

West Peak Iron LtdABN 71 142 411 390

Annual Financial Report For the year ended 30 June 2014

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

ABN 71 141 411 390

Directors Mathew Walker Executive Director

Gary Lyons Non-executive Chairman
Teck Wong Non-executive Director

Company secretary Sonu Cheema

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Bankers National Australia Bank

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Auditors HLB Mann Judd

Level 4, 130 Stirling Street

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your directors submit the annual financial report of the Consolidated Entity consisting of West Peak Iron Limited and the entities it controlled during the period for the financial year ended 30 June 2014. In order to comply with the provisions of the Corporations Act 2001, the directors report as follows:

Directors

The names of directors who held office during or since the end of the year and until the date of this report are as follows. Directors were in office for this entire period unless otherwise stated.

Mathew Walker	Executive Director
Gary Lyons	Non-executive Chairman
Teck Wong	Non-executive Director
Graham Marshall	Non-executive Director (resigned 31 July 2014)
Jimmy Lee	Non-executive Director (resigned 31 July 2014)

Names, qualifications, experience and special responsibilities

Mr Mathew Walker Executive Director

Age: 44

Mr Walker has extensive experience in public company management and in the provision of corporate advice. Specialising in the natural resources sector, Mr Walker has served as Executive Chairman or Managing Director for public companies with mineral interests in North America, South America, Africa, Eastern Europe, Australia and Asia. Currently he serves as Chairman of Blue River Mining Limited. He is also Chairman of corporate advisory firm Cicero Corporate Services based in London, UK.

During the last three years, Mr Walker has served as a director of the following listed companies:

Hastings Rare Metals Limited (resigned 10 November 2011) Triple Energy Limited (resigned 30 June 2012) World Oil Resources Limited (appointed 13 June 2013) Skywards Limited (appointed 11 June 2013)

Mr Gary Lyons Non-executive Chairman

Age: 55

Mr Lyons is a successful and well respected Perth based businessman; being a shareholder and the Managing Director of the Heiniger Groups Australasian operations for the last 25 years.

During the last three years, Mr Lyons has served as a director of the following listed companies:

GWR Group Limited (appointed 2 June 2010) Fairstar Resources Limited (resigned 9 February 2012)

Mr Teck Wong

Non-executive Director

Age: 40

Mr Wong has considerable international business experience having worked in Hong Kong, United Kingdom and now in Malaysia and Indonesia after graduating with a Bachelor of Business degree from Swinburne University (Melbourne). Mr Wong is involved with mining industry in China, Indonesia and Malaysia. He was previously involved in sales & exports of steel related products and was a director of a retail chain business in United Kingdom. Mr Wong was working in the OEM plastic manufacturing industry in Hong Kong prior to taking up a position in the steel industry in Malaysia. He is currently a director in Golden West Resources Ltd.

During the last three years Mr Wong has served as a director of the following ASX listed company:

GWR Group Limited (Alternate director appointed 27 July 2011)

Mr Sonu Cheema

Company Secretary

Age: 30

Sonu Cheema is an accountant and company secretary who has worked for mineral exploration companies with interests in Australia, Africa and Mongolia.

Interests in the shares and options of the Company and related bodies corporate

The following relevant interests in shares and options of the Group or a related body corporate were held by the directors as at the date of this report:

Directors	ors Number of options over ordinary shares	
Mathew Walker	-	1,000,000
Gary Lyons ²	-	85,714
Teck Wong ¹	-	13,100,000
Totals	-	14,185,714

¹ 13,100,000 Shares held in the name of Bluebay Investments Group Corporation, an entity controlled by Teck Wong.

² 85,714 Shares held in the name of Lyons Superannuation Fund.

No Shares or options were granted to Directors or Officers during the period or since the end of the financial period as part of their remuneration.

There were no shares issued during the financial period as a result of the exercise of an option. There were no alterations to the terms and conditions of options granted since their grant date.

Dividends

No dividends have been paid or declared since the start of the financial year and the directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend in respect of the financial year.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the entities within the Consolidated Entity during the year was the exploration for natural resources. There have been no other significant changes in the nature of those activities during the period.

Review of Operations

Introduction

West Peak was attracted to Liberia based upon the opportunity that Liberia offered as a historic leading iron ore exporter in the 1970's, which had lost its mining industry due to civil conflict in the ensuing years. Using historic mapping complied by the US Geological Survey, which identified iron formations and the presence of historic iron ore mines West Peak applied for two exploration and four reconnaissance licences, which were granted in early 2011.

The primary focus of West Peak's exploration programs has been to explore in a timely and efficient manner using modern exploration techniques. In our time in Liberia and following field appraisal and thorough due diligence West Peak has converted three reconnaissance licences into exploration permits and relinquished two reconnaissance licences.

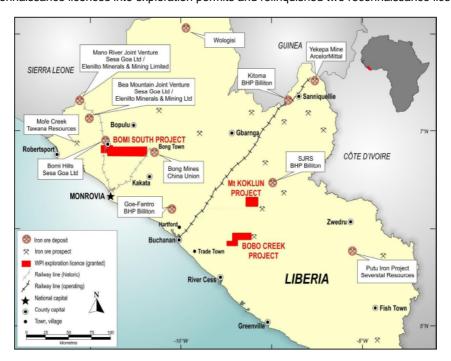


Figure 1. West Peak project locations

Name	MEL Number	Ownership	Granted/Application
Bomi South	12012	100%	Granted
Bobo Creek	11101	100%	Granted
Mt Koklun	2346/14	100%	Granted

Exploration Activities

West Peak has been active in exploration with respect to the protocols of the Liberian exploration regulations and the Liberian governments desire to see modern exploration applied in a timely manner. Exploration has been carried out in a methodical approach with a focus on firstly target generation by desk top and field programs and then drilling programs.

In conjunction with drill testing targets further field based work involving rock chip sampling, outcrop mapping and pitting programs have been completed to help increase the confidence level of drill targets.

The exploration work programs which have been carried out include;

- 1) Data acquisition, geology and target generation
- 2) Airborne geophysical survey
- 3) Geochemical Sampling and Mapping
- 4) Drill programs
- 5) Social Development

The Company commenced a diamond drilling program on 22 February 2014 to support earlier trenching and pitting activities and the 2,631 metres of RC drilling completed early in 2013. A total of twenty three (23) holes were drilled for 1,302 metres, with drilling completed on 16 April 2014.

Significant intercepts include:

Prospect	Hole ID	From	То	Interval	Fe %
Area 6	BWDD0020	0.3	78.5	78.2	38.17
Area 4	BWDD0015	6.7	27.23	20.53	40.04
Area 4	BWDD0006	16.5	37	20.5	37.67
Area 4	BWDD0001	22.3	45.4	23.1	39.38

The program has provided additional geochemical data using standard XRF analysis as well as information on ore body structure and density, and was designed to define a potential friable itabirite resource to a minimum of an inferred category. The program focussed exclusively on the Bong West prospect on the Eastern side of the Bomi South tenement boundary which lies on the same stratigraphic unit as China Union's recently recommissioned Bong Mine. The Bong West prospect comprises Area 4 and Area 6 as below.

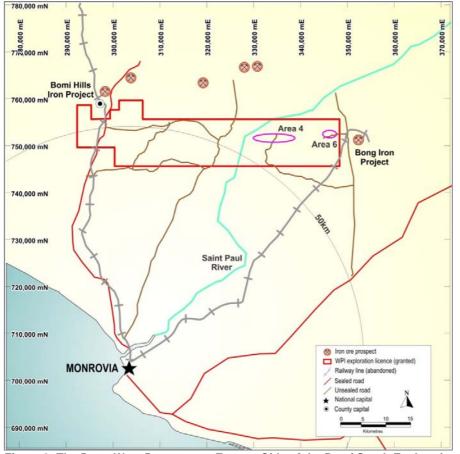


Figure 2. The Bong West Prospect on Eastern Side of the Bomi South Exploration License.

AREA 4

The 2014 diamond drilling program at Area 4 comprised nineteen (19) diamond holes for a total of 1,013 metres. Please refer below to the location of the recent diamond drill hole collars as well as the RC drill hole collars from the 2013 program.

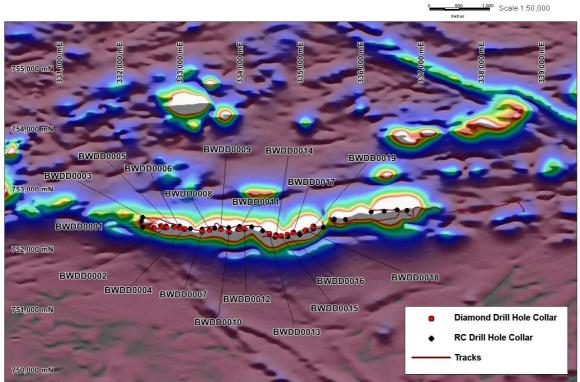


Figure 3. Drill Collar Locations at Area 4.

Significant results from the 2014 diamond drilling program are as below.

Prospect	Hole ID	From	То	Interval	Fe %
Area 4	BWDD0001	22.3	45.4	23.1	39.38
Area 4	BWDD0005	14.6	32.5	17.9	39.80
Area 4	BWDD0006	16.5	37	20.5	37.67
Area 4	BWDD0014	31	61	30	38.08
Area 4	BWDD0015	6.7	27.23	20.53	40.04

A cross section (333,010 E) from Area 4 that combines the results from the 2013 RC drilling program and the 2014 diamond drilling program is as below.

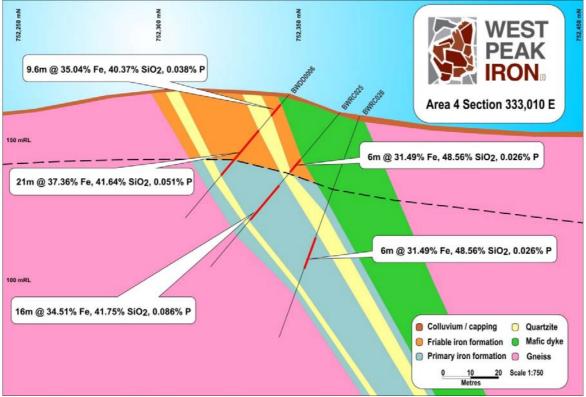


Figure 3. A Cross Section of Drilling Intercepts at Area 4.

AREA 6

The 2014 diamond drilling program at Area 6 comprised four (4) diamond holes for a total of 289 metres. Please refer below to the location of the recent diamond drill hole collars as well as the RC drill hole collars from the 2013 program.

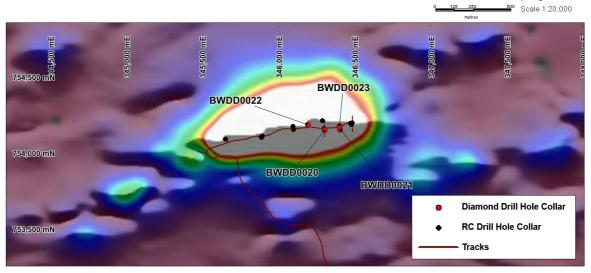


Figure 4. Drill Collar Locations at Area 6.

Significant results from the 2014 diamond drilling program are as below.

Prospect	Hole ID	From	То	Interval	Fe %
Area 6	BWDD0020	0.3	78.5	78.2	38.17
Area 6	BWDD0021	0	13.5	13.5	38.59
Area 6	BWDD0021	42.2	54	11.8	40.95
Area 6	BWDD0022	8.9	29	20.1	38.57
Area 6	BWDD0023	0.3	11	10.7	44.75

A cross section (346,300 E) from Area 6 that combines the results from the 2013 RC drilling program and the 2014 diamond drilling program is as below.

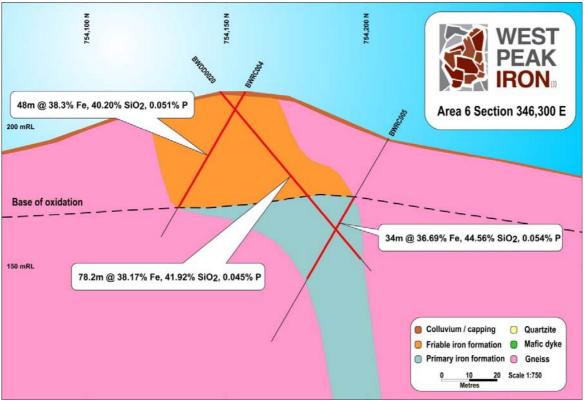


Figure 5. A Cross Section of Drilling Intercepts at Area 6.



Figure 6. Drill rig operating at Bomi South project

Please refer below a photo of drill hole core of BWDD0020 from Area 6.



Figure 7. Drill Core Hole ID BWDD0020 from Area 6.

Resource Estimate

Following from recent exploration activities the Company announced to the ASX on 1 July 2014 a maiden Resource estimate for the Bong West prospect in the Inferred category of 11.1 million tonnes at 36.36% Fe. This global Resource, with a lower Fe cut off of 30%, comprises of two prospect areas, being Area 4 of 8.0 million tonnes at 35.9% Fe and Area 6 being 3.1 Million tonnes at 37.5% Fe.

A summary of the resource estimate for Bong West is provided below.

Classification	Tonnes (Mt)	Fe %	Sio2 %	Al2o3 %	P %	LOI %
Total Inferred Area 4	8.0	35.91	42.95	3.04	0.042	2.29
Total Inferred Area 6	3.1	37.54	42.00	1.73	0.050	1.78
Total Inferred	11.1	36.36	42.74	2.65	0.046	2.13

Note* 30% Fe lower cut off applied with figures rounded.

The Company is pleased with the results which are consistent with previously announced stated objectives and is the culmination of over two years of work and operations in Liberia.

PROSPECT GEOLOGY

The basement geology of Liberia broadly consists of Archaean rocks in the west, representing a portion of the Leo-Man Shield, Paleoproterozoic rocks in the east, and a Pan-African age domain in the south-west of the country. West Peak's iron projects are located in the Archaean-aged Liberian province which has been metamorphosed and intruded by plutonic rocks.

The geology is predominantly comprised of composite gneiss with generally E-W-striking itabirite units. These units outcrop intermittently over the tenement as ridges with strike lengths up to 4 km and elevations up to 100 m, but generally averaging 50 m. Surface iron enrichment has been identified in the form of a hematite/goethite-rich cap which overlie itabirite units.

The itabirite iron ore deposits are formed where metamorphism has resulted in recrystallisation of magnetite iron formations (BIFs) to produce itabirites with grades ranging from 20% to 40% Fe. These units have then been subjected to geochemical weathering to produce soft and friable itabirite units where supergene processes produce a hematite itabirite unit, where iron grades can be enriched up to 60% Fe. The Bong West prospect consists of two prospects areas, Area 4 and Area 6, which are considered to be the direct strike extensions of iron formations in the Bong Range.

Table 1. Summary of Bong West Mineral Resource by Area and material.

able 1. Summary of Bong West Willieral Nesource by Area and material.										
Classification	Material Type	Tonnes (Mt)	Fe %	Sio2 %	Al2o3 %	Р%	LOI %			
	Area 4									
	Oxidised (Friable)	4.1	36.10	41.88	3.70	0.039	2.63			
	Fresh	3.9	35.70	44.19	2.27	0.046	1.89			
	Total	8.0	35.91	42.95	3.04	0.042	2.29			
	Area 6									
Inferred	Oxidised (Friable)	1.5	38.41	39.86	2.30	0.050	2.38			
illielleu	Fresh	1.6	36.66	44.18	1.16	0.060	1.18			
	Total	3.1	37.54	42.00	1.73	0.050	1.78			
	Combined Area 4 & 6									
	Oxidised (Friable)	5.6	36.71	41.34	3.33	0.042	2.56			
	Fresh	5.5	35.98	44.19	1.94	0.050	1.68			
	Grand Total	11.1	36.36	42.74	2.65	0.046	2.13			

Preliminary Study

The Company has undertaken a preliminary assessment ("Preliminary Assessment") into the viability of establishing a small scale mining operation at Bong West. This work has included preliminary open pit designs and a review of potential infrastructure solutions.

The results of the Preliminary Assessment of a small scale mining operation based on crushing and screening of soft, friable itabirite material to produce a high grade concentrate product for sale were positive for options based on either a mine gate sale or via access to third party rail and port facilities. Options assessed which assumed transport of concentrate to port by road haulage were less favourable.

The Company has not commissioned a technical report of the type required for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 5.16.6, which concerns the disclosure of production targets and forecast financial information based solely on inferred mineral resources. Accordingly, the Company has elected not to disclose any information that might be construed to be a production target or financial forecast information. There is a low level of geological confidence associated with inferred mineral resources and there is no certainty that further exploration work will result in the determination of indicated mineral resources or mineable ore reserves. The Preliminary Assessment undertaken by the Company and referred to herein should not be solely relied upon by investors when making investment decisions. Investors should note that for the Company to establish the economic viability of the Bong West Prospect, the Company will need to establish sufficient Indicated Mineral Resources and sufficiently consider mining, processing, metallurgical, infrastructure, marketing, environmental, social and government factors. Exploration activities conducted on the licenses post year end by the Company have resulted in an impairment of the Liberian assets. The written down value of Liberian assets at year end reflect the current fair value of the assets.

Additional Projects

The Company has a prospect inventory of 18 individual prospects within 7 target areas at Bomi South, and in addition, has wholly owned projects at Mt Koklun and Bobo Creek. As per the preliminary assessment, these prospects were subject to impairment.

Social Development

West Peak created a position of Community Liaison Manager, which is filled by Mr Joseph Manning a Liberian national, to carry out social development programs for local villages within West Peak projects. Before any work commences Mr Manning carries out consultation with the village chiefs and local authorities to identify the most pressing needs of the villagers. From the majority of meetings the need to clean water was highlighted as a priority and as such West Peak focused predominantly on constructing and repairing water hand pumps.

West Peak has also provided school supplies, built latrines and provided building materials to construct a new school and the maintenance of others. Where possible West Peak sourced materials and the majority of the workforce from the villages where the pumps or school were being constructed or repaired.

COMPETENT PERSONS' STATEMENTS

Scientific or technical information in this report has been prepared under the supervision of Mr Joe Clarry, a consultant to the Company and a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists (MAIG) and Mr Shane Tomlinson, a casual employee of the Company and a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists (MAIG). Mr Clarry and Mr Tomlinson have sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves" (the JORC Code). Mr Clarry and Mr Tomlinson consent to the inclusion in this report of the information in the form and context in which it appears.

FORWARD LOOKING AND EXPLORATION TARGET STATEMENTS

Some statements in this announcement regarding estimates or future events are forward-looking statements. They involve risk and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ from estimated results. Forward looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements concerning the Company's exploration program, outlook, target sizes and mineralised material estimates. They include statements preceded by words such as "expected", "planned", "target", "scheduled", "intends", "potential", "prospective", and "seek", "proposed" and similar expressions.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

On 17 December 2013 the Company announced the commissioning of scoping study at the Bomi South License to determine the economic viability of a small scale iron ore mining operation.

On 25 February 2014 the Company announced the commencement of drilling at the Company's wholly owned Bong West prospect in Liberia. Drilling commenced on 22 February 2014 and was conducted over a 12 week period. The exploration results from the diamond drilling program were released on 17 June 2014.

On 30 June 2014, the 2,000,000 Company unlisted options expired unexercised.

Significant events since the end of the period

On 1 July 2014, the Company announced its maiden resource estimate for the Bong West prospect followed by the preliminary assessment released to market on 16 July 2014. Following review of the prospectivity post year end resulted in the impairment of exploration assets in Liberia.

During the year, the Company was successful in establishing a finance facility with Bluebay Investments to provide ongoing working capital. The initial loan was for an amount of AUD 300,000 has been extended subsequent to year end by a period of 12 months and \$200,000. This loan is unsecured and accrues interest at the rate of 1% per month (which equates to an annualised rate of interest of 12.11%). The loan is repayable on or before 30 June 2015 ("End Date") and subject to any requirements for shareholder approval, may be converted into shares at the weighted variable average price of shares in WPI in the 20 business days prior to the End Date.

On 31 July 2014, Non-executives directors Graham Marshall and Jimmy Lee resigned from the board of directors.

Operating results for the year

The comprehensive loss of the consolidated entity for the financial period, after providing for income tax amounted to \$2,740,407 (2013: \$2,517,209).

Review of financial conditions

As at 30 June 2014 the Consolidated Entity had \$23,927 in cash assets which the Directors believe puts the Group is in a going concern financial position with insufficient capital to effectively explore its tenements and pursue other resource based opportunities.

Risk management

Details of the Consolidated Entity's Risk Management policies are contained within the Corporate Governance Statement in Directors' Report.

Corporate Governance

Details of the Consolidated Entity's Corporate Governance policies are contained within the Corporate Governance Statement in Directors' Report.

Likely developments and expected results

Disclosure of information regarding likely developments in the operations of the Consolidated Entity in future financial years and the expected results of those operations is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Group. Therefore, this information has not been presented in this report.

Environmental legislation

The Consolidated Entity is subject to significant environmental and monitoring requirements in respect of its natural resources exploration activities.

The directors are not aware of any significant breaches of these requirements during the period.

Indemnification and insurance of Directors and Officers

The Consolidated Entity has agreed to indemnify all the directors of the consolidated entity for any liabilities to another person (other than the consolidated entity or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors of the consolidated entity, except where the liability arises out of conduct involving a lack of good faith.

During the financial year the consolidated entity paid a premium in respect of a contract insuring the directors and officers of the consolidated entity against any liability incurred in the course of their duties to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

Remuneration report (Audited)

This report outlines the remuneration arrangements in place for directors and senior management of West Peak Iron Limited (the "Company" or the "Group") for the financial period ended 30 June 2014.

Key Management Personnel

The KMP of the Group during or since the end of the financial year were as follows:

Directors

Gary Lyons Non-Executive Chairman

Mathew Walker Executive Director

Teck Wong Non-Executive Director

Graham Marshall Non-Executive Director (resigned 31 July 2014)

Jimmy Lee Non-Executive Director (resigned 31 July 2014)

Executives

Shane Tomlinson Exploration Manager

Remuneration philosophy

The remuneration policy of West Peak Iron Limited has been designed to align Director's objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component which is assessed on an annual basis in line with market rates. The Board of West Peak Iron Limited believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best directors to run and manage the Group, as well as create aligned goals between directors and shareholders.

Independent director committee

During the financial period ended 30 June 2014, the Board has appointed Mr Marshall, Mr Lee and Mr Lyons as the sole members of the Independent Directors Committee. This Committee is responsible among other duties, for remuneration and executive appraisal and plans to meet biannually.

Remuneration Report (continued)

Non-executive director remuneration

The Board seeks to set aggregate remuneration at a level that provides the Group with the ability to attract and retain directors of the highest calibre, whilst incurring a cost that is acceptable to shareholders. The Group's constitution states that an aggregate remuneration of \$250,000 per period can be paid to the non-executive directors. The amount of aggregate remuneration sought to be approved by shareholders and the manner in which it is apportioned amongst Directors is reviewed annually.

The Board considers advice from external shareholders as well as the fees paid to non-executive directors of comparable companies when undertaking the annual review process. Each director receives a fee for being a director of the Group. The current fee for non-executive directors is \$20,000 per annum.

Senior manager and executive director remuneration

Remuneration consists of fixed remuneration and Company options (as determined from time to time). In addition the Group employees and directors, the Group has contracted key consultants on contractual basis. These contracts stipulate the remuneration to be paid to the consultants.

Fixed Remuneration

Fixed remuneration is reviewed annually by the Independent Directors Committee. The process consists of a review of relevant comparative remuneration in the market and internally and, where appropriate, external advice on policies and practices. The Committee has access to external, independent advice where necessary.

The fixed remuneration component of the Key Management Personnel, is detailed in Table 1.

Employment Contracts

On 1 September 2012, the Group entered into an executive consulting services agreement with Mr Walker (Executive Consulting Services Agreement) effective as from 1 September 2012. Under the Executive Consulting Services Agreement, Mr Walker is engaged to provide services to the Group in the capacity of Executive Director, based in Perth, Western Australia. Mr Walker is to be paid a monthly remuneration of \$9,000 plus GST. Mr Walker will also be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred in carrying out his duties. The Executive Consulting Services agreement can be terminated by one month's written notice from the Company, while Mr Walker can terminate by providing three months written notice. Executive Director Fee for the period 1 January 2014 to 30 June 2014 has been accrued.

Remuneration Report (continued)

Options

During the 2014 financial year the Unlisted Options exercisable at 15 cents on or before 30 June 2014 expired unexercised. There were no Options granted by the Company as remuneration during the year ended 30 June 2014.

Details of the value of Unlisted Options granted, exercised or lapsed for each KMP of the Group during the 2014 financial year are as follows:

2014	Value of Options Granted During the Year 1	Value of Options Exercised During the Year 2 \$	Value of Options Lapsed During the Year \$	Value of Options Included in Remuneration for the Year \$	Remuneration for the Year that Consists of Options %
Mathew Walker	-	-	13,797	-	-
Shane Tomlinson	-	-	13,797	-	-

Details of Unlisted Options granted by the Company to each KMP of the Group during the 2013 financial year are as follows:

2013	Grant Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Grant Date Fair Value ¹	No. Granted	No. Vested
Mathew Walker	21-Dec-12	30-Jun-14	\$0.15	\$0.02	1,000,000	1,000,000
Shane Tomlinson	21-Dec-12	30-Jun-14	\$0.15	\$0.02	1,000,000	1,000,000

Notes

Details of the value of Unlisted Options granted, exercised or lapsed for each KMP of the Group during the 2013 financial year are as follows:

2013	Value of Options Granted During the Year 1	Value of Options Exercised During the Year 2 \$	Value of Options Lapsed During the Year \$	Value of Options Included in Remuneration for the Year \$	Remuneration for the Year that Consists of Options %
Executives					
Mathew Walker	13,797	-	-	13,797	12.23
Shane Tomlinson	13,797	-	-	13,797	6.75

¹ For details on the valuation of the Unlisted Options, including models and assumptions used, please refer to Note 22 to the financial statements.

² During the year, no KMP exercised Unlisted Options that were granted to them as part of their compensation.

Remuneration Report (continued)

Performance-based Remuneration

The Group currently has no performance-based remuneration component built into director and executive remuneration packages.

Remuneration of key management personnel

Table 1: Directors' and key executive's remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2014								
		Short-term employee benefits			Post- employment benefits	Equity		
		Salary & Fees	Bonuses	Non- Monetary Benefits	Super- annuation	Options Granted	Total	Performance Related
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
Directors								
Gary Lyons	2014	31,522	-	-	2,884	-	34,406	-
Mathew Walker ¹	2014	69,300	-	-	-	-	69,300	-
Graham Marshall	2014	24,022	-	-	2,197	-	26,219	-
Jimmy Lee	2014	24,022	-	-	2,197	-	26,219	-
Teck Wong	2014	24,022	-	-	-	-	24,022	-
Executives								
Shane Tomlinson	2014	65,431	-	-	5,943	-	71,374	-
Total	2014	238,319	-	-	13,221	-	251,540	-

¹ During the period ended 30 June 2014, Cicero Corporate Services Pty Ltd, an entity Mr Walker holds a 54% equity holding, provided corporate administration services which included rent, corporate services and reimbursement to the Group which totalled \$144,225 during the year. The arrangement was on normal commercial terms and has not been included as part of executives' remuneration.

Remuneration Report (continued)

Table 1: Directors' and key executive's remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2013								
		Short-term employee benefits			Post- employment benefits	Equity		
		Salary & Fees	Bonuses	Non- Monetary Benefits	Super- annuation	Options Granted	Total	Performance Related
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
Directors								
Gary Lyons	2013	13,979	-	-	1,258	-	15,237	-
Mathew Walker ¹	2013	99,000	-	-	-	13,797	112,797	12.23
Graham Marshall	2013	23,333	-	-	2,100	-	25,433	-
Jimmy Lee	2013	19,570	-	-	1,761	-	21,331	-
Teck Wong	2013	3,333	-	-	-	-	3,333	-
David Parker ¹	2013	61,667	-	-	5,550	-	67,217	=
John Royle ²	2013	15,000	-	-	1,350	-	16,350	-
Executive								
Shane Tomlinson	2013	175,000	-	-	15,750	13,797	204,547	6.75
Total	2013	410,882	=	-	27,769	27,594	466,245	5.92

¹ During the period ended 30 June 2013, Cicero Corporate Services Pty Ltd, an entity Mr Walker holds a 33.3% equity holding and Mr Parker holds a 33.3% equity holding, provided corporate administration services which included rent, corporate services and reimbursement to the Group which totalled \$131,629 during the year. The arrangement was on normal commercial terms and has not been included as part of executives' remuneration.

² During the period ended 30 June 2013, Pulse Design, an entity owned by Mr Royle's spouse, provided corporate design services which totalled \$4,240 during the year. Mr Royle also provided corporate consulting services which totalled \$2,500 during the period ended 30 June 2013, Reliance Consulting, an entity to which Mr Royle is a Director. The arrangement was on normal commercial terms and has not been included as part of executives' remuneration.

Remuneration Report (continued)

Option holdings of Directors and Executives

30 June 2014	Balance at 30 June 2013	Granted as Remuneration ¹	Options Expired	Net Change Other	Balance at end of Period
Directors					
Gary Lyons	-	-	-	-	-
Mathew Walker	1,000,000	-	(1,000,000)	-	-
Graham Marshall	-	-	-	-	-
Jimmy Lee	-	-	-	-	-
Teck Wong	-	-	-	-	-
Executives		-	-	-	-
Shane Tomlinson	1,000,000	-	(1,000,000)	-	
Total	2,000,000	-	(2,000,000)	-	-

¹ 2,000,000 Unlisted Company Options exercisable at \$0.15 on or before 30 June 2014 expired unexercised during the period. See note 22 for full details of Options valuations.

30 June 2013	Balance at 30 June2012	Granted as Remuneration ¹	Options Exercised	Net Change Other	Balance at end of Period
Directors					
Mathew Walker	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
David Parker ⁽¹⁾	3,000,000	-	-	(3,000,000)	-
Graham Marshall	1,000,000	-	-	(1,000,000)	-
John Royle ⁽¹⁾	1,000,000	-	-	(1,000,000)	-
Executives					
Shane Tomlinson	1,500,000	1,000,000	-	(1,500,000)	1,000,000
Total	6,500,000	2,000,000	-	(6,500,000)	2,000,000

 $^{^{\}left(1\right) }$ Net change other also includes amounts held at date of resignation.

Remuneration Report (continued)

Shareholdings of Directors and Executives

30 June 2014	Balance at 30 June 2013	Received as Remuneration	On Exercise of Options	Net Change Other	Balance at end of Period
Directors					
Gary Lyons ²	85,714	-	-	-	85,714
Mathew Walker	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
Graham Marshall ¹	1,410,000	-	-	-	1,410,000
Jimmy Lee	-	-	-	-	-
Teck Wong ³	13,100,000	-	-	-	13,100,000
Executives					
Shane Tomlinson	10,000	-	-	(10,000)	-
Total	15,605,714	-	-	(10,000)	15,595,714

¹ 1,410,000 Shares and options held in the name of Tynebridge Holdings Pty Ltd ATF The Marshall Family Trust an entity controlled by Graham Marshall. 10,000 held in the name of Graham Marshall and 10,000 held in the name of Lynette Marshall (spouse of Graham Marshall).

² 85,714 Shares held in the name of Lyons Superannuation Fund, an entity controlled by Gary Lyons.
³ 13,100,000 Shares held in the name of Bluebay Investments Group Corporation, an entity controlled by Teck Wong.

30 June 2013	Balance at 30 June 2012	Received as Remuneration	On Exercise of Options	Net Change Other ⁵	Balance at end of Period
Directors					
Gary Lyons	85,714 ³	-	-	-	85,714
Mathew Walker	450,000	-	-	550,000	1,000,000
Graham Marshall	890,000 ²	-	-	520,000	1,410,000
Jimmy Lee	-	-	-	-	-
Teck Wong	-	-	-	13,100,000 ⁴	13,100,000
David Parker	2,564,131 ¹	-	-	(2,564,131)6	-
John Royle	430,000	-	-	(430,000)	-
Executives					
Shane Tomlinson	10,000	-	-	-	10,000
Total	4,429,845	-	-	11,175,869	15,605,714

³ 85,714 Shares held in the name of Lyons Superannuation Fund, an entity controlled by Gary Lyons.

⁵ On market trade or Entitlement Issue and Placement.

End of Remuneration Report

Directors' Meetings

The number of meetings of directors (including meetings of committees of directors) held during the period and the number of meetings attended by each director were as follows:

	Directors M	eetings	Audit Committee meetings		
Directors	Eligible to attend	Attended	Eligible to attend	Attended	
Gary Lyons	5	5	-	-	
Mathew Walker	5	5	-	-	
Graham Marshall	5	4	-	-	
Jimmy Lee	5	5	-	-	
Teck Wong	5	5	-	-	

In addition, there were 5 circular resolutions signed by the board.

Proceedings on behalf of the Group

There are no proceedings on behalf of the Group.

Auditor Independence and Non-Audit Services

Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 requires our auditors, HLB Mann Judd, to provide the directors of the Group with an Independence Declaration in relation to the audit of the annual report. This Independence Declaration is set out on page 27 and forms part of this directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2014.

Non-Audit Services

There were no amounts paid or payable to the auditors for non-audit services during the year as outlined in Note 19 to the financial statements.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Mr Gary Lyons

Non-Executive Chairman

Perth, Western Australia; Dated this 16th day of September 2014

¹ 2,544,130 Shares and options held in the name of Cobblestones Corporate Pty Ltd ATF The DRP Investment Trust, 10,000 held in the name of Cobblestone Corporate Pty Ltd ATF The DRP (2006) Super Fund (entities controlled by David Parker) and 10,001 shares held in the name of David Parker.

² 1,410,000 Shares and options held in the name of Tynebridge Holdings Pty Ltd ATF The Marshall Family Trust an entity controlled by Graham Marshall. 10,000 held in the name of Graham Marshall and 10,000 held in the name of Lynette Marshall (spouse of Graham Marshall).

⁴ 13,100,000 Shares held in the name of Bluebay Investments Group Corporation, an entity controlled by Teck Wong.

⁶ Shares held at date of resignation by directors David Parker (resigned 29 July 2012) and John Royle (resigned 21 December 2012).

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Board of Directors of West Peak Iron Limited is responsible for the corporate governance of the Group. The Board guides and monitors the business and affairs of West Peak Iron Limited on behalf of the shareholders by whom they are elected and to whom they are accountable.

West Peak Iron Limited's Corporate Governance Statement is structured with reference to the Corporate Governance Council's principles and recommendations, which are as follows:

Principle 1. Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

Principle 2. Structure the board to add value

Principle 3. Promote ethical and responsible decision making

Principle 4. Safeguard integrity in financial reporting
Principle 5. Make timely and balanced disclosure

Principle 6. Respect the rights of shareholders

Principle 7. Recognise and manage risk

Principle 8. Remunerate fairly and responsibly

West Peak Iron Limited's corporate governance practices were in place throughout the year ended 30 June 2014.

LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

Role and Responsibilities of the Board

The principal responsibilities or functions of the Board are as follows:

- appointment of the Chief Executive Officer and other senior executives and the determination of their terms and conditions including remuneration and termination:
- driving the strategic direction of the Group, ensuring appropriate resources are available to meet objectives and monitoring management's performance;
- reviewing and ratifying systems of risk management and internal compliance and control, codes of conduct and legal compliance;
- approving and monitoring the progress of major capital expenditure, capital management and significant acquisitions and divestitures;
- approving and monitoring the budget and the adequacy and integrity of financial and other reporting; and
- ensuring a high standard of corporate governance practice and regulatory compliance and promoting ethical and responsible decision making.

STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE

The skills, experience and expertise relevant to the position of director held by each director in office at the date of the annual report is included in the Directors' Report. Directors of West Peak Iron Limited are considered to be independent when they are independent of management and free from any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with – or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with – the exercise of their unfettered and independent judgment.

In the context of director independence, 'materiality' is considered from both the Group and individual director perspective. The determination of materiality requires consideration of both quantitative and qualitative elements. An item is presumed to be quantitatively immaterial if it is equal to or less than 5% of the appropriate base amount. It is presumed to be material (unless there is qualitative evidence to the contrary) if it is equal to or greater than 10% of the appropriate base amount. Qualitative factors considered include whether a relationship is strategically important, the competitive landscape, the nature of the relationship and the contractual or other arrangements governing it and other factors that point to the actual ability of the director in question to shape the direction of the Group's loyalty.

Structure the board to add value (continued)

The directors that are considered independent are:
Gary Lyons
Non-executive Chairman
Graham Marshall
Non-executive Director
Jimmy Lee
Non-executive Director

There are procedures in place, agreed by the Board, to enable directors in the furtherance of their duties to seek independent professional advice at the Group's expense.

The term in office held by each director in office at the date of this report is as follows:

NameTerm in OfficeGary Lyons20 monthsMathew Walker28 monthsTeck Wong19 months

Performance

The performance of the Board and key executives is reviewed regularly. The performance criteria against which directors and executives are assessed are aligned with the financial and non-financial objectives of West Peak Iron Limited. Directors whose performance is consistently unsatisfactory may be asked to retire.

Nomination Committee

Notification of Departure: The Board has not established a separate Nomination Committee as per ASX Best Practice Recommendation 2.4.

Explanation for Departure: The Board considers that the Group is not of a size nor are its affairs of such complexity to justify formation of a nomination committee. The Board as a whole also undertakes the process of reviewing the skill base and experience of existing Directors to enable identification or attributes required in new Directors.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee of the Group consists of:

Gary Lyons Non-executive Chairman
Teck Wong Non-executive Director
Sonu Cheema Company Secretary

Gary Lyons has been appointed the Chair of the Audit Committee; he is also the Chairman of the Company. The members of the Audit Committee are considered Independent Directors.

<u>Notification of Departure</u>: The Audit Committee does not have a separate Chairman as per ASX Best Practice Recommendation 4.2.

Explanation for Departure: The Company is not of the size or complexity to justify a separate Chairman of the Audit Committee, however this will be reviewed annually.

PROMOTE ETHICAL AND RESPONSIBLE DECISION MAKING

Code of Conduct

The Board has adopted a written Board Code of Conduct which applies to the Directors of the Group. The Board has also adopted written Code of Conducts which applies to Directors, employees and key consultants of the Group and supplements the Board Code of Conduct.

The Group is dedicated to delivering outstanding performance for investors and employees. In achieving this objective, all Directors, officers and employees are expected to act with honesty, integrity and responsibility and maintain a strong sense of corporate social responsibility. In maintaining its corporate social responsibility the Group will conduct its business ethically and according to its values, consider the environment and ensure a safe, equal and supportive workplace.

Diversity Policy

The Company is committed to workplace diversity and to ensuring a diverse mix of skills and talent exists amongst its Directors, officers and employees, to enhance Company performance. The Board has adopted a Diversity Policy which addresses equal opportunities in the hiring, training and career advancement of Directors, officers and employees.

Notification of Departure: The Company has not disclosed in its annual report its measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and progress towards achieving them as per ASX Best Practice Recommendation 3.3.

Explanation for Departure: The Board continues to monitor diversity across the organisation and is satisfied with the current level of gender diversity within the Company. Due to the size of the Company and its small number of employees, the Board does not consider it appropriate at this time, to formally set measurable objectives for gender diversity.

Trading Policy

The Board has adopted a policy in relation to dealings in the securities of the Group which applies to all Directors and employees. Under the policy, Directors are prohibited from short term trading in the Company's securities and Directors and employees are prohibited from dealing in the Company's securities whilst in possession of price sensitive information. The Chairman, or in his absence, the Company Secretary, must be notified of any proposed transaction and must give clearance for the transaction to proceed.

MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

The Board is committed to the promotion of investor confidence by ensuring that trading in the Group's securities takes place in an efficient, competitive and informed market. In accordance with the continuous disclosure requirements under the ASX Listing Rules, the Group has procedures in place to ensure that any price sensitive information is identified, reviewed by management and disclosed to ASX in a timely manner and that all information provided to ASX is immediately available to shareholders and the market on the Group's website.

RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SHAREHOLDERS

The Board aims to ensure that shareholders are kept informed of all major developments affecting the Group. Information is communicated to shareholders as follows:

- as the Group is a disclosing entity, regular announcements are made to Australian Securities Exchange and to, including half-year accounts, year end financial report;
- the Board ensures the annual report includes relevant information about the operations of the Group during the year, changes in the state of affairs and details of future developments; and
- the Board encourages full participation of shareholders at the Annual General Meeting to ensure a high level of accountability and identification of the Group's strategies and goals.

RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

The identification, prioritization and effective management of risk, including calculated risk-taking, is viewed as an essential part of the Group's approach to creating long-term shareholder value. Strategic and operational risks are reviewed at least annually as part of the annual strategic planning, business planning, forecasting and budgeting process.

The Group has developed a series of operational risks which the Group believes to be reflective of the industry and geographical locations in which the Group operates. These risk areas are provided here to assist investors to have an understanding of risks faced by the Group and the industry in which we operate and are not an exhaustive list, and include:

- fluctuations in commodity prices and exchange rates;
- success or otherwise of exploration activities;
- reliance on licenses, permits and approvals from governmental authorities which may be withheld, withdraw or made subject to limitations;
- loss of key management;
- ability to obtain additional financing; and
- changed operating, market or regulatory environments.

Risk Management Roles and Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for identifying the risks facing the Group, assessing the risks and ensuring that there are controls for these risks, which are to be designed to ensure that any identified risk is reduced to an acceptable level. The Board will review and discuss strategic risks and opportunities as they arise and arising from changes in the Group's business environment regularly and on an as need basis. The board may delegate some of the abovementioned responsibility to management and committees of the board but maintain the overall responsibility for the process.

Management is responsible for designing, implementing and reporting on the adequacy of the Group's risk management and internal control system. Management reports to the Board at least annually, or more frequently as required, on the Group's key risks and the extent to which it believes these risks are being managed.

Integrity of Financial Reporting

The Board receives regular reports about the financial condition, operating results and budgets of the group. The Executive Director annually provide a formal statement to the Board that in all material respects and to the best of their knowledge and belief:

- the Group's financial reports present a true and fair view of the Group's financial condition and operational results are in accordance with relevant accounting standards; and
- the Group's risk management and internal control systems are sound, appropriate and operating efficiently and effectively.

REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

<u>Notification of Departure</u>: The board has not established a Remuneration Committee as per ASX Best Practice Recommendation 8.1.

Explanation for Departure: The Company is not of the size or complexity to justify Remuneration Committee; however this will be reviewed annually. The role of the Remuneration Committee is undertaken by the entire board.

Remunerate Fairly and Responsibly (continued)

It is the Group's objective to provide maximum stakeholder benefit from the retention of a high quality Board and executive team by remunerating directors and key executives fairly and appropriately with reference to relevant employment market conditions. To assist in achieving this objective, the independent Directors / Remuneration Committee reviews the nature and amount of executive directors' and officers' emoluments to the Group's financial and operational performance, however no performance pay is provided. Key Executives may be issued with Company Options.

The expected outcomes of the remuneration structure are:

- retention and motivation of key executives;
- attraction of high quality management to the Group; and
- Company options allow executives to share the success of West Peak Iron Limited.

For a full discussion of the Group's remuneration philosophy and framework and the remuneration received by directors and executives in the current period please refer to the remuneration report, which is contained within the Directors' Report.

There is no scheme to provide retirement benefits, other than statutory superannuation to all directors.



AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of West Peak Iron Limited for the year ended 30 June 2014, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- a) the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- b) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Perth. Western Australia 16 September 2014

Partner, HLB Mann Judd

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

Consolidated

	Notes	2014 \$	2013 \$
Continuing operations			
Other income	2	10,685	51,147
Administration expenses		(241,777)	(321,518)
Director fees and Executive fees		(251,540)	(466,243)
Occupancy expenses	2	(57,007)	(126,354)
Other expenses	2	(147,371)	(248,431)
Loss before income tax expense		(687,010)	(1,111,399)
Income tax expense	3	-	-
Loss after tax from continuing operations		(687,010)	(1,111,399)
Discontinued operations			
Loss after tax from discontinued operations	5	(1,619,762)	(1,507,025)
Net loss for the period		(2,306,772)	(2,618,424)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit and loss			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		(433,635)	101,215
Total comprehensive loss for the period		(2,740,407)	(2,517,209)
Basic loss per share (cents per share)	4	(2.87)	(4.04)
Basic loss per share from continuing operations (cents per share)	4	(0.86)	(1.72)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2014

		Consolidated		
	Note	2014 \$	2013 \$	
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	9	23,927	1,100,901	
Trade and other receivables	10	25,744	81,878	
		49,671	1,182,779	
Assets classified as held for sale	5 _	336,642	50,000	
Total Current Assets	_	386,313	1,232,779	
Non-Current Assets				
Plant and equipment	11	10,781	25,990	
Deferred exploration expenditure	12	-	1,650,172	
Total Non-Current Assets	_	10,781	1,676,162	
Total Assets	_	397,094	2,908,941	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Trade and other payables	13	479,115	250,555	
Total Current Liabilities	_	479,115	250,555	
Total Liabilities	_	479,115	250,555	
Net Assets/(Liabilities)		(82,021)	2,658,386	
Equity				
Issued capital	7	6,557,868	6,557,868	
Reserves	8	250,385	684,020	
Accumulated losses	_	(6,890,274)	(4,583,502)	
Total Equity/(Deficiency)		(82,021)	2,658,386	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

Consolidated	Issued Capital	Accumulated Losses	Reserves	Total Equity
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2012	3,858,577	(1,965,078)	555,211	2,448,710
Loss for the year	-	(2,618,424)	-	(2,618,424)
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	-	-	101,215	101,215
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	-	(2,618,424)	101,215	(2,517,209)
Shares issued during the year	2,937,773	-	-	2,937,773
Share based payments	-	-	27,594	27,594
Transaction costs on share issue	(238,482)	-	-	(238,482)
Balance at 30 June 2013	6,557,868	(4,583,502)	684,020	2,658,386
Balance at 1 July 2013	6,557,868	(4,583,502)	684,020	2,658,386
Loss for the year	-	(2,306,772)	-	(2,306,772)
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations		-	(433,635)	(433,635)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	-	(2,306,772)	(433,635)	(2,740,407)
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Share based payments	-	-	-	-
Transaction costs on share issue	-	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2014	6,557,868	(6,890,274)	250,385	(82,021)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

Consolidated

	Note	2014 \$	2013 \$
		Inflows/(C	Outflows)
Cash flows from operating activities			
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,081,536)	(874,348)
Interest received		10,685	39,320
Net cash (used in) operating activities	9	(1,070,851)	(835,028)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(867)	-
Payments for exploration and evaluation expenditure		(306,232)	(1,284,336)
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(307,099)	(1,284,336)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of shares		-	2,937,773
Payment for share issue costs		-	(238,482)
Proceeds from borrowings		300,976	-
Net cash provided by financing activities		300,976	2,699,291
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		(1,076,974)	579,927
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	9	1,100,901	520,974
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		23,927	1,100,901

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report, which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001, Accounting Standards and Interpretations and complies with other requirements of the law.

The accounting policies detailed below have been consistently applied to all of the years presented unless otherwise stated. The financial statements are for the consolidated entity consisting of West Peak Iron Limited and its subsidiary.

The financial report has also been prepared on a historical cost basis. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars.

The Group is a listed public company, incorporated in Australia and operating in Australia and Liberia.

The entity's principal activity is exploration for natural resources.

(b) Adoption of new and revised standards Changes in accounting policies on initial application of Accounting Standards

In the year ended 30 June 2014, the Directors have reviewed all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are relevant to the Group's operations and effective for the current annual reporting period.

Standards and Interpretations adopted with no effect on the financial statements:

It has been determined by the Directors that there is no impact, material or otherwise, of any other new and revised Standards and Interpretations on the Group's business and, therefore, no change is necessary to Group accounting policies.

Standards and Interpretations in issue not yet adopted:

The Directors have also reviewed all new Standards and Interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective for the year ended 30 June 2014. As a result of this review the Directors have determined that there is no impact, material or otherwise, of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations on the Group's business and, therefore, no change necessary to Group accounting policies.

(c) Statement of compliance

The financial report was authorised for issue on 16 September 2014.

The financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards, which include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes thereto, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

(d) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of West Peak Iron Limited ('Company', 'Group' or 'Parent Entity') as at 30 June 2014 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. West Peak Iron Limited and its subsidiaries are referred to in this financial report as the Group or the Consolidated Entity.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Parent Entity, using consistent accounting policies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Basis of Consolidation (continued)

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all intercompany balances and transactions, income and expenses and profit and losses resulting from intra-group transactions have been eliminated in full.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group. Control exists where the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing when the Group controls another entity.

Unrealised gains or transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

When the Group ceases to have control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint controlled entity or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

(e) Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The application of accounting policies requires the use of judgements, estimates and assumptions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if it affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Exploration expenditure carried forward:

The Group impaired expenditure relating to exploration and evaluation where it is considered likely to be recovered principally through sale rather than ongoing use. While there are certain areas of interest from which no reserves have been extracted, the directors are of the belief that such expenditure should be written off going forward.

Share-based payment transactions:

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions by reference to the fair value of the services provided. Where the services provided cannot be reliability estimated fair value is measure by reference to the fair value of by the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by using a Black and Scholes model.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE2014

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Interest income

Interest revenue is recognised on a time proportionate basis that takes into account the effective yield on the financial asset.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash at bank and in hand. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(h) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are measured on initial recognition at fair value. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within periods ranging from 15 days to 30 days.

Impairment of trade receivables is continually reviewed and those that are considered to be uncollectible are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. An allowance account is used when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original contractual terms. Factors considered by the Group in making this determination include known significant financial difficulties of the debtor, review of financial information and significant delinquency in making contractual payments to the Group.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within other expenses. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the statement of comprehensive income.

(i) Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- the Group retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either:
 - (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration received that the Group could be required to repay.

When continuing involvement takes the form of a written and/or purchased option (including a cash-settled option or similar provision) on the transferred asset, the extent of the Group's continuing involvement is the amount of the transferred asset that the Group may repurchase, except that in the case of a written put option (including a cash-settled option or similar provision) on an asset measured at fair value, the extent of the Group's continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

(ii) Financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

(j) Foreign currency translation

Both the functional and presentation currency of West Peak Iron Limited is Australian dollars. The functional currency is US dollars and presentation currency is Australian dollars for West Peak Iron Limited (Liberia). Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency by applying the exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance date. All exchange differences in the consolidated financial report are taken to profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of the initial transaction.

Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

(k) Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance date.

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the balance date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences except:

• when the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; or

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Income tax (continued)

• when the taxable temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or interests in joint ventures, and the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred income tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; or
- when the deductible temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates
 or interests in joint ventures, in which case a deferred tax asset is only recognised to the extent that
 it is probable that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit
 will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each balance date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance date.

Income taxes relating to items recognised directly in equity are recognised in equity and not in profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(I) Other taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(m) Impairment of assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets and the asset's value in use cannot be estimated to be close to its fair value. In such cases the asset is tested for impairment as part of the cash-generating unit to which it belongs. When the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset or cash-generating unit is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Impairment losses relating to continuing operations are recognised in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset unless the asset is carried at revalued amount (in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease).

An assessment is also made at each balance date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase. After such a reversal the depreciation charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

(n) Trade and other payables

Trade payables and other payables are carried at amortised costs and represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Group becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services.

(o) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate assets but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of comprehensive income net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability.

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(p) Share-based payment transactions

The Group provides benefits to employees (including senior executives) of the Group in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services in exchange for shares or rights over shares (equity-settled transactions).

The cost of these equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted.

In valuing equity-settled transactions, no account is taken of any performance conditions, other than conditions linked to the price of the shares of West Peak Iron Limited (market conditions) if applicable.

The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each balance date until vesting date reflects (i) the extent to which the vesting period has expired and (ii) the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market performance conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in the determination of fair value at grant date. The statement of comprehensive income charge or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is only conditional upon a market condition.

If the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment arrangement, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee, as measured at the date of modification.

If an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new award are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

(q) Issued capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(r) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated as net profit or loss attributable to members of the parent, adjusted to exclude any costs of servicing equity (other than dividends) and preference share dividends, divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(r) Earnings per share (continued)

Diluted earnings per share is calculated as net profit or loss attributable to members of the parent, adjusted for:

- costs of servicing equity (other than dividends) and preference share dividends;
- the after tax effect of dividends and interest associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares that have been recognised as expenses; and
- other non-discretionary changes in revenues or expenses during the period that would result from the dilution of potential ordinary shares; divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive potential ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

(s) Exploration and evaluation

Exploration and evaluation expenditures in relation to each separate area of interest are recognised as an exploration and evaluation asset in the year in which they are incurred where the following conditions are satisfied:

- (i) the rights to tenure of the area of interest are current; and
- (ii) at least one of the following conditions is also met:
 - (a) the exploration and evaluation expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploration of the area of interest, or alternatively, by its sale; or
 - (b) exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not at the reporting date reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.

Exploration and evaluation assets are initially measured at cost and include acquisition of rights to explore, studies, exploratory drilling, trenching and sampling and associated activities and an allocation of depreciation and amortised of assets used in exploration and evaluation activities. General and administrative costs are only included in the measurement of exploration and evaluation costs where they are related directly to operational activities in a particular area of interest.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of an exploration and evaluation asset may exceed its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of the exploration and evaluation asset (for the cash generating unit(s) to which it has been allocated being no larger than the relevant area of interest) is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in previous years.

Where a decision has been made to proceed with development in respect of a particular area of interest, the relevant exploration and evaluation asset is tested for impairment and the balance is then reclassified to development.

(t) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors of West Peak Iron Limited.

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(u) Non-current assets (or disposal groups) held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and a sale is considered highly probable. They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell, except for assets such as deferred tax assets, assets arising from employee benefits, financial assets and investment property that are carried at fair value and contractual rights under insurance contracts, which are specifically exempt from this requirement.

An impairment loss is recognised for any initial or subsequent write-down of the asset (or disposal group) to fair value less costs to sell. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increases in fair value less costs to sell of an asset (or disposal group), but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognised. A gain or loss not previously recognised by the date of the sale of the non-current asset (or disposal group) is recognised at the date of derecognition.

Non-current assets (including those that are part of a disposal group) are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale. Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale continue to be recognised.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale and the assets of the disposal group classified as held for sale are presented separately from the other assets in the statement of financial position. The liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale are presented separately from other liabilities in the statement of financial position.

(v) Going Concern

The financial report has been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assumes the commercial realisation of the future potential of the Group's assets and the discharge of its liabilities in the normal course of business.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2014, the Group incurred a loss of \$2,306,772 and a net cash outflow of \$1,081,536 from operations as disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income and the statement of cash flows, respectively.

As at 30 June 2014, the Group had a net asset deficiency of \$82,021, a working capital deficiency of \$92,802 and \$23,927 in cash and cash equivalents. Subsequent to balance date, the company has obtained a loan of \$300,000, and extended the terms of the existing loan balance of \$300,000 by a period 12 months and \$200,000. In addition, the company has significantly reduced its corporate and other expenditure while it investigates other opportunities.

Notwithstanding the above, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and liabilities in the ordinary course of business and on the assumption of sufficient funds continuing to be available for the operations of the Company and its subsidiary.

(v) Going Concern (continued)

The Board considers that the Company is a going concern and recognises that additional funding is required to ensure that the Company can continue to fund the consolidated entity's operations and further investigate new projects during the twelve month period from the date of this financial report. The Directors are confident that the necessary funding can be sourced. In the event that the Company is unsuccessful in deriving sufficient additional funding for its operations there would exist a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report.

NOTE 2: REVENUES AND EXPENSES	Consolidated	
	2014 \$	2013 \$
(a) Other income		
Interest income	10,685	39,320
Other	-	11,827
	10,685	51,147
(b) Expenses		
Administrative expenses	241,777	321,518
ASX and registry fees	18,367	32,930
Computer and software expenses	1,988	2,572
Depreciation expense	16,076	17,836
Legal and professional	13,459	59,367
Travel and promotional expenses	62,812	81,648
Other	34,669	26,484
Directors fees & Executive fees	251,540	466,243
Rent	57,007	126,354
Share based payments expense		27,594
	697,695	1,162,546

NOTE 3: INCOME TAX

Current tax expense	Conso	lidated
	2014 \$	2013 \$
(a) Income tax benefit		
(b) Numerical reconciliation between tax-expense and pre-tax net loss		
Loss from ordinary activities	(2,306,772)	(2,618,424)
	(2,306,772)	(2,618,424)
Income tax using the Group's domestic tax rate of 30% (2012: 30%)	(692,032)	(785,527)
Share based payments	-	8,278
Other non-deductible expenses/(deductible tax adjustments)	(3,499)	9,218
Capital raising costs	(30,955)	51,711
Capitalised exploration expenditure	409,060	65,185
Tax losses not brought to account as a deferred tax asset	317,426	651,135
Income tax benefit/(expense) attributable to entity	-	-

(c) Tax losses

The deferred tax asset on the unused cumulative 2014 tax loss of \$4,324,408 (2013: \$3,492,733) has not been recognised as a deferred tax asset as the future recovery of these losses is subject to the Group satisfying the requirements imposed by the regulatory authorities. The benefit of deferred tax assets not brought to account will only be brought to account if:

- Future assessable income is derived of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit to be realized.
- The conditions for deductibility imposed by tax legislation continue to be complied with and no changes in tax legislation adversely affect of the Group in realising the benefit.

(d) Unrecognised temporary differences

Net deferred tax assets (calculated at 30%) have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

Capital raising costs recognised directly in equity 63,066 86,411

Provisions and Accruals 78,494 11,280

Income tax losses not brought to account – Australia (at 30%) 1,297,322 1,047,820

Income tax losses not brought to account – Liberia (at 25%) - 117,339

Unrecognised deferred tax assets relating to the above temporary differences 1,438,882 1,262,850

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

NOTE 4: LOSS PER SHARE

	Consolidated		
	2014	2013	
	Cents per share	Cents per share	
Basic loss per share		_	
Continuing operations	(0.86)	(1.72)	
Discontinued operations	(2.01)	(2.32)	
Total basic loss per share	(2.87)	(4.04)	
	\$	\$	
Loss for the year	(2,306,772)	(2,618,424)	
Loss from continuing operations	(687,010)	(1,111,399)	
	Number	Number	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic loss per share:	80,500,000	64,766,931	

There are no potential ordinary shares that are considered dilutive, as a result no dilutive earnings per share has been disclosed.

NOTE 5: DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Following the end of the period and following a review of the prospectivity of the Liberian tenements, West Peak had impaired the carrying value of its Liberian assets. There is a low level of geological confidence associated with inferred mineral resources and there is no certainty that further exploration work will result in the determination of indicated mineral resources or mineable ore reserves. Exploration activities conducted on the licenses post year end by the Company have resulted in an impairment of the Liberian assets. The written down value of Liberian assets at year end reflect the detailed review and analysis conducted by the board and management. The balance of discontinued operations in 2013 financial year relate to WA tenements.

Financial information relating to the discontinued operations is set out below:

	Consolid	ated
Costs carried forward in respect of:	2014	2013
	\$	\$
Exploration and evaluation phase – at cost (30 June 2013)		
Balance at the beginning of the year / period	1,650,172	1,248,390
Expenditure incurred		
WA Tenements	39,666	318,635
Liberia	266,566	
Total carrying value of continuing operation	1,956,404	1,567,025
Less: Impairment loss	(1,619,762)	(1,507,025)
Amounts reclassified as assets held for sale	336,642	50,000
Carrying value of continuing operation (Deferred Exploration Expenditure)	-	10,000
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations		
Impairment expense	(1,619,762)	(1,507,025)
Loss from discontinued operations	(1,619,762)	(1,507,025)

NOTE 5: DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

	Consolidated		
	2014	2013	
Cash flows from discontinued operations:	\$	\$	
Net cash flows from operating activities	-	-	
Net cash flows from investing activities	306,232	318,635	
Net cash flows from investing activities	-	-	
Net cash flows	306,232	318,635	

NOTE 6: SEGMENT REPORTING

Identification of reportable segments

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the investment decisions of the board and used by executive management (the chief operating decision makers) in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources.

The operating segments are identified by management based on the nature of its interests and projects. Discrete financial information about each of these projects is reported to the executive management team regularly.

Location of interests and nature of projects

Liberia

Liberia is located in West Africa where it borders Guinea, Sierra Leone and Côte d'Ivoire. West Peak has been granted three iron ore exploration licences, for a total area of 606 km2 in the Bomi, Bong and River Cess counties. All licences contain iron-bearing formations and are strategically located close to port, rail and road infrastructure, both existing and currently being upgraded to meet iron ore industry requirements.

Accounting policies and inter-segment transactions

The accounting policies used by the Group in reporting segments internally are the same as those contained in Note 1 to the accounts and in the prior period.

Geographical segments

	Exploration Activities	Exploration Activities		Discontinued	
	Australia	Liberia	Unallocated	Operations	Total
	\$	\$	\$		\$
30 June 2014					
Segment revenue	-	-	10,685	-	10,685
Exploration written off	-	-	-	(1,619,762)	(1,619,762)
Other expenses	-	(159,852)	(537,843)	-	(697,695)
Segment result	-	(159,852)	(527,158)	(1,619,762)	(2,306,772)
Segment assets	-	353,022	44,072	-	397,094
Segment liabilities	-	(45,730)	(433,385)	-	(479,115)

NOTE 6: SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

Geographical segments

30 June 2013	Exploration Activities Australia \$	Exploration Activities Liberia \$	Unallocated \$	Discontinued Operations	Total \$
Segment revenue	-	-	51,147	-	51,147
Exploration written off Other expenses	-	- (233,277)	(929,269)	(1,507,025)	(1,507,025) (1,162,546)
Segment result	-	(233,277)	(878,122)	(1,507,025)	(2,618,424)
Segment assets		1,702,064	1,146,877	60,000	2,908,941
Segment liabilities	-	(101,809)	(148,746)	-	(250,555)

NOTE 7: ISSUED CAPITAL

Conso		
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Movements in ordinary shares on issue	2014 \$	2013 \$	2014 No.	2013 No.
At 1 July	6,557,868	3,858,577	80,500,000	28,144,536
Movements during the period:				
Shares issued on 31 July 2012 at \$0.05	-	205,273	-	4,105,464
Shares issued on 13 September 2012 at \$0.05	-	701,123	-	14,022,461
Share issued on 3 October 2012 at \$0.05	-	911,377	-	18,227,539
Shares issued on 24 December at \$0.07	-	1,120,000	-	16,000,000
Share issue costs	-	(238,482)	-	-
At 30 June	6,557,868	6,557,868	80,500,000	80,500,000

NOTE 7: ISSUED CAPITAL (continued)

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held.

On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

Ordinary shares have no par value and the Company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

NOTE 8: RESERVES

	Consolidated	
	2014	2013
	\$	\$
Foreign currency translation reserve		
At 1 July	98,266	(2,949)
Currency translation differences	(433,635)	101,215
At 30 June	(335,369)	98,266
Share based payments reserve		
At 1 July	585,754	558,160
Options issued	_	27,594
At 30 June	585,754	585,754
Movements in Company Options on issue	No.	No.
At 1 July	2,000,000	13,605,465
Movements during the period:		
Options issued on 17 December 2012	-	2,000,000
Options expired	(2,000,000)	(13,605,465)
At 30 June		2,000,000

Company options carry no voting rights and carry no right to dividends. Company options are unlisted. 2,000,000 Company options are exercisable at \$0.15 on or before 30 June 2014 expired during the period. See note 22 for full details of Options valuations.

Nature and purpose of reserves

Share based payments reserve

This reserve is used to record the value of equity benefits provided to employees and directors as part of their remuneration. Refer to note 22 for further details of these plans.

Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve is used to record exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries. It is also used to record the effect of hedging net investments in foreign operations.

NOTE 9: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Consolidated		
2014	2013	
	\$	
23,927	840,901	
-	260,000	
23,927	1,100,901	
	2014 23,927 -	

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily deposit rates. The Group did not engage in any non-cash financing activities for the year ended 30 June 2014 and was not party to any borrowing facilities for the same period.

Reconciliation of loss for the year to net cash flows from operating activities

Loss after tax for the period	(2,306,772)	(2,618,424)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation on non-current assets	16,076	17,836
Share based payments expense	-	27,594
Exploration expenditure written off	1,619,762	1,507,025
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables and prepayments	56,151	(6,873)
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables and accruals	(456,068)	237,814
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(1,070,851)	(835,028)
NOTE 10: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
Goods and services tax receivables	16,822	38,181
Prepayments	7,596	13,588
Other receivables	1,326	30,109
Trade and other receivables balance at 30 June	25,744	81,878
NOTE 11: PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Plant and equipment at cost	49,414	63,320
Accumulated depreciation	(38,633)	(37,330)
Balance at 30 June	10,781	25,990

NOTE 11: PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Movements in the carrying amounts of plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Consolidated	Consolidated
	2014	2013
	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July	25,990	41,443
Additions	867	-
Depreciation expense	(16,076)	(17,836)
Effect of Foreign Exchange	-	2,383
Balance at 30 June	10,781	25,990
NOTE 12: DEFERRED EXPLORATION EXPENDITURE		
Costs carried forward in respect of:		
Exploration and evaluation phase – at cost		
Balance at the beginning of the year / period	1,650,172	1,917,458
Expenditure incurred		
Santy Well	-	18,237
Pinyalling (including Warriedar)	-	144,718
Dandaraga	-	12,641
Other (WA)	39,666	143,039
Liberia	266,566	971,104
Assets reclassified as held for sale	(336,642)	(50,000)
Less: exploration expenditure impaired	(1,619,762)	(1,507,025)
Total Exploration Expenditure balance at 30 June	-	1,650,172

Upon completion of recent exploration activities on Liberian assets, the Group has impaired costs which had been previously carried forward for exploration and evaluation. Exploration expenditure was impaired primarily due to review of the areas prospectively.

NOTE 13: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CURRENT)

Trade payables*	5,312	20,397
Converting Loan	305,993	-
Accrued expenses	167,810	230,158
Balance at 30 June	479,115	250,555

^{*} Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 60-day terms

NOTE 14: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	Consolidated		
	2014	2013	
	\$	\$	
Financial assets			
Receivables	25,744	81,879	
Cash and cash equivalents	23,927	1,100,901	
Balance at end of year	49,671	1,182,780	
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables	479,115	250,555	
Balance at end of year	479,115	250,555	

The following table details the expected maturity/s for the Group's non-derivative financial assets. These have been drawn up based on undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets including interest that will be earned on those assets except where the Group anticipates that the cash flow will occur in a different period.

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month \$	1 – 3 Months \$	3 months - 1 year \$	1 – 5 years \$	5+ years
2014						
Non-interest bearing	-	49,671	-	-	-	-
Variable interest rate instruments	2.65	-	-	-	-	-
Fixed interest rate instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
		49,671	-	-	-	-
2013						
Non-interest bearing	-	139,115	-	-	-	-
Variable interest rate instruments	2.65	-	951,786	-	-	-
Fixed interest rate instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
		139,115	951,786	-	-	-

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity/s for its non-derivative financial liabilities. These are based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month \$	1 – 3 Months \$	3 months - 1 year \$	1 – 5 years \$	5+ years \$
2014						
Non-interest bearing	-	173,122	-	-	-	-
Variable interest rate instruments	12.11	-	-	305,993	-	-
Fixed interest rate instruments	-		-	-	-	-
		173,122	-	305,993	-	-
2013						
Non-interest bearing	-	250,555	-	-	-	-
Variable interest rate instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fixed interest rate instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
		250,555	-	-	-	-

NOTE 14: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value because of their short-term maturity.

Financial risk management objectives and policies:

The Group has exposure to the following risks from their use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Interest rate risk
- Market risk
- Capital risk

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, their objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the management of capital. The Board has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and short term deposits. The main purpose of the financial instruments is to earn the maximum amount of interest at a low risk to the Group. The Group also has other financial instruments such as trade debtors and creditors which arise directly from its operations. For the year under review, it has been the Group's policy not to trade in financial instruments.

(a) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counter-party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Group only transacts with entities that are rated the equivalent of investment grade and above. An example is that the Group only dealt with the NAB for Term Deposits during the year. This information is supplied by independent rating agencies where available and, if not available, the Group uses publicly available financial information and its own trading record to rate its major customers and suppliers.

The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counter-parties are continuously monitored. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by the Board annually.

The Group does not have any significant credit risk exposure to the NAB. The credit risk on liquid funds and Term Deposits is reduced because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies. The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net of any allowance for losses, represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained.

(b) Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, who have built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and banking facilities and by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. The Group did not have any undrawn facilities at its disposal as at balance date.

(c) Interest rate risk management

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk as the Group deposits the bulk of the Group's cash reserves in Short Term Deposits with the NAB or other acceptable Australian Banking entities. The risk is managed by the Group by maintaining an appropriate mix between short term deposits and at call deposits. The Group's exposure to interest rate on financial assets is detailed in the interest rate risk sensitivity analysis section of this note.

NOTE 14: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Interest rate risk sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses have been determined based on the Group's cash and cash equivalent exposure to interest rates. A 100 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk. The Group's sensitivity to interest rates may decrease during the current period depending on the use of the cash reserves of the Group.

The effect on loss and equity as a result of change in the interest rate, with all other variables remaining constant would be immaterial.

(d) Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The Group is exposed to US Dollar (USD) currency fluctuations.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 10% increase and decrease in the Australian dollar against the relevant foreign currencies. 10% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a 10% change in foreign currency rates. The sensitivity analysis includes external loans as well as loans to foreign operations within the Group where the denomination of the loan is in a currency other than the currency of the lender or the borrower. A positive number indicates an increase in profit or loss and other equity where the Australian Dollar strengthens against the respective currency. For a weakening of the Australian Dollar against the respective currency there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit and other equity and the balances below would be negative.

USD Im	pact
2014	2013
\$	\$
4,013	3,572

Consolidated

Profit or loss (i)

(i) This is mainly attributable to the exposure outstanding on USD receivables and payables at year end in the Group

The Group's sensitivity to foreign currency during the period has increased due to the fluctuations in the foreign currency market and the increased transactional activity of the Group.

(e) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The Group is exposed to movements in market interest rates on short term deposits. The Group does not have short or long term debt, and therefore the risk is minimal. The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by only investing in liquid securities and only with counterparties that have acceptable credit ratings.

The Group may be exposed to currency risk on international investments and purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the respective currencies of the Group. As the Group has international projects it is exposed to currency risk. There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk from the previous period.

(f) Capital Risk Management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it may continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Due to the nature of the Group's activities, being mineral exploration, it does not have ready access to credit facilities and therefore is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements, with the primary source of Group funding being equity raisings. Accordingly, the objective of the Group's capital risk management is to balance the current working capital position against the requirements to meet exploration programmes and corporate overheads. This is achieved by maintaining appropriate liquidity to meet anticipated operating requirements, with a view to initiating appropriate capital raisings as required.

NOTE 15: COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments

Officers Remuneration Commitments

The Group entered into remuneration commitments with all the non-executive directors of the Group effective 1 July 2013, for all services rendered from this date forward. The non-executive director and non-executive chairman salaries has been set at \$20,000 and \$30,000 respectively. Remuneration of non-executive directors is reviewed annually.

On 1 September 2012, the Group entered into an executive consulting services agreement with Mr Walker (Executive Consulting Services Agreement) effective as from 1 September 2012. Under the Executive Consulting Services Agreement, Mr Walker is engaged to provide services to the Group in the capacity of Executive Director, based in Perth, Western Australia. Mr Walker is to be paid a monthly remuneration of \$9,000 plus GST. Mr Walker will also be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred in carrying out his duties. The Executive Consulting Services agreement can be terminated by one month's written notice from the Company, while Mr Walker can terminate by providing three months written notice. Executive Consulting Services Fees for the period 1 January 2014 to 30 June 2014 have been accrued.

Administration Agreement

1 September 2012 the Group entered into an agreement with Cicero Corporate Services Pty Ltd (Cicero) defining the terms of engagement for the provision of administration services by Cicero as a contractor to the Group. Cicero will provide the office rent, book-keeping, company secretarial and administration services to the Company for a monthly fee of \$4,000 plus GST. The agreement can be terminated by 1 months notice by either party.

Contingencies

Santy Well Tenements

On 4 August the Department of Mines and Petroleum forfeited the Santy Well tenements (EL 59/1677 and EL 59/1678). Legal proceedings have been initiated by Cohiba Minerals Limited (ASX: CHK) in the District Court of Western Australia in relation to the Santy Well tenements in which CHK claim damages plus interest and costs in the amount of approximately \$125K. The Company has lodged a counterclaim of approximately \$44K. As the outcome of this action is not certain, no amounts have been provided for in the financial statements.

NOTE 15: COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES (continued)

Tenement Related Commitments

	Consolidated	
	2014	2013
	\$	\$
Commitments for exploration expenditure on Western Australian Projects ⁽¹⁾		
Not longer than 1 year	-	50,000
Longer than 1 year and less than 2 years	-	50,000
Longer than 2 year and less than 5 years	-	150,000
Commitments for exploration expenditure on Liberian Projects		
Not longer than 1 year	227,250	816,000
Longer than 1 year and less than 2 years	454,500	890,250
Longer than 2 year and less than 5 years	681,750	2,670,750

Western Australia (1)

West Peak has divested its Mid-West and Yilgarn tenements. During the period all remaining tenements have been either sold or impaired completely due to surrender or forfeiture.

Liberia

West Peak holds three granted Exploration Licences for a total area of 606km2 in the Bomi, Bong and River Cess counties. Exploration licenses run for a period of three years which can be extended by a period of two years. Reconnaissance licenses run for a period of six months which can be extended by an period of six months or an application can be made to convert the Reconnaissance license to an Exploration License. Expenditure Commitments for Exploration Licenses is \$3.75 per Ha in year one, \$7.50 per Ha in year two and \$11.25 per Ha in year three. The annual Exploration License rent payment is based on a license fee of \$5,000 plus a Surface Rental Payment of \$0.50 per Ha. The Company has also been refunded two Environmental Security Bonds in respect to the Bomi South Exploration License, totalling \$75,000. In subsequent years the Company has to provide Environmental Bonds equal to 15% of the approved exploration work programs.

Liberia - Granted Tenement Schedule

Granted Tenement schedule as at 18 August 2014

License ID	% Ownership	License Type	Project Name	Area Km2	Expiry Date	Expenditure Commitment
MEL12012	100%	Exploration	Bomi South	280	April 2016	\$210,000
MRL2345/14	100%	Exploration	Mount Koklun	128	February 2017	48,000
MEL11101	100%	Exploration	Bobo Creek	198	February 2016	\$148,500

¹The Mount Koklun Reconnaissance License has been converted to an Exploration License by the Ministry of Land, Mines and Energy of Liberia during the financial year.

NOTE 16: EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE DATE

On 1 July 2014, the Company announced its maiden resource estimate for the Bong West prospect followed by the preliminary assessment released to market on 16 July 2014. Following review of the prospectivity post year end resulted in the impairment of exploration assets in Liberia.

During the year, the Company was successful in establishing a finance facility with Bluebay Investments to provide ongoing working capital. The initial loan was for an amount of AUD 300,000 has been extended subsequent to year end by a period 12 months and \$200,000. This loan is unsecured and accrues interest at the rate of 1% per month (which equates to an annualised rate of interest of 12.11%). The loan is repayable on or before 30 June 2015 ("End Date") and subject to any requirements for shareholder approval, may be converted into shares at the weighted variable average price of shares in WPI in the 20 business days prior to the End Date.

On 31 July 2014, Non-executives directors Graham Marshall and Jimmy Lee resigned from the board of directors.

NOTE 17: DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES DISCLOSURES

(a) Details of Directors' and Executives

The following persons were directors and executives of West Peak Iron Limited during the financial year:

Mathew Walker
 Gary Lyons
 Teck Wong
 Executive Director
 Non-executive Director

Graham Marshall
 Jimmy Lee
 Non-executive Director (resigned 31 July 2014)
 Non-executive Director (resigned 31 July 2014)

Directors and executives remuneration has been included in the Remuneration Report section of the Directors' Report

(b) Key Management Personnel Compensation

Refer to the remuneration report contained in the director's report for details of the remuneration paid or payable to each member of the Group's key management personnel (KMP) for the year ended 30 June 2014.

The totals of remuneration paid to KMP of the Company and the Group during the year are as follows:

	Consolidated	
	2014	2013
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	238,319	410,882
Post-employment benefits	13,221	27,769
Other long-term benefits	-	-
Share-based payments	-	27,594
Total KMP compensation	251,540	466,245

NOTE 18: RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year, the Company was successful in establishing a finance facility with Bluebay Investments (an entity to which Mr Wong is Director) to provide ongoing working capital. The initial loan was for an amount of AUD 300,000 has been extended subsequent to year end by a period of 12 months and \$200,000. This loan is unsecured and accrues interest at the rate of 1% per month (which equates to an annualised rate of interest of 12.11%). The loan is repayable on or before 30 June 2015 ("End Date") and subject to any requirements for shareholder approval, may be converted into shares at the weighted variable average price of shares in WPI in the 20 business days prior to the End Date.

On 1 July 2010, the Group entered into an agreement with Cicero Corporate Services Pty Ltd (an entity Mr Walker holds a 54% equity stake) (Cicero) defining the terms of engagement for the provision of administration services by Cicero as a contractor to the Group. Cicero Corporate Services Pty Ltd was paid fees totalling \$144,225 during the year ended 30 June 2014 (2013:\$ 131,629) pursuant to the Administration Agreement. Subsequent to the end of the Period on 1 September 2012 the Group entered into an agreement with Cicero Corporate Services Pty Ltd (Cicero) defining the terms of engagement for the provision of administration services by Cicero as a contractor to the Group. Cicero will provide the office rent, book-keeping, company secretarial and administration services to the Company for a monthly fee of \$4,000 plus GST. The agreement can be terminated by 1 months notice by either party.

NOTE 19: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The auditor of West Peak Iron Limited is HLB Mann Judd.

	2014	2013
	\$	\$
Amounts received or due and receivable by HLB Mann Judd for:		
Audit or review of the financial statements	26,700	26,042
Total	26,700	26,042

NOTE 20: AMOUNTS OWING TO DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

The following amounts were owing to the Directors or officers at the end of the financial year.

	2014	2013
	\$	\$
Directors Fees accrued for the 30 June 2014 financial year	99,000	-
Total	99,000	-

NOTE 21: PARENT ENTITY DISCLOSURES

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Assets		
Current assets	44,072	1,145,705
Non-current assets	307,292	1,661,427
Total assets	351,364	2,807,132
Liabilities	2014 \$	2013 \$
Current liabilities	433,385	148,746
Non-current liabilities	-	-
Total liabilities	433,385	148,746
Equity	2014 \$	2013 \$
Issued capital	6,557,868	6,557,868
Accumulated losses	(7,225,643)	(4,485,236)
Reserves	585,754	585,754
	(82,021)	2,658,386
Financial performance	2014 \$	2013 \$
Loss for the year	(2,740,407)	2,517,209
Other comprehensive income		-
Total comprehensive income	(2,740,407)	2,517,209

Contingent liabilities of the parent entity

For details on contingent liabilities, see Note 15.

NOTE 22: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

(a). Recognised Share Based Payments Expense

From time to time, the Group provides Incentive Options to officers, employees, consultants and other key advisors as part of remuneration and incentive arrangements. The number of options granted, and the terms of the options granted are determined by the Board. Shareholder approval is sought where required. During the past two years, the following equity-settled share-based payments have been recognised:

	2014 \$	2013 \$
Expense arising from equity-settled share-based payment transactions	-	27,594
Total Expense arising from equity-settled share-based payment transactions	-	27,594

(b). Summary of Options Granted as Share Based Payments

During the period ended 30 June 2014, the following Company Options expired as share-based payments:

Options Series	Issuing Entity	Number	Grant Date	Expiry Date	. •	Grant Date fair Value \$
Tranch F	West Peak Iron Ltd	2,000,000	21-Dec-12	30-Jun-14	\$0.15	\$0.02

(c). Options pricing model

The fair value of the equity-settled share options granted is estimated as at the date of grant using the Black Scholes option valuation model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted.

The following table lists the inputs to the valuation model used for share options granted by the Group during the last two years:

Inputs	Tranch A	Tranch B	Tranch C	Tranch D	Tranch E	Tranch F
Exercise Price	\$0.20	\$0.20	\$0.20	\$0.20	\$0.30	\$0.15
Grant date Share Price	\$0.015	\$0.20	\$0.26	\$0.26	\$0.26	\$0.068
Volatility	50%	60%	60%	60%	60%	104%
Risk-free interest rate	6.5%	6.5%	5.01%	5.01%	5.01%	2.69%
Grant Date	6-Apr-10	13-Oct-10	4-Mar-11	4-Mar-11	4-Mar-11	21-Dec-12
Expiry Date	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-14
Discount for lack of marketability	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%
Fair Value at Grant	\$0.001	\$0.038	\$0.087	\$0.087	\$0.063	\$0.02

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

- 1. In the opinion of the directors of West Peak Iron Limited ('the Company', the 'Consolidated Entity' or the 'Group'):
 - a. the financial statements and notes of the Company are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including:
 - giving a true and fair view of the Consolidated Entity's financial position as at 30 June 2014 and of its performance for the year then ended; and
 - ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - b. there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
 - c. The financial statements and note thereto are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.
- 2. This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the directors in accordance with Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 for the financial year ended 30 June 2014.

This declaration is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Mr Gary Lyons

Non-Executive Chairman

Perth, Western Australia; Dated this 16th day of September 2014



Accountants | Business and Financial Advisers

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of West Peak Iron Limited

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of West Peak Iron Limited ("the company"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2014, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration for the consolidated entity. The consolidated entity comprises the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In Note 1(c), the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101: *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial report complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

HLB Mann Judd (WA Partnership) ABN 22 193 232 714
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Email: hlb@hlbwa.com.au. Website: http://www.hlb.com.au
Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation



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Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of West Peak Iron Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2014 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1(c).

Emphasis of Matter

Without qualification to the opinion expressed above, we draw attention to Note 1 (v) which indicates that, in order to continue as a going concern, additional funding will be required to continue to fund the Company's operations and further investigate new projects. If the Company is unsuccessful in deriving sufficient additional funding for its operations, there exists a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the remuneration report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2014. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion the remuneration report of West Peak Iron Limited for the year ended 30 June 2014 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

HLB Mann Judd Chartered Accountants

HIB Mampool

N G Neill Partner

Perth, Western Australia 16 September 2014

ADDITIONAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

A. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

A statement disclosing the extent to which the Group has followed the best practice recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the period is contained within the Director's Report.

B. SHAREHOLDING

1. Substantial Shareholders

The following list of substantial shareholders were listed on the Companies register as at 09 September 2014.

Shareholder Percentage Teck Wong and Associates 16.28%

2. Number of holders in each class of equity securities and the voting rights attached (as at 09 September 2014)

Ordinary Shares

There are 301 holders of ordinary shares. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote per share held.

In accordance with the Company's Constitution, on a show of hands every number present in person or by proxy or attorney or duly authorized representative has one vote. On a poll every member present in person or by proxy or attorney or duly authorized representative has one vote for every fully paid ordinary share held.

Options (unlisted)

There are no unlisted options on issue.

3. Distribution schedule of the number of holders in each class of equity security as at 10 September 2014.

a) Fully Paid Ordinary Shares

Spread of hol	.ding	gs	Holders	Securities	% of Issued Capital
NIL	holo	ding			
1	-	1,000	8	528	0.00%
1,001	-	5,000	9	35,846	0.04%
5,001	-	10,000	51	494,416	0.61%
10,001	-	100,000	138	6,620,149	8.22%
100,001	-		95	73,349,061	91.12%
Total on regi	.ste1	c	301	80,500,000	100.00%
Total oversea	s ho	olders	7	2,168,000	2.69%

b) Unquoted securities

There are no unquoted securities.

ADDITIONAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION (continued)

4. Marketable Parcel

There are three (8) shareholders with less than a marketable parcel (basis price \$0.015).

5. Twenty largest holders of each class of quoted equity security.

The names of the twenty largest holders of each class of quoted equity security, the number of equity security each holds and the percentage of capital each holds (as at 10 September 2014) is as follows:

a) Ordinary shares top 20 holders and percentage held

Pos		Holder name	Designation	Securities	% of issued
1	*	HSBC CUSTODY NOM AUST LTD		17,009,340	21.13%
2		GWR GROUP LTD		16,000,000	19.88%
3	*	JOHN WARDMAN & ASSOC PL	WARDMAN S/F A/C	3,204,328	3.98%
4	*	COBBLESTONES COPORATE PL	DRP INV A/C	2,500,000	3.11%
5		KEVIN HUGHES INV PL		2,500,000	3.11%
6	*	DONGRAY RICHARD S + J	S/F A/C	1,500,000	1.86%
7		TYNEBRIDGE HLDGS PL	MARSHALL FAM A/C	1,370,000	1.70%
8	*	RAVEN INV HLDGS PL	RAVEN INV A/C	1,310,000	1.63%
9		MARTIN JOHN DESMOND		1,200,000	1.49%
10	*	JETOSEA PL		1,075,000	1.34%
11	*	MCGEE CONST PL	MCGORMAN S/F A/C	1,000,000	1.24%
12		WALKER MATHEW DONALD		1,000,000	1.24%
13		STRATEGIC FUNDING MGNT PL		1,000,000	1.24%
14		TARAGO HLDGS PL	GREENUP S/F A/C	700,000	0.87%
15		DRYCA PL	DRYCA EMPLOYEES RE	700,000	0.87%
16		SABRELINE PL	JPR INV A/C	650,000	0.81%
17		DIAMOND RIVER PL	DIAMOND RIVER S/F	624,552	0.78%
18	*	KONDAS VIKTOR + BEATA		602,893	0.75%
19		CITICORP NOM PL		575,000	0.71%
20	*	DONGRAY PAUL SIMON	DONGRAY FAM NO 2 A	575,000	0.71%
			** Top 20 total -	55,096,113	68.45%

^{**} All holders included

^{* -} Denotes merged holder

ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

1. Company Secretary

The name of the company secretary is Sonu Cheema.

2. Address and telephone details of the entity's registered administrative office and principle place of business:

Suite 9, 330 Churchill Avenue SUBIACO WA 6008

Telephone: (08) 6489 1600 Fax: (08) 6489 1601

Address and telephone details of the office at which a registry of securities is kept:

Security Transfer Registrars Pty Ltd 770 Canning Highway APPLECROSS WA 6153

Telephone: (08) 9315 2333 Fax: (08) 9315 2233

4. Stock exchange on which the Group's securities are guoted:

The Group's listed equity securities are quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange.

5. Restricted Securities

The Group has no restricted securities.

6. Review of Operations

A review of operations is contained in the Directors' Report.

7. Consistency with business objectives - ASX Listing Rule 4.10.19

In accordance with Listing Rule 4.10.19, the Group states that it has used the cash and assets in a form readily convertible to cash that it had at the time of admission in a way consistent with its business objectives. The business objective is primarily exploration for natural resources and acquisition of resource based projects.

The Group believes it has used its cash in a consistent manner to which was disclosed under the prospectus dated 6 August 2010.

8. Schedule of Tenements

A schedule of tenements is contained in Note 15 to the Financial Statements (page 52 & 53).