

**BMO Global Metals & Mining Conference****26 February 2018**

Rio Tinto chief financial officer Chris Lynch is presenting today at the BMO Global Metals & Mining Conference in Miami, Florida.

The presentation slides are attached and will also be made available at [www.riotinto.com/presentations](http://www.riotinto.com/presentations).

---

**Steve Allen**  
Company Secretary

**Rio Tinto plc**  
6 St James's Square  
London SW1Y 4AD  
United Kingdom

T +44 20 7781 2000  
Registered in England  
No. 719885

**Tim Paine**  
Joint Company Secretary

**Rio Tinto Limited**  
Level 7, 360 Collins Street  
Melbourne 3000  
Australia

T +61 3 9283 3333  
Registered in Australia  
ABN 96 004 458 404



RioTinto

# Delivering superior returns

Chris Lynch, chief financial officer

BMO Global Metals & Mining Conference  
26 February 2018



# Cautionary statements

This presentation has been prepared by Rio Tinto plc and Rio Tinto Limited (“Rio Tinto”). By accessing/attending this presentation you acknowledge that you have read and understood the following statement.

## Forward-looking statements

This document, including but not limited to all forward looking figures, contains certain forward-looking statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations and business of the Rio Tinto Group. These statements are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933, and Section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The words “intend”, “aim”, “project”, “anticipate”, “estimate”, “plan”, “believes”, “expects”, “may”, “should”, “will”, “target”, “set to” or similar expressions, commonly identify such forward-looking statements.

Examples of forward-looking statements include those regarding estimated ore reserves, anticipated production or construction dates, costs, outputs and productive lives of assets or similar factors. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors set forth in this presentation.

For example, future ore reserves will be based in part on market prices that may vary significantly from current levels. These may materially affect the timing and feasibility of particular developments. Other factors include the ability to produce and transport products profitably, demand for our products, changes to the assumptions regarding the recoverable value of our tangible and intangible assets, the effect of foreign currency exchange rates on market prices and operating costs, and activities by governmental authorities, such as changes in taxation or regulation, and political uncertainty.

In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, actual results could be materially different from projected future results expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements which speak only as to the date of this presentation. Except as required by applicable regulations or by law, the Rio Tinto Group does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information or future events. The Group cannot guarantee that its forward-looking statements will not differ materially from actual results. In this presentation all figures are US dollars unless stated otherwise.

## Disclaimer

Neither this presentation, nor the question and answer session, nor any part thereof, may be recorded, transcribed, distributed, published or reproduced in any form, except as permitted by Rio Tinto. By accessing/ attending this presentation, you agree with the foregoing and, upon request, you will promptly return any records or transcripts at the presentation without retaining any copies.

This presentation contains a number of non-IFRS financial measures. Rio Tinto management considers these to be key financial performance indicators of the business and they are defined and/or reconciled in Rio Tinto’s annual results press release and/or Annual report.

Reference to consensus figures are not based on Rio Tinto’s own opinions, estimates or forecasts and are compiled and published without comment from, or endorsement or verification by, Rio Tinto. The consensus figures do not necessarily reflect guidance provided from time to time by Rio Tinto where given in relation to equivalent metrics, which to the extent available can be found on the Rio Tinto website.

By referencing consensus figures, Rio Tinto does not imply that it endorses, confirms or expresses a view on the consensus figures. The consensus figures are provided for informational purposes only and are not intended to, nor do they, constitute investment advice or any solicitation to buy, hold or sell securities or other financial instruments. No warranty or representation, either express or implied, is made by Rio Tinto or its affiliates, or their respective directors, officers and employees, in relation to the accuracy, completeness or achievability of the consensus figures and, to the fullest extent permitted by law, no responsibility or liability is accepted by any of those persons in respect of those matters. Rio Tinto assumes no obligation to update, revise or supplement the consensus figures to reflect circumstances existing after the date hereof.

# Supporting statements

## Ore Reserves (slide 15)

Reserve grade for Oyu Tolgoi Underground – Hugo Dummett North and Hugo Dummett North Extension. Probable Ore Reserves for Hugo Dummett North and Hugo Dummett North Extension (499 Mt at 1.66% Cu, 0.35g/t Au) were released to the market in the 2016 Rio Tinto Annual Report on 2 March 2017 and can be found on p224 of that report. The Competent Person responsible for reporting of those Ore Reserves was J Dudley.

Reserve grade for Amrun (formerly South of Embley). Proved and Probable Ore Reserves (1409Mt at 52.4% Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) for Amrun (South of Embley) were released to the market in the 2016 Rio Tinto Annual Report on 2 March 2017 and can be found on p223 of that report. The Competent Person responsible for reporting of those Ore Reserves was L McAndrew.

Rio Tinto is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the above reserve grade estimates as reported in the 2016 Annual Report, and confirms that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning these estimates continue to apply and have not materially changed. The form and context in which each Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified.

## Production Targets

The production target for Oyu Tolgoi shown on slide 15 is the average production 2025-2030, including open pit production. This production target was disclosed in a release to the market on 6 May 2016 ("Rio Tinto approves development of Oyu Tolgoi underground mine"). All material assumptions underpinning these production targets continue to apply and have not materially changed.

