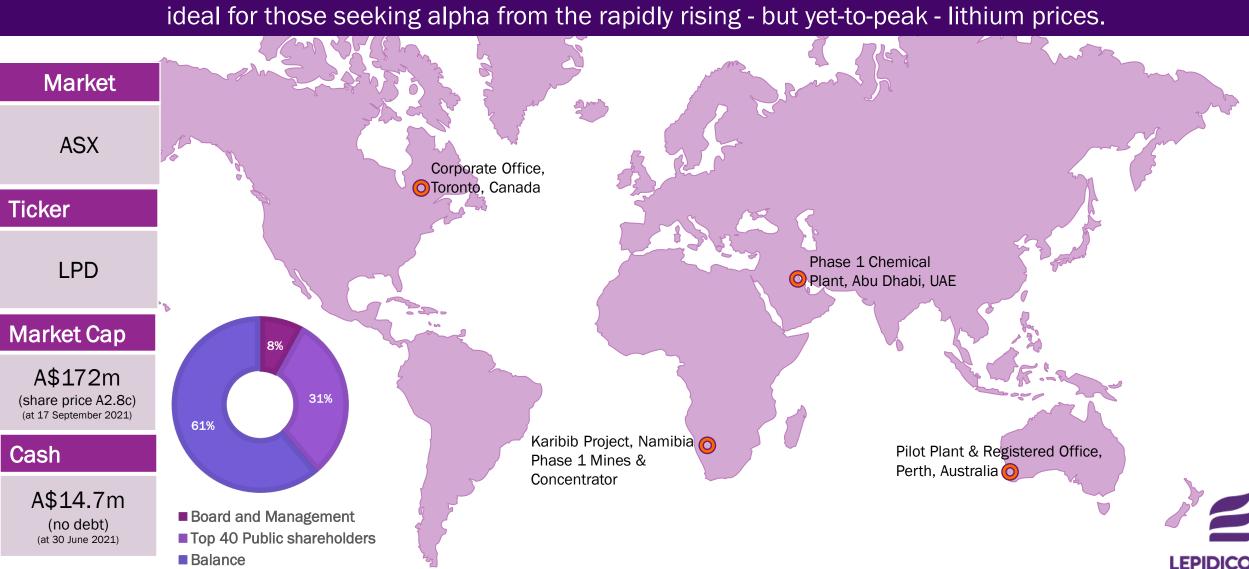




### **EQUITY FUNDAMENTALS:**

# VERTICALLY INTEGRATED FROM MINE TO LITHIUM CHEMICAL

Lepidico is an elegant investment solution for the complex battery materials market,



### **INVESTMENT CASE:**

# **ALL THE LITHIUM UPSIDE, LESS RISK & COMPLEXITY**

### TIGHTENING CONDITIONS, HIGHER PRICES

"...the (lithium) market is set to face structural issues from 2021 onwards. Without significant supply-side developments, chemical availability poses a major bottleneck risk to battery production growth. We expect higher price levels to incentivise further investments by late-2021."

Benchmark Mineral Intelligence (BMI)

Despite market conditions, achieving alpha from equities in the sector is increasingly complex. Traditional lithium businesses are at risk from rapidly evolving battery tech, tightening ESG requirements, security of supply and long-term margin expectations. Whilst a slew of start-ups are making big claims, most are touting early stage technologies. We exist substantially outside this complex landscape.



Our tech-focused, ESG-led business model is pilot-proven, flexible, scalable and poised for its first lithium deliveries from mineral supply that is relatively uncontested.

We can also be considered a tech play, with others licencing our IP.

# **Corporate Timeline**

#### 2019

- ✓ LOH-Max® provisional patent application
- ✓ Acquisition of TSX-V listed Desert Lion Energy & Karibib assets
- ✓ Pilot Plant confirms viability of L-Max® technology
- ✓ First L-Max® patent protection received





#### 2021

- ✓ EPCM contract awarded
- > Front End Engineering & Design to complete
- > First product offtake agreements





- Chemical Plant commissioning starts
- Project fully operational
- Phase 2 Feasibility Study starts

#### 2017

- ✓ Pre-Feasibility Study complete
- ✓ Phase 1 Feasibility Study starts







- 2016 ✓ ASX listing
- ✓ Company name change to Lepidico Ltd
- ✓ PFS starts

#### 2018

- ✓ L-Max<sup>®</sup> Pilot Plant development
- ✓ Provisional patent application for Cs & Rb separation process



#### 2020

- ✓ Inaugural Ore Reserve estimates for Rubicon and Helicon announced
- ✓ World's only Ore Reserve estimate for "Critical Minerals" Cs & Rb
- ✓ Phase 1 Project DFS completed
- ✓ Namibia ESIA & ESMP completed to IFC Standards

