VEALLS LIMITED

ACN 004 288 000

Registered Office 1st Floor 484 Toorak Road Toorak Vic 3142 <u>Postal Address</u> 1st Floor 484 Toorak Road

Toorak Vic 3142

PH: (03) 9827-4110 FAX: (03) 9827-4112

27 October 2014

Company Announcements Office Australian Stock Exchange E-Lodgements

Dear Sir / Madam,

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

A copy of the company's Annual Financial Report for the period ended 30 June 2014 follows.

Yours faithfully

Duncan Veall

Company Secretary

ABN 39 004 288 000

Annual Financial Report

for the year ended 30 June 2014

ABN 39 004 288 000

Corporate Information

Capital Issued and Paid Up \$ 1,235,388

Consisting of: 8,873,860 2,775,108

Capital shares Income shares

40,474 7% cumulative non-participating non-redeemable Preference

shares

Controlled Entities (Incorporated in Victoria)

V.L. Pastoral Pty Ltd V.L. Investments Pty Ltd

(Incorporated in New Zealand) Cardrona Ski Resort Ltd

(Incorporated in Singapore) Vealls (Singapore) Pte Ltd

Directors

lan Raymond Veall (Executive Chairman)
Martin Charles Veall (Executive Director)
Robert Sidney Righetti (Non-executive Director)
Duncan Reginald Veall (Executive Director)

Company Secretary

Duncan Reginald Veall

Registered Office

1st Floor 484 Toorak Road Toorak Vic 3142 Telephone 61 3 9827 4110 Facsimile 61 3 9827 4112

Share Register

Security Transfer Registrars Pty Ltd 770 Canning Highway Applecross WA 6153 Telephone 61 8 9315 2333 Facsimile 61 8 9315 2233

Auditors

BDO Chartered Accountants Level 14 140 William Street Melbourne VIC 3000

Stock Exchange Listing

Australian Stock Exchange Limited (Home Exchange: Melbourne, Vic)

Vealls Limited ABN 39 004 288 000

Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the 64th Annual General Meeting of members of Vealls Limited will be held at Level 7, 500 Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria, on Friday 28 November 2014 at 10.30 a.m.

Items of Business

Financial statements and reports

'To receive and consider the Financial Report, the Auditor's Report and the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2014.'

2. Re-election of Director

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass each of the following resolutions, as separate ordinary resolutions:

- (a) 'That Duncan Reginald Veall, who retires in accordance with article 99 of the Company's Constitution, be re-elected as a director.'
- (b) 'That Ian Raymond Veall, who retires in accordance with article 99 of the Company's Constitution, be re-elected as a director.'
- 3. Remuneration report

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

'That the Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 June 2014 be adopted.'

Note: the vote on this resolution is advisory only and does not bind the Directors or the Company.

4. Spill resolution

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

'That, subject to and conditional on at least 25% of the votes cast on Item 3 being cast against the adoption of the Remuneration Report:

- (a) an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company (the 'Spill Meeting') be held within 90 days of the passing of this resolution;
- (b) all of the Directors in office when the resolution to make the Directors' Report for the financial year ended 30 June 2014 was passed (being Robert S Righetti, Duncan R Veall, Martin C Veall and Ian R Veall) and who remain in office at the time of the Spill Meeting, cease to hold office immediately before the end of the Spill Meeting; and
- (c) resolutions to appoint persons to offices that will be vacated immediately before the end of the Spill Meeting be put to the vote of shareholders at the Spill Meeting.'

Note: This resolution will only be voted on if 25% or more of votes cast on Item 3 are voted against the adoption of the Remuneration Report, therefore resulting in a 'Second Strike' and the application of Part 2G.2, Division 9 of the Corporations Act 2001.

By Order of the Board

Duncan R Veall Company Secretary

17 October 2014

ABN 39 004 288 000

Explanatory Notes:

Item 1.

As required by the Corporations Act 2001, the Financial Report and the reports of the Auditor and the Directors for the financial year ended 30 June 2014 will be laid before the Annual General Meeting.

Members as a whole will be given a reasonable opportunity to ask questions and make comments on the reports and the business and management of the Company, and to ask the Auditor questions relevant to:

- (i) the conduct of the audit:
- (ii) the preparation and content of the Auditor's report;
- (iii) the accounting policies adopted by the Company in relation to the preparation of the financial statements; and
- (iv) the independence of the Auditor in relation to the conduct of the audit.

Items 2(a) and 2(b).

Article 99 of the Company's Constitution provides that at every Annual General Meeting, one third of the Directors or if their number is not a multiple of three then the number nearest to but not exceeding one third, shall retire from office and be eligible for re-election. In addition, no Director shall retain office after the third annual general meeting after such Director's appointment without submitting himself for election even though such submission results in more than one-third retiring from office. Accordingly, the following directors will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election:

(a) Mr Duncan R Veall

The Board (other than Mr Duncan Veall) recommends that members vote **in favour** of the re-election of Mr Duncan R Veall.

(b) Mr Ian R Veall

The Board (other than Mr Ian Veall) recommends that members vote in favour of the re-election of Mr Ian R Veall.

Item 3.

The Remuneration Report is set out on pages 9 to 11 of the Directors' Report and details the remuneration practices and policies followed by the board in determining, or in relation to, the nature and amount (or value, as appropriate) of remuneration of the key management personnel (KMP) for the Company and its subsidiaries.

The aggregate remuneration received by key management personnel for the year ended 30 June 2014 was \$232,699 and in the previous year \$234,593, as detailed on page 9 of the Directors' Report.

The Remuneration Report also discusses the relationship between such policies, the Company's earnings, and consequences of the Company's performance on shareholder wealth.

Members as a whole will be given a reasonable opportunity to ask questions about and make comments on the Remuneration Report.

A voting exclusion applies to this resolution. Please see 'Voting Exclusions' below.

The Board recommends that members vote in favour of this resolution.

Item 4.

The spill resolution in Item 4 will only be put to the members at this AGM if at least 25% of the votes cast on the resolution in Item 3 are cast against the adoption of the Remuneration Report.

If the spill resolution is put to the meeting and passed, then the Board is required to hold a meeting of members (the 'Spill Meeting') within 90 days of the passing of this spill resolution in order to vote on the composition of the Board.

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Section 250V(1) of the Corporations Act sets out the requirements of the spill resolution and applies to all of the Directors of the Company who were Directors when the resolution to make the Directors' Report for the financial year ending 30 June 2014 was passed. Therefore, if the resolution in Item 4 is passed and a Spill Meeting is held, the following Directors will automatically vacate office immediately before the end of the Spill Meeting, unless they are willing to stand for re-election and are re-elected at that meeting:

- Robert S Righetti;
- Duncan R Veall:
- · Martin C Veall; and
- Ian R Veall.

If required, a Spill Meeting will be convened within 90 days of the Company's 2014 Annual General Meeting and notice of the Spill Meeting will be provided to members in due course.

A voting exclusion applies to this resolution. Please see 'Voting Exclusions' below.

The Board recommends that members vote against this resolution.

Voting Exclusions

The Corporations Act 2001 ('Corporations Act') restricts members of the key management personnel ('KMP') and their closely related parties from voting in relation to Items 3 and 4 in certain circumstances.

'Closely related party' is defined in the Corporations Act and includes a spouse, dependent and certain other close family members, as well as any companies controlled by a member of the KMP.

Vealls Limited will disregard:

- any votes cast (in any capacity) on the proposed resolutions in Items 3 and 4 by or on behalf of members of the KMP (being the directors and the other KMP as disclosed in the Remuneration Report); and
- closely related parties of those persons.

as well as any votes cast as a proxy on these Items by members of the KMP at the date of the meeting and their closely related parties, unless the vote is cast:

- as proxy for a person entitled to vote in accordance with a direction on the proxy form; or
- by the Chairman of the meeting as proxy for a person entitled to vote in accordance with an express authority to vote undirected proxies as the Chairman sees fit.

The Chairman of the meeting intends to vote all available proxies **in favour** of Items 2(a), 2(b) and 3, and **against** Item 4.

Proxy voting

A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.

A member entitled to cast two or more votes may appoint not more than two proxies. If two proxies are appointed, the member should specify the proportion or number of votes each proxy is appointed to exercise and if no proportion or number is specified, each proxy may exercise half of the member's votes.

A proxy may be an individual or a body corporate. In accordance with section 250D of the Corporations Act, a member or a proxy who is a body corporate may appoint a corporate representative to exercise its powers at the meeting. If the corporate representative attends the meeting, the representative will need to provide the appropriate "Certificate of Appointment of Corporate Representative" prior to admission.

If a member appoints only one proxy, that proxy shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands. If a member appoints two proxies, only the first named proxy shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands.

Proxies will only be valid and accepted by the Company if the enclosed proxy form is signed and forwarded to the Company at the address or facsimile number set out below not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting, being 10:30am on Wednesday, 26 November 2014.

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The completed proxy form may be:

Mailed or delivered to the registered office of the Company:

Vealls Limited 1st Floor 484 Toorak Road Toorak, Vic, 3142

Sent by facsimile to:

(03) 9827 4112 or international +613 9827 4112

Voting Entitlement

The Directors have determined that, for the purposes of voting at the Annual General Meeting, shares will be taken to be held by the registered holder at 7:00pm AEDST, on Wednesday 26 November 2014. Accordingly, share transfers registered after that time will be disregarded in determining entitlements to attend and vote at the meeting.

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Director's Report

The directors present this report on the consolidated entity of Vealls Limited in respect of the year ended 30 June 2014.

DIRECTORS

The names and details of the company's directors in office during the whole of the financial year and until the date of this report are as follows:

lan Raymond Veall, B.Comm. (Melb.) - Executive Chairman

Age 90; Director since 1956, Managing Director 1961-1996, Chairman since 1966, 65 years experience with the company. Special responsibilities: Investments and Finance.

Martin Charles Veall, Diploma of Farm Management (Marcus Oldham College) – Executive Director. Age 61; Director since 1989, 43 years experience in farm management. Special responsibilities: Agriculture and Forestry. Audit Committee.

Robert Sidney Righetti, Chartered Accountant – Non-executive Director.

Age 64, Director since 1996, Formerly Partner, Pannell Kerr Forster (Melbourne Partnership) Chartered Accountants, 43 years experience in accounting and auditing. Special responsibilities: Audit Committee.

Duncan Reginald Veall, B.Ec. (Monash) - Executive Director.

Age 58, Director since 1999, 25 years experience with the company. Special responsibilities: New Zealand subsidiaries.

No directors are currently or have in the past three years held directorships in other listed companies.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Duncan Reginald Veall, B.Ec. (Monash)

Appointed 2000. 25 years experience with the company.

