Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name o	Name of entity:				
Myer I	Myer Holdings Limited				
ABN / A	ABN / ARBN: Financial year ended:				
14 119	9 085 602	29 July 2017			
Our co	orporate governance statement ² for the a	above period above can be found at:3			
	These pages of our annual report:				
\boxtimes	This URL on our website:	https://www.myer.com.au/investor			
The C	•	rate and up to date as at 10 October 2017 and has been approved by the			
The a	The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.				
Date: 23 October 2017					
	Name of Director or Secretary authorising authorising lodgement: Richard Amos				

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of rule 4.10.3.

Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "<u>OR</u>" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "<u>OR</u>" at the end of the selection.

¹ Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

² "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

³ Mark whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where the entity's corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINC	IPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVI	ERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 1.1) OR at [insert location] and information about the respective roles and responsibilities of our board and management (including those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management): in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 1.1) OR AND at this location: Board Charter located at https://www.myer.com.au/investor	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 1.2)	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 1.3) at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 1.4) at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \ldots^4	
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them; (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either: (1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.	the fact that we have a diversity policy that complies with paragraph (a): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 1.5) OR ☐ at [insert location] and a copy of our diversity policy or a summary of it: ☑ at this location: Diversity policy located at https://www.myer.com.au/investor and the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with our diversity policy and our progress towards achieving them: ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 1.5) OR ☐ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (c)(1) or (2): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 1.5) ORAND ☑ at this location: Myer's WGEA Report located at http://investor.myer.com.au/Reports/?page=Sustainability	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable 	
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a): in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 1.6) OR at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraph (b): in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 1.6) OR at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable 	

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ⁴
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a): in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 1.7) OR at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraph (b): in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 1.7) OR at [insert location]	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	If the entity complies with paragraph (a): the fact that we have a nomination committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 2.1) OR ☐ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: ☑ at this location: Nomination Committee Charter located at http://www.myer.com.au/investor and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 2.1) OR AND ☑ at this location: See Directors' Report, at page 28 of the 2017 Myer Annual Report, located at http://www.myer.com.au/investor	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	our board skills matrix: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 2.2)	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpor	ate Governance Council recommendation	period above. We have disclosed of the period above. We have disclosed an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Go Statement in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 2.3) OR	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
2.3	 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director. 		an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 2.4)	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 2.5) OR at [insert location]	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 2.6) at [insert location]	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4	
PRINCIP	PRINCIPLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	our code of conduct or a summary of it: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 3.1) ORAND at this location: Code of Conduct located at http://www.myer.com.au/investor	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement	

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINCIP	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING		
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	If the entity complies with paragraph (a): the fact that we have an audit committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 4.1) ☐ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: ☑ at this location: Audit, Finance and Risk Committee Charter located at http://www.myer.com.au/investor and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 4.1) ☐ AND ☑ at this location: See Directors' Report, at pages 25 to 28 of the 2017 Myer Annual Report, located at http://www.myer.com.au/investor	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 4.2) at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 4.3) at [insert location]	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an annual general meeting and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINCIP	PLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our continuous disclosure compliance policy or a summary of it: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 5.1) ORAD at this location: Continuous Disclosure Policy located at http://www.myer.com.au/investor	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIP	PLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	information about us and our governance on our website: at this location: See Corporate Governance Section of Myer's Investor Centre website, located at http://www.myer.com.au/investor	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 6.2) at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	our policies and processes for facilitating and encouraging participation at meetings of security holders: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 6.3)	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold periodic meetings of security holders and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 6.4) at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINCIP	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	If the entity complies with paragraph (a): the fact that we have a committee or committees to oversee risk that comply with paragraphs (1) and (2): in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 7.1) OR at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: at this location: Audit, Finance and Risk Committee Charter located at http://www.myer.com.au/investor and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 4.1) OR AND at this location: See Directors' Report, at page 28 of the 2017 Myer Annual Report, located at http://www.myer.com.au/investor	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	the fact that board or a committee of the board reviews the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 7.2) OR at [insert location] and that such a review has taken place in the reporting period covered by this Appendix 4G: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 7.2) OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ⁴
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	If the entity complies with paragraph (a): how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 7.3) OR at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	whether we have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 7.4) OR AND at this location: Directors' Report, at pages 33 to 34 of the 2017 Myer Annual Report, located at http://www.myer.com.au/investor	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
PRINCIP	LE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	If the entity complies with paragraph (a): the fact that we have a remuneration committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 8.1) at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: at this location: Human Resources and Remuneration Committee Charter, located at http://www.myer.com.au/investor and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 8.1) AND at this location: Directors' Report, at page 28 of the 2017 Myer Annual Report, located at http://www.myer.com.au/investor	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 8.2) ORAND at this location: Remuneration Report which forms part of the Directors' Report, at pages 56 to 57 of the 2017 Myer Annual Report, located at http://www.myer.com.au/investor	 □ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our policy on this issue or a summary of it: in our Corporate Governance Statement (see section 8.3) AND at this location: Securities Dealing Policy, located at http://www.myer.com.au/investor	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

The Board of Myer Holdings Limited (**Myer**) is committed to achieving the highest standards of corporate governance. The Board is concerned to ensure that Myer is managed to protect and enhance shareholder interests, and that the company, its directors, officers and employees operate in an appropriate environment of corporate governance.

The Board has adopted a corporate governance framework comprising principles that are consistent with the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (3rd edition) (ASX Principles).

