

To: Company Announcements Office

From: Francesca Lee

Date: 4 October 2019

Subject: 2019 Appendix 4G and Corporate Governance Statement

In accordance with Listing Rules 4.7.3 and 4.7.4, Newcrest Mining Limited attaches a copy of its 2019 Appendix 4G and Corporate Governance Statement for release to the market.

Yours sincerely

Francesca Lee

**Company Secretary** 

# Appendix 4G

# Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity:			
Newcrest Mining Limited			
ABN / ARBN:	Financial year ended:		
20 005 683 625	30 June 2019		
Our corporate governance statement <sup>2</sup>	for the above period above can be found at:3		
☐ This URL on our website:	http://www.newcrest.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance		
The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 17 September 2019 and has been approved by the board.			
The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.			
Date:	4 October 2019		
Name of Director or Secretary authorising Francesca Lee Company Secretary			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of rule 4.10.3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Mark whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where the entity's corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "<u>OR</u>" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

## ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
PRINC	IPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVE	ERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should disclose:  (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and  (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement and information about the respective roles and responsibilities of our board and management (including those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management):  in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
1.2	A listed entity should:     (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and     (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

<sup>4</sup> If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
1.5	<ul> <li>(a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;</li> <li>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and</li> <li>(c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either: <ul> <li>(1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or</li> <li>(2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li> the fact that we have a diversity policy that complies with paragraph (a):</li> <li>☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li> and a copy of our diversity policy or a summary of it:</li> <li>☑ at www.newcrest.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance</li> <li> and the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with our diversity policy and our progress towards achieving them:</li> <li>☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li> and the information referred to in paragraphs (c)(1) or (2):</li> <li>☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
1.6	A listed entity should:         (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and         (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):  in our Corporate Governance Statement and the information referred to in paragraph (b):  in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
1.7	A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and  (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	<ul> <li> the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):</li> <li>☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li> and the information referred to in paragraph (b):</li> <li>☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
PRINCI	PLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE		
2.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a nomination committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	the fact that we have a nomination committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2):  in our Corporate Governance Statement OR and a copy of the charter of the committee:  at www.newcrest.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5):  in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	our board skills matrix:  ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
2.3	<ul> <li>A listed entity should disclose:</li> <li>(a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;</li> <li>(b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and</li> <li>(c) the length of service of each director.</li> </ul>	the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors:  in our Corporate Governance Statement and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b):  not applicable and the length of service of each director:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$		
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>		
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable		
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>		
PRINCIP	PRINCIPLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY				
3.1	A listed entity should:     (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and     (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	our code of conduct or a summary of it:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement		

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\ldots^4$
PRINCIP	LE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING		
4.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have an audit committee which:  (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and  (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	the fact that we have an audit committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2):  in our Corporate Governance Statement and a copy of the charter of the committee:  at www.newcrest.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5):  in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an annual general meeting and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
PRINCIP	LE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should:     (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and     (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our continuous disclosure compliance policy or a summary of it:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIP	LE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	information about us and our governance on our website:  \text{\tiny{\text{\tin}\text{\tetx{\text{\tetx{\text{\texitilex{\text{\texi{\texi\text{\text{\texit{\texit{\texictex{\texi{\texi{\texi}\texit{\texit{\text{\texi{\text{	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	our policies and processes for facilitating and encouraging participation at meetings of security holders:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity that does not hold periodic meetings of security holders and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

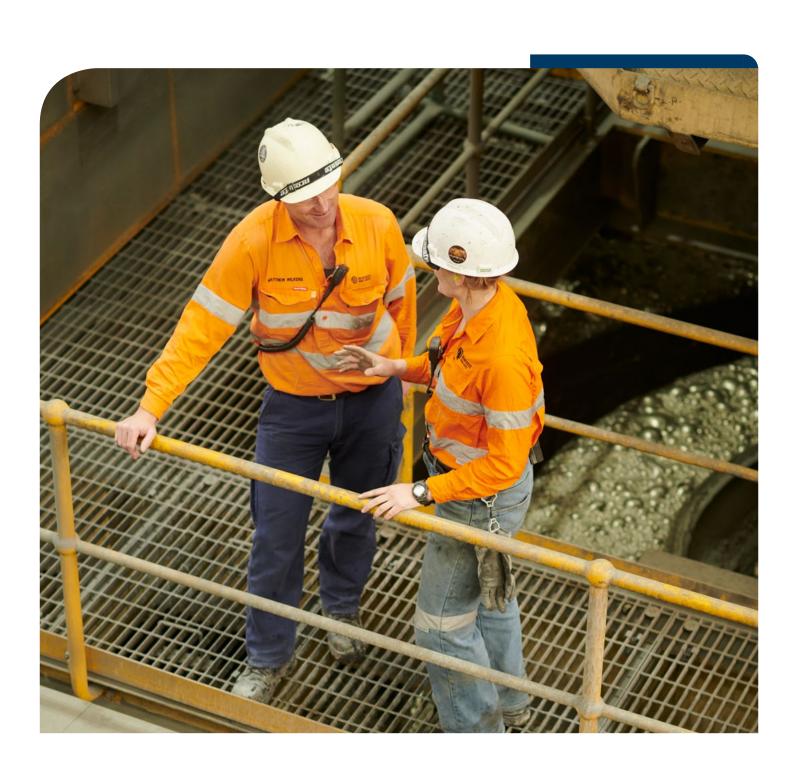
Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
PRINCIP	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.  The board or a committee of the board should:  (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and	the fact that we have a committee or committees to oversee risk that comply with paragraphs (1) and (2):  in our Corporate Governance Statement and a copy of the charter of the committee:  at www.newcrest.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5):  in our Corporate Governance Statement  the fact that board or a committee of the board reviews the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound:	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement  an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.3	<ul> <li>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.</li> <li>A listed entity should disclose:</li> <li>(a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li> and that such a review has taken place in the reporting period covered by this Appendix 4G:</li> <li>in our Corporate Governance Statement</li> <li> how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs:</li> </ul>	☐ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance  Statement
	structured and what role it performs; or  (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.		

