Orion Gold_{NL}

ASX Code: ORN

Connors Arc Project, Queensland Technical Briefing & Update

- Intermediate Sulphidation epithermal gold-silver system
- **Emerging porphyry potential**

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- All information in respect of Exploration Results and other technical information should be read in conjunction with the Competent Person Statements at the end of this presentation.

Orion: Corporate Summary

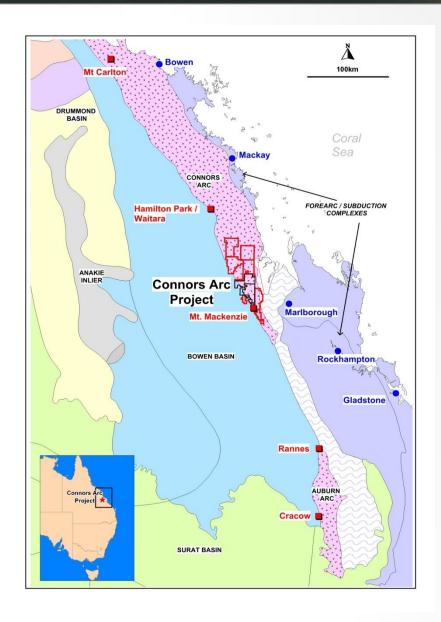
Capital Structure Summary	
Shares on Issue	306M
Options on Issue	89M
Market Capitalisation (at 4cps)	\$12M
Cash on Hand (as at 31 Dec '14)	\$1.1M

Significant Holder Name	Number	%
Silja Investment Ltd (1)	47,373,245	15.5%
Alexander Haller (1)	11,302,248	3.7%
Tarney Holdings	33,212,771	10.9%
Creasy Group	20,765,447	6.8%
Significant Holder Total	112,653,711	37%

Board & Management		
Denis Waddell	Chairman	
Errol Smart	CEO, Managing Director	
Bill Oliver	Technical Director	
Alexander Haller	Non Executive Director	
Kim Hogg	Company Secretary	
Martin Bouwmeester	Business Development Manager	

⁽¹⁾ Mr Alexander Haller is deemed to have a relevant interest in securities held by Silja Investment Ltd.

Connors Arc Project

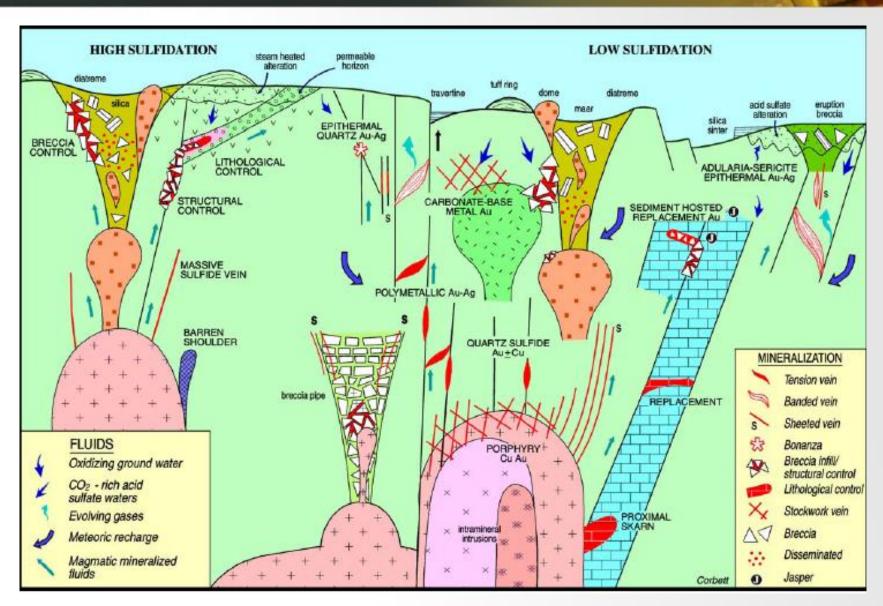


- 2000km² contiguous tenement applications granted and under application
- Allows for district scale targeting of Magmatic Arc Mineralisation
- Extends approximately 100km north from Mt Mackenzie, a well known high sulphidation epithermal deposit.
- Several historic occurrences noted of possible epithermal and intrusive porphyry related mineralisation

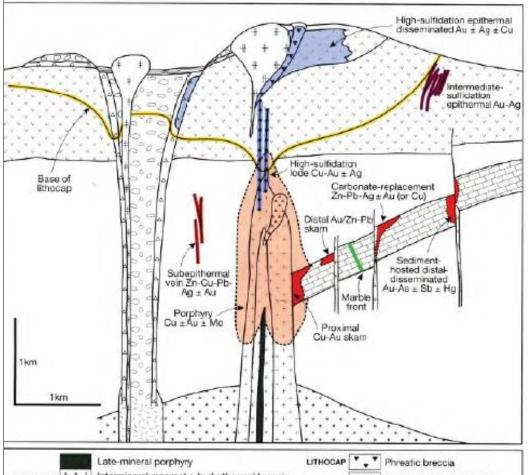
Connors Arc Project

- Preliminary ORN work recognised that an extensive, shallow in system, Intermediate Sulphidation ("IS") epithermal vein system was developed approximately 8km north of the known Mt Mackenzie High Sulphidation Deposit (refer ASX Release 8 September 2014)
- Limited historic exploration on Aurora Flats IS
 - 20 shallow percussion holes < 120m max depth
 - Low level gold and silver with characteristic IS trace elements anomalism (Pb, Zn, Te)
 - Ag >>> Au grades (refer ASX Release 15 July 2013)
- Drilling and geophysics on epithermal targets has now indicated potential for porphyry style Au-Cu in addition to Au-Ag epithermal targets

