Rules 4.7.3 and 4.10.31

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Introduced 01/07/14 Amended 02/11/15

Introduced 01/07/14 Amended 02/11/13	
Name of entity	
Metal Bank Limited	
ABN / ARBN	Financial year ended:
51 127 297 170	30 June 2017
Our corporate governance statement ² for the	e above period above can be found at:3
☐ These pages of our annual report:	
X This URL on our website: http://metall	pank.com.au/corporate-governance
The Corporate Governance Statement is accepted approved by the board.	curate and up to date as at 28 September 2017 and has
The annexure includes a key to where our co	orporate governance disclosures can be located.
Date: 28 September 2017	
Name of Company Secretary authorising lo	dgement: Sue-Ann Higgins

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of rule 4.10.3.

Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

2 November 2015

¹ Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX.

² "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

³ Mark whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where the entity's corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed 4
PRINC	IPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVE	ERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should disclose:	the fact that we follow this recommendation:	
	(a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and	X in our Corporate Governance Statement	
	(b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.		
1.2	A listed entity should:	the fact that we follow this recommendation:	
	 (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and 	X in our Corporate Governance Statement	
	(b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.		
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director	the fact that we follow this recommendation:	
	and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	X in our Corporate Governance Statement	
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: X in our Corporate Governance Statement	

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⁴ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
1.5	A listed entity should:		X an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance
	(a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;		Statement
	(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and		
	(c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either:		
	(1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or		
	(2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.		
1.6	A listed entity should:	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):	
	(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and	X in our Corporate Governance Statement	
	(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.		
1.7	A listed entity should:	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):	
	(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and	X in our Corporate Governance Statement	
	(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.		

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4		
PRINCI	PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE				
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively: X in our Corporate Governance Statement			
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	our board skills matrix: X in our Corporate Governance Statement			
2.3	 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director. 	the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors: X in our Corporate Governance Statement and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b): X in our Corporate Governance Statement and the length of service of each director: X in our Corporate Governance Statement			
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		X an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement		

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015

Appendix 4G Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corpor	ate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4	
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: X in our Corporate Governance Statement		
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: X in our Corporate Governance Statement		
PRINCI	PLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	our code of conduct or a summary of it: X at http://metalbank.com.au/corporate-governance		

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINCIP	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING		
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner: X in our Corporate Governance Statement	
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: X in our Corporate Governance Statement	
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: X in our Corporate Governance Statement	

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINCI	PLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	$\dots \text{ our continuous disclosure compliance policy or a summary of it:} \\ X \qquad \text{at http://metalbank.com.au/corporate-governance}$	
PRINCI	PLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	information about us and our governance on our website: X at http://metalbank.com.au/corporate-governance	
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: X in our Corporate Governance Statement and X our Shareholder Communications Policy at http://metalbank.com.au/corporate-governance	
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	our policies and processes for facilitating and encouraging participation at meetings of security holders: X in our Corporate Governance Statement and X our Shareholder Communications Policy at http://metalbank.com.au/corporate-governance	
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: X in our Corporate Governance Statement	

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \ldots^4
PRINCI	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework: X in our Corporate Governance Statement and X our Risk Management Policy at http://metalbank.com.au/corporate-governance	
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	the fact that board or a committee of the board reviews the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound: X in our Corporate Governance Statement and that such a review has taken place in the reporting period covered by this Appendix 4G: X in our Corporate Governance Statement	
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes: X in our Corporate Governance Statement	

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015

Appendix 4G Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	whether we have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks: X in our Corporate Governance Statement	

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	
PRINCIP	PLE 8 - REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: X in our Corporate Governance Statement	
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives: X in our Corporate Governance Statement and the Remuneration Report forming part of the Company's Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2017 available at: http://metalbank.com.au/reports	
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our policy on this issue or a summary of it: X Securities Trading Policy at http://metalbank.com.au/corporate-governance and the Remuneration Report forming part of the Company's Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2017 available at: http://metalbank.com.au/reports	

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms 2 November 2015



Corporate Governance Statement

Metal Bank Limited ("**Metal Bank**"), through its board and executives, recognises the need to establish and maintain corporate governance policies and practices that reflect the requirements of the market regulators and participants, and the expectations of members and others who deal with Metal Bank. These policies and practices remain under constant review as the corporate governance environment and good practices evolve.

ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations

The Metal Bank board has set out in this Statement its report against the third edition of ASX Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations (the Principles"). This Corporate Governance Statement is dated and was approved by the board on 28 September 2017.

As Metal Bank currently has only a small market capitalisation and only three directors it is unable at this stage of its development to report full compliance with the Principles. Where its processes do not fit the Principles, the board believes that there are good reasons for the different approach being adopted. A summary of the areas of non-compliance and reasons are as follows:

- Recommendation 1.5: The Company has, as yet, no established policy in relation to gender diversity. The company has only two full time employees and as a consequence the opportunity for creating a meaningful gender diversity policy is limited.
- Recommendation 2.4: Metal Bank's board is not comprised of a majority of independent directors. The board has determined that, consistent with the size of the Company and its strategy and activities, the board shall be comprised of three directors, two of whom are executive directors.

The eight Principles and the Company's position in respect of each of them, are set out below:

Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

- 1.1 A listed entity should disclose:
- a) the respective roles and responsibilities of the board and management; and
- b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.

The respective roles and responsibilities of Metal Bank's Board and management and those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management are set out in detail in the Metal Bank Board Charter, a copy of which is included on the Corporate Governance page of the Company's website www.metalbank.com.au.





The board's role is to govern the Company in the best interests of the shareholders as a whole, including setting the Company's strategy, promoting and protecting the Company's interests and overseeing the management of the Company.

The board is responsible for:

- Overseeing, approving and monitoring the Company's strategic and operating objectives, acquisitions and divestments;
- Reviewing and approving the Company's systems of risk management and internal compliance and control, including the integrity of the Company's accounting and corporate reporting systems, and monitoring the performance of the Company in these areas;
- Approving and monitoring annual budgets, major capital expenditure and capital management;
- Approving and adopting documents required by laws or external regulation, including annual and financial reports and statements to shareholders;
- Monitoring the operational and financial position and performance of the Company;
- Appointment and removal of a CEO and/or managing director, executive directors and the Company Secretary, evaluation their performance and approving the terms and conditions of employment including remuneration;
- Delegating authority to the executive directors to ensure the effective day-to-day management of the business of the Company and monitoring the exercise of such delegated authority;
- Ratifying the appointment and removal of senior executive positions reporting to the managing or executive directors and determining whether the terms and conditions (including remuneration) are appropriate,
- Ensuring that policies and procedures are in place consistent with the Company's objectives, corporate governance standards and relevant laws and monitoring compliance in these areas; and
- Ensuring corporate accountability to the shareholders through an effective shareholder communications strategy.

The Metal Bank board consists of two executive directors, the Chief Financial Officer with responsibilities for finance and accounting and the Managing Director.

An executive director's primary objective is to ensure the ongoing success of the Company through being responsible for those aspects of the management and development of the Company delegated to the executive director by the Board in accordance with his or her terms of engagement.





Duties of executive directors include to:

- devote the whole of his or her time, attention and skill during normal business hours and at other times as reasonably necessary, to the duties of the office;
- develop with the Board the ongoing corporate strategy; implementing and monitoring strategy and reporting to the Board on current and future initiatives;
- be accountable for planning, coordinating and directing the operations of the Company to achieve strategic, financial and operating objectives as agreed with the Board;
- promote the interests of the Company;
- advise the Board regarding the most effective organisational structure and oversee its implementation;
- assess business opportunities of potential benefit to the Company;
- recommend policies to the Board in relation to a range of organisational issues including delegations of authority;
- ensure statutory, legal and regulatory compliance and comply with corporate policies and standards; and
- Ensure appropriate risk management practices and policies are in place.

1.2 A listed entity should:

- a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election as a director; and
- b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.

The board of Metal Bank has determined that it will ensure appropriate checks are undertaking prior to appointing a person, or putting a person forward to shareholders as a candidate for election as a director. These will include checks as to the person's character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history, where required.

