



ASX Announcement: 29 July 2022

## Lady Fanny South IP Targets – Carnaby Resources Limited

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DiscovEx Resources Limited (**Company or DiscovEx**) provides the attached announcement by Carnaby Resources Limited (ASX: CNB) (Carnaby) as it relates to the Lady Fanny South Prospect, within the Greater Duchess Project.

The announcement relates to the Southern Hub Tenements, located in the Mt. Isa Region of Queensland where DiscovEx holds a 17.5% free-carried interest in EPM 9083, EPM 11013, EPM 14366, EPM 14369, EPM 17637, EPM 18223, EPM 18990, EPM 19008, EPM 25435, EPM 25439, EPM 25853, EPM 25972.

Authorised for release by and investor enquiries to:

**Toby Wellman**  
**Managing Director**  
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**For and on behalf of**  
**DISCOVEX RESOURCES LIMITED**

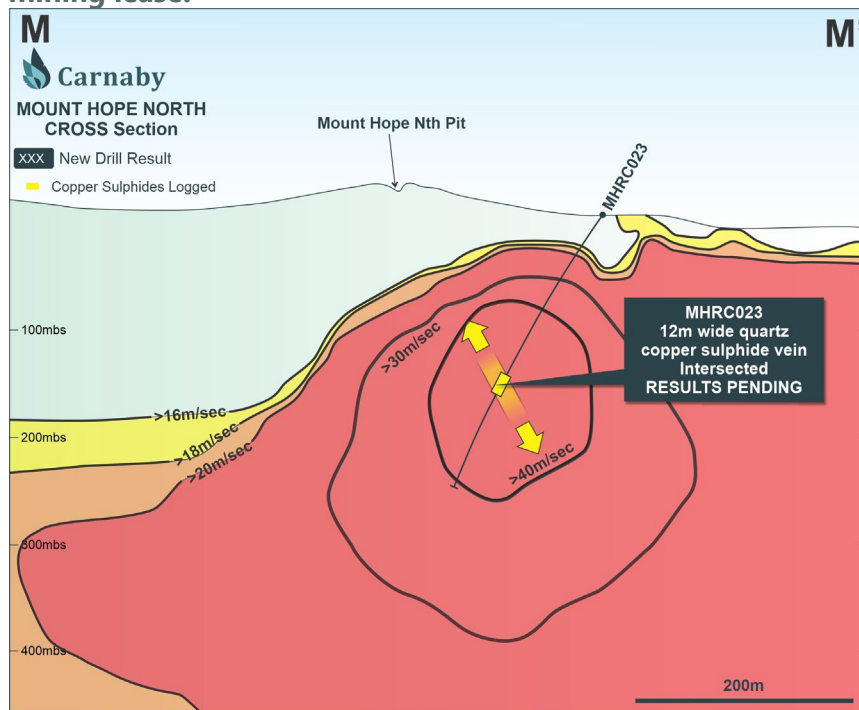
# COPPER SULPHIDES INTERSECTED AT MOUNT HOPE & LADY FANNY SOUTH IP TARGETS

Carnaby Resources Limited (ASX: CNB) (**Carnaby** or the **Company**) is pleased to announce an exploration update for the Greater Duchess Copper Gold Project in Mt Isa, Queensland.

## Highlights

### Mount Hope Prospect:

- **First RC drill hole at Mount Hope North has intersected a 12m copper sulphide quartz vein (Results Pending) targeting a strong Induced Polarisation (IP) chargeability anomaly. This bodes well for the numerous other untested IP targets within the Mount Hope mining lease.**



- **First RC results from two RC holes drilled at Mount Hope Central pit intersected broad zones of shallow copper gold mineralisation; MHRC001 21m @ 1.0% Copper, 0.2 g/t Gold from 51m**

### Lady Fanny South Prospect:

- **110m of halo style copper sulphide mineralisation has been intersected in LFDD142 associated with the IP anomaly. Follow up drilling to target the core of the IP anomaly is imminent.**

The Company's Managing Director, Rob Watkins commented:

"The outstanding success rate of IP to act as a strong vector to copper sulphide mineralisation at Greater Duchess has proven itself yet again at Mount Hope and Lady Fanny South. We now have a procession of outstanding IP drill targets including Shamrock and Duchess with more IP and drill results imminent.

#### Fast Facts

Shares on Issue 144.6M

Market Cap (@ \$1.10) \$159M

Cash \$23M<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>As of 31 March 2022

#### Board and Management

Peter Bowler, Non-Exec Chairman

Rob Watkins, Managing Director

Greg Barrett, Non-Exec Director & Company Secretary

Paul Payne, Non-Exec Director

#### Company Highlights

- Proven and highly credentialed management team
- Tight capital structure and strong cash position
- Nil Desperandum and Lady Fanny Iron Oxide Copper Gold discoveries within the Greater Duchess Copper Gold Project, Mt Isa inlier, Queensland.
- Greater Duchess Copper Gold Project, numerous camp scale IOCG deposits over 1,022 km<sup>2</sup> of tenure
- Projects near to De Grey's Hemi gold discovery on 442 km<sup>2</sup> of highly prospective tenure
- 100% ownership of the Tick Hill Gold Project (granted ML's) in Qld, historically one of Australia highest grade and most profitable gold mines producing 511 koz at 22 g/t gold

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## GREATER DUCHESS COPPER GOLD PROJECT

### MOUNT HOPE PROSPECT (CNB 100%)

The first five holes at Mount Hope have all intersected copper sulphide (chalcopyrite) and oxide copper mineralisation with assay results and visual logs presented in Appendix 1, Table 1 & 2.

#### MHRC023

The first hole drilled into the large Induced Polarisation (IP) chargeability inversion anomaly has intersected a **12m downhole copper sulphide quartz** vein from 189m to 201m in MHRC023 (See Figures 1 & 2, Image 1). The copper sulphide vein mineralisation is almost certainly the source of the large associated IP anomaly (Figure 1). Results are pending.