Magmatic Arc Related Deposit Styles



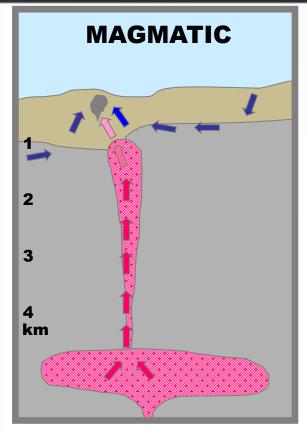
Magmatic Arc Au-Ag and Au-Cu Deposits



Associated Mineral Deposits

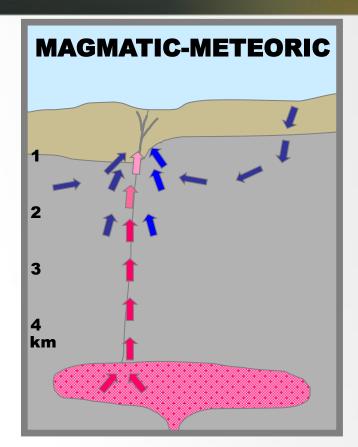
- porphyry (Cu-Mo-Au)
- epithermal (Au-Ag)
- skarn (Cu-Au)
- carbonate replacement (Zn-Pb-Ag)
- sediment-hosted (Au)

Epithermal Systems – Deposit Models



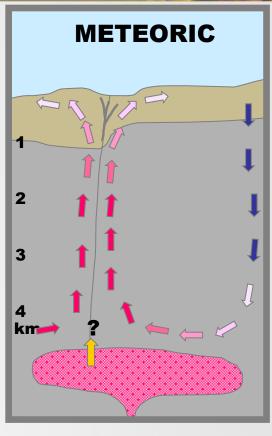
Veins textures: restricted

HIGH SULFIDATION



diverse, modest

INTERMEDIATE SULFIDATION



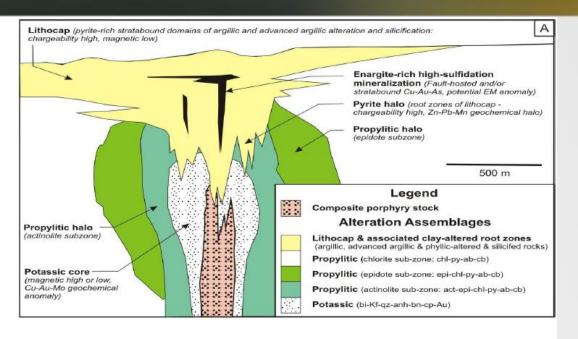
diverse, spectacular

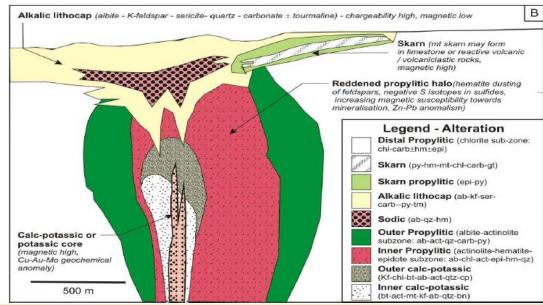
LOW SULFIDATION





Porphyry Intrusive - Deposit Models & Alteration Zonation





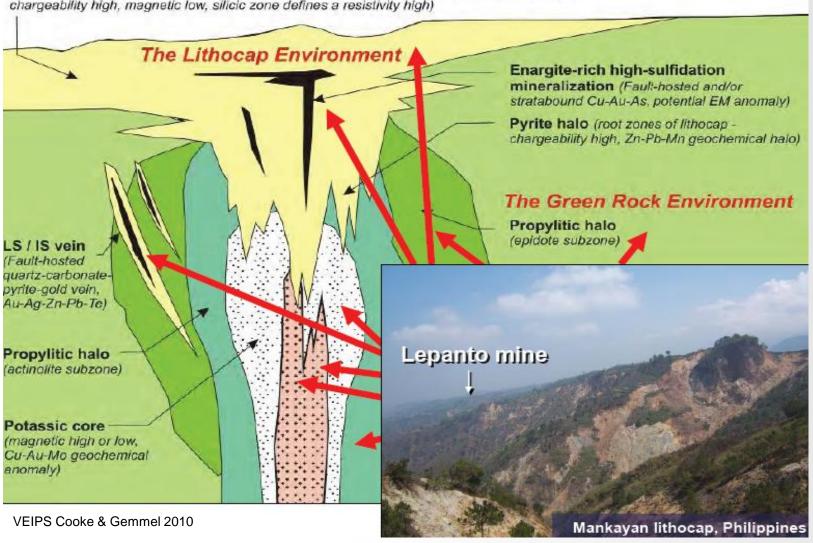
Important Analogues For Guidance

- Lepanto (Philippines)
 - Porphyry Intrusives + High, Intermediate and Low Sulphidation Epithermal Deposits
- Pachuca (Mexico)
 - Intermediate Sulphidation
- Cracow (Queensland Australia)
 - Low Sulphidation
 - Similar age and setting
- Pajingo (Queensland Australia)
 - Low Sulphidation
 - Similar Age and Setting

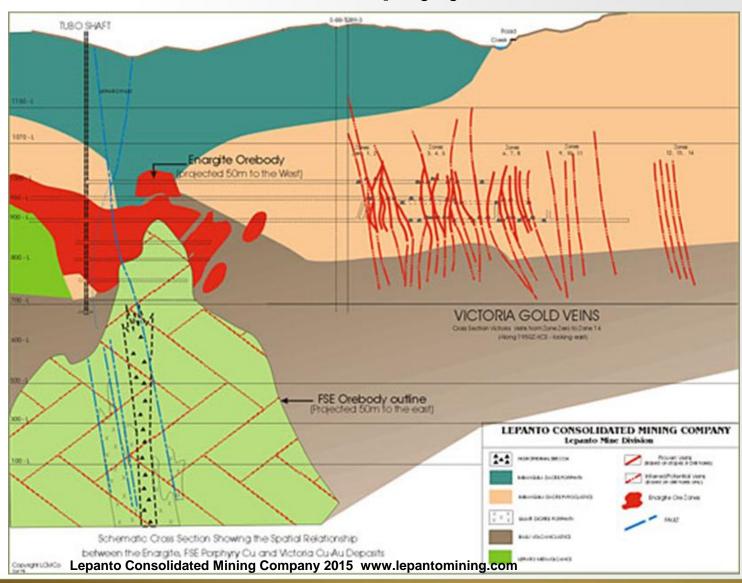
Lepanto – District Scale Analogy

3.8Mtons Cu + >550tons Au

Lithocap (pyrite-rich stratabound domains of advanced argillic and residual silicic alteration: chargeability high, magnetic low, silicic zone defines a resistivity high)