# Our strategy is delivering

- ✓ **Cash returns to shareholders of \$9.7 billion declared for 2017**
  - Highest ever full year dividend of \$5.2 billion (290 US cents per share)
  - Additional share buy-back of \$1.0 billion to be completed in 2018
- ✓ **EBITDA of \$18.6 billion, margin of 44%**
- ✓ **Reshaping the portfolio with divestment proceeds of \$2.7 billion**
- ✓ **Invested \$2.5 billion in high-return growth**
  - Silvergrass commissioned, Oyu Tolgoi underground and Amrun on track
- ✓ **Delivered \$0.4 billion free cash flow from productivity**

# Strong results delivered in 2017

## Robust financial performance

EBITDA of **\$18.6 billion**

Operating cash flow of **\$13.9 billion**

Free cash flow of **\$9.5 billion**

**\$2 billion** cost savings programme completed early

## Disciplined capital allocation

Full year 2017 dividend of **\$5.2 billion**

Share buy-backs declared of **\$4.5 billion**

Net debt reduced to **\$3.8 billion** at 31 December

Capital expenditure of **\$4.5 billion**

## Positioning for the long-term

Silvergrass iron ore mine commissioned in Q4 2017

Oyu Tolgoi underground development on track

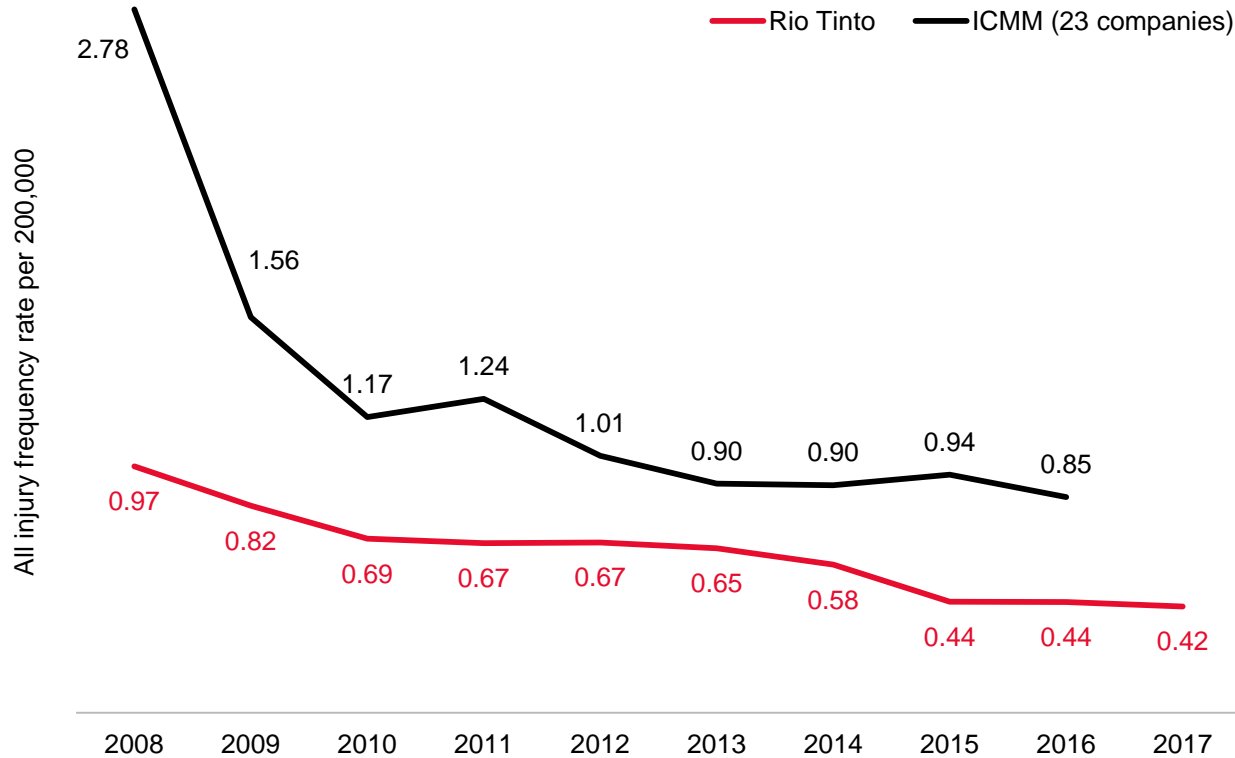
Amrun development progressing to plan

Divestment proceeds of **\$2.7 billion** in 2017



# Safety and health come first

## Continuing history of improvement



## Safety fatality at Kennecott Operations and Health fatality in Pilbara Exploration in October

Focusing on **fatality elimination** – 1.5 million CRM verifications in 2017

**Reducing injuries** – Targeted hazard elimination campaigns

**Catastrophic event prevention** through control of major hazards

**Mental health**, wellbeing and fatigue management

Connection with engagement, leadership and **productivity initiatives**

**Critical Health Risk Management**



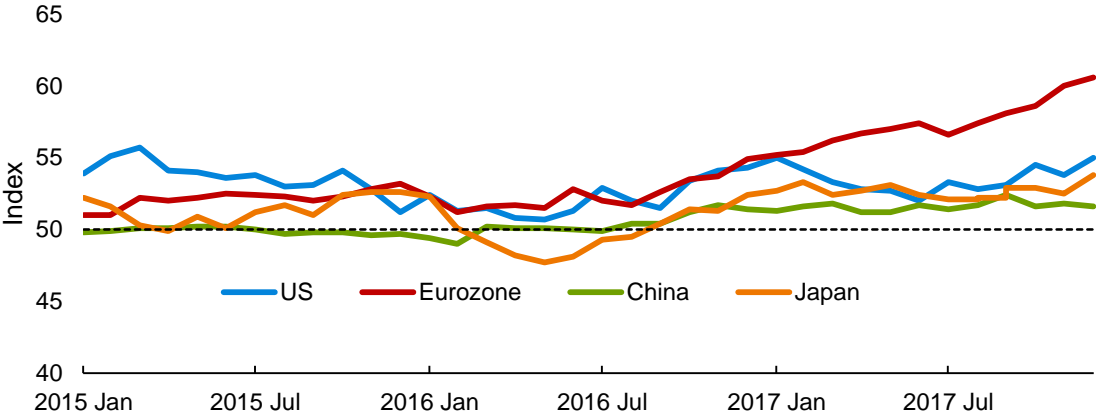
# Superior returns from world-class assets

	Iron Ore	Aluminium	Copper & Diamonds	Energy & Minerals
Margins	<b>68%</b> Pilbara operations FOB EBITDA margin	<b>35%</b> Integrated operations EBITDA margin	<b>39%</b> EBITDA margin	<b>36%</b> EBITDA margin
Cash flow	Cash flows from operations of <b>\$8,466m</b>  Development capex of <b>\$653m</b>  Free cash flow of <b>\$7,265m</b>	Cash flows from operations of <b>\$2,648m</b>  Development capex of <b>\$654m</b>  Free cash flow of <b>\$1,380m</b>	Cash flows from operations of <b>\$1,695m</b>  Development capex of <b>\$1,159m</b>  Free cash flow of <b>\$319m</b>	Cash flows from operations of <b>\$1,939m</b>  Development capex of <b>\$32m</b>  Free cash flow of <b>\$1,467m</b>
				



# Global macro indicators remain supportive

## PMIs remain elevated



## Global growth momentum remains healthy

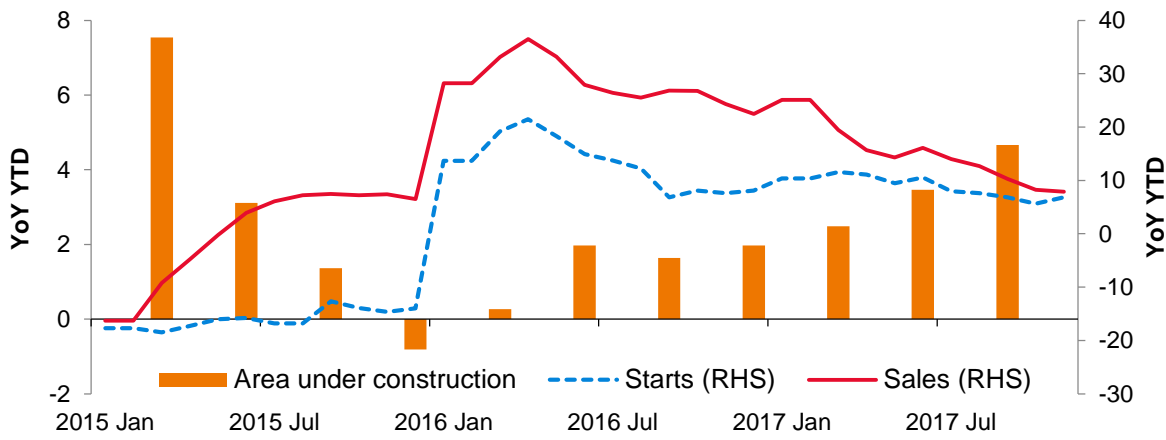
**US** growth supported by record high consumer confidence and healthy manufacturing and investment

