

2024 Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity

Vita Life Sciences Ltd

ABN/ARBN

35003190421

Financial year ended:

31 Dec 2024

Our corporate governance statement¹ for the period above can be found at:²

- ☐ These pages of our annual report:
- ☒ This URL on our website: <https://vitalifesciences.com/investor-centre/#corporate-governance>

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 31 December 2024 and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.³

Date: 24 March 2025



Name of authorised officer
authorising lodgement:

Andrew O'Keefe

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: https://vitalifesciences.com/investor-centre/#corporate-governance	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation **in full** for the **whole** of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with “*insert location*” underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert “our corporate governance statement”. If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg “pages 10-12 of our annual report”). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg “www.entityname.com.au/corporate-governance/charters/”).

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations **in full** for the **whole** of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.5	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a diversity policy;</p> <p>(b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and</p> <p>(c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:</p> <p>(1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;</p> <p>(2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and</p> <p>(3) either:</p> <p>(A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or</p> <p>(B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.</p> <p>If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: https://vitalifesciences.com/investor-centre/#corporate-governance</p> <p>and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) at:</p> <p>FY 2024 Corporate Governance Statement</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>
1.6	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and</p> <p>(b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at:</p> <p>FY 2024 Corporate Governance Statement</p> <p>and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p>[insert location]</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.7	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and</p> <p>(b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: FY 2024 Corporate Governance Statement</p> <p>and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: FY 2024 Corporate Governance Statement [insert location]</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>

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PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE			
2.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a nomination committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i></p> <p>and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p> <p><i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i></p> <p>and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed our board skills matrix at:</p> <p>FY 2024 Annual Directors' Report</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors at: FY 2024 Annual Directors' Report and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) at: FY 2024 Annual Directors' Report and the length of service of each director at: FY 2024 Annual Directors' Report	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

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PRINCIPLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our values at: Code of Conduct Policy as located https://vitalifesciences.com/investor-centre/#corporate-governance	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: Code of Conduct Policy as located https://vitalifesciences.com/investor-centre/#corporate-governance	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: Whistleblower Policy as located https://vitalifesciences.com/investor-centre/#corporate-governance	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy as located https://vitalifesciences.com/investor-centre/#corporate-governance	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS			
4.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have an audit committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board,</p> <p>and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i></p> <p>and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p> <p><i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i></p> <p>and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: Shareholder Communication Policy as located at https://vitalifesciences.com/investor-centre/#corporate-governance	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: Shareholder Communication Policy as located at https://vitalifesciences.com/investor-centre/#corporate-governance	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at: Shareholder Communication Policy as located at https://vitalifesciences.com/investor-centre/#corporate-governance	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

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6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
7.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i></p> <p>and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p> <p><i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i></p> <p>and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	<p>The board or a committee of the board should:</p> <p>(a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and</p> <p>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	<input type="checkbox"/> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs at: <i>[insert location]</i> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes at: <i>[insert location]</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	<input type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks at: <i>[insert location]</i> and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks at: <i>[insert location]</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a remuneration committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i></p> <p>and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p> <p><i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i></p> <p>and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at:</p> <p>FY 2024 Annual Directors' Report.</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>
8.3	<p>A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:</p> <p>(a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and</p> <p>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at:</p> <p>FY 2024 Annual Directors' Report</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES			
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	<input type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed information about the processes in place at: [insert location]	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an AGM and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED LISTED ENTITIES			
-	<i>Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities:</i> The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose: (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	<input type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) at: [insert location]	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
-	<p><i>Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities:</i></p> <p>An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>



Corporate Governance Statement



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2024 Corporate Governance Statement

The Corporate Governance Statement (Statement) for Vita Life Sciences Limited (Vita Life Sciences Ltd Group, Group or Company), is accurate as at 24 March 2025.