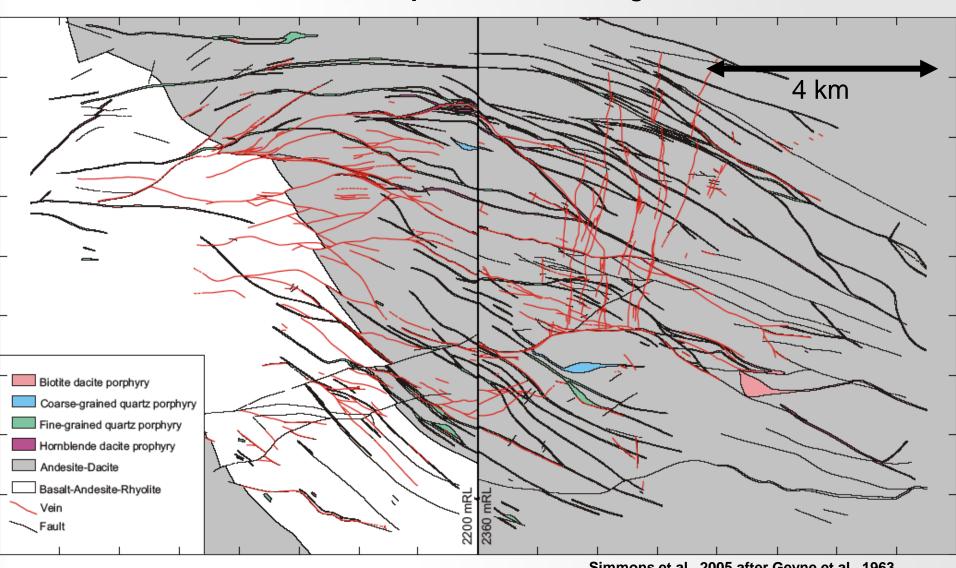


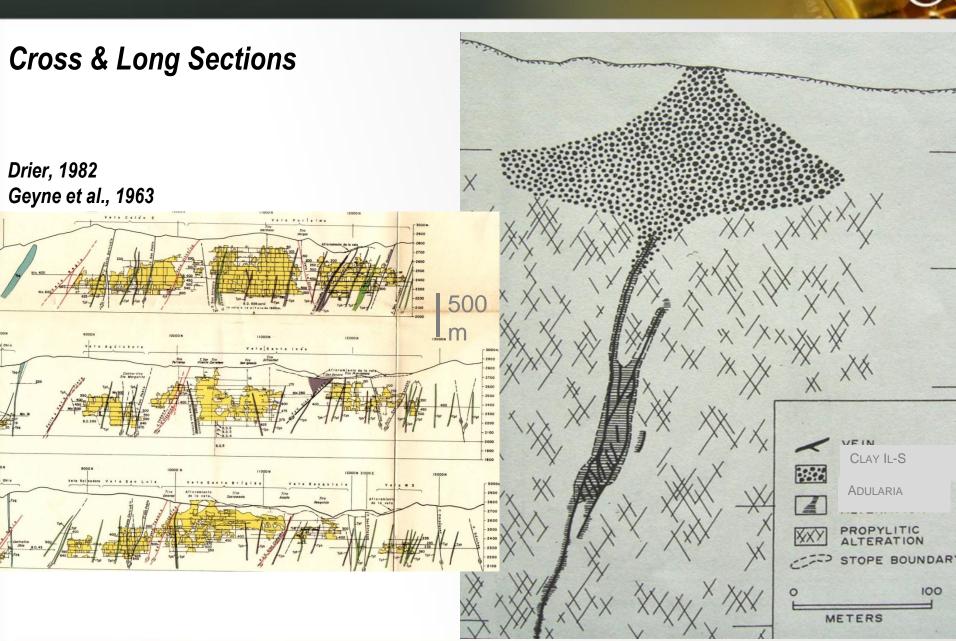
IS + LS Veins and Porphyry Orebodies



- They can be GIANT Au + Ag deposits
- Predominantly vein hosted
 - Mineralised veins commonly 1- 25m wide
 - Can have spectacular Au + Ag values
 - Can have high Au together with Ag >>> Au values
 - Precious metal deposition sensitive to pressure and temperature, significant precious metals only deposited >250m below depositional land surface
 - They form on flanks of active volcanos with rapidly and dramatically rising (and sometimes falling) land surfaces.
 - Similar deposit style / morphology to Low Sulphidation "LS" deposits which are more common
 - Ore shoots can be quite amorphous and form pods along strike of quartz vein trends
 - Some spatial correlation between vein width & metal content, but not direct correlation –
 payshoots usually close to, but not confined within wide quartz vein blows

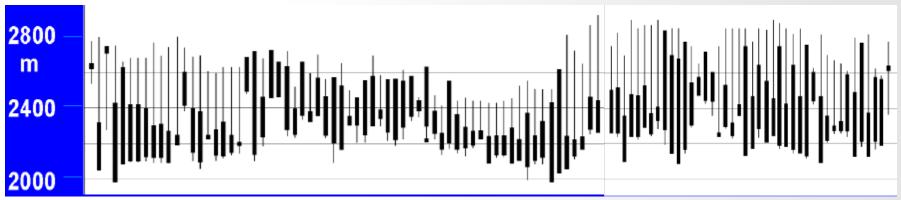
IS vein and fault pattern 45,000 t Ag, 220 t Au





Pachuca, Mexico

- Over 450 veins discovered
- Very few veins have grade at surface
- Dramatically varying depths to top of ore
 - this related to rapid deposition and erosion of volcanic land surface during and post deposition