#### 2022

➤ Phase 1 full funding package

- Karibib mining commences
- Karibib concentrator ore commissioning starts





2013-2015

√ 2013 L-Max®

process concept

patent application

✓ 2014 Provisional

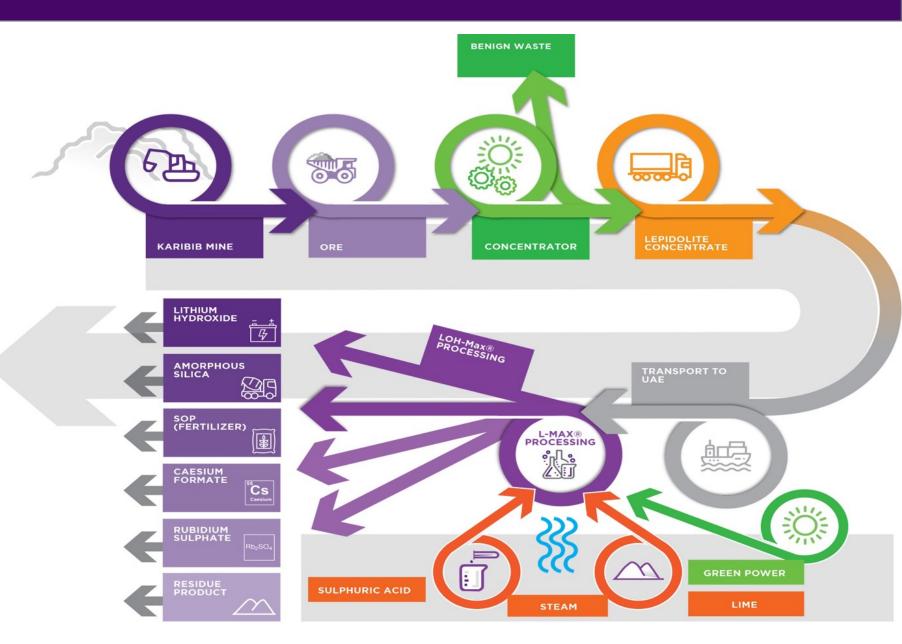
✓ First continuous

lab trials 2015

# THIS IS WHAT WE DO: FROM MINE TO MARKETPLACE

When operations come on stream in 2023, lithium mica ore mined and concentrated in Namibia will be shipped as concentrate for processing in the UAE.

Our patented technologies transform the concentrate into lithium hydroxide - or carbonate - as well as indemand strategic chemicals caesium and rubidium - and other saleable outputs.



# TRANSITIONING TO PRODUCTION: PROGRESS POISED TO DELIVER



Critical Minerals Confirmed
We have 6.7Mt in Reserves of
lithium, caesium, rubidium &
potassium



**Experienced Management** 

Track record in project development and sustainable production



### Feasibility Study

Competitive costs and enhanced margins from by-product revenues



### **Strong ESG Credentials**

CO<sub>2</sub>, water and land use intensities low, and we aim to make these best-in-class



### **Pilot Proven Technologies**

Our patented L-MAX and LOH-MAX processes produce high quality chemicals hydro-metallurgically



### **Debt Financing**

Formal mandate signed with U.S. Development Finance Corporation



### Approvals in Place

Mining Licence and all environmental permits to construct in place



#### Offtake Discussions

Advanced discussions with LiOH customers and 4 caesium consumers



### Pricing cycles

Lithium prices continue to rise. Supply deficits forecast this year.



### Strategic Collaboration

First technology licence sold to Cornish Lithium Ltd









# L-Max® – the conversion solution for Li-mica minerals

- Innovation: efficiently leaches and refines lithium from less contested lithium micas and phosphates
- Sustainable operations: utilises common, inexpensive reagents, is energy efficient & has straightforward OH&S characteristics, It also utilises conventional equipment & operates at atmospheric pressures and modest temperatures
- **High value:** As well as the caesium and rubidium by-products, L-Max<sup>®</sup> also delivers potassium sulphate fertiliser (SOP), amorphous silica and gypsum residue; with zero-waste potential
- Scalable: A larger Phase 2 Plant is expected to reduce already competitive capital intensity<sup>1</sup>: US\$10,500/t after credits @ 20,000tpa LCE

Patents: Australia, Europe, Japan & US patent protection received.

The Australian Patent
Office declared L-Max® to
be "novel, inventive,
industry applicable and
patentable"



Amblygonite (Li,Na)AIPO<sub>4</sub>(F,OH)



Lepidolite
K(Li,Al,Rb,Cs)<sub>3</sub>(Al,Si)<sub>4</sub>O<sub>10</sub>(F,OH)<sub>2</sub>



Zinnwaldite
KLiFeAl(AlSi<sub>3</sub>)O<sub>10</sub>(OH,F)<sub>2</sub>



# **LOH-Max**<sup>®</sup> - a more sustainable Lithium Hydroxide solution<sup>1</sup>

- Patent provisional patent lodged early 2019; national patent phase started August 2020
- Broad application in lithium mineral conversion that employs sulfur-based chemistry; includes Spodumene
- Recovery enhanced +4% versus conventional Spodumene process; +1,000tpa
   LiOH at nominal 20,000tpa rate



