RioTinto

Notice to ASX

2024 Half Year Results Presentation

31 July 2024

The Rio Tinto 2024 half year results presentation will be given today at 11:30am (AEST) / 2.30am (BST) by Rio Tinto Chief Executive, Jakob Stausholm and Chief Financial Officer, Peter Cunningham. The presentation slides are attached and also available at https://www.riotinto.com/en/invest/financial-news-performance/results.

The live webcast will be available at https://www.riotinto.com/en/invest/financial-news-performance/results.

There will be an additional Q&A session held by the Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officer at 17:00pm (AEST) / 08:00am (BST) today. Registration is available at https://www.riotinto.com/en/invest/financial-news-performance/results.

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This announcement is authorised for release to the market by Andy Hodges, Rio Tinto's Group Company Secretary.



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This presentation includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements other than statements of historical facts included in this report, including, without limitation, those regarding Rio Tinto's financial position, business strategy, plans and objectives of management for future operations (including development plans and objectives relating to Rio Tinto's products, production forecasts and reserve and resource positions), are forward-looking statements. The words "intend", "aim", "project", "anticipate", "estimate", "plan", "believes", "expects", "may", "should", "will", "target", "set to" or similar expressions, commonly identify such forward-looking statements.

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Cautionary and supporting statements (cont.)

Simandou - Production Targets

The estimated annualised capacity of approximately 60 million dry tonnes per annum (27 million dry tonnes Rio Tinto Share) iron ore for the Simandou life of mine schedule referenced in slides 15,16 and 19 was previously reported in a release to the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) dated 6 December 2023 titled "Simandou iron ore project update". Rio Tinto confirms that all material assumptions underpinning that production target continue to apply and have not materially changed.

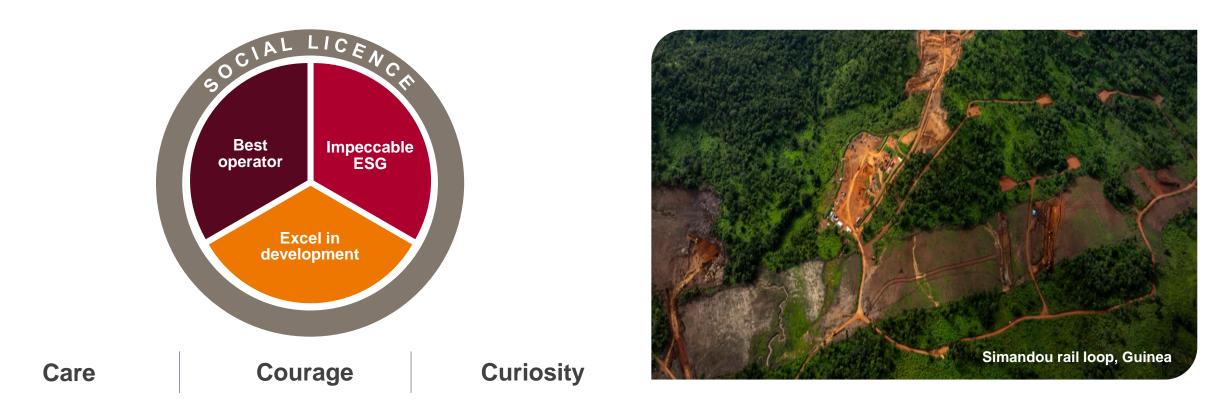
Oyu Tolgoi - Production Targets

The 500ktpa copper production target (stated as recoverable metal) for the Oyu Tolgoi underground and open pit mines for the years 2028 to 2036 referenced in slide 12 and 19 were previously reported in a release to the ASX dated 11 July 2023 "Investor site visit to Oyu Tolgoi copper mine, Mongolia". All material assumptions underpinning that production target continue to apply and have not materially changed.





Growing through focus on our four objectives



Finding better ways to provide the materials the world needs

Continued operational progress and profitably growing¹

Production (CuEq)²

Year-on-year change

1 2% | **1** ~3%

CAGR from 2024 – 2028³

Underlying ROCE

5-year average⁴ of 29%

Underlying earnings

\$5.8 bn

1% year-on-year

Underlying EBITDA

\$12.1 bn (42% margin)

3% year-on-year

Operating cash flow

1% year-on-year

Dividends

177 US cps

Equates to \$2.9bn, payout of 50% in line with practice





Consistent financial performance

\$bn, except where stated	H1 2024	H1 2023	Comparison
Consolidated sales revenue	26.8	26.7	+1%
Underlying EBITDA	12.1	11.7	+3%
Underlying earnings	5.8	5.7	+1%
Net earnings	5.8	5.1	+14%
Underlying ROCE	19%	20%	-1%
Cash flow from operations	7.1	7.0	+1%
Share of capital investment ¹	3.7	3.0	+23%
Free cash flow	2.8	3.8	-25%
Total dividend	2.9	2.9	
Total dividend per share (\$)	1.77	1.77	
Net debt	(5.1)	$(4.2)^2$	17%