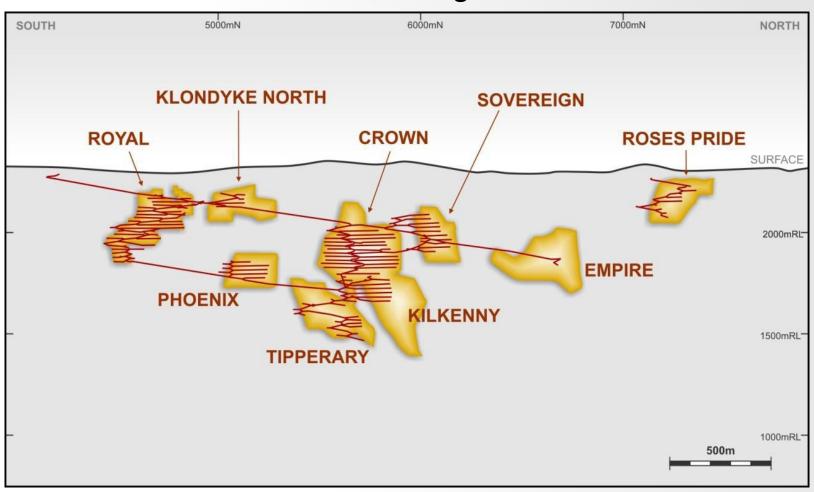
Simmons et al 2005 after Geynes et al 1963

Surface

Ore Interval

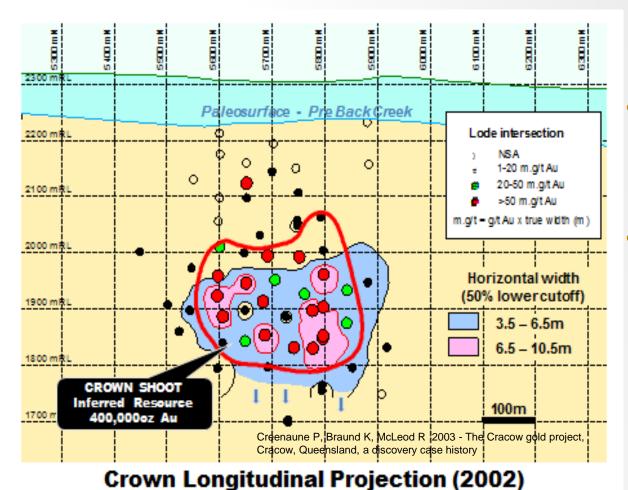
Base of workings

LS Au - Ag

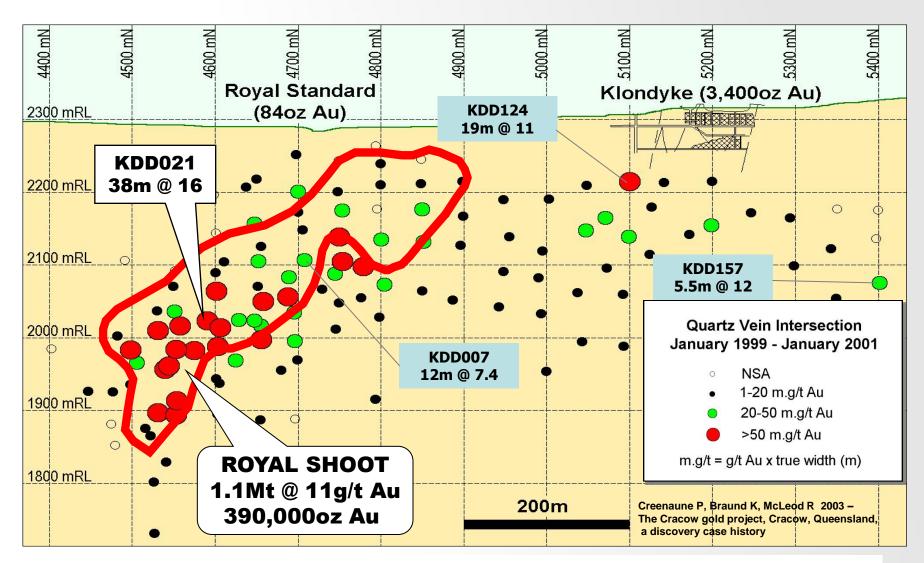


Evolution Mining 2013

Cracow Grade Distribution - Important Observations

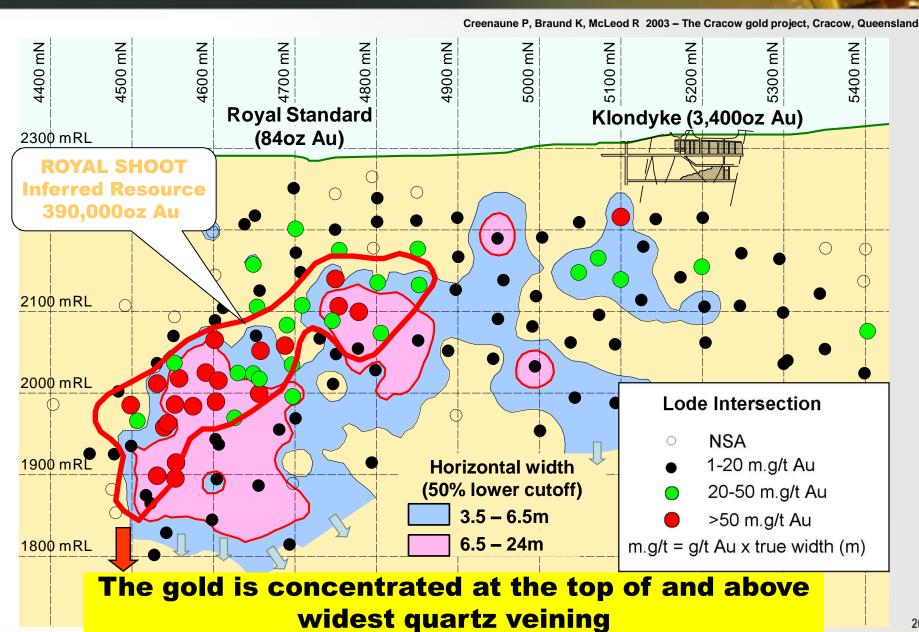


- Rapid and dramatic grade variation
- Highest grades often, but not always in widest vein

