



Licensing Webinar - Japan

January 2025

Developing new therapies to treat inflammatory causes of kidney disease with unmet clinical needs



### Forward looking statements

This presentation includes forward-looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Such statements involve known and unknown risks and important factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of Dimerix to be materially different from the statements in this presentation.

Actual results could differ materially depending on factors such as the availability of resources, the results of clinical studies, the timing and effects of regulatory actions, the strength of competition, the outcome of legal proceedings and the effectiveness of patent protection.



Overview Phase 3 Global Opportunity



 DMX-200 is currently in a Phase 3 clinical trial for focal segmental glomerulosclerosis (FSGS)

• DMX-200 has orphan drug designation in key territories

#### **FSGS** Indication

- FSGS is a rare disease that causes scar tissue of kidneys, which leads to irreversible kidney damage<sup>1</sup>
- FSGS kidney damage can lead to dialysis, kidney transplants or death<sup>1</sup>
- There are currently no approved treatments available to treat FSGS

#### Commercial and Technical Validation

- Three commercial licensing deals achieved:
  - > ~\$458m in total upfront & potential milestone payments + royalties<sup>2</sup>
- Successful Phase 3 interim analysis: Analysis showed DMX-200 had performed better than placebo in reducing proteinuria<sup>3</sup>





### Focal Segmental Glomerulosclerosis (FSGS)

#### What is FSGS?

Focal = some

Segmental = sections

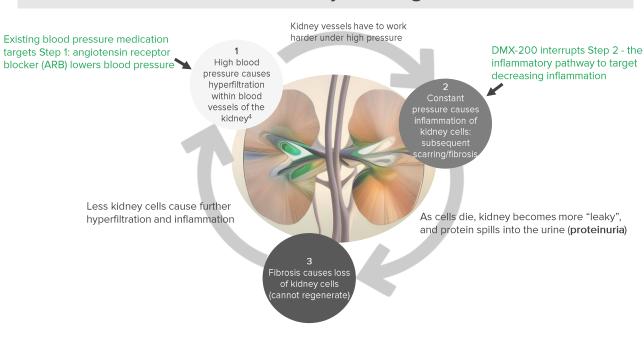
Glomerulo = of the kidney filtering units

Sclerosis = are scarred

#### How do you measure kidney function?

- Historically, measured using "hard" endpoints for kidney disease (kidney failure) -which may not be reached for decades<sup>1</sup>
- Regulatory agencies and national bodies now consider estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) and proteinuria decline as surrogate end points for kidney failure in certain conditions<sup>2</sup>

#### FSGS Kidney Damage<sup>3</sup>



Approximately 1,400 patients received treatment specifically for FSGS in Japan in 2023<sup>5</sup>



# FUSO Pharmaceutical Industries, Ltd.

Fuso brings a wealth of experience in pharmaceutical development, sales and marketing across Japan

Specialty pharmaceutical company in the field of dialysis and renal/urology

Developed Japan's first dialysis fluid, strong contribution to development of dialysis treatment





As a pioneer in dialysis products, Fuso plans to continue to improve patients' lives by developing patient-friendly renal products



### "Supporting Life, Nurturing Life"



# Dimerix/ FUSO: strategic partners in kidney disease

"We, FUSO, are greatly honoured to be involved in the development of a new drug for FSGS, as there are currently no approved drugs for the treatment of FSGS. It is a truly valuable opportunity for us to partner with Dimerix, and we will work together with Dimerix to do our best to quickly deliver safe and effective new drugs to patients suffering from FSGS."

Mikio Toda, President and Representative Director, FUSO Pharmaceutical Industries, Ltd.

"We are delighted to partner with FUSO for the commercialisation of DMX-200 in Japan. This partnership reflects a confidence not only in the significant potential for DMX-200 in FSGS patients but also in Dimerix' capabilities in the development of DMX-200. FUSO's expertise and resources will be invaluable in supporting Dimerix to advance our shared goal of developing and commercialising DMX-200 and bringing hope to those patients desperately in need of treatment options."

Dr Nina Webster, CEO & Managing Director, Dimerix



# Key elements of FUSO partnership

FUSO acquires exclusive license to commercialise DMX-200 for FSGS in Japan

Dimerix to receive up to ¥10.5 billion (~AU\$107 million\*) million in upfront and milestone payments, plus royalties

- ¥300 million (~AU\$3.1 million\*) within 40 days of signing
- ¥400 million (~AU\$4.1 million\*) first development milestone due on first clinical site initiation in Japan, anticipated Q1 2025
- up to ¥3 billion (~AU\$30.6 million\*) in further potential development milestones
- up to ¥6.8 billion ("AU\$69.4 million\*) in potential sales milestones
- 15-20% royalties on net sales

FUSO will be responsible for all costs in Japan, including site identification, contracting and initiation; patient recruitment; site management; investigator costs; any further non-clinical studies (if required)