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\dots^4$
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	whether we have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks:  In our Corporate Governance Statement	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed $\ldots^4$
PRINCIP	LE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a remuneration committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	the fact that we have a remuneration committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2):  in our Corporate Governance Statement and a copy of the charter of the committee:  at www.newcrest.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5):  in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:     (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and     (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	our policy on this issue or a summary of it:  in our Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u></li> <li>we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>



# 2019 Corporate Governance Statement



# **Corporate Governance Statement**

This Corporate Governance Statement of Newcrest Mining Limited (Newcrest or the Company) sets out in detail the Company's corporate governance processes and structure as at 17 September 2019, including for the year ended 30 June 2019. The Board believes that adherence by Newcrest and its people to the highest standards of corporate governance is critical in order to achieve its vision. Our detailed governance framework provides the structure for decision making and acceptable standards of behaviour across our business. It is regularly reviewed and adapted to developments in market practice and regulation.

This statement includes information required under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations 3rd edition (the ASX Principles and Recommendations). The Board considers that the Company's corporate governance practices comply with the ASX Principles and Recommendations as at the date of this statement.

This statement and an ASX Appendix 4G were lodged with ASX on 4 October 2019 and may be accessed in the corporate governance section of our website at www.newcrest.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.

Details of the Company's governance arrangements, including Board and Board Committee Charters and key policies, are also available on the Company's website.

### 1. Board of Directors

### Role and responsibilities

The Board determines the strategic direction of the Company, regularly reviews the appropriateness of it, and oversees its implementation. The Board is ultimately accountable to Newcrest's shareholders for the performance of the business. The role of the Board is described in the Board Charter, which is available on the Company's website: www.newcrest.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.

The Board has delegated to the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) all the powers and authorities required to manage the Company's business, except those expressly reserved to the Board or one of its Committees as described in the Board Charter. There is also a comprehensive framework of delegations from the CEO to management and other employees.

#### Board composition

As at the date of this statement, Newcrest's Board comprises eight Directors: two Executive Directors (the MD & CEO – Sandeep Biswas, and the Finance Director and Chief Financial Officer (FD & CFO) – Gerard Bond) and six Non-Executive Directors.

The roles of the Chairman, and the MD & CEO are not exercised by the same individual. The appointment of the MD & CEO is made by the Board.

The Chairman, Peter Hay, joined the Board in August 2013. He is an independent Non-Executive Director and is not a former executive of the Company. The role of the Chairman is to lead the Board, facilitate the effective contribution of all Directors, promote constructive and respectful relations between Directors and between the Board and management, ensure that the Board functions effectively and communicates the views of the Board to shareholders.

Sandeep Biswas was appointed as a Director and Chief Operating Officer in January 2014. He became MD & CEO on 4 July 2014.

The names, skills and experience of each Director, and their dates of appointment are set out on pages 20 to 23 of the Annual Report and on the Company's website.

As part of the ongoing Board renewal, Rick Lee retired immediately after the Annual General Meeting on 14 November 2018. Peter Tomsett was appointed as a Non-Executive Director effective from 1 September 2018.

With the assistance of the Nominations Committee, the Board reviews succession on an ongoing basis and, in doing so, takes into consideration the length of time a Director has served on the Board, the mix of skills and experience on the Board, the performance of its Directors and diversity.

Directors, other than the MD & CEO, must submit themselves for re-election every three years and at least one Director must stand for election each year. Before recommending that shareholders re-elect a Director, the Board considers the performance of the Director and any other matters it considers relevant. When a Director is to be considered for election or re-election, shareholders are provided with all material information within the Company's possession that is relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect that Director.

#### Board skills and experience

The Board regularly reviews its structure, size and composition to ensure that it has the range of skills, expertise and experience required for robust decision-making and effective governance of the Company.

The Company's intention is that the Board encompasses a mix of diversity (including in relation to gender, age, culture and experience) and a broad range of skills in key areas relevant to Newcrest's business.

The Board utilises a Skills and Experience Matrix to set out the skills and experience that the Board is looking to achieve in its membership and identify the Directors who have such skills and experience and any gaps or areas to focus on for future appointments or training.