The policies and practices of the Company are in accordance with the ASX Corporate Governance Council's "Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition)" (ASX Guidelines) unless otherwise stated. Key disclosures as required under the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations are outlined in this report. This statement is also available on our website www.vitalifesciences.com.au

The Directors of Vita Life Sciences Limited are responsible for the corporate governance of the Vita Life Sciences Group ("Group"). The Board guides and monitors the business and affairs of the Group on behalf of the shareholders by whom they are elected and to whom they are accountable. The corporate governance practices are reviewed and updated to reflect market practice and regulations as appropriate.

The Corporate Governance Statement below has been set out using the same headings used in the ASX Guidelines. The Corporate Governance Statement is current at the date of approval and has been approved by the Board.

To assist the Board in fulfilling its duties and responsibilities, it has established the following committees:

- Audit and Risk Committee
- Board Nomination Committee
- Remuneration Committee

PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

BOARD ROLE & RESPONSIBILITIES (PRINCIPLE 1.1)

Principle 1.1 recommends that listed entities should disclose the respective roles and responsibilities of its Board and management, including matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management. The Company has adopted a Board Charter, a copy of which it makes publicly available on its website, which outlines the principle functions of the Company's

Board.

The Company's Constitution requires a minimum of three Directors and a maximum of nine Directors. As at 31 December 2024, there were three non-executive Directors and one executive Managing Director, in conformity with the Company's policy that the Board has a majority of non-executive Directors. The terms and conditions of appointment and retirement of Directors are set out in the Company's Constitution. The Board believes that its membership should have enough Directors to serve on various committees of the Board without overburdening the Directors or making it difficult for them to fully discharge their responsibilities.

Board role and responsibilities

The Board is responsible to shareholders and investors for the Group's overall corporate governance. The Board has established and approved a Board Charter. Under this Charter the Board is responsible for:

- Consideration and approval of corporate strategy proposed by MD/ CEO and monitoring its implementation.
- Approving and overseeing/monitoring financial and other reporting to shareholders, employees and other stakeholders of the Company.
- Ensuring that the company has appropriate human, financial and physical resources to execute the Company's strategies.
- Appoint, remove and monitor the performance of the MD/ CEO and ratifying the appointment and, where appropriate, the appointment and/ or removal of the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") and the Company Secretary.
- Reviewing the effectiveness of the Company's policies and procedures regarding risk management, internal control and accounting systems.
- Ensuring appropriate corporate governance structures are in place including standards of ethical behaviour and a culture of corporate and social responsibility.
- Reports and communicates with the shareholders.

DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT (PRINCIPLE 1.2)

Recommendations for nominations of new Directors are made by the Board Nomination Committee and considered by the Board in full. Mr Townsing and Mr Teoh are both members of the Board Nomination Committee during the financial year. Mr Townsing is Chairman of the Committee. Board membership is reviewed annually by the Committee to ensure the Board has appropriate mix of qualifications, skills and experience. External advisers may be used in this process. Candidates are appointed by the Board and must stand for election at the next general meeting of shareholders. Shareholders are provided with relevant information on the candidates for election. The Board Nomination Committee reviews appointment criteria from time to time and makes recommendations concerning the re-election of any Director by shareholders.

Vita Life Sciences undertakes appropriate background and screening checks prior to nominating a Director for election by shareholders and, provides to shareholders all material information in its possession concerning the Director standing for election or re-election in the explanatory notes accompanying the notice of meeting.

TERMS OF APPOINTMENT (PRINCIPLE 1.3)

The term of appointment for each non-executive director of the Company shall be the period commencing on appointment and expiring when the director is next required to stand for election by the shareholders, or a period of not more than three (3) years, whichever is the lesser. At each AGM of the Company, subject to ASX Listing Rule 14.4, at least one director must retire from office, excluding 1) a Director who is a Managing Director; and 2) a Director appointed by the Directors under rule 9.1 (b) of the Company's Constitution and is standing for election. Board support for a Director's re-election is not automatic and is subject to satisfactory Director performance (in accordance with the evaluation process described for Principle 1.6). The Board Nomination

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Committee conducts a peer review of those Directors during the year in which that Director will become eligible for re-election. The Company has a written agreement with each Director and Senior Executive setting out the terms of their appointment. Further details of key executive terms are outlined in the Remuneration Report.

