

**Colluli: The Gateway to the Danakil** 

Investor Showcase, 13th November, 2014

Paul Donaldson – CEO and Managing Director

Helping grow a better future

#### **Forward Looking Statements and Disclaimer**

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Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements include market prices of potash and, exploitation and exploration successes, capital and operating costs, changes in project parameters as plans continue to be evaluated, continued availability of capital and financing and general economic, market or business conditions, as well as those factors disclosed in the Company's filed documents.

There can be no assurance that the development of the Colluli Project will proceed as planned. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward looking information. Mineral Resources have been estimated using the Australian JORC (2004) Code ('JORC 2004'), which is a permitted code under Canadian National Instrument 43-101 ('NI 43-101'). In addition to the CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Resource classifications under the two reporting codes are recognised as equivalent in categories with no material differences. To the extent permitted by law, the Company accepts no responsibility or liability for any losses or damages of any kind arising out of the use of any information contained in this presentation. Recipients should make their own enquiries in relation to any investment decisions.



#### **Colluli highlights**

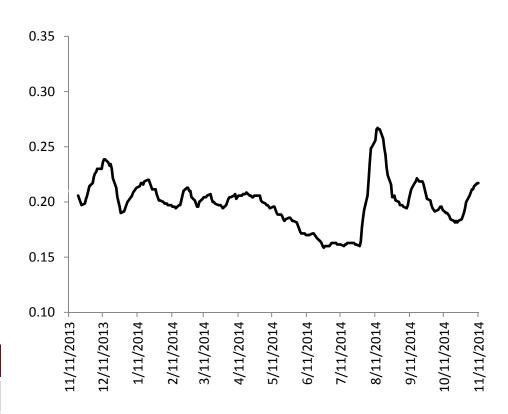
- 1. Large, high grade potassium bearing resource close to surface in an emerging potash province.
- 2. Close proximity to coast and geographically favourable relative to key markets.
- 3. Unique combination of salts suitable for low cost production of potassium sulphate (SOP or sulphate of potash).
- 4. Strong and effective relationship with joint venture partners ENAMCO



## **Corporate Overview**

Capital Structure as at 11 <sup>th</sup> November 2014				
Ordinary shares on issue	139.43m			
Options on issue	23m			
Share Price	\$0.215			
<b>Undiluted Market Capitalisation</b>	\$29.98m			
Debt	\$0			
Cash	\$8.9m			
Undiluted Enterprise Value	\$21.1m			

Major Shareholders	
Sprott Asset Management	10.96%
Liam Cornelius	8.58%
Kam Lung Investment Development	7.17%





#### Potash and demand drivers

Potash is a generic term used to describe a variety of potassium bearing minerals and manufactured chemicals used primarily as fertiliser.

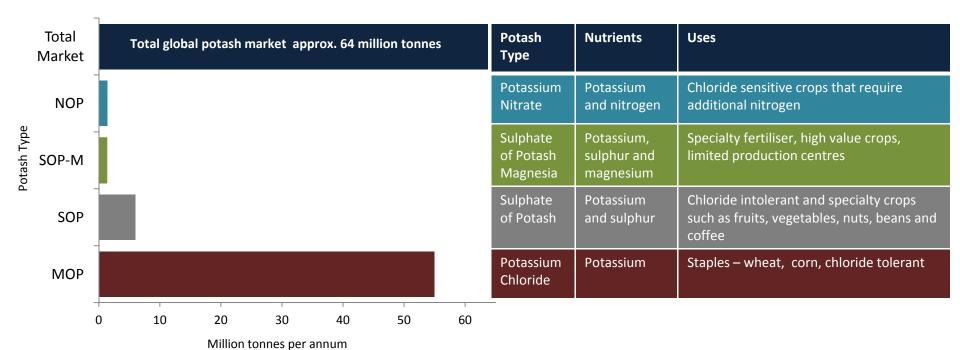


#### Key drivers of growth

- 1. Increasing global population: +80 million people annually
- 2. Decreasing arable land
- 3. Changing dietary preferences