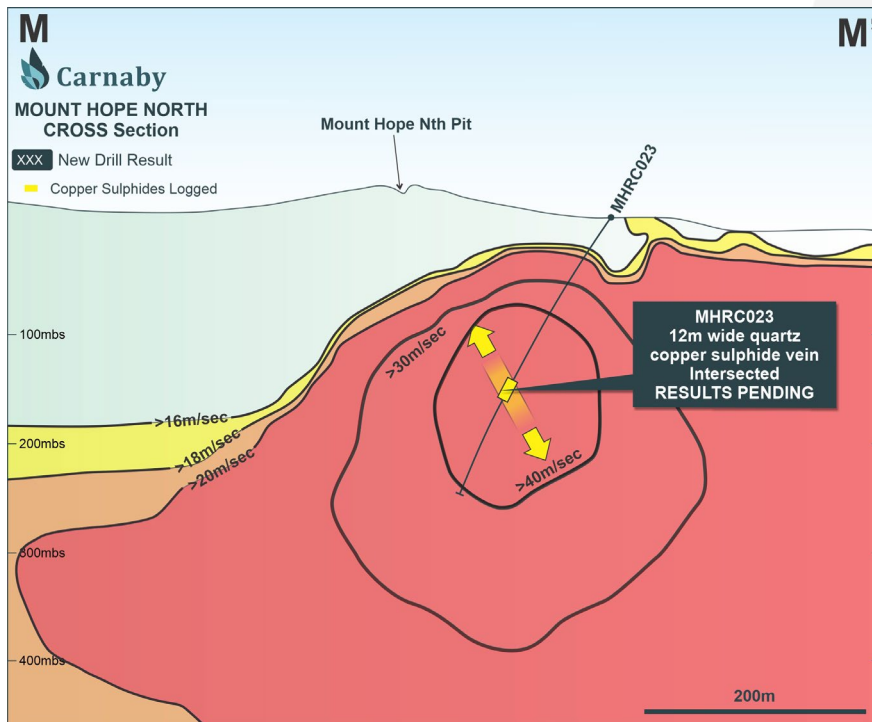


Figure 1. Mount Hope Cross Section Location of MHRC023 and the IP Anomaly.



Image 1. MHRC023 Chip Tray showing 12m downhole copper sulphide quartz vein.



The orientation of the copper sulphide vein is not yet known due to the complete lack of any other historical drilling at Mount Hope, however it is likely to be linked to the main copper sulphide vein mined in the Mount Hope North open pit. The copper sulphide quartz vein intersected in MHRC023 is approximately 200m down dip from the surface vein mined in the Mount Hope North open pit (Figure 1 & 2).

MHRC023 was drilled approximately 20m off section to the southwest of the IP anomaly. Further drilling is planned to test immediately northeast of the IP anomaly which is closer to the main historical open pit workings.

Extensive additional drilling is underway throughout the Mount Hope mining lease to test the other IP anomalies and to define the extents and orientation of the copper mineralisation intersected in drilling to date.

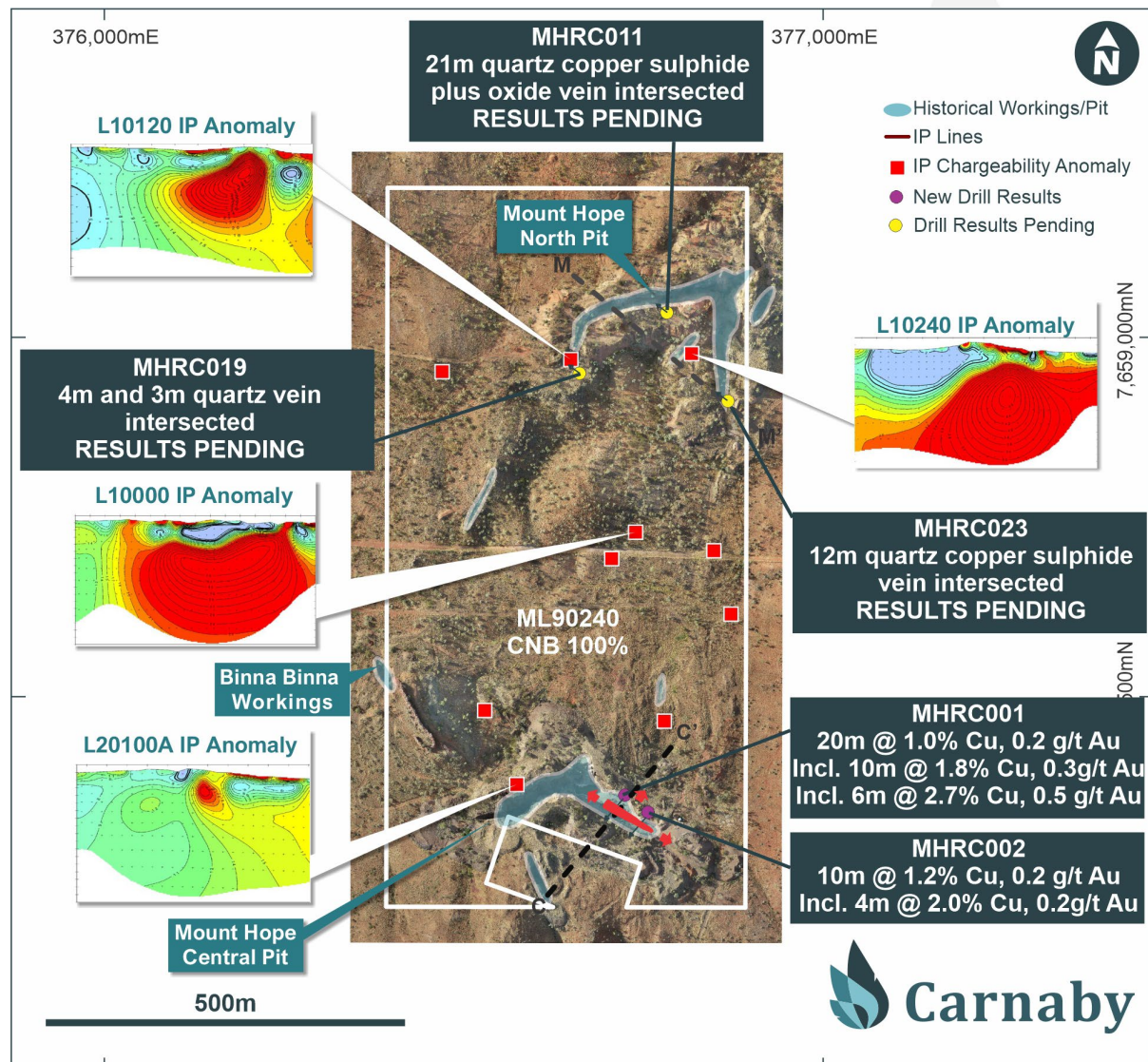


Figure 2. Mount Hope Plan Showing Location of New IP Anomalies.

### **MHRC011**

MHRC011 was drilled directly under the western arm of the Mount Hope North open pit. The hole intersected a very encouraging **21m downhole intersection from 35m to 56m of strongly oxidised quartz iron oxide veining with preserved transitional copper sulphides present, results pending.** The vein intersected is almost certainly the continuation of the mineralisation mined in the shallow historical open pit at Mount Hope North which was mined to a maximum depth of approximately 30m.

### **MHRC019**

MHRC019 was drilled at the southwest end of the Mount Hope North open pit targeting an IP anomaly (Figure 2). The hole intersected a 3m and 4m zone of quartz vein material with trace copper sulphide and some oxidised zones potentially derived from copper sulphides, results pending. A deeper hole is planned to test the source of the strong IP chargeability anomaly.