### **Board Skills and Experience Matrix**

Board Skills and Experience	Out of 8 Directors
MINING AND RESOURCES EXPERIENCE	
Resources	
Senior executive experience or long-term Board experience in a medium to large mining and resources organisation or extensive experience advising mining and resources companies	8
Exploration	
Senior executive responsibility for exploration or long-term Board experience in a large mining and resources organisation with exploration as a key part of its business	6
Engineering	
Professional qualification in engineering or extensive experience in engineering	5
Health and Safety	
Executive experience in a mining and resources organisation with responsibility for health and safety or membership of health and safety Board committees	7
Marketing	
Senior executive experience in marketing at a large organisation	4
LEADERSHIP	
CEO Experience	
CEO, Managing Director or Managing Partner experience	7
Board and Committee Experience	
Director and Board Committee experience	8
FINANCE AND RISK	
Audit / Accounting	
Professional qualification in accounting or membership of an Audit Board committee	7
Risk Management	
Senior executive experience in risk management or membership of a Board committee with responsibility for risk management	7
Finance and Investment	
Senior executive experience in finance or business development or mergers and acquisitions or director of a financial institution	7
Law and Government	
Professional qualification in law or extensive experience in corporate legal matters or extensive involvement with government departments	5
Governance	
Commitment to the highest standards of governance including experience in a large organisation that is subject to rigorous governance standards	8
PEOPLE	
Human Resources	
Remuneration or nominations committee membership or executive experience in human resources	7
GLOBAL EXPERTISE	
Experience in an international market with exposure to a range of political, cultural, regulatory and business environments	8

The Board considers that each of the areas identified in the Board Skills and Experience Matrix is currently well represented on the Board, given the relative importance of each area.

While information technology is recognised as an important skill, having regard to the Company's risk in this area, it is not a skill that is specifically identified in the Board Skills and Experience Matrix. The Board considers that this skill is well represented at management level.

### Appointments

The Nominations Committee regularly considers succession planning to ensure an orderly succession and renewal of the Directors. Details of the role and composition of the Nominations Committee are set out under "Board committees and charters" available on the Company's website: www.newcrest.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.

When considering new appointments to the Board, suitable candidates are identified taking into account the Board Skills and Experience Matrix. Independent recruitment firms may be engaged to assist in searching for candidates.

Before appointing a person as a Director or Executive, checks are undertaken with respect to their character and experience, academic qualifications, criminal record and bankruptcy history.

Each new Non-Executive Director receives a letter formalising, and outlining the key terms of, their appointment.

# Director induction and continuing education

Any new Director participates in a formal induction process co-ordinated by the Company Secretary. It includes briefings with Executives, visits to some of the Company's operations and the provision of information with respect to the Company's business, strategy, operations and corporate governance.

Each Director visits at least one of the Company's operations each year by rotation to ensure that they obtain a deep understanding of the Company's' business, including the culture and operational risks. The Board and Committees also receive updates from Management and external speakers as to material developments in the industry, law and/or accounting standards which are relevant to the Company and its operations. In addition, the Board receives training and/or materials on topics considered by the Board, the Nominations Committee or Management to be necessary or desirable to develop and maintain the Directors' skills and knowledge and to deal with new and emerging business and governance issues.

### Director independence

The Board considers that a Director is independent if he or she is not aligned with the interests of Management or a substantial holder and is free of any interest, position, or business or other relationship that could materially interfere with the Director's capacity to bring an independent judgment to bear on issues before the Board and to act in the best interests of the company as a whole. Materiality is assessed in view of the facts and circumstances of the relationship having regard to the criteria listed in the Board's Director Independence Policy. Materiality is considered from the perspective of the Newcrest Group, the organisations with which the relevant Director is affiliated and from the Director's perspective. The Board's Director Independence Policy was updated in June 2019 to align with the guidance provided in the 4th edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations. The Board's Director Independence Policy is available on the Company's website: www.newcrest.com.au/ about-us/corporate-governance.

The Board assesses the independence of each Director before appointment, and then at least annually, by reference to the Company's Director Independence Policy.

In August 2019, the Board considered whether the Non-Executive Directors satisfy the Company's criteria for independence, and concluded that each of the current Non-Executive Directors is independent. As part of its assessment, the Board considered the tenure of each Director, as shown in the following table.

Name	Length of service
Non-Executive Directors	
Peter Hay	Six years
Philip Aiken AM	Six years
Xiaoling Liu	Four years
Roger Higgins	Four years
Vickki McFadden	Three years
Peter Tomsett	One year
Executive Directors	
Sandeep Biswas	Five years
Gerard Bond	Seven years

Directors are required to inform the Board of any changes to their interests or relationships that could bear upon their independence.

### Access to independent advice and information

All Directors have direct access to all relevant Company information and to the Company's Senior Executives. Directors, the Board and the Committees also have access to independent legal, accounting or other professional advice as necessary, at the Company's expense.

#### Conflicts of interest

Each Director has a duty to determine whether he or she has a potential or actual conflict of interest in relation to any material matter which relates to the affairs of the Company.

Under the Director's Conflicts of Interest Policy, a Director must disclose to the Directors and the Chief Legal, Risk and Compliance Officer:

- a material personal interest in a matter that relates to the affairs of the Company; and
- (b) any other interest in a matter relating to the affairs of the Company, which may give rise to, or be perceived to give rise to, a real or substantial possibility of conflict,

as soon as practicable after the Director becomes aware of such interest.

A Director who has an existing, potential or perceived conflict of interest in relation to a matter must not be present while the matter is being considered by the Board and must not vote on the matter unless the Directors that do not have an interest in the matter approve by way of a resolution. In addition, the Director may not receive relevant Board papers.

All Directors are required to notify the Chairman before accepting any new outside appointment.