This framework is designed to promote responsible management and assists the Board to discharge its corporate governance responsibilities on behalf of Myer's shareholders.

Myer regularly reviews its policies and charters to ensure they remain consistent with the Board's objectives, current laws and best practice.

The policies and charters referred to in this statement are available from the Corporate Governance section in the Investor Centre of Myer's website (myer.com.au/investor).

Myer has followed the recommendations set out in the ASX Principles during the FY2017 reporting period.

This Corporate Governance Statement has been approved by the Board and is current as at 10 October 2017. It is structured to reflect the ASX Principles as follows:

- (1) Lay solid foundations for management and oversight
- (2) Structure the Board to add value
- (3) Act ethically and responsibly
- (4) Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting
- (5) Make timely and balanced disclosure
- (6) Respect the rights of security holders
- (7) Recognise and manage risk
- (8) Remunerate fairly and responsibly

PRINCIPLE 1 — LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

1.1 THE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

The Board has ultimate responsibility for setting policy regarding the business and affairs of Myer for the benefit of shareholders and other stakeholders

The role of the Board is to:

- > represent and serve the interests of shareholders by overseeing and appraising Myer's strategies, policies and performance;
- > protect and optimise Myer's performance and build sustainable value for shareholders in accordance with any duties and obligations imposed on the Board by law and Myer's Constitution, and within a framework of prudent and effective controls that enable risk to be assessed and managed;
- set, review and ensure compliance with Myer's values and governance framework (including establishing and observing high ethical standards); and
- > ensure that shareholders are kept informed of Myer's performance and major developments affecting its state of affairs.

The Board has adopted the Board Charter and Relationship with Management (Board Charter) to provide a framework for its effective operation. The Board Charter is available from the Corporate Governance section in the Investor Centre of Myer's website. The Board Charter outlines the manner in which the Board's constitutional powers and responsibilities will be exercised and discharged, having regard to principles of good corporate governance, best practice and applicable laws.

As set out in the Board Charter, the responsibilities and functions of the Board include:

- selecting, appointing and evaluating the performance of, determining the remuneration of, and planning the succession of the Chief Executive Officer (CEO);
- on recommendation of the CEO, selecting, appointing and reviewing the performance of the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and other senior executives;
- > setting Myer's remuneration policy, within which the CEO has authority to operate;
- contributing to and approving management development of corporate strategy, including setting performance objectives and approving operating budgets;

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- reviewing, ratifying and monitoring systems of risk management and internal control and ethical and legal compliance;
- monitoring corporate performance and implementation of strategy and policy;
- approving major capital expenditure, acquisitions and divestments, and monitoring capital management;
- > monitoring and reviewing management processes aimed at ensuring the integrity of financial and other reporting;
- > developing and reviewing corporate governance principles and policies;
- > overseeing Myer's processes for making timely and balanced disclosure:
- approving and reviewing Myer's ethical sourcing policy, and reviewing and monitoring ethical sourcing risks; and
- > approving and reviewing Myer's diversity policy, and establishing measurable objectives for achieving diversity across Myer, and annually assessing both the objectives and progress towards achieving them.

The roles of Chairman and CEO are separate, and the Board Charter sets out the responsibilities of each office. The roles of Chairman and CEO are not exercised by the same individual.

The Chairman's responsibilities include:

- chairing meetings of the Board and shareholders, including the Annual General Meeting (AGM);
- > ensuring that the Board's decisions have been implemented;
- ensuring that the Board fulfils its obligations under the Board Charter and relevant legislation;
- > providing leadership to the Board and Myer;
- > leading the Board to ensure that it operates efficiently and effectively; and
- > promoting constructive and respectful relationships between the Board and management.

The management of Myer is conducted by, or under the supervision of, the CEO as directed by the Board. The CEO is responsible for implementing strategic objectives, plans and budgets approved by the Board. The Board approves corporate objectives for the CEO to satisfy and, jointly with the CEO, develops the duties and responsibilities of the CEO.

Management is accountable to the Board, and is required to provide the Board with information in a form, timeframe and quality that enables the Board to discharge its duties effectively. Directors are entitled to request additional information.

The number of meetings of the Board held during the period ended 29 July 2017, and the number of meetings attended by each director are set out in the Directors' Report, at page 28 of the 2017 Myer Annual Report.

The Board has established three Committees to streamline the discharge of its duties and responsibilities. The current Board Committees are:

- > the Audit, Finance and Risk Committee (AFR Committee):
- the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee (HR & Remuneration Committee); and
- > the Nomination Committee (Nomination Committee).

Each Committee has a written Charter that sets out its role and responsibilities, composition and membership requirements, and the manner in which the Committee is to operate. The Charters for each Committee are available from the Corporate Governance section in the Investor Centre of Myer's website.

All directors are invited to attend Committee meetings. Most Committee meetings are attended by all directors. Non-committee members, including members of management, may also attend all or part of a meeting of the Committee at the invitation of the Committee Chairman.

1.2 APPOINTMENTS, ELECTION AND RE-ELECTION

Myer's policy and procedure for selection and appointment of new directors and re-election of directors is set out in the Nomination Committee Charter. When identifying potential candidates for Board appointment, factors that may be considered include:

- > the skills, experience, expertise and personal qualities that will best complement Board effectiveness;
- the capability of the candidate to devote the necessary time and commitment to the role; and
- > potential conflicts of interest and independence.

