

20 September 2021

Company Announcements Office ASX Limited

Dear Sir / Madam

Corporate Governance Statement

In accordance with the ASX Listing Rules, Karoon Energy Ltd releases its 2021 Corporate Governance Statement to the market.

This announcement has been authorised by the Board of Directors.

Yours faithfully

Nick Kennedy

Company Secretary

Karoon Energy Ltd ('the **Company**') is committed to a high level of corporate governance and fostering a culture that values ethical behaviour, integrity and respect. Adopting and operating in accordance with high standards of corporate governance is essential for sustainable long-term performance, accountability and value creation.

The Company, as a listed entity, must comply with the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) (**Corporations Act 2001**), the Australian Securities Exchange (**ASX**) Listing Rules and other Australian and international laws. The ASX Listing Rules require the Company to report on the extent to which it has followed the corporate governance recommendations contained in the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations 4th Edition (**ASXCGC Recommendations 4th edition**).

The Company has undergone a thorough review of its corporate governance framework, including review of its corporate policies and committee charters and considers that it is compliant with the ASXCGC Recommendations 4th edition.

This statement has been approved by the Board as at 17 September 2021.

A checklist cross-referencing the 4th edition of the ASXCGC Recommendations to the relevant sections of this statement and the 30 June 2021 Annual Report ('Annual Report') is set out below with compliance recorded as at the date of currency specified in the paragraph above.



ASXCGC Recommendation (4th edition)	Company Practice	Compliance
Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight		
Recommendation 1.1 A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	Paragraph 1.1 below discloses the roles and responsibilities of the Board and senior executives. The Board Charter is disclosed on the Company's website. Paragraph 1.1 discloses the matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management.	√
 Recommendation 1.2 A listed entity should: a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director. b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director. 	Paragraph 1.4 confirms that appropriate checks are carried out and the Company's shareholders are provided with all material information relevant to the election and re-election of directors.	V
Recommendation 1.3 A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Paragraphs 1.4 and 1.5 confirm that each director and senior executive have a written agreement relating to their appointment.	V
Recommendation 1.4 The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	Paragraph 2.3 confirms that the Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairman.	V
 Recommendation 1.5 A listed entity should: a) have and disclose a diversity policy; b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and the respective proportions of men and women on the boar in senior executive positions and across the whole workford (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes). If the entity was in the S&P/ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gended diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less 	d, ce or	√

AS	XCGC Recommendation (4th edition)	Company Practice	Complianc
Recommendation 1.6 A listed entity should:		Paragraphs 1.5 and 3 detail the process for evaluating the performance of the board and its committees. The Performance Review Policy for	$\sqrt{}$
a)	have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors.	ormance of the board, its committees and the Company's website.	
b)		Paragraphs 1.5 and 3 confirm that performance evaluations have been undertaken in accordance with that process.	
Re	commendation 1.7	Paragraph 1.5 details the process for evaluating the	V
Αl	isted entity should:	performance of the Company's senior executives.	
a)	have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period.	Paragraph 1.5 confirms that performance evaluations have been undertaken in accordance with that process.	
b)	disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.		
Priı	nciple 2 – Structure the board to be effective and add value		
Re	commendation 2.1	Given the Company's size, Karoon does not have a	$\sqrt{}$
The board of a listed entity should:		nomination committee. Between the Karoon Energy Board and the People, Culture and Governance	
a)	have a nomination committee which:	Committee the matters normally reserved to a	
	 has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 	nomination committee are addressed. – Paragraphs 1.1, 1.2, 1.4 and 3.2 specify the role and membership of the People, Culture and Governance Committee and the Karoon Energy Board.	
	2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:		
	3) the charter of the committee;	Paragraph 1.2 and 3.2 confirm the People,	
	4) the members of the committee; and	Culture and Governance Committee and the	
	5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times	Karoon Energy Board are comprised of a majority of independent directors.	
	the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or	 Paragraphs 1.1 and 3.2 confirm the People, Culture and Governance Charter and the Karoon 	
b)	and the processes it employs to address board succession issues	Energy Board Charter are disclosed on the Company's website.	
and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity the enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effective.		 Paragraphs 2.1 and 3 confirm that the number of meetings during the annual reporting period and the individual attendances at those meetings is disclosed in the Directors' Report in the Annual Report. 	
Re	commendation 2.2	Paragraph 1.2 includes a board skills matrix.	$\sqrt{}$
ou [.]	isted entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting t the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to nieve in its membership.		

AS.	XCGC Recommendation (4th edition)	Company Practice	Compliance	
	commendation 2.3	Paragraph 1.3 discloses the names of the independent Non-Executive Directors.	\checkmark	
ΑI	isted entity should disclose:	There are no material relevant interests, positions,		
a)	the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;	associations or relationships with respect to the independent Non-Executive Directors.		
b)	if a director has an interest, position or relationship of the type described in the Recommendations but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and	Paragraph 1.2 confirms that the length of service of each Director is disclosed in the Directors' Report in the Annual Report.		
c)	the length of service of each director.			
Re	commendation 2.4	Paragraph 1.2 confirms that the Company has	\checkmark	
	najority of the board of a listed entity should be lependent directors.	appointed a majority of independent Directors.		
Re	commendation 2.5	Paragraph 1.2 confirms that the Chairman is	V	
dire	e chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent ector and, in particular, should not be the same person as the O of the entity.	an independent Director.		
Re	commendation 2.6	Paragraphs 1.2 and 1.4 confirm the Company	\checkmark	
and exis ma	isted entity should have a program for inducting new directors d for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for sting directors to undertake professional development to intain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their e as directors effectively.	has a program for inducting new Directors and that professional development opportunities are provided.		
Prir	nciple 3 – Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsible	y		
Re	commendation 3.1	Paragraph 7.1 sets out the Company's values	V	
Αl	isted entity should articulate and disclose its values.	statement which is disclosed in the Company's Code of Conduct.		
Re	commendation 3.2	Paragraph 7.1 confirms that the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct which is disclosed on the Company's website.	\checkmark	
АΙ	isted entity should:			
a)	have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and	, ,		
b)	ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.			
		Paragraph 7.7 confirms that the Company has	\checkmark	
ΑI	isted entity should:	adopted a Whistleblower Protection Policy which is disclosed on the Company's website.		
a)	have and disclose a whistleblower policy.	The Whistleblower Protection Policy provides for		
b)	ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	concerns to be reported to the General Counsel and/or the Chairman of the Audit & Risk Committee.		
Re	commendation 3.4	Paragraph 7.8 confirms that the Company has	\checkmark	
АΙ	isted entity should:	adopted an Anti-bribery, Fraud and Corruption Policy which is disclosed on the Company's website.		
a)	have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and	The Anti-bribery, Fraud and Corruption Policy		
b)	ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	provides that the Audit & Risk Committee should monitor and investigate any reported breaches of the Policy and report accordingly.		

