

3 September 2019

Market Announcements Office Australian Securities Exchange

## **ELECTRONIC LODGEMENT**

Dear Sir or Madam

## MG Unit Trust - Corporate Governance Statement 2019 and Appendix 4G

In accordance with the Listing Rules, attached is a copy of the MG Unit Trust Corporate Governance Statement 2019 and Appendix 4G, for release to the market.

Yours faithfully

Joseph Phillipos Company Secretary

Tozala Philip



# MG Unit Trust

## **Corporate Governance Statement 2019**

## 1. Introduction

This Corporate Governance Statement outlines the governance framework of the MG Unit Trust (**Trust**) for the year ended 30 June 2019.

The Trust is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) and is a managed investment scheme registered under the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) (Corporations Act). The responsible entity of the Trust is MG Responsible Entity Limited (Company) and it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Murray Goulburn Co-operative Co. Limited (Murray Goulburn). The Company holds an Australian Financial Services Licence which authorises it to act as the responsible entity of the Trust.

The Board of the Company is committed to ensuring that its policies and practices reflect a high standard of corporate governance. The Board considers that the Trust's governance framework and adherence to that framework are fundamental in demonstrating that the Directors are accountable to unitholders and are appropriately overseeing the management of risk and the future direction of the Trust.

The 3rd Edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (ASX Recommendations) sets out a recommended corporate governance framework for listed entities. This Corporate Governance Statement sets out how the Trust has complied with the ASX Recommendations as they apply to externally managed listed trusts for the period ended 30 June 2019. The Company, as responsible entity of the Trust, has also lodged an Appendix 4G (Key to Disclosures – Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations) with the ASX.

The ASX Recommendations provide that a number of the recommendations may require modification, or may not apply to externally managed listed entities. The Trust is externally managed by the Company and therefore ASX Recommendations 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 2.1, 2.2, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 4.3, 6.3, 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 are not applicable to the Trust. Where, after due consideration, the Trust's corporate governance practices depart from any ASX Recommendation, this Corporate Governance Statement sets out the reasons for the departure.

The Trust's key governance documents, including the Constitution, Board Charter and key policies, are available on the website at www.mgcl.com.au.

## Key activities during the year

The principal activity of the Trust during the period has been to act as a special purpose, passive funding vehicle holding only an interest in subordinated Notes and Convertible Preference Shares (CPS) issued by Murray Goulburn. The Notes and CPS are held by the trustee of the Murray Goulburn Sub Trust on trust for the Company as responsible entity of the Trust. Murray Goulburn is the ultimate parent of each of the Company and the trustee of the Murray Goulburn Sub Trust.

## 2. Role and Responsibilities of the Board

#### Board

The Trust is managed under the supervision and direction of the Board of the Company.

The Board is responsible for the management, administration and overall corporate governance of the Trust, in each case including the protection of unitholders' interests, developing strategic direction, establishing goals for management and monitoring the achievement of these goals.

When acting as Directors of the responsible entity of the Trust, the Directors must act in the best interest of unitholders, and if there is a conflict between the interests of unitholders and the interest of the Company, the Directors must give priority to the interest of unitholders.

The Board has adopted a Board Charter which sets out its key responsibilities, the relationship and interaction between the Board and management and the authority delegated by the Board to management and Board Committees which are in place from time to time. The Board Charter is available on the website at www.mgcl.com.au.

The Board's responsibilities, as set out in the Board Charter, include:

- contributing to and approving management's development of strategy for the Trust;
- overseeing, reviewing and monitoring systems of risk management, internal controls and ethical and legal compliance, which includes reviewing procedures to identify the main risks associated with the Company and the Trust and the implementation of appropriate systems to manage those risks;
- reviewing at least annually the Company's risk management framework to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound;
- monitoring performance and implementation of strategy and policy for the Trust;

- approving major capital expenditure, acquisitions and divestitures, and monitoring capital management;
- monitoring and reviewing management processes aimed at ensuring the integrity of financial and other reporting and ensuring compliance with financial reporting requirements;
- developing and reviewing the Company's corporate governance principles and policies; and
- ensuring unitholders are kept informed of the Trust's performance and major developments affecting its state of affairs.

The Board also oversees the relationship with the External Auditor and reviews the External Auditor's scope of work, including the external audit plan, to ensure it is appropriate, having regard to the key risks of the Trust. The External Auditor reports to the Board and is given an opportunity to raise issues with the Board in the absence of management. The Board reviews the performance and independence of the External Auditor annually. PricewaterhouseCoopers (**PwC**) is currently the External Auditor of the Trust.