Dimerix will continue to fund and execute the global ACTION3 Phase 3 study for DMX-200 in FSGS patients outside of Japan

FUSO will be responsible for submission and maintenance of the regulatory dossier in the licensed territories, as well as all sales and costs of marketing activities

Dimerix retains all rights to DMX-200 in all other unlicensed territories



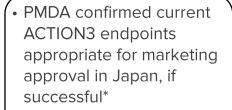
### PMDA regulatory approval received for DMX-200

 Japanese Pharmaceutical and Medical Device
 Agency (PMDA) approved
 ACTION3 clinical trial with no further pre-requisite studies\*





 Fuso to open clinical sites in Japan to support recruitment of ACTION3 clinical trial



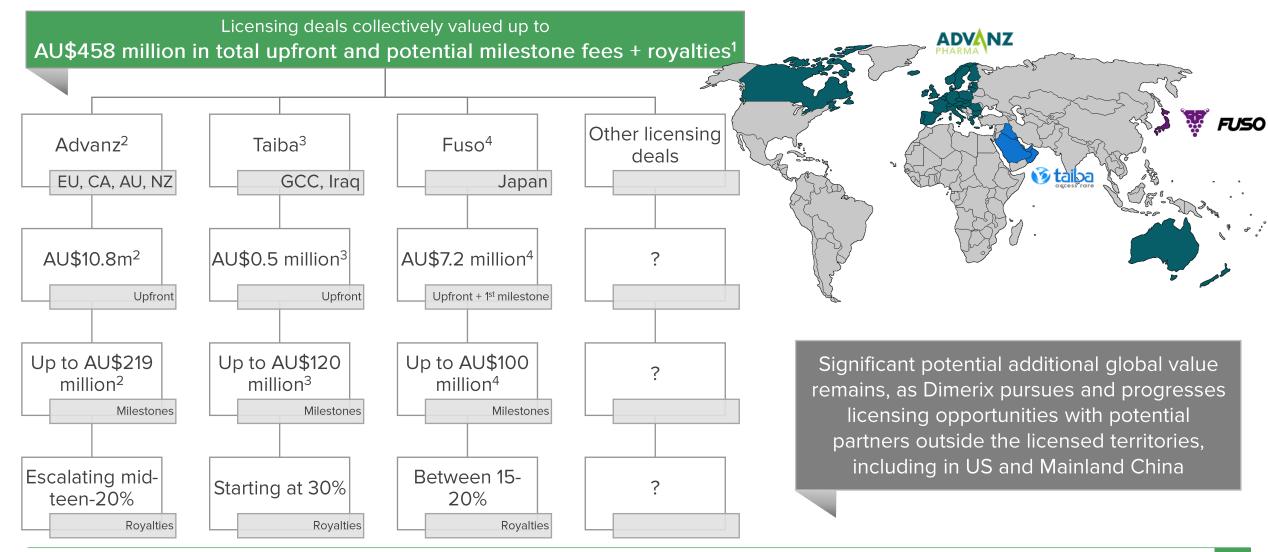




 Approximately 20 patients to be recruited to support potential marketing approval in Japan\*



### Summary of licensing deals







# PHASE 3 CLINICAL TRIAL







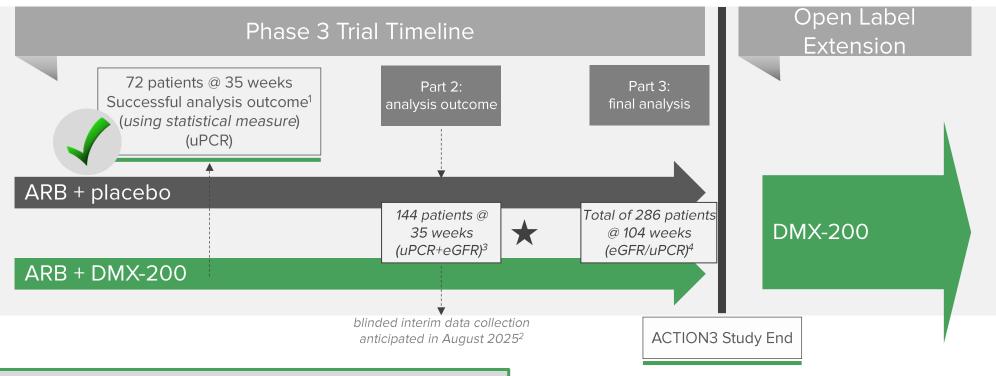
# ACTION3 Phase 3 clinical trial – next steps



A randomised, double-blind, multi-centre, placebo-controlled study of renal outcomes of DMX-200 in patients with FSGS receiving an ARB

#### Background

- Patients recruited, then screened and stabilised on background medications
- · Patients randomised to receive drug or placebo
- DXB remains blinded at all times during study



- 144 patients recruited, randomised and dosed in December 2024<sup>2</sup>
- Recruit, randomise and dose total of 286 patients anticipated in Q3 2025<sup>2</sup>



