Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity:				
Globe International Limited				
ABN / ARBN: Financial year ended:				
65 007 066 033	30 June 2017			
Our corporate governance statement² for t ☐ These pages of our annual report ☐ This URL on our website:	above period above can be found at:3 https://www.globecorporate.com/pdfs/corpgov.pdf			
The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 22 September 2017 and has been approved by the board.				
The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.				
Date: 22 September 2017				
Name of Director or Secretary authorising lodgement:				
Gerhard Correa, Company Secretary				

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of rule 4.10.3.

Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "<u>OR</u>" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

¹ Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

² "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

³ Mark whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where the entity's corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \ldots^4
PRINC	IPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVE	ERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and information about the respective roles and responsibilities of our board and management (including those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management): at https://www.globecorporate.com/pdfs/boardcharter.pdf	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corpo	ate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
1.5	 A listed entity should: (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them; (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either: (1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. 	the fact that we have a diversity policy that complies with paragraph (a): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] at [insert location] at [insert location] at [insert location] and the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with our diversity policy and our progress towards achieving them: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (c)(1) or (2): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	 A listed entity should: have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process. 	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraph (b): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraph (b): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE		
2.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a nomination committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	 our board skills matrix: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> ☐ at page 31 of the Directors' Report 	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	 ave NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole e period above. We have disclosed4
2.3	 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director. 	the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b): in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location] at [insert location] and the length of service of each director: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at page 33 of the Directors' Report	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	 the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] 	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPI	LE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
3.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	our code of conduct or a summary of it: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporat	e Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \ldots^4
PRINCIP	LE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING		
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have an audit committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	 the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] 	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed		ave NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole e period above. We have disclosed4
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an annual general meeting and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPI	LE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		•	
5.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our continuous disclosure compliance policy or a summary of it: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 6 - RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS				
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	information about us and our governance on our website: at www.globecorporate.com		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	our policies and processes for facilitating and encouraging participation at meetings of security holders: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold periodic meetings of security holders and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed4
PRINCIP	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a committee or committees to oversee risk that comply with paragraphs (1) and (2): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework: □ at [insert location] □ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	the fact that board or a committee of the board reviews the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location] and that such a review has taken place in the reporting period covered by this Appendix 4G: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR ☐ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporat	e Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed4
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	whether we have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks: In our Corporate Governance Statement OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed4
PRINCIP	LE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a remuneration committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: □ at [insert location] □ at [insert location]	 ⊠ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR at pages 36 to 40 of the Remuneration Report set out in the 2017 Annual Report	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed 4
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:	our policy on this issue or a summary of it: in our Corporate Governance Statement OR	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u>
	(a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of	at [insert location]	we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u>
	participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.		we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable



GLOBE INTERNATIONAL LIMITED CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT 2017

The Company and the Board are committed to demonstrating and achieving the highest standards of corporate governance. This Corporate Governance Statement outlines the main corporate governance policies and practices of the Company. Unless otherwise stated, the Board considers that its corporate governance policies and practices comply with the specific recommendations of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (Third Edition released in March 2014) ("Principles"), which applied during the reporting period.

This Corporate Governance Statement is current as at 22 September 2017 and has been approved by the Board.

A description of the Company's main corporate governance policies is set out below. A copy of this Corporate Governance Statement is available on the Globe corporate website www.globecorporate.com/pdfs/corpgov.pdf.

1.LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

1.1 Board functions

The composition of the Board is determined in accordance with the Company's Constitution and Board Charter.

The Board operates in accordance with the principles set out in its charter, which establishes the functions reserved for the Board. The Board Charter is published on the Globe corporate website www.globecorporate.com/pdfs/boardcharter.pdf

A summary of the Board's responsibilities include:

- providing oversight and strategic direction for the Company;
- reviewing and approving business plans, the annual budget and financial plans including available resources and major capital expenditure initiatives;
- monitoring financial performance including approval of the annual and half-year financial reports and liaison with the Company's auditors;
- appointing directors and assessing the performance of the Board;
- selecting, appointing and reviewing the performance of the Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and senior management;
- considering, approving and monitoring risk management strategies and policies;
- ensuring the Company meets its social and ethical responsibilities; and
- performing the functions otherwise performed by an Audit and Risk Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee.