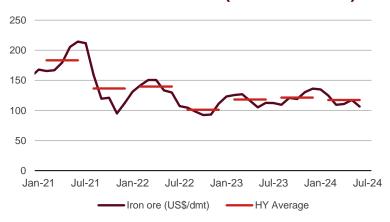




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Resilient pricing for our commodities

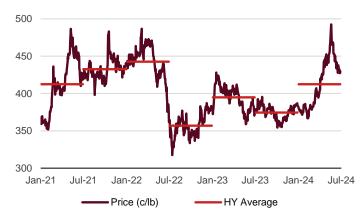
Iron ore¹ CFR index -3% (1H24 vs 1H23)



Realised pricing	H1 2024	H1 2023	Delta
Iron ore (FOB \$/dmt)	106	107	-1%

- China's crude steel production contracted by 2.7% YoY in H1 despite the 22% YoY increase in steel exports
- Seaborne iron ore supply in H1 increased by 3% YoY to a record 770Mt
- Strong seaborne supply supported China's iron ore imports, which rose by 5% YoY to a record 640Mt in H1

Copper LME² +4% (1H24 vs 1H23)



Realised pricing	H1 2024	H1 2023	Delta
Copper (c/lb)	419	396	+6%

- LME copper price rallied in Q1 on the back of firm global demand and downward revision to copper mine supply
- Chinese demand growth slowed into Q2, as rising prices temporarily hit demand

Aluminium LME² +1% (1H24 vs 1H23)

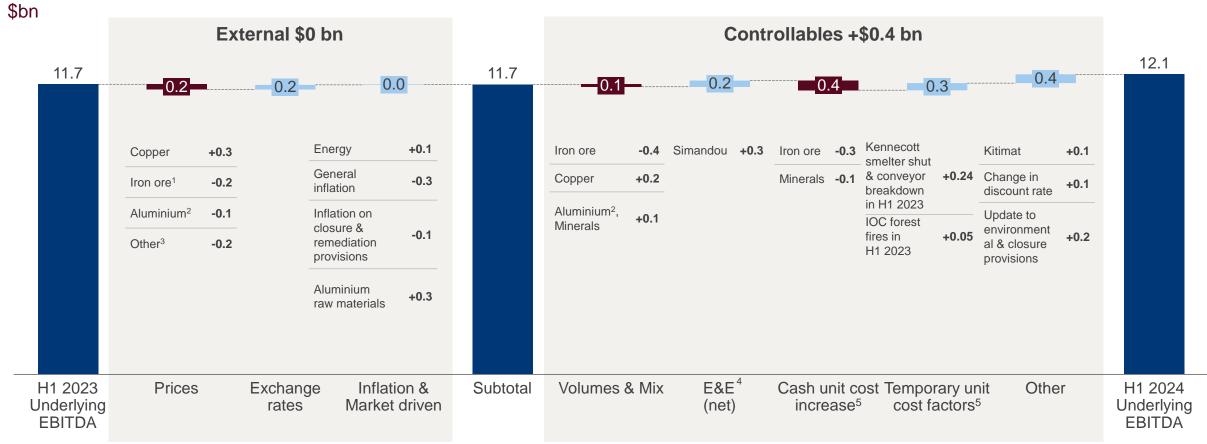


- Aluminium price rallied in Q2 amid higher investor inflows
- Market premiums ex-China rose from January 2024, amid tight supply of remelt units, low inventories and high ocean freight costs
- US scrap discounts narrowed as scrap availability tightened



Stable pricing with active cost management delivering strong EBITDA generation

Underlying EBITDA





Solid cash generation, some impact from working capital

\$bn, except where stated	H1 2024	H1 2023	Comparison
Underlying EBITDA	12.1	11.7	+3%
Tax paid	(2.6)	(2.4)	
Working capital outflow	(0.7)	(0.9)	
EAUs ¹ (EBITDA net of dividends)	(0.8)	(0.8)	
Utilisation of provisions	(0.5)	(0.5)	
Other	(0.4)	(0.1)	
Net cash generated from operating activities	7.1	7.0	+1%
Purchases of PP&E	(4.0)	(3.0)	+34%
Lease principal payments	(0.2)	(0.2)	
Free cash flow ²	2.8	3.8	-25%
Cash conversion ³	58%	60%	-2pp

Working capital outflow of \$0.7bn in H1 2024:

- Draw down of royalties and taxes payable as prices fell in late 2023
- Seasonal movements in amounts due to JV partners and employees

Step-up in capital expenditure in H1 2024:

- Simandou growth capital
- Increased investment in replacement projects

Moving forward with improvement at most assets

	Iron Ore		Aluminium		Copper		Minerals	
\$bn, except where stated	Robust results		Strengthening ou	ır core business	Ramp-up at Oyu underground on to		Lower production challenging mar	
		vs H1 23		vs H1 23		vs H1 23		vs H1 23
Production (mt)	157.4 ¹	-2%	1.7 ²	3%	0.3 ³	+13%	0.54	-16%
Underlying EBITDA	8.8	-10%	1.6	+38%	1.8	+67%	0.7	-%
EBITDA margin⁵	67%	-2рр	27%	+6pp	53%	+10pp	34%	+4pp
Capex	1.3	+15%	0.7	+18%	1.0	+6%	0.3	-11%
Free cash flow	5.0	-11%	0.4	+136%	0.1		(0.0)	
ROCE ⁶	55%	- 8pp	7%	+3pp	7%	+3pp	12%	-1pp
Performance	 Production above average H1 rate, collision in Q2 On-track for 5mt from 2024 Unit cost guidance unchanged, with cost on controlla Advancing next traceplacement mine 	rom SPS e in 2024 continued ble costs anche of	 Continued for fixed costs an margins Progress on continued for fixed costs and fixed costs and fixed costs. 	pported by SPS us on reducing d improving lecarbonisation ZAS renewable ons) rengthen our	 Oyu Tolgoi on 500ktpa from 2 Kennecott sme normal operation rebuild in 2023 geotechnical ri Unit cost guida unchanged, as higher product 	2028 to 2036 ⁷ Elter continuing on following 3, managing sk in the mine ance in 2024 s we benefit from	offline as we TiO ₂ market o IOC production weighted to He seasonal factor Rincon on tra	on expected to be 12 supported by



We are deepening the maturity of SPS at existing sites

SPS deployment

Now at 26 sites

Weipa, Tom Price and Robe Valley achieved best demonstrated throughput rates¹ in H1 2024

SPS case study: Amrun mine³

Asset Management Uplift Program

Reducing scheduled losses

Increasing plant feed rate4

√ 229hr p.a

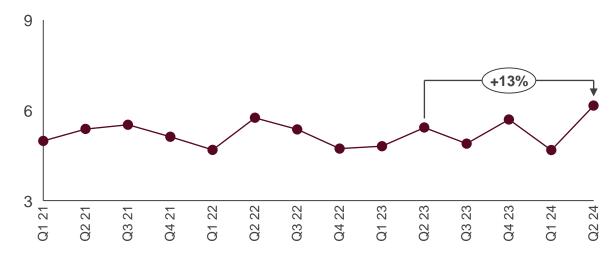
1 9%

Top performers at deployed sites in H1 2024²

		Variability – in monthly s deviation			nt utilisation	
Yarwun	-69%	Robe Valley	-37%	Gudai-Darri plant	+12%	
West Angelas	-49%	Tom Price LG plant ⁵	-31%	Tom Price LG plant ⁵	+7%	

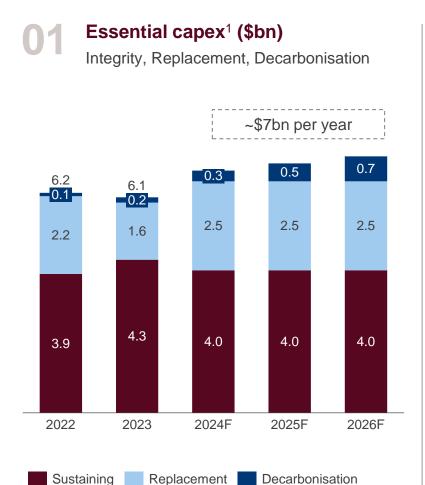
Record Q2 at Amrun, operating above nameplate

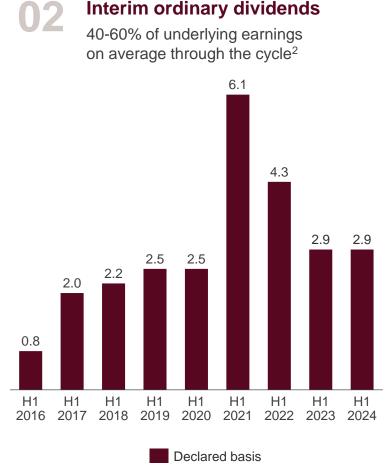
Production, Mt per quarter (dry)

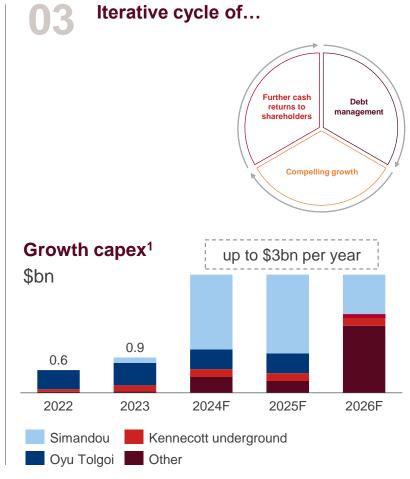




Consistent capital allocation, balancing essential capex with shareholder returns and growth