Potential to submit for conditional marketing approval <sup>3</sup>



### ACTION3 Current and planned clinical sites FSGS CLINICAL STUDY

A randomised, double-blind, multi-centre, placebo-controlled study of renal outcomes of DMX-200 in patients with FSGS receiving an ARB





Australia, New Zealand

Mainland China

Japan

Türkiye

USA, Mexico Argentina, Brazil

Taiwan, Hong Kong, Malaysia, Thailand

### Corporate overview

Ticker Symbol	ASX: DXB
Cash Balance (Sep24)*	\$19.2 million
Market Capitalisation <sup>2</sup>	~A\$201 million
Share price <sup>1</sup>	~A\$0.36
Total ordinary shares on issue <sup>2</sup>	557,866,917
Average Daily Liquidity by value for past 30 trading days <sup>2</sup>	~A\$671,000



SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS <sup>3</sup>			
Position	Holder Name	Holding	% IC
1	Mr P Meurs	75,304,506	13.6%
TOTAL (TO	P 5) Shareholders	128,860,138	22.8%

#### \*Cash balance does not include:

- \$7.9 million FY24 R&D tax incentive rebate received 15 November 2024
- ~\$3.1 million upfront fee from Fuso development & licensing agreement, payable within 40 days of agreement execution
- ~\$4.1 million payment on 1st clinical site opening in Japan from Fuso licensing agreement anticipated first quarter 2025
- ~\$6.5 million Anticipated conversion of 42,446,923 DXB options exercisable at 15.4c per share (expire 30June2025)



Summary | Phase 3 Global Opportunity



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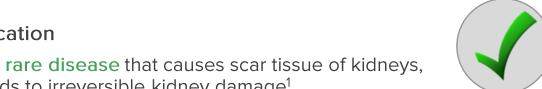
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A biopharmaceutical company developing innovative new therapies in areas with unmet medical needs, with a core focus on inflammatory kidney diseases.



# WELL POSITIONED TO DELIVER AGAINST STRATEGIC PLAN

#### ESG Statement

Dimerix is committed to integrating Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) considerations across the development cycle of its programs, processes and decision making. The Dimerix commitment to improve its ESG performance demonstrate a strong, well-informed management attitude and a values led culture that is both alert and responsive to the challenges and opportunities of doing business responsibly and sustainably.



Victoria, Australia

T. 1300 813 321

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### Dimerix board



Mark Diamond BSc. MBA Non-Executive Chairman

Previous experience:





- Senior pharmaceutical executive with a demonstrated record of achievement and leadership over more than 30 years within the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries
- Significant accomplishments in capital raising initiatives, pipeline development and licensing
  - √ BSc Chemistry
  - √ MBA Business



Nina Webster PhD, MBA, M.IP.Law CEO & Managing Director

Previous experience:





#### IMMUr@n

- Experienced in product development, commercial strategy development & execution
- Successfully commercialized pharmaceutical products globally
  - √ BSc (Hons) Pharmacology
  - √ PhD Pharmaceutics
  - √ MBA Business
  - ✓ M.IP.Law Intellectual Property Law



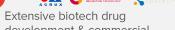
**Hugh Alsop** BSc (Hons), MBA Non-Executive Director

Previous experience:









- development & commercial manufacturing experience
- Responsible for successful global commercialization programs & NDA registrations
  - √ BSc (Hons) Chemistry
  - √ MBA Business



Sonia Poli PhD Non-Executive Director

Previous experience:









- Experienced executive in pharmaceutical operations
- Background in small molecules development and analytical development
  - √ BSc (Hons) Chemistry
  - ✓ PhD Industrial Chemistry



Clinton Snow BEng (Hons), BCom Non-Executive Director

Previous experience:





- ~20 years experience as a leader with a focus in management, project delivery, risk management, & assurance
- Provides advisory services to a family office with multiple Australian biotech investments
  - ✓ BEng (Hons) Chemical Engineering
  - √ BCom Commerce



### Dimerix management



Nina Webster PhD, MBA, M.IP.Law CEO & Managing Director

Previous experience:





**IMMUron** 

- Experienced in product development, commercial strategy development & execution
- Successfully commercialised multiple pharmaceutical products
  - √ BSc (Hons) Pharmacology
  - √ PhD Pharmaceutics
  - √ MBA Business
  - ✓ M.IP.Law Intellectual Property Law



Hamish George Bcom, CA, GIA (Cert) CFO & Company Secretary

Previous experience:







- Experienced CFO & Co.Sec
- Expertise in Corporate Governance, financial reporting, cash flow management, taxation (including R&D Tax Incentive) & budgeting/forecasting
  - √ Bcomm Commerce
  - √ G.Dip. Financial Planning
  - ✓ M.Acc. Accounting
  - √ GIA(Cert)
  - √ Chartered Accountant



