### **K2** Asset Management Holdings Ltd

Level 32, 101 Collins Street Melbourne Victoria 3000 Australia Telephone 61 3 9691 6111 Facsimile 61 3 9691 6170



The Manager, Announcements ASX Market Announcements 4th Floor, 20 Bridge Street SYDNEY NSW 2000

12 August 2015

Dear Manager,

### RE: Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2015

Please find enclosed a revised Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2015 for K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd and its controlled entity.

Due to an administrative error, the consolidated statement of cash flows included in the financial report released to the ASX on 12 August 2015 contained a misclassification. The revised consolidated statement of cash flows now discloses the correct figures.

Net cash flow from operating activities remains as reported in the original document.

No other figures are impacted by this misclassification. Revenue, profit before tax, profit after tax and net assets were reported correctly.

Yours sincerely

Hollie Wight Company Secretary K2 ASSET MANAGEMENT HOLDINGS LTD

AND CONTROLLED ENTITY

ABN 59 124 636 782

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

## **K2** Asset Management Holdings Ltd and Controlled Entity

## FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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### CHAIRMAN'S REPORT

The 2015 financial year proved to be a volatile year for global markets, K2 saw strong returns across our suite of investment products and finished the year reporting an after tax profit of AUD 18.9 million.

In short, Greece continued to be a major concern which is surprising for a country that accounts for just 2% of the Eurozone's total economic output. The disproportional reaction from global markets seems to have calmed for the time being with the crisis seemingly contained to Greece alone.

Elsewhere, China's financial reforms are being queried as a short term fix to a structural problem. Investors were left to ponder the real value of equities that rose to unprecedented heights without earnings to support their value. With China's issues being of greater significance to Australia, any slow down there would have a profound impact on Australia's financial wellbeing. This was acutely demonstrated in the last weeks of the financial year when China's Shanghai exchange lost 25% of its annual gains.

Equity markets trended higher throughout the year but were particularly strong during the third quarter. This strength allowed our investment managers to reduce market exposure by 20% and, as a result, our funds ended the final quarter with average net exposure of around 70% (a move that proved to be crucial). The prospects of Greece leaving the Eurozone led to a significant elevation in most measures of risk and equity markets around the globe subsequently declined. Despite a weak end to the financial year, all of our funds gave absolute returns and outperformed their underlying markets.

The performance of the K2 funds and funds under management (FUM) as at 30 June 2015 are detailed in the table below:

K2 Funds	Financial year fund performance*		FILIWI SMIIIION
K2 Australian Absolute Return Fund	11.0%	5.7%	415.7 AUD
K2 Select International Absolute Return Fund	31.7%	23.7%	250.1 AUD
K2 Asian Absolute Return Fund	34.9%	21.9%	109.8 AUD
K2 Global High Alpha Fund	31.9%	23.7%	57.6 AUD
K2 Australian Small Cap Fund	13.5%	0.4%	19.0 AUD
Total			852.2 AUD

The above information is unaudited. "Year to date figures are based on a financial year ended 30 June and are net of all fees. # The K2 Australian Absolute Return Fund is compared to the All Ordinaries Accumulation Index, the K2 Select International Absolute Return Fund is compared to the MSCI World AC Index (AUD), the K2 Asian Absolute Return Fund is compared to the MSCI World AC Index (AUD) and the K2 Australia Small Cap Fund is compared to the Small Ordinaries Accumulation Index. FUM figures are pre distributions payable for 30 June 2015.

Since inception returns are as follows;

K2 Funds	Since inception fund performance*	Since inception index performance #
K2 Australian Absolute Return Fund	545.0%	258.7%
K2 Select International Absolute Return Fund	242.1%	89.1%
K2 Asian Absolute Return Fund	495.3%	161.3%
K2 Global High Alpha Fund	247.0%	93.5%
K2 Australian Small Cap Fund	30.0%	1.6%

The above information is unaudited. "Year to date figures are based on a financial year ended 30 June and are net of all fees. # The K2 Australian Absolute Return Fund is compared to the All Ordinaries Accumulation Index, the K2 Select International Absolute Return Fund is compared to the MSCI World AC Index (AUD), the K2 Asian Absolute Return Fund is compared to the MSCI World AC Index (AUD) and the K2 Australia Small Cap Fund is compared to the Small Ordinaries Accumulation Index. FUM figures are pre distributions payable for 30 June 2015.

In line with the above mentioned performance results, K2 received performance fees totalling AUD 31.9 million for the year. Management fees totalled AUD 12.8 million, bringing total income including management, performance fees and other income to AUD 45.6 million. Profit after tax was AUD 18.9 million. Shareholders received a 4.0 cent fully franked dividend in February and a fully franked dividend has been declared on 12 August 2015 of 4.5 cents per share.

K2's balance sheet remains strong with excess cash reserves and no borrowings. The 2015 financial year saw employees again eligible to participate in the bonus schemes having met performance hurdles within the funds and budgeted results (see Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 21). All other expenses continued to be closely monitored and relatively stable.

### CHAIRMAN'S REPORT (CONT'D)

A major focus at K2 continues to be the growth of FUM and the expansion of distribution channels. As such, K2 was excited to launch the K2 Global Equities Fund on 20 July 2015, the first K2 fund to be admitted to trading status on the ASX market.

The K2 Global Equities Fund is the listed version of the K2 Global High Alpha Fund, which has returned over 25% p.a net of all fees since inception. Being listed presents an exciting opportunity to open up distribution channels particularly to self managed super funds. With easier and more efficient access investors are able to buy/sell units via their own online broker account or stockbroker like any other listed security.

With such a unique addition to the K2 suite of products K2 heads into the new financial year with a new growth perspective. Ongoing volatility in markets only highlights the need for investment managers to have additional tools to use. Our investment strategy has a proven track record and highlights our ability to add significant value in any market.

Campbell Neal Chairman

Melbourne 12 August 2015

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their report together with the financial report of the consolidated entity consisting of K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd and the entity it controlled, K2 Asset Management Ltd (the Company), for the financial year ended 30 June 2015 and auditor's report thereon. This financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The following persons were Directors of the consolidated entity during the whole financial year and up to the date of this report:

Campbell Neal (Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer)
Mark Newman (Chief Investment Officer and Executive Director)
Hollie Wight (Chief Financial Officer and Executive Director)

Robert Hand (Non-Executive Director)

No directors are or have been directors of any other listed entity in the last 3 years.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd is the holding company of K2 Asset Management Ltd. The principal activity of K2 Asset Management Ltd during the financial year was funds management.

#### **RESULTS**

The consolidated profit before tax attributable to the members of K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd was \$26,963,480 (2014: \$23,597,248). The consolidated profit after tax attributable to members was \$18,878,891 (2014: \$16,437,342). Please refer to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 21 for further information.

#### **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS**

The consolidated entity continued to engage in its principal activity of funds management, the results of which are disclosed within the attached financial statements. For details on the investment funds managed by K2 Asset Management Ltd in terms of fund performance and funds under management please refer to the Chairman's Report on page 3.

Revenue from management and performance fees was \$12,840,989 (2014: \$12,889,583) and \$31,861,524 (2014: \$27,668,403) respectively. Total revenue amounted to \$45,638,460 (2014: \$41,749,868). Please refer to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 21 for further details.

### **DIVIDENDS**

Dividends paid or declared by K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd to members since the end of the previous financial year are as follows:

Declared and paid during the 2015 financial year	Cents per share	Total amount	Date of payment
Interim dividend (100% franked) – August 2014 *	2.0	4,670,116	August 2014
Interim dividend (100% franked) – February 2015	4.0	9,342,176	February 2015

After balance sheet date the following dividend was proposed by the directors. The financial effect of this dividend has not been brought to account in the consolidated financial statement for the year ended 30 June 2015 and will be recognised in subsequent financial reports.

Declared after 30 June 2015	Cents per share	Total amount	Date of payment
Final dividend (100% franked) – August 2015	4.5	10,509,948	August 2015

<sup>\*</sup> Following the distribution of a dividend of \$4,675,000 from its subsidiary on 12 August 2014, a dividend of \$4,670,116 equalling 2.0 cents per share was declared by K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd on 13 August 2014, based on 2015 financial year to date profit after tax.

### SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

There have been no significant changes in the consolidated entity's state of affairs during the financial period.

### DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

#### **AFTER BALANCE DATE EVENTS**

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the consolidated entity, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the consolidated entity in future financial years.

### LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS

K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd continues to pursue its business objectives, by continuing to be the holding company of the K2 Asset Management Ltd funds management business. Operating strategies are not expected to change in the foreseeable future.

#### **ROUNDING OF AMOUNTS**

The amounts contained in this report and in the financial report have been rounded to the nearest dollar (where rounding is applicable).

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION**

The consolidated entity's operations are not subject to any significant Commonwealth or State environmental regulations or laws.

#### **AUDITOR**

Pitcher Partners continues to act as Auditor of the consolidated entity since being appointed in May 2008.

### **AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION**

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit for the financial year is provided with this report.

### **NON-AUDIT SERVICES**

Non-audit services provided by the auditors of the consolidated entity during the year, Pitcher Partners, are detailed below. The directors are satisfied, given the nature and scope of the non-audit services that the provision of the non-audit services during the year by the auditor is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Amounts paid or payable to the auditors of the consolidated entity for non-audit	2015	2014
services provided during the year:	\$	\$
Tax consulting services	22.290	33.525

### INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND AUDITORS

During or since the end of the financial year, the consolidated entity has entered into a commercial agreement to indemnify and paid premiums to insure the directors and officers of the company and the key management of the company.

Further disclosure required under section 300(9) of the *Corporations Act 2001* is prohibited under the terms of the contract.

### PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE CONSOLIDATED ENTITY

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the consolidated entity.

### INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS AND COMPANY SECRETARY

The qualifications, experience and special responsibilities of each person who has been a director of K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd at any time during or since the end of the financial year are provided below, together with details of the company secretary.

### Campbell William Neal BSc/LLB

Mr Neal has been the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd and K2 Asset Management Ltd since their formation. Before co-founding K2 Asset Management Ltd in 1999 Campbell worked at Bankers Trust Australia. He was appointed Executive Vice President in 1997 and was responsible for Australian institutional equity sales in Melbourne and later throughout Asia. Campbell has over 30 years' experience in both stockbroking and funds management.

### DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

### Mark Sydney Newman BEcon

Mr Newman has been Chief Investment Officer and Executive Director of K2 Asset Management Holdings and K2 Asset Management Ltd since their formation. Mark has 30 years' experience within the Asian economy including ten years abroad with HSBC Asset Management and later the Abu Dhabi Investment Authority. Mark progressed from Senior Investment Manager to Director of HSBC Asset Management Hong Kong Limited before moving to Abu Dhabi where he was responsible for managing assets across 14 markets in the Asian Pacific region. Mark co-founded K2 Asset Management Ltd in 1999.

### Hollie Anne Wight BBus(Acc)(Hons), CPA

Ms Wight has been an Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer of K2 Asset Management Ltd since April 2005 after joining K2 in 2000. Prior to K2 Hollie worked at PricewaterhouseCoopers within their assurance and business advisory services. Upon the resignation of Ruth McClelland, Hollie was appointed Company Secretary, effective 5 September 2014.

### Robert Clive Hand BEcon, MBA

Mr Hand joined K2 in October 2001 as Executive Director and Senior Portfolio Manager. Joining the finance industry in 1986 with National Australia Bank Robert commenced in the bank's fund management company in 1989 working on Asian portfolios and subsequently European and Australian portfolios, ultimately as head of Australian equities. As of 4 October 2013, Rob resigned as an Executive Director and commenced a Non-Executive role with the board of K2.

### Ruth Marian McClelland BA/LLB(Hons)

Ms McClelland joined K2 in February 2006 in the role of in-house Legal Counsel and Compliance Manager, and was appointed Company Secretary in November 2006. Prior to joining K2 Ruth was a commercial lawyer at Lander & Rogers Lawyers, focusing on financial services law. During the financial year, Ruth resigned from her position with the consolidated group, effective 5 September 2014.

### **DIRECTORS' MEETINGS**

The number of meetings held by the board of directors during the financial year and the numbers of meetings attended by each director during the financial year were:

	K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd		K2 Asset Mar	nagement Ltd
	Eligible to attend <sup>(1)</sup>	Attended	Eligible to attend <sup>(2)</sup>	Attended
Campbell Neal	8	8	9	9
Mark Newman	8	7	9	7
Hollie Wight	8	8	9	9
Robert Hand	8	7	9	7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> In addition to the 8 meetings, the directors of K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd passed circulated written resolutions on 1 occasion during the financial year. All directors were signatories to this resolution.

### SHARES ISSUED ON THE EXERCISE OF OPTIONS

No shares were issued during or since the end of the financial year as a result of the exercise of options. No options have been issued over issued or unissued share capital of the consolidated group.

<sup>(2)</sup> In addition to the 9 meetings, the directors of K2 Asset Management Ltd passed circulated written resolutions on 5 occasions during the financial year. All directors were signatories to these resolutions.

### AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT

#### **REMUNERATION POLICIES**

K2 Asset Management aims to provide remuneration that is competitive in the market and linked to the Company's long term growth and value. The board seeks to ensure that the Company attracts and retains talented and motivated employees who can enhance business performance through their contributions and leadership. All staff are employed and remunerated by K2 Asset Management Ltd with all contracts for service being on a continuing basis.

The nature and extent of remuneration is reviewed and agreed upon annually by the board of directors as a whole. The board has obtained professional advice from remuneration consultants where necessary to ensure that current and proposed fixed, short and long term incentives are comparable with the market for similar roles and skill sets. As no changes were made to the remuneration packages of directors in the current financial year, K2 did not engage the services of external remuneration consultants. In the prior financial year, K2 paid Guerdon Associates \$27,280 for remuneration consulting services.

Remuneration of employees is made up of the following components:

*Fixed remuneration:* includes base salary and employer superannuation contributions. All employees, including directors, have salary reviews on an annual basis. When making changes to an individual's base remuneration the board as a whole considers the employee's responsibilities, historic performance and length of employment with the Company, as well as the applicable industry rate. When making changes to Directors' base remuneration external consultants are engaged to ensure changes are consistent with internal policies and external market practices.

### Performance bonuses

In order for employees or executive directors to be eligible for a bonus a number of predetermined criteria must first be met. These include the Company achieving budgeted results, maintaining a cost to income ratio of 50% (defined as total expenses divided by total income) and the investment funds achieving sufficient returns. These determinants ensure that the level of bonuses paid is directly linked to the financial performance of the Company. Upon meeting this criteria a bonus pool is established taking into account the maintenance of the 50% cost to income ratio. Varying portions of the bonus pool are allocated to different employee groups including executives, investment managers, legal, business development and administration. Bonuses are paid via the short-term and long-term incentive plans described below:

Short-term incentives: refers to performance-based cash bonuses. Along with the criteria mentioned above all employees (including executive directors) have specified key performance indicators they are required to meet depending on the position held. Key performance indicators are set on an annual basis and take into account individuals skill sets, tasks required to be performed and projects and developments to be implemented in the year ahead. Key performance indicators include, but are not limited to, investment manager return on capital, successful implementation of internal projects, positive fund flows, enhancement of distribution channels, timely reporting to unitholders and shareholders and adherence to the K2 internal trademarks.

Bonuses are ultimately determined by the board after appropriate consultation with senior managers and for investment managers the review of proprietary software that allows basis points and capital allocation to be reviewed on an individual fund manager level for the period in question. Bonuses can be paid semi-annually as at 31 December and 30 June. Short-term incentives paid or earned to all employees including directors and key management personnel in relation to the 2015 financial year were \$7,932,010 (2014: \$7,350,289).

Long-term incentives: are provided via a performance-based deferred cash bonus which represents 25% - 75% of the short-term incentive that is retained by the Company. This deferred component is payable over three tranches over a two to three year period. Deferred bonus payments are only paid if the employee remains at the Company and continues to meet specified key performance indicators. If either of these criteria are not met then the deferred bonus is forfeited. The deferred bonus can be revoked at the board's discretion. A limited number of employees are allowed to use the after tax proceeds of deferred bonuses to purchase equity at market value in K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd.

Long-term incentives paid or due for the 2015 financial year is \$1,831,153 (2014: \$1,388,388). This represented 95% (2014: 76%) of the total deferred bonus payable with the remainder being forfeited due to the above mentioned criteria not being met. There is currently a maximum of \$5,786,427 (2014: \$5,047,807) outstanding in deferred bonuses payable between December 2015 and June 2018.

### AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT (CONT'D)

### **REMUNERATION SUMMARY**

A summary of the remuneration for the directors of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2015 is as follows (the below information is summarised in Note 21):

	Campbell Neal	Mark Newman
Position held:	Chairman and Managing Director	Chief Investment Officer
Appointed:	September 1999	September 1999
Base salary:	\$1,088,347 (2014: \$1,089,182)	\$497,293 (2014: \$505,100)
Superannuation:	\$18,783 (2014: \$17,775)	\$35,000 (2014: \$25,000)
Short-term incentives earned: *	\$3,388,181 (2014: \$3,014,959)	\$1,711,016 (2014: \$1,164,439)
Long-term incentives paid or due:	\$694,736 (2014: \$610,085)	\$195,250 (2014: \$155,697)
Long-term incentives payable:	The maximum performance-based deferred cash bonus payable to Mr Neal over seven additional instalments between December 2015 and June 2018 is \$2,268,875 (2014: \$1,812,173).	The maximum performance-based deferred cash bonus payable to Mr Newman over seven additional instalments between December 2015 and June 2018 is \$957,088 (2014: \$562,971).
Incentive based salary as a % of total salary:	79% (2014: 85%)	78% (2014: 77%)
	Hollie Wight	Robert Hand
Position held:	Hollie Wight Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary	Robert Hand  Non-Executive Director
Position held: Appointed:	Chief Financial Officer and Company	
	Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary	Non-Executive Director
Appointed:	Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary  April 2005	Non-Executive Director October 2001
Appointed: Base salary:	Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary  April 2005  \$216,211 (2014: \$291,321)	Non-Executive Director  October 2001  \$70,973 (2014: \$184,507)
Appointed:  Base salary:  Superannuation:	Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary  April 2005  \$216,211 (2014: \$291,321)  \$17,700 (2014: \$17,549)	Non-Executive Director  October 2001  \$70,973 (2014: \$184,507)  \$6,559 (2014: \$14,151)
Appointed:  Base salary:  Superannuation:  Short-term incentives earned: *	Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary  April 2005  \$216,211 (2014: \$291,321)  \$17,700 (2014: \$17,549)  nil (2014: \$298,833)	Non-Executive Director  October 2001  \$70,973 (2014: \$184,507)  \$6,559 (2014: \$14,151)  nil (2014: nil)

<sup>\*</sup> No short-term incentives payable to key management personnel were forfeited in the current financial year.

### AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT (CONT'D)

### RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN REMUNERATION AND COMPANY PERFORMANCE

The following compares financial results for the last five years to dividend and incentive payments to key management personnel:

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Profit/(loss) before tax	26,963,480	23,597,248	18,860,340	6,071,947	22,355,517
Profit/(loss) after tax	18,878,891	16,437,342	13,201,645	(1,683,981)	15,534,351
Total performance fees	31,861,524	27,668,403	24,307,517	124,550	25,799,507
Basic earnings per share	8.08	7.04	5.66	(0.72)	6.73
Cost to income ratio	40.92%	43.48%	48.15%	57.27%	46.12%
Total KMP short-term incentives as a percentage of total income for the year	11.17%	10.73%	10.01%	0.00%	9.62%

The above highlights the impact that performance fees and the cost to income ratio have in determining the total bonus pool available to all employees including key management personnel. For further detail on performance bonuses payable to all staff including key management personnel see page 8.