Interest in the shares of the company

As at the date of this report, the interests of the directors in the shares of Vealls Limited were:

	Capital Shares	Income Shares	Preference Shares
IAN RAYMOND VEALL		Charos	Gilaroo
Shares held in own name	155,890	-	-
Shares held in name of another entity of which he is a member or director:			
ljack Pty Ltd	7,000,000	-	-
Shirvell Pty Ltd	749.000	1,364,820	-
Winmardun Pty Ltd Farex Pty Ltd	748,000 -	589,879	-
	7,903,890	1,954,699	-
MARTIN CHARLES VEALL			
Shares held in own name	1,800	-	-
Shares held in name of another entity of which he is a member or director:			
Winmardun Pty Ltd	748,000	-	-
Farex Pty Ltd		589,879	
	749,800	589,879	-

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Director's Report continued

Capital Shares	Income Shares	Preference Shares
500	-	
-	-	26,408
748,000	-	<u>-</u>
	-	3,650 30.058
		748,000 - 329 -

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities during the year of the consolidated entity were agriculture, forestry and investment in real estate and negotiable securities.

1. Revenue & Other Income

Total revenue & other income for the year was \$6.790m, the main items being interest received on short-term bank deposits generated by the Cardrona ski field over the lengthy period it was owned and operated by the company and subsequently from its sale proceeds; and from fair value gains on Investments and Biological assets.

Profit

Consolidated net profit was \$5.108m after income tax expense of \$0.797m from continuing operations and \$7.704m from discontinued operations relating to the sale of Cardrona Alpine Resort in New Zealand and Clear Springs Station Jingellic, NSW – a total of \$12.812m.

Other comprehensive income totalled \$3.871m mainly from foreign currency exchange rate gains in the NZD/AUD rate.

3. Cash Flows

Net cash flow was \$45.218m.

4. Financial Position

Total assets increased by \$13.328m while total liabilities decreased by \$3.019m. This movement together with foreign currency exchange rate translations resulted in an increase in shareholders' funds of \$16.347m.

5. Dividends

Final dividends of 0.35c on preference shares, 5.30c on income shares and 0.50c on capital shares have been declared payable on 31 October 2014. The dividends are fully franked at a tax rate of 30%.

6. Review of Operations

- (a) In furtherance of the actions to be taken under the company's restructure of its operations;
 - (i) The Cardrona ski field's assets were sold and settled on 15 November 2013. Clear Springs Station, Jingellic NSW was also sold and settled on 4 April 2014.
 - (ii) The subsidiary companies V.L.Finance Pty Ltd, V.L.Credits Pty Ltd, Tunrove Pty Ltd and Swintons Pty Ltd were deregistered with V.L.Pastoral Pty Ltd to follow shortly. In New Zealand Vealls (NZ) Ltd was amalgamated with Cardrona Ski Resort Ltd now awaiting deregistration.
 - (iii) When completed, this interim stage of the restructure will result in only two subsidiaries remaining.

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Directors' Report continued

(b) Preliminary steps were taken in relation to the disposal of properties at Mt Martha, Victoria and at Moulins, France. It is expected that a period of more than two years may be required to complete this action.

7. Significant features of Operating Performance

- (a) The main feature of the year's operations was the scheduled program of cashing up the company's operations. Cash and cash equivalents, in particular short-term bank deposits, increased significantly as a result.
- (b) The exchange rate of the AUD vis-à-vis other currencies, especially the NZD/AUD rate, continued to be a major factor in the company's financial performance.
- (c) The transition from operating through a number of diverse subsidiaries to an end objective of operating through a single investment company based in Singapore was progressed.

8. Other Financial Information

- (a) Basic and diluted earnings per ordinary share were 141.09c compared with 35.54c in the prior year.
- (b) Net tangible assets backing per ordinary share was \$13.36 compared with \$11.58 in the previous year.
- (c) Returns to shareholders (cents per-share)

•	Preference share dividends	0.70c
•	Income share dividends	10.50c
•	Capital shared dividends	0.50c

(d) Statement of Retained Earnings (Consolidated)

	000's
Balance at beginning of year	\$66,623
Add - profit after tax	12,812
Add – transfers from reserves	11,262
Less – dividends paid	(336)
Balance at end of year	90,361

9. Subsequent events

In the opinion of the directors there are no events subsequent to the reporting date that would have a material financial effect on the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2014.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

Implementation of the company's restructure of its operations will result over time in the acquisition of investments through the hub of Singapore of securities listed on the stock exchanges of the Asian area.

It is not feasible at this juncture to indicate expected results from such operations other than to observe that investment policy is intended to be directed to both income and capital growth over the longer term from a spread of securities.

An important consideration in the timing of this process will be the foreign exchange rates at the time funds are transferred from their existing currencies to the investment currencies.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION AND PERFORMANCE

The company's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory.

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Directors' Report continued

REMUNERATION REPORT

Pursuant to Section 300A Corporations Act 2001 the directors state:

Remuneration policy

- (a) There is no remunerations or appointments committee of the board, and the directors and other officers' emoluments are determined in accordance with a policy that encompasses the relevant criteria and procedures to be followed.
- (b) A director of the company, including an executive officer, is usually appointed by invitation of the board, but may be appointed otherwise by the company's shareholders in general meeting. All directors are in any case ultimately either confirmed or not confirmed to hold office by vote of the shareholders.
- (c) The board is responsible for setting the direction taken by the company in its operations and the nature of such operations; and is responsible thereafter for monitoring the results that flow from its decisions.
- (d) An executive director (officer) is additionally responsible for the management of the company's operations in accordance with the board's directives in that regard.
- (e) A non-executive director receives an emolument for serving as a director of the company and/or its subsidiaries. The emoluments consists of fees, superannuation and such other benefits as may firstly be agreed between that director and the board's chairman and secondly be approved by the remaining directors. The maximum amount of directors' fees payable is limited to the amount approved by the company's shareholders.
- (f) An executive director does not receive an emolument for serving as a director, but receives an emolument for serving as an executive officer with management responsibilities. The emolument consists of salary, superannuation and such other benefits as are agreed between that director and the remaining directors.
- (g) The emolument of a director is determined by reference to the particular service to be provided to the company and/or its subsidiaries, the nature of that service, the knowledge and skill required and the time and application to the position expected of that director.
- (h) Information from external consultants will usually be sought about current market remuneration levels and conditions over a range of positions relevant to the company's operations and the particular circumstances, and this quide will also be used in determination of an emolument.
- (i) The board measures the company's performance by reference to the movement over time in the value of Shareholders' Equity as shown by the consolidated balance sheet and expressed as a dollar value per issued share; and the amounts distributed to shareholders in dividends or by other means and expressed as a dollar value per issued share.
- (j) Maintenance of such values per share would be rated an "average" performance; reductions would be rated "below average"; and an increase would be rated "above average" performances.
- (k) The performance of a non-executive director in the role of director is the determining factor in the emolument of that director.
- (I) The performance of an executive director in the dual role of director and executive officer is the determining factor in the emolument of that director.
- (m) There is no direct relationship between the emolument of a director or executive officer and the performance of the company, except over time. For example, no director or executive officer receives payment in relation to profits of the company and/or its subsidiaries; or receives the issue of shares or options to acquire shares except by entitlement thereto as a shareholder.
- (n) The company's performance in the short term at or "below average" rating may, but not necessarily will, lead to a reduction in the emolument of a director or executive officer because there are several factors that can materially affect the company's operations that are beyond the immediate control of a director or executive officer. For instance, global economic conditions, particularly interest and exchange rate movements, and weather conditions. Conversely, an "above average" rating may, but not necessarily will, lead to an increase in the emolument of a director or executive officer.
- (o) On the other hand, a "below average" rating in the longer term is bound to affect the emolument of a director or executive officer in one way or another, because, unless persuasive reasons can be given to and accepted by shareholders for such a rating, it is highly likely shareholders will use their voting power to reject the directors. Conversely, an "above average" rating is highly likely to lead to an increase in the emolument of a director or executive officer.

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Directors' Report continued

The following table sets out the company's earnings and the consequences of the company's performance on shareholder wealth as defined by subsections 300A (1AA) and (1AB) of the Corporations Act 2001.

(a) Earnings

Year ended 30 June:	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Net Profit ('000's) Before tax After tax	5,210 4,023	4,529 5,341	2,688 2,018	4,172 3,440	5,905 12,812
(b) Shareholder Wealth					
Year ended 30 June: (1) Dividends -	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Preference shares	0.70c	0.70c	0.70c	0.70c	0.70c
Income shares	9.70c	9.90c	10.10c	10.30c	10.50c
Capital shares (2) Share Price *	0.50c	0.50c	0.50c	0.50c	0.50c
Preference shares	0	0	0	0	0
Income shares	+45c	-40c	+15c	+60c	- 65c
Capital shares	+5c	+120c	+145c	+70c	+125c

^{*} Change in the price between beginning and end of year

DIRECTOR'S MEETINGS

The number of meetings of the board of directors and committees of the board and the number of meetings attended by each of the directors during the financial year were as follows:

	Dire	ctors'	Audit Co	ommittee
	Number of meetings held	Meetings attended	Number of meetings held	Meetings attended
Ian Raymond Veall	6	6	-	-
Martin Charles Veall	6	5	2	2
Robert Sidney Righetti	6	5	2	2
Duncan Reginald Veall	6	6	-	-

Remuneration of directors and executive officers

Details of the nature and amount of each element of the emolument of each director of the company and each of the executive officers of the company and the consolidated entity receiving the highest emolument for the financial year are as follows:

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Directors' Report continued

2014

	Short- term	benefits	Post – en	nployment b	enefits	
DIRECTORS	Cash, salary and commissions	Non-cash benefits	Super- annuation	Long – term benefits	Other benefits	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
lan Raymond Veall						
(Chairman)	46,421	-	-	774	-	47,195
Martin Charles Veall						
(Executive director)	40,000	-	3,600	667	-	44,267
Robert Sidney Righetti						
(Non-executive director)	35,000	-	4,375	-	-	39,375
Duncan Reginald Veall						
(Executive director)	91,000	-	9,919	943	-	101,862
,	212,421	-	17,894	2,384	-	232,699

2013

	Short- term	benefits	Post – en	nployment b	enefits	
DIRECTORS	Cash, salary and commissions	Non-cash benefits	Super- annuation	Long – term benefits	Other benefits	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Ian Raymond Veall						
(Chairman)	46,421	-	-	774	-	47,195
Martin Charles Veall						
(Executive director)	40,000	-	3,600	667	-	44,267
Robert Sidney Righetti						
(Non-executive director)	35,000	-	4,375	-	-	39,375
Duncan Reginald Veall						
(Executive director)	91,000	2,837	9,919	-	-	103,756
	212,421	2,837	17,894	1,441	•	234,593

Note: With the exception of Mr R S Righetti who is a non-executive director, each of the above named are also the only executive officers of the company and the consolidated entity. The shareholdings of directors have not changed throughout the current year or preceding year and are set out on page 2/3 of this report other than 329 capital shares acquired during 2014 by Mr D R Veall.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is attached.