**David Fuller** B. Pharm (Hons), MBBS CMO

#### Previous experience:







- 35 years international experience in drug development, commercialization and corporate leadership
- Planning, Financing, Pre-clinical, Clinical Development, Regulatory Approval, Product Launch, Pharmacovigilance, and Medical Affairs
  - √ B.Pharm (Hons) Pharmacy
  - ✓ MBBS Medicine and Surgery



**Robert Shepherd** PhD, MBA, CCO

#### Previous experience:

Medicines Development

- Experienced pharmaceutical executive in project management, clinical development and research translation
- BD and strategic alliance leader
- Led multidisciplinary R&D&C teams for 13 years
  - √ BSc (Hons) Genetics
  - ✓ PhD Molecular Immunology
  - ✓ MBA Business & Leadership



Bronwyn Pollock BSc (Hons), MBA VP, Product Development

#### Previous experience:









- Experienced pharmaceutical executive in Manufacturing (CMC)
- Successfully developed and submitted multiple dossiers to FDA. EMA. TGA
- Background in project management, technical transfer and product launch
  - ✓ BSc (Hons) Applied Biology
  - √ MBA Business



### Medical Advisory Board





**Professor** 

Alessia Fornoni

MD, PhD, FASN









Professor Hiddo Heerspink PhD

Professor of Clinical Trials and Professor of Medicine & Personalized Medicine: Molecular & Cellular University Medical Center Pharmacology: University of Groningen, the Netherlands. Miami. Chief of the Katz He specializes in the research Family Division of Nephrology of novel treatment and Hypertension. She has an approaches to slow the onset extensive history of of diabetic cardiovascular and translational excellence for renal disease. Hiddo has patients with renal disease been instrumental in and has uncovered novel interactions between industry. pathogenetic mechanisms researchers and regulatory and therapeutic approaches agencies in the validation of for glomerular disorders.

Professor Jonathan Barratt MD, PhD, FRCP

Mayer Professor of Renal Medicine: Department of Cardiovascular Sciences; University of Leicester and Nephrologist. Jonathan is the IgA nephropathy Rare Disease Group lead for the UK National Registry of Rare Kidney Diseases (RaDaR) and a member of the steering committee for the International IgA Nephropathy Network.

Associate Professor Lesley Inker MD, MS, FRCPC

An attending physician and Director of the Kidney and Blood Pressure Center in the Division of Nephrology at Tufts Medical Center. Lesley's major research interest is in the estimation and measurement of glomerular filtration rate (GFR) and in defining alternative endpoints for CKD progression trials based on GFR decline and changes in albuminuria.

Dr Muh Geot Wong

MBBS, PhD, FRCP

Renal Physician and Head of the Renal Clinical trials at the Royal North Shore hospital, Sydney, Australia. Muh Geot's main areas of research are in understanding the mechanisms of kidney fibrosis, biomarkers research, and identifying strategies in delaying progressive kidney disease including glomerular diseases. Professor Howard Trachtman MD, FASN

Graduated from Haverford
College and the University of
Pennsylvania School of
Medicine. He has been a
practicing pediatric
nephrologist for 35 years. Has
been the PI of NIDDK and
industry sponsored clinical
trials in glomerular disease
and am a Co-Investigator in
the NEPTUNE and CureGN
observational cohort studies.

Associate Professor Laura Mariani MD, MSCE

Assistant Professor in the Division of Nephrology at the University of Michigan. Interest in observational studies in glomerular disease, including NEPTUNE and CureGN. Lead on PARASOL program to define FSGS endpoints with by applying statistical methods for clinical outcome definition and prediction of kidney disease progression.



surrogate endpoints for renal

trials.

### Renal disease landscape

"A squeaky wheel waiting for grease: 50 years of kidney disease management in the US"



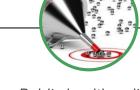
Historical lack of incentives and public policy have contributed to high costs and poor health outcomes for renal patients<sup>1</sup>



2018: workshops and regulatory acceptance of surrogate end points in trials of kidney diseases <sup>2</sup>



2019 changes in US federal policy and rapid adoption of treatment guidelines have contributed to a sea change in the management of renal disease <sup>3</sup>



Public health policy,
legislation and product
innovation have converged
to accelerate change in renal
space today

"More change in the past 24 months than the past 24 years: The rapid evolution of [kidney disease] management"



### Clinical study change: use of surrogate endpoints

A surrogate endpoint is an intermediate outcome which substitutes the hard endpoint for a disease (e.g. kidney failure), which can take much longer to achieve

2022

FDA grants first

accelerated approval drug based on

proteinuria endpoint in

a rare kidney disease,

IgA nephropathy 5

2021

Dimerix starts recruiting patients for global Phase 3 study in FSGS patients using approvable surrogate endpoints 6

FDA publish willingness to consider fixed glomerular filtration rate (GFR) and proteinuria decline as surrogate end points

2019

for kidney failure in

certain conditions 3

demonstrate relationship between proteinuria as a continuous variable and kidney survival in FSGS patients 4 2020