Appropriate checks in relation to potential appointees, including via referees, are conducted. The identification of potential director candidates may be assisted by the use of external search organisations as appropriate. For the four most recent director appointments, an executive search firm was engaged to oversee a formal selection process. Myer has previously outlined its program of Board renewal, and a global search firm has been appointed to assist in the search for candidates with relevant experience.

All directors are consulted and provided with detailed information about potential new directors. Any new appointment is approved by the Board in accordance with Myer's Constitution. Any new directors appointed by the Board must retire at the next AGM after their appointment and offer themselves for election by Myer's shareholders.

In accordance with the ASX Listing Rules and Myer's Constitution, no director other than the CEO may hold office without re-election beyond the third AGM following their last election. Where eligible, a director may stand for re-election at the AGM. The CEO will not retire by rotation.

Prior to each AGM, the Board determines whether to recommend to shareholders to vote in favour of the election or re-election of each director standing for election or re-election, or any other candidate standing for election, having regard to any matters that the Board considers relevant.

In August 2015, the Board adopted an amendment to its Charter such that, generally, the Board will not recommend a director standing for

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re-election for a further term where that director has already served a term totalling more than nine years on the Board.

Information about each director to be elected or re-elected is provided in the Notice of Meeting prior to the AGM. Announcements about new directors are disclosed to the ASX. In addition, the Corporate Governance section of the Investor Centre on Myer's website also sets out information about a new director's skills and experiences.

1.3 WRITTEN APPOINTMENTS

Directors and senior executives are provided with a letter of appointment setting out Myer's expectations, their responsibilities and rights and the terms and conditions of their tenure.

1.4 THE COMPANY SECRETARY

Richard Amos was appointed Chief General Counsel and Company Secretary on and from 6 July 2015. Details of Richard's experience and background are set out in the Management Team section of Myer's Investor Centre website.

The Company Secretary has an important role in supporting the effectiveness of the Board by monitoring that Board policy and procedures are followed. The Company Secretary is accountable to the Board, through the Chairman. All directors have direct access to the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary is responsible for coordination of all Board business, including agendas, Board papers and minutes. The Company Secretary is responsible for communication with regulatory bodies and the ASX, and all statutory and other filings.

1.5 DIVERSITY

Myer's Diversity Policy outlines our approach to creating and maintaining an inclusive and collaborative workplace culture. The Diversity Policy sets out Myer's diversity principles.

In this context, diversity covers gender, age, marital status, cultural background, language, sexual orientation and disability.

It also includes differences in backgrounds, education and life experiences.

Having a diverse range of employees better enables Myer to provide the best service to its customers. It enables us to foster greater innovation, stronger problem-solving capability, greater customer connection, increased morale, motivation and engagement.

Key principles

Myer's approach to diversity has been strengthened during FY2017 with the development of a Diversity & Inclusion Strategy underpinned by the following three pillars:

1. How we lead: we acknowledge the changing world in which we live, so as leaders we aim to go beyond compliance to build a diverse and inclusive culture. We understand and guard against unconscious bias in all the decisions we make and we optimise our partnerships and experts in the field.

- 2. How we work: we understand that how we work should be bespoke and not one size fits all and we ensure that our workplace policies, practices and systems are inclusive. We recognise that flexibility is necessary for our intergenerational workforce. We acknowledge that our team members have a life out of work, with many being carers and we support them.
- 3. How we include each other, reflecting the communities we serve: at Myer we bring our value "We are Family" to life and we recognise and celebrate the diversity of our team members, our customers and the communities we serve.

Inclusion Plans

We have developed specific inclusion plans for our priority areas of gender, cultural and LGBTIQ diversity. The inclusion plans define why diversity in each area is important to our business, our objectives and how we will focus on building diversity and inclusion through compliance, organisation programs and our broader business strategy

Diversity objectives

Myer's diversity objectives are to ensure that Myer:

- has an inclusive workplace where every individual can shine regardless of gender, cultural identity, age, disability, sexual orientation, work style or approach;
- > leverages the value of diversity for all our stakeholders to deliver the best customer experience, improved financial performance and a stronger corporate reputation; and
- > continues to take a leadership position on diversity practices.

To achieve these objectives Myer:

- has determined measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity. The Board has endorsed these objectives and both the objectives and progress in achieving them will be assessed annually:
- > will assess pay equity on an annual basis;
- will encourage and support the application of workplace flexibility policy into practice across the business; and
- > will continue to actively improve diversity and inclusion across all our priority areas, beyond gender.

Female representation

At 29 July 2017, the proportion of women employed by Myer was as follows:

Non-executive Directors	42.8%
Leadership roles	58.4%
Total Myer workforce	79.9%

The Leadership roles reflect a combination of operational, functional and strategic leadership roles, encompassing female representation in managerial roles from service managers in stores through to the CEO.

Continued

In May 2017 Myer lodged its Workforce Profile report with the Workplace Gender Equity Agency (WGEA). A copy of this report is available on Myer's Investor Centre on the Myer website.