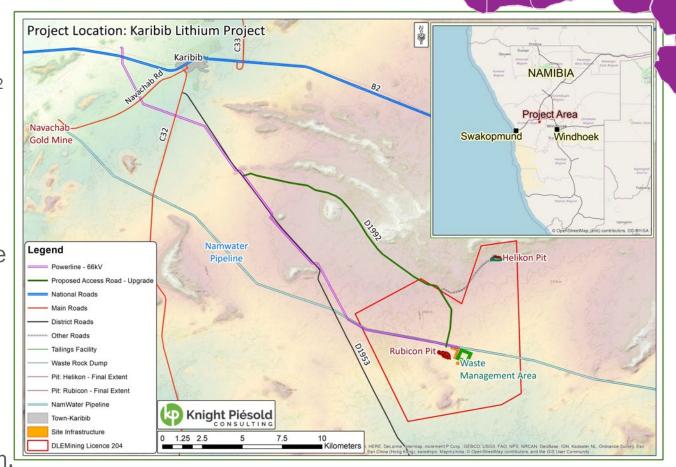
- CapEx reduced by US\$52M (14%) on 20,000tpa LCE reference case Spodumene converter on simplified flowsheet
- OpEx reduced by US\$8M pa versus reference Spodumene converter case on lower power and reagent consumption
- CO<sub>2</sub> reduced lower Scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions versus conventional processing
- Value enhanced by +US\$100M per 20,000tpa LiOH.H<sub>2</sub>O over 10-years
- Waste benign gypsum/alunite waste
- Risk reduced as sodium sulphate not produced; a potential fatal flaw for conventional plants if disposal required
- Ownership 100% owned by Lepidico; royalty sharing arrangement with original developers for third party licenses





# Karibib Project, Namibia

- Brownfield re-development of Rubicon & Helikon mines
- Fully permitted: Granted 68km<sup>2</sup>
   Mining Licence
- Water extraction licence given -85% of process water will be recycled
- Construction of new small-scale
   60,000tpa concentrator
- Direct access to excellent existing regional infrastructure
- New 25km line for grid power
- +1,000km² land position prospective for lithium, caesium, rubidium & gold









# Reserves & Resources: Unique source of Critical Minerals

### Ore Reserve Estimate<sup>1</sup> Rubicon & Helikon 1 deposits

Reserve Category	Tonnes (M)	Li <sub>2</sub> O (%)	Rb (%)	Cs (ppm)	Ta (ppm)	K (%)
Proved	1.93	0.59	0.28	410	50	2.10
Probable	4.79	0.41	0.21	290	40	1.99
Total Reserves	6.79	0.46	0.23	320	50	2.02

- JORC Code (2012) compliant Ore Reserve estimate for lithium, rubidium, caesium & potassium
- 76% conversion of Measured & Indicated Resources to Reserves for a 14-year project life
- Inferred Resource potential supports expansion potential or Phase 2 Project development
- Mineral Resource estimates in progress for lepidolite surface stockpiles
- Ore exposed at surface and deposits pre-stripped by historical mining
- Strip ratio just 0.5 to 1 for the first 2 years and 3.8 to 1
   Life of Mine
- Most mine development work complete including haul road to Helikon 1 & water supply

### Karibib Project Global Mineral Resources <sup>2</sup>

Deposit	Resource	Tonnes	Li <sub>2</sub> O	Rb	Cs	Ta	K	Cut-off
	Category	(M)	(%)	(%)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(%)	(% Li <sub>2</sub> O)
Rubicon & Helikon 1 <sup>3</sup>	Measured	2.2	0.56	0.27	389	51	2.14	0.15
	Indicated	6.66	0.38	0.20	274	42	2.07	0.15
HEIIKOH I	Inferred	0.17	0.7	0.29	1100	150	2.18	0.15
Helikon 2, 3, 4 & 5 <sup>4</sup>	Inferred	2.2	0.41					0.20
Rubicon tailings <sup>5</sup>	Indicated	0.07	0.99	0.42	538	60		0.00
Rubicon & Helikon stockpiles <sup>5</sup>	Inferred	0.57	0.79					0.00
Global	Measured	2.2	0.57	0.27	389	51	2.14	
	Indicated	6.73	0.39	0.21	277	42		
	Inferred	2.94	0.5					
	Total	11.87	0.45					



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> ASX Announcement: DFS Delivers Compelling Phase 1 Project Results, 28 May 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Resources are inclusive of Ore Reserves

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> ASX announcement dated 30 January 2020: Updated Mineral Resource Estimates for Helikon 1 and Rubicon

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> ASX announcement dated 16 July 2019: Drilling starts at the Karibib Lithium Project

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> ASX announcement dated 12 March 2021: Karibib Mineral Resources Expanded

# **Karibib Concentrator – conventional flotation, small footprint**

- Lycopodium started EPCM works May 2021
- FEED to complete November 2021
- Construction March quarter 2022
- Mining December quarter 2022
- Concentrator commissioning late 2022



# **Phase 1 Chemical Conversion Plant - Abu Dhabi**



- Located in Khalifa Port
   Free Trade Zone, Abu
   Dhabi
- Existing infrastructure available through "plug and play" approach
- Abu Dhabi ESIA complete and environmental permit to construct in place



# Phase 1 Project Definitive Feasibility Study<sup>1</sup>



Construction Cost of US\$139M



Post Tax  $NPV_8$  of US\$221M  $NPV_0$  of US\$521M IRR of 31%



Project Payback (from start of production)

3 years



Operating Costs
(by-product LCE basis)
C1 Cash Cost US\$/t 1,656
ASIC US\$/t3,221



Average Annual Free Cash Flow (post ramp-up)

US\$49M



Production<sup>2</sup>
4,879 tpa



Sulfate of Potash Production<sup>2</sup> 12,000 tpa



Caesium Sulfate Production<sup>2</sup>

240 tpa



Total LCE
All Products<sup>2</sup>
7,060 tpa



Project Life

14 years



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> ASX Announcement 28 May 2020: DFS delivers compelling Phase 1 Project results.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> By-products at steady state operation.