### **MHRC001 & MHRC002**

MHRC001 and MHRC002 were drilled on the eastern edge of the Mount Hope Central open pit (Figure 2). Both holes intersected broad zones of partially oxidised quartz veining with copper sulphides (chalcopyrite) beneath the historical open pit. Assay results are:

**MHRC001     21m @ 1.0 % copper, 0.2 g/t gold from 51m**

**Including 10m @ 1.8% copper, 0.3 g/t gold from 51m**

**And 2m @ 1.7% copper, 0.2 g/t gold from 104m**

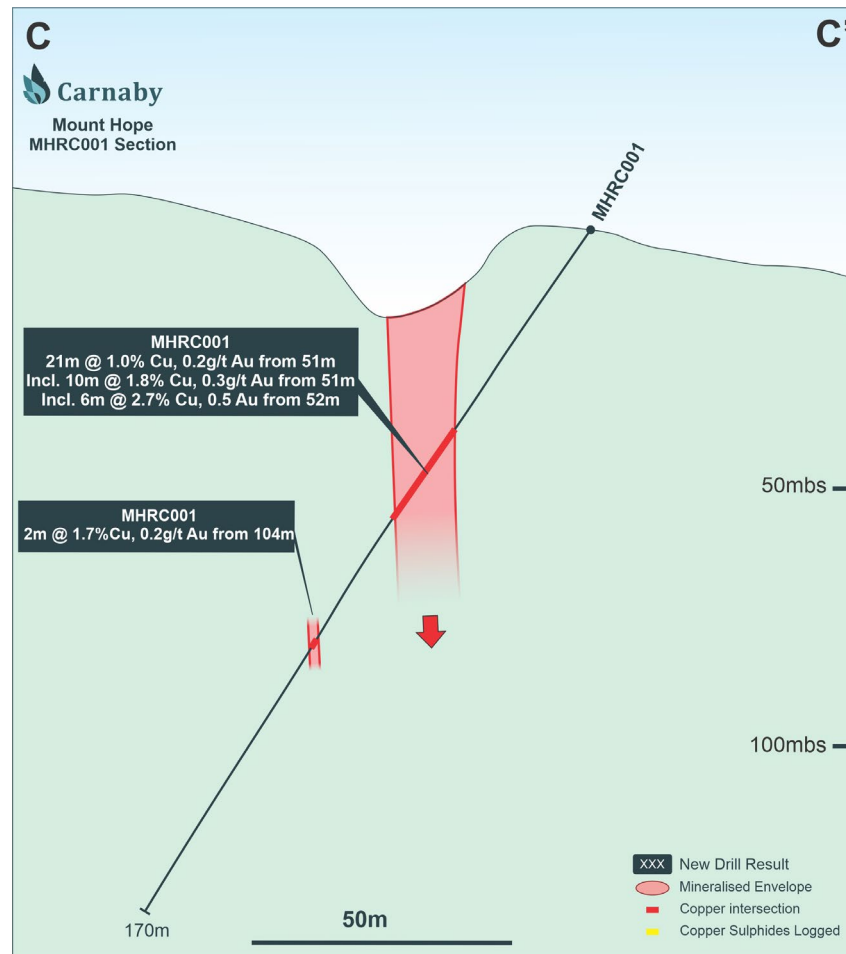
**MHRC002     10m @ 1.2% copper, 0.2 g/t gold from 32m**

**Including 4m @ 2.0% copper, 0.2 g/t gold from 37m**

**And 2m @ 0.7% copper, 0.1 g/t gold from 103m**

The mineralisation intersected in MHRC001 and MHRC002 corresponds well with a steep dipping extension of the copper mineralisation beneath the historical Mount Hope Central open pit (Figure 3).

MHRC001 and MHRC002 were drilled close to a small excluded section of the Mount Hope mining lease (Figure 2). The exact location of the mining lease boundary is currently being evaluated by the Queensland Department of Minerals as part of a normal process and may therefore be subject to small scale boundary changes.



**Figure 3. Mount Hope Central Pit Cross Section Showing New Drill Results.**

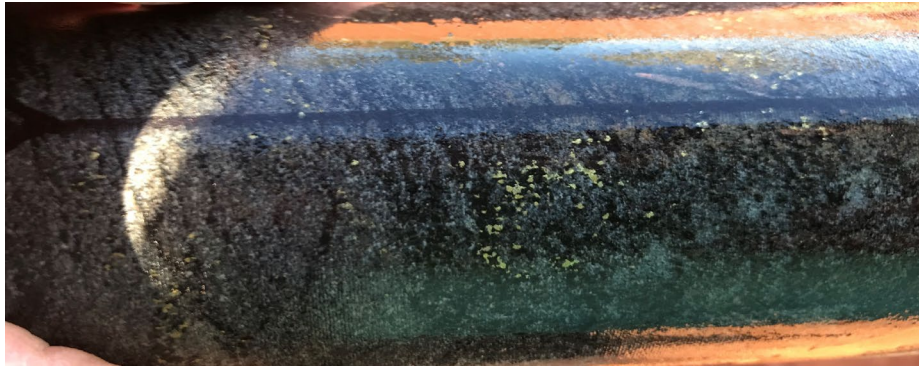
### **LADY FANNY SOUTH PROSPECT (CNB 82.5%, DCX 17.5%)**

Two drill holes have been drilled into the strong Lady Fanny South IP chargeability anomaly (See ASX release 23 June 2022). LFDD142 intersected halo style copper sulphide mineralisation to the bottom of the RC and was extended with a diamond core tail. LFDD142 intersected **110m downhole of halo style disseminated and stringer copper sulphide veining**, results pending. Visual logs are presented in Appendix 1, Table 2.



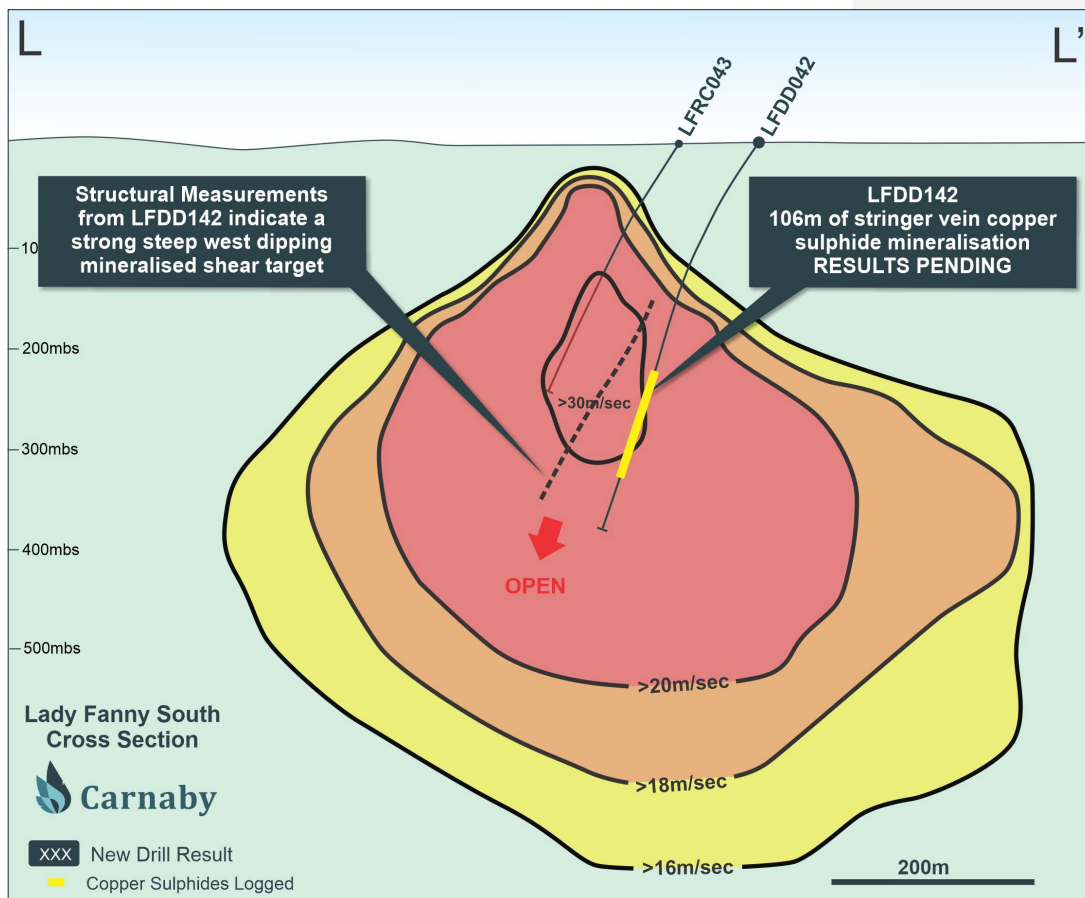
**Image 2. LFDD142 core from 277.45m to 277.6m showing stringer veining mineralisation.**





