Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity					
MAYI	MAYFIELD CHILDCARE LIMITED				
ABN/A	ARBN	Financial year ended:			
53 60	4 970 390	31 DECEMBER 2022			
Our co	orporate governance stater	nent¹ for the period above can be found at:²			
	These pages of our annual report:				
\boxtimes	This URL on our website:	www.mayfieldchildcare.com.au/investors/			
The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 30 March 2023 and has been approved by the board. The Corporate Governance Statement is appended to this Appendix 4G.					
The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located. ³					
Date: 19 April 2023					
	Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement: Andrew Draffin – Company Secretary				

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINC	IPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND O	VERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: www.mayfieldchildcare.com.au/investors/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "insert location" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: [insert location] and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) at: [insert location] and if we were included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period our measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board of not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: [insert location] and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: [insert location]	 ⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

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Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: [insert location]	 ⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
	process during or in respect of that period.	and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: [insert location]	

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Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIP	PLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD	VALUE	
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	and we have disclosed our board skills matrix at: Annual Report – Directors Report	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors at: Annual Report – Directors Report and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) at: N/A [insert location] and the length of service of each director at: [insert location]	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.		 □ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIP	LE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY	Y AND RESPONSIBLY	
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	and we have disclosed our values at: [insert location]	⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: www.mayfieldchildcare.com.au/investors/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistle-blower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	and we have disclosed our whistle-blower policy at: www.mayfieldchildcare.com.au/investors/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: www.mayfieldchildcare.com.au/investors/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPOR	TS	
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner at: [insert location]	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIP	PLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: www.mayfieldchildcare.com.au/investors/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIP	PLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: www.mayfieldchildcare.com.au/investors/	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at: [insert location]	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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Corpor	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCI	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:	⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
	those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	[insert location]	
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period at: [insert location]	⊠ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs at: [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes at: [insert location]	Set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks at: Annual Report	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5	
PRINCIP	PLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: [insert location] and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: [insert location] [If the entity complies with paragraph (b):] and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: [insert location]	set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable	
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at: Annual Report – Remuneration Report	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable	
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at:: www.mayfieldchildcare.com.au/investors 'Employee Share and Option Plan'	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR □ we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable	

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Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	reco	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5	
ADDITIO	NAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CA	ASES			
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	and we have disclosed information about the processes in place at: [insert location]		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable	
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.			set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable	
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.			set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable	
ADDITIO	NAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGE	D LISTED ENTITIES	•		
-	Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities: The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose: (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) at: [insert location]		set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	

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Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
-	Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities: An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	and we have disclosed the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity at: [insert location]	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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Corporate Governance Statement

As a company listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX), Mayfield Childcare Limited ('Mayfield', 'Company') is required to have regard to the ASX Corporate Governance Council's *Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations* (ASX Recommendations), available from the ASX web-site (www.asx.com.au). The ASX Recommendations cover a range of 'aspirational' principles to promote good corporate governance. Mayfield aims to comply to the maximum extent practicable, considering the Company's resources, stage of development and current priorities. The corporate governance statement is current as at the date of this report and has been approved by the Board.

Our approach to corporate governance

(a) Framework and approach to corporate governance and responsibility

The Board of Mayfield is committed to maintaining the highest standards of corporate governance.

Corporate governance in essence is about adopting and maintaining a set of values that underpin the Company's everyday activities - values that ensure fair dealing, transparency of actions, and protect the interests of all stakeholders. The Board considers corporate governance forms part of a broader framework of corporate responsibility and regulatory oversight.

In pursuing its commitment to best practice governance standards, the Board will continue to:

- review and improve its governance practices; and
- monitor global developments in best practice corporate governance.

The Board's approach has been to be guided by the principles and practices that are in our stakeholders' best interests while ensuring full compliance with legal requirements.

(b) Compliance with the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations

ASX Listing Rules requires listed companies to annually disclose the extent to which they have followed and complied with the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations within the reporting period.

Listed companies must identify the recommendations that have not been followed and further disclose the rationale for not adopting any of the best practice recommendations, a case of 'if not, why not?' A summary of the Company's compliance with the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendation can be found on pages 24 to 36.

This Governance Statement describes the Company's governance practices and notes where they do not comply with the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations.

Date of this statement

This statement reflects the Company's corporate governance policies and procedures as at 30 March 2023.