	GC Recommendation (4th edition)	Company Practice	Compliance
Princip	ole 4 – Safeguard the integrity of corporate reports		
	nmendation 4.1	Paragraph 3.1 confirms the Audit and Risk Committee is comprised of independent Directors.	\checkmark
	pard of a listed entity should:	Paragraph 3.1 confirms the Company has adopted	
,	ve an audit committee which: has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive	a formal Audit and Risk Committee Charter which is disclosed on the Company's website.	
	directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and Paragraph 1.2 confirms that the skills, experience and expertise of the Directors on the Audit and		
2)	is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board,	Risk Committee are detailed in the Board of Directors section of the Directors' Report in the Annual Report.	
an	d disclose:	Paragraph 3 confirms the number of meetings	
3)	the charter of the committee;	during the annual reporting period and the	
4)	the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and	individual attendances at those meetings is disclosed in the Directors' Report in the Annual Report.	
5)	in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings.		
Recon	nmendation 4.2	Paragraph 4 confirms that the assurance was provided by both the Managing Director and CFO.	$\sqrt{}$
give a of the a soun	nents comply with the appropriate accounting standards and true and fair view of the financial position and performance entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of ad system of risk management and internal control which is		
operat	ing effectively.		
		The Karoon Continuous Disclosure Policy describes	√
Recon A listed period	ing effectively.	The Karoon Continuous Disclosure Policy describes the review process for ASX releases. A review must be reviewed by at least two people including at least one KMP and must be checked by the Company Secretary.	V
Recon A listed period or revi	nmendation 4.3 d entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any ic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited	the review process for ASX releases. A review must be reviewed by at least two people including at least one KMP and must be checked by the	V
Recon A listed period or revie Princip	nmendation 4.3 d entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any ic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited ewed by an external auditor.	the review process for ASX releases. A review must be reviewed by at least two people including at least one KMP and must be checked by the Company Secretary. Paragraph 7.6 describes the Company's approach	√ √
Recon A lister period princip Princip Recon A lister comply	nmendation 4.3 d entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any ic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited ewed by an external auditor. Die 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure	the review process for ASX releases. A review must be reviewed by at least two people including at least one KMP and must be checked by the Company Secretary.	
Recon A lister period or revi Princip Recon A lister comply	nmendation 4.3 d entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any ic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited ewed by an external auditor. Die 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure nmendation 5.1 d entity should have and disclose a written policy for ying with its continuous disclosure obligations under	the review process for ASX releases. A review must be reviewed by at least two people including at least one KMP and must be checked by the Company Secretary. Paragraph 7.6 describes the Company's approach to disclosure and confirms that the Company has established a Continuous Disclosure Policy which is available on the Company's website. Paragraph 7.6 describes the Company's approach	
Recon A lister Princip Recon A lister comply listing Recon A lister of all r	nmendation 4.3 d entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any ic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited ewed by an external auditor. Die 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure nmendation 5.1 d entity should have and disclose a written policy for ying with its continuous disclosure obligations under rule 3.1.	the review process for ASX releases. A review must be reviewed by at least two people including at least one KMP and must be checked by the Company Secretary. Paragraph 7.6 describes the Company's approach to disclosure and confirms that the Company has established a Continuous Disclosure Policy which is available on the Company's website.	√
Recon A lister period or revi Princip Recon A lister comply listing Recon A lister of all r have b	ing effectively. nmendation 4.3 d entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any ic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited ewed by an external auditor. Die 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure nmendation 5.1 d entity should have and disclose a written policy for ying with its continuous disclosure obligations under rule 3.1. nmendation 5.2 d entity should ensure that its board receives copies material market announcements promptly after they	the review process for ASX releases. A review must be reviewed by at least two people including at least one KMP and must be checked by the Company Secretary. Paragraph 7.6 describes the Company's approach to disclosure and confirms that the Company has established a Continuous Disclosure Policy which is available on the Company's website. Paragraph 7.6 describes the Company's approach to disclosure and confirms that upon confirmation of receipt from the ASX, the Company will promptly ensure that its Board of Directors receives copies of	√

ASXCGC Recommendation (4th edition)	Company Practice	Compliance
Principle 6 – Respect the rights of security holders		
Recommendation 6.1	Paragraph 9 confirms that the Company provides	\checkmark
A listed entity should provide information about itself and it governance to investors via its website.	information about itself and its governance on its website.	
Recommendation 6.2	A summary of the Company's policy for	\checkmark
A listed entity should have an investor relations program the facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.		
Recommendation 6.3	A summary of the Company's policy for	\checkmark
A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encoura participation at meetings of security holders.	communicating with shareholders is disclosed at Paragraph 9 .	
Recommendation 6.4	Voting at the 2020 Annual General Meeting was	\checkmark
A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather th by a show of hands.		
Recommendation 6.5	Paragraph 9 confirms that the Company's	\checkmark
A listed entity should give security holders the option to reco communications from, and send communications to, the en and its security registry electronically.		
Principle 7 – Recognise and manage risk		
Recommendation 7.1	Paragraph 3.1 confirms the Audit and Risk	V
a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each o		
 has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 	Paragraph 3.3 confirms the Sustainability and Operational Risk Committee is comprised of independent Directors.	
2) is chaired by an independent director,	Paragraph 3.1 confirms that the Company has	
and disclose:	adopted a formal Audit and Risk Committee Charter which is disclosed on the Company's website.	
3) the charter of the committee;	Paragraph 3.3 confirms the Company has	
4) the members of the committee; and	adopted a formal Sustainability and Operational	
5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number the committee met throughout the period and the i	of times Risk Committee Charter which is disclosed on the individual Company's website.	
attendances of the members at those meetings.	Paragraph 3 confirms the number of meetings during the annual reporting period and the individual attendances at those meetings is disclosed in the Directors' Report in the Annual Report.	
Recommendation 7.2	Paragraphs 4 and 5 describe the Company's	V
The board or a committee of the board should:	approach to risk management, internal controls and senior management's responsibility for implementing	
 review the entity's risk management framework at least to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that th is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by t board; and 	ne entity Paragraph 5 confirms that a review of the	
 disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether so a review has taken place. 	·	