**Image 3. LFDD142 core from 316.65m to 316.85m showing disseminated copper sulphide mineralisation.**

The 110m of halo style disseminated and stringer copper sulphide mineralisation from 239m to 349m in LFDD142 is on the edge of the large IP chargeability anomaly (Figure 4). The hole was targeted to drill through the middle of the IP anomaly however the dip of the hole dropped considerably (Figure 4). Preliminary structural measurements from the orientated diamond core indicate strong shear controlled mineralisation dipping steeply west and striking NS. This orientation highlights a strong untested west dipping structural target that will be targeted imminently with an east directed drill hole.



**Figure 4. Lady Fanny South IP anomaly and 110m of copper sulphide in LFDD142.**

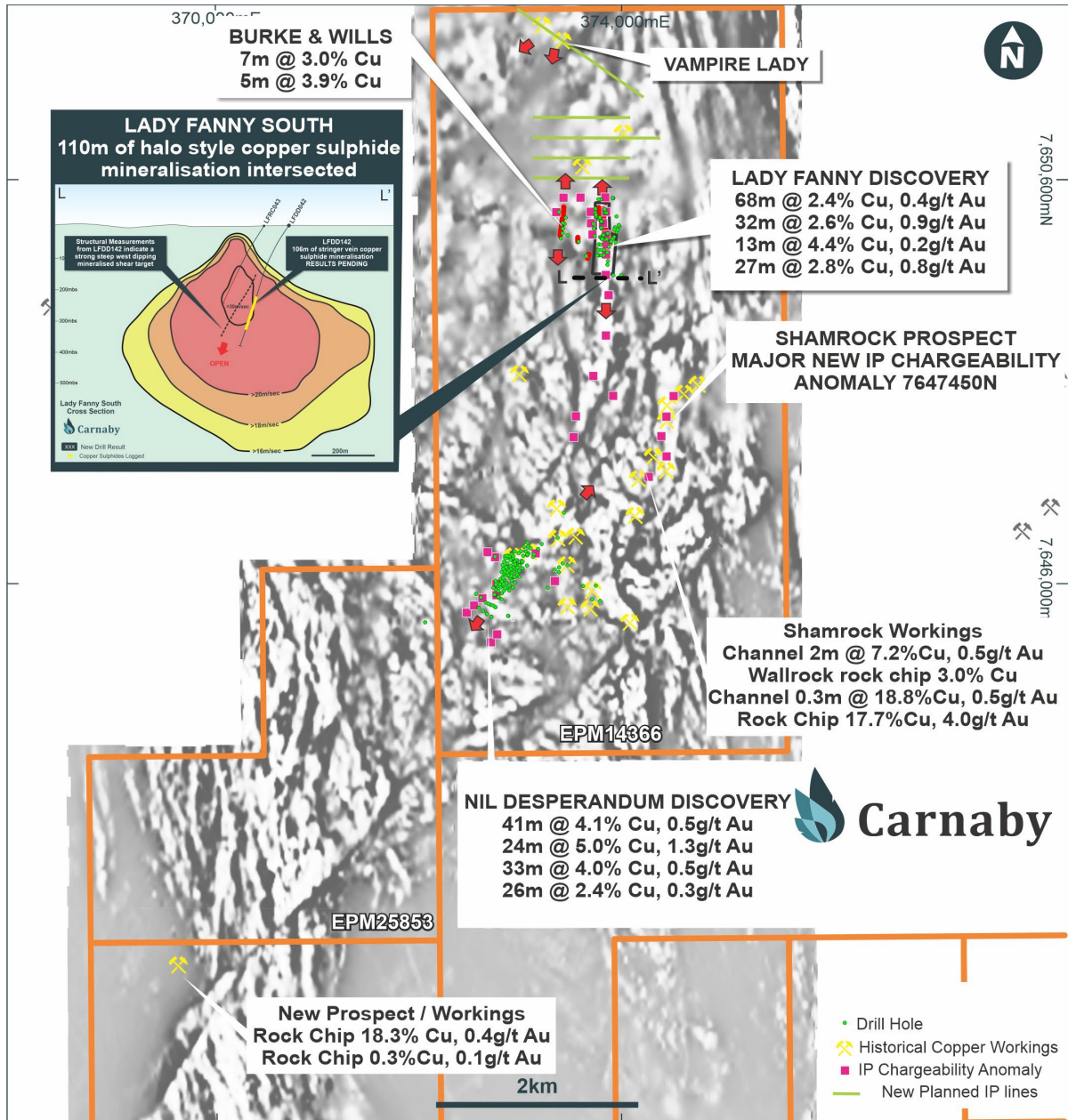
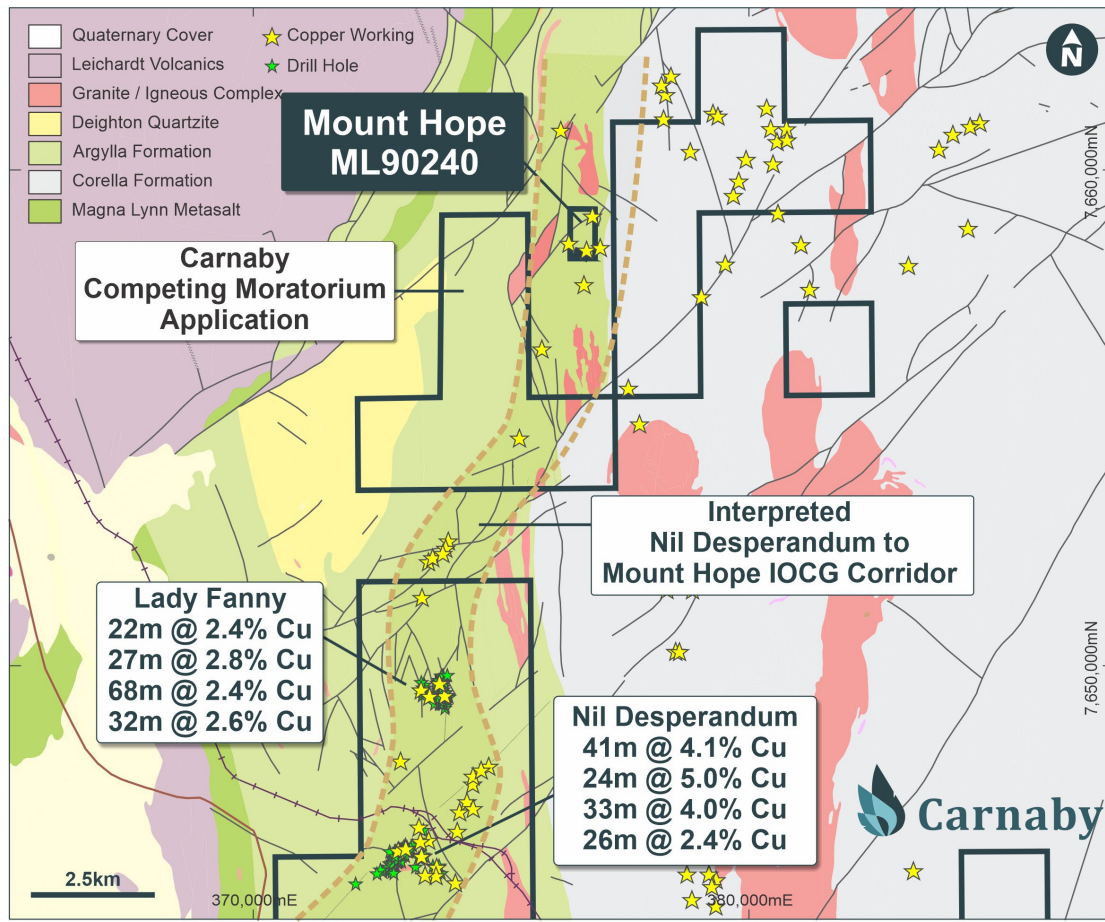