**EU** performing better than expectations on stronger manufacturing and consumer confidence

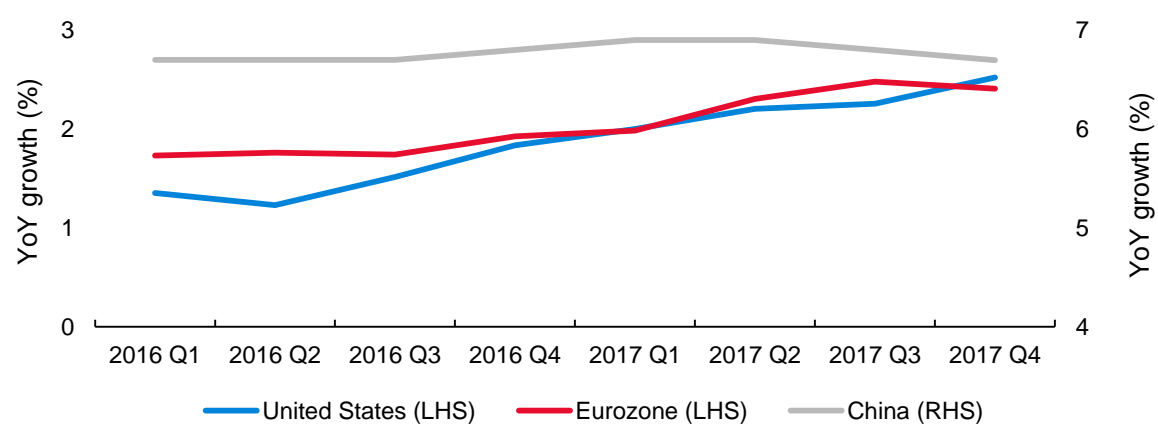
**China** may slow modestly over the next six months but outlook remains positive in the medium to long-term

**Chinese** environmental policy measures are increasing demand for higher grade iron ore and reducing new aluminium capacity

