



**Intellicare Holdings Limited**

**ABN 84 622 484 397**

**Annual Report - 30 June 2020**

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Corporate directory**  
**30 June 2020**

Directors	Greg Leach Jason Waller Scott Taylor Branden Dekenah Neil Hackett
Company secretary	Neil Hackett
Registered office and principal place of business	Level 1 299 Vincent Street LEEDERVILLE WA 6007 Phone: 1300 001 145  Phone: 1800 234 567
Share register	Automic Registry Services Level 2 267 St Georges Terrace Perth WA 6000 Phone: (08) 9342 2099
Auditor	RSM Australia Partners Level 32 Exchange Tower 2 The Esplanade Perth WA 6844
Solicitors	HWL Ebsworth Level 20 240 St Georges Terrace Perth WA 6000
Stock exchange listing	Intelicare Holdings Limited shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX code: ICR)
Website	<a href="http://www.intelicare.com.au">http://www.intelicare.com.au</a>

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Letter from the Chair**  
**30 June 2020**

Dear Fellow Shareholders,

2020 has been a very challenging year globally, however despite these challenges it has been a year of achievement for IntelliCare. We completed our Initial Public Offering and listed on the ASX in May which was an outstanding achievement given the circumstances and positions us strongly to deliver on our vision of becoming a dominant market force in the aged care and healthcare sectors. I would like to extend a sincere thank-you to all shareholders who supported us in the IPO, many of whom have remained ongoing ICR holders, and to shareholders that have come on board post the IPO we thank you and are confident we will continue to deliver and meet your expectations.

The opportunity before us is immense. The recent Royal Commission into Aged Care Quality and Safety Interim Report found that the current aged care system is not meeting the requirements of older citizens and is not delivering safe and quality care. Combined with the fact that Australia has a large ageing population – within the next 30 years the average older Australian will live up to 5 years longer than today and we will have an additional 1.2M people over the age of 85 - the Federal Government has committed \$100+ BN in funding over the next five years into the Health and Aged Care sectors. This includes an increase in home care packages from 73,105 in 2018/19 to approximately 185,596 in June 2021.

Since our successful IPO the IntelliCare team has made great progress on all our key objectives. We have;

1. Continued to build our technical expertise and R and D capability which positions us extremely well to drive innovation and lead the market.
2. Released significant new functionality that further extends IntelliCare's capabilities and strengthens our position as a market leader.
3. Strengthened our marketing and public relations teams to increase our profile and underpin our sales strategies for the B2B and B2C markets
4. Increased our sales and business development capability including the release of our B2C e-commerce portal. This has resulted in some excellent wins and positioned us strongly for ongoing success.

Moving forward we will continue to focus on the defined key objectives whilst ensuring that we remain agile and a leader in driving innovation and influencing the ongoing service capabilities of the sector. This will ensure improved care and safety for our aging population and enable them to safely achieve their desired objective to live in their own residences for longer.

On behalf of the Company's management team, I wish to express my deep appreciation and gratitude for your ongoing support and confidence in the Company.

Regards



Greg Leach  
Chair

Dear Fellow Shareholders

I am very pleased to present this inaugural annual report. Although this represents a snapshot in time, it has been just over a year since I joined the company. In that period, we have come an enormous distance that includes:

- restructuring from a private company to a public company, then public listing via an IPO during the second worst global financial crisis in the modern era,
- raising over \$6.75m in capital and going from 16 shareholders to over 2,200 in the process,
- increasing our product installed base by over ten-fold with confirmed orders that will take us to over 16x,
- grown market channels from three distributors to 11, with many more in the pipeline,
- made sales to some of Australia's largest aged and disability care providers and their clients, including the WA Department of Communities, Silver Chain Group, Community Home Care Inc, Brightwater Care Group Limited, Alzheimer's WA, Baptistcare WA Ltd and Anglican Aged Care Services Group, and
- in the process, increasing revenue by 312% and cash sales by over 500%.

Much of this was achieved when our customers, both government and aged care organisations, were swamped during COVID-19. The upside, if there can be one from a dreadful pandemic, is that it highlights the need to protect our most vulnerable, that residential aged care should be a safety net, not a destination and ageing-in-place is the ideal outcome, and that technology can play an important role and is adopted by the elderly when they see a clear improvement in their lives.

It's a great achievement and testament to our team of developers, customer support and sales staff. However, it's just the beginning. Effectively, it's our starting point because as we scale we learn disproportionately more and more about the strengths and weaknesses of our product, its value to our customers and what we need to do to bridge gaps. It's the natural journey of a technology start-up.

Increasingly, this entails taking advantage of our scaling to further refine our artificial intelligence (AI), make the customer journey easier, and surface our insights better by improving the user interface. As I often describe it to customers, our product is as dumb as it will ever be. It means we're getting better and better at detecting the events that trigger an independent adult who is ageing in place, or living with a disability, to lose that independence. In the process, we aim to move further along the value chain from detection to prediction.

In this way, our primary product, IntelliLiving, enables our clients to predict negative events, which if unchecked would usually result in medical intervention. This has been shown to reduce or prevent hospitalisation, or re-admission to hospital. The predictive benefits of Intelicare technology delivers better outcomes for the consumer, their loved ones, and the health care system. For governments, early intervention before a crisis not only presents better individual health outcomes, but also delivers positive financial benefits for health budgets. The later the health response, the higher the cost to the health system and the Government. AI unlocks alternative action before decline accelerates, healthcare options reduce, and associated costs escalate.

That's the high-level view. At the micro level, our unique selling points vary across different residential aged care, disability care, home care and other markets. We are constantly incorporating features that address these industry verticals. Hence, future sales and scaling is going to come from a multi-channel approach. We have competitive advantages from owning our own technology, having both commercial and retail offerings, and our focus on open architecture. We exploited these to get to where we are now, but standing still or developing hubris is not an option.

Although the issues around an ageing population and the increasing pressure it places on government funding is becoming increasingly more apparent, the structural change required to address those macro forces is not yet forthcoming from either side of politics. Behind the scenes we have considerable engagement to drive new thinking around assistive technology. That is going to become more dominant in the coming year, especially as state and federal elections loom.

The ageing Australian population, plus growing demand on our aged-care and health care systems, that are already under pressure, drives a growing desire by older Australians to have more choice and control over and to remain independent and living at home for as long as possible. It is clear that a new approach is needed to support the way aged care is delivered. The current model of homecare and residential aged care must change.

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**Letter from the CEO and MD**  
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What is emerging is the need for a more integrated and person-centered system to respond to the challenges in the current model and environment. At a time of significant technological advancement, we can and should do better to meet the needs and growing expectations of older Australians and their families. Consequently, I extend a sincere thanks to our partners and distributors who understand this deeply and have supported our growth so far, especially our early supporters such as ECHO Inc, Whatever Support Whenever Pty Ltd and SwanCare Group Inc.

All in all, it's been a great year and I look forward to building on this and exceeding your expectations in the year ahead.

Yours sincerely



Jason Waller, CSC  
Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Directors' report**  
**30 June 2020**

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, of Intelicare Holdings Limited (referred to hereafter as the 'Company') for the year ended 30 June 2020.

**Directors**

The following persons were directors of Intelicare Holdings Limited during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Greg Leach  
Jason Waller (Appointed on 23 October 2019)  
Scott Taylor (Appointed on 19 October 2019)  
Branden Dekenah  
Neil Hackett (Appointed on 18 October 2019)  
Mike Tappenden (Resigned on 22 October 2019)  
Matt De Boer (Resigned on 16 October 2019)

**Principal activities**

During the financial year the principal continuing activities of the Company consisted of:

- Production Monitoring Solution for seniors and at-risk individuals
- Sales and Marketing
- Research and development activities

**Dividends**

There were no dividends declared for the year ended 30 June 2020 (2019: nil).

## **Review of operations**

The Company views its market as consisting of two broad segments: the Commonwealth funded market and a user pays market. The Commonwealth funded market comprises an aged care vertical comprising recipients of Commonwealth Home Support Program (CHSP) funds and Home Care Packages (HCP), and a disability sector vertical funded under the National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS). The government reported in 2019 there were over 130,000 HCP recipients, over 820,000 CHSP recipients, and over 250,000 NDIS participants.

The user pays market consists of people over 65 years old who do not or can not access Commonwealth funding and will take a "DIY" approach to supporting their ageing needs, with over 2.7 million people in that market in Australia. All sectors are experiencing significant growth due to the influx of Baby Boomers and the maturing of the NDIS system. This is also creating stress on the aged care system which the Company views as an opportunity for assistive living technology to exploit.

## **Sales and Operations**

The Company seeks to capture the funded market through expanding its B2B sales pipeline. The Company's Go-to-Market (GTM) strategy consisted of increased outbound marketing through both direct and indirect sales channels. During the period, it increased direct sales to organisations in the disability and aged care sectors, coupled with building indirect sales via partner-to-partner (P2P) distributors with existing significant client bases. The Company signed six P2P agency agreements with both assistive living product agents and large care organisations, such as Community Home Care Incorporated, who have 2,800 clients. Additionally, B2B sales consisted of bulk up-front orders to home care service providers who procure IntelliLiving and IntelliCare Pro systems directly utilising aggregated CHSP funds. The previously reported order with CCNB is an example of this successful approach. These sales deliver larger Annual Recurring Revenue (ARR), but have a longer lead time than other channels. The opportunity pipeline is growing with sales of this nature expected to continue as the GTM strategy matures.

In parallel, care organisations acting as third-party plan managers purchase systems using HCP funds on behalf of their end-user clients. These sales are typically single orders placed by individual recipients or their care providers (e.g. plan manager, occupational therapist) following an onboarding and education campaign by IntelliCare. The Company marketed to healthcare and homecare professionals who are often the first point of intersection with fund recipients. The Company is making regular sales through these channels and, consequently, achieved pilot program or approved supplier sales with top tier providers, such as Brightwater Care Group Limited, Alzheimer's WA, Baptistcare WA and Benetas. These sales have shorter lead times but lower ARR and require scalable marketing and distribution. The Company has been implementing back-end systems and developing a detailed marketing strategy to underpin that growth.

Initially, these sales are expected to be incremental and organic. However, this GTM strategy is also a gateway to unlock larger bulk orders once use of IntelliLiving products reaches a mass where productivity, care management and additional revenue benefits are realised at scale. Many of these organisations also have adjacent aged care business including residential and retirement living, that offer further opportunities to grow the sales pipeline. At this stage, it is too early for the Company to provide forecasts.

The company is also targeting top-of-the-funnel service providers who provide assessment services, prior to a Commonwealth funded package being awarded. The aim is to create awareness amongst assessors who shape care plans and consequent services. In line with this strategy, APM Group, one of the largest disability service providers in WA, recently selected IntelliCare as one of three providers to present to Local Area Coordinators to provide them with information about how technology can help people living with a disability achieve their goals to remain independent and maximise utility from their allocated funds.

Future sales and development activity will target achieving a greater proportion of the larger B2C market who don't utilise a care organisation. The Company will pursue an eCommerce and retail GTM strategy that targets older adults, people with disability and their families. During the period, the Company made small-scale, limited B2C sales through an ongoing digital marketing campaign. The purpose has been to refine the value proposition and target audience. Additional enterprise systems capability and channel refinement is required to achieve targets at scale. Further information will be provided as this develops.