## Potash comes in a variety of forms



Source: UN FAO, BMO Capital Markets



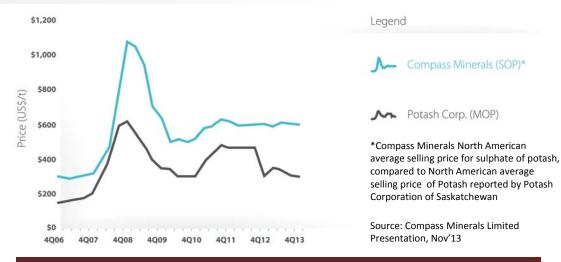
#### **SOP – Price premium and limited advanced projects**

## Significant price premium over potassium chloride (MOP)

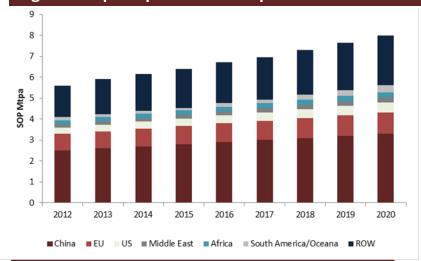
- Historical price premium has been in the order of 35%
- Current premium over 80%
- Suitable for high value crops
- Advantageous in saline and arid soils

#### Limited advanced new projects

- 4% CAGR projected
- Approximately 2 million tonnes of growth over the next 10 years
- Limited new projects
  - Greenfield SOP Projects at DFS = 1
  - Greenfield SOP Projects at PFS = 2



#### Significant price premium over potassium chloride



#### 4% CAGR projected

Source: Parthenon Analysis, EPM Mining

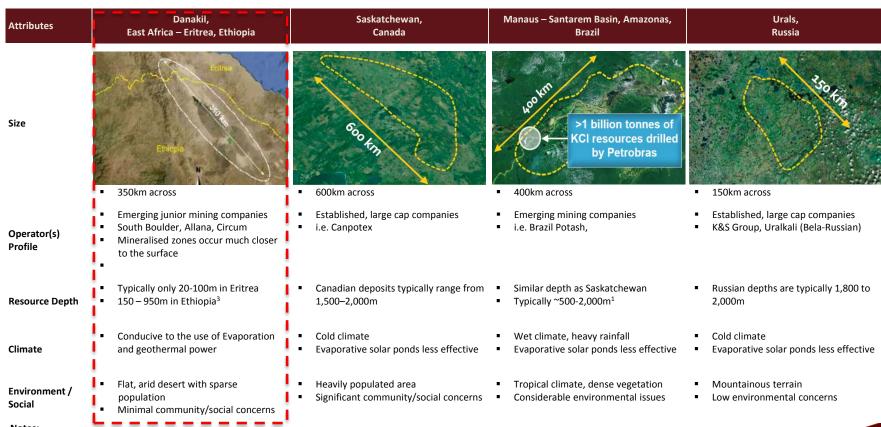


## The Danakil Depression - an emerging potash province

The Danakil Potash belt compares favourably in terms of size, resource depth and environmental issues against other potash belts globally.

#### > 4.2 billion tonnes of measured and indicated potassium salts across the Danakil to date<sup>1</sup>

Key Global Potash Belts<sup>2</sup>



#### Notes:

- Measured and Indicated tonnages for Danakil based on combined tonnages from South Boulder Mines, Allana Potash and Ethiopian Potash (Agriminco)
   South Boulder Mines tonnages from stated N43-101/JORC resource, Allana tonnages from Allana Feasibility N43-101 compliant
   project summary, Ethiopian Potash (subsequently Agriminco) tonnages obtained from SEDAC, N43-101 resource report
- Based on Brazil Potash presentation (February 2013).
- Ethiopia drill depths obtained from Allana reports



#### Large, high grade potassium bearing resource

Over 1 billion tonnes of potassium bearing salts – all potassium salts in the Colluli resource are suitable for the production of potash fertilisers.

Shallow mineralisation supports

Colluli as open pit — a proven, safer mining method, easier to expand and better overall resource recovery than underground.

One of only three major resources containing kainite salt (key salt for SOP production) in solid form globally.

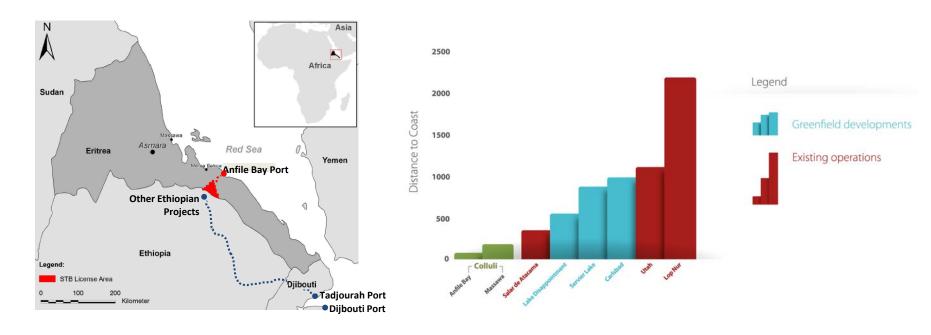
Colluli at a Glance					
Location	South Eritrea				
Size	Approximately 400km <sup>2</sup>				
Product	Sulphate of Potash				
Resource <sup>1</sup>	Measured: 262Mt Indicated: 581Mt Inferred: 173Mt Total: 1016Mt				
Potassium Bearing Salts	Sylvinite: Carnallitite: Kainitite:	110Mt 309Mt 597Mt			
Process	Flotation/Solar Evaporation				
Stage	PFS level testwork program underway				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to Resource Statement on Page 24



#### Close and unmatched proximity to the coast

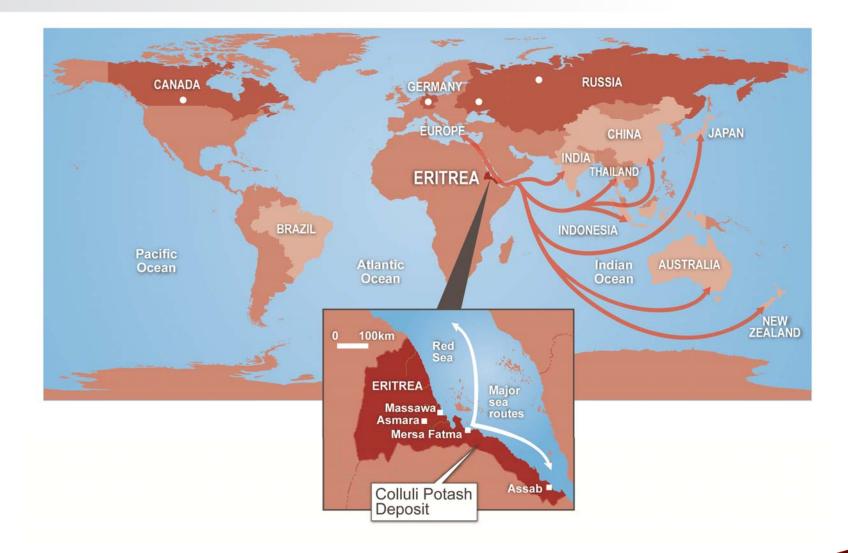
Colluli is the closest potassium sulphate resource to the coast globally and has the most favourable coastal access from the Danakil depression.



- 75km to designated loading point at Anfile Bay
- 180km from the Port of Massawa (4 berth bulk and container terminal)



## Well located to key growth markets





## Colluli's switch from MOP to SOP - strong economic uplift

- Switching from MOP to SOP better matches resource, process and product
  - Lower strip ratio
  - Lower mine cost
  - Potentially longer mine life
  - Higher revenue

14:1 to 2.3:1

\$224 to \$75/tonne of product

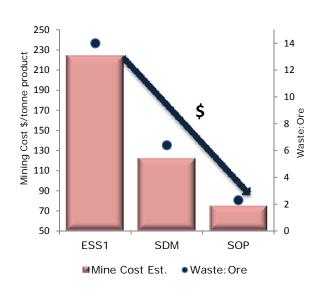
17yrs to 200yrs

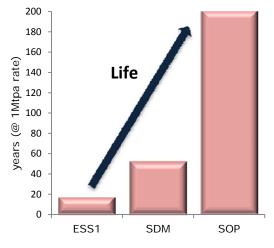
+\$US290 per tonne of product

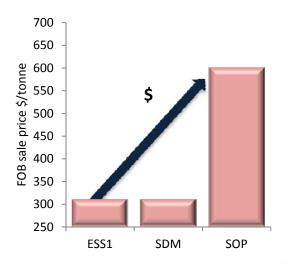
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Reduction in strip ratio and mining costs