The Board has formally delegated authority and responsibility to management for the day to day operations of the Company, subject to certain authority limits and reporting requirements.

1.2 Senior Executive Functions

Other than those responsibilities specifically reserved for the Board, responsibility for the management of the Company's business activities is delegated to the CEO, who is accountable to the Board. Sub-delegation occurs as follows:

- senior executives are required to conduct the day-to-day operations of the Company as specified in their Contract of Employment and related job description;
- operations are to be conducted within the framework of approved programs and budgets;
- senior executives are authorized to conduct activities to the extent of their delegated authority; and
- no executive is allowed to approve their personally incurred expenditure.

1.3 Process for evaluating Senior Executive Performance

Senior executive performance is annually reviewed against a mix of both qualitative and quantitative measures. This includes a comparison of actual achievements during the year against specific performance measures established for each year. These measures are set individually for each senior executive depending on the accountabilities of their roles. Quantitative measures are based on the both total group and the senior executive's relevant business unit performance levels. During the year such a review occurred in accordance with the process disclosed above.

1.4 Conduct of background checks prior to appointment of a director

The Company has not appointed or put forward a candidate for election as a director since 2008. As and when this occurs in the future, the Company will undertake the necessary background checks prior to appointment or putting forward a candidate for election as a director.

1.5 Providing shareholders with all relevant information whether or not to elect or re-elect a director

The Company provides its shareholders with all information which is relevant to their decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director in its Notice of Annual General Meeting each year. Such information includes their qualifications, skills and the experience of the director.

1.6 Written agreements with directors and senior executives

The Company has in place written agreements with each director and senior executive which set out the terms of their appointment.

1.7 Company Secretary to report directly to the Board

The Company Secretary reports directly to the Company's Chairman on a day-today basis on all matters related to the proper functioning of the Board.

1.8 Diversity policy

The Company recognises the benefits of a diverse work force. The Company has reflected its approach towards diversity in its various employment policies, which support diversity across the organisation. In particular, these policies do not discriminate the selection, promotion and training of employees on the bases of gender and ethnicity among others.

The Company has not adopted a separate diversity policy and set specific measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity. Due to the current size of the Company's Board and senior management team, and the size and geographical spread of the Company's employees and operations, the Board does not consider it practical to adopt a specific diversity policy. The Board may consider and review matters relating to diversity, including whether it is necessary to establish formal policies and objectives at a time it deems appropriate.

1.9 Measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity

As the Company has not adopted a diversity policy, the Company has not set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity.

1.10 Gender diversity statistics

The proportion of female and male employees in the Globe group at 30 June 2017 is 32% and 68% respectively, as compared to 34% and 66% at 30 June 2016. The proportion of female and male employees in senior executive (KMP) positions is 20% and 80% respectively, which is the same as the previous year. The Company's Board currently has no female directors.

1.11 Process for evaluating the performance of the Board and individual directors

There is no independent review of the conduct and performance of each director. As the Board does not have any Committees, there are also no annual reviews of Committee performance.

The Board undertakes an annual assessment of its collective performance and the performance of the Chairman. The results and action plans, if any, are included in the Board minutes. The last Board self-assessment was conducted in October 2016 and in accordance with this process.

2.STRUCTURE OF THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE

2.1 Composition

The Board currently comprises three directors, one of whom is a non-executive director (Paul Isherwood) and two are executive directors (Peter Hill and Stephen Hill). Details of the qualifications and experience of each director and their term in office are set out on page 33 of the Directors' Report contained in the 2017 Annual Report.

Recommendation 2.1 of the Principles states that a majority of the Board should be comprised of independent directors. The Company's Board composition throughout the year did not meet this recommendation as only Paul Isherwood is considered by the Board to be independent, as he alone satisfies the Board's criteria for director independence outlined below. The Company believes that the composition of the Board is adequate for the Company's current size and operations, as it includes an appropriate mix of skills and expertise relevant to the Company's business.

The Board has adopted specific principles in relation to directors' independence. These state that to be deemed independent, a director must be a non-executive and:

- not be a substantial shareholder of the Company or an officer of, or otherwise associated directly with, a substantial shareholder of the Company;
- within the last three years, not have been employed in an executive capacity by the Company or any other group member, or been a director after ceasing to hold any such employment;
- within the last three years not have been a principal of a material professional adviser or a material consultant to the Company or any other group member, or been an employee materially associated with the service provided;
- not be a material supplier or customer of the Company or any other group member or an officer of or otherwise associated directly or indirectly with a material supplier or customer;
- have no material contractual relationship with the Company or a controlled entity other than as a director of the group; and
- be free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company.