As previously announced, the Company successfully integrated a new radar sensor technology in a trial conducted in partnership with WA Department of Communities (DoC) Justice Services which resulted in being awarded a follow-on order. These systems have commercial application in home care, disability, aged care and hospital care markets, as well as potential for custodial facilities. This continues to demonstrate the value of IntelliCare's 100% owned market leading proprietary open-architecture Internet of Things (IoT) platform because it allows rapid testing and integration of emerging off-the-shelf (OTS) technology.

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In addition, future channel targets across a broader reach of the ageing and disability care sectors include residential aged care, retirement and independent living developers, pharmacy and healthcare. These sectors are expected to have longer sales lead times as they rely on capital investment in a technology strategy.

**COVID-19**

Prior to the initial onset of WA Government and national restrictions the Company exercised a Work From Home (WFH) business continuity plan. This was then enacted with minimal impact on operations. Subsequently, the Company has resumed normal office operations under a COVIDSAFE Plan. There remains a risk that due to further or additional government restrictions the company may experience business continuity impact or sales pipeline execution delays.

**Financial**

Intelicare's total revenue for 2020 was \$332,256 (2019: \$267,791). Included in expenses for the year were staff expenses of \$1,117,540 (2019:nil) and share based payments of \$550,631 (2019:nil) that lead to a net loss before tax of \$2,554,154 (2019: \$499,544); and the net loss after tax was \$2,554,154 (2019: \$499,544).

Net cash outflows from operations were \$1,570,805 (2019: \$225,748) and net cash inflows from financing activities were \$5,829,427 (2019: \$182,919).

Sales of Intelicare hardware are typically bundled with associated subscription services. In line with the Company's accounting policy regarding revenue, sales of hardware are recognised over time rather than upfront, resulting in the recognition of deferred revenue that is recognised to revenue over that period. Consequently, the deferred revenue of \$393,300 as at 30 June 2020, which arose from contracts with sales reported in the Company's Initial Public Offering prospectus, is primarily expected to be recognised as revenue in the financial year ending 30 June 2021. However, in the statement of cashflows, receipts from customers represent all cash received from sales regardless of whether it has been recognised as revenue or not as at 30 June, which may provide investors with additional insight into sales progress.

**Significant changes in the state of affairs**

On 21 May 2020, the Company was admitted onto the Official List of ASX Limited.

There were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company during the financial year.

**Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year**

The impact of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic is ongoing and while it has been financially positive for the Company up to 30 June 2020, it is not practicable to estimate the potential impact, positive or negative, after the reporting date. The situation is rapidly developing and is dependent on measures imposed by the Australian Government and other countries, such as maintaining social distancing requirements, quarantine, travel restrictions and any economic stimulus that may be provided.

Apart from the above, no other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2020 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the Company's operations, the results of those operations, or the Company's state of affairs in future financial years.

**Likely developments and expected results of operations**

The Company's principal continuing activity is the commercialisation of the Intelicare product. The Company's future developments, prospects and business strategies are to continue to execute its commercialisation strategy with regards to its predictive analytics hardware and software system which is expected to improve the Company's sales revenue.

**Environmental regulation**

The Company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation under Australian Commonwealth or State law.



**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Directors' report**  
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**Information on directors**

Name: Greg Leach  
Title: Non Executive Director, Chairman  
Qualifications, experience and expertise: Greg is a founder of IntelliCare and has been in the Information and Communications Technology industry for over 30 years and during that time has established and continues to oversee multiple successful companies and held multiple executive level roles spanning management, technology and innovation. Greg was a co-founder and previously chief technology officer of Empired Limited (ASX:EPD). He also co-founded Frontline Services (of which he is a director) and founded Alkypro Fuel Systems. He founded and is currently a director and CEO of Blockhead Technologies Pty Ltd.

Other current directorships: Greg holds a Bachelor of Business (Information Processing).  
None  
Former directorships (last 3 years): None  
Special responsibilities: None  
Interests in shares: Nil  
Interests in options: 500,000  
Contractual rights to shares: None

Name: Jason Waller  
Title: Managing Director, CEO (appointed on 23 October 2019)  
Qualifications, experience and expertise: Jason possesses extensive experience in defence, aviation and technology including significant strategic, commercial, transformation and project delivery expertise. Between September 2017 and December 2018 Jason was CEO of ASX listed Spookfish (ASX:SFI) that was acquired in December 2018 by EagleView for \$136 million.

Jason holds a Bachelor of Science, Masters of Management and a Graduate Certificate of Corporate Management (Finance). He is also a Graduate Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.  
Other current directorships: None  
Former directorships (last 3 years): None  
Special responsibilities: None  
Interests in shares: 1,953,125  
Interests in options: Nil  
Interests in performance rights: 2,300,000  
Contractual rights to shares: None

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Name: Scott Taylor (appointed on 19 October 2019)  
Title: Non-Executive Director  
Qualifications, experience and expertise: Scott holds a Bachelor of Laws and is the founding Partner of Taylor David Lawyers with over 15 years' experience in reconstruction and insolvency law. He acts for Federal Government departments, Fortune 500 companies, global leading insolvency practitioners and foreign multinationals. Scott's engagements include advising on acquisitions, securities, risk mitigation, asset management and debt equity swaps in addition to leading strategic negotiations. Scott has sat on the London based expert review panel for The Law Reviews and is the author of the Australian chapter of the annual International Insolvency Review. Scott was previously a non-executive director of the Children's Hospital Foundation Queensland.

Other current directorships: None  
Former directorships (last 3 years): None  
Special responsibilities: Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee and member of the Remuneration and Nomination committee.

Interests in shares: 396,875  
Interests in options: 609,375  
Contractual rights to shares: None

Name: Branden Dekenah (appointed on 18 October 2019)  
Title: Non-Executive Director  
Qualifications, experience and expertise: Branden has in excess of 30 years' experience in technology and innovation, as a business founder, consultant and senior executive. Branden was co-founder and managing director at Conducive, which was sold to Empired Limited (ASX: EPD) in 2012.

Before co-founding Conducive, Branden consulted internationally on intelligent transport, smart card systems, management & business, technology strategy and system development. With over 27 years' experience, Branden has had the opportunity to work in a number of diverse industries including IT, industrial automation, financial services, telecommunications and automated fare collection, and consulted to many others.

Branden has experience in developing and selling businesses, and has held leadership positions in multinational finance and technology companies, as well as consulting internationally in Africa, South East Asia, USA and South America. Branden holds an Honours Degree in Commerce, Diplomas in Engineering and Computer Science, and an MBA from Curtin University, Perth. Branden is a Graduate Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors and a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Management.

Other current directorships: None  
Former directorships (last 3 years): None  
Special responsibilities: Chairman of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee and member of the Audit and Risk committee.

Interests in shares: 343,750  
Interests in options: 500,000  
Contractual rights to shares: None

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Directors' report**  
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Name: Neil Hackett  
Title: Non-Executive Director, Company Secretary  
Qualifications, experience and expertise: Neil works closely with ASX boards, directors, CEO's, government enterprises and private boards on strategic and corporate governance requirements. Neil has project-managed multiple corporate transactions including public equity capital raisings, debt financing, corporate takeovers and business acquisitions and has 25 years' ASX company expertise.  
Neil holds a Bachelor of Economics from the University of Western Australia, post-graduate qualifications in applied finance and investment, post-graduate qualifications in financial planning, is a graduate and facilitator with the Australian Institute of Company Directors and is a Fellow of the Financial Services Institute of Australia.  
Other current directorships: Hastings Technology Metals Ltd (ASX:HAS), Ardiden Limited (ASX:ADV) and Calima Energy Ltd (ASX:CE1).  
Former directorships (last 3 years): None  
Special responsibilities: Member of the Audit and Risk Committee and member of the Remuneration and Nomination committee.  
Interests in shares: 62,500  
Interests in options: 500,000  
Contractual rights to shares: None

Name: Michael Tappenden  
Title: Director, CEO (resigned as both on 22 October 2019).  
Chief Technology Officer.  
Qualifications, experience and expertise: Mike is a founder of IntelliCare and has over 25 years of industry experience ranging from analyst to lead consultant to head of information and communication technology for a \$3.5 billion mining project. During his career, he has defined and managed programs of work valued up to \$200 million, project teams of up to 50 people and worked with executive and board level stakeholders of tier 1 corporates, including Inpex, Woodside Energy and Asia Iron.  
He has held a senior consultant role at Empired Ltd, a leading systems integrator, managed the information technology for a Perth International Airport and delivered significant infrastructure projects and been a senior architect for international oil and gas companies. Mike has co-founded three successful information and communication technology companies.

Name: Matthew De Boer  
Title: Non-Executive Director (resigned on 16 October 2019)  
Qualifications, experience and expertise: BA, Alerte Digital Sports: Co-Founder & BD Support, Starlight Foundation NSW: Director, WESTAR Academy: Program Manager  
'Other current directorships' quoted above are current directorships for listed entities only and excludes directorships of all other types of entities, unless otherwise stated.

'Former directorships (last 3 years)' quoted above are directorships held in the last 3 years for listed entities only and excludes directorships of all other types of entities, unless otherwise stated.

**Company secretary**  
Mr Neil Hackett

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Directors' report**  
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**Meetings of directors**

The number of meetings of the company's Board of Directors ('the Board') held during the year ended 30 June 2020, and the number of meetings attended by each director were:

	Attended	Held
Greg Leach	6	6
Jason Waller	5	5
Scott Taylor	5	5
Branden Dekenah	6	6
Neil Hackett	5	5
Mike Tappenden	1	1
Matt De Boer	1	1

Held: represents the number of meetings held during the time the director held office or was a member of the relevant committee.

**Remuneration report (audited)**

The remuneration report details the key management personnel remuneration arrangements for the Company, in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and its Regulations.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including all directors.

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings:

- Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- Details of remuneration
- Service agreements
- Share-based compensation
- Additional information
- Additional disclosures relating to key management personnel

***Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration***

The objective of the Company's executive reward framework is to ensure reward for performance is competitive and appropriate for the results delivered. The framework aligns executive reward with the achievement of strategic objectives and the creation of value for shareholders, and it is considered to conform to the market best practice for the delivery of reward. The Board of Directors ('the Board') ensures that executive reward satisfies the following key criteria for good reward governance practices:

- competitiveness and reasonableness
- acceptability to shareholders
- performance linkage / alignment of executive compensation
- transparency

***Non-executive directors remuneration***

Fees and payments to non-executive directors reflect the demands and responsibilities of their role. Non-executive directors' fees and payments are reviewed annually by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee may, from time to time, receive advice from independent remuneration consultants to ensure non-executive directors' fees and payments are appropriate and in line with the market. The chairman's fees are determined independently to the fees of other non-executive directors based on comparative roles in the external market. The chairman is not present at any discussions relating to the determination of his own remuneration. Non-executive directors do not receive share options or other incentives.

ASX listing rules require the aggregate non-executive directors' remuneration be determined periodically by a general meeting. The most recent determination was at the Annual General Meeting held on 16 October 2019, where the shareholders approved a maximum annual aggregate remuneration of \$250,000 per annum.

***Executive remuneration***

The Company aims to reward executives based on their position and responsibility, with a level and mix of remuneration which has both fixed and variable components.