## China housing sales and starts slowing modestly



## Positive GDP momentum



Source: CEIC, Rio Tinto

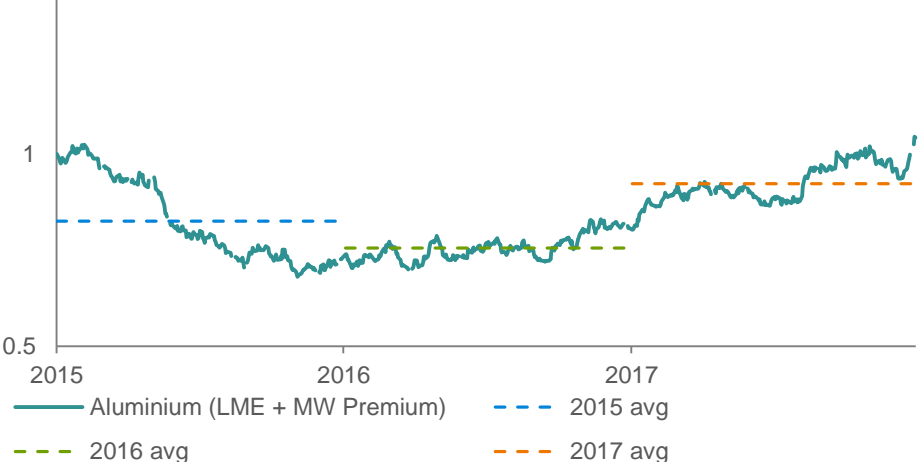


# Robust demand drove stronger prices in 2017

### Iron Ore



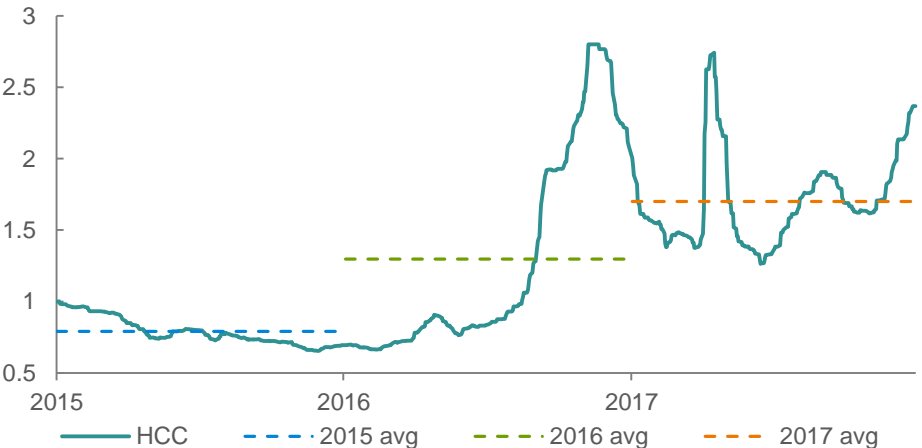
### Aluminium



### Copper

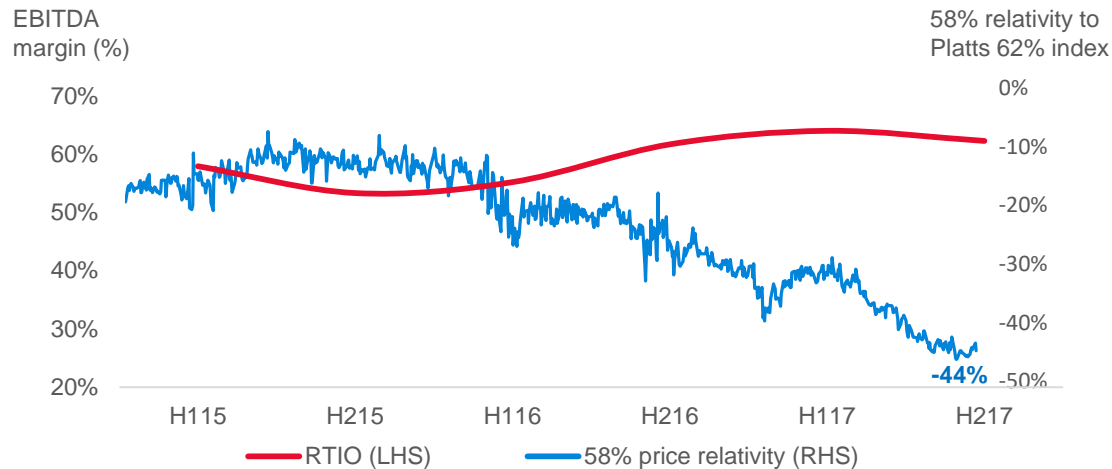


### Hard Coking Coal



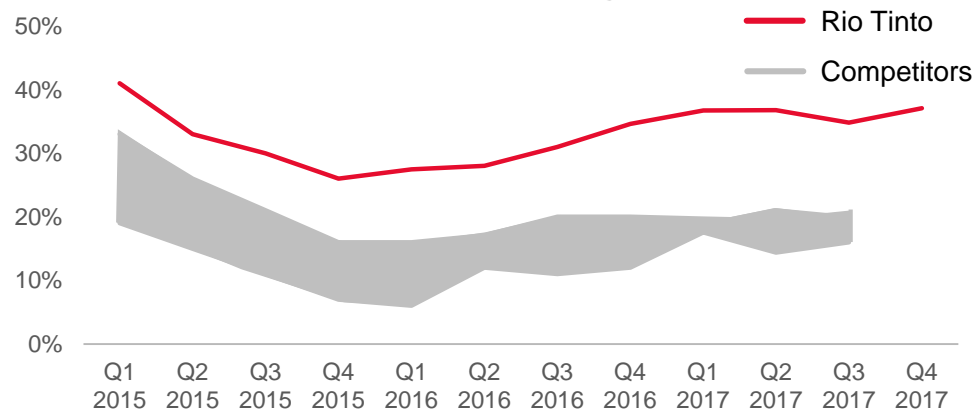
# Outperforming in key commodities

## Rio Tinto Iron Ore EBITDA performance



Source: Bloomberg, Metal Bulletin, Platts.