ROUNDING

The amounts contained in this report have been rounded to the nearest \$1,000 (where rounding is applicable) under the option available to the company under ASIC Class Order 98/0100. The company is an entity to which the Class Order applies.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Ian Raymond Veall Executive Chairman

Melbourne, 29th September 2014

22/10



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AUSTRALIA

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY RICHARD DEAN TO THE DIRECTORS OF VEALLS LIMITED

As lead auditor of Vealls Limited for the year ended 30 Jun 2014, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- 1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- 2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Vealls Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

Richard Dean

Partner

BDO East Coast Partnership

Melbourne, 29 September 2014

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

		Econo	mic Entity
	Note	2014 \$000	2013 \$000
Revenue and other income from continuing operations	2	6,790	1,476
Employee benefits expense		(182)	(143)
Transport costs		(13)	(2)
Rates and taxes		(159)	(148)
Repairs and maintenance		(4)	(1)
Insurance		(2)	(2)
Light, power and telephone		(65)	(9)
Professional costs		(198)	(350)
Listing & share registry fees		(45)	(40)
Merchant & bank fees		(1)	(2)
Sale expenses		(146)	-
Other expenses	-	(70)	(103)
Profit before income tax expense from continuing operations		5,905	676
Income tax (expense)/benefit	4	(797)	397
Profit after tax from continuing operations	•	5,108	1,073
Profit after tax from discontinued operations	6	7,704	2,386
Profit after tax attributable to owners of Vealls Ltd	·	12,812	3,459
Other comprehensive income:	·		
Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss Fair value gains/(losses)			
- Available-for-sale financial assets		(22)	(78)
- Foreign currency translation		3,893	4,253
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	_	3,871	4,175
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of Vealls Ltd		16,683	7,634
Total comprehensive income for the year from:	•		_
Continuing operations		8,979	5,248
Discontinued operations	_	7,704	2,386
		16,683	7,634
Earnings per share from continuing operations	21	54.27 cents	8.87 cents
Basic earnings per share	21	141.09 cents	35.76 cents
Diluted earnings per share	21	141.09 cents	35.76 cents

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2014

		Econo	mic Entity
	Note	2014 \$000	2013 \$000
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	99,681	50,908
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	29	-	37,453
Trade and other receivables	9	17	606
Inventories	12	-	346
Agricultural & biological assets	10	-	4
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		99,698	89,317
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Investment properties	11	18,614	15,776
Available for sale financial assets	13	218	240
Deferred tax assets	16	55	371
Agricultural & biological assets	10	3,345	2,898
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		22,232	19,285
TOTAL ASSETS		121,930	108,602
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	15	179	3,558
Income Tax Payable		1,302	130
Provisions	17	184	395
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,665	4,083
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred tax liabilities	16	260	861
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		260	861
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,925	4,944
NET ASSETS	_	120,005	103,658
EQUITY			
Issued capital	18	1,235	1,235
Reserves		28,409	35,800
Retained earnings		90,361	66,623
TOTAL EQUITY	_	120,005	103,658

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

	Share Capital	Retained Earnings	General Reserve	Asset Replacement Reserve	Asset Revaluation Reserve	Asset Realisation Reserve	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
At 1 July 2012	1,235	62,989	5,981	4,619	15,095	11,992	(5,557)	96,354
Profit for the period	1	3,459	ı	1	ı			3,459
Other comprehensive income	•			•	(78)		4,253	4,175
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	•	3,459	•	•	(78)		4,253	7,634
Transfers to and from Reserves Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	ı	505	662	1	(635)	•	(532)	1
Dividends paid	•	(330)	1	-	-	-	-	(330)
Balance at 30 June 2013	1,235	66,623	6,643	4,619	14,382	11,992	(1,836)	103,658
At 1 July 2013	1 235	66 623	6.643	4 619	14 382	11 992	(1 836)	103 658
Profit for the period		20,00	5	r r	, , ,		(00)	, c
Other community income	•	, , , ,	1	•	' (6)		0000	0,7 0 1
Other comprehensive income for the period		12.812			(22)		3,893	16.683
Transfers to and from Reserves Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners		11,262	(6,643)	(4,619)	(2,547)	2,547	1	1
Dividends paid	1	(336)	•	1	1	1	•	(336)
Balance at 30 June 2014	1,235	90,361			11,813	14,539	2,057	120,005

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

		Econom	nic Entity
		2014 \$000	2013 \$000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note		
Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST)		1,193	13,635
Payments to suppliers and employees (Inclusive of GST)		(1,103)	(9,276)
Income tax paid		91	(852)
Net cash flows from operating activities	23	181	3,507
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received		2,425	1,714
Dividends received		2	9
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-	(158)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		42,946	205
Net cash from investing activities	-	45,373	1,770
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends paid		(336)	(330)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(336)	(330)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		45,218	4,947
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		50,908	44,467
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash		3,555	1,494
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	8	99,681	50,908

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for for-profit oriented entities.

The financial report covers the consolidated entity of Vealls Limited and the entities it controlled during the year. Vealls Limited is a listed public company, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The financial report of Vealls Limited also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the consolidated entity in the preparation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated. The financial statements were authorised for issue on 29th September 2014.

Basis of Preparation

Reporting Basis and Conventions

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs modified by the revaluation of selected non-current assets and financial assets for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied.

New and Revised Accounting Standards and Interpretations

The consolidated entity has adopted all the new, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new, revised or amending Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

Any significant impact on the accounting policies of the consolidated entity from the adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations are disclosed below. The adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the consolidated entity.

The following Accounting Standards and interpretations are most relevant to the consolidated entity:

AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements

The consolidated entity has applied AASB 10 from 1 July 2013 which has a new definition 'control'. Control exists when the reporting entity is exposed, or has the rights, to variable returns from its involvement with another entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its 'power' over that other entity. A reporting entity has power when it has rights that give it the current ability to direct the activities that significantly affect the investee's returns. The consolidated entity not only has to consider its holdings and rights but also the holdings and rights of other shareholders in order to determine whether it has the necessary power for consolidation purposes.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement and AASB 2011-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 13

The consolidated entity has applied AASB 13 and its consequential amendments from 1 July 2013. The Standard provides a single robust measurement framework, with clear measurement objectives, for measuring fair value using the 'exit price' and provides guidance on measuring fair value when a market becomes less active. The 'highest and best use' approach is used to measure non-financial assets whereas liabilities are based on transfer value. The standard requires increased disclosure where fair value is used.

Accounting Policies

a. Principles of Consolidation

A controlled entity is any entity where Vealls Limited is exposed to, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity.

A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 14 to the financial statements. All controlled entities have a 30 June financial year-end.

All inter-company balances and transactions between entities in the consolidated entity, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with those policies applied by the parent entity.

Where controlled entities have entered or left the consolidated entity during the year, their operating results have been included/excluded from the date control was obtained or until the date control ceased.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

b. Income Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid to the taxation authorities based on the current period's taxable income. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised directly in equity is recognised in equity and not in the income statement. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable differences except:

- When the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investment in subsidiaries, associates and interest in joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductable temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductable temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax related to items outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss.

Deferred tax items recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Vealls Limited and its wholly owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated group under the Tax Consolidation legalisation. Each entity in the group recognises its own current and deferred tax liabilities as a separate tax payer within the group, except for any deferred tax assets resulting from unused tax losses and tax credits which are immediately assumed by the parent entity. The current tax liability and tax loss of each entity is assumed by the parent entity. The group notified the ATO that it had formed an income tax consolidated group to apply from 1 July 2002.

c. Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realisable value.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

d. Foreign Currency Translation

Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each group entity is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Australian dollars using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction

Exchange differences arising on settlement of transactions and on the translation of monetary items at year end are recognised in either profit or loss.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised directly in other comprehensive income, the exchange component of that gain or loss shall be recognised directly in other comprehensive income, otherwise the exchange difference is recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign Operations

The financial results and position of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the group's presentation currency are translated as follows:

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated at year-end exchange rates prevailing at that reporting date. The revenues and expenses of foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars at average exchange rates, which approximate the rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations are recognised directly in the group's foreign currency translation reserve in other comprehensive income. These differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period when an operation is disposed.

e. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

f. Agricultural Assets

Agricultural assets are measured at their fair value less point-of-sale costs on initial recognition and at each reporting date. Fair value of mixed age forest timber is determined at current market price. The aggregate gain or loss arising on initial recognition and from changes in fair value less estimated point of sale costs is recognised as income or expense of the period.

g. Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property

Freehold land and buildings are shown at their fair value (being the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction), based on annual valuations by the directors or external independent valuers.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the re-valued amount of the asset.

A revaluation increment is credited to the asset revaluation reserve in equity, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrement for the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss, in which case the increment is recorded in profit or loss.

Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis less depreciation and impairment losses.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed as the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Value in use is determined on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the asset's employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

g. Property, Plant and Equipment (Cont'd)

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings and capitalised lease assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on either a straight line (Aust) or reducing balance (NZ) basis over their useful lives to the consolidated entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

Major depreciation periods are:30 June 201430 June 2013Freehold buildings40 years40 yearsPlant and equipment5 to 15 years5 to 15 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the profit or loss. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

h. Financial Instruments

Recognition

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on trade date, net of transaction costs, other than financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured at fair value, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out below.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so designated by management and within the requirements of AASB 139: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of these assets are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Held-to-maturity investments

These investments have fixed maturities, and it is the group's intention to hold these investments to maturity. Any held-to-maturity investments held by the group are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising original debt less principal payments and amortisation.

Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

Impairment

At each reporting date, the group assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged or significant decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the profit or loss.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

i. Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the group reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of comprehensive income.

Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

j. Asset replacement reserve

Amounts set aside from retained profits to this reserve provide for the escalating costs of replacing certain items of plant and equipment employed in the ski field operations.

k. Asset realisation reserve

Amounts of previous revaluation increments are transferred from asset revaluation reserve to asset realisation reserve in respect to disposals in the current period for non-current assets.

I. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

m. Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to reporting date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled. Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled within 12 months are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the consolidated entity in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

n. Investment property

Investment properties comprise interests in land and buildings, held for the purpose of long term capital growth. Initially, investment properties are measured at cost including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the investment properties are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined by reference to valuations carried out at each reporting date. These valuations take the form of either a director's valuation or independent valuation (which are carried out at least every 3 years). The fair value model is determined as the amount the investment properties would be sold in an arms length transaction between willing and knowledgeable parties. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in the period they arise.

o. Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised upon the delivery of goods to customers. Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets. Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established. Revenue from the rendering of a service is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the customers.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

p. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use of sale.