Materiality for these purposes is determined on both qualitative and quantitative bases. An amount of over 5% of annual turnover of the Company or 5% of the individual director's net worth is considered material for these purposes. In addition, a transaction of any amount or a relationship is deemed material if knowledge of it may affect the shareholders' understanding of the director's performance.

Peter Hill and Stephen Hill are not regarded as independent directors, as they are both executives, and are substantial shareholders of the Company. However, the Board believes those directors bring a wealth of relevant industry experience to the Company, particularly as they were also founders of the Company. Furthermore, as substantial shareholders they have a strong incentive to ensure their judgment is not clouded in Board deliberations, as the outcome (indirectly) impacts on them as much as, or more than, most other shareholders.

The two non-independent directors generally do not undertake activities personally that would be in conflict with, or substantially the same as, those of the Company. The Board distinguishes between the concept of independence and the issues of conflict of interest or material personal interests that may arise from time to time. Whenever there is an actual or potential conflict of interest or material personal interest, the Board's policies and procedures ensure that:

- the interest is fully disclosed and the disclosure is recorded in the Board minutes;
- the relevant director is excluded from all consideration of the matter by the Board; and
- if considered warranted, the Board may obtain independent professional advice regarding such matters at the Company's expense.

The Company does not have a formal policy in relation to the selection, nomination and appointment and reappointment of directors due to the size and operations of the Company and the small size of the Board. As and when the need arises for the appointment of an additional director, the Board will take into account various criteria such as the relevant skills, qualifications and experience of the incumbent directors and the needs of the Board. Nomination for reappointment is not automatic. Prior to making a decision to nominate a director for reappointment, the skills, qualifications, experience and contribution of incumbent directors are assessed in light of the needs of the Company.

2.2 Chairman

The Chairman of the Board, Paul Isherwood, is an independent director. The composition of the Board is considered adequate for the Company's current size and operations, as it includes an appropriate mix of skills and expertise relevant to the Company's business.

2.3 Roles of the Chairman and CEO

The role of CEO is held by Matt Hill. The roles of the Chairman and the CEO are not exercised by the same individual.

The Chairman is responsible for leading the Board, ensuring directors are properly briefed in all matters relevant to their roles and responsibilities and facilitating Board discussions and managing the Board's relationship with the Company's senior management.

The CEO is responsible for managing the group, including implementing group strategies and policies approved by the Board and reports to the Board on matters relating to the management of the Company.

2.4 Nomination Committee

The Company does not have a Nomination Committee. The Board considers that the size and level of operations of the Company and the small size of the Board is not sufficient to warrant such a separate Committee.

In the absence of a Nomination Committee, the full Board conduct the functions and consider the issues that would otherwise be considered by a Nomination Committee, such as the appointment and re-election of directors and Board succession matters.

2.6 Board skills matrix

The Company's Board collectively has a diverse set of skills and several years of experience in various areas that are of relevance to the Company's operations and the industry it operates in. These areas include:

- Entrepreneurship.
- Brand development.
- · Development of growth initiatives.
- Market positioning strategies.
- · Leadership.
- · Finance and accounting.
- · Audit and risk management.
- Corporate Governance.
- Listed company experience in different industry sectors.

2.7 Induction program for new directors and professional development opportunities for existing directors.

Due to the size and composition of the Company's Board, the Company does not have a formal programme for inducting new directors or providing for professional development opportunities for directors. However, each of the Company's directors are encouraged to pursue their own professional development initiatives to develop and maintain their skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

3.PROMOTE ETHICAL AND RESPONSIBLE DECISION MAKING

3.1 Code of conduct

The Company has adopted a code of conduct to guide the Company as to:

- practices necessary to maintain confidence in the Company's integrity;
- practices necessary to take into account the legal obligations of the Company and the expectations of stakeholders; and
- responsibility and accountability of individuals for reporting and investigating reports of unethical conduct.