## Upstream aluminium EBITDA margins



Rio Tinto internal analysis which includes adjustments to externally reported EBITDA margins, trading, procurement and marine revenues to report performance on a comparable basis. Competitors included in the analysis are Rusal, Hydro and Alcoa.

Iron Ore EBITDA FOB margin increases to 68%

Significant spread between high and low quality iron ores

Steelmakers targeting high-grade / low-impurity iron ore products

Margin gap: portfolio quality and performance delivery

Aluminium EBITDA margin increases to 35% in 2017

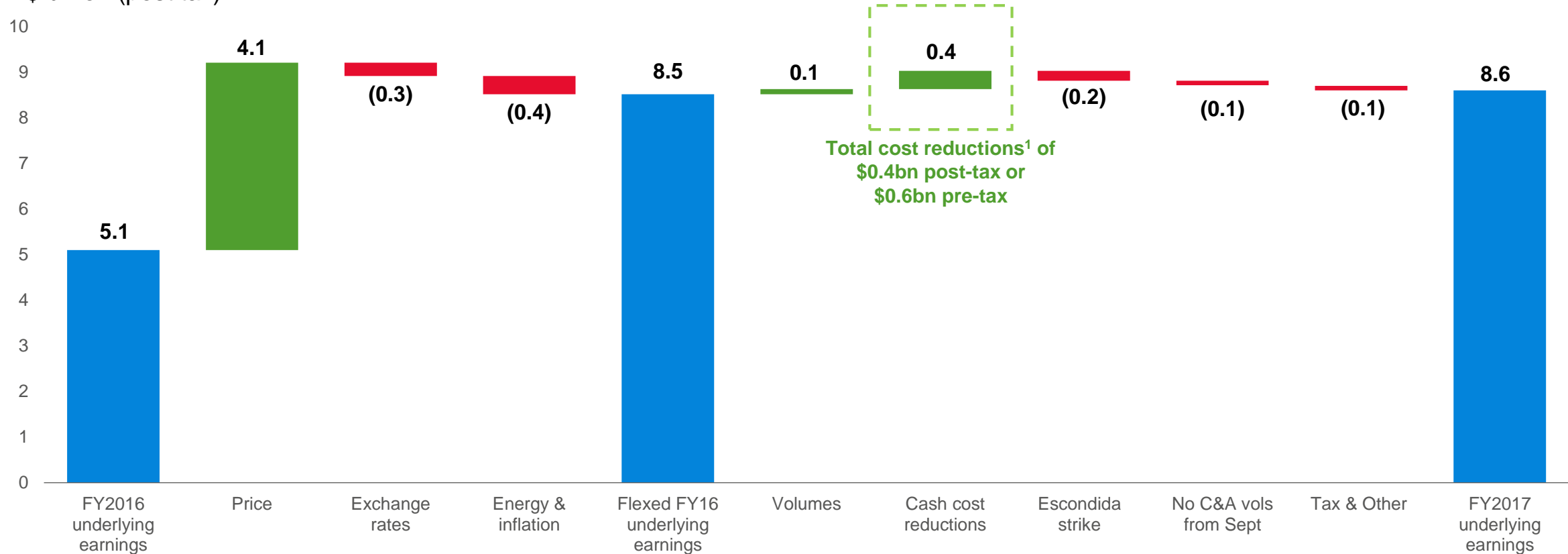
VAP – 57% of primary metal sold, premium of \$221/t in addition to the market premium