Figure 5. Nil Desperandum, Lady Fanny and Shamrock Plan on new aeromagnetics.





**Figure 6. Nil Desperandum, Lady Fanny and Mount Hope geology plan.**

Further information regarding the Company can be found on the Company's website

[www.carnabyresources.com.au](http://www.carnabyresources.com.au)

**For further information please contact:**

**Robert Watkins, Managing Director**

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**Competent Person Statement**

The information in this document that relates to exploration results is based upon information compiled by Mr Robert Watkins. Mr Watkins is a Director of the Company and a Member of the AUSIMM. Mr Watkins consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based upon the information in the form and context in which it appears. Mr Watkins has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which is undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the December 2012 edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves" (JORC Code).

**Disclaimer**

References may have been made in this announcement to certain ASX announcements, including references regarding exploration results, mineral resources and ore reserves. For full details, refer to said announcement on said date. The Company is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects this information. Other than as specified in this announcement and the mentioned announcements, the Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcements and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources, Exploration Target(s) or Ore Reserves that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant

market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

**Recently released ASX Material References that relate to this announcement include:**

- Greater Duchess Update - Booming IP Anomaly at Mount Hope, 14 July 2022
- Major New IP Anomalies Light Up 3km Greater Duchess Corridor, 23 June 2022
- High Grades Continue at Greater Duchess, 17 June 2022
- Lady Fanny Growth Continues, 32m @ 2.6% Cu at Greater Duchess, 20 May 2022
- Stunning Drill Results 68m @ 2.4% Copper at Greater Duchess, 9 May 2022
- Acquisition of Mount Hope Mining Lease, 11 April 2022
- Exceptional Drill Results at Greater Duchess 24m @ 5% Copper, 4 April 2022
- Step Out Drilling Hits South West Extension of Nil Desperandum, 8 March 2022
- Lady Fanny Shines and Expands On New IP Surveys and Drilling, 25 February 2022
- Lady Fanny IP Survey lights Up Strong Chargeability Targets, 17 February 2022
- Nil Desperandum Continues To Grow, 11 February 2022
- Major Discovery Confirmed at Nil Desperandum, 4 February 2022

## APPENDIX ONE

Details regarding the specific information for the drilling and rock chip sampling discussed in this news release are included below in Tables 1 – 2.

### Table 1. Drill Hole Details

#### MOUNT HOPE PROSPECT (CNB 100%)

| Hole ID | Easting | Northing | RL  | Dip   | Azimuth | Total Depth (m) | Depth From (m)        | Interval (m) | Cu %       | Au (g/t) |
|---------|---------|----------|-----|-------|---------|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------|------------|----------|
| MHRC001 | 376727  | 7658376  | 464 | -55.2 | 223.1   | 170             | 51                    | <b>21</b>    | <b>1.0</b> | 0.2      |
|         |         |          |     |       |         |                 | Incl 51               | <b>10</b>    | <b>1.8</b> | 0.3      |
|         |         |          |     |       |         |                 | Incl 52               | <b>6</b>     | <b>2.7</b> | 0.5      |
|         |         |          |     |       |         |                 | And 104               | 2            | 1.7        | 0.2      |
| MHRC002 | 376758  | 7658350  | 457 | -55.6 | 222.7   | 160             | 32                    | <b>10</b>    | <b>1.2</b> | 0.2      |
|         |         |          |     |       |         |                 | Incl 37               | <b>4</b>     | <b>2.0</b> | 0.2      |
|         |         |          |     |       |         |                 | And 103               | 2            | 0.7        | 0.1      |
| MHRC011 | 376784  | 7659034  | 470 | -54.2 | 309.5   | 126             | ASSAY RESULTS PENDING |              |            |          |
| MHRC019 | 376659  | 7658957  | 459 | -55.3 | 311.1   | 200             | ASSAY RESULTS PENDING |              |            |          |
| MHRC023 | 376864  | 7658913  | 443 | -55.2 | 312.6   | 300             | ASSAY RESULTS PENDING |              |            |          |

#### LADY FANNY SOUTH PROSPECT (CNB 82.5%, DCX 17.5%)

| Hole ID  | Easting | Northing | RL  | Dip   | Azimuth | Total Depth (m) | Depth From (m)        | Interval (m) | Cu % | Au (g/t) |
|----------|---------|----------|-----|-------|---------|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------|------|----------|
| LFDD142* | 373999  | 7649050  | 409 | -55.0 | 270.0   | 408.2           | ASSAY RESULTS PENDING |              |      |          |