### CONSEQUENCE OF COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE ON SHAREHOLDER WEALTH

The following table summarises company performance and key performance indicators:

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Revenue (\$)	45,638,460	41,749,868	36,375,249	14,208,852	41,494,420
Change in revenue (%)	9.31%	14.78%	156.00%	(65.76%)	135.90%
Profit before tax (\$)	26,963,480	23,597,248	18,860,340	6,071,947	22,355,517
Change in profit before tax (%)	14.27%	25.12%	210.61%	(72.84%)	146.14%
Change in share price (%)	2.94%	65.85%	46.43%	(61.38%)	57.61%
Dividends declared (\$)	24,522,240	14,010,348	14,007,211	-	16,902,852
Total remuneration of KMP (\$)	8,029,044	7,570,749	6,424,892	1,995,699	5,853,793
Total performance based remuneration of KMP (\$)	6,078,178	5,364,836	4,641,673	322,778	4,073,995

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES**

Number of shares held by key management personnel, company secretary and related parties

	Balance 1 July 2014	Net change Other*	Balance 30 June 2015
Directors			
Campbell Neal	81,651,826	-	81,651,826
Mark Newman	54,458,587	(2,899,888)	51,558,699
Hollie Wight	5,238,566	-	5,238,566
Robert Hand	14,366,976	(750,000)	13,616,976
	155,715,955	(3,649,888)	152,066,067

<sup>\*</sup> Net change refers to shares purchased or sold during the year

The above shareholdings reflect shares held by companies and other entities related to the directors. For further details on relevant interests refer to page 13 of this report and the Company's ASX notices regarding substantial shareholdings.

### AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT (CONT'D)

### LOANS TO KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

During the financial year there were no loans to key management personnel, including their related parties.

Refer to Note 23 for details of transactions with related parties. There were no other transactions with related parties during the period other than those detailed in Note 23 of the financial statements.

### VOTING AND COMMENTS MADE AT THE COMPANY'S 2014 ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

At the company's most recent AGM, a resolution to adopt the prior year remuneration report was put to the vote and at least 75% of 'yes' votes were cast for adoption of that report. No comments were made on the remuneration report that was considered at the AGM.

End of audited remuneration report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Campbell Neal Director

Hollie Wight Director

Melbourne 12 August 2015



# K2 ASSET MANAGEMENT HOLDINGS LTD AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE DIRECTORS OF K2 ASSET MANAGEMENT HOLDINGS LTD

In relation to the independent audit for the year ended 30 June 2015, to the best of my knowledge and belief there have been:

- (i) No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001; and
- (ii) No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct.

K L BYRNE Partner

12 August 2015

PITCHER PARTNERS Melbourne

Petcher Partins

### SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

#### **TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS**

The names of the 20 largest holders of ordinary securities as at 31 July 2015 are as follows:

	Number of shares	%
CWN FT PTY LTD	77,723,973	33.279
MR MARK NEWMAN	28,128,381	12.044
MSN SUPERANNUATION NOMINEES PTY LTD	14,313,809	6.129
ABRO INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	13,616,976	5.830
CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	9,344,722	4.001
JAWATTE NOMINEES PTY LTD	8,890,762	3.807
MS NEWMAN FAMILY FOUNDATION PTY LTD	8,555,556	3.663
MR PETER RONEC	7,503,796	3.213
MR JOSHUA KITCHEN	4,850,000	2.077
DHC INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	4,647,881	1.990
CRUSADE NOMINEES PTY LTD	4,000,000	1.713
CWN SUPERANNUATION NOMINEES PTY LTD	3,927,853	1.682
MR PETER RONEC & MS SUZANNE RUMBLE	2,843,250	1.217
TG INVESTMENT CORP PTY LTD	2,516,488	1.077
LUCKNOW SECURITIES PTY LTD	2,447,283	1.048
MS SIMONE MARCELLE NEAL	1,920,734	0.822
DJ ENTERPRISES PTY LTD	859,047	0.368
JP MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA LIMITED	674,350	0.289
EDINGTON PTY LIMITED	583,236	0.250
MR NICHOLAS LEITL	561,831	0.241
Total held by top 20	197,909,928	84.740

Under chapter 6 of the *Corporations Act 2001* a person has a relevant interest in securities if they have a power to control a right to vote attached to the securities, no matter how remote that interest is.

A small number of K2 employees, directors and connected persons are parties to a shareholders' agreement which was established in 2003. Among other things, the agreement provides that if the parties are required to vote on certain matters at a general meeting, a special resolution of the parties is required prior to any party to the agreement voting at the general meeting.

These obligations have the effect of creating a relevant interest (as defined in the *Corporations Act 2001*) between the parties to the shareholders' agreement. Accordingly, each party to the agreement, by having a relevant interest in the others' shares, is a substantial holder in the Company. Parties to this historical agreement together control a total of 156,182,693 ordinary shares. Certain members of the above group also have a relevant interest in shares which are held in entities external to the shareholders' agreement. As a result, these persons can be said to control a higher number of shares. Campbell Neal has a relevant interest in an additional 3,927,853 shares, bringing his total substantial holding to 160,110,546 shares. Mark Newman has a relevant interest in an additional 23,430,318 shares, bringing his total substantial holding to 179,613,011 shares. Hollie Wight has a relevant interest in an additional 385,096 shares, bringing her substantial holding to 156,567,789 shares. David Poppenbeek has a relevant interest in an additional 440,000 shares, bringing his total substantial holding to 156,622,693 shares. Peter Ronec has a relevant interest in an additional 3,036,333 shares, bringing his total substantial holding to 159,219,026. Andrew Hall has a relevant interest in an additional 20,000 shares, bringing his total substantial holding to 156,202,693. Nick Griffin has a relevant interest in an additional 20,000 shares, bringing his total substantial holding to 156,202,693. Nick Griffin has a relevant interest in an additional 20,000 shares, bringing his total substantial holding to 156,202,693. Nandrew Pugsley has a relevant interest in an additional 20,000 shares, bringing his total substantial holding to 156,202,693 shares.

For details of the shareholdings held by companies and other related entities of the directors of the Company, please refer the Remuneration Report on page 10.

### SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### **DISTRIBUTION OF SECURITIES**

 Security Class: Fully Paid Ordinary Shares

 Holdings Ranges as at 31 July 2015
 Holders

 1-1,000
 96

 1,001-5,000
 315

 5,001-10,000
 260

 10,001-100,000
 584

 100,001-9,999,999,999
 85

 Total number of holders
 1,340

### Number of holders of less than a marketable parcel

49

#### **VOTING RIGHTS**

At general meetings of shareholders, each shareholder in person or by proxy, attorney or representative has one vote on a show of hands and on a poll has one vote for each share held.

At any general meeting, resolutions are to be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is requested by at least five shareholders entitled to vote on the resolution, by shareholders entitled to cast at least 5% of the votes that may be cast on the resolution or by the chair.

### **2015 ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

The Annual General Meeting will be held at K2 Asset Management Ltd, Level 32, 101 Collins Street Melbourne at 9.00am on Tuesday 10 November 2015. Details of all resolutions being put to shareholders will be distributed prior to the meeting.

If you would like to submit a question to be addressed at the AGM prior to the day, please email your question to information@k2am.com.au.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The directors and management of the consolidated entity are committed to maintaining best practice in corporate governance. When adopting corporate governance policies the board has had regard to the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (3rd Edition) released in 2014 ("ASX Recommendations" or "Principles").

Detailed corporate governance policies, charters and codes, referred to in this statement, can be found on the Company's website (www.k2am.com) under Shareholders, Corporate Governance.

This corporate governance statement outlines the Company's compliance with the ASX Recommendations.

### 1. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The board's structure is as follows:

Director	Date of Appointment K2 Asset Management Ltd	Date of Appointment K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd
Campbell Neal (Chair)	1 March 1999	27 March 2007
Mark Newman	5 May 1999	27 March 2007
Hollie Wight	27 April 2005	27 March 2007
Robert Hand	3 November 2001	27 March 2007

#### **ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD**

The board has the primary responsibility for the oversight, management and performance of the Company which includes compliance with the Company's corporate governance objectives.

The board charter sets out, among other things, the board requirements as described below:

- oversight of strategic financial objectives;
- nomination, appointment and monitoring of board and management;
- approving and monitoring risk, compliance and corporate governance;
- supervising secretarial and other matters such as convening shareholder meetings, issuing shares, major litigation and continuous disclosure; and
- · initiating plans or changes, and delegating to senior management or committees where appropriate.

### **BOARD STRUCTURE AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE**

Directors are expected to bring independent views and judgment to all board deliberations. The skills, experience and expertise relevant to the position held by each director in office at the date of this report are described in the Directors' Report on page 6 of this report. In accordance with ASX Recommendation 2.2, the board considers the mix of skills and diversity of board members when assessing the composition of the board and these are set out in detail in the Company's diversity policy.

The board has reviewed the position and associations of all four directors in office and has determined that none of the directors are independent of the Company. In making this determination the board has had regard to the independence criteria in ASX Recommendation 2.3 and other information and circumstances that the board considers relevant. The board will assess the independence of any new directors upon appointment and will regularly review each director's independence, as appropriate.

