### **Appendix 4G**

# Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name	of entity		
Biom	e Australia Limited		
ABN/A	RBN		Financial year ended:
51 627 364 014			30 June 2022
Our co	rporate governance statement <sup>1</sup> for the p	period above can be f	ound at: <sup>2</sup>
	These pages of our annual report:	to	
☑ This URL on our website:		Corporate Govern	ance Statement

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 16 September 2022 and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.3

Date: 29 September 2022

Ilario Faenza

Chairman

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

### ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corpo	orate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINC	CIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND O	VERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out:     (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and     (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	✓ and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at:  Board Charter	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should:     (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and     (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "insert location" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
1.5	A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a diversity policy;  (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and  (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:  (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;  (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and  (3) either:  (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or  (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.  If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) at:  and if we were included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period our measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board of not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	<ul> <li>✓ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>✓ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> <li>and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy that was put in place during the year at:</li> <li>Diversity Policy</li> <li>and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) at:</li> <li>Corporate Governance Statement</li> </ul>
1.6	A listed entity should:     (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and     (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	✓ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at:  Board Charter  and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at:  Corporate Governance Statement	<ul> <li>□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>

Corpo	orate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
1.7	A listed entity should:     (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and     (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	✓ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at:  Board Charter  and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at:  Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>
PRINCI	PLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD	VALUE	
2.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a nomination committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:	<ul> <li>✓ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>✓ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> <li>and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee adopted during the year at:         Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter     </li> <li>and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:         Corporate Governance Statement     </li> </ul>
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	✓ and we have disclosed our board skills matrix at: <u>Corporate Governance Statement</u>	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.3	A listed entity should disclose:     (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;     (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and     (c) the length of service of each director.	✓ and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors at:  Corporate Governance Statement  and the length of service of each director at:  Corporate Governance Statement	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate	e Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR
	directors.		we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR
	independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need	$\square$	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u>
	for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.		we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPL	E 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY	AND RESPONSIBLY	
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	☑and we have disclosed our values at:  Code of Conduct	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should:	☑ and we have disclosed our code of conduct at:	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
	(a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and	Code of Conduct	
	(b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.		
3.3	A listed entity should:	☑ and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at:	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
	(a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and	Whistleblower Policy	
	<ul> <li>ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.</li> </ul>		
3.4	A listed entity should:	☑ and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at:	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
	(a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and	Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy	
	<ul><li>(b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.</li></ul>		

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>
PRINCII	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORT	rs	
4.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have an audit committee which:	☐ and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
	<ul> <li>(1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and</li> <li>(2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not</li> </ul>	and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:	and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee adopted during the year at:  Audit and Risk Committee Charter and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:
	the chair of the board, and disclose:		Corporate Governance Statement
	(3) the charter of the committee;		
	(4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and		
	(5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or		
	(b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.		
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	Ø	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporat	e Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	LE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	☑ and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at:  Disclosure and Communication Policy  □ Disclosure and Com	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	✓ and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: <u>Disclosure and Communication Policy</u>	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	$\square$	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	☑ and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at:  Disclosure and Communication Policy  ☐ Disclosure And Communic	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Ø	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	☐ and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:	and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee adopted during the year at:  Audit and Risk Committee Charter and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:  Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should:  (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and  (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	✓ and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period at:  Corporate Governance Statement	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.3	A listed entity should disclose:  (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or  (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	✓ and we have disclosed how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs at:  Corporate Governance Statement	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	✓ and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks at:  Corporate Governance Statement and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks at:  Corporate Governance Statement	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIP	LE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a remuneration committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:	<ul> <li>✓ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</li> <li>✓ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> <li>and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee adopted during the year at:</li> <li>Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter</li> <li>and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:</li> <li>Corporate Governance Statement</li> </ul>
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	✓ and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at:  Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporat	te Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:     (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and     (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	☑ and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at:  Trading Policy	<ul> <li>□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
ADDITIO	NAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CA	ASES	
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	and we have disclosed information about the processes in place at: [insert location]	<ul> <li>□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></li> <li>☑ we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u></li> <li>□ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</li> </ul>
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR  we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR  we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable  we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
ADDITIO	NAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGE	D LISTED ENTITIES	
-	Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities:  The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose:  (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and  (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) at:	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
1	Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities:  An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	and we have disclosed the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity at:  [insert location]	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

### ACN 627 364 014 (Company)

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2022

This Corporate Governance Statement is current as at 16 September 2022 and has been approved by the Board of the Company on that date.