Measurable Objectives

The Board has assessed Myer's performance against the measurable objectives for achieving diversity at all levels of Myer established by the Board in respect of FY2017. Details on Myer's progress in achieving those objectives, and the measurable objectives which have been set by the Board in respect of FY2017, are outlined below:

FY2017 Measurable Objectives

Objectives	Progress
Myer aims to maintain a 50% proportion of female candidates	The career development plans of all female middle management
identified in succession plans. We aim to ensure that within	employees are assessed annually to ensure their appropriateness in
each job grade level there are an equal number of senior women	developing and retaining Myer's female talent.
who are ready to move into leadership roles.	> The percentage of females represented in the Merchandise "Top Talent Group" is 41.7%.
	> The percentage of females represented in the Stores "Top Talent Group" is 76.9%.
Myer aims to maintain a return rate of more than 70% for team	Myer is committed to ensuring that any team member returning to
members returning from parental leave.	work after a period of parental leave can do so under a graduated
	return program. Regardless of any other business need, returning
	team members have a minimum six month period of graduated return
	to enable their re-introduction to the work place.
	> During the reporting period, 92.2% of the Company's Team
	Members who commenced parental leave returned or plan to
	return from parental leave.
Myer aims for senior managers to meet or formally contact team	Myer has had a formal 'keeping in touch' program in place since
members on parental leave at least quarterly.	2010, which continues to apply. It aids both employees and managers
	with the transition to and back from parental leave, and specifically
	provides flexibility for women to determine the level of contact they
	wish to be maintained while on parental leave. This has meant team
	members set contact levels they are comfortable with, which may
	mean greater or less than quarterly dependent upon their wishes.
	Myer has also further developed resources to support team members
	and their people leaders as they prepare for parental leave and as
	their transition back to the workplace on their return.
Myer aims to maintain 50/50 gender balance in its Managers in	Myer has redeveloped its approach on developing leaders and
Training Programs to facilitate the creation of a pool of qualified	building talent.
female candidates for Manager role opportunities.	During FY2018, Myer will implement its frontline leadership
	development program and talent development approach. Gender
	balance and participation will be managed and tracked.
	balance and participation will be managed and tracked.

Continued

Other Initiatives

Flex@Myer

Workplace Flexibility is a key driver for facilitating a diverse and inclusive organisation. Whilst Myer already has flexible work arrangements in place, Flex@Myer is being trialled to facilitate greater flexibility across the Store Support Office in order to support Myer's intergenerational workforces and its needs and work preferences, enabling greater productivity, collaboration and engagement. Learnings from Flex@Myer will potentially be used to extend flexibility within the store population.

Education

Education and information sharing builds awareness. The Myer Academy Masterclass series provided access for team members to hear from experts and other organisations on a range of topics including 'Career Development Strategies for Women', 'Flexibility and Work' and 'Women and Finance'.

Alignment with Myer's Community Initiatives

International Women's Day was celebrated with a range of activities across the organisation and donations were raised through these celebrations to support Myer's Give Registry.

Employer Brand

We know that representation matters, and therefore this year we have refined our employer brand to showcase our diverse team. We have further developed our employer brand, recruitment practices and processes to ensure that we continue to attract and employ team members who represent the diversity of our customers and the communities we serve.

1.6 BOARD PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The Board recognises that regular reviews of its effectiveness and performance are key to the improvement of the governance of Myer. Accordingly, the Board has committed to reviewing and evaluating on an annual basis against both measurable and qualitative indicators:

- > the performance of the Board, including against the requirements of the Board Charter;
- > the performance of the Board Committees; and
- > the performance of individual directors.

This year, the Board engaged an external facilitator to assist with its review process. The Board and each Board Committee has conducted a review of their effectiveness and performance.

The Board and each Board Committee have reviewed their respective Charters, and where appropriate, have incorporated amendments reflecting the results of those reviews.

The Chairman and each director completed a Board Review Assessment document and an assessment of the individual non-executive directors, and was interviewed by the external facilitator who also observed a board meeting and committee meetings. The Executive Team also provided input to the Board Review.

The Chairman has conducted a review of individual directors in relation to the reporting period. Each non-executive director met privately with the Chairman and the external facilitator to discuss their individual assessment. In addition to the annual review, the Chairman regularly provides informal feedback to individual directors. Chris Froggatt, with input from the rest of the Board and external facilitator, was responsible for the review of the Chairman in relation to the reporting period.

The external facilitator provided an independent report to the Board. The Chairman met privately with the external facilitator to discuss the report and subsequently the Board and the external facilitator discussed the findings and recommendations.

The Nomination Committee assists the Board as required in relation to the performance evaluation of the Board, its Committees and individual directors. It also assists in developing and implementing plans for identifying, assessing and enhancing director competencies.

The HR and Remuneration Committee assists in the review and recommendation of arrangements for directors, the CEO and executives in relation to remuneration and benefits, and reviews the performance of those individuals and the reward structure. The Committee also reviews all significant human resource issues, including development and succession planning.

1.7 SENIOR EXECUTIVE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The HR and Remuneration Committee is responsible for the review of senior management assessment processes from time to time to ensure they remain consistent with the Board's overall objectives for the business.

All senior executives undergo a performance and development review on an annual basis. This review process involves the following:

- each senior executive is assessed against a set of key performance criteria which include both financial and non-financial performance measures;
- at the end of each financial year, all senior executives meet with their manager to discuss their performance over the previous year; and
- > upon the completion of the performance appraisal meeting, each senior executive is provided with feedback on their performance, and a rating is determined based on that performance. As well as the review of performance, where appropriate, a development plan is also agreed to support the ongoing contribution of the executive to the needs of the business.

A performance evaluation for senior executives which is consistent with the process described above has taken place during this reporting period. It is the role of the Board to review the performance of the CEO, which has been undertaken.