*\*Pre-Collar visuals previously reported in ASX Release dated 14 July 2022*

**Table 2. Visual Estimates and Description of Sulphide Mineralisation.**

*In relation to the disclosure of visual mineralisation, the Company cautions that estimates of sulphide mineral abundance from preliminary geological logging should not be considered a proxy for quantitative analysis of a laboratory assay result. Assay results are required to determine the actual widths and grade of the visible mineralisation.*

**MOUNT HOPE PROSPECT (CNB 100%)**

| Hole ID | From (m) | To (m) | Int (m) | Sulphide 1   | %  | Style          | Sulphide 2   | % | Style        | Vein 1           | %  |
|---------|----------|--------|---------|--------------|----|----------------|--------------|---|--------------|------------------|----|
| MHRC011 | 27       | 28     | 1       | Malachite    | 1  | Breccia Filled | Hematite     | 1 | Patchy       |                  |    |
| MHRC011 | 34       | 35     | 1       | Hematite     | 1  | Stringer       |              |   |              |                  |    |
| MHRC011 | 35       | 36     | 1       | Hematite     | 1  | Stringer       | Matrix       | 1 | Stringer     | Quartz           | 70 |
| MHRC011 | 36       | 39     | 3       | Hematite     | 1  | Patchy         |              |   |              |                  |    |
| MHRC011 | 39       | 41     | 2       |              |    |                |              |   |              | Quartz           | 20 |
| MHRC011 | 41       | 42     | 1       | Hematite     | 1  | Patchy         |              |   |              |                  |    |
| MHRC011 | 42       | 43     | 1       | Hematite     | 1  | Patchy         |              |   |              |                  |    |
| MHRC011 | 43       | 45     | 2       | Hematite     | 2  | Patchy         |              |   |              |                  |    |
| MHRC011 | 45       | 47     | 2       | Hematite     | 3  | Patchy         |              |   |              |                  |    |
| MHRC011 | 47       | 51     | 4       | Hematite     | 4  | Patchy         |              |   |              | Quartz           | 96 |
| MHRC011 | 51       | 52     | 1       | Hematite     | 30 | Massive        |              |   |              | Quartz           | 70 |
| MHRC011 | 52       | 54     | 2       | Hematite     | 6  | Massive        |              |   |              | Quartz           | 94 |
| MHRC011 | 54       | 55     | 1       | Hematite     | 15 | Massive        | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Patchy       | Quartz           | 84 |
| MHRC011 | 78       | 79     | 1       | Pyrite       | 1  | Stringer       | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Stringer     |                  |    |
| MHRC011 | 80       | 81     | 1       | Pyrite       | 1  | Patchy         |              |   |              |                  |    |
| MHRC011 | 81       | 83     | 2       | Pyrite       | 1  | Stringer       |              |   |              |                  |    |
| MHRC011 | 83       | 84     | 1       | Pyrite       | 1  | Stringer       |              |   |              | Quartz           | 10 |
| MHRC011 | 90       | 91     | 1       | Pyrite       | 1  | Stringer       |              |   |              | Quartz           | 5  |
| MHRC011 | 92       | 93     | 1       | Pyrite       | 1  | Stringer       | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Stringer     | Quartz           | 4  |
| MHRC011 | 111      | 112    | 1       | Pyrite       | 1  | Stringer       | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Stringer     | Quartz           | 5  |
| MHRC019 | 27       | 30     | 3       | Pyrite       | 1  | Stringer       |              |   |              | Quartz           | 3  |
| MHRC019 | 30       | 31     | 1       | Pyrite       | 1  | Stringer       |              |   |              | Quartz           | 20 |
| MHRC019 | 31       | 35     | 4       | Pyrite       |    |                | Chalcopyrite |   |              | Quartz           | 90 |
| MHRC019 | 35       | 37     | 2       | Pyrite       | 1  | Disseminated   |              |   |              | Quartz           | 10 |
| MHRC019 | 37       | 38     | 1       | Pyrite       | 1  | Disseminated   |              |   |              | Quartz           | 40 |
| MHRC019 | 38       | 39     | 1       | Pyrite       | 1  | Disseminated   | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated | Quartz           | 5  |
| MHRC019 | 39       | 40     | 1       | Pyrite       | 1  | Disseminated   |              |   |              | Quartz           | 3  |
| MHRC019 | 40       | 41     | 1       | Pyrite       | 1  | Stringer       |              |   |              | Quartz           | 5  |
| MHRC019 | 42       | 45     | 3       |              |    |                |              |   |              | Quartz           | 95 |
| MHRC019 | 46       | 48     | 2       | Pyrite       | 1  | Stringer       |              |   |              | Quartz           | 5  |
| MHRC019 | 48       | 50     | 2       | Pyrite       | 1  | Disseminated   |              |   |              | Quartz           | 3  |
| MHRC019 | 56       | 58     | 2       | Pyrite       | 1  | Stringer       |              |   |              | Quartz           | 3  |
| MHRC019 | 58       | 62     | 4       | Pyrite       | 1  | Disseminated   |              |   |              |                  |    |
| MHRC019 | 62       | 63     | 1       | Pyrite       | 1  | Disseminated   |              |   |              | Quartz           | 3  |
| MHRC019 | 76       | 78     | 2       | Pyrite       | 1  | Stringer       |              |   |              |                  |    |
| MHRC019 | 145      | 149    | 4       | Pyrite       | 1  | Disseminated   |              |   |              |                  |    |
| MHRC019 | 149      | 150    | 1       | Pyrite       | 1  | Disseminated   |              |   |              | Quartz-Carbonate | 10 |
| MHRC019 | 150      | 151    | 1       | Pyrite       | 1  | Disseminated   |              |   |              |                  |    |
| MHRC019 | 151      | 152    | 1       | Pyrite       | 1  | Disseminated   |              |   |              | Quartz-Carbonate | 60 |
| MHRC019 | 152      | 155    | 3       | Pyrite       | 1  | Disseminated   |              |   |              |                  |    |
| MHRC023 | 188      | 189    | 1       | Chalcopyrite | 1  | Veined         |              |   |              |                  |    |
| MHRC023 | 189      | 190    | 1       | Chalcopyrite | 8  | Veined         | Pyrite       | 1 | Veined       | Quartz-Carbonate | 91 |