All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

q. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the relevant taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the cash flow statement on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

r. Discontinued Operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the consolidated entity that has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale and that represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of such a line of business or area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. The results of discontinued operations are presented separately on the face of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

s. Rounding of Amounts

The parent entity has applied the relief available to it under ASIC Class Order 98/100 and accordingly, amounts in the financial report and directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest \$1,000.

t. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements and estimates on historical experience and on other various factors it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Management has identified the following critical accounting policies for which significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are made. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions and may materially affect financial results or the financial position reported in future periods.

These significant judgements and estimates are as follows:

(a) Significant accounting judgements

In the process of applying accounting policies the directors and management make various judgements that can significantly affect the amounts recognised in the financial report.

(1) Classification of assets and liabilities:

Assessment is made of the appropriate classification of each group of assets and liabilities into current and non-current and the appropriate descriptions of the items in each such classification.

An asset is current when: it is expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when: it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle; is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are always classified as non-current.

(2) Impairment of assets:

Assessment is made of all the assets at each reporting date to determine that their carrying value is not in excess of their estimated recoverable amount.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

(3) Fair value measurement hierarchy:

The consolidated entity is required to classify all assets and liabilities, Measured at fair value, using a three level hierarchy, based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement, being: Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date; Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Considerable judgement is required to determine what is significant to fair value and therefore which category the asset or liability is placed in can be subjective.

The fair value of assets and liabilities classified as level 3 is determined by the use of valuation models. These include discounted cash flow analysis or the use of observable inputs that require significant adjustments based on unobservable inputs.

(4) Taxation:

Assessment is made of the types of arrangement considered to be a tax on income and whether deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are correctly recognised in the statement of financial position, with movements therein reflected in income tax expense for the reporting period.

(b) Significant accounting estimates and assumptions

(1) Estimation of useful life of assets:

Estimation of useful life of assets is based on historical experience and forecast trends that may affect their economic operation in the future. Adjustments to useful lives are made as and when necessary.

(2) Valuation of Investments:

Investments in Agricultural and Biological assets and Investment Properties are carried at fair value determined by an independent valuer (at least every three years) or by the director's estimate of fair value at other times after consultation with knowledgeable parties.

u. New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian accounting standards and interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the consolidated entity for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2014. The consolidated entity's assessment of the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations, most relevant to the consolidated entity, are set out below.

AASB 9 Financial Instruments and its consequential amendments

This standard and its consequential amendments are applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 and completes phases I and III of the IASB's project to replace IAS 39 (AASB 139) 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'. This standard introduces new classification and measurement models for financial assets, using a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortised cost or fair value. The accounting for financial liabilities continues to be classified and measured in accordance with AASB 139, with one exception, being that the portion of a change of fair value relating to the entity's own credit risk is to be presented in other comprehensive income unless it would create an accounting mismatch. Chapter 6 'Hedge Accounting' supersedes the general hedge accounting requirements in AASB 139 and provides a new simpler approach to hedge accounting that is intended to more closely align with risk management activities undertaken by entities when hedging financial and non-financial risks. The consolidated entity will adopt this standard and the amendments from 1 July 2017 but the impact of its adoption is yet to be assessed by the consolidated entity.

AASB 2013-3 Amendments to AASB 136 - Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets

These amendments are applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014. The disclosure requirements of AASB 136 'Impairment of Assets' has been enhanced to require additional information about the fair value measurement when the recoverable amount of impaired assets is based on fair value less costs of disposals. Additionally, is measured using a present value technique, the discount rate is required to be disclosed. The adoption of these amendments from 1 July 2014 may increase the disclosures by the consolidated entity.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

AASB 2013-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Investment Entities

These amendments are applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014 and allow entities that meet the definition of an 'investment entity' to account for their investments at fair value through profit or loss. An investment entity is not required to consolidate investments in entities it controls, or apply AASB 3 'Business Combinations' when it obtains control of another entity, nor is it required to equity account or proportionately consolidate associates and joint ventures if it meets the criteria for exemption in the standard. The adoption of these amendments from 1 July 2014 will have no impact on the consolidated entity.

IFRS 15 (issued June 2014) Revenue from Contracts with Customers

An entity will recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. This means that revenue will be recognised when control of goods or services is transferred, rather than on transfer of risks and rewards as is currently the case under IAS 18 Revenue. Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. Due to the recent release of this standard, the entity has not yet made a detailed assessment of the impact of this standard.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

NOTE 2: REVENUE	2014 \$000	2013 \$000
(a) Revenue - continuing operations		
from services	1,193	-
Total	1,193	-
(b) Other Revenue – continuing operations		
Interest	2,425	1,302
Dividends	2	9
— Sundry	2	-
Total	2,429	1,311
Total Revenue	3,622	1,311
- Net Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Property Plant &	_	146
Equipment	-	146
- Fair value gains	3,168	19
Total Other Income	3,168	165
Total Revenue and Other Income	6,790	1,476
NOTE 3: OTHER ITEMS	2014 \$000	2013 \$000
(a) Expenses – continuing operations		
Rental expense on operating leases	52	111
	52	111

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

		2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
NOTE	4: INCOME TAX EXPENSE		
(a)	Income tax expense		
	- Current income tax	1,249	981
	- Deferred income tax	(285)	(249)
	- Tax (over) provided in prior years	(167)	-
	Income tax expense	797	732
(b)	Income tax expense is attributable to:		
	Profit/(loss) from continuing operations	797	(356)
	Profit from discontinued operations	-	1,088
		797	732
(c)	Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit before tax multiplied by applicable tax rates		
	Profit before income tax from continuing operations	5,905	676
	Profit before income tax from discontinued operations	7,704	3,515
	Accounting profit before tax	13,609	4,191
	Income tax at 30%	4,083	1,257
	- Non taxable capital gain	(2,119)	(5)
	- Non taxable fair value	(840)	-
	- Other	35	-
	- Foreign tax adjustment	(195)	(184)
	- Foreign exchange and other translation adjustments	-	(638)
	Under (over) provision in prior years	(167)	
	Income tax expense	797	732

Note:

During the year ended 30 June 2011 the operations of Cardrona ski field in New Zealand were transferred from Cardrona Ski Resort Limited to Vealls (Singapore) Pte Ltd, both wholly owned subsidiaries of the company, as part of an internal reorganisation of their functions.

Aspects of the transaction involved were complex and included, in particular, the incidence of tax. It is possible that material income tax expense could be incurred, in which case there would be a reduction in the net income and shareholders' equity of the company.

The directors, however, considered such a result unlikely and accordingly no adjustment has been made in the financial statements to reflect such an eventuality. Subsequently, New Zealand Inland Revenue commenced an audit in November 2012 of Cardrona Ski Resort Limited that is currently ongoing. This development is being assessed.

NOTE 5: COMPENSATION FOR KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Short-term benefits	213	215
Long-term benefits	20	20
Total Compensation	233	235

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

NOTE 6: DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Description

With effect from 20 June 2013 the operations of the Cardrona ski field in New Zealand were sold. In addition the group's remaining pastoral interests were also disposed of in the 2014 financial year. These sales are part of the rationalisation of the group.

Financial performance information

	Consolidated	
	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Sale of services	39	10,597
Sale of goods	-	1,744
Interest received	-	412
Other		436
Total revenue	39	13,189
Cost of sales	-	(748)
Employee benefit expense	-	(4,014)
Depreciation and amortization expense	-	(1,570)
Other expenses	(39)	(3,342)
Total expenses	(39)	(9,674)
Profit before income tax expense	-	3,515
Income tax expense	-	(1,129)
Profit after income tax expense	-	2,386
Profit on disposal before income tax expense	7,704	-
Income tax expense	-	-
Profit on disposal after income tax expense	7,704	-
Profit after income tax expense from discontinued operations	7,704	2,386

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

Cash flow information

	Consolidate	
	2014	2013
	\$'000	\$'000
Net cash from operating activities	_	3,376
Net cash provided from investing activities	42,946	354
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents from discontinued operations	42,946	3,730
	Consol	
	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Carrying amounts of assets and liabilities disposed		
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables	- 132	-
Inventories Property, plant and equipment	267 38,066	-
Total assets	38,465	
Trade and other payables Provisions	(3,032) (191)	-
Total liabilities	(3,223)	
Net assets	35,242	-
	Consol	lidated
	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Details of the disposal		•
Total sale consideration Carrying amount of net assets disposed	42,946 (35,242)	<u>-</u>
Profit on disposal before income tax	7,704	
Income tax expense Profit on disposal after income tax	7,704	<u>-</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

NO	TE 7: DIVIDENDS	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
		*	*
	tributions paid		
Pre	evious year final dividend paid on 31 October 2013		
i)	Fully franked dividend on preference shares of 0.35 cents per share (2012: 0.35 cents per share)	1	1
ii)	Fully franked dividend on income shares of 5.10 cents per share (2012: 5.10 cents per share)	144	141
iii)	Fully franked dividend on capital shares of 0.50 cents per share (2012: 0.50 cents per share)	44	44
		189	186
Cu	rrent year interim dividend paid on 30 April 2014:		
i)	Fully franked dividend on preference shares of 0.35 cents per share (2013: 0.35 cents per share)	1	1
ii)	Fully franked dividend on income shares of 5.30 cents per share (2013: 5.20 cents per share)	146	143
		147	144
Tot	al dividends	336	330
Div	idends proposed but not recognised as a liability payable:		
i)	Fully franked dividend on preference shares of 0.35 cents per share (2013: 0.35 cents per share)	1	1
ii)	Fully franked dividend on income shares of 5.30 cents per share (2013: 5.20 cents per share)	146	143
iii)	Fully franked dividend on capital shares of 0.50 cents per share (2013: 0.50		
	cents per share)	44	44
		191	188
	ranking credit balance	Parent 2014 \$'000	Parent 2013 \$'000
•	ne amount of franking credits available for the subsequent financial year are: Franking account balance at the beginning of the financial year Franking debits from the payment of dividends during the financial year Franking account balance at the end of the financial year	3,005 (144) 2,861	3,147 (142) 3,005
TI	ne amount of franking credits available for future reporting periods: Impact on the franking account of dividends declared before the financial report was authorised for issue but not recognised as a distribution to equity holders during the period.	(82)	(81)

Tax rates: Tax rates at which the paid dividends have been franked is 30% (2013: 30%)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
NOTE 8: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash at bank and in hand	447	593
Short-term bank deposits	99,234	50,315
Total	99,681	50,908
NOTE 9: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
Current Assets		
Sundry receivables	-	578
Goods and services tax	17	18
Prepayments		10
Total	17	606
NOTE 10: AGRICULTURAL AND BIOLOGICAL ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cattle - at fair value		4
Non Current Assets		
Standing timber – at fair value		
(Foret de Leyde – Moulins, France)	3,345	2,898
NOTE 11: INVESTMENT PROPERTIES		
Non Current Assets		
(a) Freehold Land (Mt Martha, Vic) – at fair value		
Opening Balance at 1 July	14,400	14,400
Net gain on revaluation	2,800	-
Closing Balance at 30 June	17,200	14,400
(b) Freehold land and buildings (France) – at fair value		
Opening Balance at 1 July	1,376	1,207
Foreign Exchange Movement	38	169
Closing Balance at 30 June	1,414	1,376
Totals	18,614	15,776
Valuations of investment properties		

Valuations of investment properties

The basis of the valuation of investment properties is fair value, being the amounts for which the properties could be exchanged between willing parties in an arm's length transaction, based on current prices in an active market for similar properties in the same location and condition. The Mt Martha property valuation is based on an independent assessment by a member of the Australian Property Institute and the French property by an independent Expert Forestier. Refer to note 27 for further information on fair value measurement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

	2014	2013
	\$'000	\$'000
NOTE 12: INVENTORIES		
Current		
Ski field merchandise - at cost	-	346
NOTE 13: NON-CURRENT ASSETS - AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Listed ordinary shares	218	240
Reconciliation		
Reconciliation of the fair values at the beginning and end of the current financial year are set out below:		
Opening fair value	240	318
Revaluation decrements	(22)	(78)
Closing fair value	218	240

Refer to note 27 for further information on fair value measurement.