AS	XCGC Recommendation (4th edition)	Company Practice	Compliance
Recommendation 7.3 A listed entity should disclose:		The Company does not consider it necessary, at this	V
		time, to have a formal internal audit function.	
a)	if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or	Paragraph 5 describes the Company's processes for evaluating and improving its risk management and internal control processes.	
b)	if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	t and the nproving	
Re	commendation 7.4	Paragraph 5 confirms that the special risks that	V
A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.		affect the Company and how it manages those risks are described in the Annual Report.	
Prir	nciple 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly		
Re	commendation 8.1	Given the Company's size, Karoon does not	$\sqrt{}$
The board of a listed entity should:		have a remuneration committee. Between the Karoon Energy Board and the People, Culture	
a)	have a remuneration committee which:	and Governance Committee the matters normally reserved to a remuneration committee are addressed.	
	 has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 		
	2) is chaired by an independent director,	 Paragraphs 1.2 and 3.2 confirm the People, Culture and Governance and the Karoon Energy 	
	and disclose:	Board is comprised of independent Directors.	
	3) the charter of the committee;	 Paragraph 1.1 and 3.2 confirm that the Company adopted a formal People, Culture and Governance Committee Charter and Board 	
	4) the members of the committee; and		
5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual	Charter which is disclosed on the Company's website.		
I- \	attendances of the members at those meetings; or	 Paragraphs 2.1 and 3 confirm the number of meetings during the annual reporting period and 	
D)	if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	the individual attendances at those meetings is disclosed in the Directors' Report in the Annual Report.	
Recommendation 8.2		Paragraph 8 describes the Company's approach	V
reg	isted entity should separately disclose its policies and practices garding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the nuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	to the remuneration of Executive and Non- Executive Directors. Further information regarding the remuneration of Directors and other key management personnel is set out in the Directors' Report (Remuneration Report section) of the Annual Report.	

ASXCGC Recommendation (4th edition)	Company Practice	Compliance
Recommendation 8.3	Paragraph 8 confirms that the Company restricts these types of transactions in its Share Trading Policy which is available on the Company's website.	V
A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:		
 a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and 		
b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.		
Principle 9 – Additional recommendations that apply only in certain c	ases	
Recommendation 9.1	This recommendation does not apply to	
A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	the Company.	applicable.
Recommendation 9.2	This recommendation does not apply to	Not applicable.
A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	the Company.	
Recommendation 9.3	This recommendation does not apply to	Not
A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	the Company.	applicable.

1. Board of Directors

1.1 Role of the Board

The Board acts on behalf of shareholders and is accountable to shareholders for the overall direction and governance of the Company.

The Board is also responsible for:

- defining and monitoring the purpose, culture and strategic direction of the Company;
- approving the Company's Code of Conduct, including its statement of values, to underpin the desired culture within the Company;
- defining and monitoring policies and procedures to ensure the Company operates within its legal, ethical, social and environmental requirements;
- establishing control and accountability systems within the Company's group operations to conform to the legal requirements and the expectations of shareholders and other stakeholders;
- reviewing and monitoring the effectiveness of the Company's risk management framework including for both financial and non-financial risks and setting the risk tolerance within which the Board expects management to operate;
- satisfying itself that an appropriate framework exists for relevant information to be reported by management to the Board;
- reviewing and approving changes to the Karoon Senior Executive Remuneration Policy and the Karoon Non-Executive Directors Remuneration Policy;
- approving and monitoring the progress of major capital expenditure, capital management, operating budgets and acquisitions and divestitures;
- approving and monitoring accounting and corporate reporting, including the external audit;
- overseeing the Company's process for making timely and balanced disclosure of all material information concerning the Company that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities;
- reviewing and monitoring the management and Company performance;
- reviewing the Board Skills Matrix, reviewing processes and succession plans in respect of directors, reviewing the remuneration framework for directors, performance reviews of the Board, Board committees and directors;
- the selection, appointment and replacement of the Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary.

Responsibility for day to day management and administration of the Company is delegated by the Board to the Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director appointed by the Board and other senior executives approved by the Board. The Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director manages the Company in accordance with the strategy, plans and policies approved by the Board. The Board has in place procedures to assess the performance, and when necessary replacement, of the Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director and other senior executives.

The role and responsibilities of the Board are listed in the Company's Board Charter, which can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at **www.karoonenergy.com.au**.

1.2 Composition of the Board

During the reporting period, the Board was constituted by seven (7) Directors or (6) Directors, the majority of whom were independent Non-Executive Directors. The skills, experience and expertise relevant to the position of each Director who was in office at the date of the Annual Report and their term of office are detailed in the Board of Directors section of the Directors' Report in the Annual Report. As part of the Company's commitment to ongoing professional development, Directors may participate in the Company's professional development program.

The Company's Chairman is an independent Non-Executive Director.

The composition of the Board is reviewed on an ongoing basis having regard to the growth of the Company's business.

The Board considers that the Directors have the range of skills, knowledge and experience necessary to direct the Company effectively. The Non-Executive Directors contribute operational and international experience, an understanding of the industry in which the Company operates, knowledge of financial markets and an understanding of the health, safety, environmental and social matters that are important to the Company. The Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director brings an additional perspective to the Board through a thorough understanding of the Group's business as a whole.

It is noted that:

- Mr Peter Botten commenced as Director on 1 October 2020;
- Mr Robert Hosking, Mr Geoff Atkins and Mr José Coutinho Barbosa ceased to be Directors on 27 November 2020; and
- Dr Julian Fowles commenced as Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director on 27 November 2020.

A Board skills matrix for the current Board is set out below:

Karoon Energy Ltd Board Skills Matrix as at 30 June 2021

Skills	Experience	Number of Directors (Total = 6)
Oil and Gas Sector	Management, advisory or board level experience in the oil and gas industry.	6
Strategy	Experience in developing, implementing and monitoring strategic business plans.	6
Mergers and Acquisition	Experience in the acquisition and sale of international energy, resource or oil and gas assets (including farm-in and farm-out processes) as well as mergers, acquisitions and other corporate transactions.	6
Project Development	Experience in developing substantial exploration and production projects in the oil and gas, resources or energy industries.	4
Emerging Markets/ Regulatory	Experience in conducting business in international jurisdictions including having a conceptual understanding of various regulatory frameworks.	6
Geological, Geophysical and Engineering	Experience in analysing geological and geophysical models and/or engineering data to inform oversight of exploration, production and corporate opportunities.	4
Commercial/Operations	Experience in commercial decision making in a senior management role with an appreciation of operational conditions and practices and/or experience in operations management.	6
Legal	Legal experience, preferably with commercial and contracting experience in the oil and gas, energy or resources sectors.	1
Financial/Capital Markets	Experience in financial management and accounting practices in the energy, resources or oil and gas industry.	4
HSSE, Sustainability	Experience in relation to:	5
and Diversity	 Workplace health, safety and environmental management and the design, implementation and oversight of HSSE Management Systems; and 	
	 Fostering appropriate levels of diversity across boards, management teams and staff (including in relation to gender, age, culture, skills and experience, personality). 	
Stakeholder Engagement and Investor Relations	Experience in successfully engaging with internal and external stakeholders at all levels.	6
Environmental, Social and Governance	Experience in the design, implementation and oversight of effective governance frameworks including in relation to compliance and risk management processes and development of good corporate culture (including in relation to safety, technology, disruption, carbon, anti-bribery and corruption).	6