Simandou high grade iron ore project advancing at pace

Construction progress

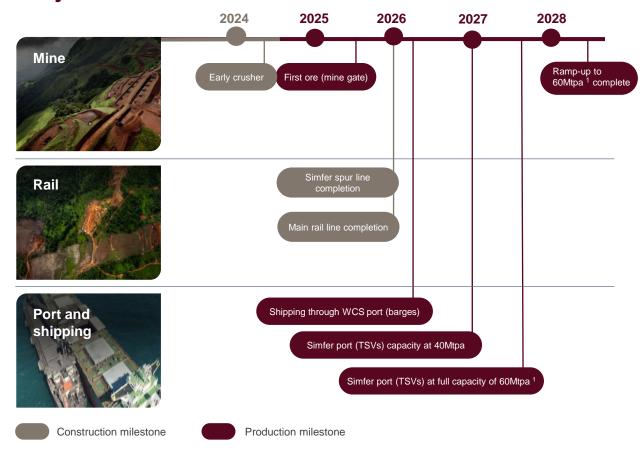








Project milestones





Simandou expenditure summary

	Simfer (\$bn)	Rio Tinto share (\$bn)	Rio Tinto share spent to date (\$bn)
Mine and TSVs, owned and operated by Simfe	er:		
60Mtpa ¹ mine at Simandou South (blocks 3 & 4) to be constructed by Simfer	\$5.1	\$2.7	\$0.6
Co-developed infrastructure, owned and operated by CTG once complete ² :			
Simfer scope Rail: 70km rail-spur from Simfer mine to the mainline, including rolling stock Port: 60Mtpa TSV port	\$3.5	\$1.9	\$0.3
WCS scope Port and rail infrastructure including a 552 km heavy haul rail system ³	\$3.0	\$1.6	-
Total expenditure (nominal terms)	\$11.6	\$6.2	\$0.9

Total \$0.4bn (Rio Tinto share) spent in H1 2024

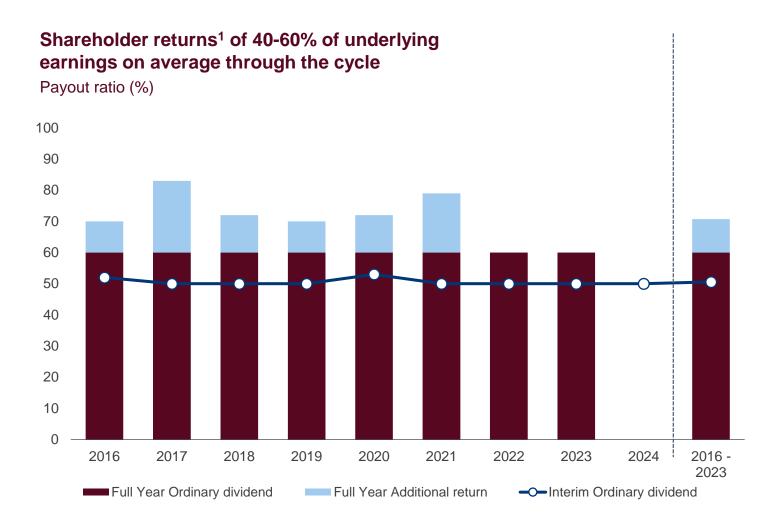
Payments received from our Simfer JV partner CIOH in 2024 include:

- \$0.4bn in June for prior year expenditures
- \$0.6bn in July for capital expenditure to June

\$5.3bn of capital remaining (Rio Tinto share)



Consistent delivery of attractive dividends



\$2.9bn of dividends declared for H1 2024

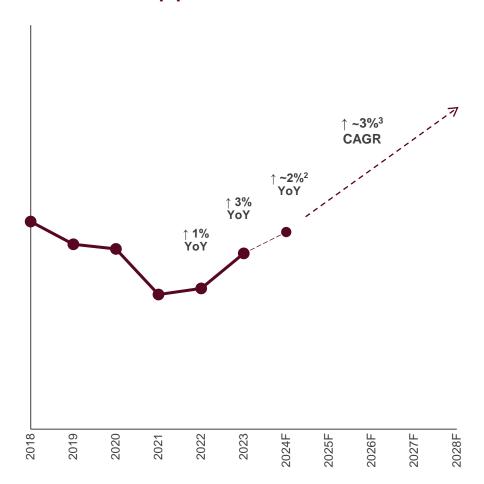
50% payout, in line with our practice and with the intention that the balance between interim and final dividend be weighted to the final

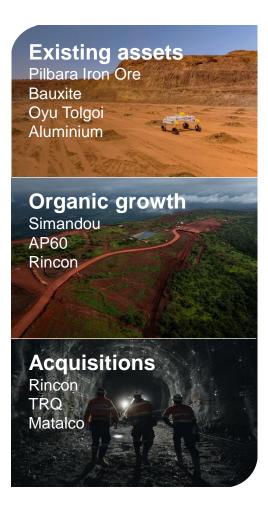
Consistent eight-year track record of shareholder returns



Our growth is accelerating, from value accretive options

Rio Tinto CuEq¹ production





Step-change in production, particularly from our aluminium and copper businesses, while Pilbara Iron Ore remains resilient

We are deepening the maturity of the Safe Production System at existing sites

Pilbara Iron Ore on track for mid-term capacity of 345 to 360Mtpa (100% basis), subject to delivery of next tranche of replacement mines

Ambition to deliver a CuEq production CAGR of around 3% from 2024 to 2028 from existing operations and projects in execution:

- Oyu Tolgoi ramping up to deliver 500ktpa⁴ of copper production from 2028 to 2036
- Simandou first production of high-grade iron ore is on track for 2025, ramping up to 60Mtpa⁴ (from Blocks 3 and 4)
- · Incremental creep at other operations

Delivering attractive shareholder returns while maintaining a strong balance sheet