# Higher prices driving increased earnings

## Underlying earnings 2016 vs 2017

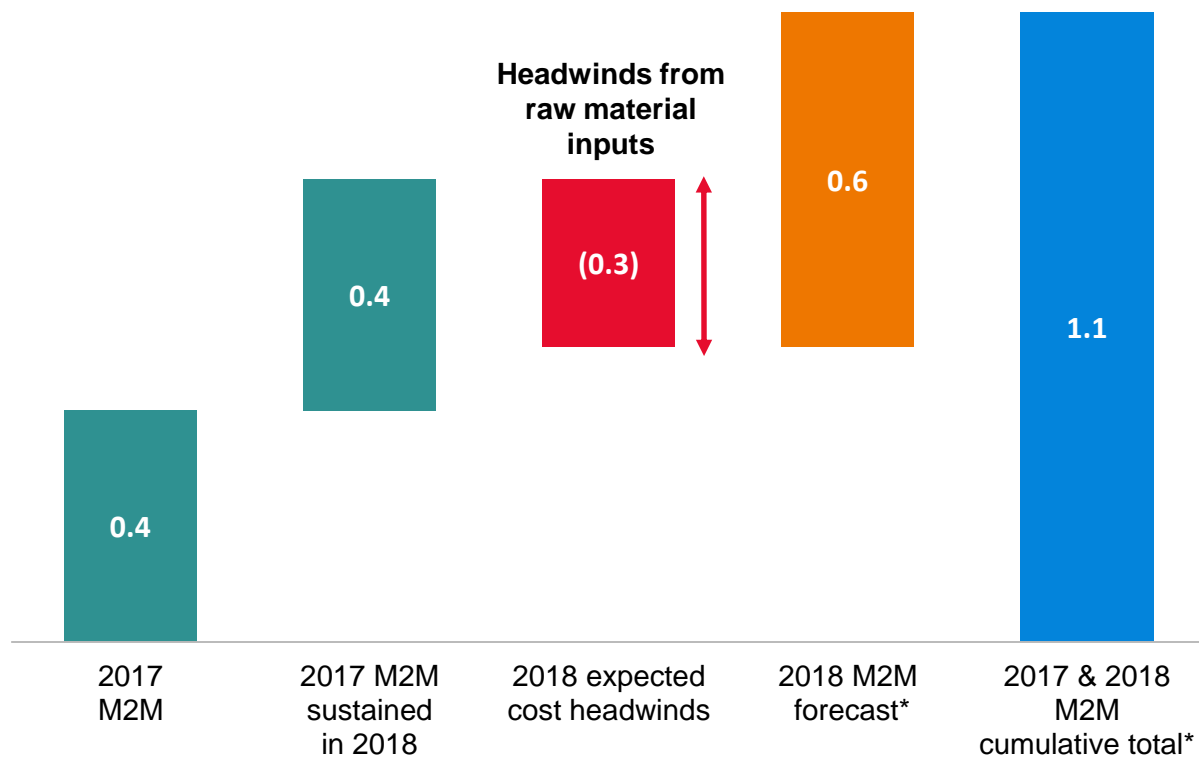
\$ billion (post tax)



<sup>1</sup> Cash cost reductions include reductions in Exploration & Evaluation costs