The Board of Directors

(a) Membership and expertise of the Board

The Board has a broad range of relevant financial and industry skills, experience and expertise to meet its objectives. The current Board composition, with details of individual Director's backgrounds, is set out within the Directors Report on pages 8 to 9 of the Company's 2022 Annual Report.

(b) Board role and responsibility

The Board is accountable to shareholders and stakeholders for Mayfield's performance. In summary, the Board's responsibilities include but are not limited to the following:

- providing strategic direction and approving corporate strategic initiatives;
- planning for Board and executive succession;
- selecting and evaluating future Directors, the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and other executives;
- setting CEO and Director remuneration within shareholder approved limits;
- approving budgets, monitoring management and financial performance;
- considering and approving the Annual Financial Report (including the Directors' Declaration) and the interim and final financial statements;
- approving the Company's risk management strategy, monitoring its effectiveness and maintaining a direct and ongoing dialogue with the Company's auditors and regulators; and
- considering and reviewing the social and ethical impact of the Company's activities, setting standards for social and ethical practices and monitoring compliance with Mayfield's social responsibility policies and practices.

The Board would normally delegate to management responsibility for:

- developing and implementing corporate strategies and making recommendations on significant corporate strategic initiatives;
- maintaining an effective risk management framework and keeping the Board and market fully informed about material risks;
- developing the Company's annual budget, recommending it to the Board for approval and managing day-to- day operations within budget; and
- managing day-to-day operations in accordance with standards for social and ethical practices set by the Board.

The Company has adopted a Board Charter which sets out the specific responsibilities of the Board, the requirements as to the Board's composition, the roles and responsibilities of the Chairman, Company Secretary and management, the establishment and operations of Board Committees, Directors' access to Company records and information, details of the Board's relationship with management, details of the Board's performance review and details of the Board's disclosure policy.

(c) Board size and composition

The Board determines its size and composition, subject to the limits imposed by the Company's Constitution. The Constitution requires a minimum of three and a maximum of seven Directors. In addition, at least two of the Directors shall ordinarily reside within Australia. Currently, the Board consists of three Directors, two independent non-executive directors and one executive director.

Election of Board members is substantially the province of the Shareholders at a general meeting of the Company however the Board may fill casual vacancies within the year and seek shareholder approval at the next available general meeting of the Company. Mr John Kaminsky and Mr Ashok Naveintherin were appointed during the reporting period. Mr Kaminsky's subsequently resigned on 30 March 2023 and Mr Naveintherin was appointed as an Executive Director and, in that role, is not required to submit to shareholder approval.

(d) The selection and role of the Chairman

The Chairman is selected by the Board from the non-executive Directors. The Chairman's role includes:

- providing effective leadership on formulating the Board's strategy;
- representing the views of the Board to the public;
- ensuring that, when all Board members take office, they are fully briefed on the terms of their appointment, their duties and responsibilities;
- ensuring that the Board meets at regular intervals throughout the year, and that minutes of meetings accurately record decisions taken and, where appropriate, the views of individual Directors:
- guiding the agenda and conduct of all Board meetings; and
- reviewing the performance of the Board of Directors.

The Board Charter provides that where practical the Chairman of the Board will be a non-executive director. The Chairman, Mr David Niall is a non-executive director and is considered by the Board to be independent.

(e) Directors' Independence

The Board assesses each of the Directors against specific criteria to decide whether they are in a position to exercise independent judgement. Directors are considered to be independent if they are independent of management and free from any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with, the exercise of their unfettered and independent judgement.

Materiality is assessed on a case-by-case basis by reference to each Directors' individual circumstances rather than general materiality thresholds. In assessing independence, the Board considers whether the Director has a business or any other relationship with the Company, either directly, or as a partner, shareholder or officer of a company with Mayfield or group member. Presently the majority of the board is represented by independent Directors which includes Ms Lubna Matta and Mr David Niall (John Kaminsky was considered independent during his tenue): Mr Ashok Naveinthiran is an executive of the Company and is therefore not considered to be independent.

(f) Avoidance of conflicts of interest by a Director

In accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, any Director with a material personal interest in a matter being considered by the Board must excuse themselves when the matter is being considered and may not vote on such a matter in their capacity as a Director. Directors are provided with an opportunity to declare any existing or potential conflict of interest at the beginning of each board meeting with regards to any business under consideration at that meeting.