Our production is at an inflection point

We have stabilised our Pilbara operations and we are now seeing growth across our business



Bauxite production up 10%1

SPS embedded and delivering

Entered recycling with Matalco



Conveyor to surface 97% complete

Works to be finalised in 2025 with delivery of concentrator conversion and primary crusher 2



First production from **Rincon starter plant** expected by end-2024, with feasibility study for full-scale plant expected to complete in Q3 2024

Jadar has potential as a world-class lithium-borates asset

We are targeting value accretive decarbonisation¹

On track to meet industry-leading 2030 targets

Repowering our assets to transition to a sustainable future



2.2GW PPAs for BoyneBringing online new renewables equivalent to 10% of Queensland's power demand



Pilbara renewables
Progressing solar projects with Ngarluma
(80MW) and Yindjibarndi (75MW)



NZAS future secured
20-year low carbon arrangements supporting local grid and new wind development



140MW Khangela Emoyeni wind farm Second major PPA for RBM operation in South Africa

Developing industry breakthroughs



BlueSmelting™ demonstration
One year of safe operations validating in-house technology to reduce furnace emissions



Battery electric truck pilots
Rio Tinto – BHP industry collaboration



Nuton™ technology

Developing our path to deployment with nine partnerships in four countries



Hydrogen calcination pilotConstruction is underway at Yarwun for this world first technology

Partnering to invest in value chain decarbonisation



ELYSIS™ \$285m to progress carbon free aluminium demonstration plant



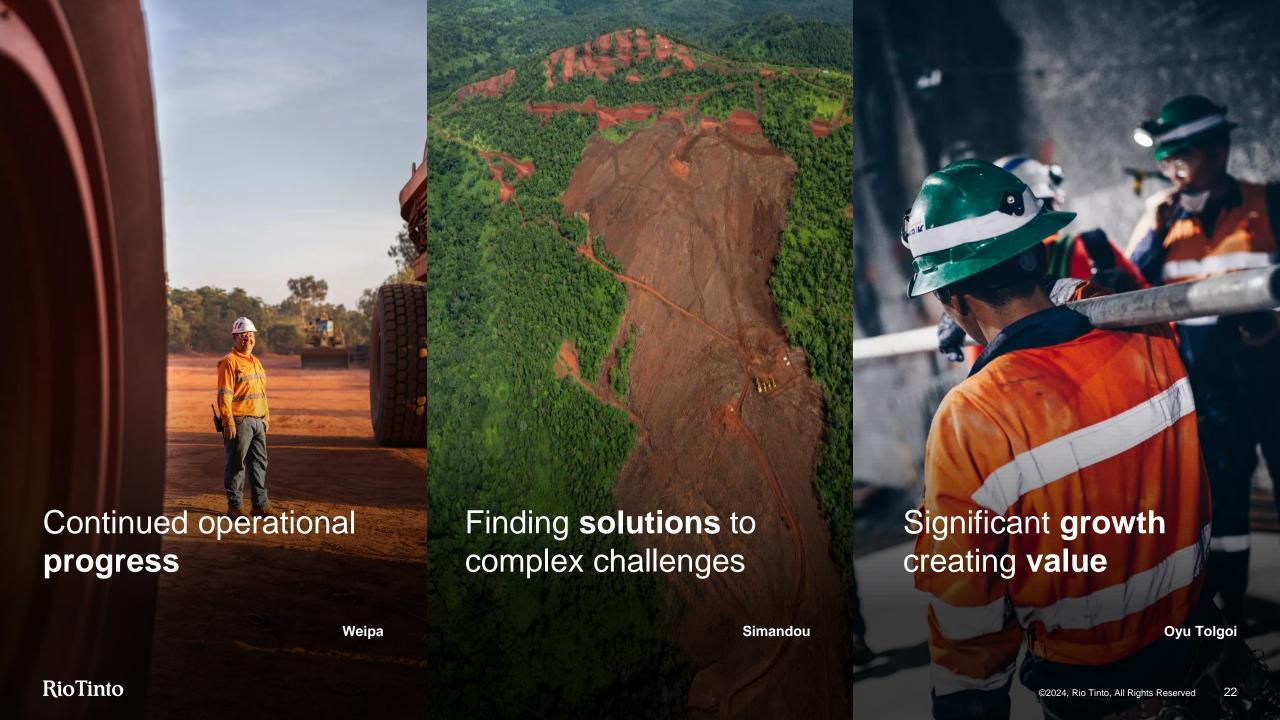
BioIron™ R&D facility \$143m pilot in low carbon steelmaking technology in Western Australia



Electric Smelting Furnace Pilot
Rio Tinto - BlueScope - BHP steelmaking
partnership



Investing in low-carbon technologyInvestments with Highview Power and Evok



RioTinto

Other financials



Balance sheet remains strong

Disciplined approach is unchanged, we intend to maintain it throughout the cycle

Balance sheet strength is an asset. Offers resilience and creates optionality

Principles-based approach to anchor balance sheet around a single A credit rating

- Moody's: A1 (stable), S&P: A (stable)
- No net debt target

Our financial strength allows us to simultaneously:

- · Invest with discipline for growth and decarbonisation (up to \$10bn per year in total capex depending on opportunities)
- Continue to pay attractive dividends in line with our policy (consistent eight-year track record)

\$bn	June 2024	Dec 2023	
Net cash generated from operating activities	7.1	15.2 ²	
Share of capital investment	3.71	7.12	
Dividend paid in period	4.1	6.5 ²	
Net debt	(5.1)	(4.2)	
Cash and liquid resources	9.7	10.5	
Revolving credit facility (5-year maturity)	7.5	7.5	
Net debt (cash)/Underlying EBITDA	0.21x	0.18x	
Gearing	8%	7%	
Weighted average debt maturity	11 yrs	12 yrs	

Simplified earnings by Business Unit for H1 2024

	Atlantic Aluminium	Pacific Aluminium	Copper	Pilbara
Sales volume	1,125kt	530kt	361kt ⁵	136.2Mt ⁸
Average benchmark price	\$2,358/t	\$2,358/t	412c/lb ⁶	\$106.1/dmt ⁹
Premiums, provisional pricing, by-product sales, product mix, other	\$466/t ²	\$216/t ²	85c/lb	\$(0.3)/dmt
Revenue per unit	\$2,824/t ³	\$2,592/t ³	497c/lb	\$105.8/dmt
Unit cost ¹	\$1,655/t ⁴	\$1,973/t ⁴	211c/lb8	\$23.2/t
Other costs per unit	\$460/t	\$257/t	23c/lb	\$17.6/t ¹⁰
Margin per unit	\$710/t	\$344/t	263c/lb	\$65/t
Total EBITDA (\$m)	811 ¹¹	182	2,093	8,856



Iron Ore

Financial metrics (\$bn)	H1 2024	H1 2023 comparison	2024 guidance	Shipments ³ (Mt, 100% basis)	2024 guidance	H1 2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Segmental revenue	15.2	-3%		Pilbara Blend		91.3	201.5	203.9	202.9	232.7	228.1
EBITDA	8.8	-10%		- Ilbara Diona		01.0	201.0	200.0	202.0	202.1	220.1
Margin (FOB) ³	67%	- 2pp		Robe Valley		16.2	29.3	25.5	25.2	30.3	27.4
Operating cash flow	6.3	-7%									
Capex	1.3	+15%	Sustaining ~\$1.8 ⁴	Yandicoogina		23.6	53.5	56.9	56.9	57.7	57.1
Free cash flow	5.0	-11%									
Underlying ROCE	55%	-8pp		SP10		27.2	47.5	35.4	36.6	9.9	14.8
Average realised price ^{1,3} (\$/t)	105.8	-1%									
Unit cost ^{2,3} (\$/t)	23.2	9%	21.75 - 23.5	Total	323 – 338	158.3	331.8	321.6	321.6	330.6	327.4



Aluminium

Financial metrics (\$bn)	H1 2024	H1 2023 comparison
Segmental revenue	6.5	4%
EBITDA	1.6	38%
Margin (integrated operations)	27%	6рр
Operating cash flow	1.1	43%
Capex (excl. EAUs)	0.7	18%
Free cash flow	0.4	136%
Underlying ROCE	7%	Зрр
Aluminium realised price ¹	2,746	-4%
Average alumina price ²	400	14%

Production (Mt, Rio Tinto share)	2024 guidance	H1 2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Bauxite	53 – 56*	28.1	54.6	54.6	54.3	56.1	55.1
Alumina	7.0 – 7.3	3.5	7.5	7.5	7.9	8.0	7.7
Aluminium	3.2 – 3.4	1.7	3.3	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.2

^{*} Around the top end



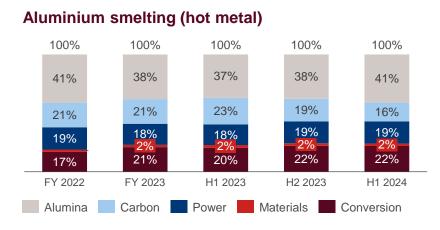
Composition of alumina and aluminium production costs

Production cash costs Alumina refining 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 13% 13% 12% 14% 13% 17% 20% 22% 24% 23% 32% 31% 31% 31% 31% 36% 39% 32% 34% 32% FY 2022 FY 2023 H1 2023 H2 2023 H1 2024 Energy Caustic Bauxite Conversion

Input Costs (Index price)	H1 2023	H2 2023	H1 2024	Inventory Flow ³	FY24 Annual Cost Sensitivity
Caustic Soda¹ (\$/t)	424	369	376	3 – 4 months	\$11m per \$10/t
Natural Gas ² (\$/mmbtu)	2.54	2.79	2.21	0 - 1 month	\$4m per \$0.10/GJ
Brent Oil (\$/bbl)	79.7	85.5	84	N/A	\$2m per \$10/barrel

^{1.} North East Asia FOB

^{3.} Based on quarterly standard costing (moving average)



Input Costs (Index price)	H1 2023	H2 2023	H1 2024	Inventory Flow ³	FY24 Annual Cost Sensitivity
Alumina ⁴ (\$/t)	352	335	400	1 - 2 months	\$65m per \$10/t
Petroleum Coke ⁵ (\$/t)	631	491	394	2 - 3 months	\$11m per \$10/t
Coal Tar Pitch ⁶ (\$/t)	1,386	1,130	958	1 - 2 months	\$3m per \$10/t