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The executive remuneration and reward framework has four components:

- base pay and non-monetary benefits
- short-term performance incentives
- share-based payments
- other remuneration such as superannuation and long service leave

The combination of these comprises the executive's total remuneration.

Fixed remuneration, consisting of base salary, superannuation and non-monetary benefits, are reviewed annually by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee based on individual and business unit performance, the overall performance of the Company and comparable market remunerations.

Executives may receive their fixed remuneration in the form of cash or other fringe benefits (for example motor vehicle benefits) where it does not create any additional costs to the Company and provides additional value to the executive.

The short-term incentives ('STI') program is designed to align the targets of the business units with the performance hurdles of executives. STI payments are granted to executives based on specific annual targets and key performance indicators ('KPI's') being achieved. KPI's include profit contribution, customer satisfaction, leadership contribution and product management.

The long-term incentives ('LTI') include long service leave and share-based payments. Shares are awarded to executives over a period of three years based on long-term incentive measures. These include increase in shareholders value relative to the entire market and the increase compared to the Company's direct competitors. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee reviewed the long-term equity-linked performance incentives specifically for executives during the year ended 30 June 2020.

*Company performance and link to remuneration*

Remuneration for certain individuals is directly linked to the performance of the Company. A portion of cash bonus and incentive payments are dependent on defined earnings per share targets being met. The remaining portion of the cash bonus and incentive payments are at the discretion of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. Refer to the section 'Additional information' below for details of the earnings and total shareholders return for the last five years.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is of the opinion that the continued improved results can be attributed in part to the adoption of performance based compensation and is satisfied that this improvement will continue to increase shareholder wealth if maintained over the coming years.

*Voting and comments made at the company's 2019 Annual General Meeting ('AGM')*

The Company was public unlisted company during the year ended 30 June 2019 and there is no requirement for the Company's shareholders to vote on the adoption of the remuneration report.

***Details of remuneration***

*Amounts of remuneration*

Details of the remuneration of key management personnel of the Company are set out in the following tables.

The key management personnel of the Company consisted of the following directors and management of Intelicare Holdings Limited:

- Greg Leach
- Jason Waller
- Scott Taylor
- Branden Dekenah
- Neil Hackett
- Mike Tappenden
- Matt De Boer

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	Short-term benefits			Post-employment	Long-term	Share-based payments		Total
	Cash salary and fees	Cash bonus	Non-monetary	benefits Super-annuation	benefits Long service leave	Equity-settled Shares <sup>(i)</sup>	Equity-settled options and performance rights	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2020</b>								
<i>Non-Executive Directors:</i>								
Greg Leach	23,000	-	-	-	-	5,000	18,751	46,751
Branden Dekenah	23,000	-	-	-	-	3,750	18,751	45,501
Scott Taylor	19,000	-	-	-	-	2,500	18,751	40,251
Neil Hackett <sup>(ii)</sup>	35,000	-	-	-	-	2,500	18,751	56,251
Mike Tappenden <sup>(iii)</sup>	4,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,000
Matt De Boer <sup>(iv)</sup>	4,000	-	-	-	-	2,500	-	6,500
<i>Executive Directors:</i>								
Jason Waller <sup>(v)</sup>	175,000	-	-	16,625	-	308,500	44,555	544,680
<i>Other Key Management Personnel:</i>								
Mike Tappenden	119,167	-	-	8,550	-	8,542	-	136,259
	<b>402,167</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>25,175</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>333,292</b>	<b>119,559</b>	<b>880,193</b>
<b>2019</b>								
<i>Non-Executive Directors:</i>								
Greg Leach	6,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,000
Branden Dekenah	6,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,000
Mike Tappenden	6,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,000
Matt De Boer	6,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,000
	<b>24,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>24,000</b>

(i) This value represents the increased incremental share based payment value (under AASB 2: Share based payments) of the shares issued to KMP that exceeded the actual issue price of the shares.

(ii) The fees include the role as company secretary.

(iii) Resigned as director on 22 October 2019.

(iv) Resigned as director on 16 October 2019.

(v) Appointed as director on 23 October 2019

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***Service agreements***

Remuneration and other terms of employment for key management personnel are formalised in service agreements. Details of these agreements are as follows:

Name: Jason Waller  
Title: Managing Director, CEO  
Agreement commenced: 30 August 2019  
Term of agreement: Indefinite, until terminated by the Company or Mr Waller by giving no less than 6 months written notice of termination.  
Details: Base salary of \$220,000 per annum plus superannuation until 1 March 2020, and then \$250,000 per annum plus superannuation from 1 March 2020. Mr Waller is entitled under this agreement to 1,928,125 shares.

The Company shall every 12 months, subject to key performance indicators being met, pay Mr Waller a performance based bonus on a pro-rata basis over and above remuneration to be paid either in cash or equity (STI). The STI will be a maximum of equal to at least 20% of Mr Waller's remuneration.

Name: Mike Tappenden  
Title: Chief Technology Officer  
Agreement commenced: 20 December 2019  
Term of agreement: Indefinite, until terminated by the Company or Mr Tappenden by giving no less than 3 months written notice of termination.  
Details: Base salary for the year ending 30 June 2020 of \$180,000 plus superannuation. Until the earlier of 1 April 2020 or admission to the ASX:  
(a) this is to be paid at a rate of \$5,000 per month (exclusive of superannuation);  
and  
(b) the balance is to be settled by the issue of shares at a deemed issue price of \$0.16 per share.

The Company shall every 12 months, subject to key performance indicators being met, pay Mr Tappenden a performance based bonus on a pro-rata basis over and above remuneration to be paid either in cash or equity (STI). The STI will be a maximum of equal to at least 20% of Mr Tappenden's remuneration.

Key management personnel have no entitlement to termination payments in the event of removal for misconduct.

***Share-based compensation***

***Issue of shares***

Details of shares issued to directors and other key management personnel as part of compensation during the year ended 30 June 2020 are set out below:

Name	Grant date	Shares	Issue price <sup>1</sup>	\$
Jason Waller	17/09/2019	1,928,165	\$0.16	\$308,500

<sup>1</sup> This is the issue price as per the application of AASB 2: Share based payments. The actual issue price was \$0.000001.

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Directors' report**  
**30 June 2020**

*Options*

The terms and conditions of each grant of options over ordinary shares affecting remuneration of directors and other key management personnel in this financial year or future reporting years are as follows:

Name	Number of options granted	Grant date	Vesting date and exercisable date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Fair value per option at grant date
Greg Leach	83,334	17/10/2019	17/10/2020	16/10/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0846
Branden Dekenah	83,333	17/10/2019	17/10/2020	16/10/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0846
Scott Taylor	83,333	17/10/2019	17/10/2020	16/10/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0846
Neil Hackett	83,333	17/10/2019	17/10/2020	16/10/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0846
Greg Leach	83,333	17/10/2019	17/10/2021	16/10/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0919
Branden Dekenah	83,334	17/10/2019	17/10/2021	16/10/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0919
Scott Taylor	83,333	17/10/2019	17/10/2021	16/10/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0919
Neil Hackett	83,333	17/10/2019	17/10/2021	16/10/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0919
Greg Leach	83,333	17/10/2019	17/10/2022	16/10/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0983
Branden Dekenah	83,333	17/10/2019	17/10/2022	16/10/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0983
Scott Taylor	83,334	17/10/2019	17/10/2022	16/10/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0983
Neil Hackett	83,334	17/10/2019	17/10/2022	16/10/2024	\$0.30	\$0.0983
Greg Leach	83,334	17/10/2019	17/10/2020	16/10/2024	\$0.40	\$0.0790
Branden Dekenah	83,333	17/10/2019	17/10/2020	16/10/2024	\$0.40	\$0.0790
Scott Taylor	83,333	17/10/2019	17/10/2020	16/10/2024	\$0.40	\$0.0790
Neil Hackett	83,333	17/10/2019	17/10/2020	16/10/2024	\$0.40	\$0.0790
Greg Leach	83,333	17/10/2019	17/10/2021	16/10/2024	\$0.40	\$0.0850
Branden Dekenah	83,334	17/10/2019	17/10/2021	16/10/2024	\$0.40	\$0.0850
Scott Taylor	83,333	17/10/2019	17/10/2021	16/10/2024	\$0.40	\$0.0850
Neil Hackett	83,333	17/10/2019	17/10/2021	16/10/2024	\$0.40	\$0.0850
Greg Leach	83,333	17/10/2019	17/10/2022	16/10/2024	\$0.40	\$0.0911
Branden Dekenah	83,333	17/10/2019	17/10/2022	16/10/2024	\$0.40	\$0.0911
Scott Taylor	83,334	17/10/2019	17/10/2022	16/10/2024	\$0.40	\$0.0911
Neil Hackett	83,334	17/10/2019	17/10/2022	16/10/2024	\$0.40	\$0.0911

Options granted carry no dividend or voting rights.

Values of options over ordinary shares granted, exercised and lapsed for directors and other key management personnel as part of compensation during the year ended 30 June 2020 are set out below:

Name	Value of options granted during the year \$	Value of options expensed during the year \$	Value of options exercised during the year \$	Value of options lapsed during the year \$	Remuneration consisting of options for the year %
Greg Leach	44,158	18,751	-	-	40%
Branden Dekenah	44,158	18,751	-	-	41%
Scott Taylor	44,158	18,751	-	-	47%
Neil Hackett	44,158	18,751	-	-	33%
	<u>176,632</u>	<u>75,004</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	



**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Directors' report**  
**30 June 2020**

*Performance rights*

The terms and conditions of each grant of performance rights over ordinary shares affecting remuneration of directors and other key management personnel in this financial year or future reporting years are as follows:

Name	Number of performance rights granted	Grant date	Vesting conditions	Expiry date	Fair value per performance rights at grant date
Jason Waller	575,000	14/11/2019	20-day VWAP of \$0.26 following the listing of IntelliCare on the ASX, or if listing does not occur prior to 01 April 2020 the fair value of ordinary shares being greater than \$0.65	16/10/2024	\$0.1517
Jason Waller	575,000	14/11/2019	20-day VWAP of \$0.30 following the listing of IntelliCare on the ASX, or if listing does not occur prior to 01 April 2020 the fair value of ordinary shares being greater than \$0.75	16/10/2025	\$0.1522
Jason Waller	575,000	14/11/2019	20-day VWAP of \$0.40 following the listing of IntelliCare on the ASX, or if listing does not occur prior to 01 April 2020 the fair value of ordinary shares being greater than \$1.00	16/10/2026	\$0.1510
Jason Waller	575,000	14/11/2019	20-day VWAP of \$0.50 following the listing of IntelliCare on the ASX, or if listing does not occur prior to 01 April 2020 the fair value of ordinary shares being greater than \$1.25	16/10/2027	\$0.1510

Performance rights granted carry no dividend or voting rights.