Continued

PRINCIPLE 2 — STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE

2.1 NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The current composition of the Nomination Committee is:

Chairman:	Paul McClintock AO
Members:	Anne Brennan
	Chris Froggatt
	Garry Hounsell

The Charter of the Nomination Committee is available from the Corporate Governance section of the Investor Centre on Myer's website. The Chairman of the Nomination Committee is an independent non-executive director, and the three other members of the Committee are also independent non-executive directors.

The responsibilities of the Nomination Committee include:

- > to review and recommend to the Board the size and composition of the Board, including the succession of the Chairman and the CEO, and to review whether Board succession plans are in place to maintain an appropriate mix of skills, experience, expertise and diversity on the Board;
- > to review and recommend to the Board the criteria for Board membership, including assessment of necessary and desirable competencies of Board members to maintain an appropriate mix of skills, experience, expertise and diversity on the Board;
- to review and recommend to the Board membership of the Board, including recommendations for the appointment and reelection of directors, and where necessary to propose additional candidates for consideration by the Board;
- > to assist the Board in relation to the performance evaluation of the Board, its Committees and individual directors, and in developing and implementing plans for identifying, assessing and enhancing director competencies; and,
- > to ensure that an effective induction process is in place for any newly appointed director and regularly review its effectiveness.

The number of meetings of the Nomination Committee held during the period ended 29 July 2017, and the number of meetings attended by each committee member are set out in the Directors' Report, at page 28 of the 2017 Myer Annual Report.

2.2 BOARD SKILLS MATRIX

The Board, together with the Nomination Committee, determines the size and composition of the Board, subject to Myer's Constitution. Myer's Constitution states that the minimum number of directors is four and the maximum is fixed by the directors, but may not be more than 12.

The Board, together with the Nomination Committee, reviews the composition of the Board and the skills, experience, expertise and diversity represented by the directors on the Board, and determines whether the composition and mix of those skills remain appropriate for Myer's strategy.

The Board recognises that a Board comprising directors with a diverse range of backgrounds, skills and experience facilitates robust discussion and decision-making, and enables the Board to discharge its responsibilities effectively. It is intended that the Board will comprise a majority of independent non-executive directors and comprise directors with a broad range of skills, expertise and experience from a broad range of backgrounds.

This will ensure that the composition of the Board continues to embody diverse leadership which is appropriate to Myer's business, strategies and marketplace.

The Board has identified the following attributes and skills as providing strong foundations for the management and oversight of Myer, in the context of the dynamic nature of Australian retailing and the challenges it presents.

Board Skills Matrix

	Skill, attribute or experience	Number of non-executive directors
1)	Executive leadership	8
2)	Strategy and transformative change	8
3)	Retail	6
4)	Global experience	8
5)	Governance and risk	7
6)	Financial acumen	7
7)	Marketing and digital	5
8)	Regulatory and public policy	7
9)	Human resource, health and safety and	6
	sustainability	
10)	Mergers and acquisitions, capital raising and	8
	capital projects	

Details of the skills, qualifications, experience, expertise and special responsibilities of each then current director are set out in the Directors' Report from page 25 of the 2017 Myer Annual Report.

Continued

2.3 INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS AND LENGTH OF SERVICE

As at the date of this Report, the Board comprises eight directors. The majority of the Board are independent non-executive directors.

			Approximate length
Name	Position	Appointed	of service
Paul McClintock AO	Chairman	8 August 2012	5 years 2 months
	Independent non-executive director		
Richard Umbers	CEO and Managing Director	2 March 2015	2 year 7 months
Anne Brennan	Independent non-executive director	16 September 2009	8 years 1 month
lan Cornell	Independent non-executive director	6 February 2014	3 years 8 months
Chris Froggatt	Independent non-executive director	9 December 2010	6 years 10 months
Bob Thorn	Independent non-executive director	6 February 2014	3 years 8 months
Dave Whittle	Independent non-executive director	30 November 2015	1 year 10 months
JoAnne Stephenson	Independent non-executive director	28 November 2016	10 months
Garry Hounsell	Independent non-executive director	20 September 2017	1 month

2.4 MAJORITY OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

Eight of the nine directors on the board are non-executive directors. It is the Board's view that each of its non-executive directors was independent during the reporting period; and at the date of signing the Directors' Report, it is the Board's view that each of its non-executive directors remains independent.

Directors did not participate in deliberations about or vote in relation to their own independence.

The Board Charter sets out guidelines and materiality thresholds that the Board has adopted to assist in determining the independence of directors, which are consistent with the ASX Principles. The Board only considers directors to be independent where they are independent of management and free of any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to interfere with, the exercise of their unfettered and independent judgement.

In general, directors will be considered to be 'independent' if they are not members of management and they:

- > are not a substantial shareholder of Myer, or officer of, or otherwise associated directly with, a substantial shareholder of Myer;
- > have not within the last three years been employed in an executive capacity by Myer or another group member;
- > have not within the last three years been a partner, director or senior employee of a material professional adviser or a material consultant to Myer or another group member;
- > are not a material supplier to, customer of or in any other material business relationship with Myer or other group member or an officer of or otherwise associated directly or indirectly with a material supplier or customer of Myer;
- have no material contractual relationship with Myer or another group member, other than as a director of Myer;
- > have no close family ties with any person who falls within any of the categories described above; and
- have not been a director of Myer or another group member for such a period that their independence has been compromised.