A register of potential conflicts of interest is also maintained.

# Company Secretaries

The Company Secretaries are accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairman, for advising on corporate governance matters, including adherence to the Board Charter and coordinating all Board business. All Directors have direct access to the Company Secretaries. The appointment and removal of a Company Secretary is a matter for the full Board. Francesca Lee was appointed as General Counsel & Company Secretary in March 2014. Her role and title was changed to Chief Legal, Risk and Compliance Officer in September 2019. She is also the Company Secretary.

Claire Hannon was appointed as an additional Company Secretary in August 2015. Details of the qualifications and experience of Francesca Lee and Claire Hannon are set out on page 36 of the Annual Report.

#### 2. Board Committees

Details of the current membership and composition of each of the standing Board Committees is set out below.

Committee	Membership	Role	Meetings
Audit and Risk Committee	At least three Non-Executive Directors (NEDs). Currently:  Vickki McFadden (Chairman)  Xiaoling Liu  Peter Tomsett (appointed on 1 September 2018)	To assist the Board to fulfil its responsibilities in relation to the following matters:  - financial reporting principles and policies, controls and procedures;  - integrity of the Company's financial statements;  - risk management processes;  - internal control processes and effectiveness;  - internal audit;  - compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements; and  - external audit.	Minimum four per year
Safety and Sustainability Committee	At least three NEDs. Currently: - Roger Higgins (Chairman) - Philip Aiken - Peter Tomsett (appointed on 1 September 2018)	To assist the Board in its oversight, monitoring and review of the Company's practices and governance in the following areas:  - safety;  - occupational health;  - social performance;  - environment;  - climate change;  - sustainability; and  - human rights and security of communities, employees and operations.	Minimum three per year

Committee	Membership	Role	Meetings
Human Resources and Remuneration Committee	At least four NEDs. Currently: - Philip Aiken (Chairman) - Roger Higgins - Xiaoling Liu - Vickki McFadden	To assist the Board in the discharge of its responsibilities relating to the Company's remuneration framework, remuneration of Directors and Executives, talent management processes and monitoring of the Company's diversity and inclusion policies and practices. In particular, it considers and makes recommendations with respect to matters including:	Minimum three per year
		<ul> <li>organisational design and talent capability;</li> </ul>	
		- overall cultural framework and practices of the Company;	
		<ul> <li>remuneration strategy;</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>employee share plans and Executive incentive plans;</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>remuneration arrangements, performance measures, assessment of performance, terms of employment and succession planning for the MD &amp; CEO;</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Non-Executive Director remuneration;</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>major components of the Company's remuneration framework;</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>appointment of remuneration consultants;</li> </ul>	
		- preparation of the annual Remuneration Report;	
		- industrial relations policies, practices and strategies; and	
		<ul> <li>policies, processes and measurable objectives in relation to diversity and inclusion.</li> </ul>	
Nominations Committee	At least two NEDs. Currently:	To assist the Board in its management of the Company's corporate governance in the following areas:	Minimum three per year
	<ul><li>Peter Hay (Chairman)</li><li>Philip Aiken</li></ul>	<ul> <li>composition and diversity of the Board and its Committees;</li> </ul>	
	– Xiaoling Liu	<ul> <li>succession planning for the Chairman and Non-Executive Directors;</li> </ul>	
		- Director selection, appointment, election and re-election;	
		- Director induction and continuing development; and	
		<ul> <li>evaluations of the performance of the Board, its Committees and individual Directors.</li> </ul>	
		Note that the Board remains responsible for the appointment of the MD & CEO as per its charter.	
Board Executive Committee	<ul> <li>Chairman;</li> <li>MD &amp; CEO (or in his absence the FD &amp; CFO); and</li> <li>one other NED.</li> </ul>	To act as a delegate of the Board to facilitate Board processes and decisions between scheduled Board meetings, and at short notice. The Committee holds the full delegated authority of the Board in relation to matters referred to it by the Board.	As required, at the direction of the Board

The charters for each of the above Committees are available on the Company's website: www.newcrest.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.

Each Committee member has been selected on the basis that he or she brings relevant and required skills and experience to the relevant Committee.

All Directors receive papers and minutes for all Committees, and are invited to attend all Committee meetings. Each Committee reports its deliberations to the next Board meeting and Committee minutes are provided to the Board.

Details of the number of Board and Committee meetings held during the 2019 financial year, and the attendance of each Director or Committee member at the meetings, are set out on page 37 of the Annual Report.

Additional Board Committees are established from time to time to support the Board in carrying out its responsibilities in relation to specific matters, such as projects or potential transactions.

#### 3. Board and Executive Performance

### Board performance evaluation

A review of the performance and effectiveness of the Board and Committees is generally undertaken annually, alternating between internal and external reviews. An internal review was conducted in 2018. In June 2019 an independent external consultant completed its review. The external review involved a comprehensive assessment of all Board and Committee papers for the preceding 12 months, attendance at some of the Board and Committee meetings to observe the interaction between Directors and Management and their behaviour, and an in-depth interview with each Director. The outcomes of the review were discussed and considered by the Chairman and then provided to the Nominations Committee in August 2019. The review found that the Board and Committees are functioning effectively and no significant issues were identified. Minor changes are being effected where considered necessary by the Board.

The functionality and performance of the Board and its Committees is usually considered further at regular intervals throughout the year, taking into account the outcomes of the previous review.

