruit patients at a sufficient rate, and a slower than expected recruitment will mean slower than expected data points so a longer period incurring overheads and personnel costs. Clinical trialling may reveal drug candidates to be unsafe or poorly tolerated in the patient population being tested. The drugs may also be shown to be only modestly effective, thereby limiting commercial potential, or ineffective. Any of these outcomes will likely have a significant adverse effect on the Company, the value of its securities and the future commercial development of its drug candidates, including Narmafotinib. For example, the top-line data for the ACCENT trial is expected to be announced in late July / early August 2025 and there is no guarantee or certainty as to what the data will reveal. Clinical trials might also potentially expose the Company to product liability claims in the event its products in development have unexpected effects on clinical subjects.
Regulatory approvals necessary for clinical trials	The Company may be unable to secure and maintain necessary approvals from regulatory agencies and institutional bodies (clinics and hospitals) to conduct its clinical trials. Using funds raised in the Offer, the Company plans to initiate a Phase 2 clinical trial (as an Investigator Initiated Trial) in advanced ovarian cancer patients. There is no assurance that regulatory bodies and local ethics committees will approve the Company’s plans to recruit these patients.
Regulatory and reimbursement approvals	The research, development, manufacture, marketing and sale of products developed by the Company are subject to varying degrees of regulation by a number of government authorities in Australia and overseas. Pharmaceutical products under development, such as drug candidate Narmafotinib, must undergo a comprehensive and highly regulated development and review process before receiving approval for marketing. The process includes the provision of clinical data relating to the quality, safety and efficacy of the products for their proposed use. There is no guarantee that such regulatory approvals will be granted. Products may also be submitted for cost reimbursement approval. The availability and timing of that reimbursement approval may have an impact upon the uptake and profitability of products in some jurisdictions. There is no guarantee that such approvals will be granted.

KEY RISKS



RISK	DESCRIPTION
Chemistry, manufacturing and controls	The ACCENT clinical trial currently underway requires supply of Narmafotinib drug product (capsules). There are risks to production of drug substance in a timely manner should supply chains be affected. There are also risks associated with shipment, storage and handling of drug product that may render the material unavailable or inappropriate for clinical usage. For clinical trial sites in South Korea, supplies of the chemotherapies gemcitabine and Abraxane are also required. There are risks in the supply, shipment, storage and handling of drug product that may delay delivery or render the material unavailable or inappropriate for clinical usage.
Commercialisation of products and potential market failure	The Company has not yet commercialised any products and as yet has no revenues. The Company is also dependent on commercially attractive markets remaining available to it during the commercialisation phase and there is a risk that, once developed and ready for sale, commercial sales may not be achieved. Furthermore, any products developed by the Company may prove to be uneconomical to market or compete with alternative products marketed by third parties, or not be as attractive or efficacious as alternative treatments.
Competition and regulation	The biotechnology and pharmaceutical industries are intensely competitive and subject to rapid and significant change. A number of companies, both in Australia and abroad, may be pursuing the development of products that target the same markets and/or diseases that the Company is targeting. The Company's products may compete with existing products that are already available to customers. The Company may face competition from parties who have substantially greater resources than the Company. Competing products may be superior to the Company's products, which would adversely impact the commercial viability of the Company's products.
Dependence upon key personnel	The Company's ability to attract and retain personnel will have a direct impact on its ability to deliver its project commitments. The Company depends on the talent and experience of its personnel as an important asset. There may be a negative impact on the Company if any of its key personnel leave. It may be difficult to replace them, or to do so in a timely manner or at comparable expense. Additionally, any key personnel of the Company who leave to work for a competitor may adversely impact the Company. Additionally, increases in recruitment fees, wages and contractor costs may adversely impact upon the financial performance of the Company.