The Board considers thresholds of materiality for the purposes of assessing 'independence' on a case-by-case basis, having regard

to both quantitative and qualitative principles. Without limiting the Board's discretion, the Board has adopted the following guidelines:

- > The Board will determine the appropriate base to apply (e.g. revenue, equity or expenses), in the context of each situation.
- In general, the Board will consider an affiliation with a business that accounts for less than five percent of the relevant base to be immaterial for the purposes of determining independence. Where this threshold is exceeded, the Board will review the materiality of the particular circumstance with respect to the independence of the particular director.
- > The Board will review any holding of five percent or more of Myer's shares, and will generally consider a holding of 10 percent or more of Myer's shares to be material.
- > The Board will undertake a qualitative assessment of independence, which is an overriding requirement for independence. Specifically, the Board will consider whether there are any factors or considerations which may mean that the director's interest, business or relationship could, or could be reasonably perceived to, materially interfere with the director's ability to act in the best interests of Myer.

2.5 INDEPENDENT CHAIR

The Board Charter states that the Chairman should be an independent non-executive director. Myer's Chairman, Mr Paul McClintock AO, is an independent non-executive director. The role of Myer's Chairman is separate to and is not held by the same person as the CEO.

2.6 INDUCTION AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

All new directors and senior executives participate in an induction program. New directors receive an induction appropriate to their experience to enable them to actively participate in decision-making as soon as possible, including familiarisation with the operation of the Board and its Committees and Myer's financial, strategic, operations and risk management issues. In addition, Myer arranges continuing education and training for the directors, as well as store visits and engaging retail experts as Board consultants.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for ensuring that an effective induction process is in place for any newly appointed director, and for regularly reviewing its effectiveness.

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PRINCIPLE 3 — ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

3.1 CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT

Myer is committed to the highest level of integrity and ethical standards in all business practices. All Myer employees, directors and contractors must comply with Myer's Code of Conduct (Code). The Code applies to all business activities and dealings with employees, customers, suppliers, shareholders and other external stakeholders. The Code is available from the Corporate Governance section in the Investor Centre on Myer's website.

The objectives of the Code are to:

- provide clear guidance on and benchmarks for appropriate professional and ethical behaviour;
- reinforce the requirement for compliance with Myer policies and legal requirements;
- > support Myer's business reputation through the behaviour of its people; and
- > make directors and employees aware of their responsibilities and consequences if they breach the Code.

The Code outlines how Myer expects its directors and employees to behave and conduct business in a range of circumstances, including actual or potential conflicts of interest. The Code requires awareness of, and compliance with, laws and regulations relating to Myer's operations, including fair trading, occupational health and safety, equal opportunity and anti-discrimination, privacy, and securities trading.

The Code encourages employees to report unethical practices, or breaches of the Code, Myer policies or the law. Myer has whistleblower protections for those who report unacceptable behaviour in good faith.

Myer regularly reviews the Code. Team members are required to undertake training and acknowledge acceptance of the Code on an annual basis.

PRINCIPLE 4 — SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING

4.1 AFR COMMITTEE

The current composition of the AFR Committee is:

Chairman	Anne Brennan
Members	Bob Thorn
	Dave Whittle
	JoAnne Stephenson

All Committee members are financially literate and have an appropriate understanding of the industries in which Myer operates. Details of the skills, qualifications, experience, expertise and special responsibilities of the members of the AFR Committee are set out in the Directors' Report from page 25 of the 2017 Myer Annual Report. The Chairman of the Committee is an independent non-executive director, and is not the Chairman of the Board; the three other members of the AFR Committee are independent non-executive directors.

The Charter of the AFR Committee is available from the Corporate Governance section in the Investor Centre on Myer's website.

The Committee's key responsibilities and functions are to:

- oversee Myer's relationship with the external auditor and the external audit function generally;
- > oversee Myer's relationship with the internal auditor and the internal audit function generally;
- > oversee the preparation of financial statements and reports;
- > oversee Myer's financial controls and systems; and
- > manage the process of identification and management of risk.

The number of meetings of the AFR Committee held during the period ended 29 July 2017, and the number of meetings attended by each committee member are set out in the Directors' Report, at page 28 of the 2017 Myer Annual Report.

Further information about Myer's risk management framework, external auditor, internal audit and Board assurances on financial reporting risks is set out in section 7 below.

4.2 CEO AND CFO DECLARATIONS

In connection with our financial statements for the financial year ended 29 July 2017, the CEO and the CFO made declarations to the Board (among other things) to the following effect, that:

- > in their opinion, the financial records of Myer have been properly maintained;
- in their opinion, Myer's financial statements and notes for the financial year comply with appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and the performance of Myer; and
- > that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

4.3 EXTERNAL AUDITOR ATTENDANCE AT AGM

The external auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers (**PwC**), will attend the AGM and be available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the Auditor's Report.

PRINCIPLE 5 — TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

5.1 CONTINUOUS DISCLOSURE POLICY

Myer's policy is to strictly comply with its obligations under the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules to keep the market fully informed of information which may have a material effect on the price or value of Myer's securities. Myer discharges these obligations by releasing information in ASX announcements and by disclosure of other relevant documents to the ASX and to shareholders (e.g. Annual Reports).

Myer's Continuous Disclosure Policy is designed to ensure the timely release of material price-sensitive information to the market. This policy establishes procedures to ensure that directors

Continued

and management are aware of Myer's disclosure obligations and procedures, and have accountability for Myer's compliance with those obligations. The Continuous Disclosure Policy is available from the Corporate Governance section in the Investor Centre on Myer's website.