1.3 Independence of Directors

When determining the independent status of a Director, the Board has adopted the definition of independence as set out in the ASXCGC Recommendations 4th Edition. Accordingly, when determining the independence of a Non-Executive Director, the Board considers whether the Director:

- is, or has been, employed in an executive capacity by the Company or any of its subsidiaries and there has not been a period of at least three years between ceasing such employment and serving on the Board;
- receives performance-based remuneration (including options or performance rights) from, or participates in an employee share incentive scheme of the entity;
- is, or has been within the last three years, in a material business relationship (e.g. as a supplier, professional adviser, consultant or customer) with the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or an officer of, or otherwise associated with, someone with such a relationship;
- is, represents, or is or has been within the last three years an officer or employee of, or professional adviser to, a substantial holder;
- has close personal ties with any person who falls within any of the categories described above; or
- has been a director of the entity for such a period that their independence from management and substantial holders may have been compromised.

In each case, the materiality of the interest, position, association or relationship is assessed by the board to determine whether it might interfere, or might reasonably be seen to interfere, with the Director's capacity to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues before the Board and to act in the best interests of the Company as a whole rather than in the interests of an individual security holder or other party.

During the reporting period the Non-Executive Directors of the Company were Mr Bruce Phillips, Mr Geoff Atkins, Mr Clark Davey, Mr Peter Turnbull, Mr José Coutinho Barbosa, Ms Luciana Rachid and Mr Peter Botten.

During the reporting period, a majority of the Board, being Mr Bruce Phillips, Mr Geoff Atkins, Mr Clark Davey, Mr Peter Turnbull, Ms Luciana Rachid and Mr Peter Botten were considered to be independent Non-Executive Directors based on the above criteria.

Mr Davey was a taxation services partner at PricewaterhouseCoopers ('PwC'), Karoon's External Auditor, from 1994 to 2006 and is entitled to receive payments from PwC as part of a retirement plan. The payments are based on a set formula relating to his partnership and tenure with PwC. The amount is fixed and not dependent on the revenues, profits or earnings of PwC. The Board is satisfied that this does not affect Mr. Davey's independence as a Non-Executive Director, nor does it constitute a conflict of interest and complies with the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth). The Board has put in place appropriate safeguards to address any perceived conflicts of interest if they should arise. In addition, the Board considered whether Mr Davey's independence had been compromised as a result of him having been a director of the Company for more than 10 years. In connection with this, it was resolved that each Non-Executive Director (excluding Mr Jose Coutinho Barbosa) is "independent".

The Company considered that Mr José Coutinho Barbosa was not independent due to a company in which Mr Barbosa has an interest providing services to the Group. Services rendered are provided by the relevant related party company on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates. In practice, Mr José Coutinho Barbosa as a Non-Executive Director provides oversight and advice. Mr Barbosa retired as a director of the Company on 27 November 2020 and the agreement under which services were rendered by Mr Barbosa to the Company was terminated with effect on and from 28 February 2021.

1.4 Selection and Appointment of Directors

The ongoing composition of the Board is overseen by the Board, which has specific responsibility for:

- reviewing the Board Skills Matrix to assess whether it covers the skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity needed to address existing and emerging business and governance issues relevant to the Company;
- reviewing processes and succession plans to select, appoint, re-appoint or remove members of the Board;
- reviewing and approving the Company's remuneration framework for directors, including the process by which any pool of director's fees approved by shareholders is allocated to directors;
- ensuring there is a written agreement for each director;
- reviewing induction and continuing professional development programs for directors, in particular ensuring directors receive ongoing briefings on developments in accounting standards;
- assessing the time required from non-executive directors and whether such time requirements are being met and assessing any other directorships or positions with significant time commitments before accepting new appointments as director of listed entities; and
- an internal annual performance review, and an independent five yearly review, of the Board, Committees and Directors.

Non-executive directors are required to inform the Chair of the Board and the People, Culture and Governance Committee of other material directorships or positions with significant time commitments before accepting new appointments as directors of listed entities.

The procedure for selecting and recommending candidates for appointment or re-appointment as Directors can be found in the Board Charter, which can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at **www.karoonenergy.com.au**.

As part of the selection process:

- appropriate checks are carried out;
- shareholders are provided with all material information relevant to the election and re-election of Directors;
- on appointment, a written agreement is entered into; and
- an induction program is carried out for new Directors.

1.5 Review of Board, Director and Senior Executive Performance

Performance evaluations of the Directors were undertaken in accordance with the Performance Review Policy.

Karoon's senior executives, which includes the Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director, are subject to an annual performance evaluation. Each year, senior executives establish a set of performance targets with his or her superior. These targets are aligned to overall business goals and Karoon's requirements. In the case of the Managing Director, the targets are established by the Board. Each senior executive has a written agreement describing their responsibilities. Performance evaluations for senior executives have taken place during the annual reporting period, in accordance with the process described in the Performance Review Policy.

The Performance Review Policy for the Board and senior executives can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at **www.karoonenergy.com.au**.

2. Operation of the Board

2.1 Board Meetings

The Board meets at least six times annually with additional Board and Committee meetings, if and when required, to discuss specific matters.

The Board met twelve (12) times during the period from 1 July 2020 to 30 June 2021.

2.2 Independent Advice

Directors may seek any independent professional advice they consider necessary to fulfil their responsibilities and to exercise independent judgment when making decisions. If the Chairperson of the Board consents, the Company will pay a director's costs of seeking independent professional advice. That consent may not be unreasonably withheld or delayed.

2.3 Company Secretary

The Company Secretary is appointed (or removed) by the Board or with Board approval. Each director is able to communicate directly with the Company Secretary and vice versa. The responsibilities of the Company Secretary include:

- advising the Board and its committees on governance matters;
- monitoring that board and committee policies and procedures are followed;
- coordinating the timely completion and despatch of board and committee papers;
- ensuring that the business at board and committee meetings is accurately captured in the minutes; and
- helping to organise and facilitate the induction and professional development of directors.