| Hole ID | From (m) | To (m) | Int (m) | Sulphide 1   | %  | Style  | Sulphide 2 | %  | Style  | Vein 1           | %  |
|---------|----------|--------|---------|--------------|----|--------|------------|----|--------|------------------|----|
| MHRC023 | 190      | 191    | 1       | Chalcopyrite | 2  | Veined | Pyrite     | 1  | Veined | Quartz-Carbonate | 97 |
| MHRC023 | 191      | 192    | 1       | Chalcopyrite | 1  | Veined | Pyrite     | 1  | Veined | Quartz-Carbonate | 98 |
| MHRC023 | 192      | 193    | 1       | Chalcopyrite | 1  | Veined | Pyrite     | 1  | Veined | Quartz-Carbonate | 98 |
| MHRC023 | 193      | 194    | 1       | Chalcopyrite | 1  | Veined | Pyrite     | 1  | Veined | Quartz-Carbonate | 98 |
| MHRC023 | 194      | 195    | 1       | Chalcopyrite | 4  | Veined | Pyrite     | 1  | Veined | Quartz-Carbonate | 95 |
| MHRC023 | 195      | 196    | 1       | Chalcopyrite | 6  | Veined | Pyrite     | 2  | Veined | Quartz-Carbonate | 92 |
| MHRC023 | 196      | 197    | 1       | Chalcopyrite | 6  | Veined | Pyrite     | 3  | Veined | Quartz-Carbonate | 91 |
| MHRC023 | 197      | 198    | 1       | Chalcopyrite | 13 | Veined | Pyrite     | 13 | Veined | Quartz-Carbonate | 74 |
| MHRC023 | 198      | 199    | 1       | Chalcopyrite | 5  | Veined | Pyrite     | 5  | Veined | Quartz-Carbonate | 90 |
| MHRC023 | 199      | 200    | 1       | Chalcopyrite | 5  | Veined | Pyrite     | 2  | Veined | Quartz-Carbonate | 93 |
| MHRC023 | 200      | 201    | 1       | Chalcopyrite | 7  | Veined | Pyrite     | 2  | Veined | Quartz-Carbonate | 91 |
| MHRC023 | 201      | 202    | 1       | Chalcopyrite | 1  | Veined | Pyrite     | 2  | Veined |                  |    |

### LADY FANNY SOUTH PROSPECT (CNB 82.5%, DCX 17.5%)

| Hole ID | From (m) | To (m) | Int (m) | Sulphide 1   | % | Style        | Sulphide 2   | % | Style        |
|---------|----------|--------|---------|--------------|---|--------------|--------------|---|--------------|
| LFDD142 | 275.7    | 276    | 0.3     | Chalcopyrite | 2 | Stringer     |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 276.3    | 276.4  | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 2 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 276.4    | 277.4  | 1       | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 277.4    | 277.55 | 0.15    | Chalcopyrite | 2 | Matrix       | Pyrite       | 2 |              |
| LFDD142 | 277.55   | 278.2  | 0.65    | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 279      | 279.2  | 0.2     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 279.9    | 280    | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Stringer     |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 281.4    | 281.5  | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Stringer     | Pyrite       | 1 | Stringer     |
| LFDD142 | 297.3    | 297.4  | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 2 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 300.6    | 300.7  | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 301.05   | 301.15 | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated | Pyrite       | 1 | Disseminated |
| LFDD142 | 301.7    | 301.8  | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 2 | Disseminated | Pyrite       | 1 | Disseminated |
| LFDD142 | 302.3    | 302.8  | 0.5     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated | Pyrite       | 1 | Disseminated |
| LFDD142 | 303.4    | 303.6  | 0.2     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 303.85   | 303.95 | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 3 | Matrix       | Pyrite       | 3 | Matrix       |
| LFDD142 | 304.15   | 304.3  | 0.15    | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated | Pyrite       | 1 | Disseminated |
| LFDD142 | 304.85   | 304.95 | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 4 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 305.98   | 306.1  | 0.12    | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 306.5    | 306.65 | 0.15    | Pyrite       | 1 | Disseminated | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |
| LFDD142 | 312.55   | 313    | 0.45    | Chalcopyrite | 2 | Stringer     | Pyrite       | 1 | Stringer     |
| LFDD142 | 313.6    | 313.95 | 0.35    | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated | Pyrite       | 1 | Disseminated |
| LFDD142 | 316.6    | 316.85 | 0.25    | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated | Pyrite       | 1 | Disseminated |
| LFDD142 | 317.4    | 317.9  | 0.5     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 318.35   | 318.45 | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 324.65   | 324.75 | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 325.5    | 325.6  | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 4 | Stringer     | Pyrite       | 1 | Stringer     |
| LFDD142 | 325.9    | 326    | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Stringer     | Pyrite       | 1 | Stringer     |

| Hole ID | From (m) | To (m) | Int (m) | Sulphide 1   | % | Style        | Sulphide 2   | % | Style        |
|---------|----------|--------|---------|--------------|---|--------------|--------------|---|--------------|
| LFDD142 | 326.3    | 326.4  | 0.1     | Pyrite       | 1 | Disseminated | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |
| LFDD142 | 326.6    | 326.7  | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 326.75   | 326.9  | 0.15    | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 328.1    | 328.2  | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 330.15   | 330.25 | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated | Pyrite       | 1 | Disseminated |
| LFDD142 | 330.55   | 330.65 | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 333.55   | 333.75 | 0.2     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Blebbly      | Pyrite       | 1 | Blebbly      |
| LFDD142 | 337.4    | 337.5  | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 4 | Disseminated | Pyrite       | 2 | Disseminated |
| LFDD142 | 340.5    | 340.7  | 0.2     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 340.9    | 341.05 | 0.15    | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated | Pyrrhotite   | 1 | Disseminated |
| LFDD142 | 341.45   | 341.6  | 0.15    | Chalcopyrite | 2 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 342.7    | 343.2  | 0.5     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated | Pyrite       | 1 | Disseminated |
| LFDD142 | 348.25   | 348.45 | 0.2     | Chalcopyrite | 3 | Stringer     | Pyrite       | 1 | Stringer     |
| LFDD142 | 348.45   | 348.8  | 0.35    | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 363.85   | 363.95 | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 2 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 367.55   | 367.65 | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 369.55   | 369.9  | 0.35    | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 379      | 379.2  | 0.2     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated | Pyrite       | 1 | Disseminated |
| LFDD142 | 386.25   | 386.35 | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 386.45   | 386.5  | 0.05    | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 386.8    | 386.9  | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 387.1    | 389.5  | 2.4     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Disseminated | Pyrite       | 1 | Disseminated |
| LFDD142 | 392.2    | 392.3  | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 1 |              |              |   |              |
| LFDD142 | 393.75   | 393.85 | 0.1     | Chalcopyrite | 1 | Stringer     | Pyrite       | 1 | Stringer     |