### Executive performance evaluation

The Company has in place a performance review system for Executives, which is designed to optimise performance.

The Board annually reviews the performance of the MD & CEO against agreed performance measures and other relevant factors. The MD & CEO undertakes a similar exercise in relation to each of the other Executives. The outcomes of the MD & CEO's annual performance review of the other Executives are discussed with the Board.

Each of the Company's Executives (including the MD & CEO and the FD & CFO) has an Executive Service Agreement, and each of those who were employed by the Company during the 2019 financial year has undergone a performance review with respect to their performance during the 2019 financial year.

Details of the outcomes of the performance reviews, particularly in relation to the "at risk" component on the Company's Executives' remuneration, are set out in the 2019 Remuneration Report on pages  $68\ to\ 87$  of the Annual Report.

# 4. Fees and Remuneration

## Non-Executive Directors' fees

Remuneration of Non-Executive Directors is fixed rather than variable, so that Board membership of a high standard is maintained and market remuneration trends are reflected. Remuneration levels and trends are periodically assessed, with the assistance of professional independent remuneration consultants as required. They are adjusted where necessary to align with Board remuneration levels in comparable Australian-listed companies.

The total aggregate amount of Directors' fees (**fee pool**) payable to the Company's Non-Executive Directors may not exceed the maximum amount authorised by the shareholders in general meeting. The fee pool is currently A\$2,700,000 and was approved by shareholders in 2010.

The total fee pool includes all fees payable to a Non-Executive Director for acting as a Director of the Board (including attending and participating in any Board Committee meetings) and includes superannuation contributions for the benefit of a Non-Executive Director and any fees which a Non-Executive Director agrees to salary sacrifice (pre-tax) for other benefits.

The Members of the Nominations Committee do not receive additional fees for their role on the Nominations Committee.

#### Executive remuneration

The Company's remuneration policy recognises the different levels of contribution within management to the short-term and long-term success of the Company. A significant proportion of each senior manager's remuneration is placed 'at risk', and is dependent upon both personal and Company performance, which is formally assessed each year. Performance objectives are intended to encourage the pursuit of growth and success of the Company without rewarding conduct that is contrary to the Company's values or risk appetite.

The Board has established with the MD & CEO specific personal and corporate performance objectives for the short and long term. The performance of the MD & CEO is formally assessed against these objectives annually. The assessment helps to determine the level of 'at risk' remuneration paid to the MD & CEO.

The Board, supported by the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee, must approve contracts with remuneration consultants. Remuneration recommendations made by remuneration consultants in relation to Key Management Personnel (KMP) must be made to the NEDs.

Details of the Company's remuneration policies and practices in relation to Directors and Executives are set out in the Remuneration Report on pages 68 to 87 of the Annual Report.

### 5. Values and Culture

Newcrest has the following core values and shares them with its workforce and externally:

- (a) Caring about people;
- (b) Integrity and honesty;
- (c) Working together;
- (d) Innovation and problem solving; and
- (e) High-performance.

The Board has oversight of culture and is committed to Newcrest living and working by its values. Culture is a regular topic of consideration by the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee.

Employees participate in annual organisational health surveys to enable the Company to continuously assess and improve its culture which underpins the achievement of its strategic goals. Employees also participate in regular surveys conducted by the legal governance compliance function to assess the understanding and commitment of employees to legal compliance.

# 6. Ethical and Responsible Decision-Making

#### Code of Conduct

The Board has adopted a Code of Conduct which reflects the Company's values, and guides the Board, Executives and the broader workforce as to the expected standards of behaviour. It helps to ensure the appropriate degree of integrity in the Company's dealings. Company personnel are trained in the values and expected behaviour under the Code. The Code of Conduct is available on the Company's website: www.newcrest.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.

The Company also has a comprehensive range of corporate policies which detail the framework for acceptable corporate behaviour, and these are subject to periodic review. Key policies referred to in the Code of Conduct can be found on the Company's website, including the Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy, Securities Dealing Policy, Safety and Health Policy, Diversity and Inclusion Policy, Communities Policy and Environmental Policy.

The Company has in place a Speak Out Policy which was updated in June 2019, which provides for a confidential, anonymous and independent process. It offers a mechanism to encourage employees, contractors, ex-employees, officers, suppliers and relatives of those people to report concerns of unethical, illegal or any other inappropriate behaviour in good faith and to receive protection from any negative consequences that could otherwise result from their actions. The Speak Out Policy is available on the Company's website: https://www.newcrest.com.au/about-us/company-policies/.

The Audit and Risk Committee regularly receives a summary of all matters reported to the Speakout service, including the general nature of the matter, outcome of the investigation and the actions taken. The Audit and Risk Committee is also informed as to any material breaches of the Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy and Code of Conduct.

### Securities Dealing Policy

The Company has a Securities Dealing Policy, which provides for 'prohibited periods' (or 'blackout periods') when staff must not deal in the Company's securities. Blackout periods commence immediately following the close of the half and full year financial periods (31 December and 30 June respectively) and two weeks prior to the release of each quarterly report. The blackout periods end at the end of the day of release of the Company's full year or half year financial results or quarterly report (as applicable).

The policy prohibits the use by employees of derivatives such as caps, collars, warrants or similar products in relation to Company securities, including shares acquired under the Newcrest Group's equity incentive schemes, whether or not they are vested. The Securities Dealing Policy is available on the Company's website: www.newcrest.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.