Similarly, the Board (through its Compliance Committee) oversees the relationship with the compliance plan Auditor and reviews its scope of work, including the compliance plan audit plan, to ensure it is appropriate, having regard to the key risks relevant to the compliance framework. The compliance plan Auditor reports to the Compliance Committee periodically. The Compliance Committee reviews the performance of the compliance plan Auditor annually. PwC is currently the compliance plan Auditor. The financial statements and compliance plan audit services are provided by separate divisions of PwC.

Given the economic relationship between the Trust and Murray Goulburn through the Notes and CPS and that control of Murray Goulburn's business and operations is with the board of Murray Goulburn, it is considered that most of the information that will have a material effect on the price of units will relate to the performance and operations of Murray Goulburn. Accordingly, the Trust has an exposure to the specific and general risks facing Murray Goulburn's business. The board of Murray Goulburn (which is the same as the Board of the Company) has in place key governance policies for managing Murray Goulburn, which are listed on its website including adopting relevant internal controls, risk management processes and corporate governance policies and practices which it believes are appropriate for Murray Goulburn's business and which are designed to promote the responsible management and conduct of Murray Goulburn. The Trust does not have a separate internal audit function, however strict segregations of duties are in place for payments to ensure proper internal control.

Notwithstanding that the Board of the Company is the same as the Board of Murray Goulburn, the Company has access to all information required to fulfil its obligations under the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules by virtue of the Relationship Deed entered into with Murray Goulburn.

## **Delegation to management**

The Board has delegated to the management team the responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Trust and implementation of the Trust's strategy and budgets. The management team is required to operate in accordance with Board approved policies and delegations of authority and management must supply the Board with information in a form, timeframe and quality that will enable the Board to discharge its duties effectively. Management also attend all scheduled Board meetings, by invitation, where they present, discuss and provide input on their respective areas of responsibility.

## Independent professional advice

The Board may access independent experts and professional counsel for advice where appropriate and may invite any person from time to time to attend meetings.

## 3. Structure of the Board

## Membership

The Directors are appointed by the Company's sole shareholder, Murray Goulburn. Murray Goulburn seeks to ensure that the Board has an appropriate range of skills, experience and expertise to enable it to effectively carry out its responsibilities.

The Board comprises the same Directors as the individuals on the board of Murray Goulburn. The Board currently has five Non-executive Directors – John Spark (Chairman), Lisa Dwyer, Ian Goodin, David Grant and Brock Williams. All Non-executive Directors are considered to be independent, having regard to the guidelines adopted by the Board to assist in considering independence (as described below).

## Meetings

The Board met ten times during the year, which included various ad hoc meetings.

All Directors have direct access to the Company Secretary, who is responsible for coordination of all Board business.

## Independence and conflicts of interest

The Board has adopted guidelines, as set out in the Board Charter, which are used to assist the Board in considering the independence of Directors and are based on the definition of independence listed in Box 2.3 of the ASX Recommendations. The Board only consider a Director to be independent where he or she is not a member of management and is free of any interest, position, association or relationship that might influence, or might reasonably be perceived to influence, in a material respect his or her capacity to bring independent judgement to bear on issues before the Board and to act in the best interests of the Company and unitholders of the Trust. A copy of the guidelines can be found in Attachment 1 to the Board Charter at www.mgcl.com.au. On this basis, all Directors are considered to be independent.

Under the Corporations Act, ASX Listing Rules and general law, Directors and senior officers must avoid situations where their interests and those of the Company conflict.

The Board has adopted the Conflicts of Interest Policy to provide the Directors and senior officers with guidelines for complying with their obligations to take all reasonable steps to avoid actual, potential or perceived conflicts of interests. The Conflicts of Interest Policy also provides guidelines for the Company in handling related party transactions.

#### Committees

To assist the Board to carry out its responsibilities with respect to management of the Trust's operations and business, the Board has established a permanent Compliance Committee. Other committees may be established from time to time to deal with specific matters.

The Trust has received an ASX waiver from ASX Listing Rule 1.1 condition 13 and ASX Listing Rule 12.7, relieving the Trust from the requirement to establish an Audit Committee. Similarly, the Trust has received an ASX waiver from ASX Listing Rule 1.1 condition 16 and ASX Listing Rule 12.8, relieving the Trust from the requirement to establish a Remuneration Committee.