## APPENDIX TWO

### JORC Code, 2012 Edition | 'Table 1' Report

#### Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections)

| Criteria            | JORC Code explanation   | Commentary   |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Sampling techniques | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.</li> <li>Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.</li> <li>Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report.</li> <li>In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Visually estimated sulphide abundance are presented in Appendix 1.</li> <li>The RC drill chips were logged and visual abundances estimated by suitably qualified and experienced geologist.</li> <li>Sampling from diamond core was from selected geological intervals of varying length, mostly 1m within the mineralisation. Core was half core sampled within the mineralised zones and quarter core sampled over 2m intervals in the non-mineralised intervals.</li> <li>Recent RC samples were collected via a cone splitter mounted below the cyclone. A 2-3kg sample was collected from each 1m interval.</li> </ul> |

| Criteria                                       | JORC Code explanation  | Commentary   |
|--|--|--|
|  | that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.  |  |
| Drilling techniques                            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All recent RC holes were completed using a 5.5" face sampling bit.</li> <li>• Diamond drilling was completed using NQ sized core after re-entering a 300m deep RC pre-collar.</li> </ul>  |
| Drill sample recovery                          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.</li> <li>• Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.</li> <li>• Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For recent RC drilling, no significant recovery issues for samples were observed.</li> <li>• Drill chips collected in chip trays are considered a reasonable visual representation of the entire sample interval.</li> <li>• No significant core loss was observed from the recent diamond holes.</li> </ul>  |
| Logging  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.</li> <li>• Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.<br/>The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RC holes have been logged for lithology, weathering, mineralisation, veining, structure and alteration.</li> <li>• Diamond core holes logged for lithology, weathering, mineralisation, veining, structure, alteration and RQD. Holes less than 85 degrees dip were orientated and measurements of the structures and mineralisation taken.</li> <li>• All chips have been stored in chip trays on 1m intervals and logged in the field.</li> </ul>   |
| Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.</li> <li>• If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry.</li> <li>• For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.</li> <li>• Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.</li> <li>• Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in-situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.</li> <li>• Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All RC samples are cone split at the cyclone to create a 1m sample of 2-3kg. The remaining sample is retained in a plastic bag at the drill site.</li> <li>• For mineralised zones, the 1m cone split sample is taken for analysis. For non-mineralised zones a 5m composite spear sample is collected and the individual 1m cone split samples over the same interval retained for later analysis if positive results are returned.</li> <li>• Core samples are half sawn on one side of the orientation line and core consistently samples on one side. Mineralised core is generally sampled on 1m or less intervals. Where sampled, non-mineralised core is quarter cut and sampled on 2m intervals.</li> </ul> |
| Quality of assay data and laboratory tests     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.</li> <li>• For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</li> <li>• Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established.</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Company inserted blanks are inserted as the first sample for every hole. A company inserted gold standard and a copper standard are inserted every 50<sup>th</sup> sample. No standard identification numbers are provided to the lab.</li> <li>• Standards are checked against expected values to ensure they are within tolerance. No issues have been identified.</li> </ul>   |



| Criteria  | JORC Code explanation  | Commentary  |
|---|--|---|
| Verification of sampling and assaying                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.</li> <li>The use of twinned holes.</li> <li>Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.</li> <li>Discuss any adjustment to assay data.</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Historic production data has been collated from government open file reports.</li> <li>A Maxgeo SQL database is currently used in house for all historic and new records. Recent results have been reported directly from lab reports and sample sheets collated in excel.</li> <li>Results reported below the detection limit have been stored in the database at half the detection limit – eg &lt;0.001ppm stored as 0.0005ppm</li> </ul> |
| Location of data points                                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.</li> <li>Specification of the grid system used.</li> <li>Quality and adequacy of topographic control.</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>All hole locations were obtained using a Trimble SP60 GPS in UTM MGA94. Current RC holes were downhole surveyed by Reflex True North seeking gyro.</li> </ul>  |
| Data spacing and distribution                           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.</li> <li>Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.</li> <li>Whether sample compositing has been applied.</li> </ul>                                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Further extensional and infill drilling is required to confirm the orientation and true width of the copper mineralisation intersected.</li> </ul>   |
| Orientation of data in relation to geological structure | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.</li> <li>If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>All holes were considered to intersect the mineralisation at a reasonable angle.</li> </ul>  |
| Sample security   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The measures taken to ensure sample security.</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recent RC drilling has had all samples immediately taken following drilling and submitted for assay by supervising Carnaby geology personnel.</li> </ul>   |
| Audits or reviews                                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Not conducted</li> </ul>   |

## Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section).

| Criteria  | Explanation  | Commentary   |
|---|--|--|
| Mineral tenement and land tenure status                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</li> <li>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Lady Fanny Prospect area encompassed by historical expired mining leases have been amalgamated into EPM14366 and is 100% owned by Carnaby.</li> <li>The Nil Desperandum, Shamrock and Lady Fanny South Prospects are located on EPM14366 (82.5% interest acquired from Discovex Resources Limited (<b>Discovex, ASX: DCX</b>)).</li> <li>Discovex retain a 17.5% free carried interest in the project through to a Decision To Mine.</li> <li>At a Decision to Mine, Carnaby has the first right of refusal to acquire the remaining interest for fair market value.</li> <li>The Mount Hope Mining Lease ML90240 is 100% owned by Carnaby Resources</li> </ul> |
| Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>There has been exploration work conducted over the Queensland project regions for over a century by previous explorers. The project comes with significant geoscientific information which covers the tenements and general region, including: a compiled database of 6658 drill hole (exploration</li> </ul>   |

| Criteria   | Explanation   | Commentary   |
|--|---|--|
|  |   | and near-mine), 60,300 drilling assays and over 50,000 soils and stream sediment geochemistry results. This previous exploration work is understood to have been undertaken to an industry accepted standard and will be assessed in further detail as the projects are developed.   |
| Geology  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The prospects mentioned in this announcement are located in the Mary Kathleen domain of the eastern Fold Belt, Mount Isa Inlier. The Eastern Fold Belt is well known for copper, gold and copper-gold deposits; generally considered variants of IOCG deposits. The region hosts several long-lived mines and numerous historical workings. Deposits are structurally controlled, forming proximal to district-scale structures which are observable in mapped geology and geophysical images. Local controls on the distribution of mineralisation at the prospect scale can be more variable and is understood to be dependent on lithological domains present at the local-scale, and orientation with respect to structures and the stress-field during D3/D4 deformation, associated with mineralisation.</li> <li>• Consolidation of the ground position around the mining centres of Tick Hill and Duchess and planned structural geology analysis enables Carnaby to effectively explore the area for gold and copper-gold deposits.</li> </ul> |
| Drill hole Information   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ easting and northing of the drill hole collar</li> <li>○ elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar</li> <li>○ dip and azimuth of the hole</li> <li>○ down hole length and interception depth</li> <li>○ hole length.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Included in report Refer to Appendix 1, Table 1.</li> </ul>   |
| Data aggregation methods   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.</li> <li>• Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low-grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.</li> <li>• The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Visual estimates given in Appendix 1, Table 2 represent the intervals as sampled and to be assayed.</li> <li>• No metal equivalent values have been reported.</li> </ul>  |
| Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.</li> <li>• If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All intervals are reported are downhole width and true widths are not definitively known. At Lady Fanny and Nil Desperandum drilling intersection angles are generally good and are a good representation of the thickness of the mineralised zones. At Nil Desperandum true thickness is generally about 70% of downhole width.</li> </ul>   |

| Criteria                           | Explanation   | Commentary  |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
|                                    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known').</li> </ul>   |   |
| Diagrams                           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported. These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.</li> </ul>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>See the body of the announcement.</li> </ul>   |
| Balanced reporting                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Visual estimates of copper sulphides by individual meters are presented in Appendix 1, Table 2.</li> </ul> |
| Other substantive exploration data | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>As discussed in the announcement.</li> </ul>   |
| Further work                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g. tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</li> <li>Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.</li> </ul>                                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Planned exploration works are detailed in the announcement.</li> </ul>                                     |