(g) Meetings of the Board and their conduct

Meetings of the Board occur as appropriate. Currently Board meetings have been scheduled in advance to occur on a monthly basis. Details of Board meetings held and attended are tabled in the Directors' Report, which forms part of the Annual Report.

(h) Succession planning

The Board plans succession of its own members taking into account the skills, experience and expertise required and currently represented, and Mayfield's future direction. The Board is also responsible for CEO, CFO and Company Secretary succession planning together with other executive appointments as required.

(i) Review of Board performance

The Board of Mayfield are responsible for self-evaluation and individual Directors will be evaluated on a bi-annual basis, with the aid of an independent advisor, if deemed required. No review for the 2022 financial year has been conducted at the date of this statement.

(j) Nomination and appointment of new Directors

Mayfield has detailed guidelines surrounding the appointment and selection of Board members and requires the Board to undertake an appropriate evaluation before appointing a person, or putting forward to shareholders a candidate for election, as a Director.

All material information relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director will be provided to shareholders within a Notice of Meeting pursuant to which the resolution to elect or re-elect such Director will be voted on.

(k) Retirement and re-election of Directors

The Company's Constitution states that the maximum period that each Director can serve in any single term is three years. Any Director who has been appointed during the year must retire at the next annual general meeting of the Company and may offer themselves for election at that meeting. Eligible Directors who retire each year in accordance with the rotation policy may offer themselves for re-election by shareholders at the next annual general meeting. There must be an election for at least one Director each year.

(I) Compulsory retirement of Directors

The Board has no limit on the number of terms of office which any Director may serve in accordance with the Company's constitution.

(m) Board access to information and advice

All Directors have unrestricted access to company records and relevant information concerning the Company's operations. The Board is provided with regular detailed financial and operational reports and the Company Secretary provides Directors with ongoing guidance on issues such as corporate governance, the Company's Constitution and other regulatory considerations with assistance from external advisors where appropriate.

The Board collectively, and each Director individually has the right to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense to the extent that it will enable them to carry out their responsibilities. The Chairman's consent must be sought prior to seeking such legal advice however it is noted that such consent will not be unreasonably withheld and, in the Chairpersons absence, Board approval may be sought.

(n) Diversity Policy

The Board has not formally adopted a diversity policy however the Board has provided a framework for the Company to achieve, amongst other things, a diverse and skilled workforce, a workplace culture characterised by inclusive practices and behaviours for the benefit of all staff, improved employment and career development opportunities for women and a work environment that values and utilises the contributions of employees with diverse backgrounds, experiences and perspectives through its broader Code of Conduct.

The following table outlines the number of women employed by the group across all levels of employment.

	31 Decemb	er 2022
	Number	%
Women on the Board	1	25
Women in senior management roles	10	71
Women employees in the Company	907	98

(o) Securities trading policy

Directors and employees are subject to the Corporations Act with regards to restrictions on trading the Company's securities if they are in possession of inside information. Inside information is regarded as any information that is non-public and, if it were public that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price of the Company's securities.

In addition, the Company has established a policy on the trading of Mayfield's securities, which applies to all Directors and employees. Key aspects of this policy are as follows:

- Directors and employees are encouraged to be long term holders of the Company's securities and are discouraged from any short-term trading;
- Directors and employees must not trade in shares one month prior to the release of the Company's half-year and full-year results;
- Directors and employees may trade shares for 4 weeks following the annual results, half-year results and the annual general meeting, provided the market has been fully informed. However, a trading embargo of 24 hours applies immediately after any significant announcement;
- Directors and employees need to ensure that the market is fully informed before they can trade and are encouraged to discuss any intended share trading with the Chairman or Company Secretary; and
- Trading outside the four-week period is required to be approved by the Chairman, prior to any transaction occurring.

Generally, if the market is fully informed, the approval will be granted.

- Directors are required to notify the Company Secretary within 2 days of a change in their beneficial interest in the Company's shares.
- Directors are also required to obtain a written acknowledgement of the Chairman (or the Board in the case of the Chairman) prior to trading.

Directors' interests are declared at the beginning of each Board meeting held.

Board committees

The Board has resolved to implement the following committees during the 2023 financial year.