3. Board Committees

The Board has the ability under the Company's Constitution to delegate its process and responsibilities to Committees of the Board. As at 30 June 2021 the Board has established three (3) standing Committees to assist it in effectively exercising its responsibilities. These are the:

- Audit and Risk Committee;
- People, Culture and Governance Committee; and
- Sustainability and Operational Risk Committee.

The Board reviews the performance of the Committees and considers whether new committees are required.

3.1 Audit and Risk Committee

The role of the Audit and Risk Committee is to oversee the financial reporting process to seek to ensure the balance, transparency and integrity of published financial information and oversee risk identification and management. The Company has formally adopted an Audit and Risk Committee Charter.

The responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Committee include:

Powers and functions

- maintaining the credibility and objectivity of the Company's accountability processes (including financial reporting);
- engage independent counsel and other advisers it deems necessary to carry out its duties;
- regularly assess the need for an internal audit function and implement as required;
- ensure the attendance of Company officers at meetings as appropriate;
- be responsible for recommending to the Board the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of the work of the external auditor, including rotation of the external audit engagement partner; and
- recommend to the Board all external audits and review engagement fees and terms as well as reviewing policies for the provision of non-audit services by the external auditor (and, when required, the framework for the pre-approval of such services).

Financial Risk Management and Internal Control

- lead the Company's strategic direction in the management of material business risks (on advice from the Sustainability and Operational Risk Committee regarding operational risks);
- review and endorse the Company's group insurance program (on advice from the Sustainability and Operational Risk Committee in respect of insurances related to operational risk);
- work with the Board and management to determine the Company's risk tolerance;
- evaluate whether management is setting the appropriate control culture by communicating the importance of internal control and management of business risk;
- review the Company's risk register (on advice from the Sustainability and Operational Risk Committee in respect of operational risk);
- understand the internal control systems implemented by management for the approval of transactions and the recording and processing of financial data; and
- understand the controls and processes implemented by management to ensure that the financial statements derived from the underlying financial systems, comply with relevant Australian Accounting Standards and requirements, and are subject to appropriate management review.

Financial Reporting

- gain an understanding of the current areas of greatest financial risk and how these are being managed;
- review significant accounting and reporting issues, including recent professional and regulatory pronouncements, and understand their impact on financial reports;
- meet with management and the external auditor to review financial statements, key accounting policies, judgements and decisions, and the results of the audit;
- provide a recommendation to the Board as to whether the Company's financial statements reflect the understanding of the committee members, and otherwise provide a true and fair view, of the financial position and performance of the Company;

- obtain from the Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer, a written declaration under s 295A of the Corporations Act that:
 - » financial records have been properly maintained in accordance with the Corporations Act;
 - » written declarations have been received from senior management within each Karoon jurisdiction confirming tax compliance of financial statements within that jurisdiction;
 - » financial statements present a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the Company's financial condition, operational results and are in accordance with rfelevant accounting standards; and
 - » there is an effective and efficient operation of the Company's financial risk management and internal compliance and control system;
- review the Directors' Report;
- review the Half Year and Full Year Investor Presentations;
- review the Annual Report (as it relates to the responsibilities of the Committee); and
- review the Annual Financial Budget including to provide feedback on assumptions, objectives and fulfilling the strategic objectives of the Company.

Compliance with Laws, Regulations, Internal Policies and Industry Standards

- be satisfied that all regulatory compliance matters related to the business of the Company have been considered in the preparation of the financial statements;
- review any incident of fraud and other break down of internal controls;
- review any reports of misconduct made in accordance with the Company's Whistleblower Protection Policy.

Working with the External Auditor

- review the professional qualification of the external auditor (including background and experience of partner and auditing personnel);
- consider the independence of the external auditor and any potential conflicts of interest;
- review on an annual basis the performance of the external auditor and make recommendations to the Board for the appointment, reappointment or termination of the appointment of the external auditor;
- review the external auditor's proposed audit scope and approach for the current year in light of the Company's circumstances and changes in regulatory and other requirements;
- discuss with the external auditor any audit problems encountered in the normal course of audit work, including any restrictions on audit scope or access to information;
- ensure that significant findings and recommendations made by the external auditor and management's proposed response are received, discussed and acted on appropriately;
- discuss with the external auditor the appropriateness of the accounting policies applied in the Company's financial reports and whether they are considered to be aggressive, balanced or conservative; and
- review policies for the provision of non-audit services by the external auditor and, where applicable, the framework for pre-approval of audit and non-audit services.

The Audit and Risk Committee reports to the Board after each committee meeting and minutes of meetings are provided to the committee.

A full description of the role and responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Committee is contained in the Audit and Risk Committee Charter, which can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at **www.karoonenergy.com.au**.

As at 30 June 2021, the Audit and Risk Committee consisted of the following three (3) independent Non-Executive Directors:

- Mr Clark Davey (Chairman of Committee);
- Mr Peter Turnbull; and
- Mr Peter Botten.

The relevant qualifications and experience for each of the members of the Audit and Risk Committee is detailed in the Board of Directors section of the Directors' Report in the Annual Report.

The Audit and Risk Committee met eight (8) times during the period from 1 July 2020 to 30 June 2021.

3.2 People, Culture and Governance Committee Charter

The role of the People, Culture and Governance Committee is to oversee the following:

Corporate Governance and Culture

- the policies of corporate governance of the Company, including the:
 - » Code of Conduct;
 - » Related Party Policy;
 - » Diversity Policy;
 - » Anti-Discrimination and Harassment Policy;
 - » Continuous Disclosure Policy;
 - » Share Trading Policy; and
 - » Performance Review Policy;
- monitoring external best practice developments and trends in relation to corporate governance, compliance, regulatory and risk management policy and practice (including in relation to the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Principles and Recommendations);
- reviewing on at least a bi-annual basis the Company's overall corporate governance framework;
- overseeing the development and implementation of employee performance and development programs and succession plans to attract, motivate and retain high quality people to enable appropriate skills, experience and the capability to deliver on the Company's business strategy:
- reviewing on at least an annual basis, the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity under the diversity policy and in accordance with the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Principles and Recommendations and assessing progress against the objectives;
- corporate governance disclosures on the Company's website(s);
- the Corporate Governance Statement published annually prior to its publication;
- monitoring the effective communication of the Company's corporate governance policies to all Karoon employees;
- monitoring the effective communication of the Company's corporate governance policies to shareholders, media, analysts and other external stakeholders; and
- reviewing and recommending to the Audit and Risk Committee and the Board the annual audited Remuneration Report for approval.