This Corporate Governance Statement discloses the extent to which the Company has, during the financial year ending 30 June 2022, followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council in its publication Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations – 4<sup>th</sup> Edition (**Recommendations**). The Recommendations are not mandatory, however the Recommendations that have not been followed for any part of the reporting period have been identified and reasons provided for not following them along with what (if any) alternative governance practices were adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

The Company has adopted a Corporate Governance Policies which provides the written terms of reference for the Company's corporate governance duties.

The Company's Corporate Governance Policies are available on the Company's website at <a href="https://biomeaustralia.com">https://biomeaustralia.com</a>

ASX Recommendations	Compliance (Yes/No)	Compliance by Biome Australia	
Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight  A listed entity should clearly delineate the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management and regularly review their performance			
Recommendation 1.1  A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out:  • the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and  • those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	Yes	Biome Australia has adopted a formal charter (Board Charter) clearly setting out the respective roles and responsibilities of the Board, the Chairman, and Company Secretary.  Responsibilities reserved to the Board include:  • providing leadership and setting the strategic objectives of Biome Australia;  • appointing the chairperson;  • appointing and when necessary replacing the CEO;  • approving the appointment and when necessary replacement of other senior executives of Biome Australia;  • overseeing management's implementation of Biome Australia's strategic objectives and its performance generally;  • through the chairperson, overseeing the role of the Company Secretary;  • approving operating budgets and major capital expenditure;  • overseeing the integrity of Biome Australia's accounting and corporate reporting systems, including the external audit;  • overseeing Biome Australia's process for making timely and balanced disclosure of all material information concerning it that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of Biome Australia's securities;  • ensuring that Biome Australia has in place an appropriate risk management framework and setting the risk appetite within which the Board expects management to operate;  • approving Biome Australia's remuneration framework; and  • monitoring the effectiveness of Biome Australia's governance practices.  A copy of the Board Charter is available on Biome Australia's website.	

ASX Recommendations	Compliance (Yes/No)	Compliance by Biome Australia
Recommendation 1.2  A listed entity should:  undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election as a director; and  provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	Yes	The Board undertakes appropriate checks relating to each individual's character, experience, education, criminal record, and bankruptcy history before appointing or nominating Board candidates. All information relevant to a decision to elect or re-elect a Director will be provided to Shareholders in any notice of meeting pursuant to which a resolution to elect or re-elect a Director will be voted upon.  In addition, Biome Australia has established a Nomination and Remuneration Committee to identify and make recommendations to the Board for the appointment of new Board candidates, having regard to their skills, experience and expertise and the results of appropriate checks.
Recommendation 1.3  A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Yes	The Company's Board Charter requires that the terms and conditions of appointment of a Director be confirmed in a formal letter of appointment or a service contract.  Specifically:  • the non-executive Directors have each executed a letter of appointment setting out the terms and conditions of their appointment; and  • the executive Director and senior executives of Biome Australia have entered into service contracts, setting out the terms and conditions of their employment.
Recommendation 1.4  The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	Yes	The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the chairperson, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board. Biome Australia has adopted a formal charter (Board Charter) setting out the Company Secretary's responsibilities.  Under the Board Charter, the Company Secretary is responsible for:  • advising the Board and its committees on governance matters;  • monitoring the Board and committee policy and procedures are followed;  • coordinating the timely completion and dispatch of Board and committee papers;  • ensuring the business at Board and committee meetings is accurately captured in the minutes; and  • helping to organise and facilitate the induction and professional development of Directors and the Company Secretary.
Recommendation 1.5  A listed entity should:  • have a diversity policy;  • through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and  • disclose in relation to each reporting period:  (i) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;  (ii) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and	Partially	Biome Australia put in place during the year a diversity policy ( <b>Diversity Policy</b> ) in place which promotes diversity and inclusiveness regardless of employees' experiences, perspectives, professional skills, gender, gender identity, age, sexual orientation, marital or family status, disabilities, ethnicity, religious beliefs, cultural and socioeconomic backgrounds.  The Board notes that the Company is incorporating specific diversity targets into its hiring process but that its workforce size is small but growing at this time. Biome Australia values, recognises, and respects diversity in all respects and our workforce is made up of individuals with diverse skills, backgrounds, perspectives, and experiences. The Board will continue to monitor Biome Australia's growth and needs for specific diversity targets periodically.  The Diversity Policy entrusts the Board with the responsibility for designing and overseeing the implementation of the Diversity Policy.  Under the Diversity Policy, the Board is:  • required to develop initiatives that will promote and achieve diversity goals;