Values of performance rights over ordinary shares granted, exercised and lapsed for directors and other key management personnel as part of compensation during the year ended 30 June 2020 are set out below:

Name	Value of performance rights granted during the year \$	Value of performance rights expensed during the year \$	Value of performance rights exercised during the year \$	Value of performance rights lapsed during the year \$	Remuneration consisting of performance rights for the year %
Jason Waller	348,393	44,555	-	-	8%

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Directors' report**  
**30 June 2020**

**Additional information**

**The earnings of the Company for the three years to 30 June 2020 are summarised below:**

	2020	2019	2018
	\$	\$	\$
Sales revenue	267,539	63,605	3,698
EBITDA	(2,473,072)	(498,268)	(210,174)
Loss after income tax	(2,554,154)	(499,544)	(210,190)

Note: The company was dormant prior to 2018.

**The factors that are considered to affect total shareholders return ('TSR') are summarised below:**

	2020	2019	2018
Share price at financial year end (\$)	0.315	N/A	N/A
Total dividends declared (cents per share)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Basic loss per share (cents per share)	(5.99)	(1.78)	N/A

\*The Company admission to ASX on 25 May 2020.

**Additional disclosures relating to key management personnel**

*Shareholding*

The number of shares in the company held during the financial year by each director and other members of key management personnel of the Company, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

	Balance at the start of the year	Received as part of remuneration	Additions**	Disposals/ other	Balance at the end of the year
<i>Ordinary shares</i>					
Greg Leach*	-	-	-	-	-
Jason Waller	-	1,953,125	-	-	1,953,125
Scott Taylor	-	62,500	334,375	-	396,875
Branden Dekenah	-	93,750	250,000	-	343,750
Neil Hackett	-	62,500	-	-	62,500
Mike Tappenden*	-	-	-	-	-
Matt De Boer	-	-	-	-	-
	-	2,171,875	584,375	-	2,756,250

\* Frontline Service Pty Ltd, a company controlled by Greg Leach and Mike Tappenden holds 22,231,543 shares in the company. 125,000 shares were issued to Frontline Service Pty Ltd as remuneration for Greg Leach.

\*\* Additions were directors participating in capital raises undertaken by the Company.

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Directors' report**  
**30 June 2020**

*Option holding*

The number of options over ordinary shares in the company held during the financial year by each director and other members of key management personnel of the Company, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

	Balance at the start of the year	Granted	Exercised	Expired/ forfeited/ other	Balance at the end of the year
<i>Options over ordinary shares</i>					
Greg Leach*	-	500,000	-	-	500,000
Jason Waller	-	-	-	-	-
Scott Taylor	-	500,000	-	109,375	609,375
Branden Dekenah	-	500,000	-	-	500,000
Neil Hackett	-	500,000	-	-	500,000
Mike Tappenden	-	-	-	-	-
Matt De Boer	-	-	-	-	-
		<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>109,375</u>	<u>2,109,375</u>

\*Greg Leach nominated Frontline Service Pty Ltd, a company controlled by Greg Leach and Mike Tappenden, to receive the 500,000 options in the company on behalf of Greg Leach.

*Performance rights holding*

The number of performance rights over ordinary shares in the company held during the financial year by each director and other members of key management personnel of the Company, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

	Balance at the start of the year	Granted	Exercised	Expired/ forfeited/ other	Balance at the end of the year
<i>Performance rights over ordinary shares</i>					
Greg Leach	-	-	-	-	-
Jason Waller	-	2,300,000	-	-	2,300,000
Scott Taylor	-	-	-	-	-
Branden Dekenah	-	-	-	-	-
Neil Hackett	-	-	-	-	-
Mike Tappenden	-	-	-	-	-
Matt De Boer	-	-	-	-	-
		<u>2,300,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,300,000</u>

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Directors' report**  
**30 June 2020**

*Other transactions with key management personnel and their related parties*

Frontline Services Pty Ltd and Frontline Technology Services Pty Ltd are entities whom Greg Leach and Mike Tappenden have relevant interests in.

Blockhead Technologies Australia is an entity that Greg Leach has a relevant interest in.

All transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>
<u>Consulting, project management, accounting and administration services provided by:</u>	
Frontline Services Pty Ltd	136,477
Frontline Technology Services Pty Ltd	<u>67,027</u>
	203,504
 <i>Amount owing as at 30 June:</i>	
Frontline Services Pty Ltd:	9,555
 <u>Sub-lease - revenue:</u>	
Blockhead Technologies Australia	14,599
 <u>Frontline Loan*</u>	-

\*The loan is interest-free and payable the earlier of 1 July 2020 or admission. The loan was repaid 22 May 2020 following admission to the ASX.

***This concludes the remuneration report, which has been audited.***

**Shares under option**

Unissued ordinary shares of Intelicare Holdings Limited under option at the date of this report are as follows:

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Number under option
23/10/2019	16/10/2023	\$0.20	937,500
23/10/2019	16/10/2023	\$0.30	937,500
20/02/2020	20/02/2024	\$0.20	168,750
20/02/2020	20/02/2024	\$0.30	93,750
20/02/2020	20/02/2024	\$0.40	187,500
17/10/2019	16/10/2024	\$0.30	1,000,000
17/10/2019	16/10/2024	\$0.40	1,000,000
21/05/2020	18/05/2023	\$0.30	3,000,000
13/12/2019*	13/12/2022	\$0.30	<u>5,937,500</u>
			<u>13,262,500</u>

\*Free attached option for capital raising in Nov-Dec 2019.

No person entitled to exercise the options had or has any right by virtue of the option to participate in any share issue of the company or of any other body corporate.

**Shares issued on the exercise of options**

No shares were issued during the year from the exercise of options.

**Indemnity and insurance of officers**

The company has indemnified the directors and executives of the company for costs incurred, in their capacity as a director or executive, for which they may be held personally liable, except where there is a lack of good faith.

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Directors' report**  
**30 June 2020**

During the financial year, the company paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the directors and executives of the company against a liability to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

**Indemnity and insurance of auditor**

The company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the company or any related entity.

**Proceedings on behalf of the company**

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

**Non-audit services**

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor for non-audit services provided during the financial year by the auditor are outlined in note 18 to the financial statements.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the financial year, by the auditor (or by another person or firm on the auditor's behalf), is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors are of the opinion that the services as disclosed in note 18 to the financial statements do not compromise the external auditor's independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed and approved to ensure that they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risks and rewards.

**Auditor's independence declaration**

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out immediately after this directors' report.

**Auditor**

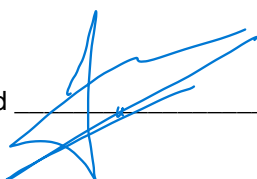
RSM Australia Partners continue in office in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

**8. Signed**

Signed \_\_\_\_\_



Date: 27<sup>th</sup> August 2020

Jason Waller  
Managing Director  
Perth

**RSM Australia Partners**

Level 32, Exchange Tower  
2 The Esplanade Perth WA 6000  
GPO Box R1253 Perth WA 6844

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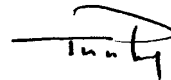
**AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION**

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Intelicare Holdings Limited for the year ended 30 June 2020, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

A handwritten signature of "RSM" in black ink.

RSM AUSTRALIA PARTNERS

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Tutu Phong".

TUTU PHONG  
Partner

Perth, WA  
Dated: 27 August 2020

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income**  
**For the year ended 30 June 2020**

	Notes	2020 \$	2019 \$
Revenue		267,539	63,605
Other income		64,717	204,186
<b>Total Revenue</b>	4	332,256	267,791
<b>Expenses</b>			
Hardware expense		(252,227)	-
Development expense		(105,253)	(566,608)
Marketing and advertising expense		(227,397)	(12,999)
Staff expense		(1,117,540)	-
Consultants expense		(283,377)	-
Administrative expense		(268,903)	(186,452)
Share based payment expense	26	(550,631)	-
Depreciation expense	5	(63,686)	-
Finance costs	5	(17,396)	(1,276)
<b>Loss before income tax</b>		<b>(2,554,154)</b>	<b>(499,544)</b>
Income tax expense	6	-	-
<b>Loss from continuing operations</b>		<b>(2,554,154)</b>	<b>(499,544)</b>
Other comprehensive income		-	-
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the year</b>		<b>(2,554,154)</b>	<b>(499,544)</b>
Basic loss per share	25	(5.99)	(1.78)
Diluted loss per share	25	(5.99)	(1.78)

*The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Statement of financial position**  
**As at 30 June 2020**

	Notes	2020 \$	2019 \$
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	4,196,935	46,862
Trade and other receivables	8	299,318	144,479
<b>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</b>		<b>4,496,253</b>	<b>191,341</b>
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Other receivables	8	48,480	-
Plant and equipment	9	90,351	-
Right of use asset	10	141,517	-
<b>TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>		<b>280,348</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>4,776,601</b>	<b>191,341</b>
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Trade and other payables	11	563,410	160,656
Provisions	12	45,640	-
Lease liability	13	65,003	-
Borrowings	14	-	65,114
<b>TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		<b>674,053</b>	<b>225,770</b>
<b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Lease liability	13	79,573	-
Borrowings	14	-	47,805
<b>TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		<b>79,573</b>	<b>47,805</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<b>753,626</b>	<b>273,575</b>
<b>NET ASSETS / (DEFICIENCY)</b>		<b>4,022,975</b>	<b>(82,234)</b>
<b>EQUITY</b>			
Issued capital	15a	6,769,332	627,500
Reserve	15b	517,531	-
Accumulated losses	15c	(3,263,888)	(709,734)
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>		<b>4,022,975</b>	<b>(82,234)</b>

*The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*



**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Statement of changes in equity**  
**For the year ended 30 June 2020**

	<b>Issued capital</b>	<b>Reserves</b>	<b>Accumulated losses</b>	<b>Total Equity</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Balance at 1 July 2018	307,500	-	(210,190)	97,310
Loss after income tax expense for the year	-	-	(499,544)	(499,544)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the year</b>	-	-	<b>(499,544)</b>	<b>(499,544)</b>
<i>Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:</i>				
Contributions of equity, net of transaction costs	320,000	-	-	320,000
<b>Balance at 30 June 2019</b>	<b>627,500</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(709,734)</b>	<b>(82,234)</b>
Balance at 1 July 2019	627,500	-	(709,734)	(82,234)
Loss after income tax expense for the year	-	-	(2,554,154)	(2,554,154)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the year</b>	-	-	<b>(2,554,154)</b>	<b>(2,554,154)</b>
<i>Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:</i>				
Contributions of equity, net of transaction costs	6,141,832	-	-	6,141,832
Share-based payments	-	517,531	-	517,531
<b>Balance at 30 June 2020</b>	<b>6,769,332</b>	<b>517,531</b>	<b>(3,263,888)</b>	<b>4,022,975</b>

*The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Statement of cash flows**  
**For the year ended 30 June 2020**

	Notes	2020 \$	2019 \$
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Receipts from customers		489,813	138,548
Payments to suppliers and employees		(2,163,673)	(363,106)
Interest received		117	85
Interest paid		(17,396)	(1,276)
Government grants		120,334	-
<b>Net cash (used in) operating activities</b>	22	<b>(1,570,805)</b>	<b>(225,748)</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Payments for plant and equipment		(108,550)	-
<b>Net cash (used in) investing activities</b>		<b>(108,550)</b>	-
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from issue of shares		6,700,000	70,000
Transaction costs relating to the issue of shares		(715,226)	-
Proceeds from borrowings		207,423	-
Repayment of borrowings		(320,342)	112,919
Repayment of lease liability		(42,428)	-
<b>Net cash from financing activities</b>		<b>5,829,427</b>	<b>182,919</b>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		4,150,072	(42,830)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		46,863	89,692
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year</b>	7	<b>4,196,935</b>	<b>46,862</b>

*The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*

## **Note 1. Significant accounting policies**

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### **New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted**

The Company has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

The following Accounting Standards and Interpretations are most relevant to the Company:

#### *AASB 16 Leases*

The Company has adopted AASB 16 from 1 January 2020. The standard replaces AASB 117 'Leases' and for lessees eliminates the classifications of operating leases and finance leases. Except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets, right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position. Straight-line operating lease expense recognition is replaced with a depreciation charge for the right-of-use assets (included in operating costs) and an interest expense on the recognised lease liabilities (included in finance costs). In the earlier periods of the lease, the expenses associated with the lease under AASB 16 will be higher when compared to lease expenses under AASB 117. However, EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortisation) results improve as the operating expense is now replaced by interest expense and depreciation in profit or loss. For classification within the statement of cash flows, the interest portion is disclosed in operating activities and the principal portion of the lease payments are separately disclosed in financing activities. For lessor accounting, the standard does not substantially change how a lessor accounts for leases.