**Publications** 

Kidney Foundation hold scientific workshop on proteinuria & glomerular filtration rate (GFR) as endpoints for clinical studies in "Hard" endpoints for kidnev disease <sup>2</sup> kidney disease (kidney

2018

US FDA, European

EMA, and US National

Pre-2018

failure) may not be

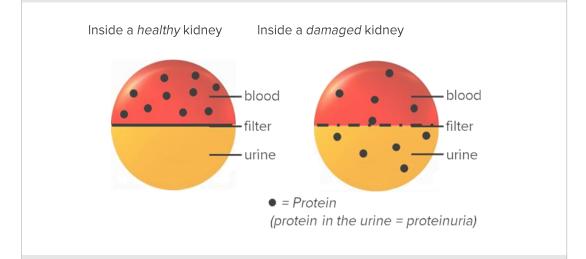
reached for decades 1



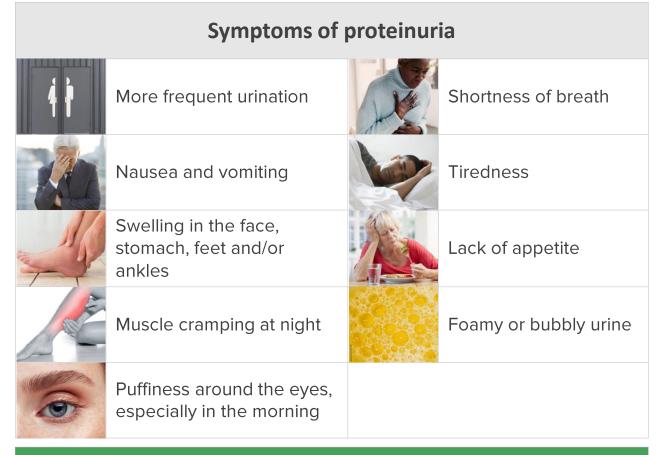
### Significance of decreasing proteinuria: primary endpoint

#### Why are kidneys important?

 A healthy kidney is a good filter and allows little to no protein in the urine<sup>1</sup>



- When kidneys are damaged, protein can leak into the urine causing proteinuria
- Proteinuria represents an important early marker of kidney function<sup>2</sup>

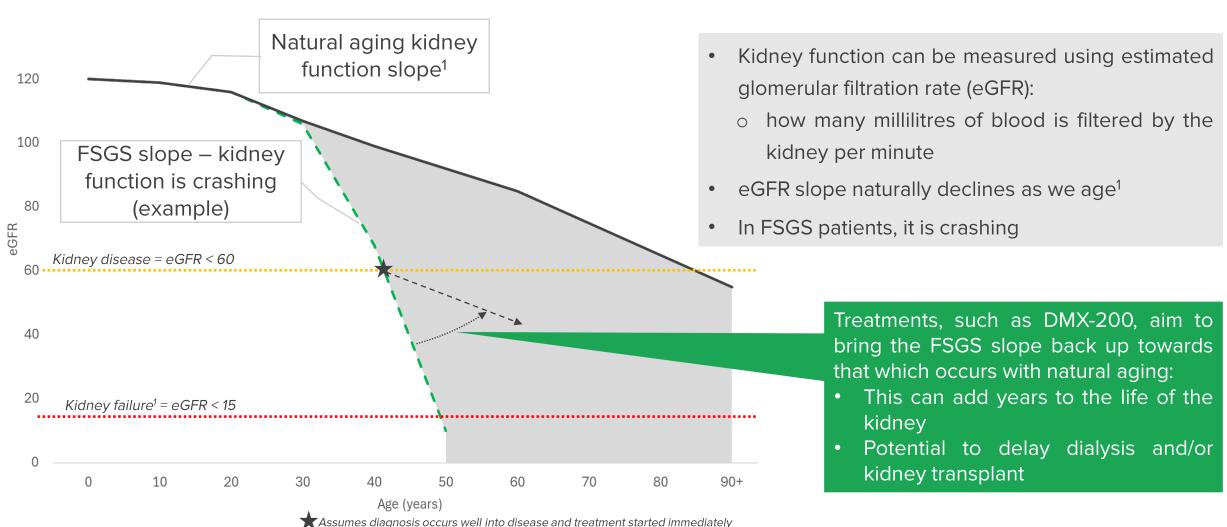


DMX-200 aims to reduce the inflammation of the kidneys:

if DMX-200 reduces inflammation, the amount of proteinuria should decrease



### Significance of stabilising eGFR curve: primary endpoint





### PARASOL: proteinuria as an endpoint for full FDA approval



#### Ongoing progress: PARASOL



- PARASOL was formed in Dec-23 to address the need to validate alternative surrogate endpoints for FSGS, and is a coalition of nonprofit organizations, academia, registries, trials and Sponsors to share data to support analysis<sup>(1)</sup>
- PARASOL confirmed that eGFR slope is a valid endpoint for predicting progression of kidney disease, and ACTION3 is powered based on expected trial variance
- It is recognised FSGS patients see higher proteinuria, even in remission, due to residual scaring of the glomeruli
- PARASOL data demonstrated the strong relationship between a reduction in proteinuria and a reduction in the progression of kidney disease in FSGS patients
- Subject to FDA confirmation, a reduction in proteinuria may also become a validated endpoint for full FDA approval for FSGS