The Corporate Code of Conduct requires everyone who works for the Company and acts on its behalf to observe the highest standard of conduct and ethical behavior. The Corporate Code of Conduct is reviewed annually and updated as required. A copy of the corporate code of conduct can be viewed on the Globe corporate website www.globecorporate.com/pdfs/codeofconduct.pdf

The Company has in place a formal policy (Share Trading Rules) that reinforces to all directors, senior executives and employees of Globe, the prohibition against insider trading and imposes limitations upon dealings in Globe securities. The policy is reviewed regularly to ensure compliance with regulations and updated as required. A copy of the policy can be found on the Globe corporate website at www.globecorporate.com/pdfs/sharetrading.pdf

4.SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

4.1 Audit Committee

The Company currently has no Audit Committee. In the absence of an Audit Committee, all members of the Board participate in the oversight of corporate reporting. All Board members are considered financially literate and where necessary, are provided with appropriate technical financial and industry advice.

As part of the half yearly and annual accounts, the CFO reviews with the directors, all issues of relevance in preparing the accounts including the impact of changes in accounting standards and carrying value of assets.

On an annual basis, directors review management responses to a questionnaire designed to ensure they are informed of all aspects of the financial statements.

Consistent with Recommendation 4.2 of the Principles, the Company's financial report preparation and approval process for the half year ended 31 December 2016 and for the financial year ended 30 June 2017 involved the CEO and CFO providing the required declarations to the Board. The CEO and CFO have certified to the Board that in their opinion the group's financial reports have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the applicable accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the group and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

4.1.1 External auditors

The Company's policy is to appoint external auditors who clearly demonstrate quality and independence. PricewaterhouseCoopers were appointed as the external auditors in 2003.

An analysis of fees paid to the external auditors, including a break-down of fees for non-audit services, is provided in the Directors' Report and in Note 30 to the 2017 Financial Statements. It is the policy of the external auditors to provide an annual declaration of their independence to the Board.

The external auditor attends the annual general meeting (AGM) and is available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the audit report.

The Board reviews the performance of the external auditors on an annual basis and the independent Chairman meets separately with the auditors to discuss any matters raised by them in relation to the management of the Company.

The Company's current audit engagement partner was appointed during the 2015 financial year. Consistent with the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Company generally requires the rotation of the audit engagement partner every five years or less.

5. MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

5.1 Continuous disclosure policy

The Company has adopted a comprehensive policy (Continuous Disclosure Policies & Procedures) that prescribes practices to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rules (particularly continuous disclosure), prevention of selective disclosure and the conduct of external briefings. The policy requires accountability at a senior level for such compliance. The policy is reviewed annually and updated as required and can be accessed on the Globe corporate website at www.globecorporate.com/pdfs/continuousdisclousre.pdf

The CEO, CFO and the Company Secretary are responsible for communications with the ASX. They must ensure compliance with the continuous disclosure requirements in accordance with the ASX Listing Rules. They must also coordinate information disclosures to analysts, shareholders, the media and the public.

6. RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SHAREHOLDERS

6.1 Communications policy with shareholders

The Company places considerable importance on effective communications with its shareholders. As the Company's policy relating to communications with shareholders is already covered under its continuous disclosure policy, the Company does not have a separate formal written policy relating to communications with its shareholders. The Company's communications strategy promotes the communication of information to shareholders through the distribution of the annual and half yearly reports, announcements through the ASX and the media regarding changes in its businesses and the Chairman's address at the AGM.

6.1.1 Electronic Communication

The Company continually reviews opportunities to utilize electronic communication technology to communicate with its shareholders. Shareholders are regularly encouraged to move to paperless communication particularly in relation to the distribution of the annual report and notices of general meeting.

The Company's website also contains contact details of the Company and its Share Registry. Shareholders can communicate to the Company and its Share Registry via electronic means.

6.1.2 Meetings

The Company holds an AGM each year and apprises shareholders of its operations, financial results and future plans. Shareholders are provided with the opportunity to ask questions of the directors, senior management and external auditor at the AGM. Shareholders who are unable to attend the AGM are encouraged to vote on the proposed motions by appointing a proxy via the proxy form accompanying the Notice of Annual General Meeting.

6.1.3 Briefings

The Company maintains summary records for internal use of the issues discussed at one-on-one briefings with investors and analysts, including a record of those present (names or numbers where appropriate) and the time and place of the meeting.