#### *Impact of adoption*

AASB 16 was adopted using the modified retrospective approach and as such the comparatives have not been restated. No impact on adoption on opening accumulated losses as at 1 July 2019.

### **Basis of preparation**

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for for-profit oriented entities. These financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB').

#### *Historical cost convention*

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for, where applicable, the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, investment properties, certain classes of property, plant and equipment and derivative financial instruments.

#### *Critical accounting estimates*

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 2.

### **Operating segments**

Operating segments are presented using the 'management approach', where the information presented is on the same basis as the internal reports provided to the Chief Operating Decision Makers ('CODM'). The CODM is responsible for the allocation of resources to operating segments and assessing their performance.

### **Foreign currency translation**

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Intelicare Holdings Limited's functional and presentation currency.

**Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

*Foreign currency transactions*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Australian dollars using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at financial year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

**Revenue recognition**

The Company recognises revenue as follows:

*Revenue from contracts with customers*

Revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company is expected to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. For each contract with a customer, the Company: identifies the contract with a customer; identifies the performance obligations in the contract; determines the transaction price which takes into account estimates of variable consideration and the time value of money; allocates the transaction price to the separate performance obligations on the basis of the relative stand-alone selling price of each distinct good or service to be delivered; and recognises revenue when or as each performance obligation is satisfied in a manner that depicts the transfer to the customer of the goods or services promised.

*Sale of goods*

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods, which is generally at the time of delivery. Where the goods are not considered to be distinct, the Company combines the obligation to deliver goods with other services until it identifies a bundle goods and services that is distinct. This typically includes hardware products with associated subscription services.

*Rendering of services*

Revenue from a contract to provide its software as a subscription services is recognised over time as the services are rendered based on a fixed price.

*Interest*

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

*Other revenue*

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

**Income tax**

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction, adjusted by the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to be applied when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted, except for:

- When the deferred income tax asset or liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting nor taxable profits; or
- When the taxable temporary difference is associated with interests in subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, and the timing of the reversal can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

**Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

The carrying amount of recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date. Deferred tax assets recognised are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that future taxable profits will be available for the carrying amount to be recovered. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that there are future taxable profits available to recover the asset.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities; and they relate to the same taxable authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend to settle simultaneously.

**Current and non-current classification**

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the Company's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are always classified as non-current.

**Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the statement of cash flows presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents also includes bank overdrafts, which are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

**Trade and other receivables**

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

The Company has applied the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on days overdue.

Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

**Right of return assets**

Right of return assets represents the right to recover inventory sold to customers and is based on an estimate of customers who may exercise their right to return the goods and claim a refund. Such rights are measured at the value at which the inventory was previously carried prior to sale, less expected recovery costs and any impairment.

**Property, plant and equipment**

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the assets, whichever is shorter.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment (excluding land) over their expected useful lives as follows:

Leasehold improvements	3-5 years
Plant and equipment	3-7 years

**Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the Company. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss. Any revaluation surplus reserve relating to the item disposed of is transferred directly to retained profits.

**Right-of-use assets**

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the Company expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right-of use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The Company has elected not to recognise a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to profit or loss as incurred.

**Intangible assets**

Intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination, other than goodwill, are initially measured at their fair value at the date of the acquisition. Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. Indefinite life intangible assets are not amortised and are subsequently measured at cost less any impairment. Finite life intangible assets are subsequently measured at cost less amortisation and any impairment. The gains or losses recognised in profit or loss arising from the derecognition of intangible assets are measured as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the intangible asset. The method and useful lives of finite life intangible assets are reviewed annually. Changes in the expected pattern of consumption or useful life are accounted for prospectively by changing the amortisation method or period.

*Goodwill*

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of a business. Goodwill is not amortised. Instead, goodwill is tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are taken to profit or loss and are not subsequently reversed.

*Research and development*

Research and development costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

**Impairment of non-financial assets**

Goodwill and other intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. The value-in-use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows relating to the asset using a pre-tax discount rate specific to the asset or cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets that do not have independent cash flows are grouped together to form a cash-generating unit.

**Trade and other payables**

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

**Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**Refund liabilities**

Refund liabilities are recognised where the Company receives consideration from a customer and expects to refund some, or all, of that consideration to the customer. A refund liability is measured at the amount of consideration received or receivable for which the Company does not expect to be entitled and is updated at the end of each reporting period for changes in circumstances. Historical data is used across product lines to estimate such returns at the time of sale based on an expected value methodology.

**Borrowings**

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

**Lease liabilities**

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

**Finance costs**

Finance costs attributable to qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the asset. All other finance costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

**Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present (legal or constructive) obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. If the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate specific to the liability. The increase in the provision resulting from the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

**Employee benefits**

*Short-term employee benefits*

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

*Other long-term employee benefits*

The liability for annual leave and long service leave not expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

*Defined contribution superannuation expense*

Contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

*Share-based payments*

Equity-settled and cash-settled share-based compensation benefits are provided to employees.

**Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

Equity-settled transactions are awards of shares, or options over shares, that are provided to employees in exchange for the rendering of services. Cash-settled transactions are awards of cash for the exchange of services, where the amount of cash is determined by reference to the share price.

The cost of equity-settled transactions are measured at fair value on grant date. Fair value is independently determined using either the Binomial or Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option, together with non-vesting conditions that do not determine whether the Company receives the services that entitle the employees to receive payment. No account is taken of any other vesting conditions.

The cost of equity-settled transactions are recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity over the vesting period. The cumulative charge to profit or loss is calculated based on the grant date fair value of the award, the best estimate of the number of awards that are likely to vest and the expired portion of the vesting period. The amount recognised in profit or loss for the period is the cumulative amount calculated at each reporting date less amounts already recognised in previous periods.

All changes in the liability are recognised in profit or loss. The ultimate cost of cash-settled transactions is the cash paid to settle the liability.

Market conditions are taken into consideration in determining fair value. Therefore any awards subject to market conditions are considered to vest irrespective of whether or not that market condition has been met, provided all other conditions are satisfied.

If equity-settled awards are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the modification has not been made. An additional expense is recognised, over the remaining vesting period, for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based compensation benefit as at the date of modification.

If the non-vesting condition is within the control of the Company or employee, the failure to satisfy the condition is treated as a cancellation. If the condition is not within the control of the Company or employee and is not satisfied during the vesting period, any remaining expense for the award is recognised over the remaining vesting period, unless the award is forfeited.

If equity-settled awards are cancelled, it is treated as if it has vested on the date of cancellation, and any remaining expense is recognised immediately. If a new replacement award is substituted for the cancelled award, the cancelled and new award is treated as if they were a modification.

**Fair value measurement**

When an asset or liability, financial or non-financial, is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date; and assumes that the transaction will take place either: in the principal market; or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming they act in their economic best interests. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are classified into three levels, using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. Classifications are reviewed at each reporting date and transfers between levels are determined based on a reassessment of the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.



**Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

For recurring and non-recurring fair value measurements, external valuers may be used when internal expertise is either not available or when the valuation is deemed to be significant. External valuers are selected based on market knowledge and reputation. Where there is a significant change in fair value of an asset or liability from one period to another, an analysis is undertaken, which includes a verification of the major inputs applied in the latest valuation and a comparison, where applicable, with external sources of data.

**Issued capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

**Dividends**

Dividends are recognised when declared during the financial year and no longer at the discretion of the company.

**Business combinations**

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired.

The consideration transferred is the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred, equity instruments issued or liabilities incurred by the acquirer to former owners of the acquiree and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. For each business combination, the non-controlling interest in the acquiree is measured at either fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All acquisition costs are expensed as incurred to profit or loss.

On the acquisition of a business, the Company assesses the financial assets acquired and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic conditions, the Company's operating or accounting policies and other pertinent conditions in existence at the acquisition-date.

Where the business combination is achieved in stages, the Company remeasures its previously held equity interest in the acquiree at the acquisition-date fair value and the difference between the fair value and the previous carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at the acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration classified as equity is not remeasured and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

The difference between the acquisition-date fair value of assets acquired, liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the consideration transferred and the fair value of any pre-existing investment in the acquiree is recognised as goodwill. If the consideration transferred and the pre-existing fair value is less than the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired, being a bargain purchase to the acquirer, the difference is recognised as a gain directly in profit or loss by the acquirer on the acquisition-date, but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired, the non-controlling interest in the acquiree, if any, the consideration transferred and the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquirer.

Business combinations are initially accounted for on a provisional basis. The acquirer retrospectively adjusts the provisional amounts recognised and also recognises additional assets or liabilities during the measurement period, based on new information obtained about the facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition-date. The measurement period ends on either the earlier of (i) 12 months from the date of the acquisition or (ii) when the acquirer receives all the information possible to determine fair value.

**Earnings per share**

*Basic earnings per share*

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of Intelicare Holdings Limited, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the financial year.

**Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

*Diluted earnings per share*

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

**Goods and Services Tax ('GST') and other similar taxes**

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the tax authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

**New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted**

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the Company for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2020. The Company has not yet assessed the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations.

*Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (Conceptual Framework)*

The revised Conceptual Framework is applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020 and early adoption is permitted. The Conceptual Framework contains new definition and recognition criteria as well as new guidance on measurement that affects several Accounting Standards. Where the Company has relied on the existing framework in determining its accounting policies for transactions, events or conditions that are not otherwise dealt with under the Australian Accounting Standards, the Company may need to review such policies under the revised framework. At this time, the application of the Conceptual Framework is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

**Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions**

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

*Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic*

Judgement has been exercised in considering the impacts that the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic has had, or may have, on the Company based on known information. This consideration extends to the nature of the products and services offered, customers, supply chain, staffing and geographic regions in which the Company operates. Other than as addressed in specific notes, there does not currently appear to be either any significant impact upon the financial statements or any significant uncertainties with respect to events or conditions which may impact the Company unfavourably as at the reporting date or subsequently as a result of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.

*Share-based payment transactions*

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by using either the Binomial or Black-Scholes model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the instruments were granted. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period but may impact profit or loss and equity.

**Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)**

*Revenue from contracts with customers involving sale of goods*

When recognising revenue in relation to the sale of goods to customers, the key performance obligation of the Company is considered to be the point of delivery of the goods to the customer, as this is deemed to be the time that the customer obtains control of the promised goods and therefore the benefits of unimpeded access.

*Allowance for expected credit losses*

The allowance for expected credit losses assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. It is based on the lifetime expected credit loss, grouped based on days overdue, and makes assumptions to allocate an overall expected credit loss rate for each group. These assumptions include recent sales experience and historical collection rates.

**Note 3. Operating segments**

*Identification of reportable operating segments*

The Company has identified its operating segments based on internal reports that are reviewed and used by the board of directors (chief operating decision makers) in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources.

The Company's principal activities are the sale of its predictive analytics hardware and software package for use in the aged care and health industries. These activities are all located in the same geographical area being Australia. Given there is only one segment being in one geographical area the financial results from this segment are equivalent to the financial statements of the Company as a whole.

*Major customers*

During the year ended 30 June 2020, \$190,137 of the Company's external revenue was derived from sales to two Australian aged care providers.

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**  
**30 June 2020**

**Note 4. Revenue**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Revenue from contracts with customers</i>		
Sale of goods	207,364	59,687
Rendering of services	60,175	3,918
	<u>267,539</u>	<u>63,605</u>
<i>Other revenue</i>		
R&D grant	-	204,100
Rent revenue	14,600	-
Other government grants	50,000	-
Interest revenue	117	86
	<u>64,717</u>	<u>204,186</u>
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<u><u>332,256</u></u>	<u><u>267,791</u></u>

	<b>Monitoring Solution</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>2020</b>		
<i>Major product lines</i>		
Hardware sales	207,364	207,363
Subscription as a service	60,175	60,175
	<u>267,539</u>	<u>267,538</u>
<i>Timing of revenue recognition</i>		
Revenue recognised at a point in time	94,459	94,458
Revenue recognised over time	173,080	173,080
	<u>9</u>	<u>267,538</u>

	<b>Monitoring Solution</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>2019</b>		
<i>Major product lines</i>		
Hardware sales	59,687	59,687
Subscription as a service	3,918	3,918
	<u>63,605</u>	<u>63,605</u>
<i>Timing of revenue recognition</i>		
Revenue recognised at a point in time	59,687	59,687
Revenue recognised over time	3,918	3,918
	<u>63,605</u>	<u>63,605</u>

**Note 5. Expenses**

Loss before income tax includes the following specific expenses:

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Depreciation</i>		
Leasehold improvements	18,199	-
Right-of-use assets	45,487	-
Total depreciation	<u>63,686</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Finance costs</i>		
Interest and finance charges paid/payable on lease liabilities	16,277	467
Other finance costs	1,119	809
Finance costs expensed	<u>17,396</u>	<u>1,276</u>

**Note 6. Income tax expense**

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
<b>a. The components of tax expense comprise:</b>		
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>b. The prima facie tax benefit on loss from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax as follows:</b>		
Prima facie tax benefit on loss from continuing operations		
Before income tax at 27.5% (2019: 27.5%)	(702,393)	(137,374)
 Add/(less) tax effect of:		
- Revenue losses not recognised	589,654	15,338
- Non-allowable items	154,894	145,072
- Other non-assessable amounts	(13,750)	(23,036)
- Other deferred tax balances not recognised	(28,405)	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>c. Unrecognised deferred tax assets 25% (2019: 25%) (Note 1):</b>		
Carry forward revenue losses	602,535	66,486
Capital raising costs	286,585	-
Provisions and accruals	22,367	-
Property, Plant and Equipment	4,236	-
Other	765	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	916,488	66,486
	<hr/>	<hr/>

The tax benefits of the above deferred tax assets will only be obtained if:

- (a) the company derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefits to be utilised;
- (b) the company continues to comply with the conditions for deductibility imposed by law; and
- (c) no changes in income tax legislation adversely affect the company in utilising the benefits.

**Note 1** - the corporate tax rate for eligible companies will reduce from 30% to 25% by 30 June 2022 providing certain turnover thresholds and other criteria are met. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are required to be measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply in the future income year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled. The Directors have determined that the deferred tax balances be measured at the tax rates stated.

**Note 7. Cash and cash equivalents**

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Cash at bank	4,190,718	45,838
Cash on deposit	1,000	1,000
Cash reserve	5,217	24
	4,196,935	46,862

**Note 8. Trade and other receivables**

	2020 \$	2019 \$
<i>Current</i>		
Trade receivables	181,997	10,624
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	-	-
	181,997	10,624
R&D Receivable	-	120,334
Other receivables	82,259	13,521
Prepaid expense	35,062	-
	299,318	144,479
<i>Non-current</i>		
Deposit	48,480	-
	48,480	-

	Expected credit loss rate		Carrying amount		Allowance for expected credit losses	
	2020 %	2019 %	2020 \$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2019 \$
Not overdue	0%	0%	178,636	10,270	-	-
0 to 3 months overdue	0%	0%	3,361	354	-	-
3 to 6 months overdue	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
Over 6 months overdue	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
			181,997	10,624	-	-

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**  
**30 June 2020**

**Note 9. Plant and equipment**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Leasehold improvements - at cost	108,550	-
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(18,199)	-
	<u>90,351</u>	<u>-</u>
	Leasehold improvements	
Balance at 30 June 2019	-	
Additions	108,550	
Depreciation expense	(18,199)	
Balance at 30 June 2020	<u>90,351</u>	

**Note 10. Right of use asset**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Land and buildings - right of use	187,004	-
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(45,487)	-
	<u>141,517</u>	<u>-</u>

The Company entered into a lease during the year for the right to use an office premises, resulting in additions of \$187,004. The lease for its office is for three years.

**Note 11. Trade and other payables**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Trade payables	94,339	143,054
Other payables	75,771	3,350
Deferred revenue	393,300	14,252
	<u>563,410</u>	<u>160,656</u>

Refer to note 16 for further information on financial instruments.

**Note 12. Provision**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Current</i>		
Employee benefits	45,640	-
	<u>45,640</u>	<u>-</u>

*Amounts not expected to be settled within the next 12 months*

The current provision for employee benefits includes all unconditional entitlements where employees have completed the required period of service and also those where employees are entitled to pro-rata payments in certain circumstances. The entire amount is presented as current, since the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement. However, based on past experience, the Company does expect all employees to take the full amount of accrued leave or require payment within the next 12 months.

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**  
**30 June 2020**

**Note 13. Lease liability**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Current</i>		
Lease liability	65,003	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Non-current</i>		
Lease liability	79,573	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>

Refer to note 15 for further information on financial instruments.

**Note 14. Borrowings**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Current</i>		
Loan – Radium Capital*	-	65,114
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Non-current</i>		
Frontline Services Pty Ltd**	-	47,805
	<hr/>	<hr/>

\*The loan is unsecured, interest charge at 15% p.a and repayable by 31 October 2019.

\*\*The loan is unsecured, interest free and had no fixed term of repayments.

Refer to note 15 for further information on financial instruments.



**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**  
**30 June 2020**

**Note 15a. Equity - issued capital**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Shares</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Ordinary shares - fully paid	72,899,706	12,795,239	6,769,332	627,500

*Movements in ordinary share capital*

<b>Details</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Issue Price</b>	<b>\$</b>
Opening at 1 July 2018	1/07/2018	10,875,715	-	307,500
Issue of shares	16/01/2019	140,000	\$0.50	70,000
Issue of shares	4/02/2019	500,000	\$0.50	250,000
Issue of shares - capital raising costs	5/06/2019	1,279,524	-	-
<b>Closing at 30 June 2019</b>		<b>12,795,239</b>		<b>627,500</b>
Opening at 1 July 2019	1/07/2019	12,795,239		627,500
Issue of shares	1/07/2019	1,928,125	\$0.16	308,500
Issue of shares	17/09/2019	3,125,000	\$0.08	250,000
Issue of shares- Share split 2.5:1	16/10/2019	19,192,859	\$-	-
Issue of shares	12/12/2019	5,937,500	\$0.16	950,000
Issue of shares - Initial Public Offering	20/05/2020	27,500,000	\$0.20	5,500,000
Issue of shares	20/05/2020	1,801,190	\$0.20	360,338
Issue of shares	20/05/2020	619,793	\$0.20	123,959
Capital raising costs		-		(1,350,965)
<b>Closing at 30 June 2020</b>		<b>72,899,706</b>		<b>6,769,332</b>

*Movements in ordinary*

*Ordinary shares*

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on the winding up of the company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. The fully paid ordinary shares have no par value and the company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

*Share buy-back*

There is no current on-market share buy-back.

*Capital risk management*

The Company's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimum capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

Capital is regarded as total equity, as recognised in the statement of financial position, plus net debt. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**  
**30 June 2020**

**Note 15. Equity - issued capital (continued)**

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Company would look to raise capital when an opportunity to invest in a business or company was seen as value adding relative to the current company's share price at the time of the investment. The Company is not actively pursuing additional investments in the short term as it continues to integrate and grow its existing businesses in order to maximise synergies.

**Note 15b. Equity - reserves**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Share based payment reserve	517,531	-
Total Reserves	<u>517,531</u>	<u>-</u>
Balance at 1 July 2019	-	-
Share based payments during the year	517,531	-
Closing balance at 30 June 2020	<u>517,531</u>	<u>-</u>

*Share based payment reserve*

The share based payment reserve is used to record the value of options and performance rights issued to Directors' and key management personnel.

Refer note 26 for further details on share-based payments.

**Note 15c. Equity – Accumulated losses**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Accumulated losses at the beginning of the financial year	(709,734)	(210,190)
Loss after income tax expense for the year	(2,554,154)	(499,544)
Accumulated losses at the end of the financial year	<u>(3,263,888)</u>	<u>(709,734)</u>

**Note 16. Financial instruments**

***Financial risk management objectives***

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign currency risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company. The Company uses derivative financial instruments such as forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge certain risk exposures. Derivatives are exclusively used for hedging purposes, i.e. not as trading or other speculative instruments. The Company uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate, foreign exchange and other price risks, ageing analysis for credit risk and beta analysis in respect of investment portfolios to determine market risk.

Risk management is carried out by the Board of Directors ('the Board').

***Market risk***

*Foreign currency risk*

The Company is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as it's operations are based in Australia, with no major suppliers subject to

**Note 16. Financial instruments (continued)**

*Price risk*

The Company is not exposed to any significant price risk.

*Interest rate risk*

The Company has a policy of minimising its exposure to interest payable on debt. The Company has no debt that requires the payment of interest. The Company has exposure to interest rate risk through its cash balances, however, this exposure is not considered to be significant.

**Credit risk**

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements. The Company does not hold any collateral.

The Company has adopted a lifetime expected loss allowance in estimating expected credit losses to trade receivables through the use of a provisions matrix using fixed rates of credit loss provisioning. As at this stage, as a result of limited historical data and no credit losses to date, the expected credit losses as at the date of this report is nil%. As the Company continues to trade, the Company has a process to track credit losses with the intention to use this as a basis for recognising expected credit losses in the future.

Generally, trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators of this include the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan, no active enforcement activity and a failure to make contractual payments for a period greater than 1 year.