NOTE 14: CONTROLLED ENTITIES

	Country of Incorporation	Percentage Own	ed (%)*
Parent Entity:		2014	2013
Vealls Limited	Australia	-	-
Subsidiaries of Vealls Limited :			
Swintons Pty Ltd (b)	Australia	100	100
VL Finance Pty Ltd (a)	Australia	-	100
VL Credits Pty Ltd (a)	Australia	-	100
VL Investments Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Tunrove Pty Ltd (a)	Australia	-	100
VL Pastoral Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Cardrona Ski Resort Ltd	New Zealand	100	100
Vealls (NZ) Ltd (c)	New Zealand	-	100
Vealls (Singapore) Pte Ltd	Singapore	100	100

^{*} Percentage of voting power in proportion to ownership

Deregistered during the 2014 financial year Deregistered on 14 July 2014 (a)

⁽b)

In accordance with the provisions of the New Zealand Companies Act 1993 this company was (c) amalgamated with Cardrona Ski Resort Ltd on 1 June 2014.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
NOTE 15: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Current Liabilities		
Trade payables	10	856
Other payables	169	2,702
Total	179	3,558
Due to the short-term nature of these payables, their carrying value is assumed to approximate their fair value.		
NOTE 16: DEFERRED TAX		

NOTE 16: DEFERRED TAX

(a) Deferred Tax Assets

P	Annual leave	18	67
L	ong service leave	37	47
(Carry forward tax loss		257
7	Total	55	371
N	Novements		
В	Balance 1 July	371	107
C	Charged/(Credited) to income	(316)	264
В	Balance 30 June	55	371
(b) [Deferred Tax Liabilities		
I	nvestments	40	21
A	Agricultural & biological assets	220	25
F	Property plant & equipment	-	(1)
7	Total	260	45
N	Novements		
В	Balance 1 July	861	816
C	Charged/(Credited) to income	(601)	45
В	Balance 30 June	260	861

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

NOTE 17: PROVISIONS	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Current Liabilities		
Annual leave	61	237
Long service leave	123	158
Total	184	395
NOTE 18: ISSUED CAPITAL		
40,474 (2013: 40,474) fully paid preference shares	4	4
2,775,108 (2013: 2,775,108) fully paid income shares	344	344
8,873,860 (2013: 8,873,860) fully paid capital shares	887	887
	1,235	1,235
(a) Preference shares	2014 No.	2013 No.
At the beginning and end of period	40,474	40,474

Dividends: Preference shareholders are entitled to receive a fixed cumulative preferential dividend of 7% p.a. on paid up capital.

Winding-up: Preference shareholders are entitled to repayment of the capital paid up on preference shares in priority to all other shareholders.

(b)	Income shares	2014 No.	2013 No.
	At the beginning and end of period	2,775,108	2,775,108

Dividends: Income shareholders are entitled to receive dividends as declared in priority to dividends being paid on Capital shares.

Winding-up: Income shareholders are entitled to repayment of the capital paid up on income shares and an additional amount of 40c per share in priority to any repayment of capital shares.

		2014	2013
(c)	Capital shares	No.	No.
	At the beginning and end of period	8,873,860	8,873,860

Dividends: Capital shareholders are entitled to receive dividends as declared.

Winding-up: Capital shareholders are entitled to repayment of the capital paid up on capital shares and all surplus assets.

(d) Capital Management

Management's objective is to ensure that the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Management also aims to maintain a capital structure that ensures the lowest cost of capital available to the entity.

There was no gearing ratio as at 30 June 2014 and 2013 as there were no external loans or borrowings.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

	2014	2013
NOTE 19: AUDITORS' REMUNERATION	\$	\$
Remuneration of the auditor of the parent entity for:		
 auditing or reviewing the financial report 	38,800	42,400
other services	4,400	10,300
Remuneration of other auditors of subsidiaries for:		
 auditing or reviewing the financial report of subsidiaries and other 		
services	27,600	49,600
	70,800	102,300

NOTE 20: RESERVES

(a) Asset Revaluation Reserve

The asset revaluation reserve records increases and decreases in the fair value of non-current assets to the extent they offset one another. The reserve can only be used to pay dividends in limited circumstances.

(b) General Reserve

The general reserve records funds set aside for future expansion of the consolidated entity. The reserve contains sums prudentially appropriated from profits. It is available to pay dividends or anything else payable from retained earnings. This reserve has been transferred to retained earnings.

(c) Asset Replacement Reserve

The asset replacement reserve was used to accumulate sums necessary to meet the cost of replacing ski field capital equipment when required. It may be used to pay dividends or issue bonus shares. Due to the disposal of the ski field the reserve has been transferred to retained earnings.

(d) Foreign Currency Translation Reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve records exchange differences arising on translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries.

(e) Asset Realisation Reserve

The asset realisation reserve records realised gains on the sale of non-current assets.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

NOTE 21: EARNINGS PER SHARE	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Reconciliation of earnings to profit	* 333	*
Profit after tax	12,812	3,459
Preference & Income share dividends	(292)	(286)
Earnings used to calculate basic and diluted earnings per share	12,520	3,173
	2014 No. of shares	2013 No. of shares
Weighted average numbers of shares		
used in calculating basic and diluted		
earnings per share (capital shares)	8,873,860	8,873,860
<u>-</u>	8,873,860	8,873,860
Earnings per share from continuing operations Earnings per share from discontinued operations Earnings per capital share	54.27 cents 86.82 cents 141.09 cents	8.87 cents 26.89 cents 35.76 cents
NOTE 22: CAPITAL AND LEASING COMMITMENTS	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Operating Lease Commitments		
Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements		
Payable — minimum lease payments	5.4	77
— not later than 12 months— between 12 months and 5 years	54	77 24
Total	54	101
-		
NOTE 23: CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operations with Profit		
after Income Tax		
Profit after Income tax	12,812	3,459
Non-cash flows in profit		
Depreciation	-	1,569
Fair value gains	(3,168)	(19)
Net (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(7,704)	(147)
Dividend / Interest income classified as investing activities	(2,427)	(1,723)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	393	(381)
Decrease in agricultural assets	4	-
Decrease in inventories	-	(160)
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables and other payables	(909)	1,003
Increase/(decrease) in tax balances	1,172	(120)
Increase in provisions	8	26
Net cash from operating activities	181	3,507
		·

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

NOTE 24: SEGMENT INFORMATION

Identification of reportable segments.

The Group has identified its operating segments based on internal reports used by management and the Board of Directors in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources. The reportable segments are based on aggregated operating segments determined by the nature of the principle activities undertaken.

Description of each segment.

Skifield.

The skifield business was operated by Cardrona Alpine Resort in the South Island of New Zealand, between Wanaka and Queenstown until its assets were sold and settled in November 2013.

Investment.

The investment business comprises interest bearing deposits, listed shares and freehold land at Mt Martha Vic. and near Moulins. France.

Agriculture.

The agricultural business was based at the Clear Springs Station near Jingellic NSW, until it was sold in April 2014. Forestry is conducted at Foret de Leyde near Moulins, France.

Major Customers

The Group did not have any one customer to which it provided products and services amounting to more than 10% of the Group revenue in 2014 or 2013.

Accounting Policies

The table below represents revenue and profit information for reportable segments for the year ended 30 June 2014 and 2013.

Segment revenue and expenses are those directly attributable to the segment. Segment assets include all assets used by a segment and consist principally of cash, receivables, term deposits and property, plant and equipment, net of allowances and accumulated depreciation. Segment liabilities consist principally of payables and employee benefits.

Revenue from external customers by geographical locations is detailed below. Revenue is attributed to geographic location based on the location of the assets.

Revenue by geographic locations	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
From outside Australia	11,043	14,259
From inside Australia	322	387
	11,365	14,646

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

30 June 2014				
	Ski field \$'000	Investments \$'000	Agriculture \$'000	Total \$'000
Segment Revenue	·	·	·	·
Sales to external customers	-	-	-	-
Other revenue/income	-	6,422	407	6,829
Total segment revenue/income	-	6,422	407	6,829
Segment net operating profit before tax	<u> </u>	5,537	368	5,905
ASSETS				
Segment assets		117,171	4,759	121,930
LIABILITIES				
Segment liabilities	-	1,705	220	1,925
30 June 2013	Skifield	Investments	A awi a ultura	Total
	\$'000	Investments \$'000	Agriculture \$'000	Total \$'000
Segment Revenue	Ψοσο	Ψ 000	Ψ	Ψ 000
Sales to external customers	12,341	-	-	12,341
Other revenue	568	1,398	339	2,305
Total segment revenue	12,909	1,398	339	14,646
Segment net operating profit before tax	3,362	622	188	4,172
ASSETS				
Segment assets	41,398	61,007	6,197	108,602
LIABILITIES				
Segment liabilities	3,817	297	830	4,944
Interest received	354	1,360	-	1,714
Depreciation	(1,556)	-	(14)	(1,570)
Fair value gains (losses)	-	(78)	19	(59)
Foreign currency translation gains				
(losses)	3,445	284	524	4,253
Income tax expense/(benefit)	1,088	(412)	56	732

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

NOTE 25: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

a) Transactions with related parties	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
- Advances from subsidiary to parent entity	6,142	27
 Dividends paid by subsidiary to parent entity 	30,972	-
b) Key management personnel equity holdings	Balance as at 30/6/14	Balance as at 30/6/13
Fully paid capital shares of Vealls Limited	No.	No.
Specified Directors		
lan Raymond Veall	7,903,890	7,903,890
Martin Charles Veall	749,800	749,800
Robert Sidney Righetti	500	500
Duncan Reginald Veall	748,329	748,000
	9,402,519	9,402,190
Fully paid income shares of Vealls Limited	No.	No.
Specified Directors		
lan Raymond Veall	1,954,699	1,954,699
Martin Charles Veall	589,879	589,879
Robert Sidney Righetti	-	-
Duncan Reginald Veall	-	
	2,544,578	2,544,578
Fully paid preference shares of Vealls Limited	No.	No.
Specified Directors		
lan Raymond Veall	-	-
Martin Charles Veall	-	-
Robert Sidney Righetti	-	-
Duncan Reginald Veall	30,058	30,058
	30,058	30,058

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

NOTE 26: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Financial Risk Management

The group's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, investments, accounts receivable and payable.