The board has acknowledged and considered ASX Recommendation 2.4 which states that the majority of the board should be independent directors and ASX Recommendation 2.5 which states that the roles of chair and managing director should not be performed by the same person. The board recognises that following these ASX Recommendations may add value to a company with a large board. However, given the size and cohesion of the board, and the fact that all executive directors also make up the Company's senior management, the requirement of having an independent chair to liaise between board and management is unnecessary. Accordingly, the board's structure is not consistent with these ASX Recommendations. The board considers that it has the relevant experience in the industry in which it operates and is appropriately structured to perform its duties in a manner that is in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.

ASX Recommendation 2.1 states that the board should establish a nomination committee. For details on the Company's committees see Committees of the Board on page 17.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONT'D)

#### **TRAINING**

In accordance with ASX Recommendation 2.6, all new employees, including directors and senior executives, receive induction training covering (as appropriate):

- company structure and operations;
- risk management, corporate governance and various employee policies;
- the rights, duties and responsibilities of directors, senior executives and employees as applicable;
- office procedures and administrative information; and
- legal and regulatory obligations specific to K2 Asset Management Ltd as holder of an Australian financial services licence.

In accordance with ASX Recommendation 2.6, all directors have access to, and do access, continuing education to enhance their skills and knowledge.

#### **MEETINGS OF THE BOARD**

The board meets formally at least six times a year and on other occasions as required. On the invitation of the board or request of senior management, members of senior management attend and make presentations to the board.

### APPOINTMENT, RETIREMENT AND RE-ELECTION

In accordance with ASX Recommendation 1.2(a), and consistent with the process the Company follows before employing any new employee, appropriate checks (such as to the person's character, experience, education, criminal record and, for a director, bankruptcy history) are undertaken before appointing a person, or putting forward to shareholders a candidate for election, as a director.

The constitution of K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd requires one third of the directors, other than the managing director, to retire from office at each annual general meeting. Directors who have been appointed by the board are required to retire from office at the next annual general meeting and are not taken into account in determining the number of directors to retire at that annual general meeting. Directors cannot hold office for a period in excess of three years (or later than the third annual general meeting following their appointment) without submitting themselves for reelection. Retiring directors are eligible for re-election by shareholders.

In accordance with ASX Recommendation 1.2(b), shareholders are provided with all material information relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director ahead of and at an annual general meeting. This information includes biographical details, details of any other material directorships (if applicable), the term of office currently served by the director and a statement by the board as to whether it supports the election or re-election of the director.

In accordance with the board charter and consistent with ASX Recommendation 1.3, each director is engaged under a written agreement.

### **ACCESS TO INFORMATION AND INDEPENDENT ADVICE**

All directors have unrestricted access to employees of the Company and, subject to the law, access to all Company records and information held by the Company, its employees and advisors.

Each director is entitled to obtain independent professional advice at the Company's expense for the purpose of assisting them in performing their duties. A director who wishes to obtain such advice must first obtain the approval of the chair (and such approval must not be withheld unreasonably) and must provide the chair with the reason for seeking such advice, the identity of the person from whom the advice will be sought and the likely cost of obtaining such advice. Except in certain circumstances detailed in the board charter, advice obtained in this manner is made available to the board as a whole.

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The role of the company secretary is consistent with the guidelines on the secretary's role provided under ASX Recommendation 1.4. The company secretary is accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.

#### PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

As set out in the board charter the board completes a performance evaluation on an annual basis. This includes review of the board, individual directors (who also represent the Company's senior executives) and committees (if any). The most recent performance evaluation of the board and senior management was conducted in accordance with this process on 24 June 2015.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONT'D)

At the review:

- performance objectives and development plans are set (having regard to both the business goals set by the board and individual performance criteria) for the forthcoming financial year;
- · individual performance is assessed against the prior year's performance objectives; and
- short term remuneration and long term participation in the Company's incentive plan is determined by reference to individuals' performance.

The review of the managing director is carried out, and approved by, the board.

Performance evaluations of all employees (including directors and senior executives) are undertaken on an annual basis on or about 30 June.

#### 2. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The board considers that it is not necessary to establish separate board committees at this time. All matters that may be capable of delegation to committees will be dealt with by the full board. External advice is sought on particular matters where the board considers it necessary.

ASX Recommendation 2.1(a) states that the board should establish a nomination committee whereas the Company's board charter states that the board is responsible for the nomination of directors. The board currently has the power and obligation to raise and consider issues which would otherwise be considered by the nomination committee including the nomination and appointment of directors, board evaluations and any other directorships held by board members.

ASX Recommendation 4.1(a) states that the board should establish an audit committee and describes which persons the committee should consist of. As stated in the Company's statement of corporate governance principles, the board has not currently established such a committee and therefore ASX Recommendation 4.1(a) has not been adopted.

The functions of an audit committee that are carried out by the board include:

- reviewing and considering the financial statements;
- · reviewing the effectiveness and performance of the Company's external auditors; and
- ensuring the independence and competence of the external auditors.

If it becomes necessary to replace the external auditors for performance, independence or other reasons, the board will then formalise a procedure for the selection and appointment of new auditors. Pitcher Partners maintains internal policies to ensure the rotation of its external audit engagement partners.

ASX Recommendation 7.1(a) provides that the board should establish a committee or committees to oversee risk. The board charter provides that the board has responsibility for approving and monitoring compliance with the Company's risk management strategy and internal controls. For details on the Company's risk management processes see Risk Management on page 20.

ASX Recommendation 8.1(a) provides that the board should establish a remuneration committee and distinguish the structure of non-executive directors' remuneration from that of executive directors and senior executives. As stated previously, the Company does not presently have a remuneration committee due to its operations and size, and accordingly does not comply with ASX Recommendation 8.1(a).

As stipulated by the Company's corporate governance summary, all remuneration is assessed as part of the performance reviews undertaken on an annual basis. The board charter explains that the board is responsible for the remuneration of directors and senior management, and the constitution provides further details regarding remuneration. The Company engages professional independent advice in this area to review its remuneration arrangements and to assist in developing a remuneration policy and incentive scheme. The constitution of the Company distinguishes the appropriate remuneration components for executive and non-executive directors. Please refer to the Audited Remuneration Report on page 8 for further information on the Company's remuneration policies.

ASX Recommendations 2.1, 4.1. 7.1 and 8.1 all include similar statements relevant for smaller boards such as the Company's. These recommendations outline that the boards of some listed entities may decide that they are able to deal efficiently and effectively with the relevant issues without establishing separate committees. Given the size of the Company, the board believes that it is able to deal effectively with the relevant issues and that the same efficiencies that are currently in place may not be derived from implementing a formal committee structure.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONT'D)

#### 3. AUDIT GOVERNANCE

#### **APPOINTMENT OF AUDITORS**

The Company's current external auditors are Pitcher Partners.

#### INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

The Corporations Act 2001 requires external auditors to make an annual independence declaration to the board, declaring that the auditors have maintained independence in accordance with section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001.

#### **NON-AUDIT SERVICES BY EXTERNAL AUDITORS**

The board has implemented a process that governs the provision of non-audit services to the Company by the external auditors. In some cases the provision of specific services is not permitted in any circumstances (such as the preparation of accounting records, provision of valuations and provision of internal audit assistance). Alternatively some services (such as tax compliance services) are permitted while others require the prior approval of the board (such as tax advice and investigative accounting services).

### ATTENDANCE AT ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS

The Company's external auditors attend and are available to answer questions at the Company's annual general meetings. Shareholders may submit questions for the external auditors to the company secretary no later than five business days before an annual general meeting.

#### 4. COMPANY POLICIES

### **CODE OF CONDUCT**

As set out in ASX Recommendation 3.1, the Company has adopted a code of conduct for all employees and directors of the Company and a copy of the code is available on the Company's website. The code of conduct aims to establish Company values and maintain the highest level of ethical standards, corporate behaviour and accountability.

In particular, the code addresses:

- compliance with laws including taxation laws;
- fair dealing;
- · confidentiality and protection of Company assets;
- conflicts of interest;
- obligations to shareholders and the financial community;
- trading in Company securities;
- equal opportunity;
- · health, safety and environment;
- · reporting non-compliance and grievances;
- bribes and financial inducements; and
- political donations.

Several of these matters are supported by their own specific policies and procedures.

### **DIVERSITY**

Since July 2011 the Company has posted its diversity policy on its website in summary form, in accordance with ASX Recommendation 1.5.

The Company's recruitment and opportunities for promotion have always been based on merit. One of the Company's departments is headed by a woman and one of the Company's four directors is female. The Company has not hesitated to elevate women (and persons of varying ages, ethnicity and cultural background) to senior positions where their skills and abilities merit the appointment.

## PROPORTION OF WOMEN EMPLOYEES IN THE WHOLE ORGANISATION, WOMEN IN SENIOR EXECUTIVE POSITIONS AND WOMEN ON THE BOARD

As at 1 July 2015 the Company had 24 employees, 5 of whom are female.

As mentioned above, one of the Company's four directors is female and the Company's chief financial officer is female.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONT'D)

### OBJECTIVES FOR ACHIEVING GENDER DIVERSITY AND THE PROGRESS TOWARDS ACHIEVING THEM

The Company's diversity policy requires the board to establish measurable objectives in relation to gender diversity and assess them annually. These objectives and the steps taken towards achieving them are set out below:

### Objective 1: Valuing diversity in the selection and appointment of directors and employees

The Company's diversity strategy includes:

- aiming to recruit from a diverse pool of candidates for all positions, including for senior management and the board;
   and
- identifying specific factors to take into account in the recruitment and selection processes to encourage diversity.

In terms of progress against this objective, the Company has 24 employees and a workforce which has historically and continues to be very stable. There is therefore insufficient data available to report against significant metrics or observe a pattern in the gender of persons employed. When positions do become available the Company considers and interviews applicants from both genders and with various cultural backgrounds. Both men and women are involved in employment interviews and the employment decision.