**Liquidity risk**

Vigilant liquidity risk management requires the Company to maintain sufficient liquid assets (mainly cash and cash equivalents) and available borrowing facilities to be able to pay debts as and when they become due and payable.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves and available borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring actual and forecast cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

*Remaining contractual maturities*

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its financial instrument liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the financial liabilities are required to be paid. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows disclosed as remaining contractual maturities and therefore these totals may differ from their carrying amount in the statement of financial position.

	Weighted average interest rate	1 year or less	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Remaining contractual maturities
	%	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2020</b>						
<i>Non-interest bearing</i>						
Trade payables	-	94,339	-	-	-	94,339
Other payables	-	75,771	-	-	-	75,771
Lease liability	4.9	65,003	79,573	-	-	144,576
Total		<u>235,113</u>	<u>79,573</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>314,686</u>

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**  
**30 June 2020**

**Note 16. Financial instruments (continued)**

<b>2019</b>	Weighted average interest rate %	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 2 years \$	Between 2 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$	Remaining contractual maturities \$
<i>Non-interest bearing</i>						
Trade payables	-	143,054	-	-	-	143,054
Other payables	-	3,350	-	-	-	3,350
Borrowings	15	65,114	-	-	-	65,114
Borrowings	-	47,805	-	-	-	47,805
<b>Total</b>		<u>259,323</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>259,323</u>

The cash flows in the maturity analysis above are not expected to occur significantly earlier than contractually disclosed above.

***Fair value of financial instruments***

Unless otherwise stated, the carrying amounts of financial instruments reflect their fair value.

**Note 17. Key management personnel disclosures**

*Compensation*

The aggregate compensation made to directors and other members of key management personnel of the Company is set out below:

	<b>2020</b> \$	<b>2019</b> \$
Short-term employee benefits	402,167	24,000
Post-employment benefits	25,175	-
Long-term benefits	-	-
Share-based payments	452,851	-
	<u>880,193</u>	<u>24,000</u>

**Note 18. Remuneration of auditors**

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by RSM Australia Partners:

	<b>2020</b> \$	<b>2019</b> \$
Audit or review of the financial statements	40,500	13,500
Other services	17,000	-
	<u>57,500</u>	<u>13,500</u>

**Note 19. Contingent liabilities**

There are no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2020 (2019: none).

**Note 20. Related party transactions**

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**  
**30 June 2020**

**Note 20. Related party transactions (continued)**

*Key management personnel*

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 17 and the remuneration report included in the directors' report.

*Transactions with related parties*

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

Frontline Services Pty Ltd and Frontline Technology Services Pty Ltd are entities whom Greg Leach and Mike Tappenden have relevant interests in.

Blockhead Technologies Australia is an entity that Greg Leach has a relevant interest in.

*Terms and conditions*

All transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<u>Consulting, project management, accounting and administration services provided by:</u>		
Frontline Services Pty Ltd	136,477	357,939
Frontline Technology Services Pty Ltd	67,027	6,990
	<u>203,504</u>	<u>364,929</u>
 <i>Amount owing as at 30 June:</i>		
Frontline Services Pty Ltd	9,555	116,622
Frontline Technology Services Pty Ltd	-	7,614
	<u>9,555</u>	<u>124,236</u>
 <u>Sub-lease - revenue:</u>		
Blockhead Technologies Australia	<u>14,599</u>	-
 <u>Frontline Loan</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>47,805</u>

The loan is interest-free and payable the earlier of 1 July 2020 or admission. The loan was repaid 22 May 2020 following admission to the ASX.

**Note 21. Events after the reporting period**

The impact of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic is ongoing and while it has been financially positive for the Company up to 30 June 2020, it is not practicable to estimate the potential impact, positive or negative, after the reporting date. The situation is rapidly developing and is dependent on measures imposed by the Australian Government and other countries, such as maintaining social distancing requirements, quarantine, travel restrictions and any economic stimulus that may be provided.

Other than the above, no matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2020 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the Company's operations, the results of those operations, or the Company's state of affairs in future financial years.

**Note 22. Reconciliation of loss after income tax to net cash from operating activities**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Loss after income tax expense for the year	(2,554,154)	(499,544)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	63,686	-
Share-based payments	550,631	-
Development costs	-	250,000
Finance costs	17,396	-
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables	(154,839)	(124,519)
Increase in other receivables	48,480	-
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	412,355	148,315
Increase in provisions	45,640	-
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(1,570,805)</u>	<u>(225,748)</u>

**Note 23. Non-cash investing and financing activities**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Additions to the right-of-use assets	187,004	-
Capital raising costs settled by issue of shares and options	635,738	-
	<u>822,742</u>	<u>-</u>

**Note 24. Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities**

	<b>Borrowings</b>	<b>Lease liability</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Opening at 1 July 2018	-	-
Proceeds from borrowings	112,919	-
Closing at 30 June 2019	<u>112,919</u>	<u>-</u>
Opening at 1 July 2019	112,919	-
Proceeds from borrowings	207,423	-
Acquisition of leases	-	187,004
Repayment of borrowings	(320,342)	-
Repayment of lease liability	-	(42,428)
Closing at 30 June 2020	<u>-</u>	<u>144,576</u>

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**  
**30 June 2020**

**Note 25. Earnings per share**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Loss after income tax	(2,554,154)	(499,544)
Loss after income tax attributable to the owners of Intelicare Holdings Limited	<u>(2,554,154)</u>	<u>(499,544)</u>
	<b>Number</b>	<b>Number</b>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	42,636,133	28,066,003
Adjustments for calculation of diluted earnings per share:		
Options over ordinary shares	-	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	<u>42,636,133</u>	<u>28,066,003</u>
	<b>Cents</b>	<b>Cents</b>
Basic earnings per share	(5.99)	(1.78)
Diluted earnings per share	(5.99)	(1.78)

**Note 26. Share-based payments**

A summary of share-based payments recognised as expenses/share issued costs for the year are as follows:

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Share-based payment- employees/KMP</i>		
Shares	308,500	-
Options	197,576	-
Performance rights	44,555	-
Share based payment expense	<u>550,631</u>	-
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Share-based payment- supplier/consultant</i>		
Shares	360,338	-
Options	275,400	-
Share issue costs	<u>635,738</u>	-

**Shares:**

During the year, Mr Jason Waller was issued 1,928,165 shares as per his executive services agreement.

As the completion of the IPO on 20 May 2020, a total of 619,793 shares were issued to the following directors and key management personnel to settle accrued fees as at 31 March 2020:

	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Value</b>
	<b>Number</b>	<b>\$</b>
Greg Leach	125,000	25,000
Branden Dekenah	93,750	18,750
Neil Hackett	62,500	12,500
Scott Taylor	62,500	12,500
Matt De Boer	62,500	12,500
Mike Tappenden	213,543	42,709
	<u>619,793</u>	<u>123,959</u>

**Note 26. Share-based payments (continued)**

**Options:**

Set out below are the summaries of options granted as share based payments:

<b>Grant Date</b>	<b>Expiry Date</b>	<b>Exercise Price</b>	<b>Balance 1/07/2019</b>	<b>Granted during the period</b>	<b>Exercised during the period</b>	<b>Expired</b>	<b>Balance 30/06/2020</b>
23/10/2019*	16/10/2023	\$0.20	-	937,500	-	-	937,500
23/10/2019*	16/10/2023	\$0.30	-	937,500	-	-	937,500
14/02/2019**	20/02/2024	\$0.20	-	168,750	-	-	168,750
14/02/2019**	20/02/2024	\$0.30	-	93,750	-	-	93,750
14/02/2019**	20/02/2024	\$0.40	-	187,500	-	-	187,500
17/10/2019***	16/10/2024	\$0.30	-	333,333	-	-	333,333
17/10/2019****	16/10/2024	\$0.30	-	333,333	-	-	333,333
17/10/2019*****	16/10/2024	\$0.30	-	333,334	-	-	333,334
17/10/2019***	16/10/2024	\$0.40	-	333,333	-	-	333,333
17/10/2019****	16/10/2024	\$0.40	-	333,333	-	-	333,333
17/10/2019*****	16/10/2024	\$0.40	-	333,334	-	-	333,334
21/05/2020	21/05/2023	\$0.30	-	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000
			-	7,325,000	-	-	7,325,000

The weighted average exercise price of options outstanding as at 30 June 2020 is \$0.30, and the weighted average remaining contractual life of options as at 30 June 2020 is 3.42 years.

\* 50% vest on 1 May 2020 and 50% vest on 1 May 2021.

\*\* Vests upon the continued employment on a full time basis for a period of 2 years or more.

\*\*\* Vested for first year of continuous service with the Company.

\*\*\*\* Vested for second year of continuous service with the Company.

\*\*\*\*\* Vested for third year of continuous service with the Company.



**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**  
**30 June 2020**

**Note 26. Share-based payments (continued)**

The assessed fair values of the options was determined using a Hoadley ES02 model, taking into account the exercise price, term of option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, expected yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option. The inputs to the model used were:

Grant date	23 Oct 2019	23 Oct 2019	23 Oct 2019	23 Oct 2019	14 Feb 2020	14 Feb 2020	14 Feb 2020	17 Oct 2019	17 Oct 2019
Number of options	468,750	468,750	468,750	468,750	168,750	93,750	187,500	333,333	333,333
Dividend yield (%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expected volatility (%)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.83%	0.83%	0.83%	0.83%	0.85%	0.85%	0.85%	0.82%	0.82%
Expected life of options (years)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5
Underlying share price (\$)	\$0.16	\$0.16	\$0.16	\$0.16	\$0.20	\$0.20	\$0.20	\$0.16	\$0.16
Option exercise price (\$)	\$0.20	\$0.20	\$0.30	\$0.30	\$0.20	\$0.30	\$0.40	\$0.30	\$0.40
Value of option (\$)	\$0.0849	\$0.0934	\$0.0767	\$0.0827	\$0.1284	\$0.1148	\$0.1049	\$0.0846	\$0.0919

Grant date	17 Oct 2019	17 Oct 2019	17 Oct 2019	17 Oct 2019	21 May 2020
Number of options	333,334	333,333	333,333	333,334	3,000,000
Dividend yield (%)	-	-	-	-	-
Expected volatility (%)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.82%	0.82%	0.82%	0.82%	0.83%
Expected life of options (years)	5	5	5	5	3
Underlying share price (\$)	\$0.16	\$0.16	\$0.16	\$0.16	\$0.20
Option exercise price (\$)	\$0.40	\$0.40	\$0.40	\$0.40	\$0.30
Value of option (\$)	\$0.0983	\$0.0790	\$0.0850	\$0.0911	\$0.0918

**Note 26. Share-based payments (continued)**

**Performance rights:**

Set out below are the summaries of performance rights granted as share based payments:

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Balance 1/07/2019	Granted during the period	Exercised during the period	Expired	Balance 30/06/2020
14/11/2019*	16/10/2024	Nil	-	575,000	-	-	575,000
14/11/2019**	16/10/2025	Nil	-	575,000	-	-	575,000
14/11/2019***	16/10/2026	Nil	-	575,000	-	-	575,000
14/11/2019****	16/10/2027	Nil	-	575,000	-	-	575,000
			-	2,300,000	-	-	2,300,000

\*20-day VWAP of \$0.26 following the listing of InteliCare on the ASX, or if listing does not occur prior to 01 April 2020 the fair value of ordinary shares being greater than \$0.65.