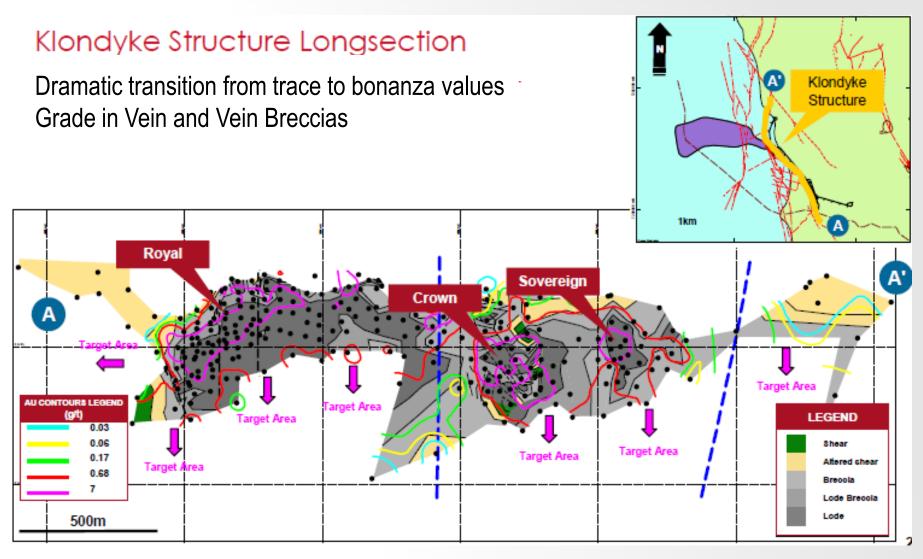


CRACOW - KLONDYKE LONGSECTION (2002)

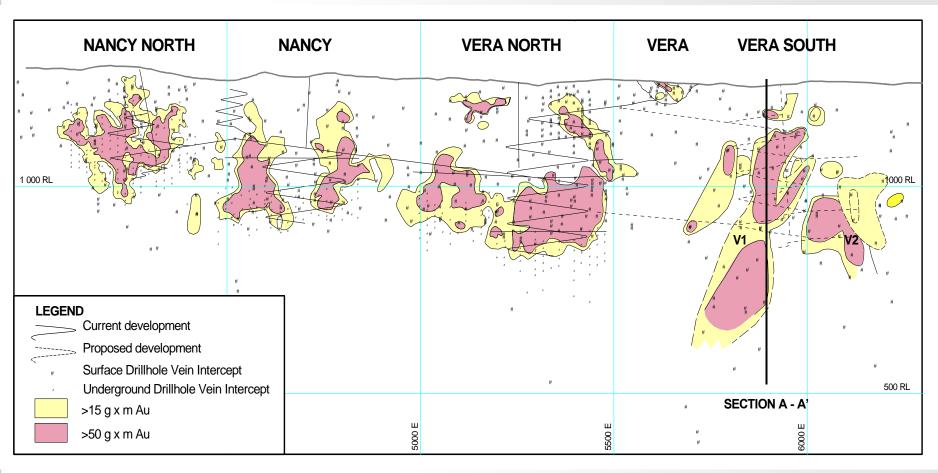
Royal Shoot – Au Grade vs Vein Width



Klondyke, Cracow



Amorphous Shoots – Within a Restricted Vertical Interval



Longitudinal projection (looking NE) of the Nancy North, Nancy, Vera North and Vera

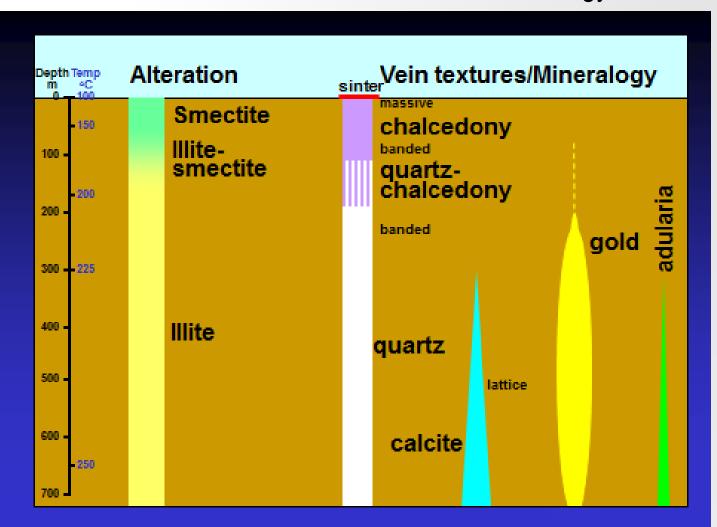
(Vera South: Discovery History; Buttler, Murphy, Parks; 1999).

Important Lessons from analogues

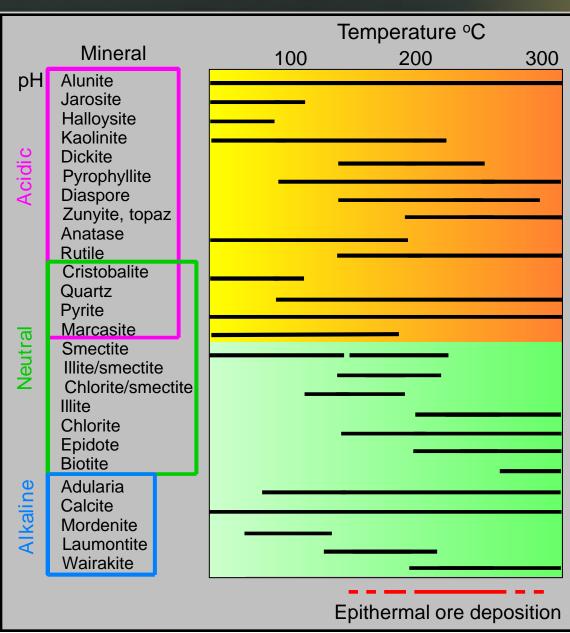
- The surface exposure only provides a clue as to what lies below
- Veining on surface is a useful guide & traces the trend line to follow
- Ore shoots are likely "blind to surface"
- Ore shoots at depth may not be directly below best zones on surface
- Grade transitions are sudden and dramatic not gradational
- When a "blow" in vein is drilled into, you may be near a payshoot <u>BUT</u> you may not be in it yet
- You have to drill into a "critical elevation zone" at the correct position along strike to intersect grade