6.1.4 Website

The Company's corporate website is available for access at all times at www.globecorporate.com. The website includes the Corporate Governance Statement and all relevant Company policies and procedures.

6.1.5 Investor Relations

Due to the Company's size and the relatively small free float of the Company's shares, the Company's investor relations program comprises mainly of engagement with its shareholders at its AGM and meetings on request with shareholders or other potential investors. The CEO and CFO are ultimately responsible for conducting the Company's investor relations programme and responding to questions that shareholders or potential investors may have.

7. RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

7.1 Policy for the oversight and management of material business risks

Consistent with Recommendation 7 of the Principles, the Company is committed to the identification, oversight, monitoring and management of material business risks associated with its business activities and has established various policies to embed in its management and reporting systems a number of risk management controls. These include:

- annual budgeting and monthly and daily reporting systems which enable the monitoring of progress against performance targets and the evaluation of trends;
- a comprehensive annual insurance program;
- a sound system of internal control;
- policies and procedures for the management of financial risk and treasury operations including exposures to foreign currency movements (see Note 1 of the 2017 Financial Statements);
- policies and procedures for the management of other business risks such as sourcing risks, information risks and social and ethical risks; and
- Directors' financial due diligence questionnaires to management.

This summary of the company's risk management policies is also available on the Globe corporate website www.globecorporate.com/pdfs/riskmanagement.pdf. Management is ultimately responsible to the Board for the group's internal control system and risk management framework.

7.2 Management and reporting of material business risks

7.2.1 Risk Management and Internal Control System

The Company has in place a risk management framework and internal control system. As required by the Board, management has reported to the Board that the Company's material business risks have been managed effectively. The Board annually reviews the Company's risk management framework to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound. The last such annual review was conducted in April 2017.

In relation to its responsibilities, the Board's consideration of the Company's risk management and internal controls includes the following:

- reviewing risk management and internal control systems required by the Board to be designed and implemented by management to manage the Company's material business risks and making recommendations for enhancements if necessary;
- monitoring compliance with the Corporations Act 2001, ASX, ASIC and ATO requirements;
- improving the quality of management and accounting information; and
- overseeing the follow up and rectification by management of deficiencies or breakdown in risk management or internal controls, where necessary.

7.2.2 Internal Audit Function

The Company does not have an internal audit function however it employs appropriate processes for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes. During the reporting period, the Board was responsible for the oversight of the Company's internal processes and practices and assessing the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control process. The Board believes that the Company's risk management and internal control system is adequate for the Company's current size and operations.

7.2.3 Risk Management Committee

The Company does not have a Risk Management Committee. The functions that would otherwise be performed by a Risk Management Committee are conducted by the Board as a whole.

7.2.4 Sustainability Risks

The Company has assessed its exposure to sustainability risks and in its opinion, due to the nature of the Company's activities, its products, and its current size, the Company does not have a material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks. However, the Company will continually monitor any developments that may occur that could result in such a material exposure arising in the future.

Details of the Company's commitment to environmental and social responsibility are set out on page 29 of the 2017 Annual Report.

8. REMUNERATION

8.1 Remuneration Committee

The Company does not have a Remuneration Committee. Due to the Company's current size and operations the Board believes that this function can be performed by the Board as a whole. Accordingly, the Board performs this function by following the remuneration policies and practices outlined in the Company's Remuneration Report contained in the Directors' Report (pages 36 to 40) of the Company's 2017 Annual Report).

This Remuneration Report contains full details of the Company's remuneration policies and practices, including the structure and actual remuneration paid to non-executive directors and key management personnel and other information required by the Principles.

The Company does not have a policy in relation to employees limiting their exposure to unvested entitlements under the Company's equity based remuneration schemes. As the vesting conditions of these entitlements are not subject to market based conditions, it is not necessary for the Company to formulate a policy in this regard.

8.2 Clearly distinguish Non-Executive Directors Remuneration from Executive Directors and Senior Executives

As required by the Principles, non-executive directors remuneration is clearly disclosed separately from that of executive directors and senior executives. Further information is provided in the Remuneration Report contained in the Directors' Report (pages 36 to 40 of the Company's 2017 Annual Report).

The Company does not provide its directors with any retirement schemes other than contributions to statutory superannuation.