#### **Biological Plausibility**



- ➤ The FDA has emphasised the need for programs wishing to use proteinuria endpoints to be able to justify the biological plausibility (scientific rationale of why or how the drug candidate is having the desired effect) of the drug on the endpoint chosen
- Dimerix has existing preclinical evidence on the preservation effect of DMX-200 on the specialist cells on the kidney the podocytes
- Next steps: agree with FDA appropriate proteinuria endpoints, and potential for accelerated approval, for DMX-200 in the ACTION3 Phase 3 clinical trial
- PARASOL has increased the range of potential endpoints that may best show the treatment effect of DMX-200

#### (3)

#### ACTION3 capturing all proposed endpoint data: eGFR and proteinuria



Proteinuria



eGFR slope

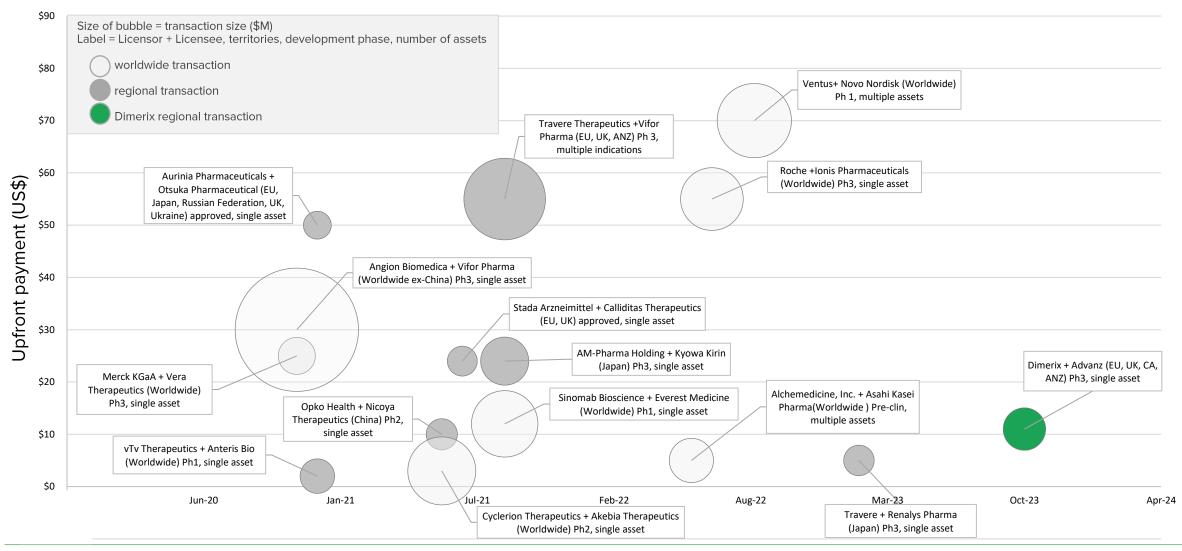


Other endpoints

- Randomised, double blind PCR values over 24 months
- PCR captured across 4-week washout
- PCR measured over additional 24 month open-label period
- Randomised, double blind eGFR values captured over 24 months, including raw values and total eGFR slope
- Classical definitions of complete and partial remission
- PARSOL-informed response endpoints
- Hard-renal endpoints (where available)



### Renal licensing deals details





### Policy change: renal disease healthcare economic burden

#### ~40 million

adults have kidney disease (~15% of the adult population) in the US in 2021 1

### US\$88 billion

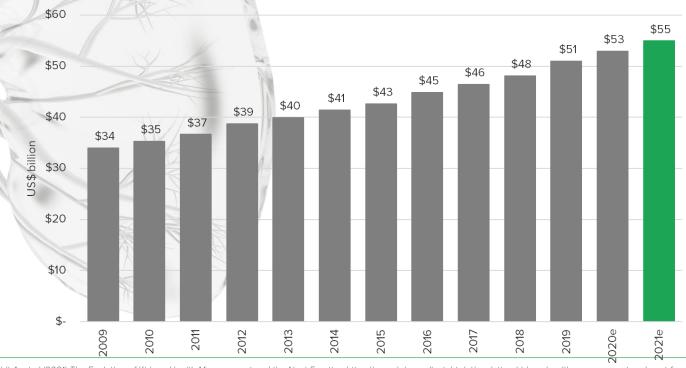
estimated total US Medicare expenses costs/year for renal patients in 2021 1,3

#### 2019

White House executive order issued: incentives for providers to delay patient progression to renal failure <sup>2</sup>