Important LS / IS Epithermal Vein Guides

Alteration, Vein Textures & Vein Mineralogy

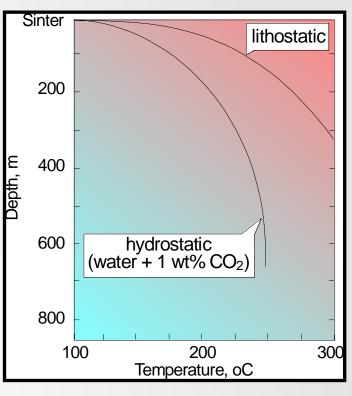


Mineral Stability



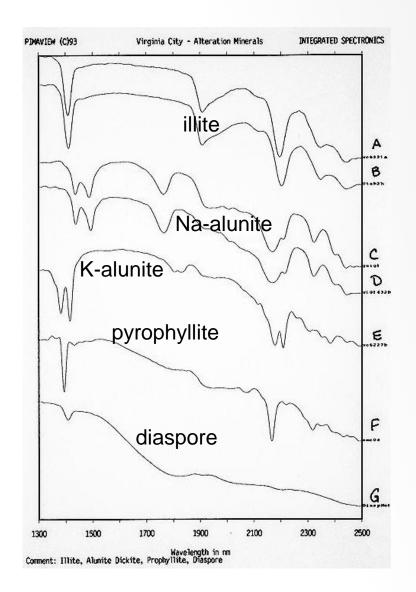
Mineral Stability

Mineral assemblages allow us to estimate temperature and acidity



Hedenquist et al., 1998

How we accurately identify the mineralogy



Short Wave Infrared Radiation "SWIR" spectra can be used to

- identify alteration minerals
- determine their crystallinity
- estimate chemical variations

Measurements are fast and cheap Suitable for large surveys

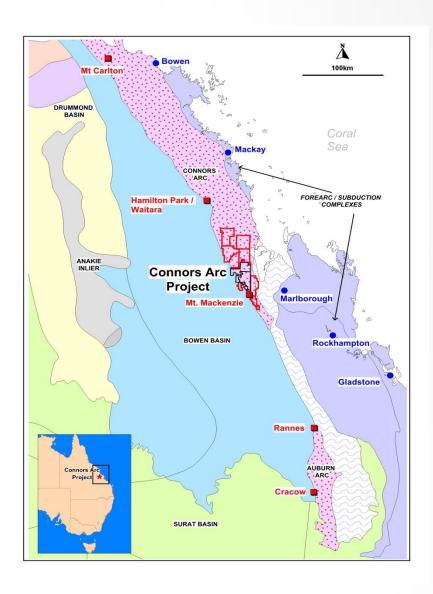
Vein Texture - a very useful visual indicator



Not all veins in a system will be mineralised

- strongly textured veins tend to be more productive
- look for finely banded,
 coloform, crustiform,
 concentric banding
- veins are often complex and brecciated

Connors Arc Project



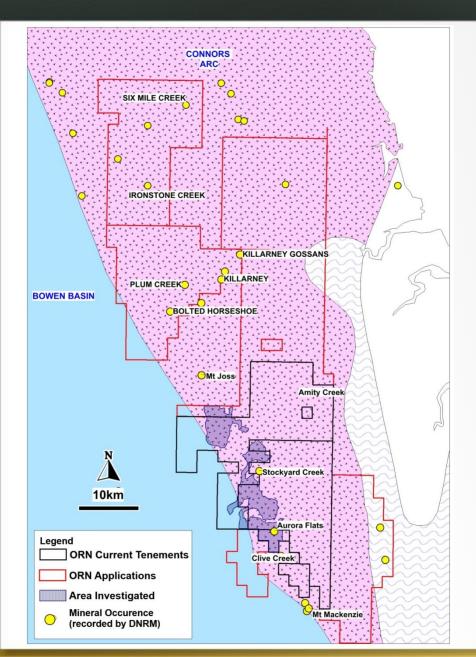
- Orion Gold has assembled a large 100% owned tenement position
- The tenements are situated on the ca 300Ma Connors Magmatic Arc
- A number of historic vein showings occur on the ORN tenements

Early Successes

- Extensive Intermediate
 Sulphidation Au-Ag vein
 system confirmed
- Strong Indicators for Porphyry Intrusive's identified

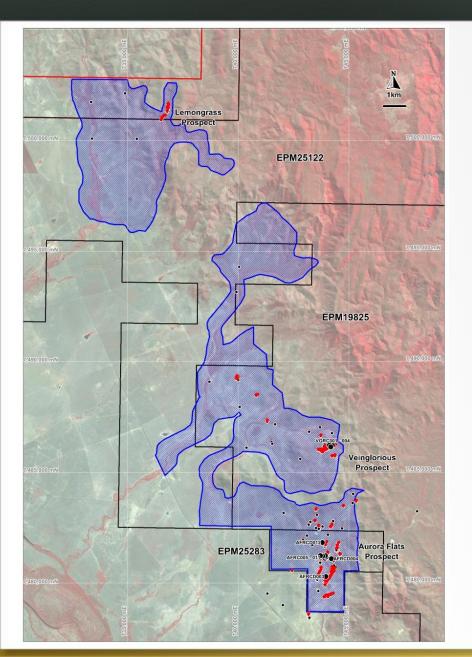
- Dec 2013 ~ first tenement granted subject to surface access agreements
- July 2014 ~ Native Title agreement
- Aug 2014 ~ Mapping Commences
- Nov 2014 ~ Landowner Agreement signed
- Nov Dec 2014 ~ IP Survey
- Dec 2014 ~ NT heritage survey completed
- Dec 2014 Jan 2015 ~ Phase 1 drilling
- March 2015 ~ Phase 2 drilling commences