Financial Risks

The main risks the group is exposed to through its financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, liquidity risk, credit risk.

(i) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk arises from the consolidated entity's short term bank deposits at variable interest rates denominated in AUD, NZD, USD and SGD.

No hedging or derivatives are used and all movements are reflected directly in profit or loss. During the year deposit interest rates per centum per annum varied between:

AUD	NZD	USD	SGD
3.57% - 2.40%	4.15% - 3.50%	0.10% - 0.02%	0.16% - 0.02%

At 30 June 2014 short term bank deposits in AUD functional currency totalled \$99.681m.

A movement of +/- 1% in deposit interest rates would amount to \$997,000 per annum in Interest Received/Receivable.

(ii) Market risk

Foreign currency risk

Foreign exchange risk arises when transactions are denominated in a currency that is not the consolidated entity's functional currency. This risk is minimal as there are few translations of little value.

The translation of the income statement of foreign subsidiary companies directly affects their operating results in AUD terms. Similarly, the translation of the assets and liabilities of such companies is reflected in Equity (Foreign Currency Translation Reserve).

The carrying amount of the consolidated entity's foreign currency denominated financial assets and financial liabilities at the reporting date was as follows:

	Α	ssets	Liab	ilities
Consolidated	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
US dollars Singapore dollars New Zealand dollars	1,581 724 60,188	1,604 725 17,448	1 1,143	- - 3,871
	62,493	19,777	1,144	3,871

The consolidated entity had net assets denominated in foreign currencies of \$61,349,000 (assets \$62,493,000 less liabilities \$1,144,000) as at 30 June 2014 (2013: \$15,906,000 (assets \$19,777,000 less liabilities \$3,871,000)). Based on this exposure, had the Australian dollar weakened by 10% strengthened by 5% (2013: weakened by 5%/strengthened by 5%) against these foreign currencies with all other variables held constant, the consolidated entity's profit before tax for the year would have been nil lower/nil higher (2013: nil lower/nil higher) and equity would have been \$6,249,000 lower/\$6,249,000 higher (2013: \$795,000 lower/\$759,000 higher). The percentage change is the expected overall volatility of the significant currencies, which is based on management's assessment of reasonable possible fluctuations taking into consideration movements over the last 6 months each year and the spot rate at each reporting date.

Price risk

The consolidated entity is not exposed to any significant price risk.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

(iii)Liquidity Risk

Analysis of financial assets and liabilities.

The risk implied from the values shown in the table below, reflects a balanced view of cash inflows and outflows. Financial assets to liabilities show a ratio that provides adequate liquidity to cover the Group's present and future operations.

	2014	2013
	\$'000	\$'000
Year ended 30 June	Within 6 Months	Within 6 Months
Financial Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	99,681	50,908
Trade & other receivables	17	606
Available- for-sale financial assets	218	240
Total	99,916	51,754
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	179	3,558
Total	179	3,558
Net difference:	99,737	48,196

(iv)Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the potential default of the counter parties to the consolidated entity's deposits and trade and other receivables.

All deposits are placed with major trading banks of high rating and all credit customers are assessed on the basis of their financial position, past experience and industry reputation. Limits are set for each individual customer and regularly monitored.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

NOTE 27: FAIR VALUE MEASURMENT

The Group uses various methods in estimating the fair value of assets designated or measured at fair The methods comprise:

Level 1 – the fair value is calculated using quoted prices in active markets.

Level 2 – the fair value is estimated using inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices).

Level 3 – the fair value is estimated using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The assets carried at fair value as well as the methods used to estimate the fair value is summarised in the table below:

Fair value measurement

i ali value illeasurellielli				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Consolidated - 2014	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assets				
	218			218
Listed ordinary shares at fair value	210	-	-	_
Investment properties	=	=	18,614	18,614
Agricultural & Biological Assets	-	-	3,345	3,345
Total assets	218	=	21,959	22,177
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Consolidated - 2013	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assets				
Listed ordinary shares at fair value	240	-	-	240
Investment properties	-	-	15,776	15,776
Agricultural & Biological Assets	-	-	2,898	2,898
Total assets	240	-	18,674	18,914

Assets held for sale are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis.

There were no transfers between levels during the financial year.

Level 3 assets and liabilities

Movements in level 3 assets and liabilities during the current and previous financial year are set out below:

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

Consolidated	Investment Properties Mt Martha \$'000	Investment Properties France \$'000	Agricultural & Biological assets Trees France \$'000	Total \$'000
Balance at 1 July 2012	14,400	1,207	2,533	18,140
Gains recognised in profit or loss	-	-	19	19
Foreign exchange movement	-	169	355	524
Disposals			(5)	(5)
Balance at 30 June 2013	14,400	1,376	2,902	18,678
Gains/(losses) recognised from profit or loss	2,800	-	368	3,168
Foreign exchange movement	-	38	79	117
Disposals			(4)	(4)
Balance at 30 June 2014	17,200	1,414	3,345	21,959

The level 3 assets and liabilities unobservable inputs and sensitivity are as follows:

Description	Unobservable inputs	Average	Sensitivity
Freehold Land- Mt Martha	\$17,200,000	5.0%	5% change would increase/decrease fair value by \$860,000
Freehold land- France	\$1,414,000	5.0%	5% change would increase/decrease fair value by \$70,700
Valuation has been based on direct comparison approwhereby similar sales at market value have been analyto determine value.	•		
Agricultural & Biological Assets- Trees France	\$3,345,000	5.0%	5% change would increase/decrease fair value by \$167,250

The estimation of the woods is based on the value of consumption net of cuts made between 2003 and 2014. Consumption value reflects the product of the total sale of trees on the plot.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

NOTE 28: PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

NOTE 20. I ARENT ENTITY INFORMATION		
Information relating to Vealls Limited:	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Current Assets	37,051	686
Total Assets	85,806	56,141
Current Liabilities	342	143
Total Liabilities	42,196	51,359
Issued Capital	1,235	1,235
Assets Revaluation Reserve	1,022	1,045
General Reserve	-	987
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	(1,621)	(1,738)
Retained Earnings	42,974	3,253
Total Shareholders' equity	43,610	4,782
Profit/(Loss) of the parent entity	30,950	(513)
Total comprehensive income of the parent entity	31,045	(67)
NOTE 29: NON-CURRENT ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE		
	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Property plant and equipment – Clear Springs	-	5,994
Property plant and equipment – Cardrona Alpine Resort	-	31,459
Total non-current assets classified as held for sale	- -	37,453

NOTE 30: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In the opinion of the directors there has not arisen since the end of the financial year any matter or circumstance that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the consolidated entity or the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the consolidated entity in financial years after the financial year ended 30 June 2014 except as referred to and to be inferred from the Financial Report.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

NOTE 31: COMPANY DETAILS

The registered office of the company is:

Vealls Limited 1st Floor, 484 Toorak Road Toorak, Vic 3142

The principal place of business is:

Vealls Limited 1st Floor, 484 Toorak Road Toorak, Vic 3142

Vealls Limited ABN 39 004 288 000

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

- (1) In the opinion of the directors of Vealls Limited -
- (a) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (b) The attached financial statements and notes thereto comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements.
- (c) The attached financial statements and notes that comply with International Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in note 1 to the financial statements.
- (d) The attached financial statements and notes thereto give a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2014 and its performance for the financial year ended on that date.
- (2) The directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 for the year ended 30 June 2014.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Ian Raymond Veall Executive Chairman

Melbourne, 29th September 2014



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Vealls Limited

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Vealls Limited, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2014, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards*.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

BDO East Coast Partnership ABN 83 236 985 726 is a member of a national association of independent entities which are all members of BDO Australia Ltd ABN 77 050 110 275, an Australian company limited by guarantee. BDO East Coast Partnership and BDO Australia Ltd are members of BDO International Ltd, a UK company limited by guarantee, and form part of the international BDO network of independent member firms. Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation (other than for the acts or omissions of financial services licensees) in each State or Territory other than Tarmania.



Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of Vealls Limited, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Vealls Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2014 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001;
- (b) the financial report also complies with *International Financial Reporting Standards* as disclosed in Note 1.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 5 to 7 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2014. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Vealls Limited for the year ended 30 June 2014 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

BDO East Coast Partnership

Richard Dean

Partner

Melbourne, 29 September 2014

ASX Additional Information

Additional information required by the Australian Stock Exchange Ltd and not shown elsewhere in this report is as follows. The information is current as at 30 September 2014.

(a) Distribution of equity securities

The number of shareholders, by size of holding, in each class of share are:

			Capital	shares	Income shares		Preference shares	
			Number of holders	Number of shares	Number of holders	Number of shares	Number of holders	Number of shares
1	-	1,000	43	19,951	35	17,581	9	2,466
1,001	-	5,000	26	66,535	26	61,932	4	11,600
5,001	-	10,000	14	114,556	10	84,967	-	-
10,001	-	100,000	17	643,618	24	655,929	1	26,408
100,001	-	and over	4	8,029,200	2	1,954,699	-	-
			104	8,873,860	97	2,775,108	14	40,474
	ders arket	holding less able parcel	1	3	9	1,481	4	316

(b) Twenty largest shareholdersThe names of the twenty largest holders of quoted shares are:

		Listed Cap	ital shares
		Number of shares	Percentage (%)
1. Ijack Pty Lto	I	7,000,000	78.88
2. Winmardun	Pty Ltd	748,000	8.43
Josseck Pty	Ltd	185,160	2.09
4. Veall I R		155,890	1.76
5. Moffatt J G	M	103,026	1.16
6. Laurence G	+ Morrison J R	91,600	1.03
7. Hayman P s	I	80,000	0.90
8. UBS Wealth	Management Aust Nominees	56,956	0.64
9. Angueline Ir	nvestments Pty Ltd	55,000	0.62
10. BNP Pariba	s Nominees NZ Ltd	39,895	0.45
11. Common Se	ense Investments Pty Ltd	39,394	0.44
12. Ryan C & J		30,000	0.34
13. Carrington A	Avenue Pty Ltd	27,356	0.31
14. Anberton Pt	y Ltd	19,000	0.21
15. Finarg1 SV	CS Co Ltd	18,417	0.21
16. Laurence J	& Stanton C	15,000	0.17
17. Armstrong N	<i>I</i> А	14,000	0.16
18. Kidmun Inve	estments Pty Ltd	10,800	0.12
19. Capbrin Pty	Ltd	10,000	0.11
20. Scicluna D	+ A	9,800	0.11
		8,709,294	98.14