^{4.} Australia (FOB)



^{2.}Henry Hub

^{5.} US Gulf (FOB)

^{6.} North America (FOB)

Copper

Financial metrics (\$bn)	H1 2024	H1 2023 comparison	2024 guidance
Segmental revenue	4.4	26%	
EBITDA	1.8	67%	
Margin (integrated operations)	53%	10pp	
Operating cash flow	1.1	169%	
Capex (excl. EAUs)	1.0	6%	
Free cash flow	0.1		
Underlying ROCE ¹	7%	Зрр	
Copper realised price (c/lb) ²	419	6%	
Unit cost (c/lb) ³	147	-20%	140 – 160

Production (Mt, Rio Tinto share)	2024 guidance	H1 2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Mined copper (consolidated basis) ⁴	660 – 720*	327	620	607	602	627	675
Refined copper	230 – 260	125	175	209	202	155	260

^{*} Around the bottom end



¹Underlying ROCE is defined as underlying earnings (product group operations) excluding net interest divided by average capital employed | ²Average realised price for all units sold. Realised price does not include the impact of the provisional pricing adjustments, which positively impacted revenues in H1 2024 by \$93m (2023 first half negative impact of \$10m) | ³Unit costs for Kennecott, Oyu Tolgoi and Escondida utilises the C1 unit cost calculation where Rio Tinto has chosen Adjusted Operating Costs as the appropriate cost definition. C1 costs are direct costs incurred in mining and processing, plus site G&A, freight and realisation and selling costs. Any by-product revenue is credited against costs at this stage | ⁴2024 mined copper guidance and prior periods production includes Oyu Tolgoi on a 100% consolidated basis and continues to reflect our 30% share of Escondida

Minerals

Financial metrics (\$bn)	H1 2024	H1 2023 comparison
Segmental revenue	2.7	-5%
EBITDA	0.7	-
Margin (product group operations)	34%	4 pp
Operating cash flow	0.3	200%
Capex	0.3	-11%
Free cash flow	(0.0)	
Underlying ROCE ¹	12%	-1 pp

Production (Rio Tinto share)	2024 guidance	H1 2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
IOC (Mt)	9.8 – 11.5	4.8	9.7	10.3	9.7	10.4	10.5
Borates – B ₂ O ₃ content (kt)	~0.5Mt	246	495	532	488	480	520
Titanium dioxide slag (kt)	0.9 – 1.1Mt	492	1,111	1,200	1,014	1,120	1,206



Modelling EBITDA

Underlying EBITDA sensitivity

	Average published price/ exchange rate for H1 2024	US\$m impact on full year 2024 underlying EBITDA of a 10% change in prices/exchange rates
Aluminium - US\$ per tonne	2,358	1,212
Copper - US cents per pound	412	627
Gold - US\$ per troy ounce	2,203	74
Iron ore realised price (FOB basis) - US\$ per dry metric tonne	105.8	2,662
Australian dollar against the US dollar	0.66	752
Canadian dollar against the US dollar	0.74	320
Oil (Brent) - US per barrel	84	183



Simandou expenditure summary

H1 2024 Actuals

	\$m	
Cash capital expenditure, 100% Simfer basis (page 59 of HY24 press release)	(742)	
Operating assets as of December 2023 (page 59 of HY24 press release)	738	
Cash capital expenditure (PP&E)	742	Simfer (100%) capital expenditure incurred 30 June 2024
Cash calls paid by CIOH (page 31 of HY24 press release)	(411)	Relating to CIOH payment of its share of
Other (working capital, non-controlling interest etc.)	123	cash expenditures until the end of 2023 for the Simandou project on 28 June
Operating assets as of 30 June 2024 (page 60 of HY24 press release)	1,192	Relating to changes in working capital, non controlling interest and other balances

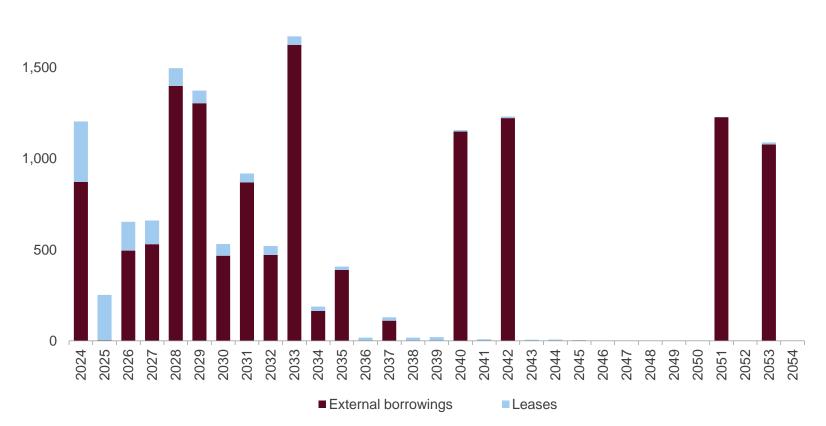


Debt maturity profile

At 30 June 2024¹

\$m

2,000



€417m bond with 2.875% coupon matures in December 2024

No further corporate bond maturities until 2028

At 30 June weighted average outstanding debt maturity of corporate bonds ~15 years (~11 years for Group debt)