### 7. Shareholder Engagement

The Board values the views of its shareholders and is keen for shareholders and other financial market participants to gain a greater understanding of Newcrest's operations, governance, financial performance and prospects.

The Company therefore has an investor relations program in place to enable effective communication with shareholders, proxy advisers, retail investor groups, investors and analysts. The program includes scheduled presentations, meetings and site visits. An Investor Day is also held at least every two years. It is held in Sydney but is webcast and investors and analysts are able to submit questions electronically. The program is intended to provide an opportunity for two way communication. The investor relations program runs alongside a wider stakeholder engagement program involving interactions with politicians, financial media, regulators, environmental and community groups and other stakeholders.

Advance notice is given to analysts in respect of briefings, and the relevant corporate dates for the year are posted on the Company's website.

Feedback in relation to the views raised by investors or their representatives are conveyed to the MD & CEO and FD & CFO. The Board is provided with an update as to the outcomes of shareholder engagement at least once each year.

The Company conducts bi-annual webcasts covering full year and half year financial results which are accessible to all shareholders on the Company's website. It also holds an accessible and informative AGM, which is webcast. Further information is provided to shareholders about Newcrest and its governance on the Newcrest website.

Shareholder questions at the AGM are encouraged by the Chairman. Any shareholders unable to attend may submit questions to the Chairman prior to the meeting. Shareholders also have the opportunity to meet informally with Directors and Executives following the AGM.

The Company's auditors attend the AGM and are available to answer questions relating to the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the accounting policies adopted by the Company in the preparation of its financial statements, and the independence of the auditor in relation to the conduct of the audit.

All resolutions at Newcrest's Annual General Meeting or other shareholder meetings are conducted by a poll rather than a show of hands.

# 8. Continuous Disclosure and Market Communications

The Board recognises the importance of keeping the market fully informed of the Company's activities and of stakeholder communication in a timely, balanced and transparent manner, and is committed to compliance with ASX Listing Rules and *Corporations Act 2001* disclosure requirements.

Newcrest has a Disclosure Committee to assist in compliance with its disclosure obligations. The members of the Disclosure Committee are the MD & CEO, FD & CFO, Chief Legal, Risk and Compliance Officer and Chief People & Sustainability Officer. The Head of Investor Relations & Media is also invited to attend. The Disclosure Committee has delegated authority for making and executing disclosure decisions (save for matters expressly reserved to the Board) and overseeing investor relations functions.

The Disclosure Committee Charter describes the Committee's role, which is to support the primary disclosure obligation for the Company to disclose market sensitive information to the ASX and other exchanges on which it is listed promptly and without delay. A key responsibility of the Disclosure Committee is to assess and determine materiality for the purposes of the Company's disclosure obligations.

Newcrest has three policies which together make up the Company's disclosure framework. They comprise the publicly available Market Disclosure Policy (which is available on the Company's website: www.newcrest.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance), and the internal Market Releases and Investor Relations Policy and Media and External Communications Policy. The three policies are reviewed regularly and were last amended in June 2019 to align with the suggestions in the 4th edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations.

The Company's Disclosure policies describe the systems and procedures in place to ensure that Company information considered to be material is announced immediately to the market through the ASX. The Market Releases and Investor Relations Policy and Media and External Communications Policy establish procedures and controls around public announcements, investor relations and external communications, including:

- (a) requiring all external presentation materials with an investor or analyst focus to be provided as a market release to the ASX and other exchanges, and made available on Newcrest's website;
- (b) requiring (so far as practicable) significant investor relations events to be webcast or recorded and made available through a link on Newcrest's website;
- (c) imposing an investor relations 'blackout' period (i.e. where investor meetings, site visits and other elements of the investor relations program are not scheduled or initiated unless specifically approved by the Chairman and the MD & CEO) for a period of two weeks leading up to Newcrest's Half Year and Preliminary Final Reports and quarterly production results, and for such other periods and in relation to such other events as the Disclosure Committee determines to be necessary;
- (d) making all presentations at investor seminars and conferences and industry briefings subject to prior authorisation by the Disclosure Committee;
- (e) making all other sensitive documents to be provided to external parties, including presentations for external events, subject to prior approval from the line General Manager and Executive followed by the Chief People & Sustainability Officer who, with advice from the Head of Investor Relations & Media, will determine whether the materials also require legal review. If the materials contain price sensitive information not previously disclosed to the market, review and approval by the Disclosure Committee is also required; and
- (f) requiring all investor relations presentations, meetings, briefings and discussions to be conducted by a specifically authorised spokesperson. At least one additional Newcrest employee who has had formal continuous disclosure training in the preceding 12 months should be present, where practical, for all presentations, meetings, briefings and discussions.
  The nature and content of the discussion must be documented

afterwards by the Newcrest participants (with the Disclosure Committee to be immediately informed in the event of any

inadvertent market sensitive disclosure).

All releases made to the ASX are placed immediately on the Company's website. Other key communications are also placed immediately on the website, such as the Annual Report and Sustainability Report and the Notice of Meeting for the AGM. General and historical information about the Company and its operations is also available on the Newcrest website.

Newcrest webcasts the AGM, the half year and full year financial results presentations. Shareholders are encouraged to communicate with the share registry, Link Market Services, electronically. Shareholders may receive electronic versions or hard copies of key communications such as notices of meetings, annual reports and dividend statements.