ASX Additional Information - continued

	Listed Income	e shares
	Number of shares	Percentage (%)
1. Shirvell Pty Ltd	1,364,820	49.18
2. Farex Pty Ltd	589,879	21.26
3. Moffatt J G M	100,000	3.60
4. Kylenet Pty Ltd	70,000	2.52
5. National Nominees Ltd	48,531	1.75
6. Balcombe Griffiths Pty Ltd	36,315	1.31
7. Veall K L	36,000	1.30
8. Clayton J R M	30,000	1.08
9. Forsyth Barr Custodians Ltd	29,333	1.06
10. Helms D N	28,750	1.04
11. Tink Y L	28,750	1.04
12. Colman L P	27,500	0.99
13. Curry N G	23,000	0.83
14. Barry-Scott U J	22,000	0.79
15. Miller T W	22,000	0.79
16. Dare H J	20,000	0.72
17. Maiden J N F	20,000	0.72
18. 334 Capital Pty Ltd	20,000	0.72
19. Parsons L M J	18,000	0.65
20. Saker V J	15,000	0.54
	2,549,878	91.89

	Listed Preferer	nce shares
	Number of shares	Percentage (%)
1. Veall D R	26,408	65.25
2. Ryan C & J	4,350	10.75
3. DRV Superannuation Fund	3,650	9.01
4. Common Sense Investments Pty Ltd	2,150	5.31
5. Leaver A M	1,450	3.58
6. Batoka Pty Ltd	600	1.48
7. Leaver G A	500	1.24
8. XYZ Nominees Pty Ltd	500	1.24
9. Albrecht G E	300	0.74
10. Cameron K V M	250	0.62
11. Estate Dinneen M E	100	0.25
12. Currie A M	100	0.25
13. Pasamonte G A	66	0.16
14. Tweed D	50	0.12
	40,474	100.00

ASX Additional Information - continued

(c) Substantial shareholders

The names of substantial shareholders who have notified the Company in accordance with section 671B of the Corporations Act 2001 are:

Name	Number of Capital shares	Number of Income Shares
ljack Pty Ltd	7,906,019	1,954,699
Shirvell Pty Ltd	7,906,019	1,954,699
St Columb Ltd	7,906,019	1,954,699
Ian Raymond Veall	7,906,019	1,954,699
Shirley Margaret Veall	7,906,019	1,954,699
Winmardun Pty Ltd	7,906,019	1,954,699
Farex Pty Ltd	7,906,019	1,954,699
Martin Charles Veall	7,906,019	1,954,699
Winton Arthur Veall	7,906,019	1,954,699
Duncan Reginald Veall	7,906,019	1,954,699

(d) Voting Rights

Below is an extract from the Articles of association detailing voting rights

- 72 (a) SUBJECT to Article 28 and to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares every member present in person or represented by proxy or Representative shall on a show of hands have one vote and on a poll every member who is present in person or by proxy or Representative shall have two votes for every Capital share held by him, one vote for every five Income shares held by him and (in such cases as the holders of Preference shares are entitled to vote) four votes for every Preference share held by him.
 - (b) If at any time upon a poll the votes exercised for or those exercised against a motion by or on behalf of any twenty members would in aggregate and but for the provisions of this paragraph exceed 66 per centum of the votes exercisable by or on behalf of all the members of the Company then and in every such case the votes so exercised by or on behalf of such twenty members shall be deemed to amount in the aggregate to such 66 per centum only and all the other members shall be deemed entitled between them to exercise the remaining 34 per centum. The votes exercised as aforesaid by or on behalf of such twenty members shall be deemed to have been exercised as between themselves in proportion to the number of votes which but for this paragraph would have been exercisable by them or on their behalf as the case may be and the votes which the other members of the Company shall be deemed exercisable as between those members in proportion to the number of votes which but for this paragraph each would have been entitled to exercise.

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Corporate Governance Statement

Pursuant to Listing Rule 4.10.3 the directors state that the corporate governance framework established by the board in respect to the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Principles and Recommendations is as described below:

PRINCIPLE 1: "Lay foundations for management and oversight".

Recommendation 1.1 Establish the functions reserved to the board and those delegated to senior

executives and disclose those functions.

Compliance: Yes.

Comment: The primary function of the board is to determine the strategic direction and

objectives of the company's operations and the means by which those

objectives can best be realized in the short and longer term.

This involves in particular the timely review of actual results against the

objectives (financial and otherwise) and taking action(s) as appropriate in all the

circumstances.

The directors and their responsibilities at 30 June 2014 were as under:

lan Raymond Veall Executive Chairman, with primary responsibility for the management of

Investments and Finance Activities.

Martin Charles Veall Executive Director, with primary responsibility for the management of

Agricultural and Forestry Activities.

Duncan Reginald Veall Executive Director, with primary responsibility for the New Zealand subsidiary

companies.

Robert Sidney Righetti Non-Executive Director, with primary responsibility to act as an Independent

Director.

It is noted that each of the Veall name individuals has a dual function; firstly, in

his role as a director, and secondly, in his role as an executive with

management responsibilities.

Recommendation 1.2: Disclose the process for evaluating the performance of senior executives.

Compliance: Yes.

Comment: The only senior executives of the company and the consolidated entity are the

three Veall name individuals. Their performance is evaluated by reference to the criteria set out in the Remuneration Report in the Directors' Report at page 9.

Recommendation 1.3: Provide information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 1.

Compliance: Yes.

Comment: The board believes there are no departures from Recommendations 1.1, 1.2 or

1.3 and that the process of evaluation of the performance of senior executives

has taken place and is in accordance with the criteria set out in the

Remuneration Report.

PRINCIPLE 2: "Structure the board to add value".

Recommendation 2.1: A majority of the board should be independent directors.

Compliance: No.

Comment: The board is comprised of three executive directors and one independent

director. Mr Robert Sidney Righetti is considered to be an independent director as he is not a substantial shareholder or otherwise associated with a substantial shareholder of the company; is not, and has not previously been employed in an

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executive capacity by the company or another group member; has not within the last three years been a principal of a material professional advisor or a material consultant to the company or another group member, or an employee materially associated with the service provided; is not a material supplier or customer of the company or other group member; or an officer of or otherwise associated directly or indirectly with a material supplier or customer; and has not a material contractual relationship with the company or another group member other than as a director. The board makes regular assessment of Mr Righetti's independent status as a director.

Recommendation 2.2: The chair should be an independent director.

Compliance: No

Comment: Refer to closing comment below.

Recommendation 2.3: The roles of the chair and the chief executive officer should not be exercised by

the same individual.

Compliance: No.

Comment: Refer to closing comment below.

Recommendation 2.4: The board should establish a nomination committee.

Compliance: No.

Comment: Refer to closing comment below.

Recommendation 2.5: Disclose the process for evaluating the performance of the board, its

committees and individual directors.

Compliance: Yes.

Comment: Refer to the Remuneration Report in the Directors' Report at page 9.

Recommendation 2.6: Provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 2.

Compliance: Yes.

Comment: The skills, experience and expertise relevant to the position of director held by

each director in office at the date of the annual report and the period of office held by each director in office at the date of the annual report is set out in the

Director's Report at page 3.

The name of the director considered to be an independent director is Robert Sidney Righetti who has no material relationship with the company or another

group member, other than as a director.

There is a procedure agreed by the board for directors to take independent professional advice at the expense of the company. A performance evaluation for the board, its committees and the directors has taken place in the reporting

period that was in accordance with the process disclosed.

The board's policy for the nomination and appointment of directors is to confer with St Columb Ltd, the company's ultimate holding company, on such matters.

Closing Comment: The Veall family is the principle shareholder group and has been so since 1951

when the company was listed on the ASX. It holds 74.26% of Preference shares, 70.44% of Income shares and 89.09% of Capital shares and is therefore in effective control of the appointment, election and in certain circumstances

retirement of directors.

The reason why Recommendations 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, and 2.4 have not been complied with is that St Columb Ltd has endorsed the existing composition of the board and how it functions as being in the best interests of all shareholders.

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PRINCIPLE 3: "Promote ethical and responsible decision-making".

Establish a code of conduct and disclose the code or a summary of the code. Recommendation 3.1:

Compliance: No.

The board believes it is unnecessary for a specific code of conduct to be Comment: established to govern the actions of its members and senior executives, as high moral standards are conscientiously maintained and applied by them to their

own actions and in supervision of the company's employees so far as this is

practicable.

The board further believes that moral and ethical behavior basically rests on an individual's recognition of the distinction between right and wrong conduct in any

given situation and to them taking the correct action.

What constitutes right and wrong is a complex matter in itself and uncertain even in the prescriptive conditions of the law, let alone in many diverse

situations.

Establish a policy concerning diversity and disclose the policy or a summary of Recommendation 3.2:

that policy.

Yes. Compliance:

Comment: The company has a policy of non-discrimination against the people it employs on the criterion of age, creed, gender, political views, race or social mores.

> It would therefore be inconsistent with that policy to also adopt an objective to decide the composition of the company's workforce on the basis of gender.

Recommendation 3.3: Disclose in each annual report the objectives of achieving gender diversity.

Compliance: No.

Compliance:

Comment: The company has not adopted an objective of achieving gender diversity.

Recommendation 3.4: Disclose in each annual report the proportion of women employees (1) in the

whole organization, (2) in senior executive positions and (3) on the board.

Yes.

Comment: The proportion of women employees was as under:

(1) 20%

(2) 20%

(3) 0%

PRINCIPLE 4: "Safeguard integrity in financial reporting".

Establish an audit committee. Recommendation 4.1:

Compliance: Yes.

There is an audit committee of Mr R S Righetti as chairman and Mr M C Veall Comment: that has direct access to the company's external auditor in relation to all audit matters. It is responsible for the integrity of the company's financial reporting through review of its financial statements and ensuring the independence of the

external auditor.

Recommendation 4.2: The audit committee should be structured so that it consists only of nonexecutive directors, consists of a majority if independent directors, is chaired by

an independent chair who is not chair of the board and has a least three

members.

(1) Yes, as the committee is chaired by an independent director who is not Compliance:

chair of the board and

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(2) No to the remaining recommendations.

Comment: The structure of the board, comprising three executive directors and one

independent director precludes the adoption of the remaining recommendations.

Recommendation 4.3: The audit committee should have a formal charter.

Compliance: No.

Comment: The nature and in particular the scale of the company's operations makes a

formal audit committee charter inappropriate in such circumstances.