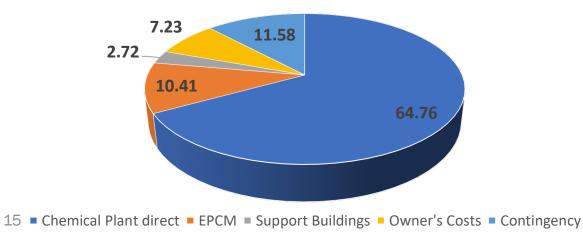
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Cash flows based on Benchmark Mineral Intelligence Q1 2020 LiOH price forecast (US\$12,910/t long term).

# **Capital Cost Summary**

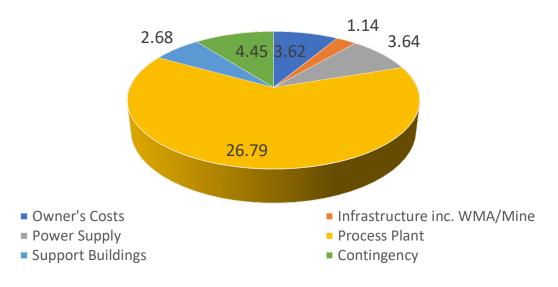
## Competitive capital intensity: US\$17,400/t LCE after by-product credits; US\$27,900/t before credits

Pre-production Capital	\$M	
Karibib Project	37.9	
Chemical Plant	85.1	
Contingency (13%)	16.0	
Total Pre-production	139.0	
Working capital	16.0	
Leasing value	5.5	

### Chemical Plant Pre-production Capital



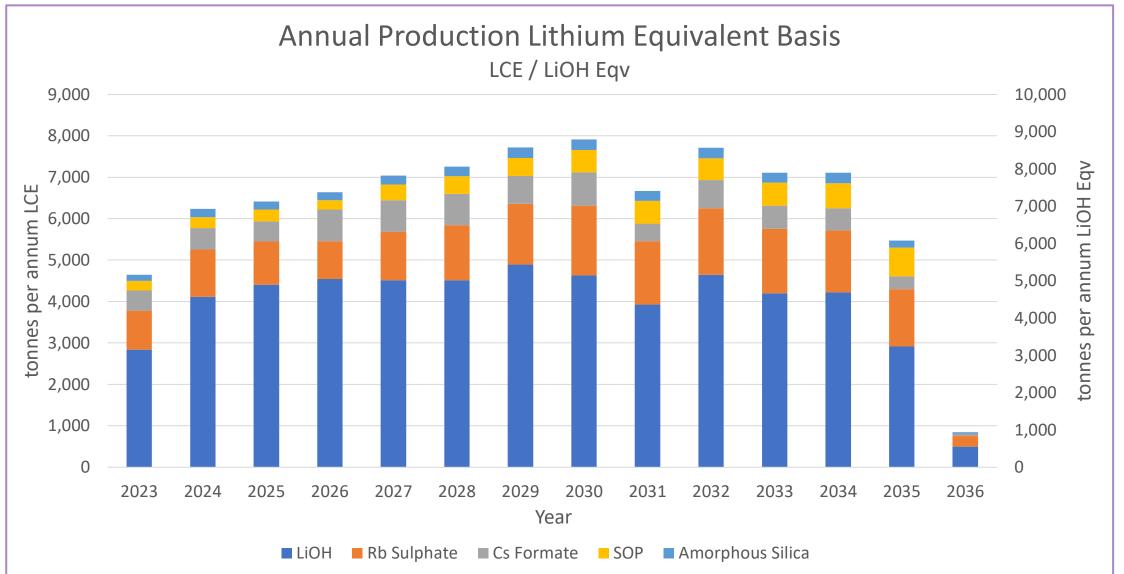
### Karibib Project Pre-production Capital



Sustaining Capital – Life of Project	\$M
Karibib Project	14.2
Chemical Plant	8.7
Acid Plant	15.6
Total Sustaining	38.5