Myer provides continuous disclosure training to all directors and senior management. It is a standing agenda item at all Board meetings, Board Committee meetings and senior management meetings to consider whether any matters reported to or discussed at the meeting should be disclosed to the market pursuant to Myer's continuous disclosure obligations.

All general managers and divisional heads are required to have appropriate procedures in place within their areas of responsibility to ensure that all relevant information is reported to them immediately to be considered in accordance with the Continuous Disclosure Policy.

Myer has established a Continuous Disclosure Committee, which is comprised of the CEO, the CFO, and the General Counsel and Company Secretary.

The role of the Continuous Disclosure Committee is to:

- review all potentially material price-sensitive information of which management or the Board become aware;
- > determine whether any of that information is required to be disclosed to the ASX:
- co-ordinate the actual form of disclosure with the relevant members of management; and
- > review and respond to any infringement notice or written statement of reasons issued to Myer by ASIC.

All deliberations of the Committee are shared without delay with the Chairman or, in the Chairman's absence, the Chairman of the AFR Committee. Myer has nominated the Company Secretary as the person with the primary responsibility for all communication with the ASX. The Board regularly reviews the Continuous Disclosure Policy.

PRINCIPLE 6 — RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS

6.1 INVESTOR CENTRE

Myer has established an Investor Centre on its website to provide key information about its strategy, operations and its governance processes and policies.

The Investor Centre includes information about Myer relevant to shareholders, including:

- all announcements lodged with the ASX within the last three years, including annual and half year financial results (including analyst and investor presentations and webcasts);
- biographies and photographs of Board members and the management team;
- > Myer's Constitution;

- > the Board and Board Committee Charters, and key corporate governance policies;
- > Myer's Annual Reports and sustainability reports;
- > an event calendar with important dates for shareholders;
- information about Myer's AGM (including the Notice of Meeting, and a webcast of the meeting); and
- current and historical financial and share price information about Myer.

6.2 INVESTOR RELATIONS PROGRAM

As set out in Myer's Shareholder Communication Strategy (available from the Corporate Governance section in the Investor Centre of Myer's website), Myer aims to ensure that shareholders are kept informed of all major developments affecting Myer's state of affairs. Myer aims to promote communication with shareholders and to encourage participation at general meetings. In addition, Myer recognises that potential investors and other interested stakeholders, including potential employees, may wish to obtain information about Myer.

To achieve this, Myer communicates information to shareholders and other stakeholders through a range of forums and publications. The Myer website and the Investor Centre are key communications tools. The sites enable shareholders to direct inquiries to Myer and elect how they receive information.

The Investor Centre provides contact details for Myer's Investor Relations and Corporate Communications team, as well as company information and all ASX releases and official reports.

Myer also provides a telephone helpline facility and an online email enquiry service to assist shareholders with any queries. Information is communicated to shareholders via periodic mail-outs and email to those who have chosen this method of communication.

Further, when necessary, ad-hoc briefings are scheduled with institutional and large private investors, as well as financial media, usually in the context of providing explanatory information regarding trading performance or strategy. In some instances this can involve site visits to stores or distribution centres. At all times, Myer adheres to its continuous disclosure obligation and its Continuous Disclosure Policy requires that it does not selectively disclose material price sensitive information to an external party unless that information has first been released to the ASX.

6.3 SHAREHOLDER PARTICIPATION AT MEETINGS

With each Notice of Meeting (whether electronic or hard copy), shareholders are provided the opportunity to put questions to the Board, or to Myer's external auditor. Myer's Investor Relations team's details are also made available for direct shareholder contact.

For shareholders who are unable to attend the AGM or results presentations, live webcasts or recordings of the meetings are available on the Investor Centre. The webcasts, and investor presentations and recordings remain accessible on the website after the events.

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6.4 ELECTRONIC SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATIONS

Myer's share registry provider allows shareholder communications to be sent and received electronically. Shareholders also have the ability to electronically participate in voting as required.

PRINCIPLE 7 - RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

7.1 RISK COMMITTEE

Myer recognises risk management as an integral component of good corporate governance and fundamental in achieving its strategic and operational objectives.

The Board is ultimately responsible for identifying and assessing internal and external risks that may impact Myer in achieving its strategic objectives. The Board is responsible for overseeing the development and implementation of the risk management framework and maintaining an adequate monitoring and reporting mechanism.

The Board has delegated coordination of risk oversight to the AFR Committee. The composition, independence of each director on the AFR Committee and the number of times that it has met for the period ended on 29 July 2017, and where the AFR Committee Charter can be obtained, are outlined in section 4.1 of this Report.

The AFR Committee's risk management responsibilities are to review and report to the Board as to whether:

- > Myer's ongoing risk management program effectively identifies all areas of potential risk;
- adequate policies and procedures have been designed and implemented to manage identified risks;
- > a regular program of audits is undertaken to test the adequacy of and compliance with prescribed policies; and
- proper remedial action is undertaken to redress areas of weakness.

Myer has adopted a Risk Management Policy that applies to all Myer employees, and to contractors, suppliers and consultants working on behalf of Myer. Management monitors and reports on material risks identified through the internal and external audit process. The Risk Management Policy is available from the Corporate Governance section in the Investor Centre on Myer's website.