Connors Arc – Getting Started



- Areas marked in purple denote initial work area
- We have only covered / mapped a very small part of our landholding

Getting Started



- Initial work focussed on prospecting drainage basins (blue areas) to locate epithermal quartz veining (red)
- Extensive quartz veining has been discovered and mapped
- This appears to be a BIG epithermal system

Phase One Epithermal Exploration

Mapping



Geophysics / Remote sensing

- Tracing epithermal veins from creeks up into hills
- Veins are discovered, mapped and chip sampled

IP Survey

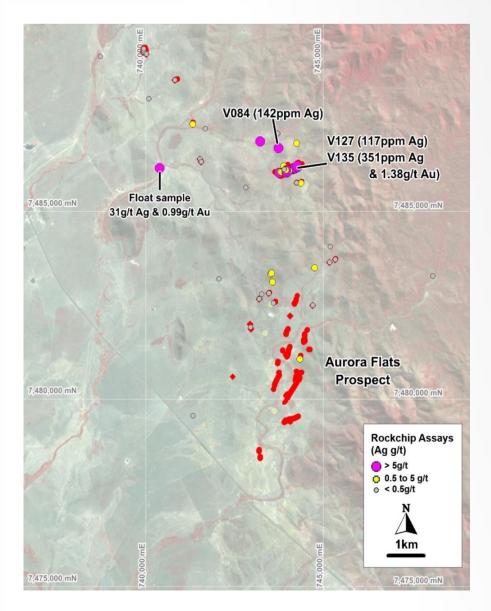
- High Resistivity could assist in locating quartz vein/breccia blows
- Chargeability could locate sulphides
- Magnetics
 - Epithermal veining demagnetises host rocks
- Aster Imagery
 - Analysis of satellite spectral images to map alteration



Scout Drilling

- Establish baseline data
 - Host stratigraphy certain rock types present more favourable hosts than others
 - Alteration profile
 - Distribution, orientation and morphology of veining
- Geochemistry
 - Presence of and distribution of precious metals
 - Trace element geochemistry to assist with vectoring.

Aurora Flats (AF) – Veinglorious (VG) Prospects

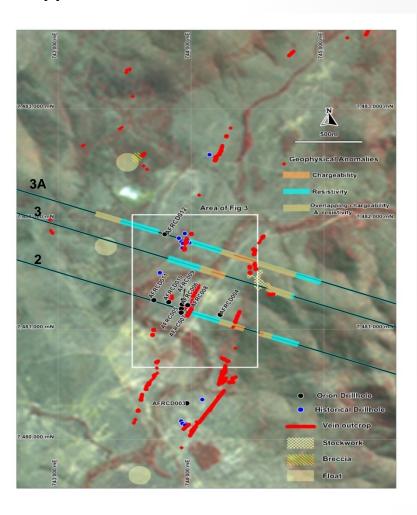


- Started at known veins on Aurora Flats and traced along trend for about 11km
- Veinglorious is a virgin discovery
- Rare to find such prominent veining and high precious metal grades on surface that was not previously recorded and has had no apparent prospecting by old timers

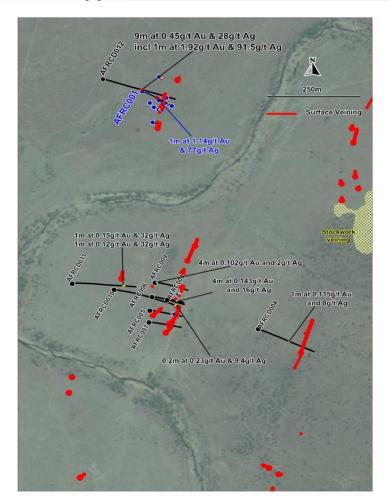
(refer ASX Release 6 November 2014)

Initial Aurora Flats Geophysics and Drilling

Mapped veins, IP lines and drill collars



Mapped veins drill hole traces



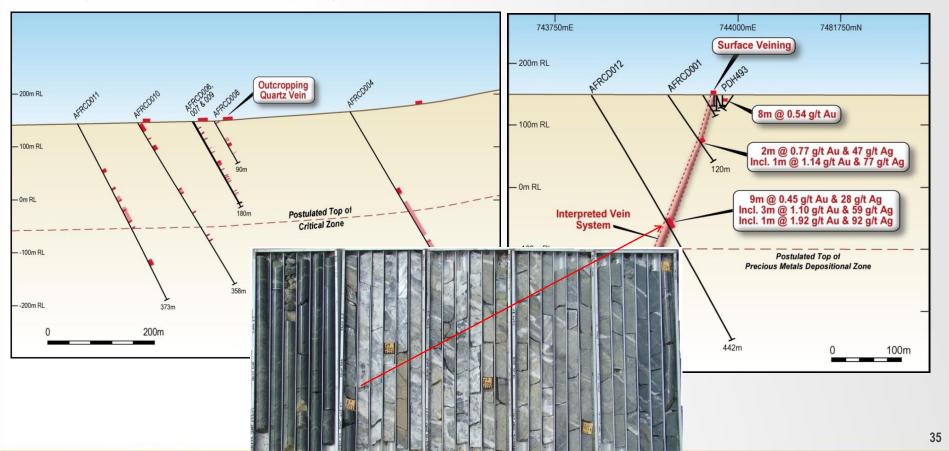
Initial Aurora Flats Epithermal Target Drilling

Roughly Midway along Aurora Flats IS Epithermal Vein Trend

 Wide corridor of epithermal veining intersected in drill fence line (refer ASX Release 4 February 2015)

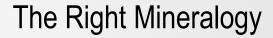
Down dip below historic drilling

- Elevated precious metal values
- Mineralised interval improving with depth (refer ASX Release 17 February 2015)