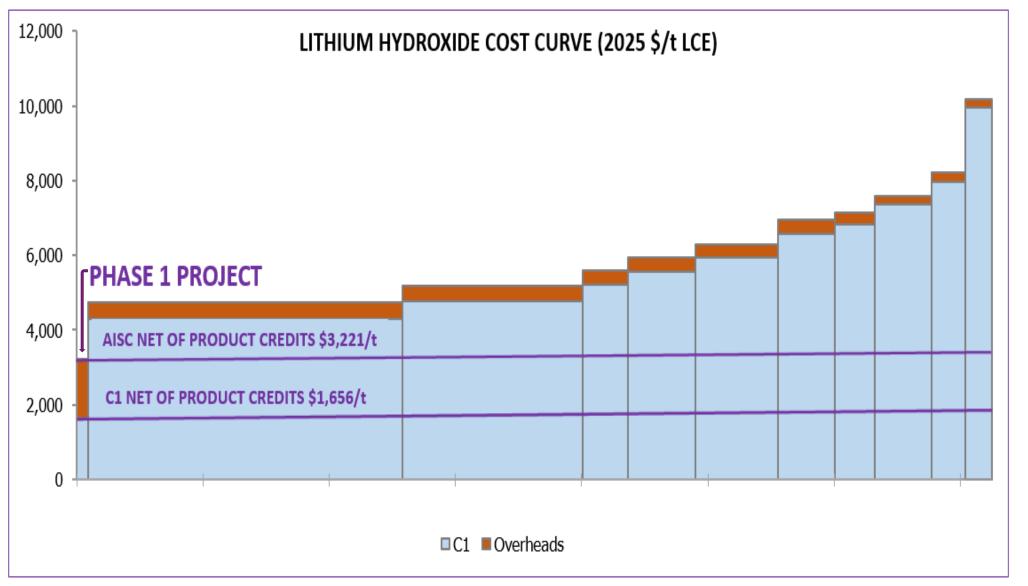


# **Life of Mine Production**





# **Low All in Sustaining Costs**







# **Environmental stewardship**

- Competitive carbon intensity GHD reported "low" chemical plant emissions intensity vs other LiOH plants; 8.8tCO<sub>2</sub>-e/t LiOH.H<sub>2</sub>O (10.0tCO<sub>2</sub>-e/t LCE) for integrated project Scope 1 & 2 emissions 90% in chemical plant, 10% mine & concentrator; renewable power and green hydrogen can lower emissions to just 3.0tCO<sub>2</sub>-e/t LCE
- Other emissions & pollutants negligible
- Water intensity 33m³/t LCE, 44% allocation to LiOH; 20% Namibia/80% UAE for first 5 years, with 85% of concentrator water recycled
- Land use intensity 962Ha integrated project on predominantly industrial land; mine closure plan to return land to agricultural use; Category B designation
- Biodiversity ESIAs identifies no material impacts at Karibib & UAE operations are located within a designated industrial park
- Industrial waste generation no TSF required, benign mine and concentrator waste co-disposed; no sodium sulphate generated from converter; & opportunity for zero-waste chemical plant











# **Social Responsibility & Governance**

## Health & Safety

- Lost Time Injury & Total Recordable Incidents Frequency Rates 0 > zero harm
- More than 118,000 hours worked with no Recordable Incidents since records began in 2016



### Social

- Creation of 115 direct jobs and +800 indirect jobs in Namibia
- 119 new direct jobs in the UAE
- No relocation requirement
- Water supply to local farmers
- Medical equipment donation



## Governance

- Experienced Board of Directors with complementary skills
- Sustainability & best practice ESG integrated with strategic planning
- Diversity Committee established
- Risk register including a residual risk rating for all actions and controls







# Push & Pull Policies Are Creating Tailwinds for Electric Vehicles...

#### United States

Up to \$7,500 grants for BEV purchases 10 states have set targets for 100% zeroemissions vehicles by 2050

#### United Kingdom

£3,000 for BEVs priced <£50,000 ICE new sales ban effective 2030

#### Norway

BEVs are not subject to an import tax or the 25% VAT on motor vehicles ICE new sales ban effective 2025

#### China

Up to ¥22,500 (~\$3,500) grant for BEVs Targeting 20% EV sales by 2025



#### France

€7,000 grant on BEV purchases <€40,000 + €5,000 scrapping incentive ICE new sales ban effective 2040

#### Spain

Up to €6,500 grant for BEV purchasers

ICE sales ban effective 2040

#### Germany

€9,000 grant on the purchase of BEVs priced below €40,000 ICE new sales ban effective 2030

#### Italy

€6,000 BEV purchase incentive +€4,000 if an ICE vehicle is scrapped

Targeting 30% EV penetration by 2030

### Automotive Manufacturers Have Identified Electric Vehicle Targets



January 28, 2021 — General Motors is working with the Environmental Defense Fund to develop an **allelectric vision** and **eliminate tailpipe emissions from new light-duty vehicles by 2035** 

#### DAIMLER

July 22, 2021 – Daimler will invest over €40 billion into battery electric vehicles between 2022 and 2030 as they plan to go all electric by the end of the decade



January 7, 2021 – Volvo Cars commits to becoming a premium electric car company and, by 2025, aims for its global sales to consist of 50% fully electric cars with the remainder being hybrids



March 17, 2021 – BMW Group expects to deliver to customers about 2 million full-electric vehicles by the end of 2025, increasing to 10 million by 2030