Liquidity remains strong under stress tests

\$7.5bn back-stop Revolving Credit Facility matures in November 2028

Guidance

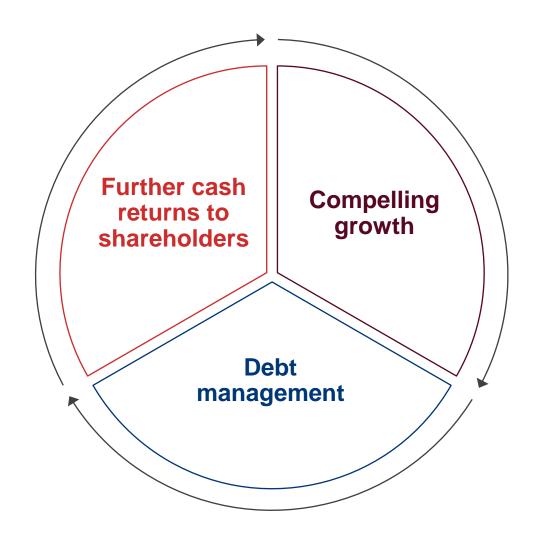


Balancing near-term returns to shareholders

Essential capex
Integrity, Replacement, Decarbonisation

Ordinary dividends

3 Iterative cycle of



Group level financial guidance

	2024	2025	2026
Share of capital investment			
Total Group	Up to \$10bn	Up to \$10bn	Up to \$10bn
Group Growth Capex	Up to \$3bn	Up to \$3bn	Up to \$3bn
Group Sustaining Capex	~\$4bn	~\$4bn	~\$4bn
Pilbara Sustaining Capex	~\$1.8bn ^{1,2}	~\$1.8bn ^{1,2}	~\$1.8bn ^{1,2}

• Replacement capital of \$2-3bn per year

Effective tax rate	~30%
Returns	Total returns of 40 – 60% of underlying earnings through the cycle

Product group level guidance

	2024
Production	Guidance

Pilbara iron ore shipments	323 – 338Mt¹ (100% basis)
Copper Mined Copper (consolidated basis) ² Refined Copper	660 – 720kt ³ 230 – 260kt
Aluminium Bauxite Alumina Aluminium	$53 - 56Mt^4$ 7.0 - 7.3Mt 3.2 - 3.4Mt
Minerals $\label{eq:TiO2} \begin{tabular}{l} TiO_2 \\ IOC \ pellets \ and \ concentrate^5 \\ B_2O_3 \end{tabular}$	0.9 – 1.1Mt 9.8 – 11.5Mt ~0.5Mt

	Unit cost guidance
Pilbara Iron ore (\$/tonne) ⁶	\$21.75 – \$23.5



Copper C1 (US cents/lb)

2024

Common acronyms

\$	United States dollar	FOB	Free On Board	Pa	Per annum
€	Euro	FY	Full Year	QAL	Queensland Alumina Limited
AIFR	All Injury Frequency Rate	G&A	General and Administrative	R&D	Research and Development
Al	Aluminium	GJ	Gigajoules	RC	Refining charge
B ₂ O ₃	Boric oxide	GDI	Gudai-Darri	RHS	Right hand side
bbl	One barrel	IOC	Iron Ore Company of Canada	ROCE	Return on capital employed
Al	Aluminium	JV	Joint Venture	RT	Rio Tinto
bn	Billion	km	Kilometre	RTK	Rio Tinto Kennecott
c/lb	US cents per pound	Kt	Thousand tonnes	RT Share	Rio Tinto share
Capex	Capital expenditure	Ktpa	Thousand tonnes per annum	S&P	Standard & Poor's
CFR	Cost and freight	KUC	Kennecott Utah Copper	SPS	Safe Production System
СІОН	Chinalco Iron Ore Holdings Consortium	LG	Low Grade	Т	Tonne
Cps	Cents per share	LME	London Metal Exchange	тс	Treatment charge
CSP	Communities and Social Performance	M	Millions	TiO ₂	Titanium dioxide
CTG	Compagnie du TransGuinéen	Mmbtu	One million British thermal units	TP	Tom Price
Cu	Copper	Mt	Million tonnes	TSV	Transhipment vessel
CuEq	Copper equivalent	Mtpa	Million tonnes per annum	US	United States
dmt	Dry Metric Tonne	MW	Megawatt	USD	United States dollar
dmtu	Dry Metric Tonne Unit	MWh	Megawatt hour	VAP	Value-added product
E&E	Exploration and Evaluation	MWP	Midwest premium	wcs	Winning Consortium Simandou
EAU	Equity accounted unit	NPV	Net present value	Wmt	Wet metric tonne
EBITDA	Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortisation	NZAS	New Zealand's Aluminium Smelter	YoY	Year on Year
ESG	Environmental, Social, and Governance	ОТ	Oyu Tolgoi		



RioTinto