COMPANY SECRETARY (PRINCIPLE 1.4)

The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairman, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board. The Company Secretary is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are complied with and that governance matters are addressed. All Directors have direct access to the Company Secretary. The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary is a matter for decision by the Board.

DIVERSITY POLICY (PRINCIPLE 1.5)

Diversity includes, but is not limited to, gender, age, ethnicity and cultural background. The Company is committed to diversity, recognises the benefits arising from employee and Board diversity, the importance of benefiting from all available talent and has established a diversity policy which is available at www.vitalifesciences.com.au

The Company is required to report on matters relating to diversity, in particular Board diversity. The Company has a formal diversity policy, setting out a number of broad objectives:

- Introduce processes to ensure that diversity commitments are implemented appropriately;
- Implement processes to ensure transparency in the selection of qualified employees, senior management and Board candidates with regard to Company's diversity profile and objectives;
- Ensure that recruitment strategies allow the Company to maximise its opportunities to target diverse and appropriately qualified employees and that selection committee members understand the importance of diversity;
- Develop clear criteria on behavioural

expectations in relation to promoting diversity;

- Recognise and cater for employees that may have special requirements (such as family member responsibilities) as part of the Company's overall diversity objectives;
- Consider whether the work environment is likely to attract a diversity of individuals; and
- Facilitate a corporate culture that embraces diversity and recognises employees at all levels have responsibilities outside of the workplace.

The Board has set the following measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity:

- Promote flexible work practices to provide managers and staff with the tools to tailor flexible work options that suit both the business and the individual's personal requirements;
- Select new staff, development, promotion and remuneration based solely on performance and capability; and
- Annually assess gender diversity performance against objectives set by the Nomination Committee.

The Company is committed to building a strong representation of female employees throughout the Group, including executive management. Specific objectives are aimed at women participating in senior leadership roles through identification and mentorship of talented female employees with a view of promotion to management. The Company is making good progress in achieving these objectives.

The proportion of women employees in various positions in the Group as at 31 December 2024 are as follows:

	2024	2023
Whole organisation	88%	85%
Senior Executives	72%	74%
Board of Directors	0%	0%

The Company considers the current combination of skills, experience and expertise when assessing the composition of the Board of Directors and deems the present Board to have a mix appropriate to its needs. Should a change to the composition of the Board be required, the Company will consider a mix of men and women to be shortlisted for the new position.

BOARD & COMMITTEE PERFORMANCE (PRINCIPLE 1.6)

The Chairman conducts a review of Board and Committee Performance at least once each calendar year. Matters covered in the annual performance review include:

- The Board's contribution to developing strategy and policy;
- Interaction between the Board and management, and between Board members;
- The Board's processes to monitor business performance and compliance, control risk and evaluate management;
- Board composition and structure; and
- The operation of the Board, including the conduct of Board meetings, Board Committee meetings and Group behaviours.

SENIOR EXECUTIVE PERFORMANCE (PRINCIPLE 1.7)

Vita Life's processes require that reviews be undertaken in respect to all staff at least annually for the purpose of reviewing activities and setting key focus areas, goals and targets for the coming year. All Senior Executives participated in the review process in the financial year in accordance with the process.

PRINCIPLE 2 – STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE

NOMINATION COMMITTEE (PRINCIPLE 2.1)

The Board Nomination Committee is governed by its charter, as approved by the Board. The Charter is available within the Corporate Governance section on Vita Life's website. The Board Nomination Committee performs review procedures to assist the Board

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in fulfilling its oversight responsibility to shareholders by ensuring that the Board comprises individuals best able to discharge the responsibilities of Directors having regard to the law and the highest standards of governance. The Committee as delegated by the Board is responsible for:

- assist the Board in planning the Board's composition and that of its committees;
- review the performance of the Board, the Chairman, the executive and non-executive directors and other individual members of the Board;
- evaluate the competencies required of prospective directors (both non-executive and executive) identify those prospective directors and establish their degree of independence;
- develop succession plans for the Board; and
- make recommendations to the Board accordingly

The number of times the Board Nomination Committee has formerly met and the number of meetings attended by Directors during the financial year are reported in the Directors' Report.