- Audit & Risk Management Committee
- Renumeration and Nominations Committee

Due to the size and nature of the Board and the magnitude of the Company's operations, the Company had not formally implemented the committees listed above. Pursuant to clause 3.2(s) of the Company's Board Charter, the full Board carried out the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to the above Committees under the written terms of reference or charters where applicable for those committees.

Audit governance and independence

(a) Approach to audit governance

The Board is committed to these basic principles. Mayfield must:

- Produce true and fair financial reports;
- Prepare a framework of risk management and internal controls;
- Ensure transparent and timely reporting; and
- Ensure its accounting methods are comprehensive and relevant and comply with applicable accounting standards and policies.

(b) Engagement and rotation of external auditor

The Company's independent external auditor is PKF Melbourne and there is currently no set minimum or maximum term of engagement for the external auditor of the Company. However, the audit partner responsible for the audit report must rotate at least once in any five-year period in accordance with appropriate regulations.

(c) Discussions with external auditor on independence

The Board requires the external auditor to confirm that they have maintained their independence and this declaration is disclosed within the full-year and half-year financial report released by the Company and can be found on page 16 of the Company's 2022 Annual Report.

(d) Relationship with auditor

- the audit partner and any audit firm employee on the Mayfield audit are prohibited from being an officer of the Company;
- an immediate family member of an audit partner or any audit firm employee on the Mayfield audit is prohibited from being a Director or an officer in a significant position of the Company;
- a former audit firm partner or employee on the Mayfield audit is prohibited from becoming a Director or officer in a significant position of the Company for at least five years.

- members of the audit team and firm are prohibited from having a business relationship with Mayfield or any officer of the Company unless the relationship is clearly insignificant to both parties;
- the audit firm, its partners, its employees who work on the Mayfield audit and their immediate family members are prohibited from having a direct or material indirect investment in the Company;
- officers of the Company are prohibited from receiving any remuneration from the audit firm;
- the audit firm is prohibited from having a financial interest in any Company with a controlling interest in Mayfield; and
- the audit firm engagement team in any given year cannot include a person who had been an officer of Mayfield during that year or in the proceeding 2 years.

(e) Restrictions on non-audit services by the external auditor

The external auditor is not restricted in the provision of non-audit services to the Company except as required by the Corporations Act or ASX Listing Rules. Any fees paid for non-audit services are disclosed with the auditor's remuneration section of the Annual Report.

(f) Attendance at Annual General Meeting

The Company's external auditor is required to attend the annual general meeting of the Company and is available to answer shareholders questions in relation to the conduct of the audit of the financial report.

Controlling and managing risk

(a) Approach to risk management

The Board of the Company recognize that managing risk is central to the business and building shareholder value. Mayfield's approach is to identify, assess and control the risks which affect its business. The intention is to enable risks to be balanced against appropriate rewards. The risk management approach links the Company's vision, values, objectives, strategies, procedures and training. The Board has resolved to form an Audit and Risk Management Committee during the 2023 financial year.

(b) Risk management roles and responsibilities

The Board has in the past been responsible for approving and reviewing the Company's risk management strategy and policy. However, the Board has resolved to form an Audit and Risk Management Committee during the 2023 financial year which will be responsible for implementing the Board-approved risk management strategy and developing policies, controls, processes and procedures to identify and manage risks in all of Mayfield's activities.

(c) CFO assurance

The Board receives monthly reports regarding the financial condition and operational results of the Company and together with the CEO periodically provides formal statements to the Board that in all material respects:

- the Company's periodic financial statements present a true and fair view of the Company's financial condition and operational results for those reporting periods; and

that risk management and internal compliance and control systems are sound, appropriate and operating efficiently and effectively.

Remuneration framework

(a) Overview

The remuneration package of an executive Director has previously been set by the Board, without the affected executive Director participating in that decision-making process. However, the Board has resolved to form a Renumeration and Nomination Committee during the 2023 financial year which will oversee the below duties that had previously been undertaken by the Board.