Recommendation 4.4: Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on

Principle 4.

Compliance: Yes.

Comment: The names and qualifications of the audit committee are as follows. R S Righetti is a Chartered Accountant with 43 years experience in accounting and auditing

and has been an independent director since 1996. Mr M C Veall holds a diploma of Farm Management (Marcus Oldham College) with 43 Years experience in

farm management and has been an executive director since 1989.

The audit committee meets twice yearly to review the company's financial statements and reports issued in relation to its half year 31 December and the full year ending 30 June reporting periods; and oversee the independence of the

external auditor.

Recommendations 4.2 (in part) and 4.3 have not been complied with for the

reasons given.

PRINCIPLE 5: "Make timely and balanced disclosure".

Recommendation 5.1: Establish written policies to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rules

disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at a senior executive level for that compliance and disclose those policies or a summary of these policies.

Compliance: Yes.

Comment: The company secretary, Mr D R Veall, is primarily responsible for the company's

compliance with ASX Listing Rules; in particular company announcements and the requirements of Periodic Disclosure under rules 4.1 – 4.10. The board's responsibility is to approve the content of all information and the time of its

lodgment with the ASX.

Recommendation 5.2: Provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 5.

Compliance: Yes.

Comment: There are no departures from Recommendations 5.1 or 5.2.

PRINCIPLE 6: "Respect the rights of shareholders".

Recommendation 6.1: Design a communication policy for promoting effective communication with

shareholders and encouraging their participation at general meeting and

disclose the policy or a summary of that policy.

Compliance: Yes.

Comment: The company does communicate directly with shareholders through its Annual

Report and its meeting (usually the Annual General Meeting), and indirectly

through its periodic reports to the ASX.

It is noted that the number of shareholders has contracted over the years and the maintenance of a website is not considered to be warranted. Information however is provided on request by email, facsimile, post or telephone to

shareholders about matters relevant to them.

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The rights of shareholders under the companies Articles of Association to attend and vote at meetings or appoint a proxy to do so ensures that shareholders can participate in meetings to the extent they may wish. The board welcomes such shareholders participation.

Recommendation 6.2:

Provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 6.

Compliance:

Yes.

Comment:

There is no departure from Recommendations 6.1 or 6.2.

PRINCIPLE 7:

"Recognise and manage risk".

Recommendation 7.1:

Establish policies for the oversight and management of material business risks and disclose a summary of those policies.

Compliance:

Yes.

Comment:

The board has identified and assessed the company's material business risks and distinguished those risks that can be insured against and those that can not.

Risks that are insurable, for instance, damage to property, plant, equipment and vehicles are for the most part covered by appropriate policies with reputable insurers.

Other specific risks that have been identified concern the company's financial instruments (refer to note 26 of the financial statements) and market related events that could materially impact on the company's operations, such as, price fluctuations over a range of activities.

The board is responsible for the oversight and management of material business risks – the latter through the executive director in the specified business area; and generally through a regular review of extant risks and the on-going process of their management.

Recommendation 7.2:

Require management to design and implement the risk management and internal control systems to manage the company's material business risks and report to it on whether those risks are being managed effectively.

Compliance:

Yes.

Comment:

The board does have the effective management of material business risks reported to it on a regular basis. In the circumstances additional internal control, such as an audit, is not considered to be necessary.

Recommendation 7.3:

Disclose whether it has received assurance from the chief financial officer (or equivalent) that the declaration provided in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.

Compliance:

Yes.

Comment:

The board has received a written declaration from the chief executive officer (or equivalent) and the chief financial officer (or equivalent) under section 295A of the Corporations Act and in addition that it is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control that is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.

Recommendation 7.4:

Provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 7.

Compliance:

Yes.

Comment:

There are no departures from Recommendations 7.1, 7.2 and 7.3 that summarize the company's policies on risk oversight and management of material business risks.

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PRINCIPLE 8: "Remunerate fairly and responsibly".

Recommendation 8.1: Establish a remuneration committee.

Compliance: No.

Comment: The size and nature of the company's operations and the board precludes the

formation of such a committee.

The remuneration received by board members as directors and / or executives

is set out in the Director's Report at page 8.

No director's fees are paid to executive directors and no bonus payment or other performance payment or incentive is received by any director. No director is involved in determining his own remuneration. Refer also to the Remuneration

Report in the Director's Report at page 6.

Recommendation 8.2: Structure of remuneration committee.

Compliance: No.

Comment: There is no remuneration committee.

Recommendation 8.3: Distinguish the structure of non-executive directors' remuneration from that of

executive directors and senior executives.

Compliance: Yes.

Comment: The sole non-executive independent director's remuneration is determined by

reference to the particular service to be provided to the company and / or its subsidiaries, the nature of that service, the knowledge and skill required and the

time and application to the position expected of that director.

Recommendation 8.4: Provide information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 8.

Compliance: Yes.

Comment: There are no retirement benefits other than superannuation, for the non-

executive director. There are no equity based remuneration schemes for any director and / or executive. There is no remuneration committee and its function

is carried out by the board.

Recommendations 8.1 & 8.2 have not been complied with for the reasons given.

Vealls Limited ABN 39 004 288 000

Proxy Form

the Meeting (mark box) the Meeting (mark box) the meeting as your prothe name of the person you are appointing as your prothe individual or body corporate named, or if no person / body corporate is named, the Chairman of the meeting, as neerally at the meeting and to vote for me / us on my / our behalf at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held of 4, at 10.30am and at any adjournment or postponement of that meeting. The Chairman is acting as my / our proxy, I / we expressly authorise the Chairman to exercise my / our proxy to vote on an It onnected directly or indirectly with the remuneration of a member of the key management personnel of the Company. The Chairman of the meeting intends to vote undirected proxies in FAVOUR of the resolutions in Items 2 (AINST the resolution in Item 4.)	lif you are not appointing the Chairman of the meeting as your proxy, please write the name of the person or body corporate box) If you are not appointing the Chairman of the meeting as your proxy, please write the name of the person or body corporate you are appointing as your proxy here If or body corporate named, or if no person / body corporate is named, the Chairman of the meeting, as my / our proxy to act ng and to vote for me / us on my / our behalf at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, 28 Noven at any adjournment or postponement of that meeting. If you are not appointing the Chairman of the meeting as my / our proxy here If you are not appointing the Chairman of the meeting as my / our proxy here If you are not appointing the Chairman of the meeting as my / our proxy here If you are not appointing the Chairman of the meeting as my / our proxy to act ng as my / our proxy here If you are not appointing the Chairman of the meeting as my / our proxy here If you are not appointing as your proxy, please write the name of the person or body corporate you are appointing as my / our proxy to act ng as my / our proxy to act ng as my / our proxy here If you are appointing as your proxy, please write the name of the meeting as my / our proxy to act ng as my / our	the Chairn the Meetin (mark box ailling the individual or nerally at the meeting at 14, at 10.30am and at a connected directly or in the Chairman of the GAINST the resolution	nan of OR og) pody corporate named nd to vote for me / us any adjournment or po is my / our proxy, I / with the remurementing intends to on in Item 4.	ed, or if n s on my / ostponer we expre uneration o vote u	no pers / our b ement c essly a n of a n	rson / body behalf at ti of that me authorise t member o	y corporate he Annual G eting. the Chairma f the key ma	s named, the seneral Meet on to exercise anagement	the Chair eting of the se my / o personn	If you the me the na you are man of the Conceptur properties.	are not eeting as me of the appoint the mean pany to key to vote Comp.	s you ne pe nting eting b be h	ur proxy, erson or l as your , as my / held on F an Item,	plea body prox our riday	se write corporate by here proxy to ac y, 28 Nove n though a
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Proxy Form

For your vote to be effective it must be received by Vealls Limited no later than 10.30 am on Wednesday, 26 November 2014

How to Vote on Items of Business

All your shares will be voted in accordance with your directions.

Appointment of Proxy

If a member's proxy does not attend or vote at the meeting or no proxy is named on the instrument appointing a proxy, the proxy appointment will automatically default to the Chairman of the meeting. In addition, any directed proxies that are not voted on a poll at the meeting will automatically default to the Chairman of the meeting, who is required to vote the proxies as directed.

The Chairman of the meeting intends to vote all available proxies in favour of Items 2a, 2b and 3 and against Item 4.

A proxy need not be a member of the Company.

If you wish to direct your proxy how to vote, then you need to mark the appropriate box opposite each Item in Step 2 of the proxy form. If you do not mark a box your proxy may vote as they choose. If you mark more than one box on an Item your vote will be invalid on that Item.

Voting 100% of your shareholding: If you wish to direct your proxy to vote 100% of your shareholding, then please mark the appropriate box opposite each item in Step 2.

Voting a portion of your shareholding: If you wish to direct your proxy to vote a portion of your shareholding, then please indicate the portion of your voting rights by inserting a percentage of votes in the appropriate box opposite each Item in Step 2.

Appointing a second proxy: A member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint not more than 2 proxies to attend and vote instead of the member. If you wish to appoint a second proxy, you will need to complete a second proxy form. Please copy this proxy form or contact the Company for an additional proxy form. Where 2 proxies are appointed, both forms should be completed with the nominated proportion or number of votes each proxy may exercise. Otherwise each proxy may exercise half of the votes.

If a member appoints one proxy only, that proxy shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands. If a member appoints two proxies, only the first named proxy shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands.

Voting exclusions

Voting exclusions apply to the resolutions in Items 3 and 4. These voting exclusions are set out in the Notice of Meeting.

Signing Instructions

Individual: Where the shareholding is in one name, the member or the member's attorney must sign.

Joint Holding: Where the shareholding is in more than one name, all of the members or their attorney(s) should sign.

Power of Attorney: Where a proxy form is executed under a power of attorney, please attach a certified photocopy of the power of attorney to the proxy form when you return it.

Companies: Where the member is a company it must execute the form under its common seal, or if it does not have one, by 2 directors or by a director and a secretary, or if it is a proprietary company that has a sole director who is also the sole secretary (or has no secretary), by that director, or under hand of its attorney or duly authorised officer. If the proxy form is signed by a person who is not the registered holder of shares in the Company, then the relevant authority must either have been exhibited previously to the Company or be enclosed with the proxy form.

Corporate Representative

If a representative of a corporate member or proxy is to attend the meeting, they will need to provide the appropriate "Certificate of Appointment of Corporate Representative" prior to admission.

Lodge your vote

The proxy form and authority (if any) under which it is signed must be received at the registered office of the Company, Vealls Limited, 1st Floor, 484 Toorak Road, Toorak, Vic, 3142 or sent by facsimile to (03) 9827 4112 or international +613 9827 4112 not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting, being 10:30am on Wednesday, 26 November 2014.. Proxies received after this time will be treated as invalid.

Vealls Limited ABN 39 004 288 000

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Vealls Limited ABN 39 004 288 000

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