BOARD COMPOSITION (PRINCIPLES 2.2 & 2.3)

The Company's Board comprises a majority of non-executive Directors. The Board has a range of relevant financial and other skills, experience and expertise to meet its objectives. The current Board composition, including details of Director backgrounds is contained within the

Directors' Report.

In addition to the information outlined in Table 1 below sets out specific relevant skills and experience of the Board collectively.

DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE (PRINCIPLE 2.4)

Using the criteria recommended by the ASX Guidelines, two of three of the Company's non-executive Directors (Mr Osborne and Mr Townsing) are independent Directors. Any change in Director's interest is disclosed in accordance with ASX Listing Rules. The Company's policies allow Directors to seek independent advice at the Company's expense.

The Company recognises that independent Directors are important in assuring shareholders that the Board is properly fulfilling its role and is diligent in holding senior management accountable for its performance. The Board assesses each of the Directors against specific criteria to decide whether they are in a position to exercise independent judgement. Directors are considered to be independent if they are independent of management and free from any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, the exercise of their unfettered and independent judgement. Materiality is assessed on a case-by-case basis by reference to each Director's individual circumstances rather than general materiality thresholds.

In assessing independence, the Board considers whether the director has

a business or other relationship with the Company, directly or as a partner, shareholder or officer of a Company or other entity that has an interest or a business relationship with the Company or another Vita Life Sciences Group member.

Although Mr Osborne and Mr Townsing meet the Recommendations' various tests of independence, the Company does not have a majority of independent non-executive Directors on the Board. The Board however believes that the experience and qualifications of the current Board and the nature and the size of the Company does not compromise the ability of the Board to function properly.

INDEPENDENCE OF CHAIRMAN (PRINCIPLE 2.5)

The Chairman of the Board, Mr Townsing who was appointed to the role of Chairman on 28 May 2021, is an independent non-executive Director and there is a clear division of responsibility between the Chairman and the CEO/ Managing Director. Mr Townsing holds approximately 0.9% of the Company's Shares (recommendations permit 5%).

The Chairman is elected by the full Board of Directors and is responsible for:

- Leadership of the Board;
- The efficient organisation and conduct of the Board's functions;
- The promotion of constructive and respectful relations between Board members and between the Board and management;
- Contributing to the briefing of Directors in relation to issues arising at Board meetings;
- Facilitating the effective contribution of all Directors; and
- Committing the time necessary to effectively discharge the role of the Chairman.

DIRECTOR INDUCTION & TRAINING (PRINCIPLE 2.6)

New Directors receive a letter of appointment and a deed of access and indemnity. The letter of appointment outlines ASX's expectations of Directors with respect to their participation, time

Table 1 - Areas of competence and skills of the Board of Directors

Area	Competence
Leadership	Business leadership, public listed company experience
Business & Finance	Accounting, business strategy, competitive business analysis, corporate financing, legal, mergers & acquisitions, commercial agreements, risk management
Market & Industry	Healthcare industry expertise
Healthcare Products	Product development, product life cycle management, product formulation
Sustainability & Stakeholder Management	Corporate governance, human resources, remuneration
International	International business management, International geographical experience

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commitment and compliance with ASX policies and regulatory requirements. An induction process for incoming directors is coordinated by the Company Secretary. The Board receives regular updates at Board meetings, industry workshops, meetings with customers and site visits. These assist Directors to keep up-to-date with relevant market and industry developments.

PRINCIPLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

CODE OF CONDUCT (PRINCIPLE 3.1 – 3.2)

The Board endeavours to ensure that the Directors, officers and employees of Vita Life Sciences act with integrity and observe the highest standards of behaviour and business ethics in relation to their corporate activities. All officers and employees are expected to:

- Comply with the law;
- Act in the best interests of the Company;
- Be responsible and accountable for their actions; and
- Observe the ethical principles of fairness, honesty and truthfulness, including prompt disclosure of potential conflicts.

The Company has a Code of Conduct which is published on its website. The Code is reviewed annually and updated where appropriate. Any material breaches of the Code must be reported to the Board or relevant committee of the Board.

In accordance with the Corporations Act and the Company's Constitution, Directors must keep the Board advised of any interest that could potentially conflict with those of the Company. In the event that a conflict of interest may arise, involved Directors must withdraw from all deliberations concerning the matter.

WHISTLEBLOWER & ANTI-BRIBERY & CORRUPTION POLICY (PRINCIPLE 3.3 – 3.4)

The Company has issued and disclosed its Whistleblower Policy and its Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy, applicable for all the relevant persons working or dealing with the Group. Any

material incidents or breaches under these policies must be informed to the Board or the relevant committee of the Board. The policies are available on the Company's website www.vitalifesciences.com.au

PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING

AUDIT COMMITTEE (PRINCIPLE 4.1)

The role of the Audit and Risk Committee is to assist the Board to meet its oversight responsibilities in relation to the Company's financial reporting, compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, internal control structure, risk management procedures and the external audit function. The Audit and Risk Committee is governed by its charter, as approved by the Board. The Charter is available within the Corporate Governance section on Vita Life's website, at www.vitalifesciences.com

The Audit and Risk Committee comprises two Directors, who are non-executive Directors. The non-executive Directors are Mr Peter Osborne, Chairman of the Audit Committee and Mr Henry Townsing. The qualifications of the committee are stated in the Directors Report. The Audit Committee's responsibilities include:

- Reviewing procedures, and monitoring and advising on the quality of financial reporting (including accounting policies and financial presentation);
- Reviewing the proposed fees, scope, performance and outcome of external audits. However, the auditors are appointed by the Board;
- Reviewing the procedures and practices that have been implemented by management regarding internal control systems;
- Ensuring that management have established and implemented a system for managing material financial and non-financial risks impacting the Company;
- Reviewing the corporate governance practices and policies of the Company; and
- Reviewing procedures and practices for protecting intellectual property (IP)

and aligning IP to strategy.

The Board does not comply with the ASX requirement to have at least three (3) members on the Audit and Risk Committee. The Board believes that the experience and qualifications that Mr Osborne and Mr Townsing have adequately mitigates this non-compliance.

The number of times the Audit and Risk Committee has formerly met and the number of meetings attended by Directors during the financial year are reported in the Directors' Report.

The Audit and Risk Committee monitors and reviews:

- The effectiveness and appropriateness of the framework used by the Company for managing operational risk;
- The adequacy of the Company's internal controls including information systems controls and security;
- The adequacy of the process for reporting and responding to significant control and regulatory breaches;
- The effectiveness of the compliance function in ensuring adherence to applicable laws and regulations, including the action of legal and regulatory developments which may have a significant impact;
- Operational risk issues; and
- Action plans to address control improvement areas.

MANAGING DIRECTOR & CFO ASSURANCE (PRINCIPLE 4.2)

The Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer provide to the Board written certification that in all material respects:

- The Company's financial statements present a true and fair view of the Company's financial condition and operational results and are in accordance with relevant accounting standards;
- The statement given to the Board on the integrity of the Company's financial statements is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and controls

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which implements the policies adopted by the Board; and

- The Company's risk management and internal controls are operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects.

INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORT (PRINCIPLE 4.3)

Periodic corporate reports which are not audited nor reviewed by an external auditor should first be reviewed by both the Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer and, the relevant committee of the Board. It will then be subsequently reviewed and approved by the Board prior to its release to the public.

PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

CONTINUOUS DISCLOSURE (PRINCIPLES 5.1-5.3)

The Company believes that all shareholders should have equal and timely access to material information about the Company including its financial situation, performance, ownership and governance. The Company's market disclosure policy approved by the Board governs how the Company communicates with shareholders and the market. Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings.

The Company has established written policies designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at a senior executive level for that compliance.

A copy of all material market announcements shall also be made available to the members of the Board promptly after they have been made.

All presentation materials provided to analysts or investors, should first be released to the ASX market announcements platform prior to the presentation.

PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SHAREHOLDERS

INVESTOR RELATIONS (PRINCIPLES 6.1 – 6.5)

The Company has developed a framework for communicating with

shareholders which has been followed during the financial year, as outlined in its Shareholder Communications Policy. Where possible and practical, the Company communicates with Shareholders using its website and email.

This policy includes provision for communications by the Company to:

- Be factual and subject to internal vetting and authorisation before issue;
- Be made in a timely manner;
- Not omit material information;
- Be expressed in a clear and objective manner to allow investors to assess the impact of the information when making investment decisions; and
- Be in compliance with ASX Listing Rules continuous disclosure requirements.

The policy also contains guidelines on information that may be price sensitive. The Company Secretary has been nominated as the person responsible for communications with the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX). This role includes responsibility for ensuring compliance with the continuous disclosure requirements with the ASX Listing Rules and overseeing and coordinating information disclosure to the ASX.

All substantive resolutions at all meeting of security holders are to be decided by a poll rather than a show of hands.

The Company publishes on its website the annual reports, profit announcements, press releases and notices to meeting to encourage shareholder and investor participation in Vita Life. The Group commits to facilitating shareholder participation in shareholder meetings, and dealing with shareholder inquiries. Shareholders will be provided with the option to receive communications from, and send communications to the entity and security registry electronically.

PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

RISK COMMITTEE (PRINCIPLE 7.1)

The Board is responsible for approving and overseeing the risk management system. The Board reviews, at least annually, the effectiveness of the implementation of the risk management

controls and procedures. The Company recognises four main types of risk:

- Market risk, relates to the risk to earnings from changes in market conditions including economic activity, interest rates, investor sentiment and world events.
- Operational risk, relates to inadequacy of or a failure of internal processes, people or systems or from external events.
- Credit risk, relates to the risk that the other party to a transaction will not honour their obligation; and
- Regulatory risk, relates to the risk that there may be changes to legislation (including but not limited to laws which relate to corporations and taxation) in the future which restricts or limits in some way the Company's activities.

The Board, based on the recommendations of the Managing Director, makes decisions on investments for the Company. The Board considers that the general retention by it of the power to make the final investment or divestment decision by majority vote provides an effective review of the investment strategy.

A majority of the Directors must approve any modification to the investment parameters applying to the Company's assets. Any proposed major change in investment strategy is first put to Shareholders for their approval.

The Board is also responsible for identifying and monitoring areas of significant business risk. Internal control measures currently adopted by the Board include:

- Monthly reporting to the Board in respect of operations and the Company's financial position, with a comparison of actual results against budget; and
- Regular reports to the Board by appropriate members of the management team and/or independent advisers, outlining the nature of particular risks and highlighting measures which are either in place or can be adopted to manage or mitigate those risks.

The Board is responsible for approving

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and reviewing the Company's risk management strategy and policy. Executive management is responsible for implementing the Board approved risk management strategy and developing policies, controls, processes and procedures to identify and manage risks in all of the Company's activities.

The Company does not have a committee which satisfies all the recommendations of 7.1 but is satisfied that the Audit and Risk Committee and, the Board itself does have sufficient processes and reviews in place to oversee the Company's risk management framework.

RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK (PRINCIPLE 7.2)

The Board has required management to design and implement a risk management and internal control system to identify and manage the Group's material business risks and to report to it on whether those risks are being managed effectively. The Board reviewed the Company's risk management framework in this financial year to satisfy itself that the framework continues to be sound.