In respect of executive remuneration (which for the avoidance of doubt includes both directors and executive management), remuneration packages are designed to include an appropriate balance of fixed and variable performance-based remuneration and may contain any or all of the following:

Fixed remuneration

- be reasonable and fair;
- take into account the Company's legal and industrial obligations together with labour market conditions;
- be relative to the scale of the Company's business;
- reflect core performance requirements and expectations; and
- take into account incumbent skills and experience;

Variable performance-based remuneration

- take into account individual and corporate performance; and
- be linked to clearly-specified performance targets, which should be:
- aligned to the Company's short and long-term performance objectives; and
- appropriate to its circumstances, goals and risk appetite;

Equity-based remuneration

Can include options or performance shares and is especially effective when linked to hurdles that are aligned to the Company's longer-term performance objectives also taking into account executive performance. However, programs are designed so that they do not lead to 'short-termism' on the part of senior executives or the taking of undue risks.

Termination payments

Termination payments are agreed in advance, and any agreement will clearly address what will happen in the case of early termination. There will be no payment for removal for serious misconduct. Employment contracts for executives will have regard to the maximum amount that can be paid under the termination provisions under the *Corporations Act* 2001 (Cth), and in particular the maximum amount that can be paid without requiring shareholder approval.

In respect of non-executive director remuneration, remuneration packages contain cash fees, superannuation contributions and non-cash benefits in lieu of fees (such as salary sacrifice into superannuation or equity) and may contain any or all of the following:

- fixed remuneration – this reflects the time commitment and responsibilities of the role;

- no performance-based remuneration non-executive directors do not receive performance-based remuneration as it may lead to bias in their decision-making and compromise their independence;
- termination payments non-executive directors are not be provided with retirement benefits other than superannuation.

The total maximum remuneration of Non-Executive Directors is initially set by the Directors and subsequent variation is by carrying an ordinary resolution of Shareholders in general meeting in accordance with the Constitution, the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules, as applicable. The determination of Directors' remuneration within that maximum will be made by the Board having regard to the inputs and value to the Company of the respective contributions made by each non-executive Director. The current amount has been set at an amount not to exceed \$300,000 per annum.

In addition, a Director may be paid fees or other amounts, (e.g. subject to any necessary Shareholder approval, non-cash performance incentives such as Options) as the Board determine whether a Director performs special duties or otherwise performs services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director.

Directors are also entitled to be reimbursed for reasonable travelling, hotel and other expenses incurred by them whilst carrying out their duties as Directors.

The Board reviews and approves the remuneration policy to enable the Company to attract and retain executives and Directors who will create value for Shareholders having consideration to the amount considered to be commensurate for a company of its size and level of activity as well as the relevant Directors' time, commitment and responsibility. The Board is also responsible for reviewing any employee incentive and equity-based plans including the appropriateness of performance hurdles and total payments proposed.

The Company can also engage an independent third party to advise on matters as they relate to remuneration including industry standards and market expectation however no such advice was sought or provided during the last 12months.

(b) Employee Share Options Plan

An Employee Share & Option Plan (ESOP) was formally adopted by the Directors of the Company on 27 October 2016. No rights or options have been granted over un-issued shares to any Director or executive employee of Mayfield as part of their remuneration as at the date of this report.

Corporate responsibility and sustainability

(a) Approach to corporate responsibility and sustainability

The Company's approach to corporate responsibility and sustainability is to manage its business in a way that produces positive outcomes for all stakeholders and maximizes economic, social and environmental value simultaneously. In doing so, Mayfield accepts that the responsibilities flowing from this go beyond both strict legal obligations and the financial bottom line. Transparency, the desire for fair dealing, and positive links into the community underpin the Company's everyday activities and corporate responsibility practices.

(b) Code of conduct

The Company has in operation a formally adopted Code of Conduct that applies to all Directors, Executives and employees without exception. The intention of the Code is to govern workplace and human resource practices, risk management and legal compliance whilst ensuring alignment to Shareholders' interests.

The Directors of Mayfield believe the core values of teamwork, integrity and performance ensure ethical outcomes and the alignment of the shareholders and the Boards' interests.

The ASX recommendations require that the Code of Conduct is reviewed periodically, specifically to reflect the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations.

(c) Insider trading policy and trading in Mayfield Childcare Limited shares

The Company Secretary together with the Board has responsibility for ensuring compliance with continuous disclosure requirements in accordance with ASX Listing Rules, plus overseeing and coordinating information disclosure to the ASX, analysts, brokers, shareholders, the media and the public.