KEY RISKS



RISK	DESCRIPTION
Growth	There is a risk that the Company may be unable to manage its future growth successfully. The ability to hire and retain skilled personnel as outlined above may be a significant obstacle to growth.
Commercial partners	The Company's growth strategy may be impacted if it is unable to find suitable commercialisation partners. The Company's due diligence processes may not be successful and a commercial partnership may not perform to the level expected.
Intellectual property	The Company's ability to commercialise any product depends upon its ability to protect its intellectual property and any improvements to it. The intellectual property may not be capable of being legally protected, it may be the subject of unauthorised disclosure or be unlawfully infringed, or the Company may incur substantial costs in asserting or defending its intellectual property rights.
Revenues and profitability	The Company does not currently generate revenue from product sales nor are revenues anticipated in the short to medium term. The Company's ability to achieve both revenues and profitability is dependent on a number of factors, including its ability to complete successful clinical trials, obtain regulatory approval for its products and successfully commercialise those products. There is no guarantee that the Company's products (including the drug Narmafotinib) will be commercially successful.
Research & Development (R&D) Tax Rebate	<p>The Company is currently entitled to receive an R&D rebate on part of its expenditure in research and development. There is a risk that the Australian Government may make material changes to the rebate scheme, which may adversely impact the funding available to the Company to fund its operations.</p> <p>In order to obtain an R&D rebate on that part of its expenditure that is incurred out of Australia the Company must first gain approval for that expenditure from the Australian Government. Such an approval is called an Advanced Finding. The Company has received Advanced Findings for R&D work which is planned for its lead assets Narmafotinib and AMP886.</p>

GENERAL RISKS



RISK	DESCRIPTION
Economic	General economic conditions, movements in financial markets, interest and inflation rates and currency exchange rates may have an adverse effect on the Company's business and production activities, as well as on its ability to fund those activities.
Market conditions	<p>Share market conditions may affect the value of the Company's quoted shares (and options to acquire quoted shares) regardless of the Company's operating performance. Share market conditions are affected by many factors such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a) general economic outlook;b) introduction of tax reform or other new legislation;c) interest rates and inflation rates;d) changes in investor sentiment toward particular market sectors;e) the demand for, and supply of, capital; andf) terrorism or other hostilities. <p>The market price of securities can fall as well as rise and may be subject to varied and unpredictable influences on the market for equities in general and pharmaceutical stocks in particular. Neither the Company nor the Directors warrant the future performance of the Company or any return on an investment in the Company.</p>
Litigation	There is a risk that the Company may in future be the subject of or required to commence litigation. There is, however, no litigation, mediation, conciliation or administrative proceeding taking place, pending or threatened against the Company.
Tax risks	Changes to the rate of taxes imposed on the Company (including in overseas jurisdictions in which the Company operates now or in the future) or tax legislation generally may affect the Company and its shareholders. In addition, an interpretation of Australian tax laws by the Australian Taxation Office that differs to the Company's interpretation may lead to an increase in the Company's tax liabilities and a reduction in shareholder returns. Personal tax liabilities are the responsibility of each individual investor. The Company is not responsible either for tax or tax penalties incurred by investors.
Additional requirements for capital	The Company's capital requirements depend on numerous factors. The Company may require further financing in addition to amounts raised under the capital raising. Any additional equity financing will dilute shareholdings, and debt financing, if available, may involve restrictions on financing and operating activities. If the Company is unable to obtain additional financing as needed, it may be required to reduce the scope of its operations, its production levels, or scale back its research and development and/or clinical trials as the case may be. There is no guarantee that the Company will be able to secure any additional funding or be able to secure funding on terms favourable to the Company.



International Selling Restrictions

INTERNATIONAL SELLING RESTRICTIONS



This document does not constitute an offer of New Shares in any jurisdiction in which it would be unlawful. In particular, this document may not be distributed to any person, and the New Shares and Attaching Options may not be offered or sold, in any country outside Australia except to the extent permitted below.

Hong Kong

WARNING: This document has not been, and will not be, registered as a prospectus under the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 32) of Hong Kong, nor has it been authorised by the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong pursuant to the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of the Laws of Hong Kong (the “SFO”). Accordingly, this document may not be distributed, and the New Shares may not be offered or sold, in Hong Kong other than to “professional investors” (as defined in the SFO and any rules made under that ordinance).