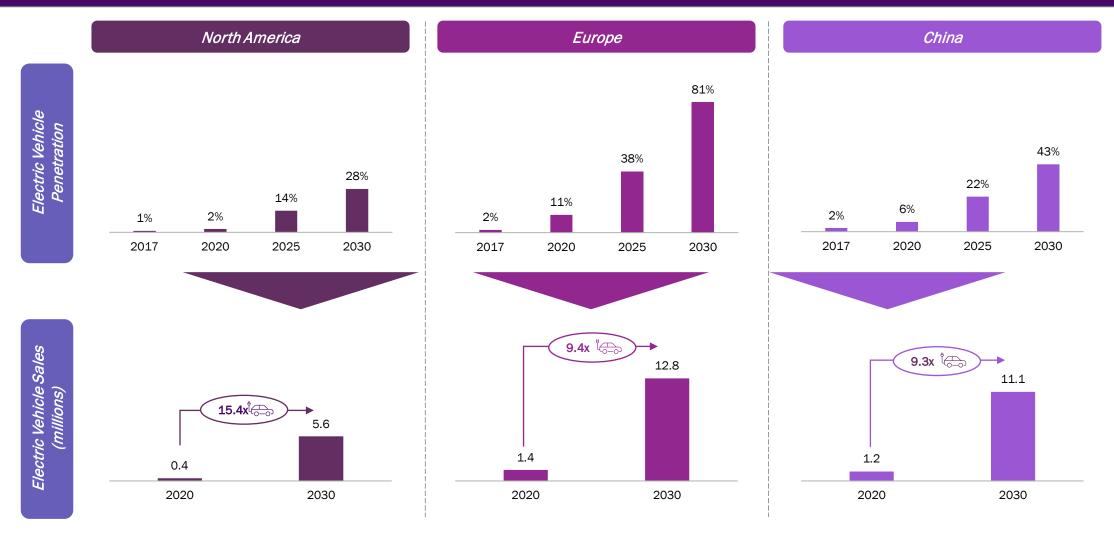
March 19, 2021 – Volkswagen announced goal of becoming **balance sheet CO<sub>2</sub> neutral by 2050** 



June 2, 2021 – Toyota plans to expand to around **70** electrified models globally by 2025 and become carbon neutrality by 2050



# ...Driving Significant Ramp-Up in Electric Vehicle Penetration Globally



Secular Changes in EV Adoption Will Transform Demand for Battery Materials

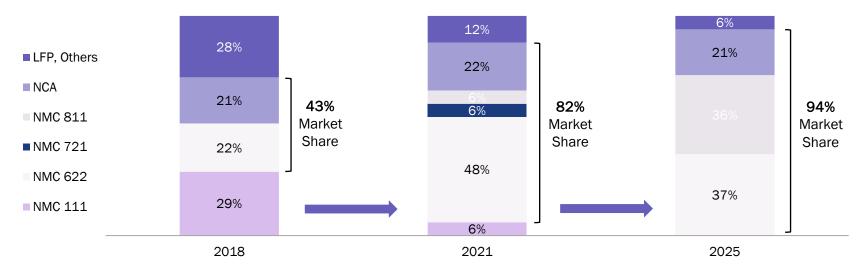


# **Lithium Is THE Critical Component**

Lithium Is the Constant Input Across All Types of EV Batteries

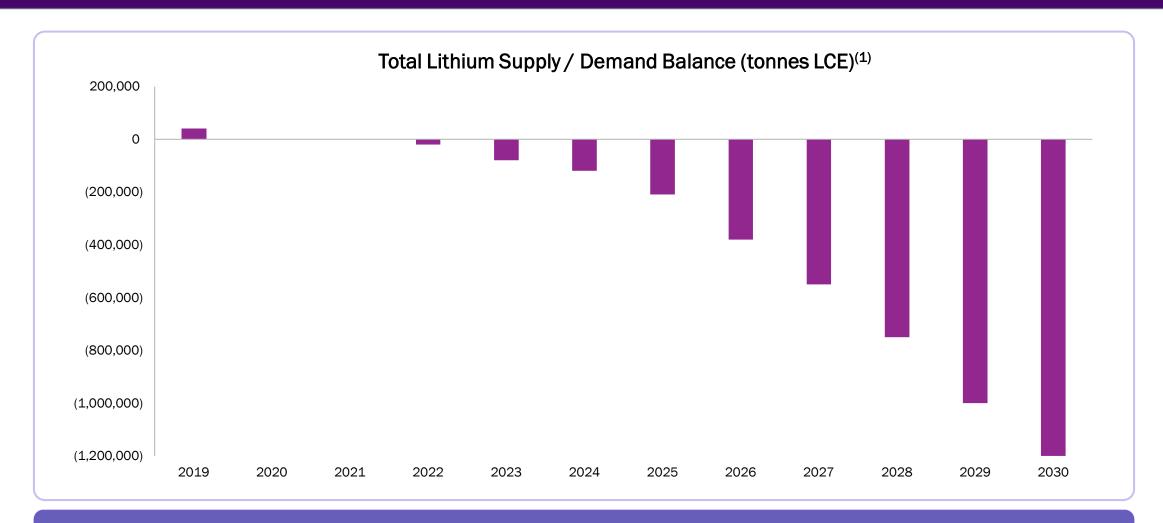
Cathode Material	Lithium	Copper	Nickel	Manganese	Cobalt	Graphite
NCA	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
NCA+	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
NMC 333	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
NMC 532	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
NMC 622	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
NMC 811	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
LFP	✓	✓				✓
LMO	✓	✓		✓		✓

LiOH expected to take dominant share (90%+) in lithium battery cathode chemistries by 2025