Mayfield is committed to giving all shareholders comprehensive and equal access to information about its activities, and to meet continuous disclosure obligations to the broader market. The Company's policy is designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rules continuous disclosure requirements and it ensures that any information that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price of the Company's securities is disclosed.

Compliance with ASX Corporate Governance

Council Good Practice Recommendations

The table below outlines each of the ASX Best Practice Recommendations and the Company's compliance with those recommendations. Where the Company has met the relevant recommendation during the reporting period, this is indicated by a "YES" in the relevant column. Where the Company has not met or complied with a recommendation, this is indicated by a "No" and an accompanying note explaining the reasons why the Company has not met the recommendation.

Principles and Recommendations	(Yes/No)	Explanation
Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and ov	ersight	
Recommendation 1.1 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board	YES	The Company has adopted a Board Charter. The Board Charter sets out the specific responsibilities of the Board, the requirements as to the Boards composition, the roles and responsibilities of the Chairman, Company Secretary and management of Board Committees, Directors' access to Company records and information, details of the Board's relationship with management, details of the Board's performance review and details of the Board's disclosure policy.
Recommendation 1.2 A listed entity should disclose: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or reelect a director.	YES	 (a) The Company has detailed guidelines for the appointment and selection of the Board. The Company's Corporate Governance Statement requires the Board to undertake an appropriate evaluation before appointing a person, or putting forward to shareholders a candidate for election, as a Director (b) All material information relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director will be provided to shareholders in a Notice of Meeting pursuant to which the resolution to elect or re-elect such Director will be voted on.

Comply

A listed e	endation 1.3 entity should have a written agreement with each and senior executive setting out the terms of their nent.	YES	The Company's Corporate Governance Statement requires the Board to ensure that each director and senior executive is a party to a written agreement with the Company which sets out the terms of that Director's or senior executive's appointment. Each current Director has executed such an agreement.
Recomme	endation 1.4		
accounta	npany Secretary of a listed entity should be able, directly to the board, through the chair, on all to do with the proper functioning of the board.	YES	The Board Charter outlines the role, responsibility and accountability of the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters relating to the proper functioning of the Board.
Recomme	endation 1.5		(a) Ti 0
(a) Have requested (i) (ii)	entity should: we a diversity policy which includes uirements for the board or a relevant nmittee of the board; to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity; and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them; close that policy or a summary of it; and close as at the end of each reporting period: the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy. either:	NO	 (a) The Company has not formally adopted a Diversity Policy. (i) The broader Code of Conduct provides a framework for the Company to set and achieve measurable objectives that encompass gender equality. (b) The measurable objectives set by the Board will be included in the annual key performance indicators for senior executives. In addition, the Board will review progress against the objectives in its annual performance. The Board will include in its Corporate Governance statement each year, the proportion of male and female employees in the whole organisation, at senior management level and at Board level.
(11)	eitner:		

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		Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance G
Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
(A) the respective portions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or		
(B) if the entity is a "relevant employer"under		
the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in the Workplace Gender Equality Act 2012.		
Recommendation 1.6 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and		(a) The Board historically has been responsible for evaluating the performance of the Board and individual Directors however this role will defer to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (once formed) with the aid of an independent advisor, if deemed required.
disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	YES	(b) In 2022, the Board resolved to establish a Renumeration & Nomination Committee. However, after Board changes in August 2022, it was resolved to defer establishment of a Renumeration and Nomination Committee and that the roles would continue to be undertaken by the full Board. The Board is resolved to establish a Remuneration and Nomination Committee in 2023. Further, no performance evaluations were undertaken due to the changes in Board composition in August 2022.
		(c) The Company's Corporate Governance Statement requires the Board to disclose whether or not performance evaluations were conducted during the relevant reporting period. No evaluations have been undertaken in the last 12 months due to appointment and resignations of multiple directors over the last18 months.