No advertisement, invitation or document relating to the New Shares has been or will be issued, or has been or will be in the possession of any person for the purpose of issue, in Hong Kong or elsewhere that is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public of Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to New Shares that are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to professional investors. No person allotted New Shares may sell, or offer to sell, such securities in circumstances that amount to an offer to the public in Hong Kong within six months following the date of issue of such securities.

The contents of this document have not been reviewed by any Hong Kong regulatory authority. You are advised to exercise caution in relation to the offer. If you are in doubt about any contents of this document, you should obtain independent professional advice.

New Zealand

This document has not been registered, filed with or approved by any New Zealand regulatory authority under the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 (the “FMC Act”).

The New Shares are not being offered to the public within New Zealand other than to existing shareholders of the Company with registered addresses in New Zealand to whom the offer of these securities is being made in reliance on the Financial Markets Conduct (Incidental Offers) Exemption Notice 2021.

Other than in the entitlement offer, the New Shares may only be offered or sold in New Zealand (or allotted with a view to being offered for sale in New Zealand) to a person who:

- is an investment business within the meaning of clause 37 of Schedule 1 of the FMC Act;
- meets the investment activity criteria specified in clause 38 of Schedule 1 of the FMC Act;
- is large within the meaning of clause 39 of Schedule 1 of the FMC Act;
- is a government agency within the meaning of clause 40 of Schedule 1 of the FMC Act; or
- is an eligible investor within the meaning of clause 41 of Schedule 1 of the FMC Act.

INTERNATIONAL SELLING RESTRICTIONS



Singapore

This document and any other materials relating to the New Shares have not been, and will not be, lodged or registered as a prospectus in Singapore with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this document and any other document or materials in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of New Shares, may not be issued, circulated or distributed, nor may the New Shares be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore except pursuant to and in accordance with exemptions in Subdivision (4) Division 1, Part 13 of the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore (the “SFA”) or another exemption under the SFA.

This document has been given to you on the basis that you are an “institutional investor” or an “accredited investor” (as such terms are defined in the SFA). If you are not such an investor, please return this document immediately. You may not forward or circulate this document to any other person in Singapore. Any offer is not made to you with a view to the New Shares being subsequently offered for sale to any other party in Singapore. On-sale restrictions in Singapore may be applicable to investors who acquire New Shares. As such, investors are advised to acquaint themselves with the SFA provisions relating to resale restrictions in Singapore and comply accordingly.

United Kingdom

Neither this document nor any other document relating to the offer has been delivered for approval to the Financial Conduct Authority in the United Kingdom and no prospectus (within the meaning of section 85 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, as amended (“FSMA”)) has been published or is intended to be published in respect of the New Shares.

The New Shares may not be offered or sold in the United Kingdom by means of this document or any other document, except in circumstances that do not require the publication of a prospectus under section 86(1) of the FSMA. This document is issued on a confidential basis in the United Kingdom to “qualified investors” within the meaning of Article 2(e) of the UK Prospectus Regulation. This document may not be distributed or reproduced, in whole or in part, nor may its contents be disclosed by recipients, to any other person in the United Kingdom.

Any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA) received in connection with the issue or sale of the New Shares has only been communicated or caused to be communicated and will only be communicated or caused to be communicated in the United Kingdom in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Company. In the United Kingdom, this document is being distributed only to, and is directed at, persons (i) who have professional experience in matters relating to investments falling within Article 19(5) (investment professionals) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotions) Order 2005 (“FPO”), (ii) who fall within the categories of persons referred to in Article 49(2)(a) to (d) (high net worth companies, unincorporated associations, etc.) of the FPO or (iii) to whom it may otherwise be lawfully communicated (“relevant persons”). The investment to which this document relates is available only to relevant persons. Any person who is not a relevant person should not act or rely on this document.

United States

This document does not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, securities in the United States. The New Shares have not been, and will not be, registered under the US Securities Act of 1933 or the securities laws of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States. Accordingly, the New Shares may not be offered or sold in the United States except in transactions exempt from, or not subject to, the registration requirements of the US Securities Act and applicable US state securities laws.