ASX Recommendations	Compliance (Yes/No)	Compliance by Biome Australia
(iii) either:  (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or  (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.  If the entity was in the S&P/ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.		<ul> <li>responsible for reviewing this diversity policy and will assess the status of diversity within Biome Australia and the effectiveness of this policy in achieving the measurable objectives which have been set to achieve diversity;</li> <li>responsible for assessing the need for specific and measurable gender diversity targets periodically, and if required, setting those targets; and</li> <li>responsible for assessing the effectiveness of Biome Australia's diversity objectives each year.</li> <li>The measurable diversity objectives for the past financial year, and Biome Australia's progress in achieving them, are detailed in the Company's Annual Report, and the respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes) for the past financial year is disclosed in Biome Australia's Annual Report.</li> </ul>
Recommendation 1.6  A listed entity should:  • have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and  • disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	Yes	Under the Board Charter, each Director's performance is assessed when standing for re-election. Before each annual general meeting, the Chairman of the Board assesses the performance of any Director standing for re-election and the Board will determine their recommendation to Shareholders on the re-election of the Director (in the absence of the Director involved). The Board (excluding the Chairman) will conduct the review of the Chairman.  In addition, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is responsible for the development and implementation of a process for evaluating the performance and professional development needs of the Board.  Biome Australia has completed performance evaluations in respect of the Board, its committees and individual Directors for the past financial year in accordance with the above process.
Recommendation 1.7  A listed entity should:  • have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and  • disclose for each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	Yes	Under the Board Charter, senior executives' performance will be considered by the independent Directors in a meeting separate to the Board meetings. The Chairman is responsible for ensuring independent Director meetings take place on a regular basis.  Biome Australia has completed performance evaluations in respect of the senior executives for the past financial year in accordance with the applicable processes.

### Principle 2 - Structure the board to be effective and add value

The board of a listed entity should be of an appropriate size and collectively have the skills, commitment and knowledge of the entity and the industry in which it operates, to enable it to discharge its duties effectively and to add value.

The shou	bommendation 2.1 board of a listed entity ald: nave a nomination	Partially	The Board has appointed a dedicated Nomination and Remuneration Committee during the year, which will have authority and power to exercise the roles and responsibilities granted to it under a nomination and remuneration committee charter (Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter), and any other resolutions of the Board from time
c	committee which: i) has at least three		to time.
,	members, a majority of		The members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are:
	whom are independent		Chairperson: Ms Dominique Fisher;  Marchage Fisher
	directors; and ii) is chaired by an		Member: Mr Ilario Faenza.  Marshari Pri Javania Paublik (Chiaf Saignas Officer)
ìi	ndependent director, and disclose:		Member: Dr Jaroslav Boublik (Chief Science Officer)  Dominique Fisher and Ilario Faenza are non-executive Directors, and both are considered independent (Ilario Faenza since 19 October 2021)
(	iii) the charter of the		Dr Jaroslav Boublik is the Chief Science Officer of the Company.
	committee; iv) the members of the		The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is chaired by an independent on-executive Director who is not the chair of the Board
(	committee; and v) as at the end of each		The Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter is available on Biome Australia's website.
t t t	reporting period, the number of times the committee met hroughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or		
r c p a ii b b c	f it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession ssues and to ensure that the poard has the appropriate palance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.		
A list disclessetting diversely has discoursely and the control of	ted entity should have and ose a board skills matrix ng out the mix of skills and resity that the board currently or is looking to achieve in its abership.	Yes	The Board has adopted a board skills matrix, which is available in the Company's Annual Report. The Board intends on reviewing and updating the board skills matrix periodically as Biome Australia grows and the needs of the Company change.
Reco	ommendation 2.3	Yes	The Board considers that both Dominique Fisher and Ilario Faenza (from
A list	ted entity should disclose:		19 October 20121) are free from any business or any other relationship that could materially interfere with, or reasonably be perceived to interfere
c	he names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;		with, the exercise of the Director's unfettered and independent judgement and are able to fulfil the role of independent Director for the purpose of the ASX Recommendations.
r c	f a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 of the ASX CG Principles but the poard is of the opinion that it		The Board will regularly assess the independence of each Director in light of the interests disclosed by them. That assessment will be made at least annually at, or around the time that the Board considers candidates for election to the Board, and each independent Director is required to provide the Board with all relevant information for this purpose.
c ii	does not compromise the ndependence of the director, the nature of the		If the Board determines that a Director's independent status has changed, that determination will be disclosed to the market in a timely fashion.

<ul> <li>interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and</li> <li>the length of service of each director.</li> </ul>		All Directors' interests, position, association, relationships, and length of service have been disclosed in the Annual Report.	
Recommendation 2.4  A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	Partially	Biome Australia's Board Charter requires that, where practical, the majority of the Board should be independent.  Up to 19 October 2021, the Board comprises a total of five (5) Directors, of whom one (1) was considered to be independent.  From 19 October 2021, the Board comprises a total of three (3) Directors, of whom two (2) are considered to be independent. As such, the majority of the Board are currently independent.	
Recommendation 2.5  The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the Chief Executive Officer of the entity.	Partially	The Chairman of the Board is Ilario Faenza who is a Non-Executive Director. The role of the Chief Executive Officer is held by Blair Vega Norfolk.  Ilario Faenza was not considered to be independent up to 19 October 2021 on the basis that he has previously received Performance Rights under the Equity Incentive Plan and these Performance Rights automatically converted into Shares on IPO Completion. Mr Ilario Faenza has not and will not receive any further performance based securities in Biome Australia so that he is free from any business or other relationship that could materially interfere, or be perceived to interfere with, the independent exercise of his judgement as a Director, from 19 October 2021.	
Recommendation 2.6  A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	Yes	Under the Board Charter, the Directors are expected to participate in any induction or orientation programs on appointment, and any continuing education or training arranged for them.  The Company Secretary in consultation with the Chairman is responsible for facilitating the induction and professional development of Directors.	
Principle 3 – Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly  A listed entity should instil and continually reinforce a culture across the organisation of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly.			
Recommendation 3.1 A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	Yes	Biome Australia's Statement of Values is contained in the code of conduct (Code of Conduct).  The Code of Conduct is available on Biome Australia's website.	
Recommendation 3.2  A listed entity should:  • have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and  • ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	Yes	The Board has adopted a code of conduct (Code of Conduct) which sets out the values, commitments, ethical standards and policies of Biome Australia and outlines the standards of conduct expected of Biome Australia's business and people, taking into account Biome Australia's legal and other obligations to its stakeholders.  The Code of Conduct applies to all Directors, as well as all officers, employees, contractors, consultants, other persons that act on behalf of Biome Australia, and associates of Biome Australia.  The Code of Conduct covers the following:  Biome Australia's core values and Statement of Values;  conflicts of interest;  opportunities, benefits and ownership of work;	

		<ul> <li>dealings with politicians and government officials;</li> <li>confidentiality;</li> <li>privacy;</li> <li>fair dealing;</li> <li>discrimination, bullying, harassment and vilification;</li> <li>health and safety;</li> <li>protection and use of Biome Australia's assets and property;</li> <li>compliance with laws;</li> <li>responsibility to Shareholders and other stakeholders;</li> <li>related party transactions;</li> <li>insider trading; and</li> <li>whistleblower protection.</li> <li>The Code of Conduct is available on Biome Australia's website.</li> </ul>
Recommendation 3.3  A listed entity should:  • have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and  • ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	Yes	Biome Australia has adopted a Whistleblower Policy. This policy encourages employees to raise any concerns and report instances of illegal, unacceptable, or undesirable conduct within the Company.  The policy deals with (among other things):  how employees can make reports about any of the above behaviours anonymously and/or confidentially, securely, and outside of business hours;  the procedures following disclosure by an employee;  how investigations will be conducted by the Company;  reporting of the outcome of the investigation; and  communications to whistleblowers.  The Whistleblower Policy is available on Biome Australia's website.
Recommendation 3.4  A listed entity should:  have and disclose an antibribery and corruption policy; and  ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	Yes	Biome Australia has adopted an Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy.  This policy outlines Biome Australia's stance in relation to bribes, corruption, and other improper payments or benefits received or given by the Company and its personnel and the damage to Biome Australia's reputation and good standing in the community.  The policy provides a framework under which gifts or benefits over \$1,000 are either to be rejected by the receipt or recorded in Biome Australia's gift and entertainment register that is maintained by the CFO.  The Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy is available on Biome Australia's website.
Principle 4 – Safeguard integrit	· -	
A listed entity should have approp	riate processes	to verify the integrity of its corporate reports.
Recommendation 4.1  The board of a listed entity should:  • have an audit committee which:  (i) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (ii) is chaired by an	Partially	The Board has established an Audit and Risk Committee. This committee is responsible for, amongst other things, appointing Biome Australia's external auditors and overseeing the integrity of Biome Australia's financial reporting systems and financial statements.  The members of the Audit and Risk Committee are:  Chairperson: Ms Dominique Fisher;  Member: Mr Ilario Faenza.  Member: Dr Jaroslav Boublik (Chief Science Officer)  Dominique Fisher and Ilario Faenza are non-executive Directors and both are considered independent (Ilario Faenza since 19 October 2021).
independent director, who is not the chair of the board,		Dr Jaroslav Boublik is the Chief Science Officer of the Company.  The Audit and Risk Committee is chaired by an independent non-

and disclose:

The Audit and Risk Committee is chaired by an independent non-executive Director who is not the chair of the Board.

Biome Australia has also adopted an Audit and Risk Committee Charter (iii) the charter of the committee: which governs the responsibilities and powers of the Audit and Risk Committee which is available on Biome Australia's website. the relevant qualifications Biome Australia intends to disclose, in the Annual Report, the number of and experience of the members times the Audit and Risk Committee has met, and the attendance at those of the committee: and meetings, at the end of each relevant reporting period. in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact processes and the employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. **Recommendation 4.2** Yes The Board has implemented a process to receive written assurances from its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer that the The board of a listed entity declarations that will be provided under section 295A of the Corporations should, before it approves the Act are founded on a system of risk management and internal control and entity's financial statements for a that the system is operating in all material respects in relation to financial financial period, receive from its reporting risks. CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial The Board has obtained the relevant sign off from its Chief Executive records of the entity have been Officer and Chief Financial Officer for each of its financial statements in properly maintained and that the the past financial year. financial statements comply with appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which operating effectively. Yes In addition to reviewing regulatory filings and decisions as they relate to **Recommendation 4.3** Biome Australia's financial statements, the Audit and Risk Committee will A listed entity should disclose its review any reports that are to be released to the market that are not process to verify the integrity of audited or reviewed by an external auditor. In doing so, the Audit and any periodic corporate report it Risk Committee will also disclose its process for verifying the integrity of releases to the market that is not any such report. audited or reviewed by an external auditor. Additionally, Biome Australia has adopted a formal Disclosure and Communication Policy, where there is an express requirement that the external auditor will attend the AGM and be available to answer questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report. Principle 5 - Make timely and balanced disclosure A listed entity should make timely and balanced disclosure of all matters concerning it that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of its securities. **Recommendation 5.1** Consistent with the Board's commitment to improving its disclosure Yes policy, the Board has adopted a Disclosure and Communication Policy, A listed entity should have and which sets out Biome Australia's commitment to the objective of disclose a written policy for promoting investor confidence and the rights of Shareholders by: complying with its continuous complying with the continuous disclosure obligations imposed by law;

disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.		<ul> <li>ensuring that company announcements are presented in a factual, clear and balanced way;</li> <li>ensuring that all Shareholders have equal and timely access to material information concerning Biome Australia; and</li> <li>communicating effectively with Shareholders and making it easy for them to participate in general meetings.</li> <li>The Disclosure and Communication Policy is available on Biome Australia's website.</li> </ul>	
Recommendation 5.2  A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	Yes	Biome Australia has adopted a Disclosure and Communication Policy which specifically requires that all material market announcements be provided to the Board promptly after release to the market.	
Recommendation 5.3  A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	Yes	Biome Australia has adopted a Disclosure and Communication Policy which specifically requires that all substantive investor or analyst presentations be released to the market prior to the relevant presentation.	
Principle 6 – Respect the rights of security holders  A listed entity should provide its security holders with appropriate information and facilities to allow them to exercise their rights as security holders effectively			
Recommendation 6.1  A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Yes	Biome Australia recognises the rights of its Shareholders and other interested stakeholders to have easy access to balanced, understandable and timely information concerning the operations of the Biome Australia Group.  Information concerning Biome Australia and its governance practices is available on its website.  Additionally, Biome Australia will strive to communicate with Shareholders and other stakeholders in a regular manner as outlined in Principle 5 of this statement.	
Recommendation 6.2  A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	Yes	As mentioned above under Recommendation 5.1, the Board has adopted a Disclosure and Communication Policy, which supports its commitment to effective two-way communication with its Shareholders. In addition, Biome Australia intends to communicate with its Shareholders:  • by making timely market announcements;  • by posting relevant information on its website;  • by inviting Shareholders to make direct inquiries to Biome Australia; and  • through the use of general meetings.	
Recommendation 6.3  A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	Yes	The Board encourages participation of Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting or any other shareholder meetings to ensure a high level of accountability and identification with Biome Australia's strategy and goals.  Upon the dispatch of any notice of meeting to Shareholders, the Company Secretary will send out material with that notice stating that Shareholders are encouraged to participate at the meeting.	
Recommendation 6.4  A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	Yes	Biome Australia's Constitution provides Biome Australia with the ability to decide any resolution, save for procedural resolutions, on a poll. Further, a poll may also be demanded by Shareholders.  All substantive resolutions at securityholder meetings were decided by a poll rather than a show of hands.	

Recommendation 6.5  A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Yes	Biome Australia's Shareholders may elect to receive information from Biome Australia and its registry electronically. Otherwise, Biome Australia and its registry will communicate by post with Shareholders who have not elected to receive information electronically.
Principle 7 – Recognise and ma A listed entity should establish framework.	_	anagement framework and periodically review the effectiveness of that
Recommendation 7.1  The board of a listed entity should:	Partially	The Board has adopted a formal Audit and Risk Committee to, amongst other things, ensure Biome Australia has an effective risk management system in place and to manage key risk areas.  The members of the Audit and Risk Committee are:
have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:     (i) has at least three		<ul> <li>Chairperson: Ms Dominique Fisher;</li> <li>Member: Mr Ilario Faenza.</li> <li>Member: Dr Jaroslav Boublik (Chief Science Officer)</li> </ul>
members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and		Dominique Fisher and Ilario Faenza are non-executive Directors, and both are considered independent (Ilario Faenza since 19 October 2021).
(ii) is chaired by an independent director; disclose:		Dr Jaroslav Boublik is the Chief Science Officer of the Company.  The Audit and Risk Committee is chaired by an independent non-executive Director who is not the chair of the Board.
(i) the charter of the committee; (ii) the members of the		The relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the Audit and Risk Committee are disclosed on Biome Australia's website but will not be disclosed in the Audit and Risk Committee Charter.
committee; and  (iii) as at the end of each reporting period, the number		Biome Australia intends to disclose, in the Annual Report, the number of times the Audit and Risk Committee has met, and the attendance at those meetings, at the end of each relevant reporting period.
of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or		Biome Australia has adopted an Audit and Risk Committee Charter which is available on Biome Australia's website.
if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.		
Recommendation 7.2  The board or a committee of the board should:	Yes	Under the Board Charter, the Board will ensure that Biome Australia has in place an appropriate risk management framework and will set the risk appetite within which the Board expects management to operate.
<ul> <li>review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself</li> </ul>		Further, it is intended that the Audit and Risk Committee will, among other things, regularly review and update the risk profile and ensure that Biome Australia has an effective risk management system.
and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the	operating with due regard to	As part of this process, the Board will review, at least annually, Biome Australia's risk management framework in order to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound.  Rioma Australia intends to disclose at the relevant time, whether a review.
<ul> <li>board; and</li> <li>disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.</li> </ul>		Biome Australia intends to disclose, at the relevant time, whether a review of Biome Australia's risk management framework was undertaken during the relevant reporting period in the Annual Report
Recommendation 7.3 A listed entity should disclose:	Yes	Due to the current scope and size of Biome Australia's operations, it does not currently have an internal audit function. Biome Australia relies on external auditors to undertake this function in compliance with relevant laws and requirements of the ASX. However, the Audit and Risk

Committee is responsible for reviewing the need for an internal audit if it has an internal audit function, how the function is function and for implementing an internal audit function if it deems one structured and what role it necessary. performs; or In addition, the Audit and Risk Committee will be responsible for preparing a risk profile which describes the material risks facing Biome if it does not have an internal Australia, regularly reviewing and updating this risk profile, and assessing audit function, that fact and and ensuring that there are internal controls in place for determining and the processes it employs for managing key risks. evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes. **Recommendation 7.4** Biome Australia has disclosed all material risks facing Biome Australia Yes and how it intends to manage those risks in Section Error! Reference A listed entity should disclose

whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

source not found. of the Prospectus lodged with ASIC on 19 October 2021, including exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks. Biome Australia will continue to disclose these material risks in the future in its annual report or elsewhere as appropriate.

### Principle 8 - Remunerate fairly and responsibly

A listed entity should pay director remuneration sufficient to attract and retain high quality directors and design its executive remuneration to attract, retain and motivate high quality senior executives and to align their interests with the creation of value

#### for security holders and with the entity's values and risk appetite. Biome Australia has established a Nomination and Remuneration **Recommendation 8.1 Partially** Committee during the year. The committee is responsible for developing, The board of a listed entity reviewing and making recommendations on: should: the remuneration framework for Directors, including the process by а remuneration committee which: allocated to Directors;

- (i) has at least three members, a majority of independent whom are directors; and
- is chaired by independent director;
- disclose:
  - the charter of the committee:
  - (ii) the members of the committee; and
  - (iii) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for the level setting and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

- which any pool of Directors' fees approved by security holders is
- the remuneration packages to be awarded to senior executives;
- equity-based remuneration plans for senior executives and other employees; and
- superannuation arrangements for Directors, senior executives and other employees.

The members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are:

Chairperson: Ms Dominique Fisher:

Member: Mr Ilario Faenza.

Member: Dr Jaroslav Boublik (Chief Science Officer)

Dominique Fisher and Ilario Faenza are non-executive Directors, and both are considered independent. (Ilario Faenza since 19 October 2021).

Dr Jaroslav Boublik is the Chief Science Officer of the Company.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is chaired by an independent non-executive Director who is not the chair of the Board.

Biome Australia intends to disclose, in the Annual Report, the number of times the committee has met, and the attendance at those meetings, at the end of each reporting period.

Biome Australia has adopted a Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter which is available on Biome Australia's website.

#### **Recommendation 8.2**

A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the Yes

Each Director and senior executive have entered into a separate agreement with Biome Australia. The remuneration of Directors and senior executives is to be reviewed annually. As noted above, a Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter is in place and this

remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.		committee is responsible for reviewing remuneration. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is responsible for establishing a process for remuneration reviews and amending that process as it sees fit.
Recommendation 8.3 A listed entity which has an	Yes	Biome Australia's Trading Policy is a code that is designed to minimise the risk of insider trading.
equity-based remuneration scheme should:  • have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and  • disclose that policy or a summary of it.		The Trading Policy explains when options or rights under an employee incentive scheme can be exercised and also outlines Biome Australia's restrictions around margin lending, short-term or speculative trading in Biome Australia and hedging.  The Trading Policy is available on Biome Australia's website.