To encourage internal promotions and building skill sets for executive succession, all employees are encouraged to undertake training in areas including leadership and general skills development, with appropriate conferences and courses paid for by the Company and study leave provided for approved postgraduate courses.

### Objective 2: Workplace culture - ongoing diversity

The Company maintains initiatives to help all employees balance their work, life and family responsibilities, with the goal of improving staff loyalty and retention, and maintaining diversity amongst its workforce. These initiatives include:

- support for parental leave and providing part-time and other flexible work options where possible;
- "family days" which can be taken by full-time employees once every two months (in addition to standard annual leave), for any purpose including attending children's or family activities, a religious holiday or cultural event; and
- anti-discrimination and anti-harassment policy and training for all staff.

The board is satisfied with the progress of this objective and considers that the above policies have been effectively utilised and contribute to staff retention and diversity.

### **Objective 3: Diversity in Board Membership**

The mix of skills and diversity which the Company's directors seek to achieve in the composition of the board are set out in detail in the full-length diversity policy.

No single director is expected to have all the listed skills and/or qualities, and some may be contributed by the company secretary or other advisors and committees.

As mentioned above, the board is currently one-quarter female. However again, given the small size and stability of the board it is not possible to identify a pattern (diverse or otherwise) in board appointments at this stage. The most recent director appointment was a woman (Ms Hollie Wight) – this occurred in 2005.

### **MEASURING DIVERSITY IN A SMALL BUSINESS**

The diversity policy also states that the board and the Company's compliance department will consider and develop further diversity, retention and loyalty programmes which in its view are necessary or beneficial. The board may set further objectives or targets as it sees fit from time to time, particularly as employee numbers increase, and will take appropriate measures consistent with the size, nature and complexity of its operations. In a business of the Company's size, it is not practical to hold networking events, establish mentoring schemes or develop processes for identifying females to fill board positions, as the diversity programmes of larger companies do. The board has established objectives for gender diversity, but they are not as "measurable" as the kinds of objectives which can be set by larger companies. The Company has complied with ASX Recommendation 1.5 as far as is reasonably practicable.

The Company's board charter includes an obligation to report annually on the relative proportion of women and men in the workforce at all levels of the Company.

### **SHARE TRADING**

Under the Company's share trading policy all employees and directors of the Company are prohibited from trading in the Company's shares if they are in possession of inside information. Subject to this, trading can occur at all times except:

- from 1 December until one hour after the half-yearly financial reports are released to the market; and
- from 1 June until one hour after the annual financial results are released to the market.

Outside of these blackout periods, if employees wish to trade they must obtain written approval from a director and present a signed declaration that they are not in possession of material non-public information.

The policy also prohibits employees from entering into transactions in products which operate to limit the economic risk of holding unvested entitlements in the Company's shares.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONT'D)

#### **FINANCIAL REPORTING**

The Company's financial report preparation and approval process involves the managing director and the chief financial officer providing a written statement to the board that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, the Company's financial records have been properly maintained and the Company's financial report presents a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the Company's financial condition and operating results and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Company is committed to the identification, monitoring and management of risks associated with its business activities. As part of its management and reporting systems, a risk management policy has been established which is founded on the detailed risk management procedures required under the Australian financial services licence held by K2 Asset Management Ltd.

The policy establishes a management risk review group to identify and monitor the risks faced by the Company and recommend mitigation strategies. The management risk review group reports to the board at regular intervals on issues such as compliance, insurance, occupational health and safety, protection of client funds and financial issues.

While the Company does not have a formal internal audit function, management and employees are ultimately responsible to the board for the Company's system of internal control and risk management. The management risk review group and the board are responsible for monitoring, evaluating and improving the effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control processes and review the risk management framework at least annually. The board most recently reviewed the Company's risk management framework on 24 June 2015.

In accordance with ASX Recommendation 4.2, the managing director and the chief financial officer provide the board with an annual written declaration that, in their opinion, the Company's financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control and compliance operating effectively in all material respects.

In accordance with ASX Recommendation 7.4, the board does not consider that the Company has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks that are different or unusual to any other company operating in the financial services industry.

### **CONTINUOUS DISCLOSURE**

The board has adopted a continuous disclosure and shareholder reporting policy to ensure compliance with the ASX Listing Rules' continuous disclosure requirements. This policy is available on the Company's website.

### This policy:

- gives guidance as to the information that may require disclosure;
- gives guidance for dealing with market analysts and the media;
- requires directors and senior management to actively consider whether there is any price sensitive information which needs disclosure; and
- allocates responsibility for approving public disclosures and shareholder communications.

The policy provides the standards, protocols and requirements which are expected of all directors, senior management and employees of the Company. However, in particular it states that the directors (and more specifically the managing director, the chief financial officer and the company secretary) are accountable for approving and monitoring compliance with the policy and with the ASX Listing Rules' requirements relating to continuous disclosure.

To ensure shareholders have equal and timely access to material information concerning the Company, a monthly announcement is lodged with ASX detailing current performance and funds under management for the funds for which K2 Asset Management Ltd acts as investment manager. As recommended in ASX Principle 5, each announcement goes through a review and authorisation process prior to lodgement.

### SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATION

The board has approved, as part of the continuous disclosure and shareholder reporting policy, the Company's policy to promote effective communication with its shareholders. This policy is available on the Company's website. In addition to its disclosure obligations under the ASX Listing Rules, the Company may communicate with its shareholders via a number of means. These communications can include annual and half-yearly reports, media releases, public announcements and annual general meetings. Consistent with ASX Recommendation 6.4, shareholders have the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the Company and its share registry electronically.

As noted in the Company's continuous disclosure and shareholder reporting policy, the Company is committed to using general meetings of the Company to effectively communicate with shareholders and to allow reasonable opportunity for informed shareholder participation.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	Notes	2015 \$	2014 \$
Revenue	4	45,638,460	41,749,868
Employee benefits expense	5	(16,517,123)	(15,785,445)
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	5	(43,172)	(53,830)
Marketing expenses	5	(802,578)	(885,181)
Occupancy expenses	5	(676,041)	(648,449)
Professional expenses		(435,062)	(591,533)
Technology expenses		(156,145)	(144,811)
Other expenses		(44,859)	(43,371)
		(18,674,980)	(18,152,620)
Profit before income tax	_	26,963,480	23,597,248
Income tax expense	6	(8,084,589)	(7,159,906)
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	18,878,891	16,437,342
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	20	8.08	7.04
Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	20	8.08	7.04

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2015

	Notes	2015 \$	2014 \$
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	22,540,562	16,470,090
Receivables	9	24,066,431	1,776,968
Other current assets	10	175,308	176,130
Total Current Assets	_	46,782,301	18,423,188
Non-current Assets			
Plant and equipment	11	70,772	72,381
Intangible assets	12	3,278	2,936
Deferred tax assets	6	1,526,660	1,321,657
Other non-current assets	13	27,000	27,000
Total Non-current Assets		1,627,710	1,423,974
Total Assets	<del></del>	48,410,011	19,847,162
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	14	9,227,279	538,015
Current tax payable	6	6,783,746	2,404,256
Provisions	15	12,786,110	2,287,005
Total Current Liabilities		28,797,135	5,229,276
Non-current Liabilities			
Provisions	15	1,937,236	2,064,202
Other non-current liabilities	14	231,091	-
Total Non-current Liabilities	_	2,168,327	2,064,202
Total Liabilities		30,965,462	7,293,478
Net Assets		17,444,549	12,553,684
Equity			
Share capital	16	2,061,513	2,037,247
Retained earnings	17	15,383,036	10,516,437
Total Equity		17,444,549	12,553,684

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

2014	Contributed equity	Retained earnings \$	Total Equity
Balance as at 1 July 2013	2,011,803	17,427,933	19,439,736
Profit for the period		16,437,342	16,437,342
Total comprehensive income for the year		16,437,342	16,437,342
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners			
Proceeds from share issue	25,444	-	25,444
Dividends paid		(23,348,838)	(23,348,838)
Total transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	25,444	(23,348,838)	(23,323,394)
Balance as at 30 June 2014	2,037,247	10,516,437	12,553,684

2015	Contributed equity \$	Retained earnings \$	Total Equity
Balance as at 1 July 2014	2,037,247	10,516,437	12,553,684
Profit for the period	-	18,878,891	18,878,891
Total comprehensive income for the year		18,878,891	18,878,891
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners			
Proceeds from share issue	24,266	-	24,266
Dividends paid	-	(14,012,292)	(14,012,292)
Total transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	24,266	(14,012,292)	(13,988,026)
Balance as at 30 June 2015	2,061,513	15,383,036	17,444,549

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	Notes	2015 \$	2014 \$
Cash flow from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		34,214,889	62,370,125
Payments to suppliers and employees		(10,568,984)	(29,610,660)
Interest received		364,600	651,162
Income tax paid		(3,910,102)	(9,886,850)
Net cash provided by operating activities	18(b)	20,100,403	23,523,777
Cash flow from investing activities			
Payment for plant and equipment		(41,065)	(34,129)
Payment for trademarks and licenses		(840)	(440)
Net cash used in investing activities		(41,905)	(34,569)
Cash flow from financing activities			
Proceeds from share issue		24,266	25,444
Dividends paid		(14,012,292)	(23,348,838)
Net cash used in financing activities		(13,988,026)	(23,323,394)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		6,070,472	165,814
Cash at beginning of financial year		16,470,090	16,304,276
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	18(a)	22,540,562	16,470,090

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of material accounting policies adopted by the consolidated entity in the preparation and presentation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

### (a) Basis of preparation of the financial report

This financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Interpretations and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The financial report includes financial statements for K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd and K2 Asset Management Ltd as a consolidated entity. K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd is a for profit entity for the purpose of preparing financial statements.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the directors as at the date of the directors' report.

#### Compliance with IFRS

The consolidated financial statements of K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd also comply with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

#### Historical Cost Convention

The financial report has been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by revaluations to fair value for certain classes of assets as described in the accounting policies.

### Going concern

The financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis.

### Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial report requires the use of certain estimates and judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies. Those estimates and judgements significant to the financial report are disclosed in Note 2.

### (b) Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements are those of the consolidated entity, comprising the financial statements of the parent entity and of all entities which K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd controlled from time to time during the year and at balance date. Details of the controlled entities are contained in Note 23(a).

The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent entity, using consistent accounting policies. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies, which may exist.

All inter-company balances and transactions, including any unrealised profits or losses have been eliminated on consolidation.

The directors have identified that the business acquisition, encompassing the restructure of the K2 Asset Management group that occurred in April 2007, constituted a reverse acquisition as defined under AASB 3 *Business Combinations*.

Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements have been issued under the name of the legal parent entity, K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd, but reflect a continuation of the statements of K2 Asset Management Ltd that existed prior to the restructure of the group.

### (c) Revenue recognition

Revenue from management and performance fees is recognised when the right to receive arises based on the conditions in the funds constitutions.

Interest revenue is recognised when it becomes receivable on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

Other revenue is recognised when the right to receive the revenue has been established.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

### (d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at banks and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less held at call with financial institutions.

### (e) Plant and equipment

Each class of plant and equipment is carried at cost less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation or amortisation.

#### Computer and office equipment

Computer and office equipment is measured on a cost basis.

### Leasehold improvements

The cost of improvements to or on leasehold property is capitalised, disclosed as leasehold improvements and amortised over the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

#### Depreciation

The depreciable amounts of all other fixed assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of assets are:

Class of fixed asset	Depreciation rates	Depreciation basis
Leasehold improvements	10% - 20%	Straight line
Computer and office equipment	10% - 40%	Straight line and diminishing value

### (f) Intangibles

Patents, trademarks and licences are recognised at cost at acquisition. Patents and trademarks have a finite life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. They are amortised over their estimated useful lives, which range from 10 to 15 years.

### (q) Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets with an indefinite useful life are not amortised but are tested annually for impairment in accordance with AASB 136. Assets subject to annual depreciation or amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or circumstances arise that indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may be impaired.

An impairment loss is recognised where the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of an asset is defined as the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

### (h) Taxes

Current income tax expense or benefit is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for temporary differences and unused tax losses only when it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### Tax Consolidation

The parent entity and its controlled entity have formed an income tax consolidated group under the tax consolidation legislation. The parent entity is responsible for recognising the current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets arising in respect of tax losses, for the tax consolidated group. The tax consolidated group has also entered a tax funding arrangement whereby each company in the group contributes to the income tax payable in proportion to their contribution to the net profit before tax of the tax consolidated group.

### (i) Employee Benefits

Liabilities arising in respect of wages and salaries, performance bonuses, annual leave and any other employee benefits expected to be settled within twelve months of the reporting date are measured at their nominal amounts based on remuneration rates which are expected to be paid when the liability is settled. All other employee benefit liabilities are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflow to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.

Contributions made by the Company to an employee superannuation fund are recognised as an expense as they become payable. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in a future payment is available.

#### (i) Financial Instruments

#### Classification

The classification of financial instruments depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition.

### Financial Assets

Financial assets include loans and receivables. Non-interest bearing loans and receivables are designated as receivable 'at call' and therefore carried at face value.

#### Investments

Non-listed investments, for which fair value cannot be reliably measured, are carried at cost and tested for impairment.

### Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities include trade payables, other creditors and loans from third parties including inter-company balances.

Financial liabilities are classified as current liabilities unless the consolidated entity has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

### (k) Foreign Currencies

### Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of each group entity are measured using its functional currency, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, as this is the parent entity's functional currency.

### Transactions and Balances

Transactions in foreign currencies of entities within the consolidated entity are converted into the functional currency at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction.

Foreign currency monetary items that are outstanding at the reporting date (other than monetary items arising under foreign currency contracts where the exchange rate for that monetary item is fixed in the contract) are converted using the spot rate at the end of the financial year.

Resulting exchange differences arising on settlement or re-statement are recognised as revenues and expenses for the financial year.

### (I) Leases

### Operating Leases

Lease incentives received under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

### (m) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

### (n) Comparatives

Where required, comparative information has been reclassified and repositioned for consistency with current year disclosures.

### (o) Rounding amounts

Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

## (p) Adoption of new and amended accounting standards that are first operative at 30 June 2015 There have been no new and amended accounting standards effective for the financial year beginning 1 July 2014 that

There have been no new and amended accounting standards effective for the financial year beginning 1 July 2014 that have affected any amounts recorded in the current or prior year.

### (q) Accounting standards and interpretations issued but not yet operative at 30 June 2015

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued at the reporting date but are not yet effective. The directors' assessment of the impact of these standards and interpretation is set out below:

AASB 15 Revenue from contracts with customers (effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017) AASB 15 introduces a five step process for revenue recognition with the core principle being for entities to recognise revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in amounts that reflect the consideration (that is, payment) to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

AASB 15 will also result in enhanced disclosures about revenue, provide guidance for transactions that were not previously addressed comprehensively (for example, service revenue and contract modifications) and improve guidance for multiple-element arrangements.

The changes in revenue recognition requirements in AASB 15 are not expected to cause significant changes to the timing and amount of revenue recorded in the financial statements.

### AASB 9 Financial Instruments (effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018)

Significant revisions to the classification and measurement of financial assets, reducing the number of categories and simplifying the measurement choices, including the removal of impairment testing of assets measured at fair value. The amortised cost model is available for debt assets meeting both business model and cash flow characteristics tests. All investments in equity instruments using AASB 9 are to be measured at fair value.

Amends measurement rules for financial liabilities that the entity elects to measure at fair value through profit and loss. Changes in fair value attributable to changes in the entity's own credit risk are presented in other comprehensive income.

Chapter 6 Hedge Accounting supersedes the general hedge accounting requirements in AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, which many consider to be too rules-based and arbitrary. Chapter 6 requirements include a new approach to hedge accounting that is intended to more closely align hedge accounting with risk management activities undertaken by entities when hedging financial and non-financial risks. Some of the key changes from AASB 139 are as follows:

- to allow hedge accounting of risk components of non-financial items that are identifiable and measurable (many of which were prohibited from being designated as hedged items under AASB 139);
- changes in the accounting for the time value of options, the forward element of a forward contract and foreigncurrency basis spreads designated as hedging instruments; and
- modification of the requirements for effectiveness testing (including removal of the 'brightline' effectiveness test
  that offset for hedging must be in the range 80-125%).

Revised disclosures about an entity's hedge accounting have also been added to AASB 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Impairment of assets is now based on expected losses in AASB 9 which requires entities to measure:

- the 12-month expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life
  of the financial instrument).

Due to the nature of the consolidated group's assets and liabilities, these changes are not expected to cause significant changes to the financial position of the group.

No other standards and interpretations have been issued at the reporting date that are not yet effective.

### NOTE 2: CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The group makes certain estimates and assumptions concerning the future which, by definition, will seldom represent actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant inherent risk in respect of estimates based on future events, which could have a material impact on the assets and liabilities in the next financial year, are discussed below:

### (a) Impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill

The Company assesses impairment of all assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Company and to a particular asset that may lead to impairment. These include business performance, technology, economic and political environments and future expectations. If an impairment trigger exists then the recoverable amount of the asset is to be evaluated.

### (b) Income taxes

Income tax benefits are based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in the income tax legislation and the anticipation that the Company will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences as management considers that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available to utilise those temporary differences.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 3: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The consolidated entity is exposed to a variety of direct and indirect financial risks comprising:

- (a) market risk;
- (b) interest rate risk;
- (c) credit risk;
- (d) liquidity risk; and
- (e) fair values.

The board of directors has overall responsibility for identifying and managing operational and financial risks via a number of management policies and procedures.

#### (a) Market Risk

The key direct risks associated with the consolidated entity are those which impact on the investment funds for which K2 Asset Management Ltd acts as investment manager.

Unfavourable economic movements, both globally and within the markets in which the funds operate, can have a significant impact on the investment returns of the fund and the funds under management (FUM). Examples of potential market events that could impact the performance of the funds and FUM include:

- · currency fluctuations
- · changes in official interest rates
- government policy including fiscal and monetary policies
- · volatility and changes of sentiment in the stock market
- local and international economic instability
- inflation
- unemployment
- political change
- war and terrorism

FUM directly correlates to the level of management fees received by the Company due to management fees being based on a percentage of FUM. FUM can be impacted by a large number of factors including the market events listed above. Performance risk of the investment funds, loss of key personnel, competition within the industry, as well as other unlisted possibilities, are also events that can impact FUM.

Performance fees are paid to K2 Asset Management Ltd if the investment funds meet certain performance criteria. A period of negative performance will significantly impact on the level of performance fees paid to the Company and hence affect total profitability of the consolidated entity.

To illustrate the above, if global markets fell by 5% and in turn FUM fell by 5% then management fees would decrease by 5% and it would be unlikely that a performance fee would be received. Please note that this example assumes a uniform decline in all global markets which is an unlikely occurrence.

Although market volatility is outside the direct control of K2 Asset Management Ltd, in its roles as investment manager the Company aims to mitigate these risks by implementing macroeconomic analysis to ensure market influences are considered when making investment decisions, diversifying investments across sectors and geographic regions and following established investment guidelines.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 3: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

### (b) Interest Rate Risk

At 30 June 2015 the consolidated entity had no exposure to interest bearing liabilities. As such interest rate risk does not pose a significant risk with the only exposure being to financial assets, specifically cash held at call and on term deposits. The consolidated entity invests its free cash in term deposits in order to mitigate interest rate fluctuations. The consolidated entity's exposure to interest rate risks and the effective interest rates of financial assets and financial liabilities, both recognised and unrecognised at the balance date, are as follows:

Financial Instruments	Floating in	terest rate	Fixed interest In 1 year		Non-intere	st bearing	Total c amount as per	arrying Balance Sheet	ave effe	ghted erage ective est rate
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
(i) Financial assets										
Cash	17,850,889	7,655,320	4,689,321	8,814,321	352	449	22,540,562	16,470,090	2.28%	2.75%
Receivables and other current assets	-	-	-	-	24,066,431	1,776,968	24,066,431	1,776,968	-	-
Total financial assets	17,850,889	7,655,320	4,689,321	8,814,321	24,066,783	1,777,417	46,606,993	18,247,058	-	-
(ii) Financial liabilities										
Trade creditors	-	-	-	-	62,483	75,058	62,483	75,058	-	-
Other creditors	-	-	-	-	9,395,889	462,957	9,395,889	462,957	-	-
Total financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	9,458,372	538,015	9,458,372	538,015	-	-

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 3: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

### (c) Credit risk exposures

Credit risk for financial instruments arises from the potential failure by counterparties to the contract in meeting their obligations.

### (i) Trade receivables

The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amount of assets, net of any provisions for doubtful debts of those assets, as disclosed in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and Notes to the Financial Statements.

The consolidated entity has limited credit risk exposure as it has a small group of debtors, being the funds it manages. The Company is the manager of each of these funds and exercises its control to manage this risk by ensuring fees are paid by each fund on a timely basis.

#### (ii) Cash deposits

Credit risk for cash deposits is managed by holding all cash deposits with major Australian banks.

### (d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises when there is an inability to meet both short and medium term financial obligations. This risk is mitigated via retaining a level of cash reserves that management deems appropriate, performing ongoing cash flow analysis and projecting and allowing for future potential liabilities. Free cash in excess of short term obligations is invested at call and in term deposits for varying maturity dates. All trade creditors and sundry creditors are payable as at 30 June 2015 and are expected to be paid within 30 days of this date.

### (e) Fair values

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities approximates their carrying amounts as disclosed in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and Notes to the Financial Statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 4: REVENUE

	Notes	2015 \$	2014 \$
Revenues from continuing operations			
Management fees		12,840,989	12,889,583
Performance fees		31,861,524	27,668,403
Interest	(a)	350,511	653,078
Other		585,436	538,804
		45,638,460	41,749,868
(a) Interest from:			
Other persons		350,511	653,078
		350,511	653,078

### NOTE 5: PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

2015	2014
\$	\$

Profit from continuing operations before income tax has been determined after the following specific expenses:

Employee Benefits		
Short-term benefits	15,181,355	15,042,669
Long-term benefits	1,335,768	742,776
	16,517,123	15,785,445
Depreciation and amortisation expense		
Depreciation of computer and office equipment	33,556	37,882
Depreciation of leasehold improvements	9,118	15,573
	42,674	53,455
Amortisation of trademarks and licenses	498	375
	43,172	53,830
Marketing expenses		
Advertising	553,081	457,548
Travel expenses	214,493	374,155
Printing and stationery	35,004	53,478
	802,578	885,181
Occupancy expenses		
Rental and occupancy	654,029	625,337
Repairs and maintenance	22,012	23,112
	676,041	648,449

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 6: INCOME TAX

	2015 \$	2014 \$
(a) The components of tax expense:		
Current tax	8,305,512	5,413,325
Deferred tax	(205,003)	1,686,020
Under/(over) provision in prior year	(15,920)	60,561
Total income tax expense	8,084,589	7,159,906
Deferred income tax (revenue)/expense included in income tax expense comprises:		
(Increase)/decrease in deferred tax assets	(205,003)	1,686,020
	(205,003)	1,686,020
Prima facie income tax payable on profit before income tax at 30% (2014: 30%)	8,089,044	7,079,175
Add tax effect of:		
Non-deductible entertainment	11,465	20,170
	8,100,509	7,099,345
Less tax effect of:		
(Under)/over provision in prior year	15,920	(60,561)
Income tax expense attributable to profit	8,084,589	7,159,906
Current tax payable		
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,404,256	6,817,220
Income tax	8,305,512	5,413,325
Tax payments	(3,910,102)	(9,886,850)
Under/(over) provision in prior year	(15,920)	60,561
Balance at the end of the year	6,783,746	2,404,256
The deferred tax assets balance comprises:		
Accruals	19,290	16,230
Employee benefits	1,507,305	1,305,362
Other	65	65
Balance of deferred tax assets	1,526,660	1,321,657

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 7: DIVIDENDS ON ORDINARY SHARES

	2015 \$	2014 \$
(a) Dividends paid or declared		
June 2013 final dividend paid at 4.0 cents per share 100% franked at the Australian tax rate of 30%	-	9,338,490
August 2014 interim dividend paid at 2.0 cents per share 100% franked at the Australian tax rate of 30%*	4,670,116	-
February 2015 interim dividend paid at 4.0 cents (2014: 6.0 cents) per share 100% franked (2014:100%) at the Australian tax rate of 30%	9,342,176	14,010,348
-	14,012,292	23,348,838

<sup>\*</sup> Following the distribution of a dividend of \$4,675,000 from its subsidiary on 12 August 2014, a dividend of \$4,670,116 equalling 2.0 cents per share was declared by K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd on 13 August 2014, based on 2015 financial year to date profit after tax.

### (b) Dividends declared after year end

Proposed dividends not recognised at year end at 4.5 cents		
per share (2014: 4.0 cents) 100% franked (2014: 100%	10,509,948	4,670,116
franked) at the Australian tax rate of 30%		

6,772,731

### (c) Franking credit balance

Balance of franking account at year end adjusted for franking credits arising from payment of provision for income tax and after deducting franking credits to be used in payment of proposed dividends

4,552,791

### NOTE 8: CASH

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Cash on hand	352	449
Cash at bank	11,099,737	7,655,320
Fund applications held in trust	6,751,152	-
Cash on deposit	4,689,321	8,814,321
	22,540,562	16,470,090

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### **NOTE 9: RECEIVABLES**

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Trade receivables	24,015,297	1,662,289
Other receivables	51,134	114,679
	24,066,431	1,776,968

### (a) Provision for impairment

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing with 30 days terms. No impairment loss has been recognised in the current or prior year. All trade receivables are expected to be received within trading terms and have been received as of the date of this report.

### NOTE 10: OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	<b>2015</b> \$	2014 \$
Prepayments	175,308	176,130
	175,308	176,130
NOTE 11: PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
	2015 \$	2014 \$
Leasehold improvements		
At cost	96,564	93,411
Accumulated depreciation	(81,052)	(71,934)
	15,512	21,477
Computer and office equipment		
At cost	843,239	805,327
Accumulated depreciation	(787,979)	(754,423)
•	55,260	50,904
	70,772	72,381

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 11: PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

### Movements in carrying amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of plant and equipment between beginning and end of the year.

2015	Leasehold Improvements \$	Computer and Office Equipment \$	Total \$
Balance at the beginning of the year	21,477	50,904	72,381
Additions	3,153	37,912	41,065
Disposals	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	(9,118)	(33,556)	(42,674)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2015	15,512	55,260	70,772
	Leasehold	Computer and	Total

2014	Leasehold Improvements \$	Computer and Office Equipment \$	Total \$
Balance at the beginning of the year	37,050	54,657	91,707
Additions	-	34,129	34,129
Disposals	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	(15,573)	(37,882)	(53,455)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2014	21,477	50,904	72,381

### NOTE 12: INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Trademarks and licenses at costs	5,666	4,826
Accumulated amortisation	(2,388)	(1,890)
	3,278	2,936

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 13: OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

Aggregate employee benefits liability

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Other financial assets – Non listed investments at cost	27,000	27,000
	27,000	27,000
NOTE 14: PAYABLES		
Current payables	<b>2015</b> \$	2014 \$
Trade creditors	62,483	75,058
Sundry creditors and accruals	2,376,584	462,957
Payable for fund applications held in trust	6,751,152	· <u>-</u>
Current rent incentive	37,060	-
	9,227,279	538,015
Non-current payables		
Non-current rent incentive	231,091	_
	231,091	-
	9,458,370	538,015
NOTE 15: PROVISIONS		
	2015 \$	2014 \$
Current employee benefits	12,786,110	2,287,005
	12,786,110	2,287,005
Non-current employee benefits	1,937,236	2,064,202
• •	1,937,236	2,064,202

14,723,346

4,351,207

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 16: CONTRIBUTED EQUITY

	2015 \$	2014 \$
(a) Issued and paid up capital		
Ordinary shares fully paid	2,061,513	2,037,247
	2,061,513	2,037,247

(b) Movements in shares on issue		Consolidated Equity 2015		d Equity I		
	No. of Shares	\$	No. of Shares	\$		
Beginning of the year	21,152,285	2,037,247	21,108,725	2,011,803		
Issued during the year						
Share based payments	48,600	24,266	43,560	25,444		
End of the year	21,200,885	2,061,513	21,152,285	2,037,247		
	Parent Equity 2015					
	No. of Shares	\$	No. of Shares	\$		
Beginning of the year	233,505,798	113,448,163	233,462,238	113,422,719		
Issued during the year						
recard daring are year						
Share based payments	48,600	24,266	43,560	25,444		

Fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share and carry the right to dividends.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 16: CONTRIBUTED EQUITY (CONT'D)

### (c) Capital management

When managing capital, the directors' objective is to ensure the consolidated entity continues as a going concern as well as maintaining optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. This is achieved through the monitoring of historical and forecast performance and cash flows.