The ASX granted the waivers on the basis that the Trust has very limited operational functions and strict compliance with ASX Recommendation 4.1 by the Trust would be an added administrative burden with very little additional corporate governance benefit. In addition, Murray Goulburn is responsible for the administration costs for the Trust, including the provision of employees and payments to Directors of the responsible entity (see section 5 below). Neither the Trust nor the Company employ any personnel directly.

The Board has not established a separate Risk Committee. As discussed above, the Board has responsibility for overseeing risk and the Trust's risk management framework.

## **Compliance Committee**

## Role and responsibilities

The role of the Compliance Committee is to assist the Board to oversee and monitor the performance of the procedures and processes implemented by management to ensure compliance with key legislative and regulatory requirements relevant to the Trust.

The Committee's key responsibilities and functions include:

- ensuring the Company complies with the Trust's compliance plan;
- reporting to the Board any breach of the Corporations Act involving the Trust or any breach of the Trust's Constitution or compliance plan; and
- assessing the adequacy of the Trust's compliance plan at regular intervals.

## Membership and meetings

The Committee must consist of a minimum of 3 members and a majority of members must be external members (as defined in the Corporations Act).

The members of the Committee during this period were:

Membership status for FY2019	
External member for the entire period	
External member for the entire period	
Member for the entire period	

Non-committee members, including members of management, the External Auditor and the compliance plan Auditor may attend meetings of the Committee at the invitation of the Committee chair.

The Compliance Committee met four times during the period.

## 4. Risk Management

The Board of the Company is primarily responsible for the oversight of the Trust's risk management framework. This includes reviewing procedures to identify the main risks associated with the Company and the Trust, the implementation of appropriate systems to manage those risks and setting the risk management tone and expectations across the Company.

## **Risk Management Statement**

The Company has developed a Risk Management Statement to address its risk management arrangements. The Statement reflects the Company's role as the responsible entity of an externally managed trust, which is listed on the ASX with specific legal and statutory obligations.

The Company's risk management framework is based on the methodology set out in the Australian New Zealand standard on Risk Management Systems (AS/NZS 31000-2009) and is designed to:

- describe the Company's risk management arrangements in relation to its role as the responsible entity of the Trust;
- ensure the Company complies with its obligations to have adequate risk management systems;
- identify the Company's risk management reporting lines; and
- describe the frequency and nature of the Company's internal and external risk review processes.

The Board annually reviews the Trust's risk management framework, including during the reporting period, to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound. Given its structure and the arrangements in place with Murray Goulburn, the Trust has an exposure to specific and general risks facing Murray Goulburn's business. Murray Goulburn has implemented a risk management framework underpinned by regular risk assessments and monitoring key risk exposures. The board of Murray Goulburn (which is the same as the Board of the Company) plays a key role in the oversight of key risks by providing strategic guidance on all aspects of risk management for Murray Goulburn, reviewing and approving Murray Goulburn's risk profile each year, reviewing, ratifying and monitoring systems of risk management and setting the risk management tone and expectations for Murray Goulburn.

## Economic, environmental and social sustainability risks

For the period up to 1 May 2018, the Trust was considered to have a material economic exposure to the Murray Goulburn milk price. Following the sale of Murray Goulburn's operating assets and operating liabilities to Saputo Dairy Australia Pty Ltd on 1 May 2018, this is no longer the case. However, distribution decisions on returns on units continue to be made by Murray Goulburn and not the Company.

The Trust continues to have various structural risks as a result of its relationship with Murray Goulburn, and these are detailed in the Financial Statements and Reports of the Trust for the year ended 30 June 2019. Exposure to litigation involving Murray Goulburn and the Company also has the potential to materially impact upon the Trust's market exposure. Regardless of the ultimate outcome of litigation (which may be subject to appeal), and whether involving regulatory or civil claims, litigation may have a material impact on the Trust as a result of the costs associated with litigation and the management time associated with defending litigation.

## Compliance plan and Australian Financial Services Licence

The Company must ensure it complies with the requirements of its Australian Financial Services Licence, the Corporations Act, ASX Listing Rules, and other statutory duties and obligations as imposed by law. The Trust's compliance plan sets out the procedures the Company must follow in operating the Trust to meet its statutory obligations.

To determine whether the Trust has met these statutory obligations, the compliance plan Auditor conducts an annual audit on the Trust's compliance plan. The compliance plan Auditor reports to ASIC on whether the Company has complied with the compliance plan for the financial year and whether the compliance plan continues to meet the requirements of Part 5C.4 of the Corporations Act.