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Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
Recommendation 1.7 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and (b) disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	NO	 (a) The Board, as a whole, is responsible for evaluating the performance of senior executives and arranging performance evaluations. (b) Given the changes in personnel amongst the Board and senior executives in 2022, no performance evaluations were undertaken. (c) The Company's Corporate Governance Statement requires the Board to conduct annual performance of the senior executives. Evaluations will be conducted in the future and the details of those evaluations will be disclosed in the Company's future annual reports.
Recommendation 2.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity to enable it to discharge its duties	NO	Historically, due to the size and nature of the Board and the magnitude of the Company's operations, the Company did not operate a Remuneration & Nomination Committee. Pursuant to clause 3.2(s) of the Company's Board Charter, the full Board carried out the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to the Renumeration & Nomination Committee under the written terms of reference for that committee. The Board has however resolved to form a Renumeration and Nomination Committee during the 2023 financial year. The Board has devoted time on an annual basis to discuss Board succession issues. All members of the Board have been involved in the Company's nomination process, to the maximum extent permitted under the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules. The Board is in the process of updating the Company's board skills matrix (in accordance with Recommendation 2.2) to assess the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity.

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Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
Recommendation 2.2 A listed entity should have and disclose a board skill matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	NO	The Board is required to prepare a Board skill matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the Board currently has (or is looking to achieve). The composition of the Board is to be reviewed regularly against the Company's Board skill matrix to ensure the appropriate mix of skills and expertise is present to facilitate successful strategic direction. This role will be performed by the Nomination Committee once established.
Recommendation 2.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendation (3rd Edition), but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director	YES	 (a) The Board Charter provides for the disclosure of the names of Directors considered by the Board to be independent. Currently the board has two independent Directors, Ms Lubna Matta and Mr David Niall with Mr John Kaminsky considered independent during his tenue. (b) The Board Charter requires Directors to disclose their interest, positions, associations and relationships and requires that the independence of Directors is regularly assessed by the Board in light of the interest disclosed by Directors. Details of the Directors interest, positions, associations and relationship are provided in this report. The length of services of each Director has been disclosed within the Directors Report.
Recommendation 2.4 A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	YES	The Board Charter requires that where practical the majority of the Board will consist of independent Directors. Details of each Director's independence is provided within the Directors Report. The current independent Directors are Mr John Kaminsky, Ms Lubna Matta and Mr David Niall.

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Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
Recommendation 2.5 The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	YES	The Board Charter provides that where practical, the Chairman of the Board will be a non-executive director. The Chairman, Mr David Niall is a non-executive director and considered by the Board to be independent.
Recommendation 2.6 A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and providing appropriate professional development opportunities for continuing directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as a director effectively.	YES	The Remuneration & Nomination Committee will be responsible for the approval and review of induction and continuing professional development programs and procedures for Directors to ensure that they can effectively discharge their responsibilities.
Recommendation 3.1		
A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	YES	(a) The Company articulates its values and philosophy on its website at https://www.mayfieldchildcare.com.au/about/

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Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
Recommendation 3.2 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code by a director or senior executive; and (c) any other material breaches of that code that call into question the culture of the organisation.	Yes	The Company currently operates under a documented Code of Conduct and applies to the Company's Directors, senior executives and employees. The Company's Corporate Code of Conduct is published at www.mayfieldchildcare.com.au/investors/
Recommendation 3.3 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistle-blower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.		The Company has published its Whistleblower Policy and can be found at www.mayfieldchildcare.com.au/investors/.
Recommendation 3.4 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	Yes	The Company has published its Fraud and Corruption Policy covering anti-bribery and corruption and can be found at www.mayfieldchildcare.com.au/investors/

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Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
Recommendation 4.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and		Historically, due to the size and nature of the existing Board and the magnitude of the Company's operations, the Company has not operated an Audit Committee. Pursuant to clause 3.2(s) of the Company's Board Charter, the full Board carried out the duties that would ordinarily be
 (ii) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (v) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its financial reporting, including the processes for the appointing and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the external auditor. 	NO	assigned to the Audit Committee under the written terms of reference for that committee. The Board has devoted time annually to fulfilling the roles and responsibilities normally associated with an audit and risk management committee including meeting with the external auditor. All members of the Board have been involved in the Company's audit function to ensure the proper maintenance of the entity and the integrity of all financial reporting and role which will be transferred to an Audit & Risk Management Committee
Recommendation 4.2 The Board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	YES	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan states that a duty and responsibility of the Board is to ensure that before the Board approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, the CEO/MD and CFO have declared that in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively

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Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
Recommendation 4.3 A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	YES	The Company has protocols around internal reporting and continuous disclosure to ensure that any periodic corporate report it releases to the market is audited or reviewed by an external auditor.
Recommendation 5.1 A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it	YES	(a) The Company has adopted a Continuous Disclosure Policy' which documents the Company's disclosure requirements as required by the ASX Listing Rules and other relevant legislation. (b) The Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy is published at www.mayfieldchildcare.com.au/investors/
Recommendation 5.2 A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	YES	An email confirming release of all ASX announcements is circulated to the board by the Company Secretary together with a copy of the announcement.
Recommendation 5.3 A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	Yes	Details are contained within the continuous disclosure section of the Corporate Governance Statement

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Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
Recommendation 6.1 A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	YES	Information about the Company and its governance can be found at www.mayfieldchildcare.com.au/investors/.
Recommendation 6.2 A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	YES	The Company has adopted a Shareholder Communications Policy which aims to promote and facilitate effective two-way communication with investors. The Policy outlines a range of ways in which information is communicated to Shareholders and is available at www.mayfieldchildcare.com.au/investors/-
Recommendation 6.3 A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of shareholders.	YES	Links will be made available to the Company's updated website on which all information provided to the ASX is immediately posted. Shareholders are encouraged to participate at all EGMs and AGMs of the Company as per the Shareholder Communication Policy,
Recommendation 6.4 A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	Yes	The Company will call a poll at any general meeting of shareholders where substantive resolutions are put to the meeting

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Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
Recommendation 6.5 A listed entity should give shareholders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	YES	Shareholders can register with the Company or its Share Registry to receive email notifications when an announcement is made by the Company to the ASX. Shareholders' queries should be referred to the Company Secretary in the first instance.
Recommendation 7.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the process it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	NO	Historically, due to the size and nature of the existing Board and the magnitude of the Company's operations, the Company has not operated an Audit & Risk Management Committee. Pursuant to clause 3.2(s) of the Company's Board Charter, the full Board carried out the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to the Risk Management Committee under the written terms of reference for that committee. However, the Board has resolved to form an Audit & Risk Management Committee during the 2023 financial year. The Board devoted time annually to fulfilling the roles and responsibilities associated with overseeing risk and maintaining the entity's risk management framework and associated internal compliance and control procedures.
Recommendation 7.2 The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework with management at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound, to determine whether there have been any changes in the material business risks the entity faces and to ensure that they remain within the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	YES	 (a) The Company's process for risk management and internal compliance includes a requirement on the Board to identify and measure risk, monitor the environment for emerging factors and trends that affect these risks, formulate risk management strategies and monitor the performance of risk management systems. (b) The Board has evaluated the Company's risk management framework at the date of this report.

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Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
Recommendation 7.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control process.	NO	Due to the magnitude of the Company's operations, the Company does not currently have an internal audit function. The full Board has reviewed the current internal controls in place and has deemed them sufficient after consultation with the Company's external auditors.
Recommendation 7.4 A listed entity should disclose whether, and if so how, it has regard to, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	YES	The Company currently has a Risk Management Policy in place which guides the Board, in the absence of the Risk Management Committee, on assessing and mitigating against economic, environmental and social sustainability risks.
ecommendation 8.1 The board of a listed entity should: (i) have a remuneration committee which: (ii) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (iii) is chaired by an independent director; and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or	NO	Historically, due to the size and nature of the existing Board and the magnitude of the Company's operations, the Company has not operated a Remuneration Committee. Pursuant to clause 3.2(s) of the Company's Board Charter, the full Board carried out the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to the Remuneration Committee under the written terms of reference for that committee. However, the Board has resolved to form a Renumeration & Nomination Committee during the 2023 financial year.

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Principles and Recommendations	Comply (Yes/No)	Explanation
if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate.	NO	The role will be undertaken by the Nomination and Renumeration Committee which will be formed during the 2023 financial year.
Recommendation 8.2 A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives and ensure that the different roles and responsibilities of non-executive directors compared to executive directors and other senior executives are reflected in the level and composition of their remuneration.	YES	The Company discloses its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive and executive directors and other senior employees within its Annual Financial Report.
Recommendation 8.3 A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	YES	Equity based executive remuneration is made in accordance with thresholds as set out in ESOP which was approved by Directors on 27 October 2016. The Plan does not contain a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions to limit the economic risk of participating in the plan however it is noted that the Company's Securities Trading Policy sets the parameters of such transactions. A copy of the plan can be found at www.mayfieldchildcare.com.au/investors/

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