# Productivity programme delivering \$5 billion of additional free cash flow by 2021

## Post-tax mine to market (M2M) productivity programme (\$ billion)



**\$0.4 billion** mine to market free cash flow delivered in 2017

Cumulative 2017 and 2018 mine to market forecast of **\$1.1 billion**

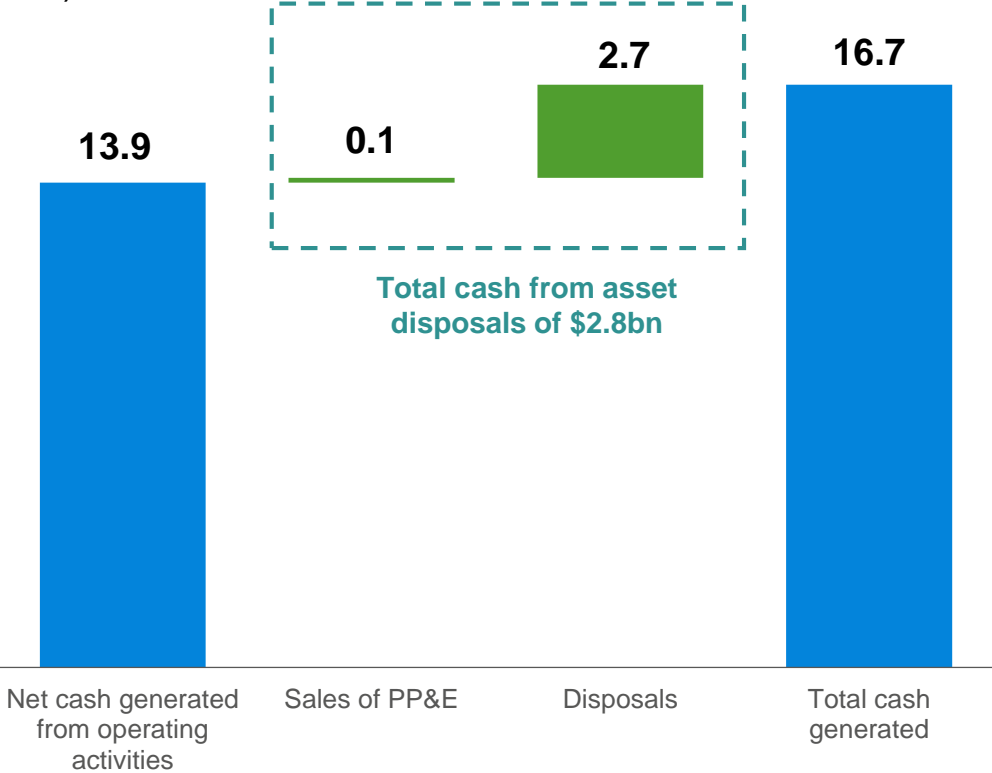
– **\$0.3 billion** mine to market forecast in 2018 despite raw material cost headwinds

Delivering **\$1.5 billion** mine to market each year from 2021

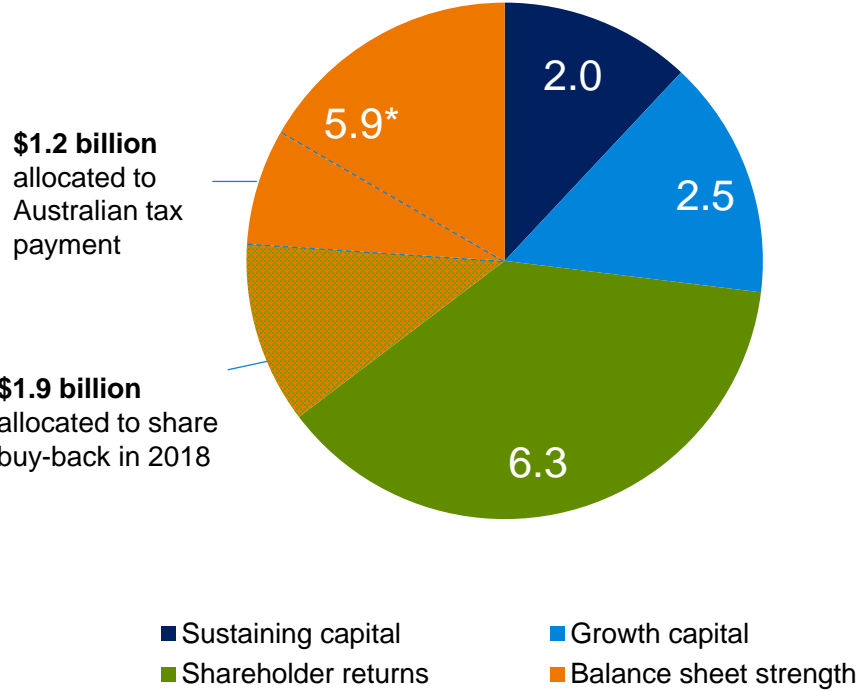
\* Based on consensus prices and exchange rates