## Management declaration

The Board receives a written declaration from the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (or the person(s) effectively performing these functions) that, in their opinion, the financial records of the Trust have been properly maintained, the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Trust, and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively. These declarations are provided in relation to the Company's half year and full year financial reports.

## 5. Remuneration

Under the Trust's Constitution, the Company is not entitled to any fee or other remuneration from the Trust but is entitled to be remunerated by a third party for its services as the responsible entity and to be indemnified by a third party for any liabilities incurred by it as the responsible entity and may retain and is not required to account for any benefit so derived by it from that third party. There were no fees paid to the Company for the reporting period.

The Company, in its personal capacity, has entered into the Relationship Deed with Murray Goulburn. The costs of the Trust are payable by Murray Goulburn in accordance with the Relationship Deed.

Under the Relationship Deed:

 Murray Goulburn will be responsible for, and pay directly or reimburse the Company for, all costs properly incurred by the Company in relation to its operations and the operation of the Trust, including accounting, audit,

- legal and regulatory costs, rental costs and fees and expenses of Directors, responsible managers and Compliance Committee members of the Company;
- Murray Goulburn will provide the Company with staff and with premises, computer systems and other equipment, software, know-how and other tangible and intangible property used by the staff to assist the Company to perform its obligations as the responsible entity of the Trust as specified in the Trust Constitution and the Corporations Act.

#### 6. Conduct and Ethics

#### **Code of Conduct**

Murray Goulburn has in place a Code of Conduct, which applies to all Directors, employees, contractors of, and people associated with, or acting on behalf of, Murray Goulburn and its related bodies corporate (the **MG Group**), which includes the Trust.

The key values underpinning the Code of Conduct are:

- To lead with boldness and courage;
- · To act with integrity,
- To have systems fit for purpose, and,
- Have trust in each other to be accountable.

## Securities Dealing Policy and insider trading

A Securities Dealing Policy is in place and covers dealings in securities by Directors and employees of the Company and complies with the ASX Listing Rule requirements for a trading policy. Murray Goulburn has also adopted this policy for its directors and employees. The Securities Dealing Policy, which is available at www.mgcl.com.au, restricts dealings by Directors and employees of the MG Group in the trading of Murray Goulburn securities and units in the Trust during designated prohibited periods and at any time they are in possession of unpublished price sensitive information. The Securities Dealing Policy aims to ensure that public confidence is maintained in the reputation of the MG Group, the reputation of the Directors and employees of the MG Group and in the trading of units in the Trust and in Murray Goulburn securities.

# 7. Continuous Disclosure and Communications with Unitholders

## **Market disclosure**

The Company (through the Board) is responsible for the corporate governance of the Trust and therefore has significant continuous disclosure obligations under the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules.

The Company is committed to making timely and balanced disclosure of all material matters concerning the Trust and effective communication with its key stakeholders so as to give them ready access to clear and relevant information to assist them in making informed decisions. Accordingly, the Company and Murray Goulburn have adopted a Market Disclosure and Communications Policy. Further information regarding the mechanism in place in relation to market disclosure and stakeholder communication is set out in the Market Disclosure and Communications Policy which is available at www.mgcl.com.au.

Murray Goulburn and the Company have entered into the Relationship Deed and Continuous Disclosure Deed Poll in recognition that most of the information that will have a material effect on the price of units in the Trust will relate to the performance and operations of Murray Goulburn. The deeds provide that Murray Goulburn and the Company will coordinate their continuous disclosure functions and specify a process designed to enable the Company to obtain information that is, or may be, information that would have a material effect on the price or value of units for the purpose of the Company meeting its continuous disclosure obligations.

#### Communication with unitholders

The Company places importance on communication with its shareholder, unitholders, market participants and other stakeholders and aims to ensure they are kept informed of all major developments affecting the state of affairs of the Trust.

One of the key communication tools is the website. The website contains the key governance documents, market announcements, the Annual Report and half-yearly financial statements and other communications to key stakeholders. The website also provides contact details for unitholders to direct inquires to the Company or the Trust's registry which is Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited (Computershare).

In conjunction with the website, the Company facilitates an effective two-way communication process with investors. The process is intended to supplement the Company's Market Disclosure and Communications Policy. The Company has provided unitholders with contact details for the Company Secretary through which they can direct questions. As part of the process, the Company has also adopted a Complaints Handling and Dispute Resolution Policy and has an email contact through which unitholders can lodge a complaint.

The Company encourages unitholders to receive Trust communications electronically. Unitholders may elect to receive all or some of their unitholder communications electronically. This election can be made directly with Computershare.