Substantial potential <u>increase in</u> <u>mine life</u> Higher revenue based on current product prices







Source: 6<sup>th</sup> February 2014, South Boulder Mines ASX release, 'Positive Results from Colluli Processing Review' 21<sup>st</sup> March 2013, Colluli Potash Project, Updated Economics ESS1 = Engineering Scoping Study, 1 million tpa potassium chloride

SDM = Staged Development Model



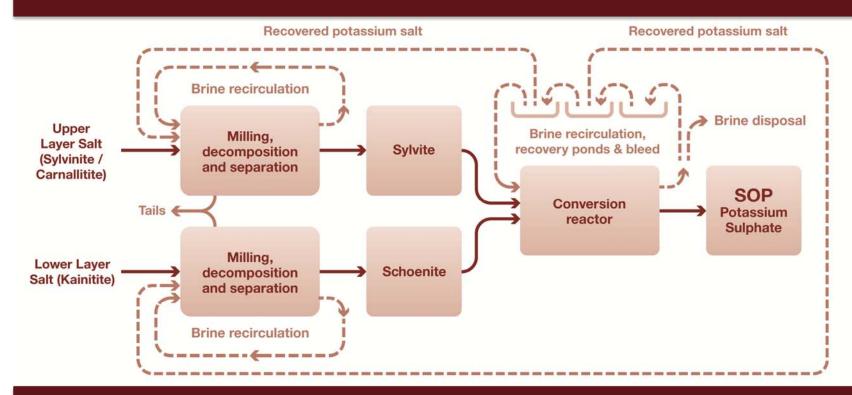
#### Production process is simple and proven

- 1. Colluli's key salts can be purified using simple liberation and conventional flotation processes.
- 2. The combination of the purified salts results in an ambient temperature, high yield conversion directly to potassium sulphate.
- 3. This simple, proven process is currently used by low cost brine producers.
- 4. The key difference is that Colluli starts with salts rather than brine. This is a major advantage of the Colluli resource. It reduces footprint size, improves reliability of productivity, and reduces complexities of brine chemistry management.
- 5. The presence of kainite and sylvite (from sylvinite and carnallite) give the Colluli a major advantage for SOP production. It is the combination of these salts that minimise energy inputs and result in maximum potassium yield.



#### **Preliminary process concept**

#### Potassium chloride produced is combined with kainite to produce SOP



This is the lowest energy input, highest potassium yield route to potassium sulphate



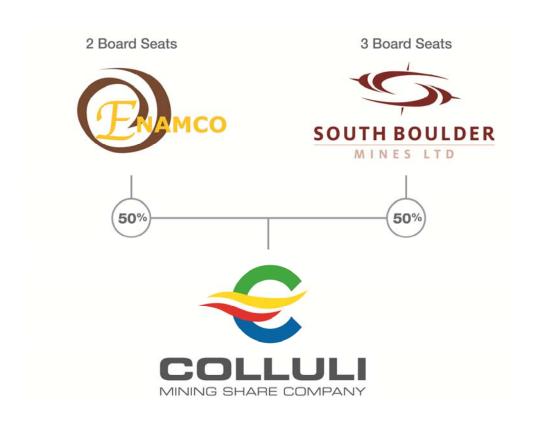
#### Other key factors for Colluli

- 1. No communities within the exploration tenements.
- 2. Process can accommodate seawater consistent and unlimited water supply to be piped from the Red Sea coast to the Colluli site. No major abstraction from local aquifer.
- 3. Unsealed coastal road runs within 60km of the Colluli site.
- 4. No clearing required.
- 5. Ease of access for construction equipment and mining fleet.





## **Colluli Mining Share Company (CMSC) incorporated**



Colluli Mining Share Company was incorporated in March 2014.