Positive Indicators From Aurora Flats Drilling

Superb fine concentric and colloform banding textures



Quartz, Adularia, Illite, pyrite



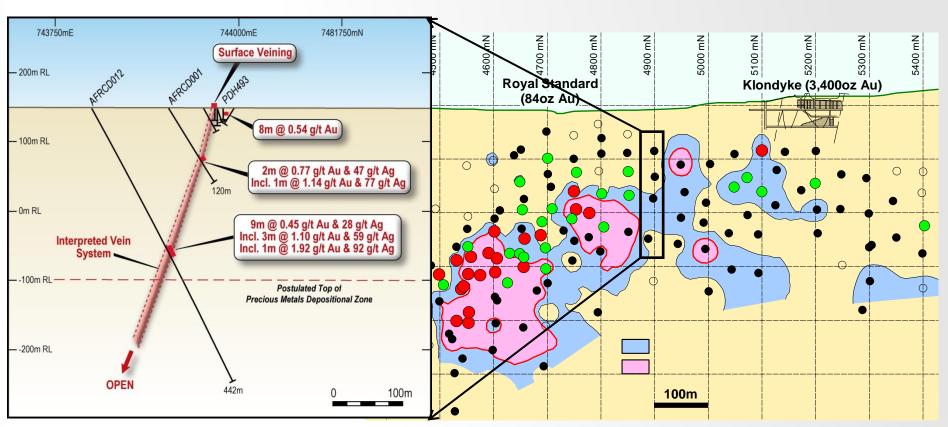




Interpreting Initial Aurora Flats Drilling

Postulated similarity to upper plunge extent of Cracow Royal Shoot

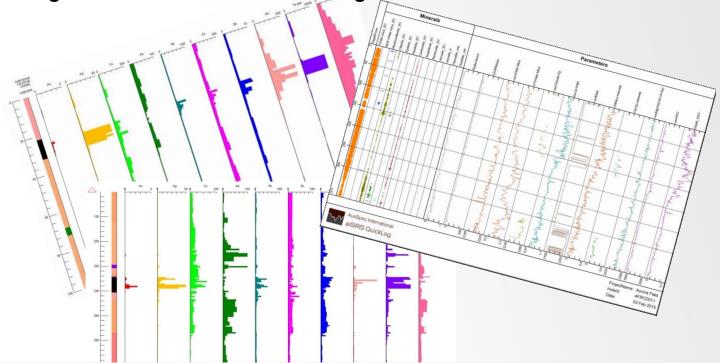
Widening vein with low metal values



Geochemistry and SWIR being used for vectoring

Te, W, Mo, Pb, Zn are important indicator elements in fertile veins and are being used to assist with vectoring

Short Wave Infra Red Scans (SWIR) are being used to give accurate depth indication based in mineral composition



- All drilling data currently being processed and analysed, to allow vectoring in to high grade shoots in the vein system
- Overprinting between porphyry and epithermal systems needs to be considered

Alert For Porphyry Potential

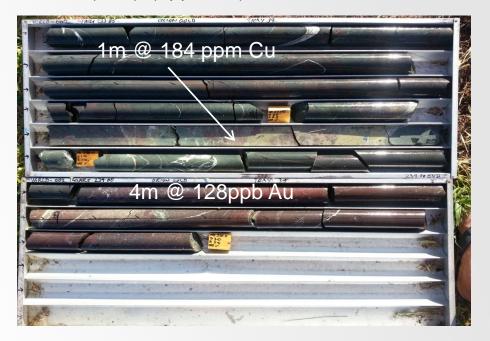
Drilling has intersected widespread alteration consistent with Porphyry Intrusives

- Wide zones of pyritic, epidote, albite, propylitic alteration
- Zones of haematite, epidote alteration indicative of fertile, alkalic Au-Cu system
- Anomalous Au + Cu within haematite altered zone with minor veining intersected at depth at VG

(refer ASX Release 24 February 2015)



Sulphidic porphyry with sulphide veins AFRCD012



Haematitic Alteration Zone VGRCD002

Alteration and quartz, sulphide veining intersected in drilling

Thursday Gossan Porphyry (Stavely Minerals)



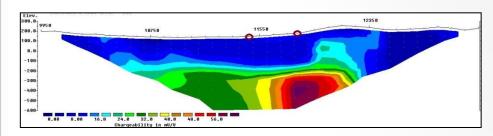


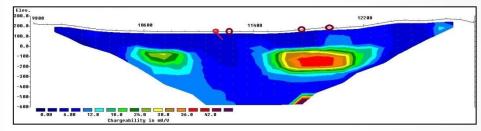




Alert For Intrusive Porphyry Related Mineralisation

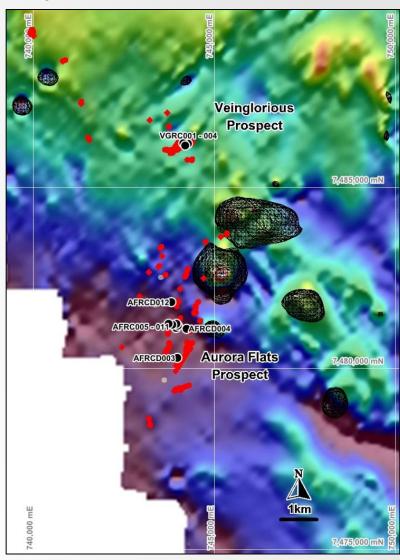
IP shows large, blind chargeability anomalies





IP Chargeability anomalies line 2 (top) and 3A (below) Location shown on slide 34 (refer ASX Release 21 November 2014)

Magnetic inversion features modelled



Planned Work Program 2015

Epithermal Targets

- Systematic vectoring in using geochemistry and alteration mineralogy
- Drilling stepping in to high grade zones
- Additional geophysics to be trialled (ZTEM, high resolution IP)
- Expand regional reconnaissance mapping and target generation

Porphyry Targets

- Map out alteration zonation
- S isotope geochemistry to confirm magmatic sulphides
- Geo-stratigraphic drill testing of some magnetic anomalies to gather baseline data
- Apply additional geophysics such as ZTEM, ground EM and gravity surveys

Information in this report that relates to Exploration Results and other technical information about the Connors Arc Project complies with the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves ("JORC Code") and is based on information compiled and assessed under the supervision of Mr Bruce Wilson, a Competent Person who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Wilson is the principal of Mineral Man Pty Ltd, a consultant to Orion Gold NL, and has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the JORC Code. Mr Wilson consents to the inclusion in this announcement of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