# Disciplined allocation of strong cash flow in 2017

**Cash flow 2017**  
(\$ billion)



**\$8.2 billion (49)% of cash generated in 2017 allocated to shareholder returns**  
(\$ billion)

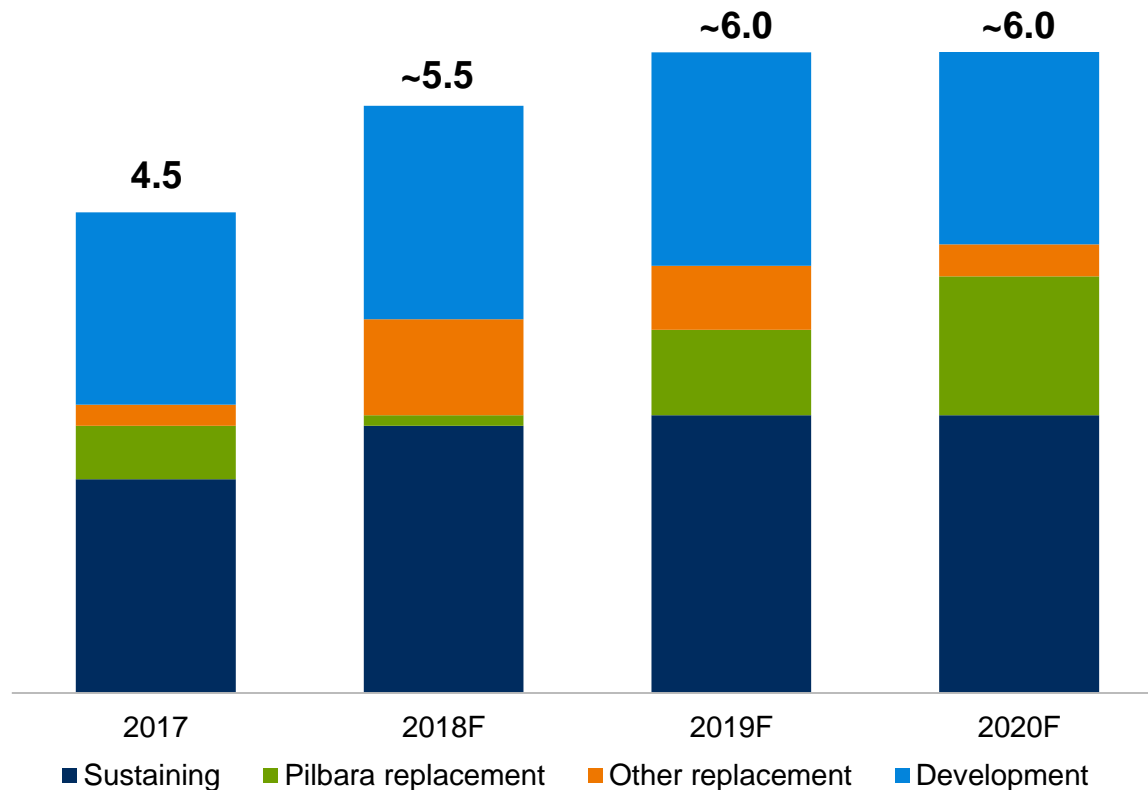


\* Balance sheet net debt reduction of \$5.8bn comprises \$5.9bn of net cash movement and \$(0.1)bn of non-cash, exchange and other movements



# Sustaining capital and compelling growth

## Capital expenditure profile (\$ billion)



Maintained sustaining capital guidance of \$2.0 to \$2.5 billion per year, including:

- Iron Ore sustaining capex of ~\$1 billion per year

Pilbara replacement capital includes Koodaideri development from 2019

Other replacement capital includes:

- South wall pushback at Kennecott
- Amrun replacement tonnes
- Zulti South

Development capital includes:

- Oyu Tolgoi, including development of power station
- Amrun
- AutoHaul™

# High-return growth

## Amrun

Creating seaborne bauxite market, high-grade, expandable

>20% IRR

\$1.9 billion capex, first quartile opex

22.8 Mt/a, project ~60% complete, commissioning H1 2019

52.4% alumina content<sup>1</sup>



## Oyu Tolgoi Underground

Largest and highest quality copper development in the world

>20% IRR

\$5.3 billion capex, first quartile opex

First drawbell production: 2020  
Full production ~560 kt/a<sup>1</sup> (2025-2030)

1.66% Cu, 0.35g/t Au<sup>1</sup>



## Significant portfolio opportunities

Pilbara iron ore, Queensland bauxite, Canadian aluminium, TiO<sub>2</sub>

>15% IRR hurdle rate requirement

Pilbara: progressing Koodaideri FS, significant resource optionality, latent capacity and productivity opportunity

Brownfield aluminium options: Alma, AP60, subject to market conditions

Bauxite expansion options

TiO<sub>2</sub> latent capacity



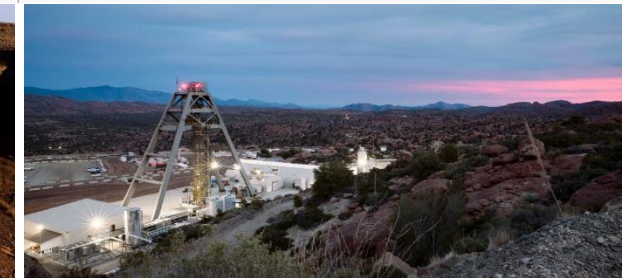
## Longer-term growth opportunities

Extensive exploration and evaluation programme and early stage projects

2017 E&E spend of \$445 million in 16 countries across 8 commodities

Project options under assessment include:

- Resolution copper
- Zulti South mineral sands
- Jadar lithium/borates



<sup>1</sup> Refer to the statements supporting these reserve grades and production targets set out on slide 3 of this presentation

# Continuing to deliver on our promises

- ✓ **Cash returns to shareholders of \$9.7 billion declared for 2017**
- ✓ **Operating cash flow of \$13.9 billion**
- ✓ **Reshaping the portfolio with divestments completed of \$2.7 billion**
- ✓ **Invested \$2.5 billion in high-return growth**
- ✓ **Delivered \$0.4 billion free cash flow from productivity**
- ✓ **Strong balance sheet with net debt of \$3.8 billion**