#### Economic cost of kidney failure in the US

Total Medicare expenses per year costs for kidney failure patients (2009-2021E) <sup>3</sup>





### FSGS market

FSGS is the most frequent primary glomerular disease that reaches end-stage renal failure in the US<sup>1</sup> >2,600

New diagnosed cases per year in US<sup>2</sup>

47%

Of all diagnosed FSGS cases globally are in US<sup>3</sup>

0

Drugs specifically approved anywhere in the world



Multi-billion dollar market potential



Strong licensing potential upside



Attractive reimbursement/pricing potential



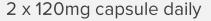
- Example pricing for other rare kidney disease drugs :
  - in the US (i.e. Filspari in IgAN)<sup>4</sup> is US\$9,900 p/month
  - in Europe/UK (i.e. Kinpeygo/Tarpeyo)<sup>5</sup> is **US\$8,267 p/month** (€7,630)



### DMX-200 – working on inflammatory signalling pathway

A CCR2 inhibitor working synergistically alongside the current standard of care (AT1R blocker): G protein-coupled receptor (GPCR)

New Chemical Entity status, with orphan exclusivity (7 years US/10 years EU)<sup>2</sup>; and with granted patents and applications across key countries





Consistently safe and well tolerated in both healthy volunteers and renal patients (more than 200 patients dosed)<sup>3</sup>

4 clinical studies completed to date: positive efficacy signals across studies<sup>3</sup>



Small molecule

Easy & convenient dosing

Strong safety profile<sup>3</sup>

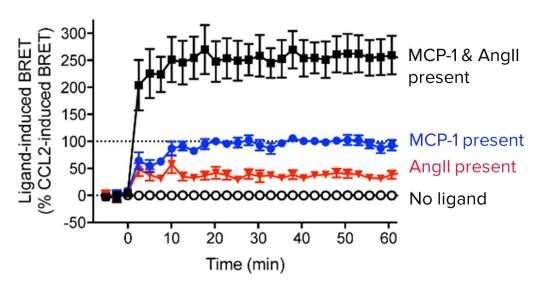
Positive efficacy signals<sup>3</sup>

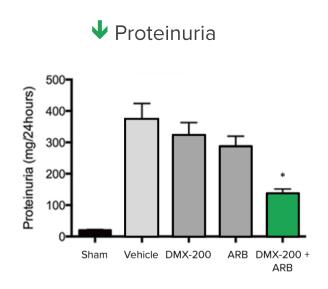


### DMX-200 unique heteromer pharmacology

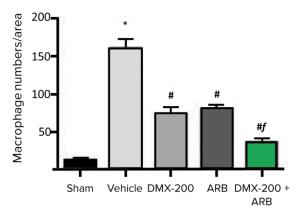
Proprietary discovery platform (Receptor-HIT) identified:

- Formation of AT1R and CCR2 heteromers;
- Novel pharmacology (potentiation of signaling)
- Dual antagonism required for completed inhibition

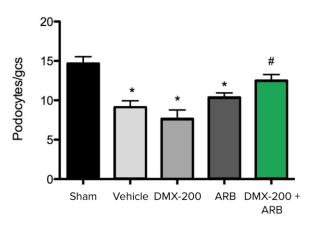








#### Retained podocyte numbers



Proposed non-clinical safety package suitability for NDA confirmed with FDA<sup>1</sup>



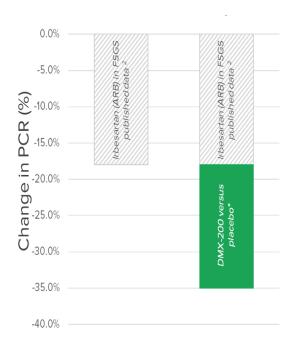
### DMX-200: Phase 2 met primary and secondary endpoints



Clinically meaningful outcomes achieved for patients,<sup>3</sup> with no safety issues



Average reduction of 17% in proteinuria after 16 weeks treatment on DMX-200 versus placebo<sup>1</sup>



"Any reduction in proteinuria could yield years of preserved native kidney function and delay the onset of kidney failure and its attendant morbidity and mortality"

Kidney survival study – Troost et al,

August 2020<sup>3</sup>



#### **EFFICACY**

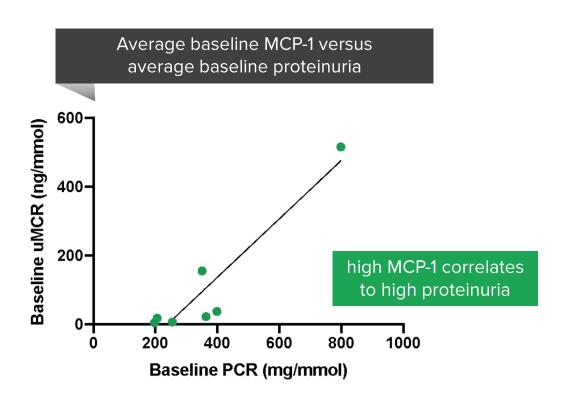
- 86% of patients demonstrated reduced proteinuria
- DMX-200 reduced inflammatory biomarker by 39% vs placebo