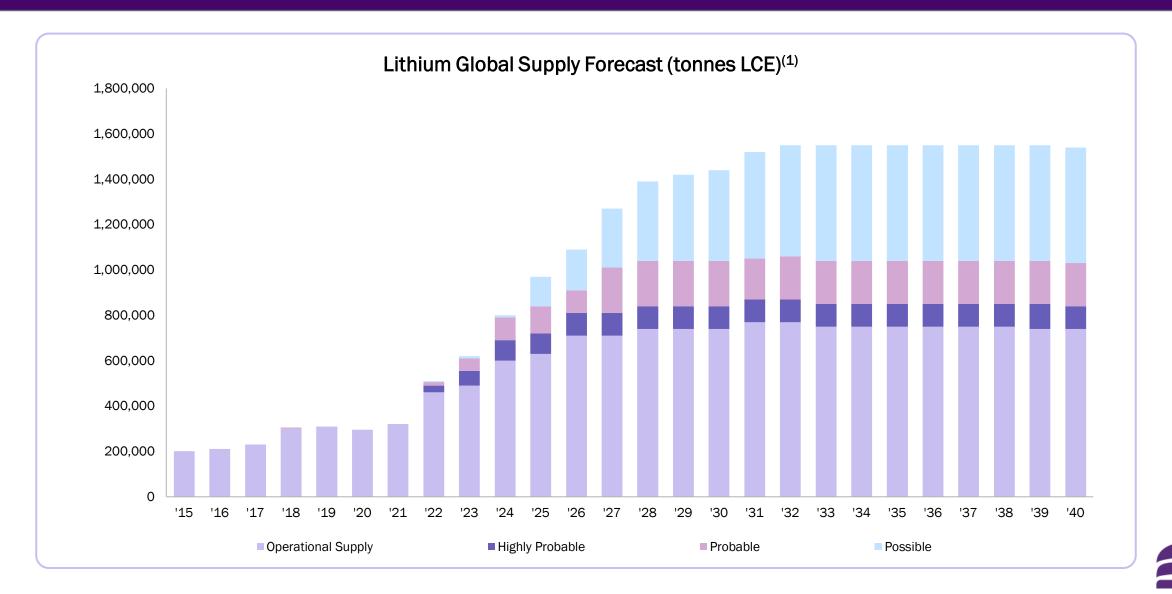
# **Strong Fundamentals...**



The market for lithium chemicals is forecasted to be in a supply deficit from 2022 onwards



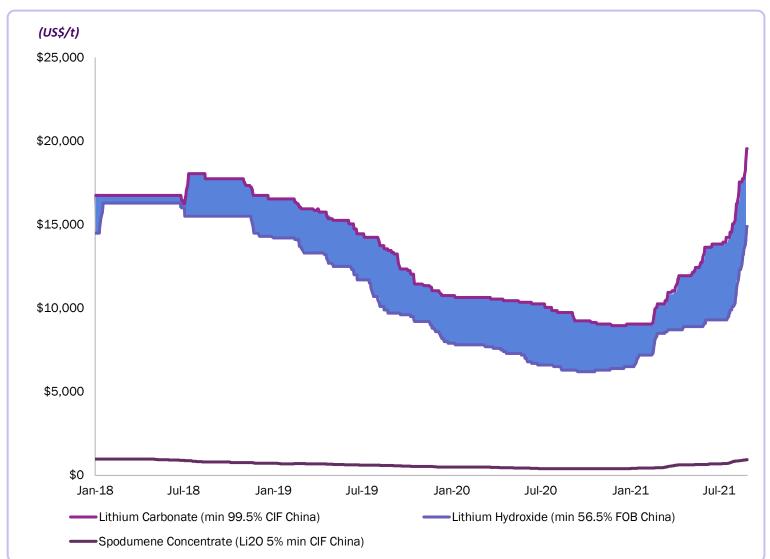
# ... Underpinned by Project Uncertainty and Long Lead-times



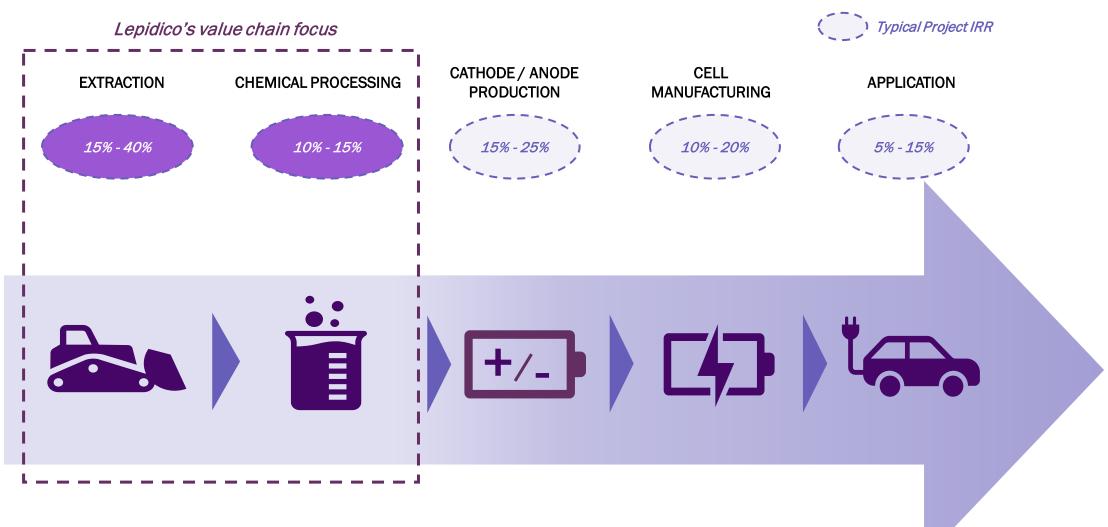
**LEPIDICO** 

# **Lithium Industry Pricing Mechanisms**

- Since beginning of 2021, prices of both lithium hydroxide and lithium carbonate have continued to rise back to almost 2018 levels
- Primarily driven by the sharp surge in domestic Chinese lithium carbonate market
- Similarly prices for most battery raw materials were maintained at historically high levels compared to the past 2-year period
- Continued strong demand growth into H2 2021 is expected to maintain elevated prices