Independence of Board Members

- Considering (and disclosing) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship that may compromise the independence of the director. The Committee will review and monitor a set of key independence criteria to use as a basis for their consideration.
- Assessing the materiality of the interest, position, association or relationship to determine whether it might interfere, or might reasonably be seen to interfere, with the director's capacity to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues before the Board and to act in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders generally.
- Considering the independence of non-executive directors on at least an annual basis (i.e. prior to issue of the annual report) and prior to considering candidates for election to the Board.

Remuneration Strategy

- With respect to employees (excluding the Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director in respect of whom such matters are reserved for the Board), reviewing, monitoring and making recommendations to the Board on the following:
 - » disclosing policies and practices regarding remuneration in accordance with the guidelines for composition; fixed remuneration, performance-based remuneration, equity-based remuneration and termination payments.
 - » the Company's recruitment, retention and termination policies and procedures;
 - » monitoring succession plans to maintain an appropriate balance of skills and diversity and reviewing those succession plans;
 - » assessing the market and where necessary seeking external advice to ensure that employees are being rewarded with remuneration packages commensurate with their responsibilities and make recommendations to the Board on any incentive scheme and any proposed changes;
 - » the outcomes of short-term objectives with the aim of rewarding individuals fairly and equitably, and in line with company performance;
 - » the progress against long term performance hurdles and make recommendations on equity allocations;

- » recommendations from the Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director relating to proposed merit increases for direct reports;
- » the Company's superannuation arrangements for employees;
- » whether there is any gender or other inappropriate bias in remuneration for employees; and
- » related party remuneration.

The People, Culture and Governance Committee reports to the Board after each committee meeting and minutes of meetings are provided to the committee.

A full description of the role and responsibilities of the People, Culture and Governance Committee is contained in the People, Culture and Governance Committee Charter, which can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at **www.karoonenergy.com.au**.

As at 30 June 2021, the People, Culture and Governance Committee consisted of the following three (3) independent Directors:

- Mr Peter Turnbull (Chairman of Committee);
- Mr Bruce Phillips; and
- Mr Clark Davey.

The People, Culture and Governance Committee met six (6) times during the period from 1 July 2020 to 30 June 2021.

3.3 Sustainability and Operational Risk Committee Charter

The Sustainability and Operational Risk Committee is responsible for:

Strategic Direction

- leading the Company's strategic direction in the management of material operational risks;
- working with the Board and management to determine the Company's operational risk tolerance;
- identifying opportunities to minimise the potential for harmful environmental or social impacts arising from Company operations; and
- key policies and strategies in relation to the health and safety of Company employees and the environmental and social impacts of Karoon operations, including the: (i) Health, Safety, Security and Environment (HSSE) Policy, (ii) Modern Slavery Policy, (iii) Risk Management Policy and (iii) Sustainability Policy.

Oversight

- Operational risk profile and risk management framework;
- implementation and review of operational risk management and internal compliance and control systems;
- management and identification of material exposure to operational, environmental and social sustainability risks and how those risks are managed;
- the Company's Operating Management System (OMS) with a focus on HSSE issues; and
- the Company's environmental and social programs.

Review

- on at least an annual basis, the effectiveness of the Company's operational risk management framework in identifying and managing operational risks and controlling internal processes;
- management's plans for mitigation of material operational risks faced by the Company;
- the Operational Risk Register on a periodic basis, identifying the main internal and external risk sources including material exposures to operational, environmental and social sustainability risks associated with the Company's equity/participatory interests in oil and gas exploration, development and production projects and operations;
- the Company's operational insurance program;
- the Company's HSSE performance;
- any environmental or social impacts arising from the Company's operations;
- compliance with the Company's OMS and legislative and regulatory requirements with respect to HSSE and sustainability issues, including the requirements of approved environmental plans related to the Company's operations; and
- the Company's annual Sustainability Report, which includes the Company's carbon emissions reporting, having regard to the recommendations of the Financial Stability Board's Taskforce on Climate Related Financial Disclosures.

Recommendations

- the Company's operational risk tolerance and particular operational risks and/or risk management practices;
- continuous improvement of operational risk management and internal control processes, including any issues arising from reviews;
- the Company's environmental and social programs;
- external best practice developments and trends in relation to sustainability and operational, risk management policy and practice.

The Sustainability and Operational Risk Committee reports to the Board after each committee meeting and minutes of meetings are provided to the committee.

A full description of the role and responsibilities of the Sustainability and Operational Risk Committee is contained in the Sustainability and Operational Risk Committee Charter, which can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at **www.karoonenergy.com.au**.

As at 30 June 2021, the Sustainability and Operational Risk Committee consisted of the following three (3) independent Directors:

- Ms Luciana Rachid (Chairman of Committee);
- Mr Peter Turnbull; and
- · Mr Peter Botten.

The Sustainability and Operational Risk Committee met four (4) times during the period from 1 July 2020 to 30 June 2021.

4. Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer Assurances

The Board requires accountability for the Company's financial reporting by requiring both the Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer to confirm in writing to the Board that:

- the financial records of the Company for the financial period have been properly maintained in accordance with Section 286 of the *Corporations Act 2001*;
- the consolidated financial statements and notes for the financial period comply with relevant Australian Accounting Standards;
- the consolidated financial statements and notes for the financial period give a true and fair view; and
- in respect of the financial period, any other matters that are prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of Section 295A(2)(d) of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the consolidated financial statements and the notes for the financial period are satisfied,

and this opinion is formed on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.

The Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer have provided written confirmation in respect of the matters referred to above in respect of the quarterly, half-year and annual reporting period.

5. Risk Assessment and Management

The Company has a Risk Management Policy. Throughout the annual reporting period, senior management, through the Risk Management Team, and the Sustainability and Operational Risk Committee reported to the Board on the Company's management of its material business and operational risks and the Company has continuously reviewed and improved risk management and internal compliance and control systems.

The Company, with the oversight of the Audit and Risk Committee and the Sustainability and Operational Risk Committee and the Board, will continue to review and improve its risk management systems and internal controls in conjunction with senior management over the coming financial periods.