INTERNAL AUDIT (PRINCIPLE 7.3)

Assurance is provided to the Board by senior management on the adequacy and effectiveness of management controls for risk. The Board regularly monitors the operational and financial performance of the Company and the economic entity against budget and other key financial risks. Appropriate risk management strategies are developed to mitigate all identified risks of the business.

The Group does not currently have any internal audit function. The Board considers that at the Company's current stage of growth and size there is no particular benefit to appointing internal audit and in the alternative seeks independent advice as it considers appropriate. In all other respects, the Company complies with the recommendations set out in Principle 7.

RISK MANAGEMENT (PRINCIPLE 7.4)

The Company monitors its exposure

to all risks, including economic, environmental and social sustainability risks. Material business risks are described in the Director's report, which also outlines the Company's activities, performance during the year, financial position and main business strategies. This specific report and the Annual Report overall provide further details about how the Group manages its economic, environmental and social sustainability risks which are reviewed by the Audit and Risk Committee and also by the Board periodically.

PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE (PRINCIPLE 8.1)

The Remuneration Committee is governed by its charter, as approved by the Board. The Charter is available within the Corporate Governance section on Vita Life's website, at www.vitalifesciences.com

The Remuneration Committee advises the Board on remuneration policies and practices generally, and makes specific recommendations on remuneration packages and other terms of employment for executive Directors, senior executives and non-executive Directors. Each member of the senior executive team signs a formal employment contract at the time of their appointment covering a range of matters including their duties, rights and responsibilities. Executive remuneration and other terms of employment are reviewed annually by the Committee having regard to personal and corporate performance contribution to long-term growth, relevant comparative information and independent expert advice. As well as base salary, remuneration packages may include superannuation and retirement and termination entitlements.

The Remuneration Report, which has been included in the Directors' Report, provides information on the Group's remuneration policies and payment details for Directors and key management personnel. The Board does not comply with the ASX requirement to have at least three (3) members on the Committee. The Board

believes that the combined experience that Mr Townsing and Mr Teoh possess adequately mitigates this requirement.

The number of times the Remuneration Committee has formerly met and the number of meetings attended by Directors during the financial year are reported in the Directors' Report.

REMUNERATION POLICIES (PRINCIPLES 8.2 – 8.3)

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for reviewing the compensation arrangements for the Managing Director and other key personnel. The Remuneration Committee is also responsible for reviewing management incentive schemes, superannuation, retirement and termination entitlements, fringe benefits policies, and professional indemnity and liability insurance policies. The nature and amount of each element of the fee or salary of each director and each of the Company's officers and executives are set out in the Remuneration Report on page 13 to 19. Non-executive Directors' fees and payments are reviewed annually by the Board. Executive Directors are, subject to the information above, paid in salary or fees.

The Company does offer an equity based remuneration scheme to executives and staff. The current Long Term Incentive Plan ("Plan") of the Company were approved by shareholders at the Annual General Meetings held on 22 May 2024.

The Plan was refreshed at the 2024 Annual General Meeting held in Sydney on 22 May 2024. The purpose of the Plan is to attract, retain and motivate employees and officers of the Company to drive performance at both the individual and corporate level. Any further participation by Directors in the Plan will require shareholders' approval in accordance with the ASX Listing Rules.

Participants of this Plan are not permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives, hedging or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in this Plan.



Vita Life Sciences Limited

ACN 003 190 421
ABN 35 003 190 421

enquiries@vitalifesciences.com
vitalifesciences.com

Registered Office
Australian Head Office

Unit 1/102 Bath Road
Kirrawee NSW 2232
Australia
T: 61 2 9545 2633
F: 61 2 9545 1311

Asian Regional Office

No. 23, Jalan Jurunilai U1/20
Hicom Glenmarie Industrial Park
Seksyen U1
40150 Shah Alam
Selangor Darul Ehsan
Malaysia
T: 60 3 5569 6323
F: 60 3 5569 2393