Information about a candidate standing for election or re-election as a director will be provided to shareholders to enable them to make an informed decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect the candidate. This information may include:

- biographical details, including relevant qualifications, experience and skills;
- details of other material directorships;
- a statement regarding whether the director qualifies as independent;
- any material adverse information or potential conflicts of interest, position or association;
- the term of office currently served (for directors standing for re-election); and
- a statement whether the board supports the election or re-election of the candidate.





1.3 A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.

All directors and senior executives of Metal Bank have a written agreement with the Company setting out the terms of their appointment.

1.4 The Company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.

The Company Secretary of Metal Bank is accountable to the board on all governance matters and reports directly to the Chairman as the representative of the board.

The Company Secretary is appointed and dismissed by the board.

The Company Secretary's advice and services are available to all directors.

1.5 A listed entity should:

- have a diversity policy which includes requirement for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;
- b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and
- c) disclose at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them, and either:
 - 1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purpose); or
 - 2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators" as defined in and published under that Act.

As set out in its Code of Ethical Business Conduct, Metal Bank is committed to developing, maintaining and supporting a diverse workforce. The Company has, as yet, no established policy in relation to gender diversity. The company has only two full time employees and as a consequence the opportunity for creating a meaningful gender diversity policy is limited.

The Company will disclose at the end of each reporting period the respective proportions of men and women on the board and in senior executive positions. Currently the board comprises three members, one of which is a woman. Of the two senior executives, one is the Company Secretary, who is also a woman.

1.6 A listed entity should:

- a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and
- b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.





The Board undertakes an annual performance evaluation of itself that:

- compares the performance of the Board with the requirements of its Charter; and
- effects any improvements to the Board Charter deemed necessary or desirable.

The performance evaluation is conducted in such manner as the Board deems appropriate. The Metal Bank board has conducted an evaluation of its role and the board's charter during the reporting period ending 30 June 2017.

1.7 A listed entity should:

- have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and
- b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.

The performance of all senior executives is reviewed at least once a year. The performance of the executive directors and other senior executives is reviewed by the Chair on an annual basis. They are assessed against personal and Company Key Performance Indicators established from time to time as appropriate for the Company and their respective positions.

Principle 2: Structure the board to add value

- 2.1 The board of a listed entity should:
 - a) have a nomination committee; or
 - b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.

The board has determined that while it is comprised of only three members the board as a whole will perform the tasks and functions generally assumed by a nomination committee.

In particular, the board is responsible for:

- determining the size, composition and performance of the board;
- nomination, appointment and re-election of directors;
- succession planning generally; and
- induction, performance evaluation and remuneration of directors and senior executives.

The board periodically reviews its membership and composition to assess the overall mix of skills, knowledge, experience and backgrounds represented on the Board, including independence and diversity, to ensure it is able to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.

New directors are selected after consultation with all board members and their appointment voted on by the board. Each year, in addition to any board members appointed to fill casual vacancies during





the year, one third of directors retire by rotation and are subject to re-election by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting.

2.2 A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its memberships.

During the 2017 financial year, the Metal Bank board conducted a governance skills review regarding the skills, knowledge and experience of the current board. The skills matrix is set out in the table below.

	Executive Director –	Managing Director	Chair	Company Secretary
	Finance			
Skills and	Accounting and	Project	Executive	Legal, compliance and
Experience	financial reporting;	identification and	Leadership;	governance skills;
	corporate finance and	acquisition,	Independent & Non	Mergers and
	internal financial	exploration,	Executive	Acquisition; risk
	controls; financial	feasibility studies,	Directorship	management; and
	analysis skills,	management of	experience;	people management
	compliance and	exploration	Strategy	skills.
	governance skills.	projects.	Development and	
			Implementation;	
			Project Acquisition	
			and Management;	
			OHSE&C	
			experience;	
			Nomination and	
			Remuneration	
			committee	
			experience; Mining	
			and Exploration	
			Management;	
			Marketing and	
			Investor Relations;	
			and Global	
			Experience	

The Metal Bank board has determined that any addition to board membership must be independent of shareholders and management.