A summary of the Company's policies for the oversight and management of material business and financial risks follows:

- the Board has formed an Audit and Risk Committee and a Sustainability and Operational Risk Committee as described in Paragraphs 3.1 and 3.3. The Risk Management Team prepares and maintains a Corporate Risk Register and Operational Risk Register and provides regular updates to the Audit and Risk Committee and the Sustainability and Operational Risk Committee (as applicable);
- financial controls are set in place by the use of an authority matrix, general purchasing principles and approval procedures. All material expenditure is closely monitored by the Board. The Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee works closely with the Company's finance personnel in order to understand financial risks and communicate such risks to the Audit and Risk Committee and the Board. Management accounts are prepared regularly for the Board to ensure information congruence between senior management and the Board. The Audit and Risk Committee reviews and recommends improvements to internal controls;

- the Company offsets the risk of catastrophic operational failures using appropriate insurance, with coverage for third party liability, construction, well control, day-to-day office and business insurance and operator's extra expense;
- the Company protects its employees through the adoption and application of a Health, Safety, Security and Environment Policy, global medivac membership program and ongoing global travel insurance for periods where employees are travelling on business, along with membership to emergency assistance and management for all employees in overseas locations;
- operational reporting is submitted to the Board at each Board meeting to ensure decisions are made in an efficient and effective manner. Reports include reviews of operational assets, potential exploration, new ventures and general operational issues and/or opportunities;
- the Company's Risk Management Policy can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at **www.karoonenergy.com.au**; and
- specific risks which affect the Company are summarised in the Operations Review section of the Annual Report.

6. External Auditors

The Company appointed the current external auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers, during the financial year ended 30 June 2009. The Audit and Risk Committee oversees the co-ordination of the external auditors and monitors the effectiveness and independence of the external auditor.

The Company has prepared an External Auditor Selection Policy, pursuant to which the External Auditor is required to rotate its audit partner so that no individual partner is responsible for the Company's accounts for a period of more than five consecutive years.

The Company's External Auditor Selection Policy can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at **www.karoonenergy.com.au**.

7. Acting Lawfully, Ethically and Responsibly

The Directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company are required to act with the utmost integrity and objectivity, striving at all times to enhance the reputation and performance of the Group.

7.1 Code of Conduct

The Company has developed a Code of Conduct for the Board, management and employees. The Code includes:

- the practices necessary to maintain confidence in the Company's integrity;
- the practices necessary to take into account legal obligations and the reasonable expectations of stakeholders; and
- the responsibility and accountability of individuals for reporting and investigating reports of unethical practices.

The Code of Conduct also sets out a values statement which provides that the Company is dedicated to delivering the best possible performance for investors and employees. The Company aspires to be a leader in its field while fostering a culture that values operating openly, with honesty, integrity, respect and responsibility. In maintaining its corporate social responsibility, the Company will conduct its business ethically and responsibly, encourage community initiatives, consider the environment and ensure a safe, equitable and supportive workplace.

A copy of the Company's Code of Conduct can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at **www.karoonenergy.com.au**.

7.2 Diversity

The Board recognises the importance of diversity and has adopted a Diversity Policy in accordance with the ASXCGC Recommendations 4th Edition. The Company has introduced measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and the Board assesses the objectives and progress towards achieving them on an annual basis through the People, Culture and Governance Committee.

The measurable objectives for achieving workplace diversity (including gender diversity) set by the Board for the annual reporting period and the Company's progress towards achieving them are:

Measurable Objective	Company's Progress to 30 June 2021
Aim to achieve at least a 30% participation of each gender by 2025 on the:	An assessment has been conducted in respect of the reporting year, with participation rates calculated as at 30 June 2021. Group
- Board;	female participation reached 50% at 30 June 2021, while senior executive participation was 26% and Board participation 17%.
– in the Senior Executive; and	Karoon is continuing to work toward the 2025 targets.
– across the Karoon Group.	
Aim to ensure the percentage turnover of female employees is equal to or less than the overall Karoon Group percentage turnover.	This was not achieved during the reporting period and was influenced by the scale back of operations in Peru and Covid impacts. Karoon will continue to work toward this objective.
Provide unconscious bias training to the Board and Key Management Personnel (KMP).	Directors and KMP undertook an Unconscious Bias Training course in April 2021.
Update Flexible Working Practice Guidelines.	A Flexible Working Arrangements Policy was introduced to Karoon's Human Resources Manual during the reporting period.
Monitor Karoon's recruitment and remuneration processes for unintended gender bias.	A review was undertaken of a selection of recruitment and remuneration processes conducted throughout the reporting period and no instances of gender bias were detected.
Maintain a zero-tolerance approach to gender pay gap.	Karoon's remuneration practices are conducted on a position and performance basis only. No gender pay gap has been identified as at 30 June 2021.
Ensure at least one female candidate is considered when the Board is appointing a new director or member of the KMP.	Recruitment processes were commenced for two KMP positions during the reporting period and both included female candidates

	Female %
Group (includes administration/technical/specialists)	50%
Senior executives ¹	26%
Board	17%_

The total percentage of female employees in the group has increased over the reporting period from 37% to 50% as a result of both new female employees in Australia and Brazil and of male employees leaving the Company in Australia, Brazil and Peru. The percentage of female participation on the Board of Directors also increased during the reporting period, from 14% to 17%, as a result of an overall reduction in the number of Directors on the Board. The percentage of female senior executives decreased slightly from 27% to 26% due to changes to the definition of senior executive. Karoon remains committed to achieving 30% female senior executives by 2025.

The Company's Diversity Policy was reviewed during the reporting period and can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at **www.karoonenergy.com.au**.

1. The term 'senior executives' is defined for the purposes of the diversity analysis by reference to Karoon's internal organisation structure.

The diversity objectives have been reviewed and the measurable objectives set for the 2022 financial year are:

- aim to achieve at least a 30% participation of each gender on the Board, in the Senior Executive and across the Karoon Group by 2025;
- aim to ensure the percentage turnover of female employees is equal to or less than the overall Karoon Group percentage turnover, excluding departures as a result of a Karoon country withdrawal;
- provide Anti-Discrimination and Harassment training to all employees;
- make flexible working arrangements available to all employees;
- monitor Karoon's recruitment and remuneration processes for unintended gender bias;
- maintain a zero-tolerance approach to gender pay gap; and
- ensure at least one female candidate is considered when the Board is appointing a new director or member of the KMP.

7.3 Fair Dealings and Related Party Transactions

A Director, or entities in which a Director has a significant interest and/or influence, who proposes to enter into a transaction with the Company, must make full disclosure of all material elements of the transaction.

Prior to a related party transaction being entered into, it must be approved by the:

- People, Culture and Governance Committee;
- · Karoon Board; and
- Karoon's shareholders prior to the transaction being entered into, unless an exception applies (as determined by the Karoon Board).

The Company's Related Party Policy can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at www.karoonenergy.com.au.

7.4 Policy and Procedure for Share Trading

Directors, officers, employees and contractors are prohibited from dealing in securities of the Company if they are in possession of information concerning the Group which, if made public, a reasonable person would expect to have a material impact on the price or value of the Company's securities ('insider information').