## 9. Diversity and Inclusion

Diversity and inclusion are essential parts of Newcrest's vision, values and company culture. We aim to create a diverse and inclusive environment where everyone feels safe, valued and supported to bring their whole unique self to work.

The Company's Diversity and Inclusion Policy is available on the Company's website: www.newcrest.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance. The policy provides that the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee and the Board sets measurable diversity and inclusion objectives, and annually reviews the objectives and assesses Newcrest's progress in achieving the objectives.

Regular updates in relation to the initiatives that are being implemented to promote diversity and inclusion and progress against targets, are provided to the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee. The current Board represents a range of backgrounds and includes two female Directors. The Board considers diversity as an important factor for consideration in relation to Director appointments.

The Executive Committee is accountable for the implementation of the Diversity and Inclusion Strategy and measuring Newcrest's progress against both qualitative and quantitative targets. This Strategy is available on the Company's website: www.newcrest.com. au/careers/work-with-newcrest/careers-diversity/.

In June 2018, Newcrest launched its Diversity and Inclusion Strategy 2018–2021, with the following quantitative targets set by the Board in accordance with the Diversity and Inclusion Policy:

- increase the Australian representation of women in all levels to a minimum of 20%;
- (b) increase the Australian representation of women in management and professional roles (levels 2 to 4) to a minimum of 22%;
- (c) gain baseline data understanding of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander employees (in FY19) and introduce targets (in FY20) to be delivered (in FY21 onwards);
- (d) increase the global representation of women in all levels to minimum of 15%; and
- (e) increase the representation of locals and/or nationals in management and professional roles (levels 2 to 4) to 80%.

Set out below is a summary of our performance against these measures at the end of the reporting period:

Newcrest Mining (all sites)	As at 30 June 2018
Proportion of females	
Board	25%
Senior Executives	
(defined as Executive Committee members)	11%
All Australian employees	
(including Board and Senior Executives)	17.8%
All employees globally	13.8%
All Australian employees in management and professional roles (levels 2 to 4)	22.4%
All employees globally in management and professional roles (levels 2 to 4)	15.9%
Proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander employees in our Australian business	
Capture baseline data by FY19	Achieved
Proportion of locals and/or nationals in our global business	
In management and professional roles (levels 2 to 4)	70.6%

Note: excludes employees on leave without pay and casuals.

Further information in relation to the Company's diversity and inclusion initiatives and practices can be found on page 13 of the Annual Report. Newcrest also lodges annual reports with the Workplace Gender Equality Agency (WGEA) in relation to its Australian operations. A copy of these reports may be obtained from the WGEA website.

# 10. Risk Management and Integrity in Corporate Reporting

The Board recognises that risk management and internal controls are fundamental to sound management, and that oversight of such matters is a key responsibility of the Board.

### Management of risk

Newcrest has a detailed Risk Management System, comprising a framework and process, which describes the overall approach by the Company to risk management. This is supported by a Risk Management Policy, Standard, and related Procedure.

The Board's role in relation to risk is to review and confirm that a Risk Management System is in place which facilitates the effective identification, management and mitigation of any significant financial and non-financial risks to which the Company is exposed. The Audit and Risk Committee assists the Board to fulfil its responsibilities for risk management processes, internal control processes and effectiveness, internal audit and compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

The Audit and Risk Committee's role in relation to risk is to review and report to the Board as to the overall adequacy and effectiveness of the risk framework, risk assessment process and methodology and risk culture, having regard to the fact that responsibility for some of the risk framework, risk assessment process and methodology may be allocated to other Board Committees from time to time. For example, the management of key safety and sustainability risks is monitored and reviewed by the Safety and Sustainability Committee.

The Newcrest Risk Management System includes processes which outline how to identify and evaluate potential risk events and establish management plans to improve control effectiveness and reduce the likelihood and consequence of the risk events occurring. The aim is to provide an overarching, uniform and consistent framework for identifying, assessing, monitoring and managing business risks which is embedded within business activities. These risks include strategic, operational, external and financial risks. The Company also regularly reviews and tests its crisis management and emergency management systems.

In the 2019 financial year there was continued focus implementing the Company's material risk program at all sites and in all functions. The objective was to ensure that each material risk was identified, the related critical controls were appropriately assessed for effectiveness, and that action plans were developed to address any gaps and reduce the residual risk to an acceptable level. An update on the material risk program is reported by Management to the Audit and Risk Committee meetings. The Audit and Risk Committee reviews the Risk Management Framework on at least an annual basis. They last did this in June 2019, and their review took into account an independent review of the framework. A summary of risks is set out in the Operating and Financial Review on pages 59 to 67 of the Annual Report.

#### Management assurance

The Board receives regular reports on the Company's financial and operating results.

At the Board or Board Executive Committee meetings to approve each of Newcrest's half year and full year financial statements relating to the 2019 financial year, the Board received and considered a written statement (certificate of management assurance) from the MD & CEO and the FD & CFO in relation to Newcrest's system of risk oversight and management and compliance with internal controls.

Each assurance statement was supported by an internal process of compliance confirmations from Executive General Managers and General Managers responsible for operations and key functions.

The statement provided that, in the opinion of the MD & CEO and the FD & CFO, the financial statements complied with the Australian Accounting Standards and applicable regulations and presented a true and fair view of the Company's financial position and performance.