### NOTE 17: RETAINED PROFITS

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Retained profits at the beginning of the year	10,516,437	17,427,933
Net profit attributable to members of the consolidated entity	18,878,891	16,437,342
Dividends paid	(14,012,292)	(23,348,838)
Retained profits at the end of the financial year	15,383,036	10,516,437

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 18: CASH FLOW INFORMATION

2015	201
¢	<b>\$</b>

### (a) Reconciliation of cash

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and at call deposits with banks or financial institutions, investments in money market instruments maturing within less than three months and net of bank overdrafts.

Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the related items as follows:

Cash on hand	352	449
Cash at bank	11,099,737	7,655,320
Fund applications held in trust	6,751,152	-
Deposits with financial institutions	4,689,321	8,814,321
	22,540,562	16,470,090

### (b) Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after income tax

Profit from ordinary activities after income tax	18,878,891	16,437,342
Non-cash flows in profit from ordinary activities  Amortisation	498	375
Amonisation	490	3/5
Depreciation	42,674	53,455
Rental expense	268,151	-
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	(22,289,463)	17,116,281
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	822	(55,453)
Increase/(decrease) in payables	8,652,204	(1,679,612)
Increase/(decrease) in income tax payable	4,379,490	(4,412,964)
(Increase)/decrease in deferred taxes	(205,003)	1,686,020
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	10,372,139	(5,621,667)
Net cash flow from operating activities	20,100,403	23,523,777

### (c) Restriction over cash

The consolidated entity has a term deposit of \$229,321 (2014: \$229,321) as a guarantee over the office rental at Level 32, 101 Collins Street, Melbourne.

The consolidated entity held \$6,751,152 (2014: nil) in trust for investors in the K2 Global Equities Fund as at 30 June 2015. This money was transferred to the Fund prior to the commencement of its operations on 20 July 2015. A current liability of \$6,751,152 (2014: nil) was recorded as at 30 June 2015 in recognition that the money was held by the consolidated group on behalf of the Fund's investors. Please refer to note 14 for further information.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 19: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

2015	201
¢	•

2015

#### Lease expenditure commitments

.... - -- .

#### (a) Operating leases (non-cancellable):

(i) The consolidated entity leases office facilities in Melbourne and Sydney under operating leases. The property lease for the consolidated entity's registered office at Level 32, 101 Collins Street is a non-cancellable lease with a five year term, with rent payable monthly in advance. Contingent rental provisions within the lease agreement require minimum lease payments to be increased by 4% per annum. An option exists to renew the lease at the end of the five year term for an additional term of three years. The property lease agreement for Sydney office facilities are non-cancellable leases with a one year term, with rent payable monthly in advance. The consolidated entity has also entered into a three year lease for corporate entertainment facilities, with rent payable monthly in advance. This agreement ends in March 2017.

(ii) Minimum lease payments		
Not later than one year	484,641	263,024
Later than one year and not later than five years	1,249,920	1,606,709
Later than five years		94,269
Aggregate lease expenditure contracted for at reporting date	1,734,561	1,964,002

### NOTE 20: EARNINGS PER SHARE

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		3-1
Net profit Earnings used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per	18,878,891	16,437,342
shares	18,878,891	16,437,342
	2015	2014
	No. of Shares	No. of Shares
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	233,524,173	233,493,983

The following reflects the income and share data used in the calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share:

Effect of dilutive securities:

Employee special rights and share based payments Adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share

233,524,173

2014

233.493.983

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 21: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURE

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Summary of key management personnel compensation as disclosed in the	remuneration report.	
Short-term benefits Long-term benefits paid or due Superannuation Other benefits	6,972,021 978,981 78,042	6,602,575 886,605 81,569
	8,029,044	7,570,749
Maximum performance based long-term incentives payable	3,354,752	2,605,023
NOTE 22: AUDITORS REMUNERATION		
	2015 \$	2014 \$
Amounts received or due and receivable by Pitcher Partners for:		
An audit or review of the financial report of the Company and any other entity of the consolidated group	90,285	94,075
Other non-audit services - Tax consulting services	22,290	33,525
<u> </u>	112,575	127,600

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 23: RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd and its controlled entity K2 Asset Management Ltd.

	Country of Incorporation	Percentage Owned	
		2015	2014
Parent Entity			
K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd	Australia	-	-
Subsidiaries			
K2 Asset Management Ltd	Australia	100%	100%

(b) The following lists the transactions entered into with related parties for the relevant financial year:

Wholly-owned group transactions were as follows:

- Dividends paid by K2 Asset Management Ltd to K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd were \$14,017,176 (2014: \$14,100,000).
- Loan provided by parent to K2 Asset Management Ltd for tax related balances. The balance as at 30 June 2015 was \$6,836,685 (2014: \$2,359,457).
- Loan provided by parent to K2 Asset Management Ltd during the year for operational expenditure paid by the parent on behalf of its subsidiary. The balance as at 30 June 2015 was \$8,234 (2014: \$3,908).
- Establishment costs of \$24,145 (2014: nil) have been recognised as a current asset. These costs are expected to be recovered within 12 months from the K2 Global Equities Fund after it commenced operations on 20 July 2015.
- Establishments costs of nil (2014: \$21,600) have been recognised as a current asset in relation to a proposed listed investment company for which K2 Asset Management was to act as investment manager. As these costs are no longer expected to be recovered an amount of \$49,303 has been expensed in the current financial year including \$21,600 recognised as a receivable at 30 June 2014.
- All loans are at call, are non-interest bearing and are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.
- Details of all remuneration paid to directors are disclosed in the Directors' Report.
- K2 Asset Management Ltd provides investment management services to related party unit trusts the K2 Asian Absolute Return Fund, the K2 Australian Absolute Return Fund, the K2 Select International Absolute Return Fund, the K2 Global High Alpha Fund and the K2 Australian Small Cap Fund. K2 previously provided investment management services to the K2 International Opportunities Fund, this fund closed on 10 March 2015 with all funds returned to investors. K2 Asset Management Ltd is entitled to receive payments from the funds where it provides investment management services including management fees, administration or responsible entity fees and in some instances a performance fee based upon the relevant fund's investment return over and above a specified benchmark. Total related party revenue of \$45,287,949 (2014: \$41,096,790) has been recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2015. Of this revenue \$12,840,989 (2014: \$12,889,583) related to management fees and \$31,861,524 (2014: \$27,668,403) to performance fees. Please refer to Note 4 for further information.
- No key management personnel or their related entities were party to any transactions with the consolidated entity during the year other than those disclosed in this report.
- There were no transactions with other related parties during the year.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 24: PARENT ENTITY DETAILS

2015 2014

Summarised presentation of the parent entity, K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd, financial statements are as follows:

### (a) Summarised Statement of Financial Position

Assets		
Current assets	7,049,804	2,669,386
Non-current assets	113,700,765	113,700,765
Total assets	120,750,569	116,370,151
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	6,793,778	2,430,587
Total liabilities	6,793,778	2,430,587
Net Assets	113,956,791	113,939,564
Equity		
Share capital	113,472,429	113,448,163
Retained earnings	484,362	491,401
Total Equity	113,956,791	113,939,564
(b) Summarised Statement of Comprehensive Income		
Profit for the year	14,005,253	14,016,448
Total comprehensive income for the year	14,005,253	14,016,448

### NOTE 25: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There has been no matter or circumstance, which has arisen since 30 June 2015 that has significantly affected or may significantly affect:

- (a) the operations, in financial years subsequent to 30 June 2015, of the consolidated entity or
- (b) the results of those operations, or
- (c) the state of affairs, in financial years subsequent to 30 June 2015, of the consolidated entity.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 26: SEGMENT INFORMATION

The consolidated entity operates solely within Australia within the funds management business segment.

In 2015 the amount of external revenue derived from each of the funds where the revenue is greater than 10% of the consolidated entity's total revenue were:

K2 Australian Absolute Return Fund	17,150,471
K2 Asian Absolute Return Fund	7,772,470
K2 Select International Absolute Return Fund	14,890,095
Total	39,813,036

In 2014 the amount of external revenue derived from each of the funds where the revenue is greater than 10% of the consolidated entity's total revenue were:

K2 Australian Absolute Return Fund	17,975,480
K2 Asian Absolute Return Fund	5,193,009
K2 Select International Absolute Return Fund	14,712,384
Total	37,880,873

#### NOTE 27: ECONOMIC ENTITY DETAILS

The registered office of the company is: K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd Level 32, 101 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000

Phone: 03 9691 6111

### NOTE 28: REGISTER OF SECURITIES

The register of securities is kept at: Boardroom Pty Limited Level 12, 255 George Street Sydney NSW 2000

Phone: 1300 737 760

### **DIRECTORS' DECLARATION**

The directors declare that the financial statements and notes set out on pages 21 to 46 in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*:

- (a) Comply with Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*, and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
- (b) Give a true and fair view of the financial position of the consolidated entity as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (c) As stated in Note 1(a), the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the consolidated entity will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made by the managing director and chief financial officer to the directors in accordance with sections 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the financial year ending 30 June 2015.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Campbell Neal Director

Melbourne 12 August 2015 Hollie Wight Director



# K2 ASSET MANAGEMENT HOLDINGS LTD ABN 59 124 636 782 AND CONTROLLED ENTITY

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF K2 ASSET MANAGEMENT HOLDINGS LTD

#### **Report on the Financial Report**

We have audited the accompanying financial report of K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd and controlled entity, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2015, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

#### Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



# K2 ASSET MANAGEMENT HOLDINGS LTD ABN 59 124 636 782 AND CONTROLLED ENTITY

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF K2 ASSET MANAGEMENT HOLDINGS LTD

#### Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act* 2001.

#### Opinion

#### In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of K2 Asset Management Holdings Ltd and controlled entity is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (b) the consolidated financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

#### **Report on the Remuneration Report**

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 8 to 11 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2015. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

K L BYRNE Partner

12 August 2015

PITCHER PARTNERS Melbourne

Petcher Partins