Directors, officers, key management personnel and other designated persons are prohibited from dealing in securities of the Company during any embargo period declared by the Managing Director or Company Secretary. Embargo periods include the period of 2 weeks prior to the release of the Company's quarterly exploration activity reports and Appendix 5Bs, half-year results and final results to the ASX and the period from the close of trading 10 days before the Company's Annual General Meeting.

These restrictions in dealing in securities of the Company are subject to the discretion of the relevant notification officer, to be exercised in exceptional circumstances.

Prior to dealing in securities of the Company, Directors, other key management personnel and other designated persons must:

- seek written clearance from the relevant notification officer of the proposed dealing; and
- confirm to the relevant notification officer that he or she is not aware of any insider information that has not been released to the ASX.

Directors, officers, other key management personnel and other designated persons must advise the relevant notification officer of any dealing in securities of the Company within three days of such dealing.

The Company's Share Trading Policy can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at www.karoonenergy.com.au.

7.5 Environment

The Company has a Health, Safety, Security and Environment Policy and is committed to conducting all of its activities in a safe and environmentally responsible manner. The Company also has a Sustainability Policy in place, which outlines Karoon's commitment to key environmental and social sustainability issues including climate change, human rights and modern slavery.

The Company's Health, Safety, Security and Environment Policy and Sustainability Policy can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at **www.karoonenergy.com.au**.

7.6 Disclosure of Information

The Company has developed a Continuous Disclosure Policy to ensure compliance by the Company with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ASX Listing Rules obligations in relation to disclosure of information to the market and to ensure accountability at a senior management level for that compliance.

Upon confirmation of receipt from the ASX, the Company will promptly ensure that its Board of Directors receives copies of all market announcements and that those announcements disclosed to ASX in accordance with this policy are posted on the Company's website.

In addition to the above disclosures, the Company conducts investor briefings and discussions with analysts and institutional investors. However, price sensitive information will not be discussed unless it has been previously disclosed to the market via an ASX announcement. Slides and presentations used in such briefings will also be released immediately prior to the briefing to the market via the ASX and posted on the Company's website.

If any new price sensitive information is to be disclosed in briefing media, institutional investors or analysts or in answering shareholder queries, written materials containing such information will be lodged with the ASX prior to the briefing commencing. Briefing materials may also include information that is not strictly required under continuous disclosure requirements including where the Company believes additional disclosure is appropriate and in accordance with good governance. Briefing materials will be posted to the Company's website promptly after the ASX confirms that the information has been received.

The Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at **www.karoonenergy.com.au**.

7.7 Whistleblower Policy

The Company has a Whistleblower Protection Policy and is committed to fostering a culture of corporate compliance, ethical behaviour, integrity, respect and good corporate governance.

The Company's Whistleblower Protection Policy can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at **www.karoonenergy.com.au**.

7.8 Anti-bribery, Fraud and Corruption Policy

The Company has an Anti-bribery, Fraud and Corruption Policy and is committed to conducting its operations and business activities with integrity and preventing bribery, fraud or corruption by any of its Directors, officers, employees or any other party acting on its behalf.

The Company's Anti-bribery, Fraud and Corruption Policy can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at **www.karoonenergy.com.au**.

8. Remuneration Policy

The Company is committed to remunerating its non-executive directors, executive directors and other senior executives in a manner that is market competitive, consistent with best practice and in the best interests of shareholders. The Company aims to align the interests of executive directors and other Senior Executives (together **Senior Executives**) with those of shareholders by remunerating Senior Executives through performance short-term and long-term incentive plans in addition to their fixed remuneration.

The People, Culture and Governance Committee is responsible for senior executive remuneration (excluding in respect of the Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director) and making recommendations to the Board.

The Managing Director's remuneration is set by the Board and may contain salary, performance payments and other share-based remuneration incentives.

Non-Executive Directors are remunerated by way of Directors' fees in the form of cash and superannuation contribution at market levels. The Company has not established any schemes for retirement benefits, other than superannuation payments required by law, for Non-Executive Directors.

The aggregate Directors' fee pool to Non-Executive Directors is set and may not be increased without the prior approval of shareholders at a general meeting.

Performance rights over unissued ordinary shares of the Company issued to the Managing Director are approved on a case-by-case basis by shareholders at relevant general meetings.

The Company has a policy restricting all recipients of performance rights under the Performance Rights Plan from:

- dealing at any time in financial products such as share options, performance rights, warrants, futures or other financial products issued over the Company's securities by third parties such as banks and other institutions. An exception may apply where the Company's ordinary shares form a component of a listed portfolio or index product; and/or
- entering into transactions in products associated with the Company's securities which operate to limit the economic risk of their security holding in the Company over unvested entitlements (including hedging arrangements).

These restrictions are set out in the Company's Share Trading Policy, which can be found under the Governance tab on the Company's website at **www.karoonenergy.com.au**.

Further information on the remuneration of the Directors and other key management personnel can be found in the Remuneration Report section of the Directors' Report in the Annual Report.

9. Communication with Shareholders

The Board aims to ensure that shareholders are informed of all major developments affecting the Company in accordance with its legal obligations. Information is communicated to shareholders as follows:

- the Annual Report is distributed to shareholders who request a copy. The Board ensures that the Annual Report includes relevant information about the operations of the Group during the relevant financial year, changes in the state of affairs of the Group and other disclosures required by the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ASX Listing Rules;
- the Half-year Financial Report, prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*, is subject to an external auditor's review. The Half-year Financial Report is sent to any shareholder who requests a copy;
- if required by law, proposed major changes in the Company which may impact on share ownership rights are submitted to a vote of shareholders; and
- the Company posts information about itself and its governance, reports, ASX and media releases and copies of significant presentations on the Company's website at **www.karoonenergy.com.au**.

In addition, news announcements and other information are sent by email to all persons who have requested their details be added to the Company's electronic mailing list. If requested, the Company, where appropriate, will provide general information by email, facsimile or post.

The Company's shareholders are able to communicate by email with the Company and its share registry Computershare.

The Company ensures that the Annual General Meeting is held in a manner which enables as many shareholders as possible to attend and encourages effective participation by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. In relation to this, all substantive resolutions at shareholder meetings are decided by a poll rather than on a show of hands.

The Company will arrange to have its external auditor attend the Company's Annual General Meeting and be available to answer shareholder questions concerning the conduct of the external audit and preparation and content of the Independent Auditor's Report.

The Chairman will allow a reasonable opportunity at the Annual General Meeting for shareholders to ask questions of the Directors about the Company's performance and operations.