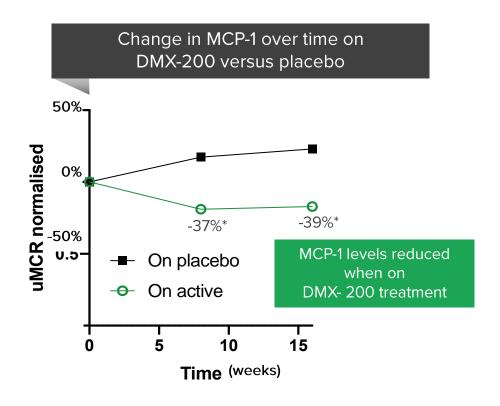


 No safety concerns – reduced development risk



### DMX-200 Phase 2 effect on inflammatory biomarker

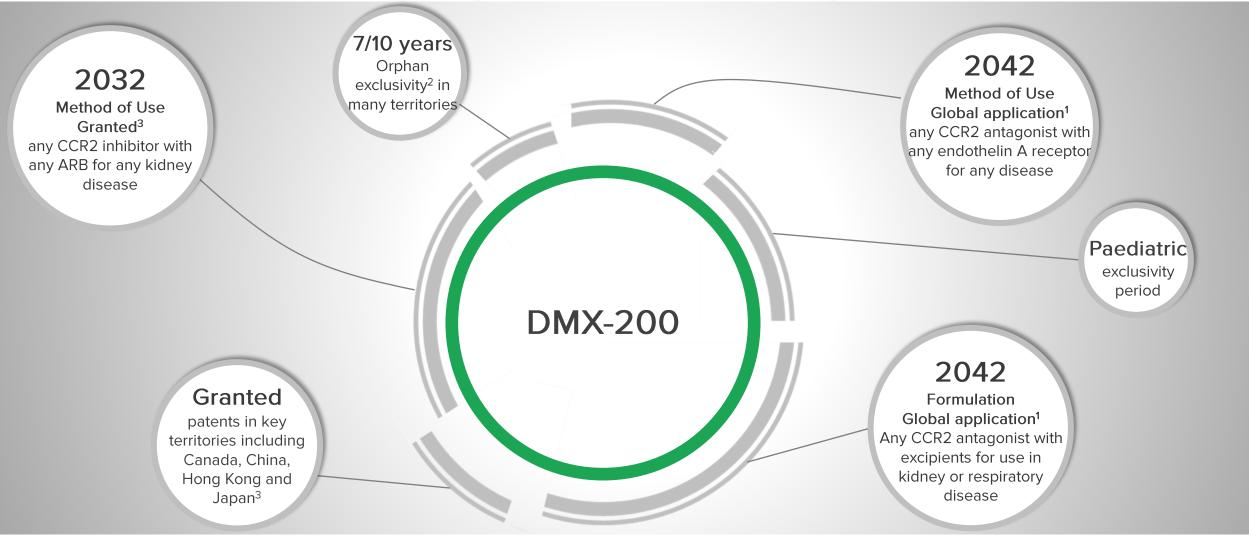




- 16 weeks treatment with DMX-200 vs placebo reduced inflammatory biomarker by 39%:
  - DMX-200 blocks receptor responsible for inflammation
  - Translates to reduced inflammation and subsequent fibrosis (scarring) in the kidney<sup>1</sup>



### Intellectual property and exclusivity



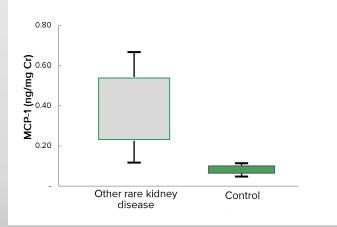


### Advancing the broader pipeline

#### Additional longer term pipeline opportunities diversify risk and potential sources of revenue

### DMX-200 potential label expansion

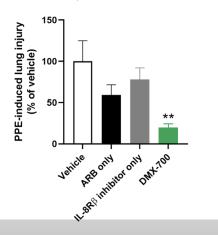
Potential to expand DMX-200 into other rare kidney diseases where inflammation is a key driver of the disease



Phase 2/3 potential

# DMX-700 for respiratory/renal fibrosis

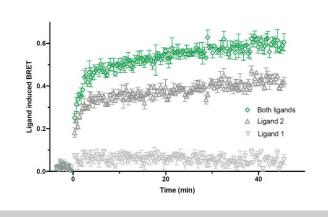
Preclinical studies show that DMX-700 significantly reduced lung injury by 80% (p<0.01) after 21 days treatment<sup>1</sup>



Pre-clinical asset

### **Undisclosed Opportunities**

Commercially attractive pipeline of G Protein-Coupled Receptors (GPCR) targets of inflammatory diseases with an unmet need



Pre-clinical identified opportunities