- 2.3 A listed entity should disclose:
 - a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;
 - b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 of the Principles but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and
 - c) the length of service of each director.

Guy Robertson is an executive director and therefore not considered independent. He has served as a director since 17 September 2012.





Tony Schreck is an executive director and therefore not considered independent. He has served as a director since 29 November 2013.

The Chair, Inés Scotland is considered to be independent. She has served as a director since 12 August 2013. Ms Scotland is associated with a substantial security holder of the entity, however, the association is as discretionary beneficiary. She is not a director or other officer of the substantial security holder and accordingly, the association is not considered to compromise her independence.

2.4 A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.

The board recognizes that best practice is to have a majority of non-executive directors who are judged by the board to be independent of judgement and character and free of material relationships with the Company and other entities and people that might influence or would be perceived by shareholders to influence such judgement. However, the board has determined that, consistent with the size of the Company and its strategy and activities, the board shall be comprised of three directors, two of whom are executive directors.

The board will review membership and composition of the board periodically with a view to progressively increasing the independent directors on the board as the Company grows.

2.5 The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.

The Chair, Inés Scotland is considered to be independent.

2.6 A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

Metal Bank Limited has a program for induction of new directors. Directors are active in undertaking professional development opportunities for the purpose of development and maintenance of their skills. Such activities are reported as part of the board's governance skills review, which also assists in identifying areas requiring further development.

Principle 3: Act ethically and responsibly

- 3.1 A listed entity should:
 - a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and
 - b) disclose that code or a summary of it.

Metal Bank has a Code of Ethical Business Conduct which applies to its directors, senior executive and employees, a copy of which is available on the Governance page of the Company's website: www.metalbank.com.au.





Principle 4: Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

- 4.1 the board of a listed entity should:
 - a) have an audit committee; or
 - b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

The board has determined that while it is comprised of only three members the board as a whole will perform the tasks and functions generally assumed by an audit committee.

In particular, the board is responsible for:

- The Company's financial statements and the adequacy of the Company's corporate reporting processes;
- The appointment, removal, rotation of the external auditor;
- The scope and adequacy of the external audit; and
- The independence and performance of the external auditor, including provision of non-audit services.

The board has approved a Financial Controls Procedure and reviews the financial procedures and controls adopted by the Company at least annually. The board meets with and receives regular reports from the external auditors concerning any matters that arise in connection with the performance of their role, including the adequacy of internal controls.

The board is responsible for overseeing the Company's relationship with the auditors and for determining and ensuring the independence of the auditors. The board has adopted an External Auditors Policy, a copy of which is available on the Governance page Company's website. Rotation of the lead partner involved in the external audit of the Company is required every 5 years.

4.2 The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, received from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

Declarations regarding the financial statements are received from the two executive directors who perform functions usually undertaken by a CEO or CFO. The board received such declarations for the quarterly, half year and annual reports for 2017.





4.3 A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.

Metal Bank's auditor attends the Company's AGM in person and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.

Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure

- 5.1 a listed entity should:
 - a) have a written policy for complying with is continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and
 - b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.

Metal Bank recognises that timely and balanced disclosure of all material information concerning the Company must be made on a continuous basis so as to ensure that the market is informed of all material events and developments as they arise. Metal Bank's Continuous Disclosure Policy is available on the Governance page of the Company's website: www.metalbank.com.au.

Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders

6.1 A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.

Metal Bank's website includes a Governance page, which includes a copy of this Corporate Governance Statement and various governance policies.

6.2 A listed entity should design and implement and investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.

The Company's Shareholder Communication Policy, which is available on the Governance page of its website, summarises the Company's communication program, including regular reporting, email alerts, active participation at the Company's AGM and encouragement of shareholder communications.

6.3 A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.

Notices of the Annual General Meeting, together with accompanying information such as the explanatory memorandum, are sent to shareholders, either by mail or email, depending on the shareholder's election, and are also placed on the Company's website. Shareholders are encouraged to attend the Annual General Meeting and to ask questions.

6.4 A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communication to, the entity and its security registry electronically.