- 1. 3 board meetings held to date
- Financials approval process for CMSC established
- Board overseeing and governing the Colluli development



#### **Eritrean Mining Investment**

- Accelerated depreciation straight line method over 4 years on all capital and pre-production costs
- 2. Carrying forward of losses up to 10 years
- 3. Generous reinvestment deduction (5% of gross income)
- 4. Nominal rate of import duty (0.5%) on all inputs necessary for mining
- 5. Simple "one stop" licensing system enabling all the formalities for all types of licenses for mining operations to be completed by a single government agency



## Accomplishments

Initiated transfer of resource model to AMC consultants	Mar
Commencement of metallurgical testwork for SOP production	Apr
Appointed study manager	May
Established all project workstreams for feasibility studies	May
Anfile Bay allocated to the project as export location	Jun
Oceanography studies initiated	Jul
Preliminary process design flowsheets developed	Aug
First tranche of environmental baselines submitted	Aug
Resource hole 'twinning' and geotech drilling initiated	Sep
PFS process design finalised	Oct
PFS drilling completed	Oct
SOP produced from Colluli feed salts	Oct



## **PFS** well progressed

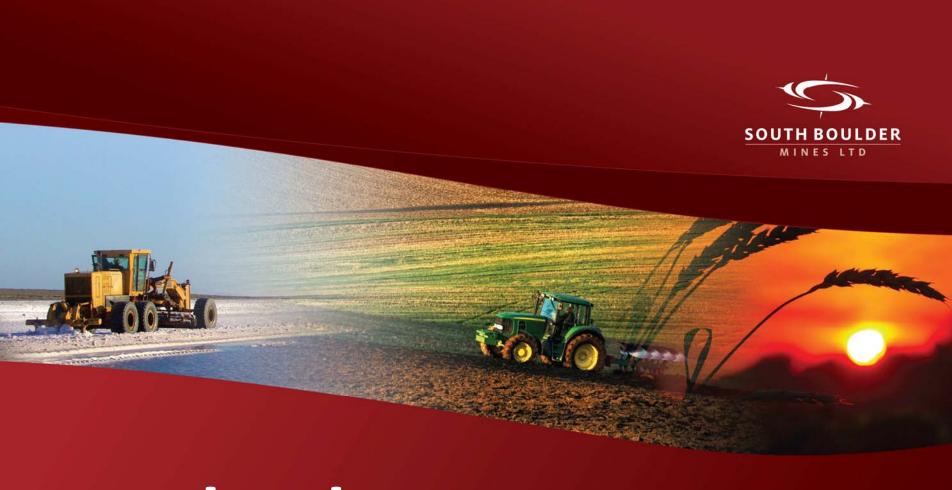
Milestones		2014	4E 2015E		2016E						
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Metallurgical Testwork											
Preliminary Feasibility Study											
Finalise the resource											
Feasibility Study											
Social Environmental Impact Assessment											
Mining License Application											
Funding											
Detailed Engineering											
Phase 1 Construction											



## **Colluli summary**

- 1. Large, high grade potassium bearing resource close to surface.
- 2. Close proximity to coast and geographically favourable relative to key markets.
- 3. Unique combination of salts suitable for low cost production of potassium sulphate (SOP or sulphate of potash).
- 4. Strong and effective working relationship with the government.





# Thank you

## **Appendix**



## **Potential market opportunities**

## Markets for these products are well established.

#### **Potential Markets for Various Resource Mineralisation**

Mineral Present at Colluli	Colluli Resource <sup>1</sup>	Global Market Context		
rock salt (NaCl)	+ 650Mt	300Mtpa global salt market		
halite (NaCl)	. 6361416	Sooivitpa giosai sait market		
bischofite (MgCl <sub>2</sub> )	+200Mt	6 – 7Mtpa global market		
anhydrite	Avg 4% ( ~40Mt)	187Mtpa Gypsum market		
kieserite (MgSO <sub>4</sub> )	40Mt	Established fertiliser segment		



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to Resource Statement on Page 24

#### Resource statement

The Current Colluli JORC-Compliant Mineral Resource Estimate by potash mineral is as follows:

Occurrence	Tonnes (Mt)	Equivalent KCl	Contained KCI (Mt)	% of Total Resource
Sylvinite (KCl.NaCl)	110	28.4%	31	16%
Polysulphate (K <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> .NaCl.MgSO <sub>4</sub> .H <sub>2</sub> O)	65	10.8%	7	4%
Carnallite (KCl.MgCl <sub>2</sub> .H <sub>2</sub> O)	309	12.3%	38	19%
Kainite (KCl.MgSO <sub>4</sub> .3H <sub>2</sub> O)	596	19.8%	118	61%
Total	1,080	18.0%	194	100%

The Colluli Potash Project has a current JORC/NI43-101 Compliant Measured, Indicated and Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate of 1,079.00Mt @ 17.97% KCl or 11.35% K2O (total contained potash of 194.09Mt KCl or 122.61Mt K2O). The resource contains 261.81Mt @ 17.94% KCl or 11.33% K2O of Measured Resources, 674.48Mt @ 17.98% KCl or 11.36% K2O of Indicated Resources and 143.50Mt @ 18.00% KCl or 11.37% K2O of Inferred Resources.

This information was prepared and first disclosed under the JORC Code 2004. It has not been updated since to comply with the JORC Code 2012 on the basis that the information has not materially changed since it was last reported by independent consultants ERCOSPLAN and announced by South Boulder on 16 April 2012.

#### **Competent Persons and Responsibility Statement**

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results and Mineral Resources is based on information compiled by Greg Knox using estimates supplied by South Boulder Mines Ltd under supervision by Ercosplan. Dr Henry Rauche and Dr Sebastiaan Van Der Klauw are co-authors of the JORC and NI43-101 compliant resource report. Greg Knox is a member in good standing of the Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and Dr.s' Rauche and Van Der Klauw are members in good standing of the European Federation of Geologists (EurGeol) which is a "Recognised Overseas Professional Organisation" (ROPO). A ROPO is an accredited organisation to which Competent Persons must belong for the purpose of preparing reports on Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves for submission to the ASX.

Mr Knox, Dr Rauche and Dr Van Der Klauw are geologists and they have sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which they have undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 Edition of the "Australian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr Knox, Dr Rauche and Dr Van Der Klauw consent to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on information in the form and context in which it appears.



## **Experienced board and management**



#### Paul Donaldson, CEO and Managing Director

Mr Donaldson was appointed to the role of Chief Executive Officer in February 2013. He joins South Boulder Mines from a series of senior management roles with BHP Billiton. Mr Donaldson has experience in large scale open cut mine management, supply chain logistics, mineral processing, business improvement and marketing.



#### **Liam Cornelius, Non Executive Director**

Mr Cornelius graduated from Curtin University of Technology with a BAppSc in Geology. He has been involved in the exploration industry within Australia and Africa for 18 years. As a founding member of South Boulder Mines, Mr Cornelius has played a key role in outlining areas of interest for the company.



#### **Seamus Cornelius, Non Executive Chairman**

Mr Cornelius has 21 years of corporate experience in both legal and commercial negotiations. He has been based in Shanghai and Beijing since 1993, where he has been living and working as a corporate lawyer. From 2000 to 2011 Mr Cornelius was an international partner with one of Australia's leading law firms, specialising in cross border investments in the energy and resource sectors.



#### **James Durrant, Project Coordinator**

Mr. Durrant joined South Boulder Mines after a series of operational roles within BHP Billiton. With tertiary qualifications in both mechanical and mining engineering, Mr. Durrant brings project management, organisational design and operational management of large scale open cut mines skills to the organisation.



Tony, Kiernan, Non Executive Director

Mr Kiernan was previously a commercial lawyer and is currently Chairman of the Australian iron ore producer BC Iron Ltd (ASX:BCI) and a non-executive director of several listed mining companies including Chalice Gold Mines Ltd (ASX: CHN), which has been operating in Eritrea since 2009.



#### **Zeray Leake, Country Manager**

Mr Leake is a Geologist with over 12 years experience in the development and exploration of potash, gold, base metals and industrial minerals.

Mr Leake previously worked for the Geological Survey of Eritrea.