Myer has adopted an enterprise-wide framework that incorporates a system of risk oversight, risk management and internal control designed to identify, assess, monitor and manage risks consistent with the standard AS/NZS ISO 31000 for Risk Management and Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (COSO) and provides Myer management with a consistent approach to recognising and managing risks. Myer applies risk management in a well-defined, integrated framework that promotes awareness of risks and an understanding of Myer's risk tolerances. This enables a systematic approach to risk identification and leverage of any opportunities, and provides treatment strategies to manage, transfer and avoid risks.

The AFR Committee is responsible for overseeing Myer's External Audit Policy. The Committee has the responsibility and authority for the appointment, removal or re appointment and remuneration

of the external auditor, as well as evaluating its effectiveness and independence.

The Committee reviews the appointment of the external auditor annually. In addition, the Committee reviews and assesses the independence of the external auditor, including any relationships with Myer or any other entity that may impair, or appear to impair, the external auditor's independent judgement or independence in respect of Myer.

The external audit engagement partner is required to rotate at least once every five years. PwC was reappointed as the external auditor in 2012.

7.2 RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK REVIEW

The Board reviews and approves the risk management framework and risk appetite on an annual basis to determine whether there have been any changes in material business risks. This review was undertaken for the reporting period. Economic, environmental and social sustainability risks have been considered and controls appropriately applied.

7.3 INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

A separate internal audit division has been established and is overseen by a National Assurance Manager who reports to the CFO and liaises directly with the AFR Committee.

The internal audit division carries out regular systematic monitoring of control activities and reports to relevant business unit management and the AFR Committee.

The Committee has rights of access to management and to auditors (external and internal) without management present, and rights to seek explanations and additional information from both management and auditors. Whilst the internal audit function reports to the CFO, it is acknowledged that the internal auditors also report directly to the Committee.

7.4 RISKS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Key material risks for Myer, as well as how Myer manages those risks are set out on pages 33 to 34 of the Directors' Report within the 2017 Myer Annual Report.

PRINCIPLE 8 - REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

8.1 REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The current composition of the HR and Remuneration Committee is:

Chairman	Chris Froggatt
Members	Anne Brennan
	lan Cornell
	Garry Hounsell
	JoAnne Stephenson

The Charter of the HR and Remuneration Committee is available from the Corporate Governance section in the Investor Centre of Myer's website. The Chair of the HR and Remuneration Committee is an independent director, and its four other members are independent directors.

Continued

The responsibilities of the Committee include:

- ensuring that the Company complies with obligations and requirements imposed by the Corporations Act in respect of the appointment of remuneration committees and remuneration consultants and the reports or recommendations made by them;
- > in relation to human resources policies:
 - to review Myer's policies and performance to assess the effectiveness of the policies and their compliance with relevant legislative, regulatory and governance requirements;
 - to review and report to the Board on the diversity-related measurable objectives for Myer and Myer's progress against objectives;
- in relation to organisational effectiveness and capability, to undertake an annual review of how the human resources strategy is supporting the business strategy;
- in relation to superannuation, to review and recommend to the Board superannuation arrangements for Myer, having regard to matters of compliance and legislative change;
- > in relation to remuneration and incentives:
 - to review and recommend to the Board remuneration arrangements for the CEO, executives reporting to the CEO, and senior management;
 - to review major changes and developments in Myer's remuneration framework, recruitment, retention and termination policies and procedures for senior management, remuneration policies, superannuation arrangements, human resource practices and employee relations strategies for Myer;
 - to review performance assessment processes for the CEO and his direct reports, and the annual results of those assessments;
 - to review and recommend to the Board in respect of Myer's employee equity incentive plans;
 - to review and recommend to the Board the remuneration arrangements for the Chairman and the non-executive directors:
 - to review and recommend the Remuneration Report to
 - to review and facilitate shareholder and other stakeholder engagement in relation to Myer's remuneration policies and practices;
 - at least annually, to review and report on the relative proportion of women and men in the workforce at all levels of Myer; and,
 - to review remuneration and consider whether there is any gender difference or other inappropriate bias in remuneration for directors, senior management or other employees.

In discharging its responsibilities, the Committee must have regard to the following policy objectives:

- > to ensure that Myer's remuneration structures are equitable and aligned with the long term interests of Myer and its shareholders;
- > to attract and retain skilled executives;
- > to structure short and long term incentives that are challenging and linked to the creation of sustainable shareholder returns; and,
- > to ensure that any termination benefits are justified and appropriate.

The number of meetings of the Remuneration Committee held during the period ended 29 July 2017, and the number of meetings attended by each committee member are set out in the Directors' Report, at page 28 of the 2017 Myer Annual Report.

8.2 DIRECTOR AND EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION

The remuneration of each director is set out in the Remuneration Report, which forms part of the Directors' Report and is presented on pages 56 to 57 of the 2017 Myer Annual Report.

Myer distinguishes the structure of non-executive directors' remuneration from that of executive directors and senior executives. Myer does not have any schemes for retirement benefits for non-executive directors.

Refer to the Remuneration Report in the 2017 Myer Annual Report for further information.

8.3 HEDGING IN EQUITY INCENTIVE SCHEMES

Myer has a Securities Dealing Policy which provides that Directors and certain categories of employees must not purchase or create any hedge or derivative attached to or based on securities in Myer (including any shares, options and rights).

The Securities Dealing Policy is available from the Corporate Governance section in the Investor Centre section of Myer's website.