The Company provides an email alert service. Shareholders are encouraged to register for this service through the Company's website and once registered will receive information by email, including ASX releases, annual and other reports, company presentations and notices of general meetings.

Shareholders may also elect to receive communications from the Company's share Registrar, Advanced Share Registry, by email.

Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk

- 7.1 The board of a listed entity should:
 - a) have a risk committee; or
 - b) if it does not have a risk committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.

The board has determined that while it is comprised of only three members the board as a whole will perform the tasks and functions generally assumed by a risk committee.

The Company has established policies for the oversight and management of material business risks. The Company's Risk Management Policy is available on the Governance page of its website: www.metalbank.com.au. This document sets out the Company's policy and processes for risk management and the roles and responsibilities of the board, executives and employees.

Metal Bank has incorporated risk management into its decision making and business planning processes so that risks are identified, analysed, ranked and appropriate risk controls and risk management plans are put into place to manage and reduce the identified risks, with all identified risks entered into a Risk Register.

The risk identification and management system, including the Risk Register, is reviewed annually by senior management and the board and policies and practices upgraded where issues are identified that require attention. Reviews of specific items are undertaken by senior management where issues are identified and immediate action is required.

Risk is a standing item on the agenda of board meetings, for reporting against identified material business risks.

- 7.2 The board or a committee of the board should:
 - a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and
 - b) disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.

Metal Bank's risk policy and risk register is reviewed by the Board of Directors annually to coincide with the preparation and lodgement of the Company's Annual Report. A review was undertaken in the financial year ending 30 June 2017.





7.3 A listed entity should disclose:

- a) If it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or
- b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.

The board has determined that, consistent with the size of the Company and its activities, an internal audit function is not currently appropriate. As noted regarding recommendations 7.1 and 7.2 above and regarding Principle 4 above, the board has adopted a Risk Management Policy and processes appropriate to the size of Metal Bank to manage the company's material business risks and to ensure regular reporting to the board on whether those risks are being managed effectively in accordance with the controls that are in place.

7.4 A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

The board has reviewed the Company's exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and determined that, given the nature of its activities and the fact that the Company is reliant on raising funds for continued activities from shareholders or other investors, this represents a material economic risk. The Company's financial position is monitored on a regular basis and processes put into place to ensure that fund raising activities will be conducted in a timely manner to ensure the Company has sufficient funds to conduct its activities.

Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

- 8.1 The board of a listed entity should:
 - a) have a remuneration committee; or
 - b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

The board has determined that while it is comprised of only three members and given the Company has only two full time employees, the board as a whole will perform the tasks and functions generally assumed by a remuneration committee. The board determines, on a case by case basis, the terms and conditions of employment of company executives and consultants, including remuneration. Remuneration for senior executives is determined and reviewed by reference to the Company's performance, the individual's performance, as well as comparable information from listed companies in similar industries to ensure base remuneration is set to reflect the market for a comparable role.

8.2 A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.





The remuneration details of non-executive directors, executive directors and senior management for the year ended 30 June 2017 are set out in the Remuneration Report that forms part of the Directors' report in the Company's Annual Report.

The performance of the executive director and senior executives is measured against criteria agreed annually and incentives are linked to predetermined performance criteria and may, with shareholder approval, include the issue of shares and/or options.

- 8.3 A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:
 - have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and
 - b) disclose that policy or a summary or it.

The Company's Security Trading Policy, a copy of which is available on the Governance page of the Company's website www.metalbank.com.au, sets out restrictions on participation by staff in hedging arrangements over the Company's securities issued pursuant to any share scheme, performance right's plan or option plan. In particular:

- Staff are prohibited from in hedging arrangements over unvested securities; and
- Vested securities may only be hedged once they are exercised into shareholdings and only under the following conditions:
 - o the details of the hedge are fully disclosed to the Chair and the Company Secretary (and to ASX and in the Annual Report, as appropriate);
 - the hedge transaction is treated as a dealing in securities and the restrictions and requirements of the Securities Trading Policy are satisfied; and
 - o all holding locks have been removed from the relevant securities.

Approved by the Board

28 September 2017