The statements also confirmed that the financial records of the Company had been properly maintained and that the opinions noted above regarding the integrity of the financial statements were based on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and control which had been operating effectively.

The Directors made comprehensive enquiries of management, the Audit and Risk Committee and other relevant parties as to the content of the proposed financial statements, and applied their knowledge of the affairs of the Company in reading and approving the accounts.

#### Internal audit

The Internal Audit function provides independent and objective assurance on the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls and governance systems. The Manager – Internal Audit currently reports to the Chief Legal, Risk & Compliance Officer, but previously reported to the General Manager – Finance & Risk. The Manager – Internal Audit has direct access to the FD & CFO and the Chair of the Audit and Risk Committee. The Audit and Risk Committee recommends to the Board the appointment or dismissal of the role of Manager – Internal Audit.

The Audit and Risk Committee approves the annual Internal Audit Plan and receives reports from Internal Audit concerning the effectiveness of internal control and risk management. The Audit and Risk Committee members have access to the Manager – Internal Audit without the presence of other management. The Manager – Internal Audit function has full access to all functions, records, property and personnel of the Company and is supported primarily by external consultants.

The annual Internal Audit Plan is risk based to ensure that higher risk activities are prioritised in the Plan. A status report on the execution of the Plan, including current findings and actions is regularly provided to the Audit and Risk Committee during the year. All material findings are reported to the Board. Corrective actions are monitored, reviewed and reported.

#### External audit

The Audit and Risk Committee is responsible for the selection, evaluation, compensation and, where appropriate, replacement of the external auditor, subject to shareholder approval where required.

The Company's current external auditor is EY. Reappointment of the external auditor is reviewed and approved annually. A tender process was last completed in relation to the role of the external auditor in June 2015.

The Audit and Risk Committee reviews EY's performance in the areas of company knowledge, quality of team, coverage ability (ability to cover all Newcrest locations and activities), industry knowledge, cost and audit methodology, which the Company believes are the critical elements of service delivery.

The Audit and Risk Committee ensures that the lead external audit partner and quality review partner rotate from that role every five years or, if they have acted in that capacity for five out of the last seven successive financial years, they are subject to a two-year 'cooling off' period following rotation. The Board may, in accordance with a recommendation from the Audit and Risk Committee, resolve to extend the five-year period by not more than two successive years, subject to compliance with the *Corporations Act 2001*. The current lead audit partner first undertook the role with respect to the 2018 financial year.

The Audit and Risk Committee meets with the external auditor throughout the year to review the adequacy of the existing external audit arrangements, with particular emphasis on the effectiveness, performance and independence of the auditor. The Committee also meets with the external auditor without the presence of management following most meetings.

The Audit and Risk Committee receives assurances from the external auditor that they meet all applicable independence requirements in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and the rules of the professional accounting bodies. This independence declaration forms part of the Directors' Report.

The external auditor attends the AGM and is available to answer shareholder questions regarding aspects of the external audit and their report.

Details of the services provided by EY to the Company, and the fees paid or due and payable for those services are referred to in the Directors' Report and set out in Note 35 of the Financial Report. Engagements for non-audit services provided by EY to the Company are approved by the Audit and Risk Committee Chair prior to commencement.

### 11. Sustainability

Sustainability is an important part of Newcrest's vision to develop successful mining operations through balancing economic prosperity, environmental quality and social responsibility.

In 2017, Newcrest became a member of the International Council on Mining and Metals (ICMM). The ICMM brings together the world's leading mining and metals companies and associations to address core sustainable development opportunities and challenges faced by the industry.

Newcrest is also a member of the Minerals Council of Australia, and in May 2005, became a signatory to 'Enduring Value' – the Australian Mining Industry Framework for Sustainable Development, that is based on the International Council on Mining and Metals Principles. Newcrest renewed its commitment to Enduring Value in the 2016 financial year.

In addition, Newcrest is a Supporting Member of the Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative and a member of the Voluntary Principles on Security and Human Rights Initiative.

The Safety and Sustainability Committee oversees, monitors and reviews the Company's practices and governance in the area of sustainability. The charter for the Committee is available on the Company's website: www.newcrest.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance.

The work of the Committee in 2019 saw the release of new company commitments and policies on sustainability, biodiversity, water stewardship and climate change. The company plans to progressively adopt the Taskforce on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) framework and will take a phased approach to reporting against it. To assist with long-term planning and asset resilience, acquisitions and key capital expenditures will incorporate sensitivity analysis using internal carbon prices of between \$25 and \$50/tonne of  $\rm CO_2$ -e, for jurisdictions where there is no regulated carbon price. The company has also set itself the target of a 30% reduction in greenhouse gas emissions intensity by 2030, against a 2018 baseline of 35 kg  $\rm CO_2$ -e per tonne of ore treated. Ore treated is the most consistent way to track performance given gold grade variability.

Public reporting and an intent to keep the Company's stakeholders informed is a component of the Company's commitment to sustainability. The Company's annual Sustainability Report outlines Newcrest's safety, health, economic, environmental and social contribution and performances to the regions and communities where it operates. The report is available on the Company's website: www.newcrest.com.au/sustainability/sustainability-reports.

This Corporate Governance Statement was approved by the Board of Newcrest Mining Limited and is correct as at 17 September 2019.