# **Lithium Supply Chain**







# **Lepidico's Transition to Construction & Operations**

### **Permitting**

- Karibib Project ESIA completed; aligned with Equator Principles & IFC Performance Standards.
- Karibib Project fully permitted for mines and concentrator
- Abu Dhabi ESIA
   complete; aligned with
   Equator Principles & IFC
   Performance Standards
- Environmental permit to construct the chemical plant at KIZAD granted

### Construction

- EPCM contract award to Lycopodium; works started May 2021
- Phase 1 early services, early works and FEED fully funded & on schedule for November 2021 completion
- Construction to start
   February 2022 subject
   to finance
- Commissioning to start Q4 2023 for chemical production Q4 2023

### Offtake

- Lithium hydroxide offtake discussions well advanced with multiple consumers in the EV supply chain
- Constructive discussions with 4 prospective customers of caesium; higher specification products confirmed
- Marketing of bulk byproducts, SOP, silica & gypsum residue, in UAE resumed September 2021

#### **Finance**

- Lion's Head Global
   Partners advising on debt finance from
   Development Financing Institutions (DFIs) and commercial lenders
- Mandate letter signed with the U.S. International Development Finance Corporation (DFC)
- Independent engineer appointed for DFC debt financing of the Phase 1 Namibian operations and working capital



#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This presentation has been prepared by the management of Lepidico Ltd (the 'Company') for the benefit of brokers, analysts and investors and not as specific advice to any particular party or person.

The information is based on publicly available information, internally developed data and other external sources. No independent verification of those sources has been undertaken and where any opinion is expressed in this document it is based on the assumptions and limitations mentioned herein and is an expression of present opinion only. No warranties or representations can be made as to the origin, validity, accuracy, completeness, currency or reliability of the information. The Company disclaims and excludes all liability (to the extent permitted by law), for losses, claims, damages, demands, costs and expenses of whatever nature arising in any way out of or in connection with the information, its accuracy, completeness or by reason of reliance by any person on any of it.

Where the Company expresses or implies an expectation or belief as to the success of future exploration and the economic viability of future projects, such expectation or belief is based on management's current predictions, assumptions and projections. However, such forecasts are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors which could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed, projected or implied by such forecasts. Such risks include, but are not limited to, exploration success, commodity price volatility, future changes to mineral resource estimates, changes to assumptions for capital and operating costs as well as political and operational risks and governmental regulation outcomes. For more detail of risks and other factors, refer to the Company's other Australian Securities Exchange announcements and filings. The Company does not have any obligation to advise any person if it becomes aware of any inaccuracy in, or omission from, any forecast or to update such forecast.

#### Forward-looking Statements

All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this release including, without limitation, statements regarding future plans and objectives of Lepidico, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements can be identified by words such as "anticipate", "believe", "could", "estimate", "expect", "future", "intend", "may", "opportunity", "plan", "potential", "project", "seek", "will" and other similar words that involve risks and uncertainties. These statements are based on an assessment of present economic and operating conditions, and on a number of assumptions regarding future events and actions that are expected to take place. Such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other important factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Company, its directors and management of Lepidico that could cause Lepidico's actual results to differ materially from the results expressed or anticipated in these statements.

The Company cannot and does not give any assurance that the results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in this release will actually occur and investors are cautioned not to place any reliance on these forward-looking statements. Lepidico does not undertake to update or revise forward-looking statements, or to publish prospective financial information in the future, regardless of whether new information, future events or any other factors affect the information contained in this release, except where required by applicable law and stock exchange listing requirements.

#### Competent Person Statement

The information in this report that relates to the Helikon 1 and Rubicon Ore Reserve estimates is extracted from an ASX Announcement dated 28 May 2020 ("Definitive Feasibility Study Delivers Compelling Phase 1 Project Results") and was completed in accordance with the guidelines of the JORC Code (2012). The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the Mineral Resource estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are represented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

The information in this report that relates to the Rubicon and Helikon 1 Mineral Resource estimates is extracted from ASX Announcements dated 30 January 2020 ("Updated Mineral Resource Estimates for Helikon 1 and Rubicon") and 12 March 2021 ("Karibib Mineral Resource expanded"), which completed in accordance with the guidelines of the JORC Code (2012). The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the Mineral Resource estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are represented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

The information in this report that relates to the Helikon 2 - Helikon 5 Mineral Resource estimates is extracted from an ASX Announcement dated 16 July 2019 ("Drilling Starts at the Karibib Lithium Project") and was completed in accordance with the guidelines of the JORC Code (2012). The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the Mineral Resource estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are represented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