## **Unitholder meetings**

The Trust is not required to hold an annual general meeting of unitholders. In the event that the Company convenes a general meeting of the Trust's unitholders, the Board will follow the procedures set out in the Trust Constitution and will consider best practice methods to facilitate unitholder participation.

This Corporate Governance Statement has been approved by the Board of the Company and is current as at 3 September 2019.

## **Appendix 4G**

# Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity:		
MG Responsible Entity Limited as responsible entity of the MG Unit Trust		
ABN / ARBN: Financial year ended:		
ABN 18 147 028 017 ARSN 606 103 637	30 June 2019	
Our corporate governance statement <sup>2</sup> for the above period above can be four	nd at:3	
☐ These pages of our annual report:		
☐ This URL on our website: www.mgcl.com.au/corporate	e-governance	
The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 03 Se the Board.	eptember 2019 and has been approved by	
The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures	can be located.	
Date: 03 September 2019	e: 03 September 2019	
Name of Director or Secretary authorising Joseph Phillipos (Company lodgement:	Secretary)	

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of rule 4.10.3.

Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "<u>OR</u>" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "<u>OR</u>" at the end of the selection.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Mark whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where the entity's corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

## ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\ldots^4$
PRINC	IPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVE	RSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should disclose:     (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and     (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]  and information about the respective roles and responsibilities of our board and management (including those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management):  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable (See, however, our Corporate Governance Statement – Section 2 for further information)</li> </ul>
1.2	A listed entity should:     (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and     (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable (See, however, our Corporate Governance Statement – Section 3 and our Board Charter, for further information)</li> </ul>

<sup>4</sup> If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
1.5	A listed entity should:  (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;  (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and  (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either:  (1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or  (2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.	the fact that we have a diversity policy that complies with paragraph (a):  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]  at [insert location]  at [insert location]  at least location]  and the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with our diversity policy and our progress towards achieving them:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]  and the information referred to in paragraphs (c)(1) or (2):  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
1.6	A listed entity should:     (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and     (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]  and the information referred to in paragraph (b):  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
1.7	A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and  (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]  and the information referred to in paragraph (b):  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
PRINCIP	PLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE		
2.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a nomination committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a nomination committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2):  □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	our board skills matrix:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

Corporat	e Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
2.3	A listed entity should disclose:     (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;     (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and     (c) the length of service of each director.	the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors:  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b):  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement and the length of service of each director:  ☐ in our Corporate Governance Statement  ☑ in the Board of Directors section of Murray Goulburn's 2019 Annual Report	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance     Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable     (See, however, our Corporate Governance Statement – Section 3 for further information)
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance     Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable     (See, however, our Corporate Governance Statement – Section 3 for further information)
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
PRINCIP	LE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
3.1	A listed entity should:     (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and     (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	<ul> <li> our code of conduct or a summary of it:</li> <li>☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement AND</li> <li>☑ the Code of Conduct is located at www.mgcl.com.au/corporate-governance</li> </ul>	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
PRINCIP	LE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING		
4.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have an audit committee which:  (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and  (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have an audit committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2):  □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement (i.e. an ASX waiver has been provided)
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an annual general meeting and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

Corpor	ate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
PRINCI	PLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should:     (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and     (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our continuous disclosure compliance policy or a summary of it:  in our Corporate Governance Statement AND  in our Market Disclosure and Communications Policy	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCI	PLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	information about us and our governance on our website:  at www.mgcl.com.au/corporate-governance	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	our policies and processes for facilitating and encouraging participation at meetings of security holders:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance     Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold periodic meetings of security holders and this recommendation is therefore not applicable     (Note: unitholders are invited to attend the Annual General Meetings of the shareholders of Murray Goulburn)
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
PRINCI	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a committee or committees to oversee risk that comply with paragraphs (1) and (2):  □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should:  (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and  (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	the fact that board or a committee of the board reviews the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound:  in our Corporate Governance Statement and that such a review has taken place in the reporting period covered by this Appendix 4G:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
7.3	A listed entity should disclose:     (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs:	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
	(b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	□ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement	
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	whether we have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\ldots^4$
PRINCIP	LE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a remuneration committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a remuneration committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2):  □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] and a copy of the charter of the committee: □ at [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: □ in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:     (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and     (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our policy on this issue or a summary of it:  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  at [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

Corporat	e Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
ADDITIO	NAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED	LISTED ENTITIES	
-	Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities:  The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose:  (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity;  (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b):  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement AND  ☑ in our 2019 Annual Report	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
-	Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities:  An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement