Rewardle Pty Ltd ACN - 153 419 133 Financial Statements For the Year ended 30 June 2013

Rewardle Pty Ltd ACN - 153 419 133 Compilation Report To Rewardle Pty Ltd

We have compiled the accompanying special purpose financial statements of Rewardle Pty Ltd, which comprise the balance sheet as at 30 June 2013, the income statement for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The specific purpose for which the special purpose financial statements have been prepared is set out in Note 1 to the financial statements.

The Responsibility of the Directors

The directors are solely responsible for the information contained in the special purpose financial statements and have determined that the significant accounting policies adopted as set out in Note 1 to the financial statements are appropriate to meet their needs and for the purpose that the financial statements were prepared.

Our Responsibility

On the basis of information provided by the directors, we have compiled the accompanying special purpose financial statements in accordance with the significant accounting policies adopted as set out in Note 1 to the financial statements and APES 315: Compilation of Financial Information.

Our procedures use accounting expertise to collect, classify and summarise the financial information, which the directors provided, in compiling the financial statements. Our procedures do not include verification or validation procedures. No audit or review has been performed and accordingly no assurance is expressed.

The special purpose financial statements were compiled exclusively for the benefit of the directors. We do not accept responsibility to any other person for the contents of the special purpose financial statements.

Affinity Accountants Pty Ltd

Certified Practising Accountants 9 Meaden Street, Southbank VIC 3006

Will Horton 11 June 2014

Rewardle Pty Ltd ACN - 153 419 133

Trading, Profit and Loss Statement For the Year ended 30 June 2013

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Income		
Sales	9,985	-
Gross Profit from Trading	9,985	
Expenditure		
Accountancy Fees	1,770	-
Advertising	100,113	1,104
Amortisation	,	,
- Formation Costs	210	157
Bank Charges	936	-
Consultancy Fees	121,467	-
Data Processing Charges	-	2,056
Depreciation - Plant & Equipment	191,786	-
Donations	1,000	-
Entertainment Expenses	1,520	-
Filing Fees	300	-
Freight & Cartage	4,359	-
Insurance	1,097	-
Internet Expenses	9,844	-
Legal Costs	7,354	-
Mobile Purchases	25,612	21,607
Postage	93	-
Printing & Stationery	4,552	778
Rent	15,778	-
Research & Development Costs	335	-
Staff Training & Welfare	13,199	-
Storage Fees	2,099	-
Superannuation Contributions	24,546	643
Telephone	8,164	-
Travelling Expenses	7,487	-
Uniforms	2,514	2,021
Wages	280,019	7,143
Web Development	132,321	18,169
Workcover	265	
	958,740	53,678
Loss before Income Tax	(948,755)	(53,678)

Rewardle Pty Ltd ACN - 153 419 133

Statement of Appropriations For the Year ended 30 June 2013

	2013 \$	2012
Accumulated Losses - Beginning of Year	(53,678)	-
Loss before Income Tax	(948,755)	(53,678)
Loss after Income Tax	(1,002,433)	(53,678)
Accumulated Loss at 30 June 2013	(1,002,433)	(53,678)

Rewardle Pty Ltd ACN - 153 419 133 Balance Sheet As at 30 June 2013

	2013 \$	2012
Equity		
Paid Up Capital		
Ordinary A Class Shares	100	100
Accumulated Loss	(1,002,433)	(53,678)
Deficiency in Shareholders Funds	(1,002,333)	(53,578)
Represented by:		
Current Assets		
Cash on Hand	100	100
Westpac Cheque Account	54,109	50
Westpac Cash Reserve Account	50	50
Trade Debtors Provision for GST	10,381	402
Provision for GS1	38,897 103,537	493 693
	•	
Non-Current Assets		
Loans - Unsecured	5,164	
	5,164	-
Plant & Equipment	191,786	_
Less Accumulated Depreciation & Impairment	191,786	-
	5,164	-
Intangible Assets		
Formation Expenses	683	893
Total Assets	109,384	1,586
Current Liabilities		
Trade Creditors	26,131	4,045
Other Creditors	27,008	1,357
	53,139	5,402
Non-Current Liabilities		
Loans from Directors	1,058,578	49,658
Loans - Unsecured	-	
	1,058,578	104 49,762
Total Liabilities	1,111,717	55,164
Excess of Liabilities Over Assets	(1,002,333)	(53,578)

Rewardle Pty Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended 30 June 2013

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the basis that the company is a non-reporting entity because there are no users dependent on general purpose financial statements. The financial statements are therefore special purpose financial statements that have been prepared in order to meet the needs of members.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the significant accounting policies disclosed below, which the directors have determined are appropriate to meet the needs of members. Such accounting policies are consistent with the previous period unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs unless stated otherwise in the notes. The accounting policies that have been adopted in the preparation of the statements are as follows:

(a) Going Concern

Notwithstanding the deficiency of net assets in the company, the financial report of the company has been prepared on a going concern basis. This basis has been applied as the directors have received a guarantee of continuing financial support and it is the directors' belief that such financial support will continue to be made available.

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

(c) Property, Plant and Equipment

All property, plant and equipment excluding freehold land and buildings, are initially measured at cost and are depreciated over their useful lives to the company.

The depreciation method and useful life used for items of property, plant and equipment (excluding freehold land) reflects the pattern in which their future economic benefits are expected to be consumed by the company. Depreciation commences from the time the asset is available for its intended use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the asset's employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have not been discounted in determining recoverable amounts.

(d) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the transaction price (i.e. cost) and are subsequently measured at cost less provision for impairment. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amount of trade and other receivables are

Rewardle Pty Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended 30 June 2013

reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence that the amounts are not recoverable. If so, an impairment loss is recognised immediately in income statement.

(e) Revenue and Other Income

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

(f) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liabilities at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by the company that remain unpaid.

Trade payables are recognised at their transaction price. Trade payables are obligations on the basis of normal credit terms.

(g) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense.

Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the balance sheet.