\*\* 20-day VWAP of \$0.30 following the listing of InteliCare on the ASX, or if listing does not occur prior to 01 April 2020 the fair value of ordinary shares being greater than \$0.75.

\*\*\* 20-day VWAP of \$0.40 following the listing of InteliCare on the ASX, or if listing does not occur prior to 01 April 2020 the fair value of ordinary shares being greater than \$1.00.

\*\*\*\* 20-day VWAP of \$0.50 following the listing of InteliCare on the ASX, or if listing does not occur prior to 01 April 2020 the fair value of ordinary shares being greater than \$1.25.

The assessed fair values of the performance rights was determined using Hoadley Barrier1 model, taking into account the vesting conditions, exercise price, term of performance rights, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, expected yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option. The inputs to the model used were:

Grant date	14 Nov 2019	14 Nov 2019	14 Nov 2019	14 Nov 2019
Number of performance rights	575,000	575,000	575,000	575,000
Dividend yield (%)	-	-	-	-
Expected volatility (%)	100%	100%	100%	100%
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.85%	0.85%	0.85%	1.18%
Expected life of options (years)	4	5	6	7
Underlying share price (\$)	\$0.16	\$0.16	\$0.16	\$0.16
Option exercise price (\$)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Value of option (\$)	\$0.1517	\$0.1522	\$0.1510	\$0.1510

An Employee Securities Incentive Plan (ESIP) has been established by the company and approved by shareholders at a general meeting, whereby the company may, at the discretion of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, grant securities in the company to certain employees of the company. The securities may be issued for nil consideration and are granted in accordance with performance guidelines established by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the ESIP.

During the year, no securities were issued under the ESIP.

**Intelicare Holdings Limited**  
**Directors' declaration**  
**30 June 2020**

In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in note 1 to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date;
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and

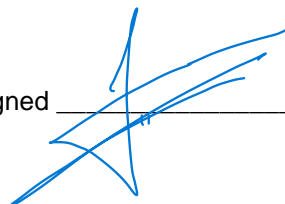
The directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

**8. Signed**

Signed \_\_\_\_\_



Jason Waller  
Managing Director  
Perth

Date: 27<sup>th</sup> August 2020



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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT  
TO THE MEMBERS OF  
INTELCARE HOLDINGS LIMITED**

**Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of Intelicare Holdings Limited (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Company is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (i) Giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

**Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

**THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD**  
AUDIT | TAX | CONSULTING

RSM Australia Partners is a member of the RSM network and trades as RSM. RSM is the trading name used by the members of the RSM network. Each member of the RSM network is an independent accounting and consulting firm which practices in its own right. The RSM network is not itself a separate legal entity in any jurisdiction.

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## Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed this matter
<b>Recognition of Revenue</b> Refer to Note 4 in the financial statements	
<p>The Company earns revenue by providing products and services to its customers.</p> <p>Revenue was considered a key audit matter because the process of revenue recognition is complex and subject to management judgement.</p>	<p>Our audit procedures included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtaining a detailed understanding of each of the revenue streams and the process for calculating and recording revenue;</li> <li>• Assessing whether the Company's revenue recognition policies are in compliance with Australian Accounting Standards;</li> <li>• Performing substantive testing on each revenue stream on a sample basis. The substantive testing included agreeing transactions to approved pricing used by the Company, and agreeing the delivery of products and services to source documentation;</li> <li>• Reviewing the deferred revenue calculation as at 30 June 2020 to ensure revenue has been recorded in the correct financial period;</li> <li>• Reviewing revenue transactions before and after year-end to ensure that revenue is recognised in the correct financial period; and</li> <li>• Reviewing the appropriateness of disclosures in the financial statements.</li> </ul>
<b>Share-based payment</b> Refer to Note 26 in the financial statements	
<p>During the year, the Company issued options and performance rights.</p> <p>We have considered this to be a key audit matter because:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Management judgement is required to determine the inputs used in the valuation model to value the options and performance rights; and</li> <li>• The recognition of the expense is complex due to the variety of vesting conditions attached to the options and performance rights.</li> </ul>	<p>Our audit procedures included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtaining an understanding of the terms and conditions of the options and performance rights issued;</li> <li>• Reviewing management valuation methodology;</li> <li>• Reviewing the key inputs used in the valuation model;</li> <li>• Recalculating the value of the share-based payment expense to be recognised in profit and loss; and</li> <li>• Reviewing the appropriateness of disclosures in the financial statements.</li> </ul>

## **Other Information**

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2020, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## **Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: [https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors\\_responsibilities/ar2.pdf](https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar2.pdf). This description forms part of our auditor's report.

## Report on the Remuneration Report

### *Opinion on the Remuneration Report*

We have audited the Remuneration Report included within the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2020.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Intelicare Holdings Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2020, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

### *Responsibilities*

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

A handwritten signature of 'RSM' in black ink.

RSM AUSTRALIA PARTNERS

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Tutu Phong'.

TUTU PHONG  
Partner

Perth, WA  
Dated: 27 August 2020

## Additional ASX Information

### 1. Number of Security Holders and Distribution

The number and distribution of quoted securities as at 15 October 2020 was as follows:

#### *Fully Paid Ordinary Shares*

<b>Spread of holdings</b>	<b>Number of holdings</b>	<b>Number of Units</b>	<b>Total Issued Capital %</b>
1–1,000	93	77,780	0.11%
1,001–5,000	1,094	2,705,088	3.71%
5,001–10,000	379	3,226,273	4.43%
10,001–100,000	592	18,690,684	25.64%
100,001 and over	79	48,199,881	66.12%
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,237</b>	<b>72,899,706</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

The number of shareholders holding less than a marketable parcel of ordinary shares (being 556,844 Shares at 15 October 2020) is 453.

The number and distribution of unquoted securities as at 15 October 2020 was as follows:

#### *Performance Rights*

<b>Spread of holdings</b>	<b>Number of holdings</b>	<b>Number of Units</b>	<b>%</b>
1–1,000	-	-	-
1,001–5,000	-	-	-
5,001–10,000	-	-	-
10,001–100,000	-	-	-
100,001 and over	1	2,300,000	100.00%
<b>Total</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2,300,000</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

#### *Unquoted Options*

<b>Spread of holdings</b>	<b>Number of holdings</b>	<b>Number of Units</b>	<b>%</b>
1–1,000	-	-	-
1,001–5,000	-	-	-
5,001–10,000	1	6,250	0.05%
10,001–100,000	75	3,637,500	27.43%
100,001 and over	27	9,618,750	72.53%
<b>Total</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>13,262,500</b>	<b>100.00%</b>



## 2. Substantial Shareholders

Substantial shareholders as disclosed in substantial shareholder notices given to the Company are as follows:

Name of Registered Holder	Shares	%
FRONTLINE SERVICES PTY LTD	22,213,543	30.47

## 3. The 20 Largest Holders of Ordinary Shares as at 15 October 2020

Rank	Name	Units	% of Units
1	FRONTLINE SERVICES PTY LTD	22,213,543	30.47%
2	HORIZON INVESTMENT SERVICES PTY LTD <HORIZON INVESTMENT A/C>	2,500,000	3.43%
3	MR KIM SHAWN ALLEN <ALLEN FAMILY A/C>	2,500,000	3.43%
4	CARAGH CAIREEN WALLER <BLUE MANNA A/C>	1,928,125	2.64%
5	TRUSTED SOUND MANAGEMENT PTY LTD	1,875,000	2.57%
6	AURIC CAPITAL (WA) PTY LTD <BROWNBILL FAMILY A/C>	925,000	1.27%
7	MR JASON PAUL SKINNER <JASON SKINNER FAMILY A/C>	862,500	1.18%
8	JP EQUITY HOLDINGS PTY LTD	750,000	1.03%
9	PROF ALAN JONATHAN BERRICK	687,500	0.94%
10	M CARTER HOLDINGS PTY LTD	603,854	0.83%
11	MS REBECCA PARRY	600,611	0.82%
12	MR NATHAN JAMES PARTLIN	411,556	0.56%
13	MR MERVYN CHAIT & MRS ESTHER CHAIT	388,500	0.53%
14	MS PAULA ANNE BELL	357,142	0.49%
15	MR KIM LESLIE BEECH	350,000	0.48%
16	INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS NETWORK (SERVICES) PTY LTD <INTL BUSINESS SVCS SF A/C>	300,000	0.41%
17	WESTVALLEY NOMINEES (WA) PTY LTD	299,108	0.41%
18	SHERKANE PTY LTD	296,875	0.41%
19	KINETIC TRADE PTY LTD <THE SKINNER S/F A/C>	286,250	0.39%
20	DDL RESOURCES PTY LTD <DDL FAMILY A/C>	281,250	0.39%
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>38,416,814</b>	<b>52.7%</b>

## 4. Voting Rights

### Ordinary Shares

In accordance with the Company's Constitution, on a show of hands every shareholder present in person or by proxy, attorney or representative of a shareholder has one vote, and on a poll every shareholder present in person or by proxy, attorney or representative of a shareholder has in respect of fully paid shares, one vote for every share held.

### Performance Rights and Retention Rights

There are no voting rights attached to the Performance Rights.

### Options

There are no voting rights attached to the Options.

## **6. Securities Exchange Quotation**

The Company's ordinary shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (Code: ICR). The Home Exchange is Perth.

## **7. Restricted Securities**

The number and class of restricted securities that are on issue as at 15 October 2020, and the date that the escrow period ends

<b>Class of restricted securities</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Date that the escrow period ends</b>
Fully paid ordinary shares	1,672,500	13/12/2020
Fully paid ordinary shares	30,000	13/1/2021
Fully paid ordinary shares	34,086,043	21/05/2022
Performance Rights	2,300,000	21/05/2022

## **8. Buy Back**

There is no current on-market buy-back.

## **9. Corporate Governance**

The Company's Corporate Governance Statement for the 2020 financial year and to the date of this Annual Report can be accessed at <https://intelicare.com.au/investors/>

## **10. Consistency with business objectives - ASX Listing Rule 4.10.19**

In accordance with Listing Rule 4.10.19, the Company states that it has used the cash and assets in a form readily convertible to cash that it had at the time of admission in a way consistent with its business objectives. The business objective is primarily producing and selling a monitoring solution for seniors and at-risk individuals. The Company believes it has used its cash in a consistent manner to which was disclosed under the Prospectus dated 21 May 2020.

## **11. Company Secretary**

The name of the Company Secretary is Neil Hackett.

## **12. Address & Telephone details of the entities registered office and principle place of business**

Level 1, 299 Vincent Street  
Leederville, WA, Australia, 6007  
Telephone 1300 001 145  
Website <http://www.intelicare.com.au>

## **13. Address & Telephone details of the office at which the register of Securities are kept**

Automatic Registry Services  
Level 2, 267 St Georges Terrace  
Perth, WA, Australia, 6000  
Telephone (08) 9324 2099  
Fax (02) 8583 3040

## **14. Securities exchange on which the Company's Securities are quoted**

The Company's listed equity securities are quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange.

## **15. Review of Operations**

A review of operations is contained in the Directors' Report.